# Project 2: Wrangling and Exploratory Data Analysis

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 $\mathbf{SQL}$ 

#### PROBLEM 1

To calculate the total payroll and the winning percentage I joined the Salaries and Teams tables on the teamID and the yearID and then filtered all the entities with yearID >= 1990 or less than <= 2014.

I used an inner join to filter out values with missing data so that only values with corresponding yearID and teamID. Furthermore, I reviewed the table myself to make sure there were no missing entries.

```
SELECT t.teamID, t.franchID, t.yearID, t.W, t.L, t.G, s.sum_sal, ((t.W * 1.0)/(t.G * 1.0)*100.0) AS WPERC FROM Teams as t inner join (SELECT teamID, yearID, sum(salary) as sum_sal FROM Salaries

GROUP BY teamID, yearID) as s ON t.teamID = s.teamID and t.yearID = s.yearID

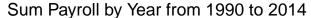
WHERE t.yearID >= 1990 and t.yearID <=2014
```

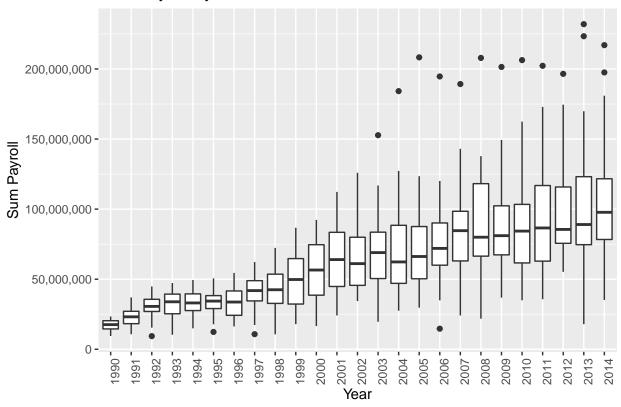
#### PROBLEM 2

I used a box plot to graph the distribution of payrolls across teams because it visually shows the mean and variance of the payroll per year.

```
sum_df <- payroll_df

sum_df %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=factor(yearID), y=sum_sal)) +
    geom_boxplot() + scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +
    xlab("Year") + ylab("Sum Payroll") +
    ggtitle("Sum Payroll by Year from 1990 to 2014")
```





# Question 1

The mean payroll in the MLB increased from 1990 to 2014 from about 25,000,000 to about 100,000,000. Furthermore, the variation in payroll between teams also increased from 1990 to 2014.

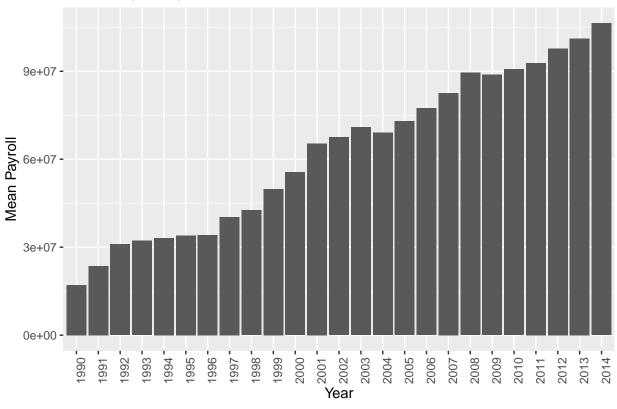
#### PROBLEM 3

I calculated the mean payroll for each year and then plotted it for every year to show that the payroll has a tendency to increase over time.

```
mean_df <- payroll_df %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal))

mean_df %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=factor(yearID), y=mean_sal)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +
   xlab("Year") + ylab("Mean Payroll") +
   ggtitle("Mean Payroll by Year from 1990 to 2014")
```





### PROBLEM 4

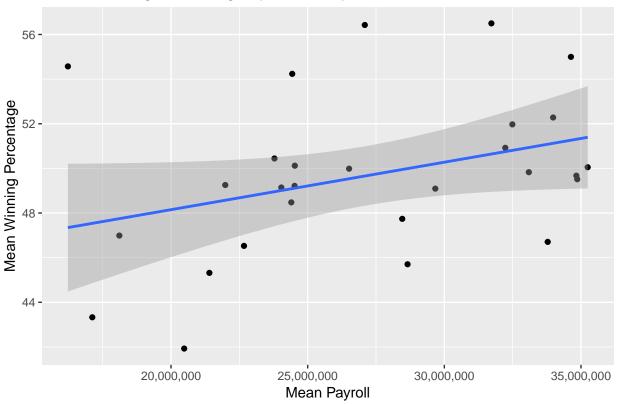
I split the payroll\_df into five categories based on yearID in 5 year ranges. Then I calculated the mean winning percentage and mean payroll for each of the 5 tables and plotted them.

```
cut_df <- payroll_df</pre>
cut_df$group <- cut_df$yearID %>%
  cut(breaks=5)
X <- split(cut_df, cut_df$group)</pre>
per1 <- X[[1]]
per1 <- per1 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per2 <- X[[2]]
per2 <- per2 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per3 <- X[[3]]
per3 <- per3 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
```

```
per4 <- X[[4]]
per4 <- per4 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per5 <- X[[5]]
per5 <- per5 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))

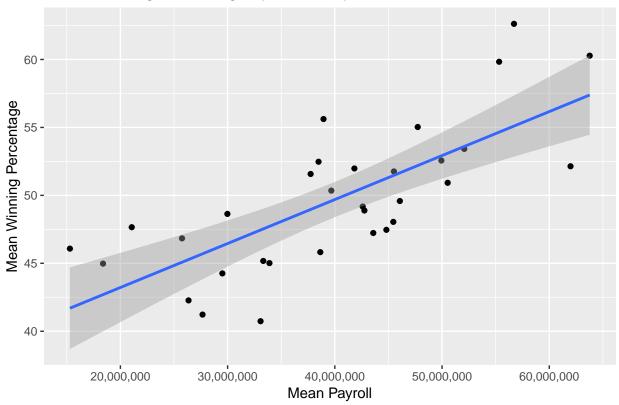
per1 %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_sal, y=mean_wp)) +
   geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Payroll") + ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1990-1995")
```

### Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1990–1995



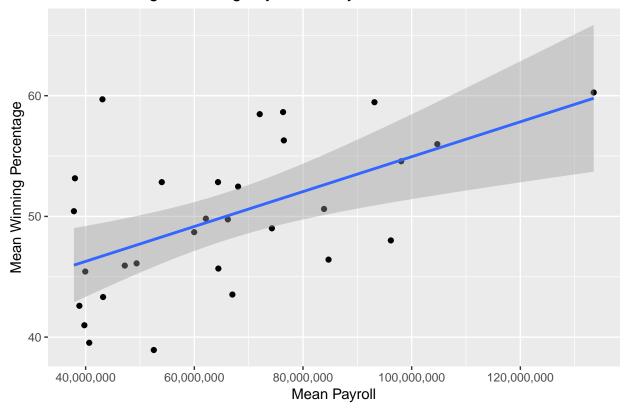
```
per2 %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_sal, y=mean_wp)) +
    geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Payroll") +
  ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1995-2000")
```

# Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1995–2000



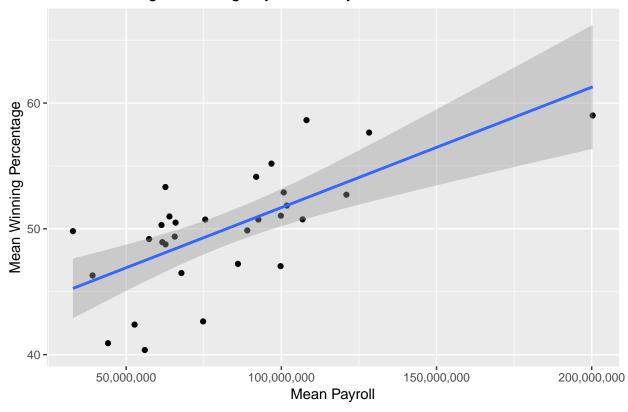
```
per3 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_sal, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Payroll") + ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2000-2004")
```

# Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2000–2004

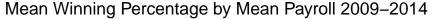


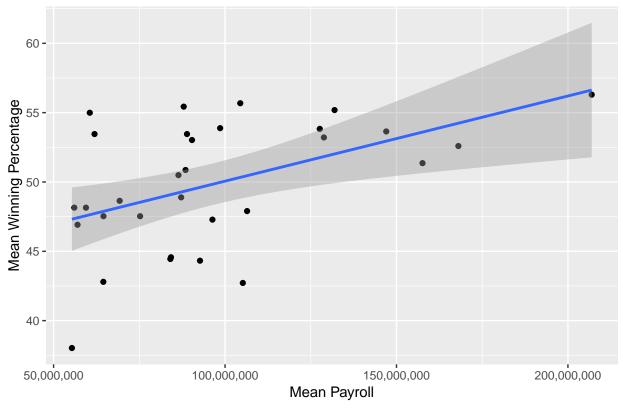
```
per4 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_sal, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Payroll") + ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2004-2009")
```

### Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2004–2009



```
per5 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_sal, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Payroll") + ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2009-2014")
```





### **QUESTION 2**

There is a positive correlation between the mean payroll and mean winning percentage for every 5 year period. The most significant positive correlation in the periods 1995 to 2000 and 2004 to 2009.

#### PROBLEM 5

I calculated the standardized formula using the given formula st\_payroll = (pay\_roll - mean\_payroll)/st\_dev

```
values <- payroll_df %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), sd_sal = sd(sum_sal)) %>%
  inner_join(payroll_df, by="yearID") %>%
  mutate (z = (((sum_sal * 1.0) - (mean_sal*1.0)) / (sd_sal*1.0)))
```

## Warning: package 'bindrcpp' was built under R version 3.5.2

```
values
```

```
## # A tibble: 728 x 11
## yearID mean_sal sd_sal teamID franchID W L G sum_sal WPERC
## <int> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <int> <int> <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> </dbl>
```

```
##
    1
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 ATL
                                        ATL
                                                     65
                                                           97
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.46e7
                                                                               40.1
##
    2
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 BAL
                                                     76
                                                           85
                                                                               47.2
                                       BAL
                                                                 161
                                                                      9.68e6
                1.71e7 3.77e6 BOS
##
    3
        1990
                                       BOS
                                                     88
                                                           74
                                                                 162
                                                                      2.06e7
                                                                               54.3
##
    4
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CAL
                                                     80
                                                                 162
                                                                      2.17e7
                                                                               49.4
                                       ANA
                                                           82
##
    5
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CHA
                                       CHW
                                                     94
                                                           68
                                                                 162
                                                                      9.49e6
                                                                               58.0
    6
        1990
##
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CHN
                                       CHC
                                                     77
                                                           85
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.36e7
                                                                               47.5
    7
##
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CIN
                                       CIN
                                                     91
                                                           71
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.44e7
                                                                               56.2
                                                     77
##
    8
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CLE
                                       CLE
                                                           85
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.45e7
                                                                               47.5
##
    9
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 DET
                                       DET
                                                     79
                                                           83
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.76e7
                                                                               48.8
## 10
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 HOU
                                       HOU
                                                     75
                                                           87
                                                                 162
                                                                      1.83e7
                                                                               46.3
## # ... with 718 more rows, and 1 more variable: z <dbl>
```

#### PROBLEM 6

I split the payroll\_df into five categories based on yearID in 5 year ranges. Then I created a standardized variable z to standardize payroll. Finally I graphed all 5 split tables with mean standardized value on the x-axis and the mean winning percentage on the y-axis.

```
values <- payroll_df %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), sd_sal = sd(sum_sal)) %>%
  inner_join(payroll_df, by="yearID") %>%
  mutate (z = (((sum_sal * 1.0) - (mean_sal*1.0)) / (sd_sal*1.0)))
```

```
# A tibble: 728 x 11
##
##
      yearID mean_sal sd_sal teamID franchID
                                                            L
                                                                  G sum_sal WPERC
       <int>
##
                                                                       <dbl> <dbl>
                 <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                       <chr>
                                                 <int> <int>
                                                              <int>
##
    1
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 ATL
                                       ATL
                                                    65
                                                           97
                                                                162
                                                                      1.46e7
                                                                              40.1
##
    2
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 BAL
                                       BAL
                                                    76
                                                           85
                                                                161
                                                                      9.68e6
                                                                              47.2
                1.71e7 3.77e6 BOS
##
    3
        1990
                                       BOS
                                                    88
                                                           74
                                                                162
                                                                      2.06e7
                                                                              54.3
        1990
##
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CAL
    4
                                       ANA
                                                    80
                                                           82
                                                                162
                                                                      2.17e7
                                                                              49.4
    5
        1990
                                                    94
##
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CHA
                                       CHW
                                                           68
                                                                162
                                                                      9.49e6
                                                                              58.0
##
    6
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CHN
                                       CHC
                                                    77
                                                           85
                                                                162
                                                                     1.36e7
                                                                              47.5
##
    7
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CIN
                                       CIN
                                                    91
                                                           71
                                                                162
                                                                     1.44e7
                                                                              56.2
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 CLE
                                                    77
                                                                              47.5
##
    8
                                       CLE
                                                           85
                                                                162
                                                                     1.45e7
##
    9
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 DET
                                       DET
                                                    79
                                                           83
                                                                162
                                                                     1.76e7
                                                                              48.8
## 10
        1990
                1.71e7 3.77e6 HOU
                                       HOU
                                                    75
                                                           87
                                                                162
                                                                     1.83e7
                                                                              46.3
## # ... with 718 more rows, and 1 more variable: z <dbl>
```

```
scut_df <- values

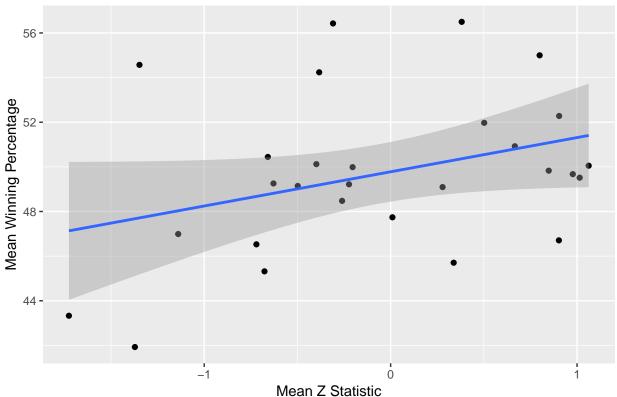
scut_df$group <- scut_df$yearID %>%
    cut(breaks=5)

X <- split(scut_df, scut_df$group)

per1 <- X[[1]]
per1 <- per1 %>%
    group_by(teamID) %>%
    dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
```

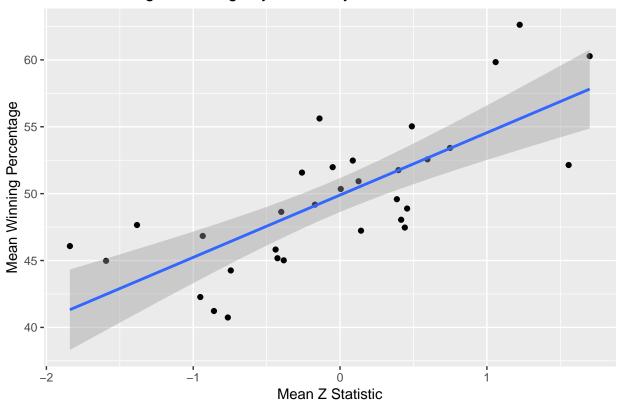
```
per2 <- X[[2]]</pre>
per2 <- per2 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per3 <- X[[3]]</pre>
per3 <- per3 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per4 <- X[[4]]
per4 <- per4 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per5 <- X[[5]]
per5 <- per5 %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))
per1 %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
    geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
  ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1990-1995")
```

# Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1990–1995



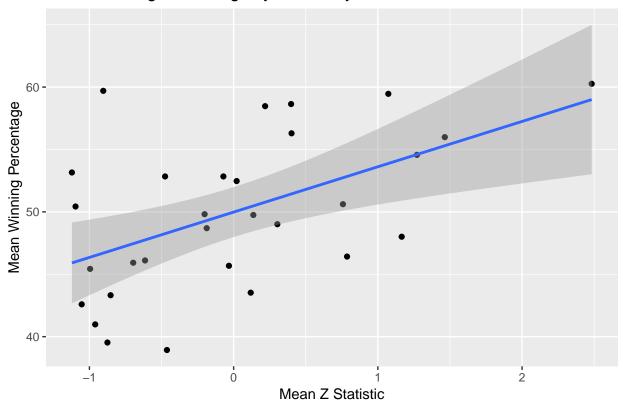
```
per2 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
        ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1995-2000")
```

### Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1995–2000



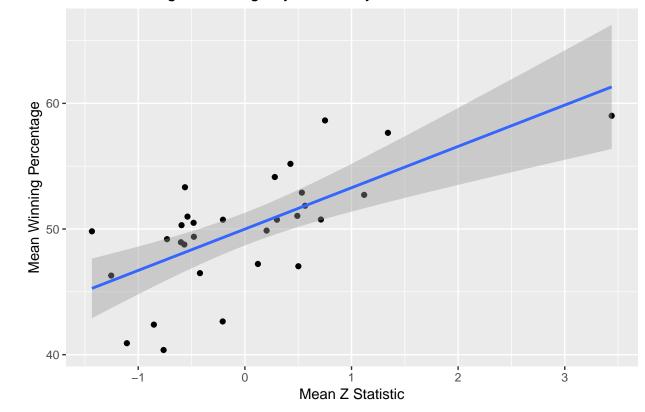
```
per3 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
        ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2000-2004")
```

# Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2000–2004

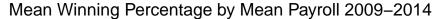


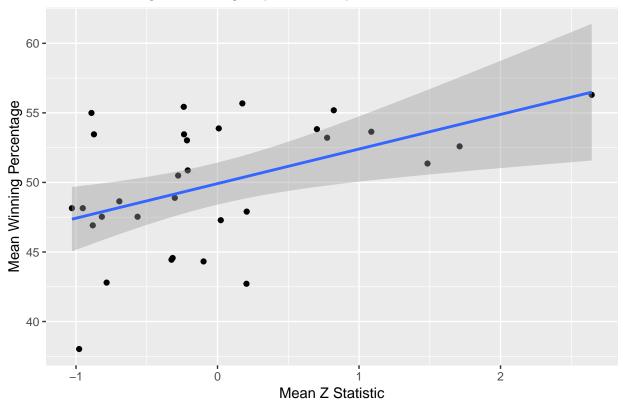
```
per4 %>%
    ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
        geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
        geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
        ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
        ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2004-2009")
```

# Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2004–2009



```
per5 %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
    geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
  ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 2009-2014")
```





# **QUESTION 3**

The standardized plots follow similar trends but have a mean closer to 0. You can see parallels between specific time periods in the dots spread and patter.

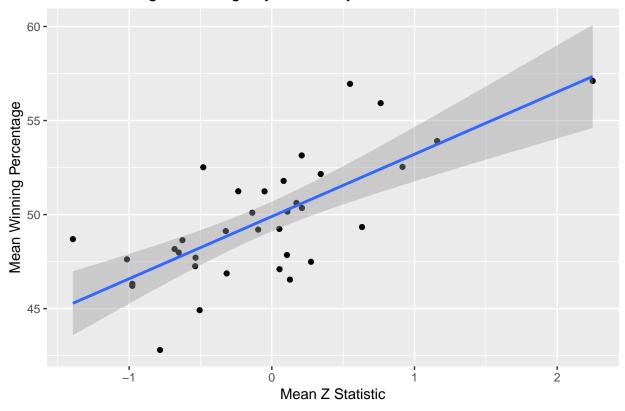
### PROBLEM 7

To plot the overall standardized value for the entire time period I didn't split the data frame. I just calculated the standardized value and graphed it using a scatter plot from 1994 to 2014.

```
values <- values %>%
  group_by(teamID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_z = mean(z), mean_wp = mean(WPERC))

values %>%
  ggplot(mapping=aes(x=mean_z, y=mean_wp)) +
    geom_point() + scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  ggtitle("1990-2014") + geom_smooth(method=lm) + xlab("Mean Z Statistic") +
  ylab("Mean Winning Percentage") +
  ggtitle("Mean Winning Percentage by Mean Payroll 1990-2014")
```



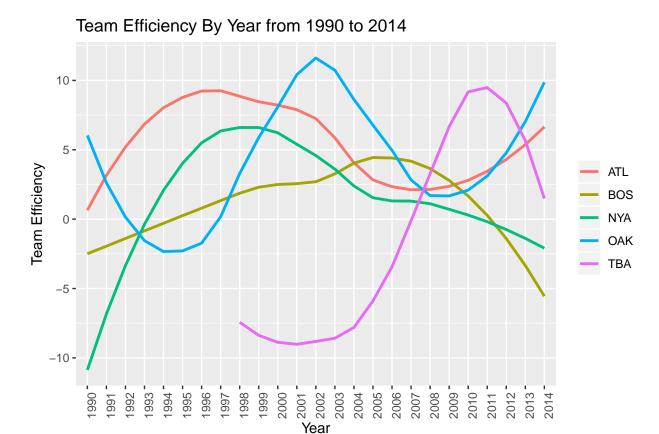


#### PROBLEM 8

I calculated the efficiency using the expected winning percentage and the actual winning percentage based on the payroll and the plotted the data for the 5 given teams using a line graph. I plotted the efficiency on the y-axis and year on the x-axis.

```
values <- payroll_df %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(mean_sal = mean(sum_sal), sd_sal = sd(sum_sal)) %>%
  inner_join(payroll_df, by="yearID") %>%
  mutate (z = (((sum_sal * 1.0) - (mean_sal*1.0)) / (sd_sal*1.0)))
values <- values %>%
  mutate(exp_wp = 50.0 + (2.5 * z)) \%
  mutate(efficiency = WPERC - exp_wp) %>%
  filter(teamID == "OAK" | teamID == "BOS" | teamID == "NYA" |
           teamID == "ATL" | teamID == "TBA")
values %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=factor(yearID), y=efficiency, group=teamID)) +
  labs(color = NULL) +
  geom_smooth(aes(color=teamID), se=FALSE)+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +
  xlab("Year") + ylab("Team Efficiency") +
  ggtitle("Team Efficiency By Year from 1990 to 2014")
```

## `geom\_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'



# Question 4

This plot shows the efficiency of the teams from 1990 to 2014. Compared to plots 2 and 3 which showed the relationship between winning percentage and payroll, this graph shows the calculated efficiency for specific teams over a period of time.

The graph shows a clear peak in Oakland's efficiency during the "Moneyball period," from 2000 to 2005. But, then the efficiency