

Homework: Context-Free Grammar

Learning Objectives:

In this homework, we are going to exercise the following key knowledge points on the topic of context-free grammar (CFG)

1. understanding the relations of strings and grammars
2. performing derivations and constructing parse trees
3. determining and resolving ambiguity
4. designing a grammar to describe given string patterns

Instructions:

1. Total points: 40 pt
2. Early deadline: Sept 11 (Wed) 11:59 pm, Regular deadline Sept 13 (Fri) 11:59 pm (you can continue working on the homework till TA starts to grade the homework)
3. How to submit:
 - Submit your document to Canvas under Assignments, Homework 1
 - Please provide the complete solutions in one pdf file
 - You can write your solutions in latex or word and then convert it to pdf; or you can submit a scanned document with legible handwritten solutions

Questions:

1. (10 pt) Given a string $a0b10c$ and the context free grammar G :
 $S \rightarrow SA|A|SD$
 $A \rightarrow a|b|c$
 $D \rightarrow 0|1$
 - (a) (2 pt) What are the terminals and non-terminals of the grammar?
 - (b) (2 pt) Give a leftmost derivation for the string
 - (c) (2 pt) Give a rightmost derivation for the string
 - (d) (2 pt) Give a parse tree for the string
 - (e) (2 pt) Write 3 strings using the terminals that do not belong to the language of the grammar $L(G)$
2. (10 pt) Consider the following grammar:
 - terminals: $x, y, z, >, <, 0, 1, (,), \text{if}, \text{then}, \text{else}$

- non-terminals: S, F, B, T, E, N
- start symbol: S
- production rules:

$$S \rightarrow F | T N T$$

$$F \rightarrow \text{if } B \text{ then } S | \text{if } B \text{ then } S \text{ else } S$$

$$B \rightarrow (T E T)$$

$$T \rightarrow x | y | z | 1 | 0$$

$$E \rightarrow > | <$$

$$N \rightarrow + | - | =$$

- (4 pt) Draw two different parse trees for the string
if $(x > y)$ then if $(x < z)$ then $x = 1$ else $x = 0$
- (2 pt) Modify the grammar to remove ambiguity.
- (2 pt) Draw the parse tree for the string using new grammar
- (2 pt) Explain how your new grammar modifies the parse trees you drew in the first step to remove ambiguity

3. (10 pt) Consider the following grammar:

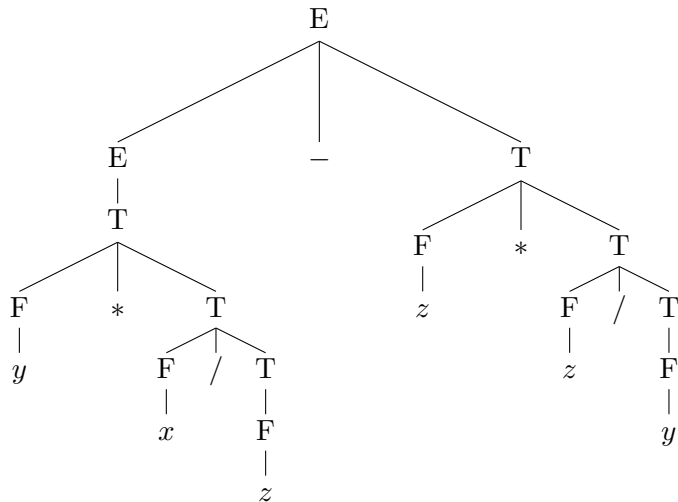
- terminals: $x, y, z, +, -, *, /$
- non-terminals: E, T, F, V
- start symbol: E
- production rules:

$$E \rightarrow E + T | E - T | T$$

$$T \rightarrow F * T | F / T | F$$

$$F \rightarrow x | y | z$$

- (4 pt) What is the associativity of the operators $+$, $-$, $*$ and $/$; explain why.
- (3 pt) What is the precedence of $+$, $-$, $*$ and $/$; explain why.
- (3 pt) Given a parse tree



Explain how the value of the string is generated.

4. (10 pt) Design CFGs for the given languages:

- (a) (2 pt) Write a grammar that describes the strings $0^*1^+2^*$.
- (b) (3 pt) Write a grammar that describes the strings 0^n1^m , where $n > m$.
- (c) (5 pt) Given a graph below, where 1 is an entry and 7 is an exit, we can generate paths like 127, 1234627, 1235627, 12356234627 ... Write a grammar that describes these paths.

