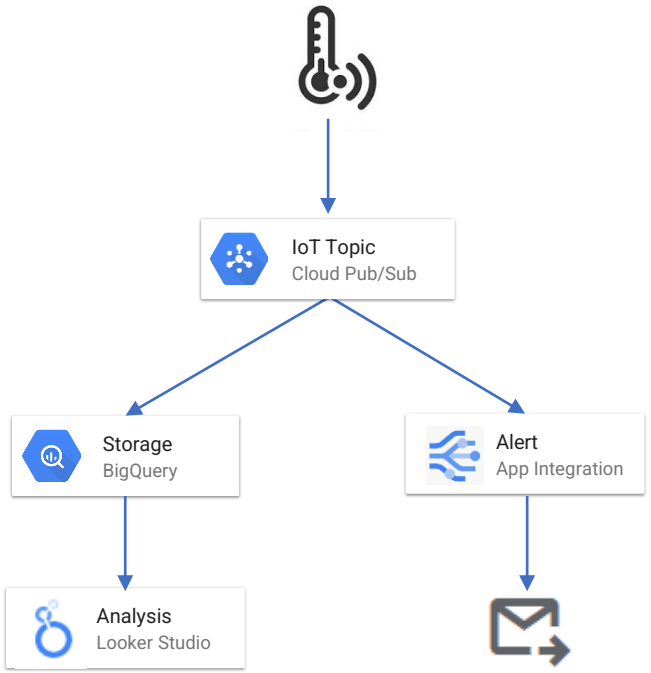
IoT & The Cloud

Free Friday Workshop

February 9, 2024

WAKE TECH
COMMUNITY COLLEGE

IoT & The Cloud



DOWNLOAD THE SLIDES HERE TO FOLLOW ALONG:

http://tinyurl.com/48khunrk

AGENDA

- Welcome & Intros
- Goals for the Day
- IoT Overview
- Raspberry Pi Hardware Setup
- Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
- Ingesting Telemetry Data
- Storing the Data
- Alerting & Reporting on the Data
- Futures

CHECKPOINT

Logistics Discussion

Everyone on the same page?

Help each other out!

Links exist throughout the deck to dive more deeply into some of the topics we cover

Great for followup after the workshop!

IoT

RPI

GCP

Internet of Things Overview

Number of humans? – **8.1B**

Number of cell phones? – **7B**

Number of IoT devices? – **24.4 B**

Examples

Consumer – locks, doorbells, lightbulbs, cars

Commercial – healthcare, monitoring, security

Industrial – digital control sys, agribiz

Infrastructure – smart cities

aws Azure Google Cloud

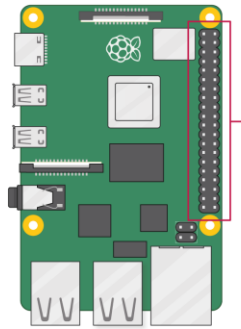
Challenges:

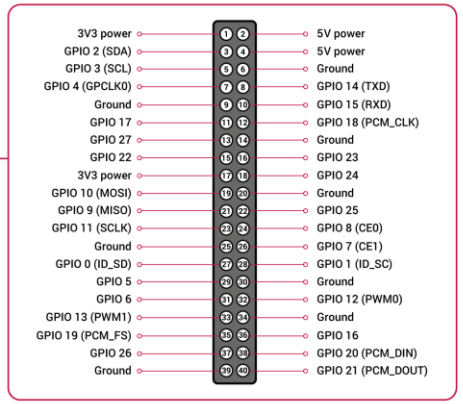
1. Updating & Managing Devices
2. Managing Telemetry
3. Managing Data

Raspberry Pi Overview

Pi 3 Model B (circa 2016)

- Single Board Computer (SBC)
- 1.2 GHz 64-bit quad core ARM Cortex-A53 processor
- 1 GB RAM
- HDMI output
- 802.11n Wi-Fi & Bluetooth
- 8G SD card w/64-bit Debian (bookworm)
- GPIO – General Purpose I/O





History of Raspberry Pi

Raspberry Pi Model Comparison

Raspberry Pi Overview

Many popular IoT type sensors can be connected to GPIO:

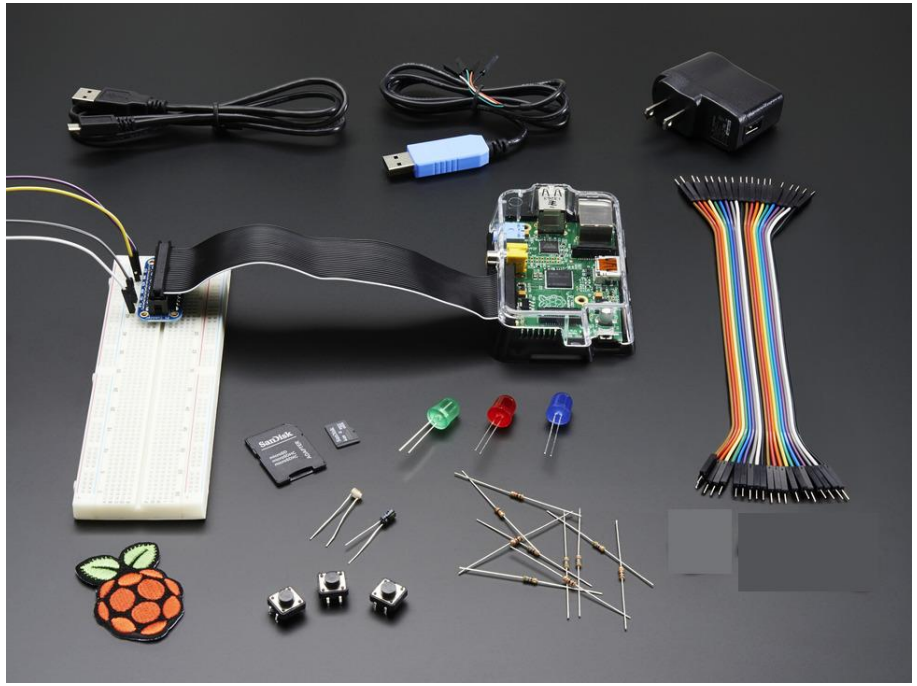
- Temp
- Humidity
- Light
- Fire
- Sound
- Motion
- IR
- Joystick, etc.

Raspberry Pi Setup

- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B
- SD Card with Raspbian OS
- Pi Case
- 5v Power Supply
- Breadboard and Jumper wires
- Leds & Resistors
- GPIO breakout ribbon cable
- USB jumper (not used)
- Raspberry Pi patch
- DS18B20 Temp Sensor

Raspberry Pi®

What's in the box??

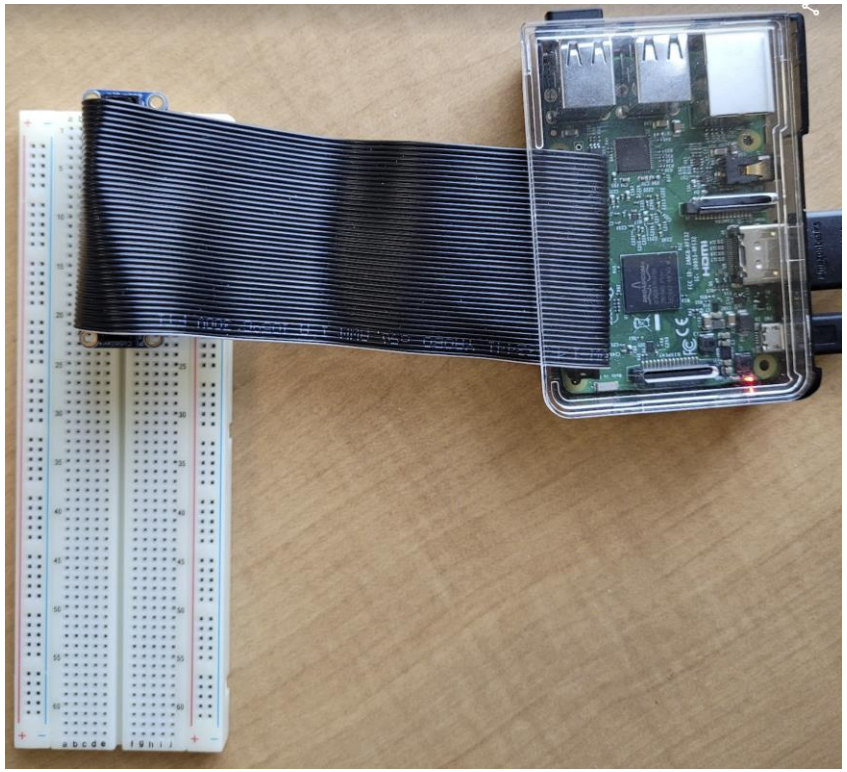


Raspberry Pi Setup

Raspberry Pi

Cable it up:

1. Insert pi board into case
2. Insert SD Card
3. Connect HDMI monitor
4. Connect Keyboard
5. Connect Mouse
6. Cable GPIO to Breadboard
7. 5v Power supply ***(do this last!)***

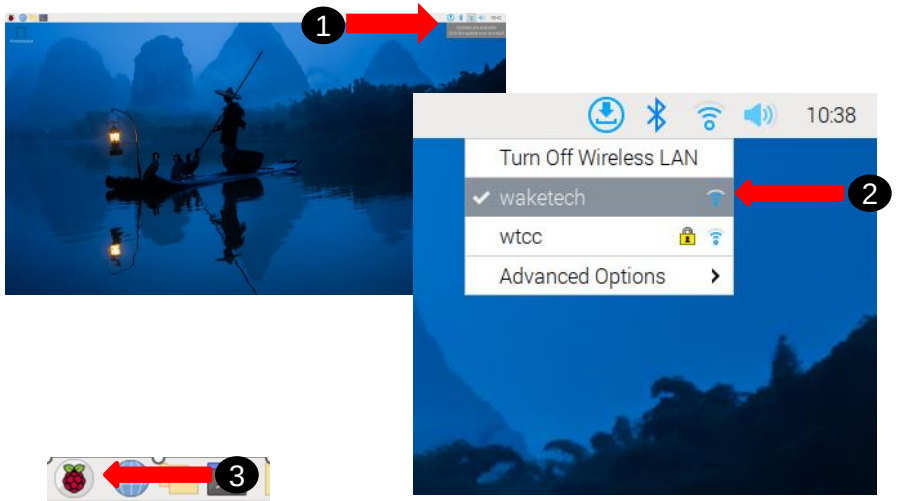


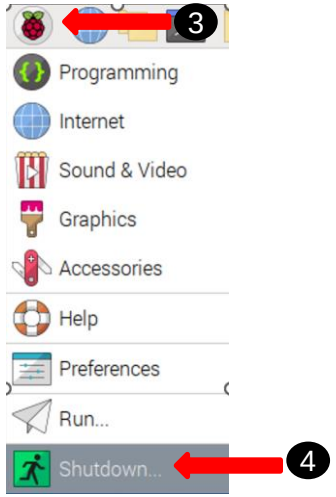
Raspberry Pi Setup

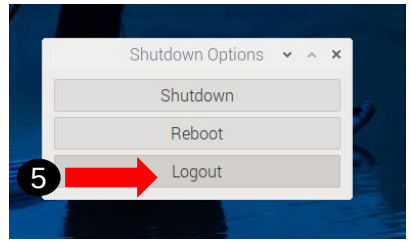
Raspberry Pi

Initial Startup – *Be patient – it's a bit slow!*

1. Check that your machine has joined the wireless network (waketech)
   - *Click the wireless icon in upper right*
2. Test the logoff / logon process
   - *Click the raspberry icon in upper left & select the 'Shutdown' menu choice*
   - *username* = `pi`
   - *password* = `raspberry`







CHECKPOINT

Raspberry Pi rebooted,

connected to the network and

showing the desktop

IoT RPI GCP

Raspberry Pi Setup

Raspberry Pi®

<u>Config tweak needed for our project:</u>

Launch terminal and run this command

```
sudo nano /boot/config.txt
```

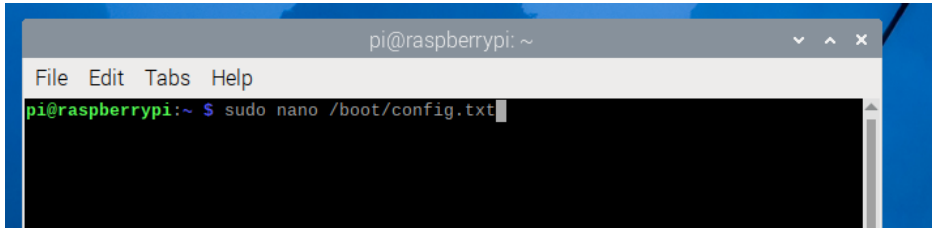
Then add these lines at bottom:

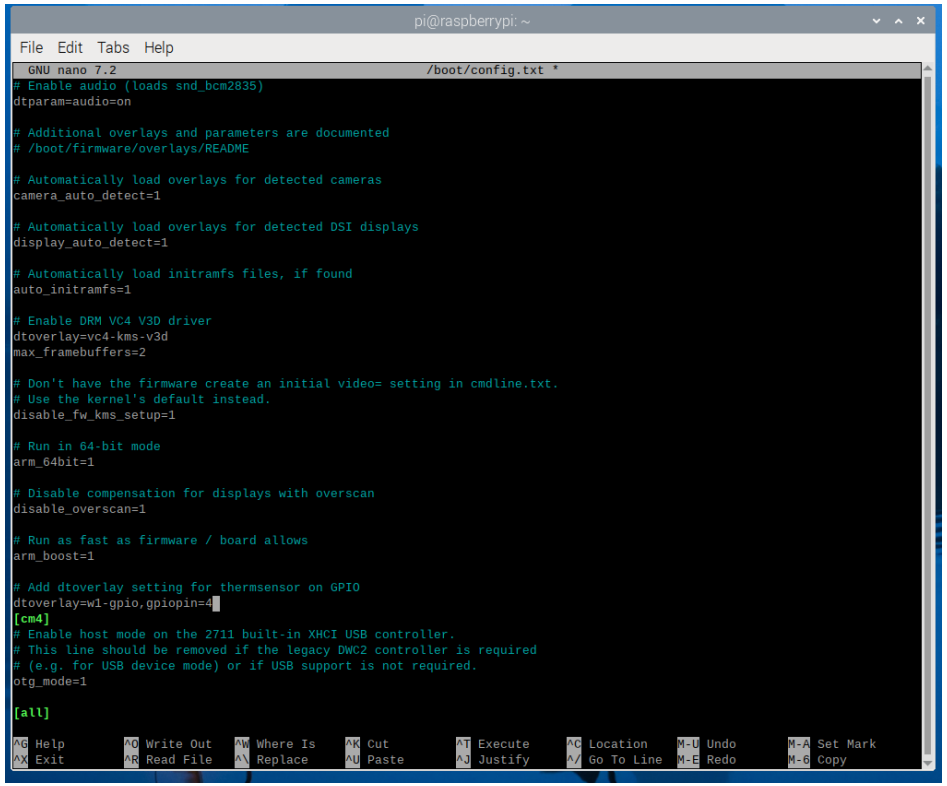
```
# Add dtoveraly setting for themsensor on GPIO

dtoverlay=w1-gpio,gpiopin=4
```

Type CTRL+O to write then CTRL+X to exit

Then reboot (pi menu – choose Shutdown)





Raspberry Pi Code

1. Launch terminal and run this command:

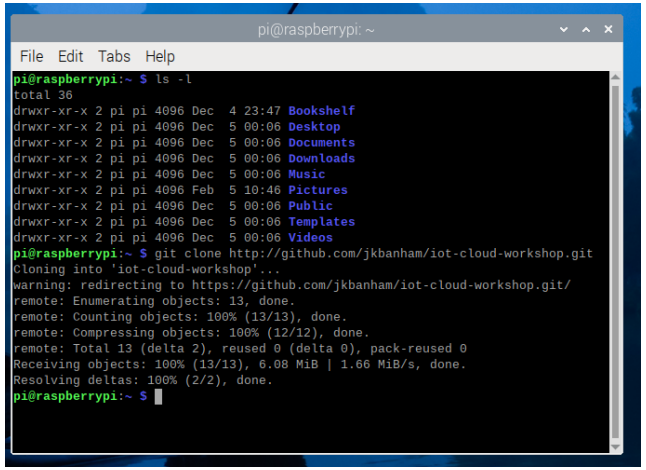
```
git clone http://github.com/jkbanham/iot-cloud-workshop.git
```

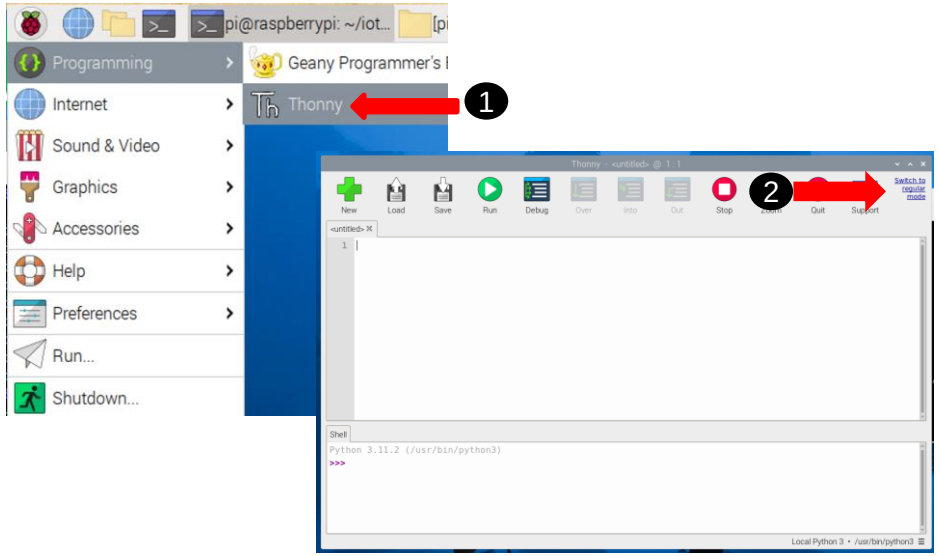
2. Note that you should now have a new directory with files we use for this project:

```
/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/
```

3. Launch the Thonny IDE from the Pi menu under Programming. Click on the ‘Switch to regular mode’ link in the upper right

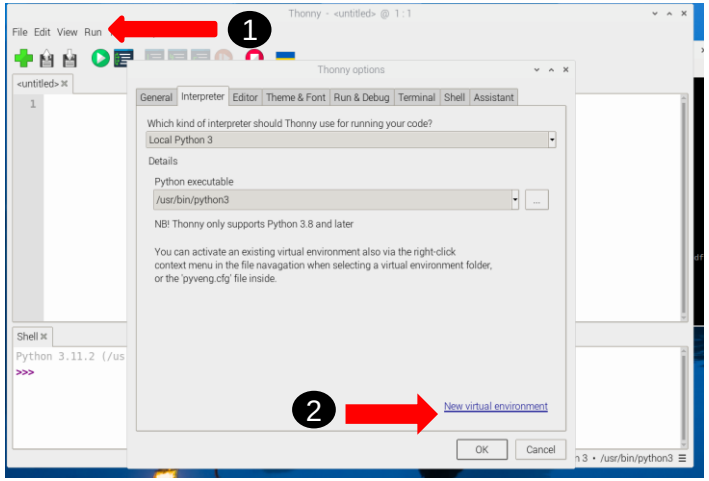
4. Close Thonny and then re-launch it

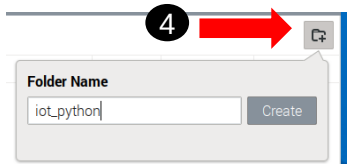


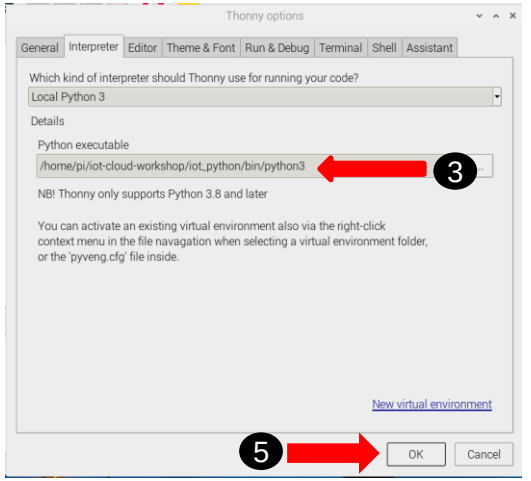


Raspberry Pi Code

1. From the ‘Run’ menu, select ‘Configure Interpreter’ and then click the ‘New virtual environment’ link in the lower right
2. In the dialog box to “Select empty directory for new virtual environment”, browse to the `/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop` folder and click the ‘Create Folder’ icon in the upper right. Type iot_python and click ‘Create’.
3. Click ‘OK’ at the bottom and the new virtual python environment will be created.

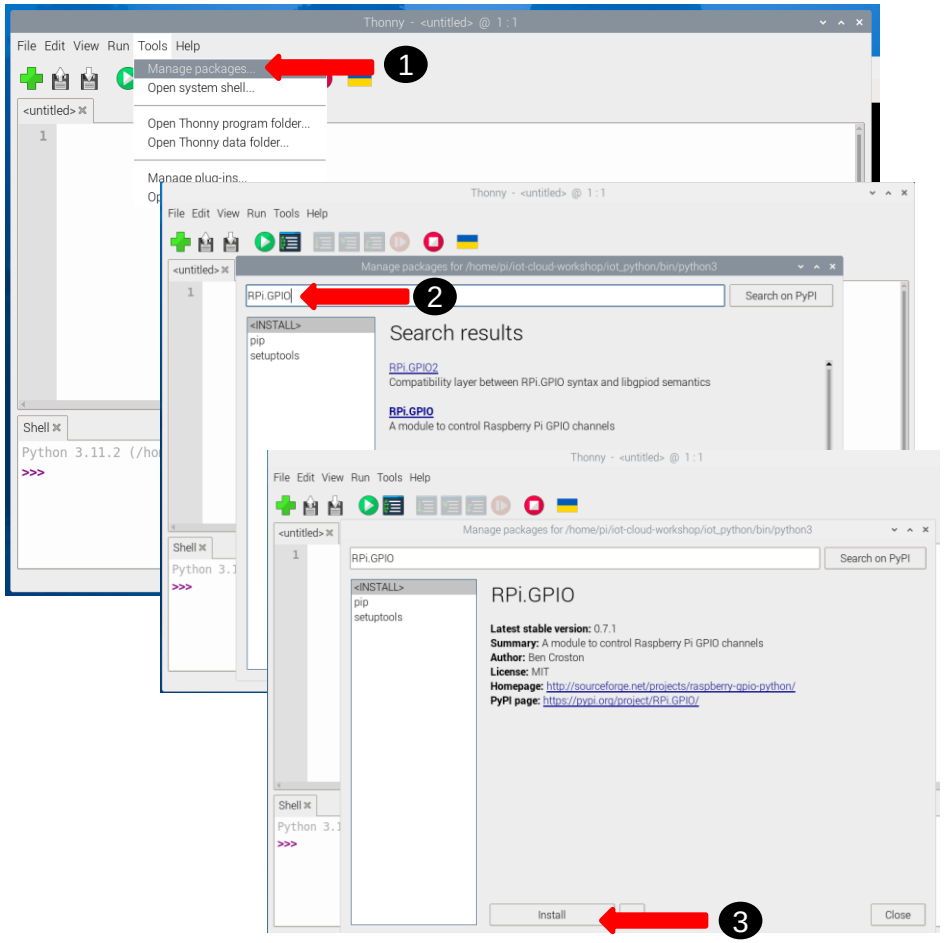






Raspberry Pi Code

1. Open the Tools -> Manage Packages menu
2. Type `RPi.GPIO` (note lowercase ‘i’) in the ‘Search on PyPI’ box and then click the module when it appears and then click Install button in lower left
3. Repeat the same process described above for the `W1thermsensor` module and the `google-cloud-pubsub` modules



CHECKPOINT

Git repo cloned, Thonny launched, Python virtual environment created, Python modules installed

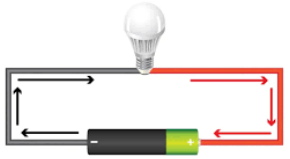
Check & Compare with Instructor’s Screen View

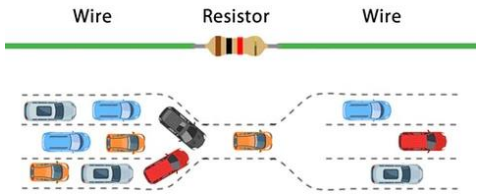
Raspberry Pi Sensor

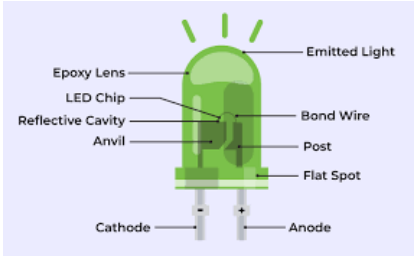
Raspberry Pi®

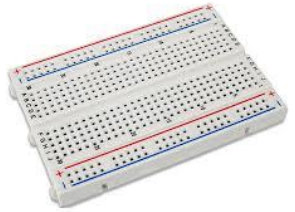
Some key concepts:

- Voltage
- Resistors
- LEDs
- Breadboard
- Polarity







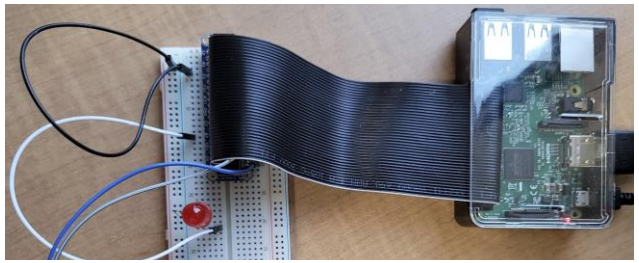


More info about circuits

IoT RPI GCP

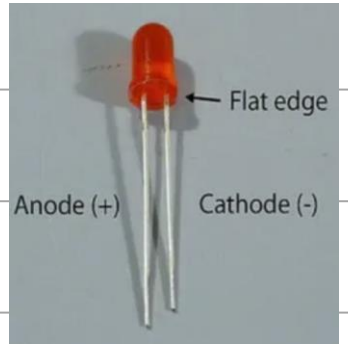
Raspberry Pi Sensor

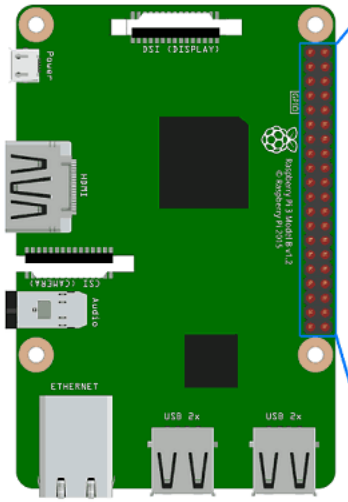
Raspberry Pi



Make the following connections on your breadboard:

- Plug your red LED into the board with the anode (+) in row 30 column c and the cathode (-) in row 32 column c
- Plug a 4K resistor between row 30 column a and the negative (blue) rail
- Plug a jumper wire from pin 34 (GND) to the blue rail
- Plug a jumper wire from pin 12 (GPIO18) on the raspberry pi breakout board to row 32 column a





3.3V	1	2	5V
GPIO2 (SDA1)	3	4	5V
GPIO3 (SCL1)	5	6	GND
GPIO4 (GPIO_GCLK)	7	8	GPIO14 (UART_TXD0)
GND	9	10	GPIO15 (UART_RXD0)
GPIO17 (GPIO_GEN0)	11	12	GPIO18 (GPIO_GEN1)
GPIO27 (GPIO_GEN2)	13	14	GND
GPIO22 (GPIO_GEN3)	15	16	GPIO23 (GPIO_GEN4)
3.3V	17	18	GPIO24 (GPIO_GEN$)
GPIO10 (SPI0_MOSI)	19	20	GND
GPIO9 (SPI0_MISO)	21	22	GPIO25 (GPIO_GEN6)
GPIO11 (SPI0_CLK)	23	24	GPIO8 (SPI_CE0_N)
GND	25	26	GPIO7 (SPI_CE1_N)
ID_SD (I2C EEPROM)	27	28	ID_SC (I2C EEPROM)
GPIO5	29	30	GND
GPIO6	31	32	GPIO12
GPIO13	33	34	GND
GPIO19	35	36	GPIO16
GPIO26	37	38	GPIO20
GND	39	40	GPIO21

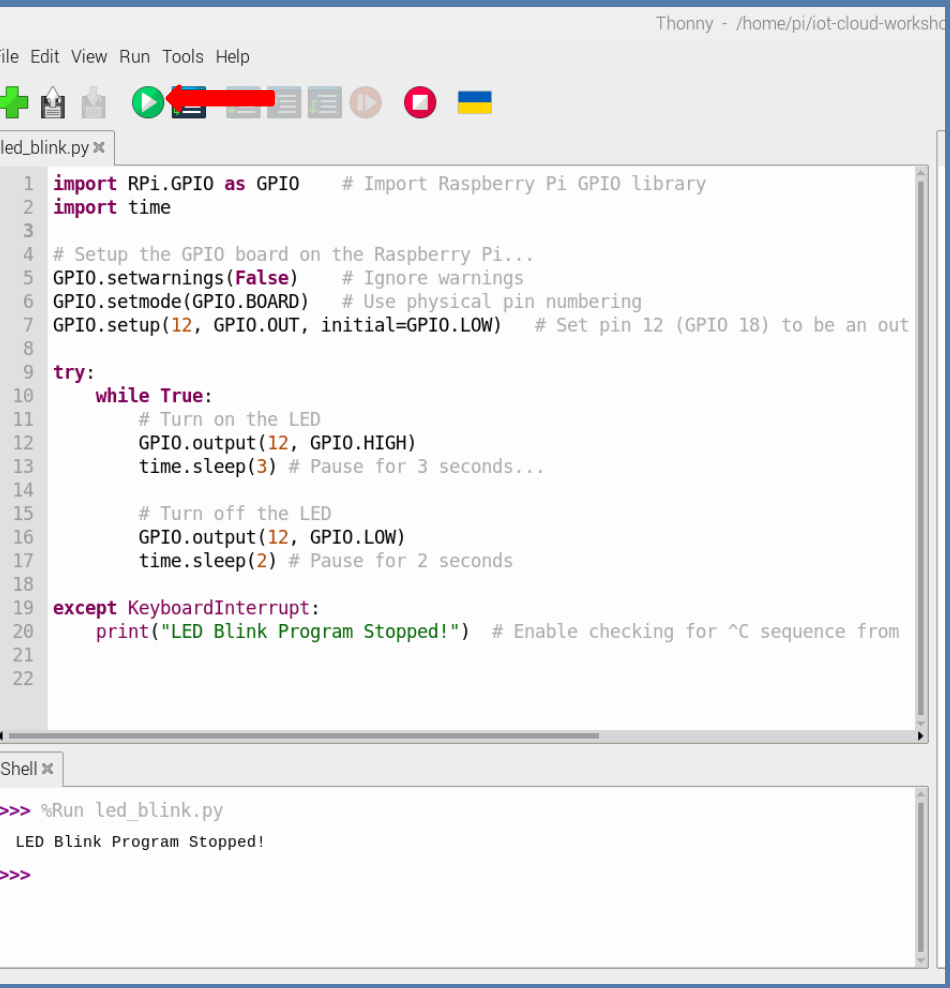
How does an LED work?

Using GPIO pins with LEDs

IoT RPI GCP

Raspberry Pi Code

1. In the Thonny IDE, open the file named `/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/led_blink.py`
2. Read through the code and ask any questions you might have
3. Click the ▶ button and check to see if your LED starts to blink
4. Press CTRL+C to stop the program

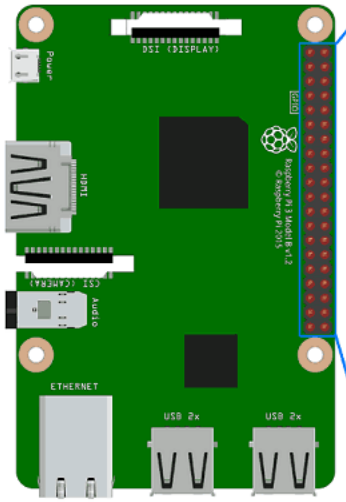


CHECKPOINT

Code runs successfully to blink the LED

Raspberry Pi Sensor

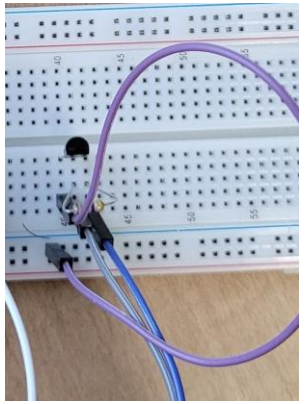
Raspberry Pi®

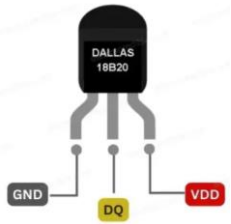


3.3V	1	2	5V
GPIO2 (SDA1)	3	4	5V
GPIO3 (SCL1)	5	6	GND
GPIO4 (GPIO_GCLK)	7	8	GPIO14 (UART_TXD0)
GND	9	10	GPIO15 (UART_RXD0)
GPIO17 (GPIO_GEN0)	11	12	GPIO18 (GPIO_GEN1)
GPIO27 (GPIO_GEN2)	13	14	GND
GPIO22 (GPIO_GEN3)	15	16	GPIO23 (GPIO_GEN4)
3.3V	17	18	GPIO24 (GPIO_GEN$)
GPIO10 (SPI0_MOSI)	19	20	GND
GPIO9 (SPI0_MISO)	21	22	GPIO25 (GPIO_GEN6)
GPIO11 (SPI0_CLK)	23	24	GPIO8 (SPI_CE0_N)
GND	25	26	GPIO7 (SPI_CE1_N)
ID_SD (I2C EEPROM)	27	28	ID_SC (I2C EEPROM)
GPIO5	29	30	GND
GPIO6	31	32	GPIO12
GPIO13	33	34	GND
GPIO19	35	36	GPIO16
GPIO26	37	38	GPIO20
GND	39	40	GPIO21

Make the following connections on your breadboard:

- Plug your DS18B20 sensor into the board with pin 1(GND) in row 40 column e, pin 2(DATA) in row 41 column e, and pin 3 (voltage) in row 42 column e
- Plug a 4k resistor between ros 41 & 42 in column c
- Plug a jumper wire from row 40 col a to the blue (GND) rail
- Plug a jumper wire from row 41 column a to pin 7 (GPIO 4) on the Raspberry Pi breakout board
- Plug a jumper wire from row 42 column a to pin 1 (3v) on the Raspberry pi breakout board





How does the DS18B20 work?

Raspberry Pi Sensor

Open a terminal and type:

```
ls -l /sys/bus/w1/devices
```

If you see a line starting with "28-“

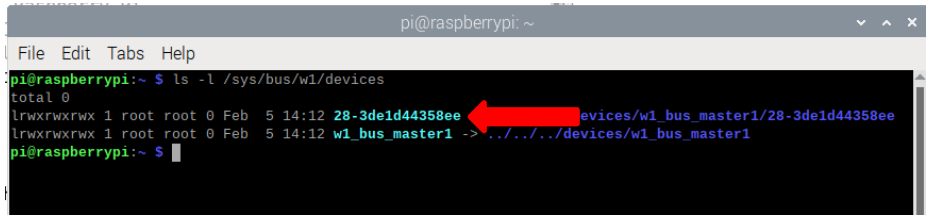
then you have set things up correctly

and there is an active temp sensor

connected to your Pi!

**** Note that the DS18B20 will get very hot if it is***

wired incorrectly (reverse polarity)



CHECKPOINT

Everyone can see the sensor

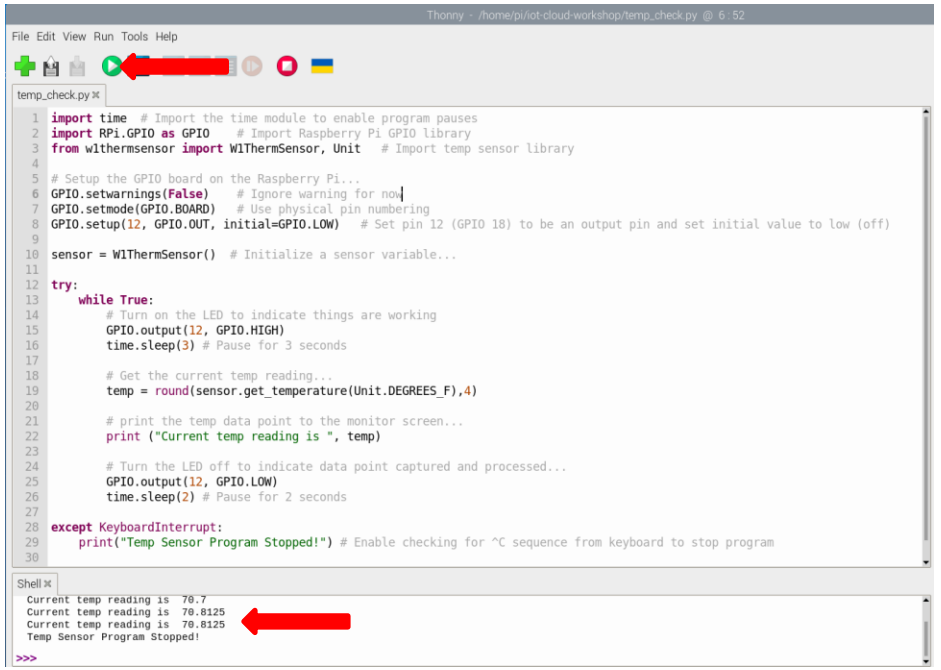
in the /sys/bus/w1/devices

folder

IoT RPI GCP

Raspberry Pi Code

1. In the Thonny IDE, open the file named `/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/temp_check.py`
2. Read through the code and ask any questions you might have
3. Click the ▶ button and check to see if temp readings print to the program output shell tab
4. Press CTRL+C to stop the program



CHECKPOINT

Code runs successfully to blink the LED and print the temp reading to the screen

Test putting your fingers on the temp sensor to watch the readings change

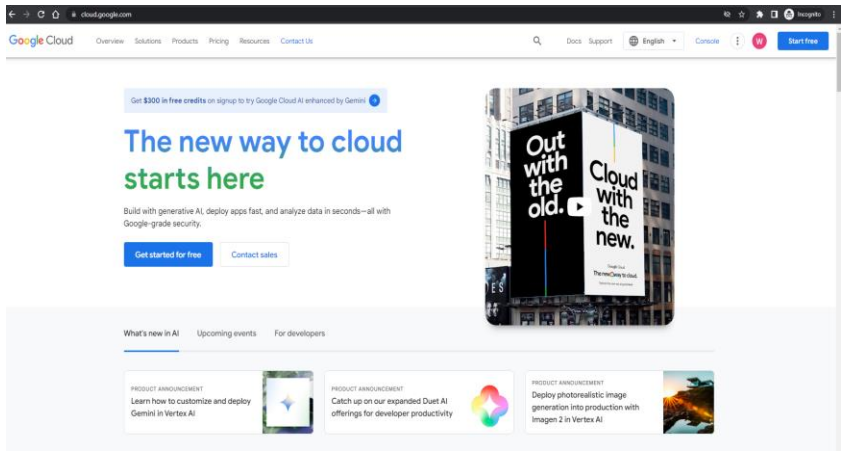
LUNCH BREAK

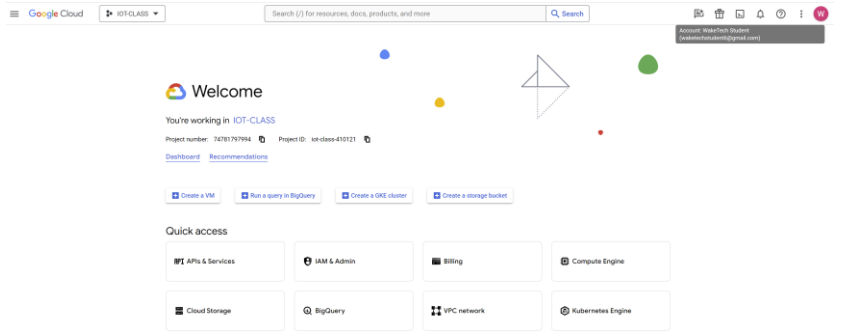
IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 1: Create a GCP Account

This step was completed prior to the workshop - confirm that you can log in to console.cloud.google.com in a browser window



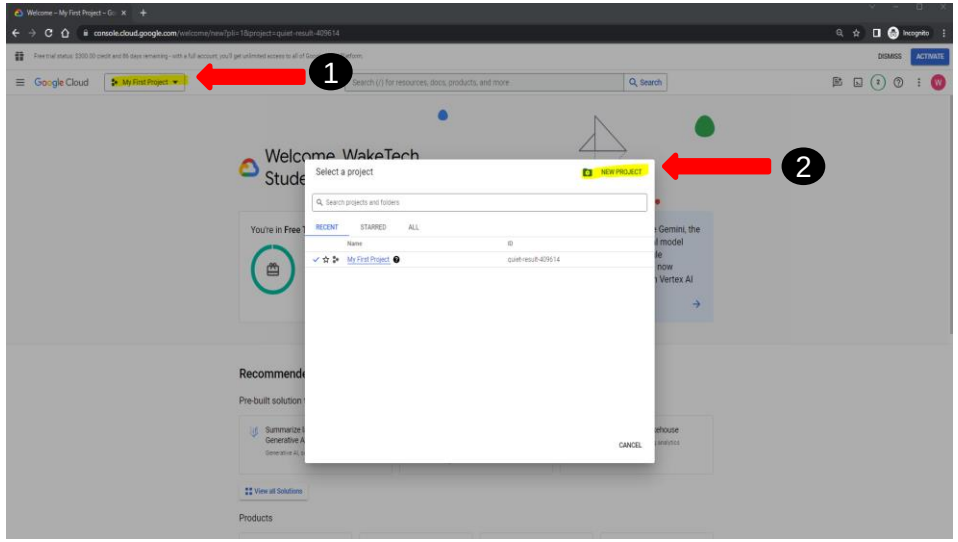


Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Google Cloud

STEP 2: Create a New Project

Once you are logged in to console.cloud.google.com, click on the active project name in the upper left. Then click the NEW PROJECT button



I WANT TO KNOW MORE
Google Cloud Projects

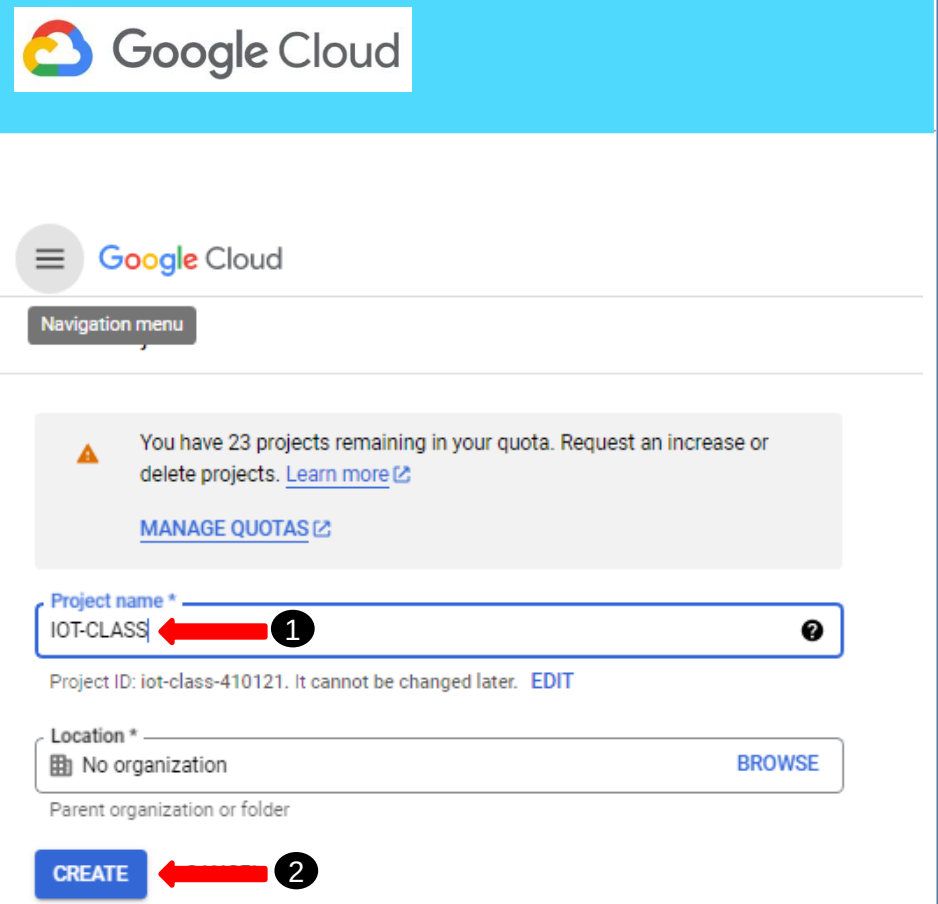
IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 2: Create a New Project

Name the new project ‘IOT-CLASS’

and then click the CREATE button



Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 2: Create a New Project

Click the project list in upper left

again and then select the new IOT-

CLASS project – it should now show

as your active project while you are

working in the GCP console

--

CHECKPOINT

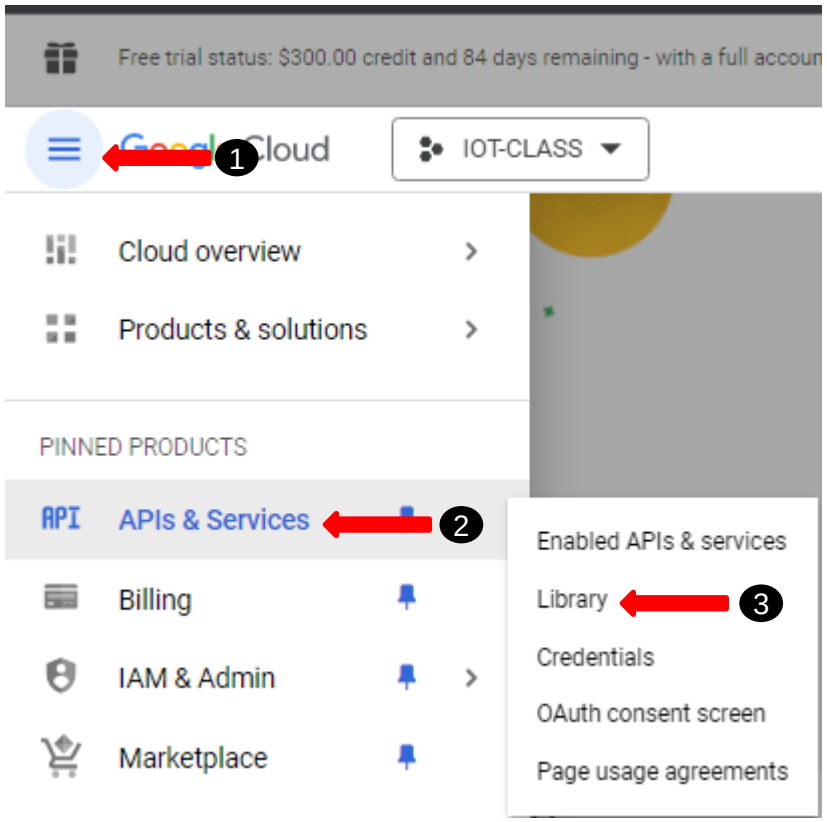
Everyone has a new project

created named IOT-CLASS

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 3: Enable APIs

From the navigation menu on the left-hand side (often referred to as the ‘hamburger’ menu), select APIs & Services | Library



I WANT TO KNOW MORE

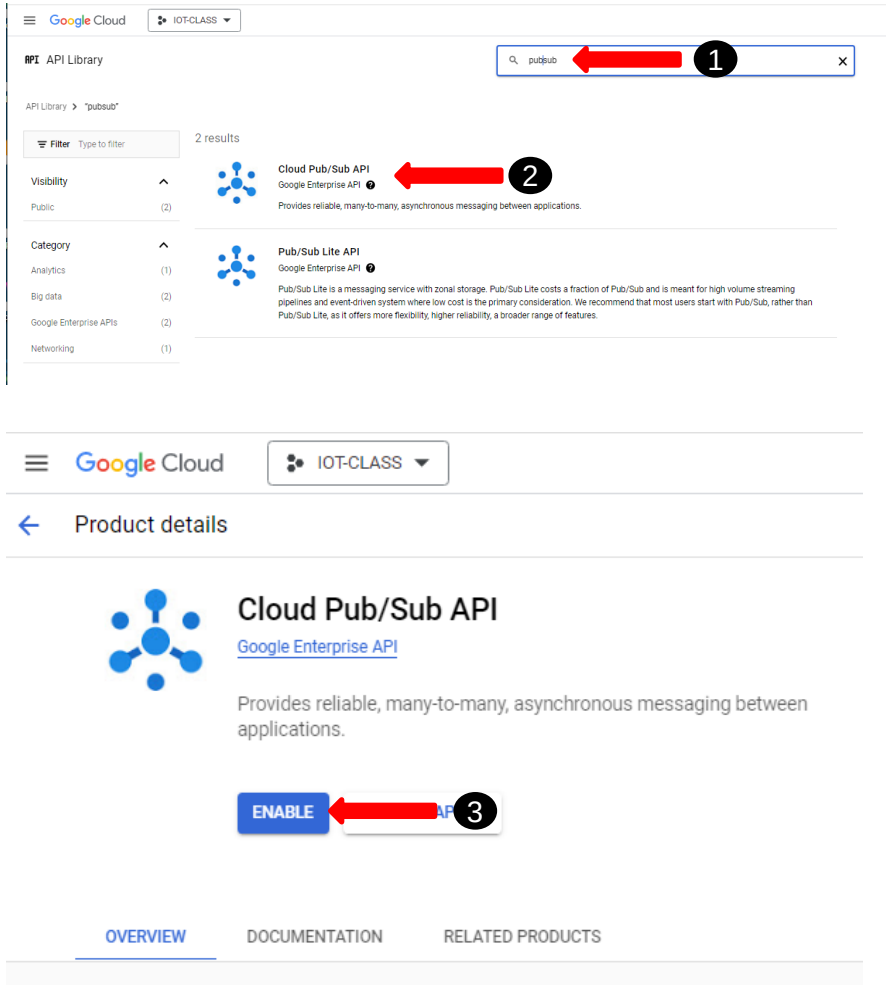
What is an API

IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 3: Enable APIs

1. On the next screen, type ‘pubsub’ in the search box and then click the Cloud Pub/Sub API from the results
2. On the next screen, click the ENABLE button
3. Repeat this same process to enable the Application Integration API



IoT | RPI | GCP

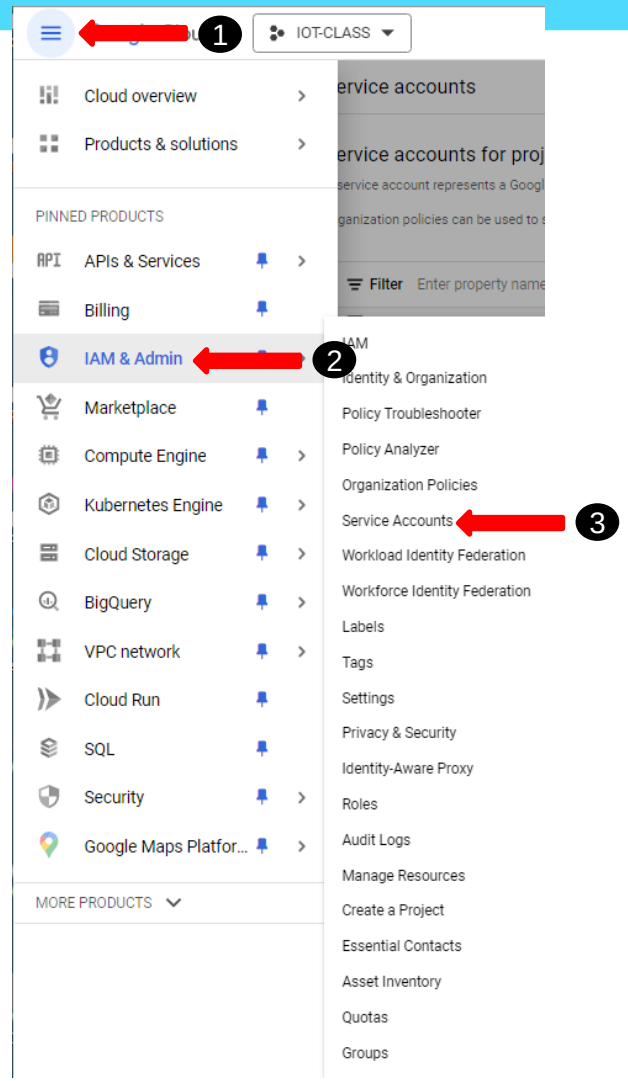
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 4: Create a Service Account

From the navigation menu on the left-hand side, select IAM & Admin | Service Accounts

I WANT TO KNOW MORE

What is a Google Service Account



IoT | RPI | GCP

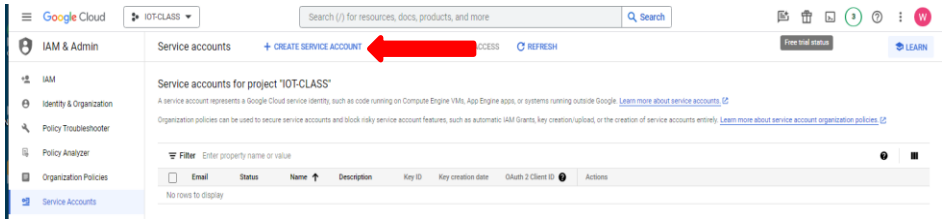
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 4: Create a Service Account

On the next screen, click the

+ CREATE SERVICE ACCOUNT button near the

top left of the screen



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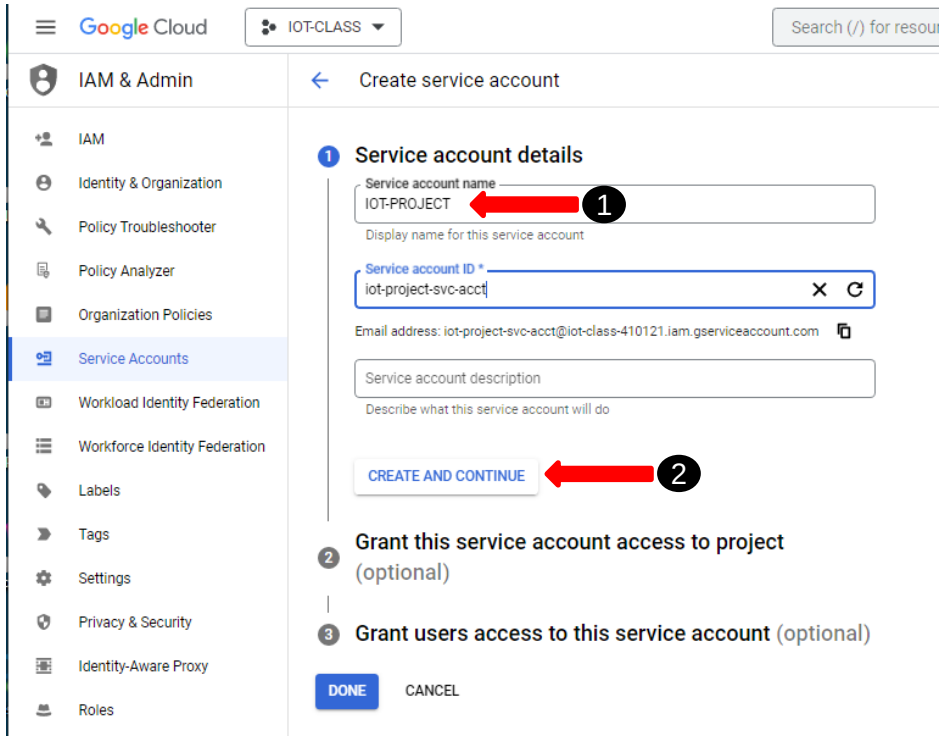
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 4: Create a Service Account

Give the new service account a name of “IOT-PROJECT” and then click CREATE AND CONTINUE

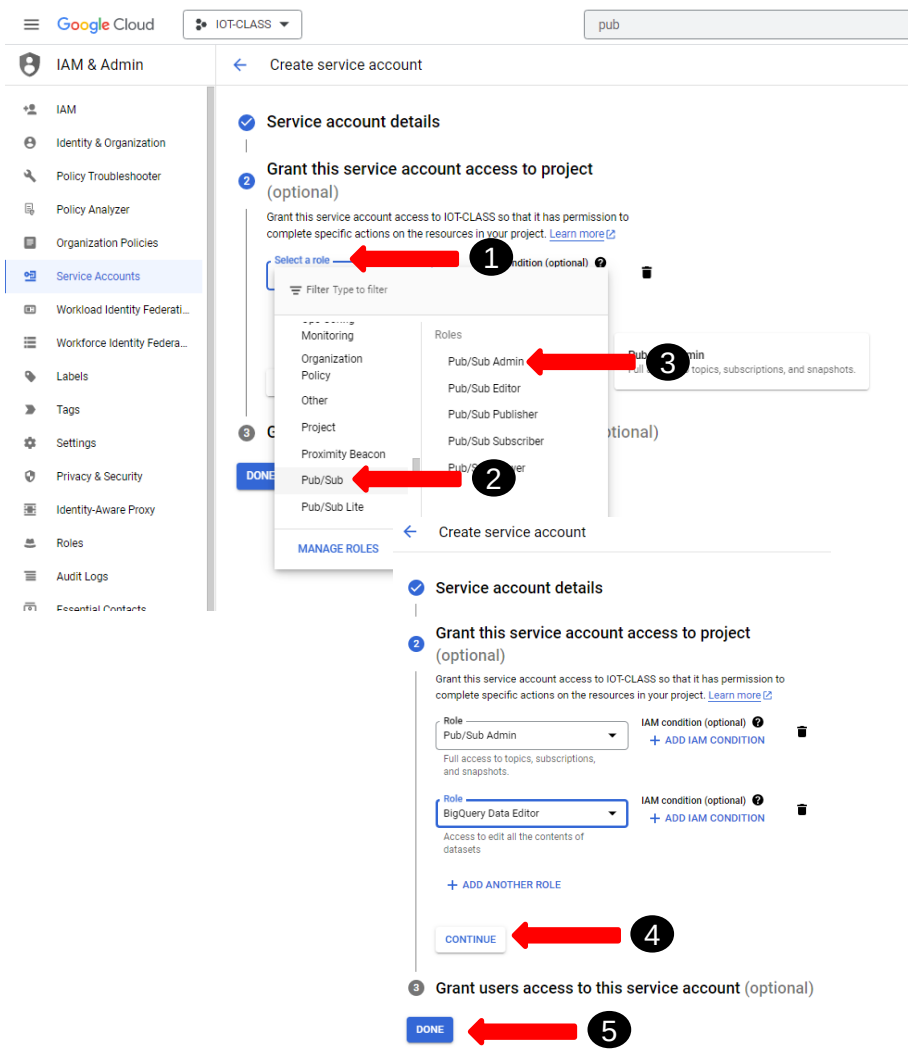


IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 4: Create a Service Account

1. In the ‘Select a role’ drop-down list, scroll down and select the ‘Pub/Sub Admin’ role
2. Repeat this process to also add the ‘BigQuery Data Editor’ role
3. Click CONTINUE and then the DONE button at the bottom.



CHECKPOINT

Everyone has a new service account named IOT-PROJECT created and has granted it roles for Pub/Sub & BigQuery

IoT | RPI | GCP

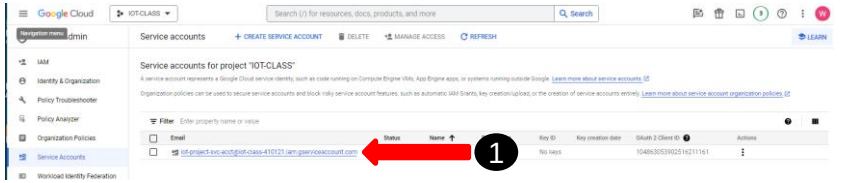
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 5: GET API CREDENTIALS

1. While on the service accounts page,

   Click your newly created service account

   to open it's details page:

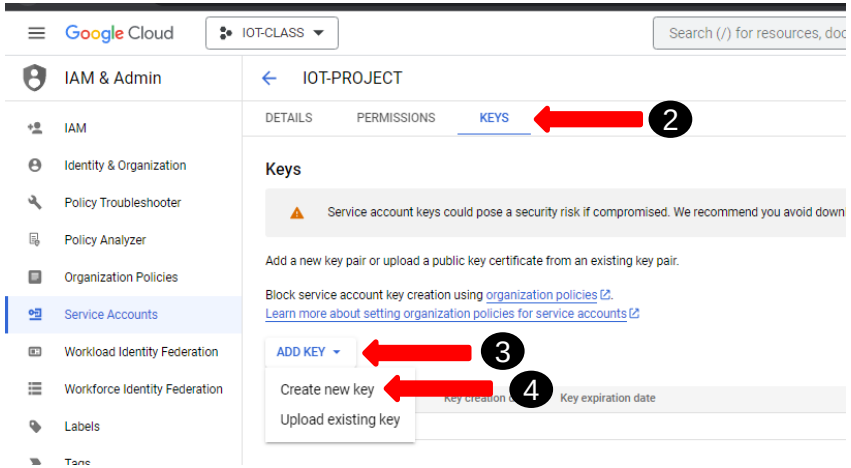


2. On the Service Account details page,

   click the 'KEYS' tab, and then click the

   ADD KEY button, and select the 'Create

   new key' option.



IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 5: GET API CREDENTIALS

1. Select JSON for the key type and then

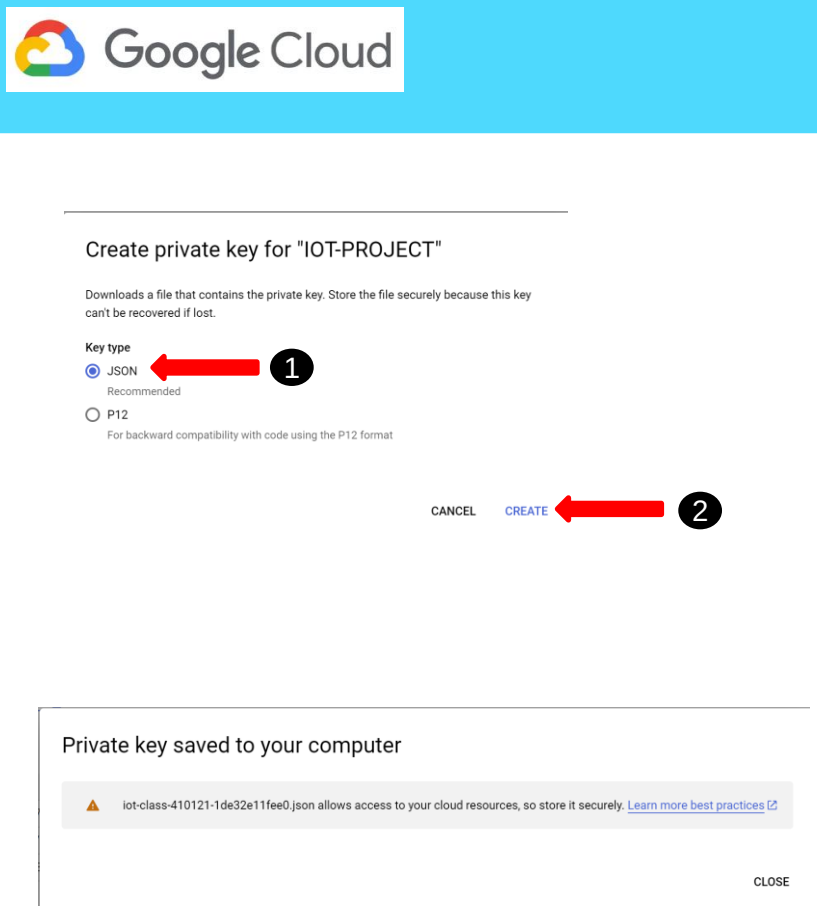
   click the CREATE button

2. A new public/private key pair is generated

   and the private key file is downloaded to

   your computer. Save it as

`/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/credentials.json`



What is a JSON file

CHECKPOINT

Everyone has the

`credentials.json` file

saved locally on their

Raspberry Pi

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 6: BIGQUERY TABLE

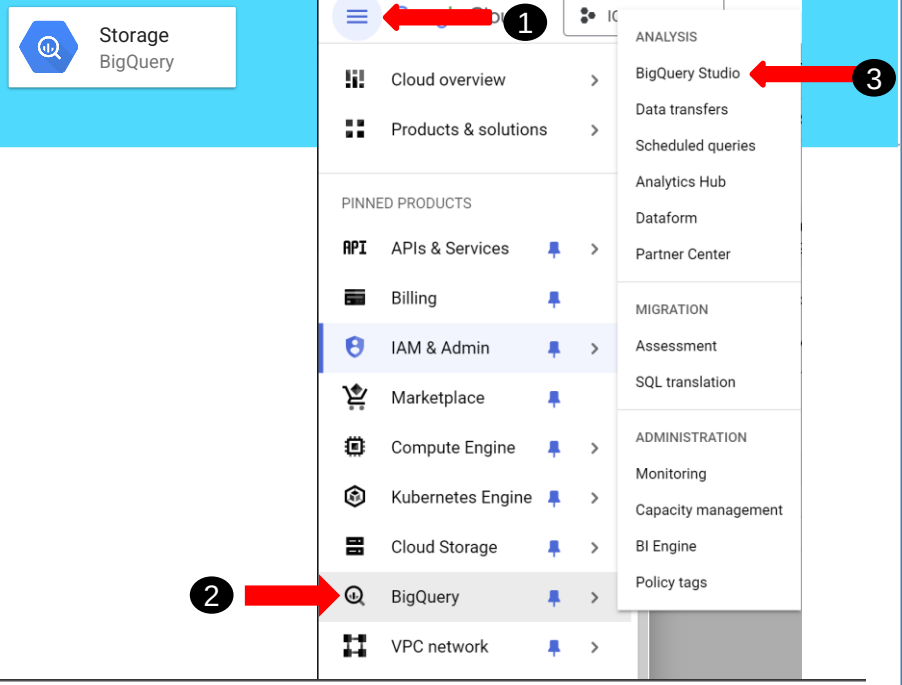
From the service navigation menu,

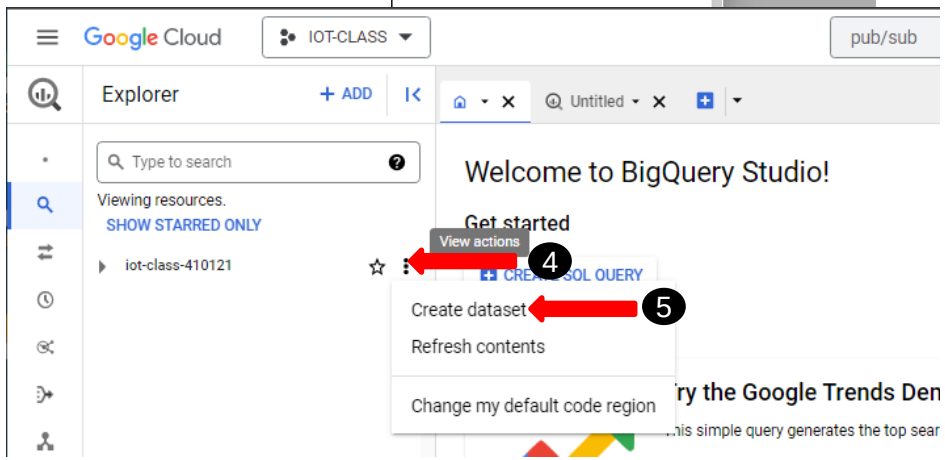
choose BigQuery | BigQuery Studio –

click the 3 dots to the left of your

project name in the explorer pane and

select ‘Create dataset’





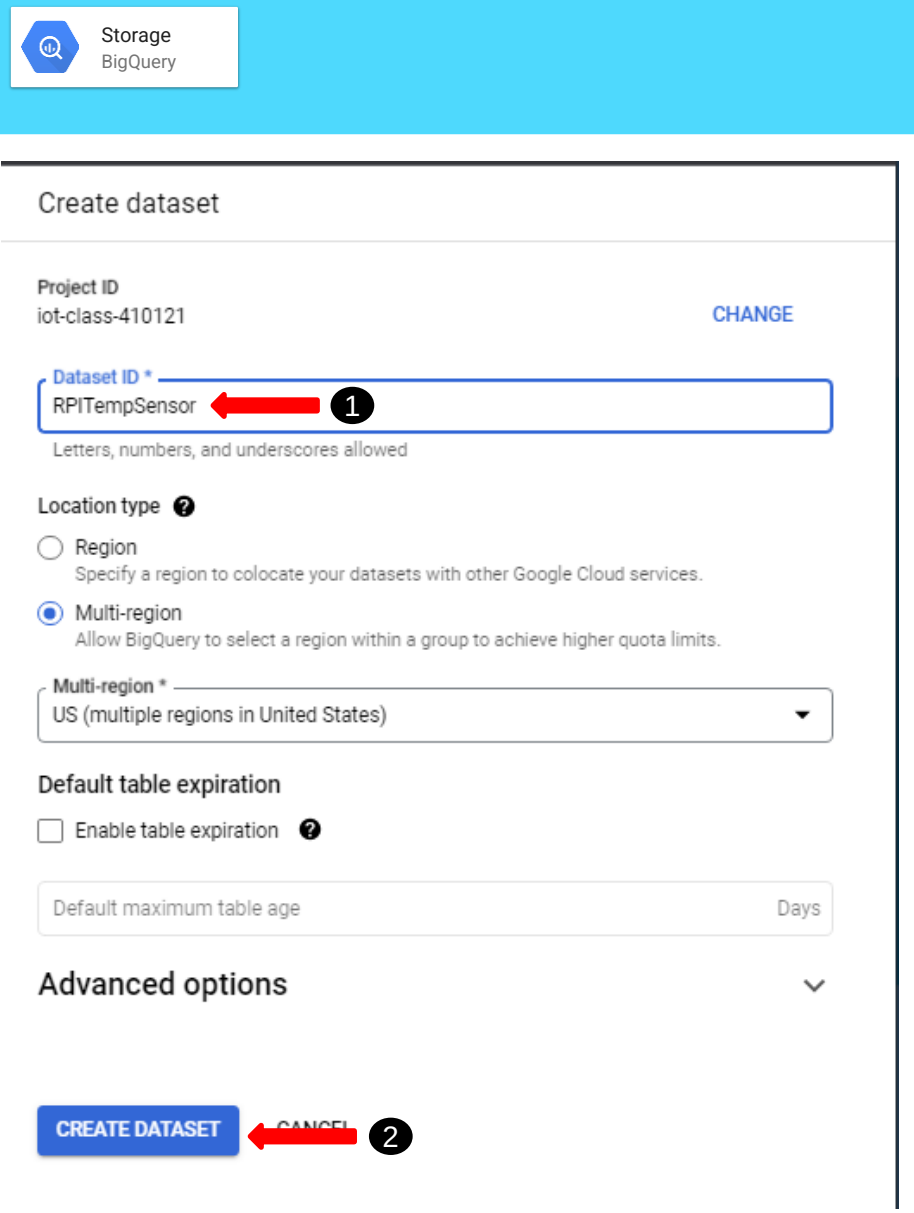
Google BigQuery

IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 6: BIGQUERY TABLE

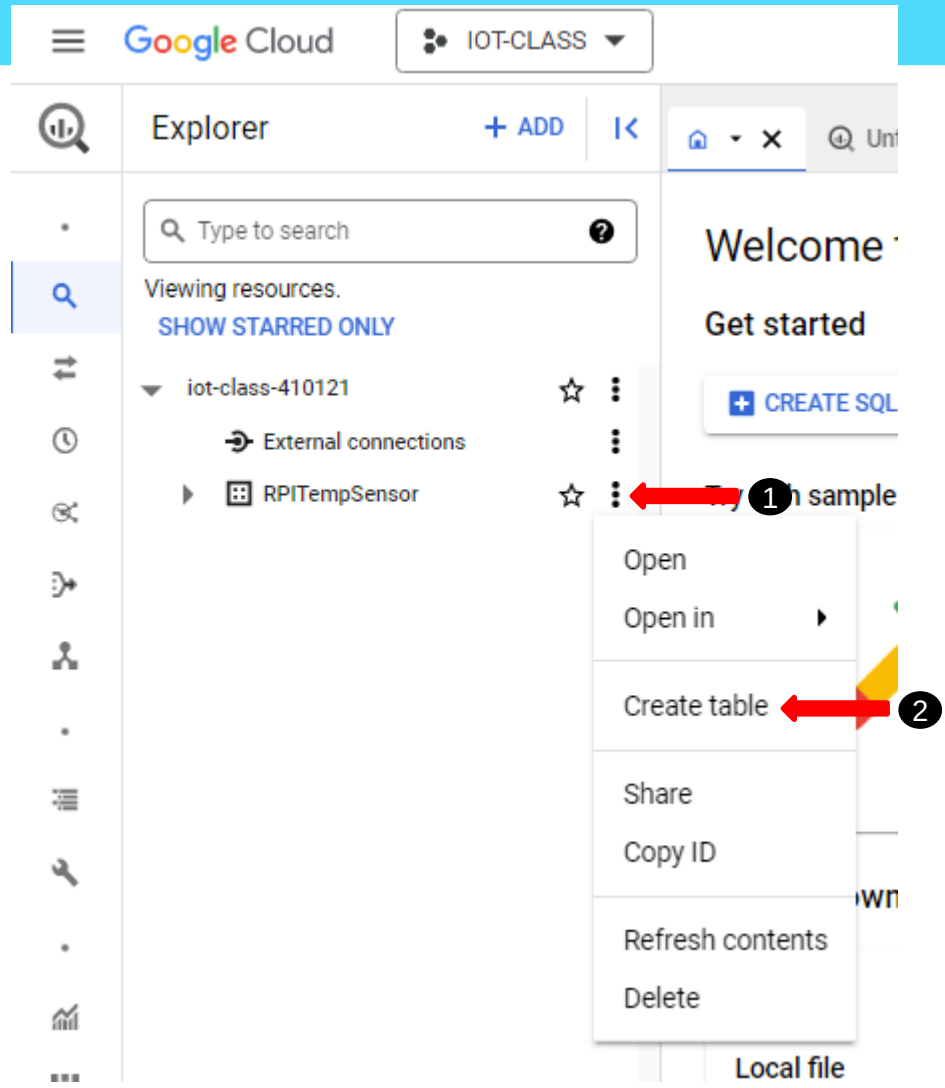
Type ‘RPITempSensor’ in the Dataset ID field and click the CREATE DATASET button at the bottom



Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 6: BIGQUERY TABLE

You'll see the new data set appear at the bottom of your BQ Explorer window – click the 3 dots to the right of the dataset name and select 'Create table'



IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Storage
BigQuery

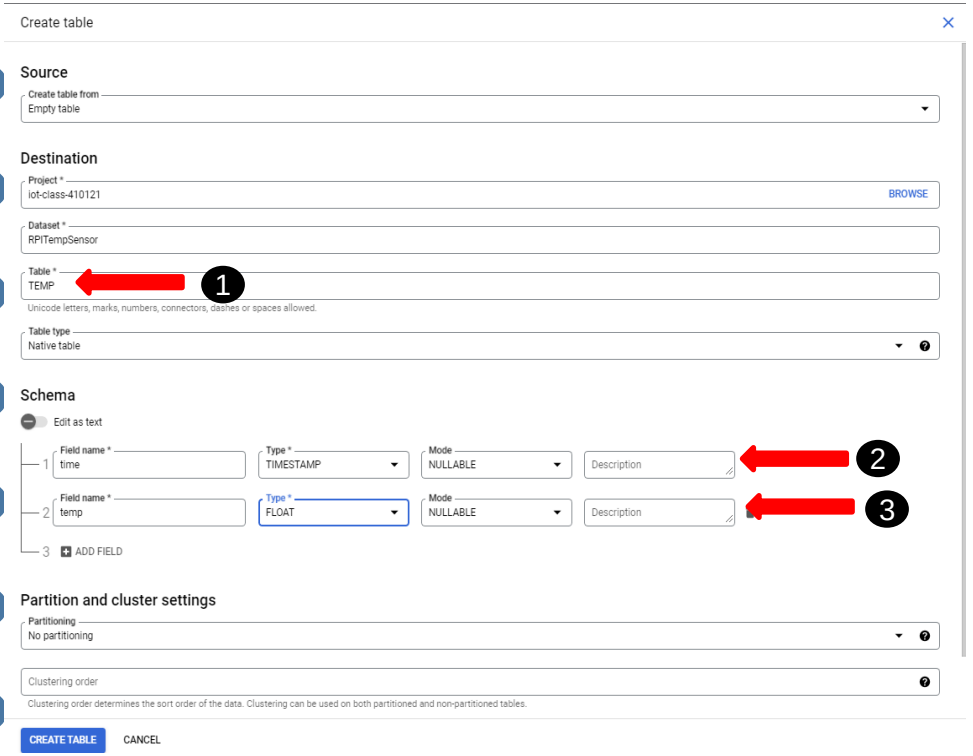
STEP 6: BIGQUERY TABLE

In the ‘Create table’ window, set the Table name to TEMP and then click the plus sign under the Schema section to add fields. Add the following fields:

time – TIMESTAMP

temp – FLOAT

Then click the CREATE TABLE button at the bottom

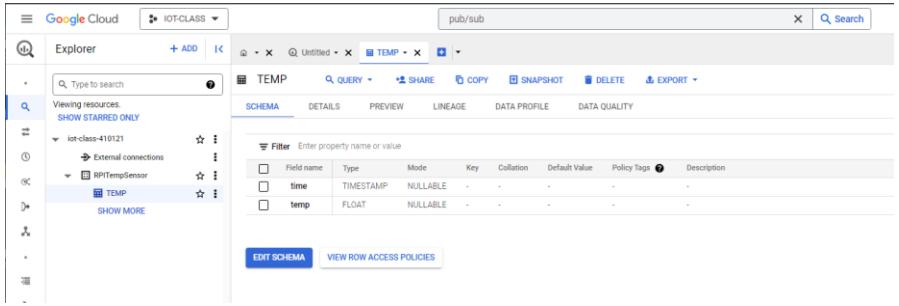


Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Storage
BigQuery

STEP 6: BIGQUERY TABLE

You should now see the new table at the bottom of your BQ Explorer window.



CHECKPOINT

Everyone has a new BigQuery dataset and table created

IoT | RPI | GCP

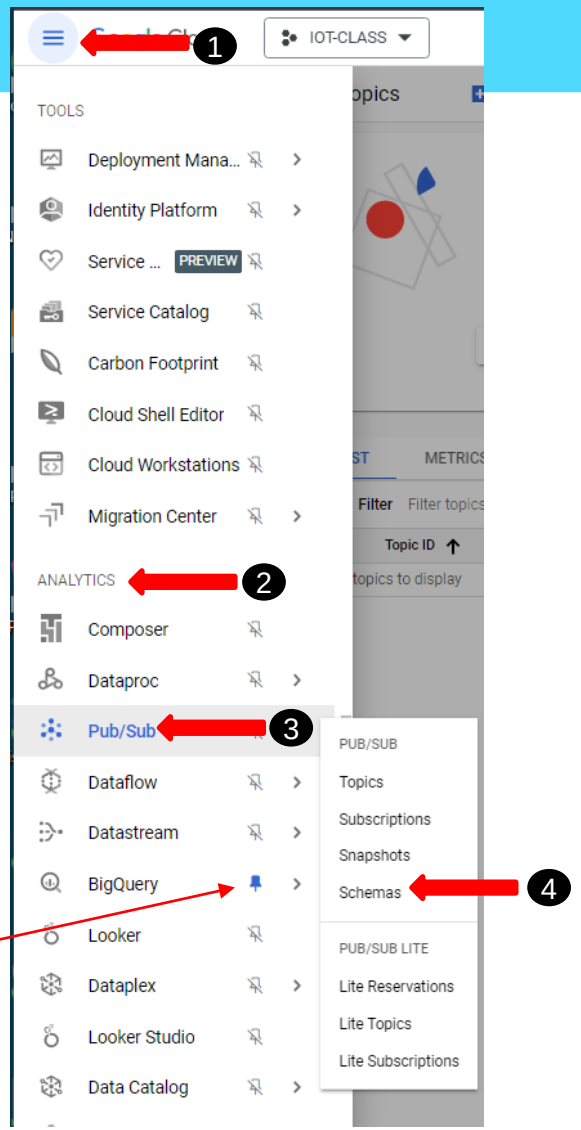
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

From the navigation menu on the left-hand side, expand the ‘More Products’ section and scroll down to ‘ANALYTICS’ and then select Pub/Sub | Schemas as shown (or you can just type pub/sub in the top search menu and select the Pub/Sub product)

***TIP**: Click the icon next to a service name in the nav menu to keep it ‘pinned’ to the top of the menu*

Cloud Pub/Sub



IoT RPI GCP

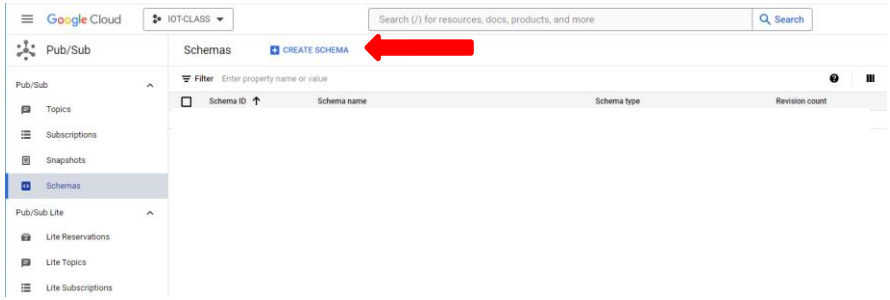
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Cloud Pub/Sub

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

On the ‘Schemas’ page, click the

CREATE SCHEMA button

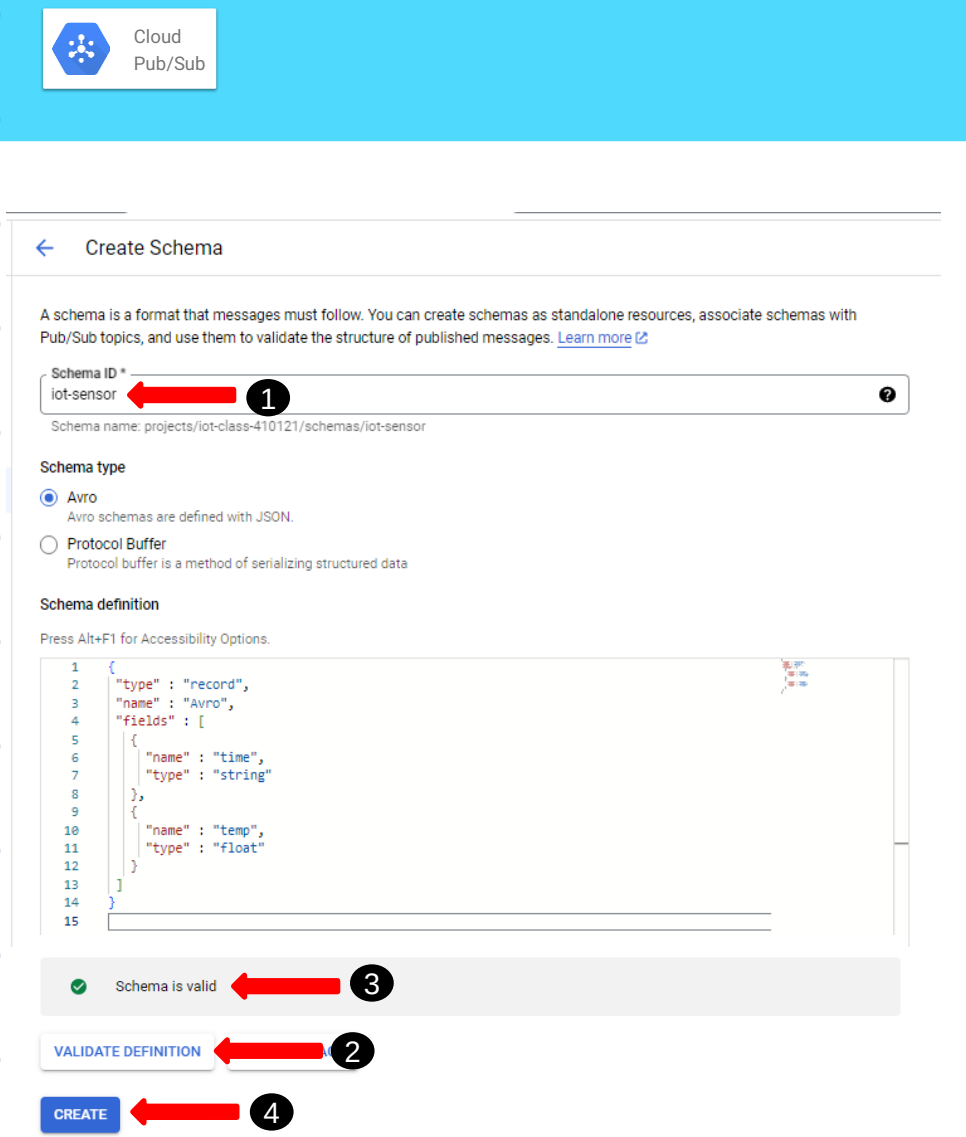


IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

1. Type ‘iot-sensor’ in the Schema ID field
2. Click the VALIDATE DEFINITION button at the bottom left
3. Make sure you see Schema is valid
4. Click CREATE



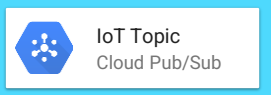
IoT | RPI | GCP

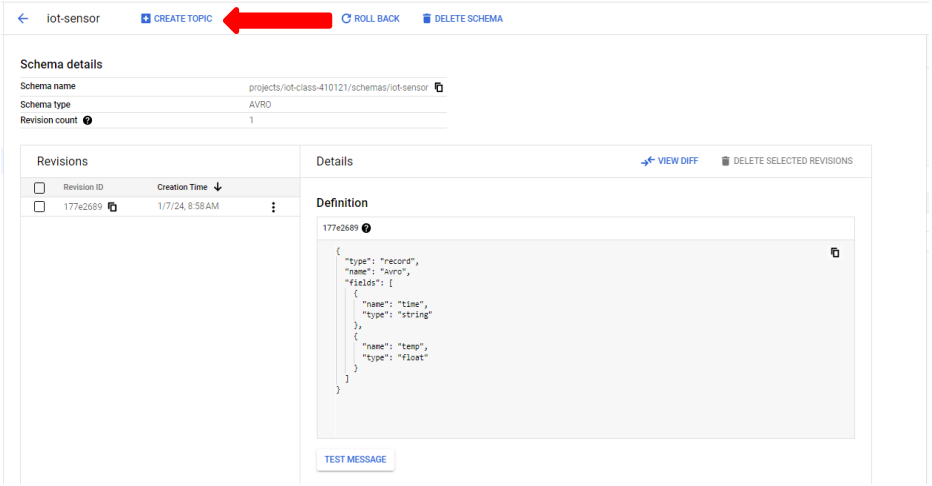
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

On the next screen (Schema details)

click the + CREATE TOPIC button



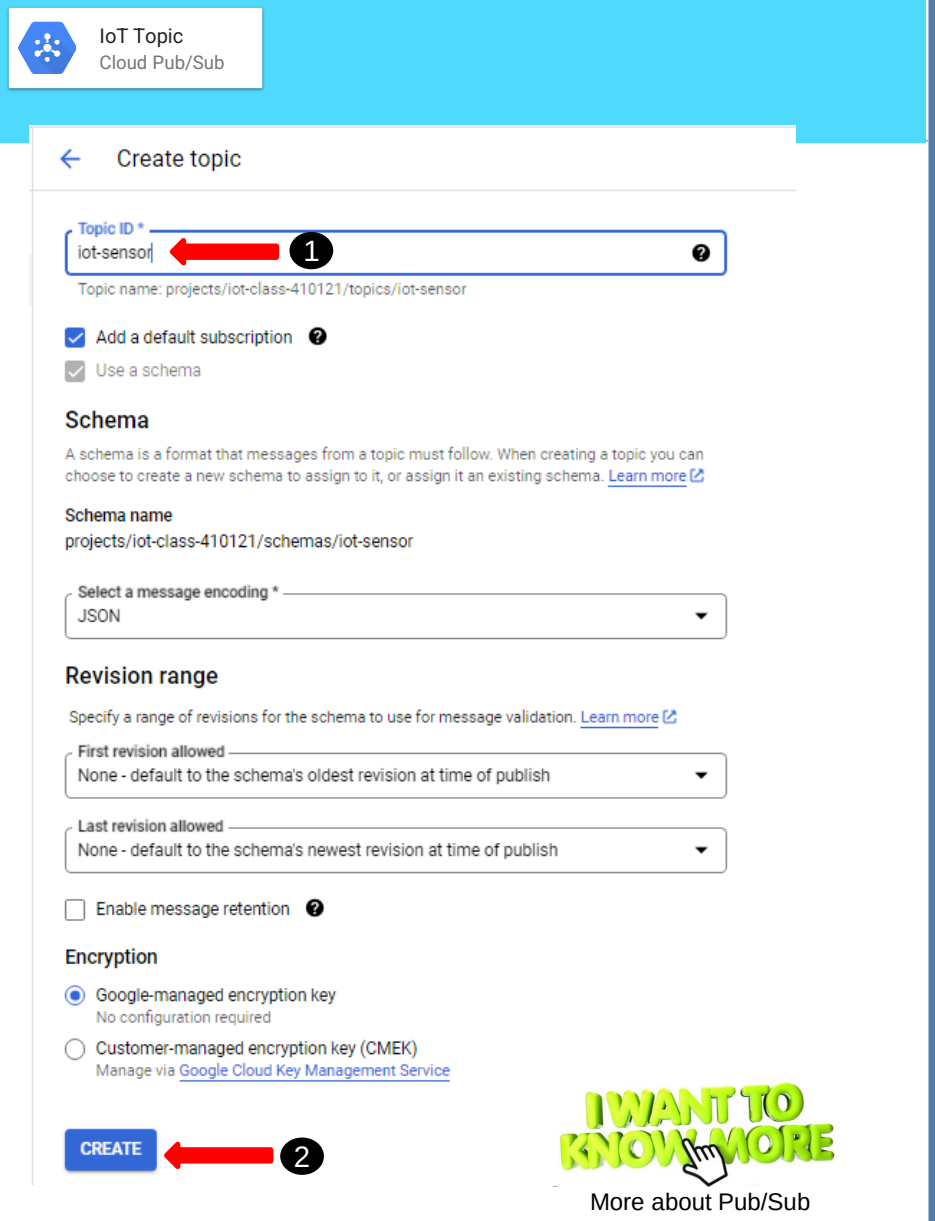


Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

We'll now create a new Pub/Sub Topic which will be used to collect the telemetry data coming in from the temp sensors.

Type 'iot-sensor' for the Topic ID and then click the CREATE button at the bottom of the screen



More about Pub/Sub

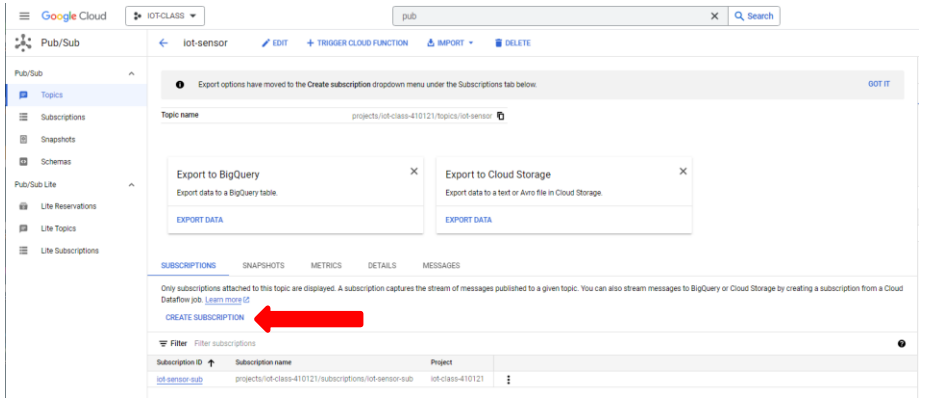
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

IoT Topic
Cloud Pub/Sub

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

You will now see the details screen for the newly created iot-sensor Topic.

Click the CREATE SUBSCRIPTION link.



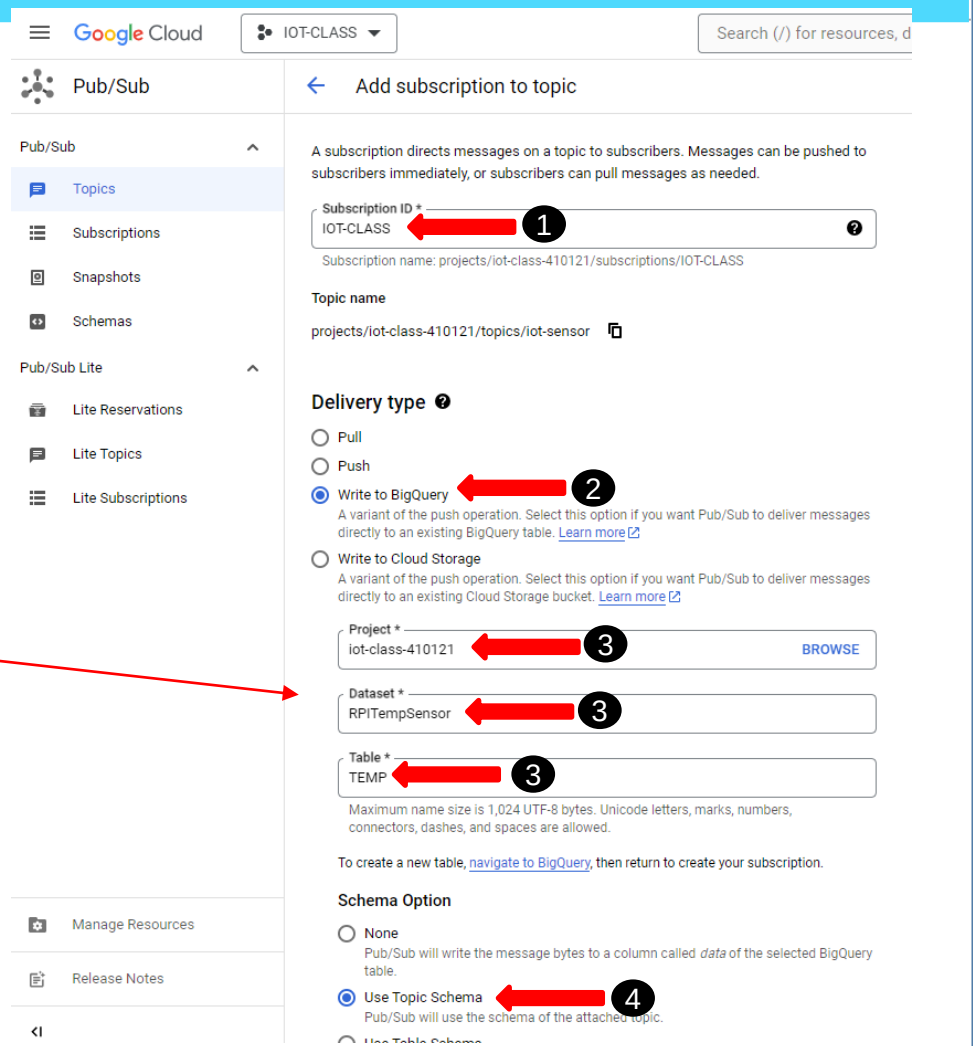
IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

We'll now create a Pub/Sub 'subscription' to enable real-time ingestion of the IoT temp sensor data into the BigQuery database.

1. Type 'IOT-CLASS' for the Subscription ID
2. Select 'Write to BigQuery' for the Delivery type
3. Select the Project, Dataset, and Table as shown
4. Select the 'Use Topic Schema' choice for Schema Option
5. Scroll to the bottom of the page and click the CREATE button (not shown in screenshot)



IoT RPI GCP

Raspberry Pi Code

1. In the Thonny IDE, open the file named

   `/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/sensor_cloud.py`

2. Read through the code and ask questions

3. Edit the values of the

   `GOOGLE_APPLICATION_CREDENTIALS` & `project_id`

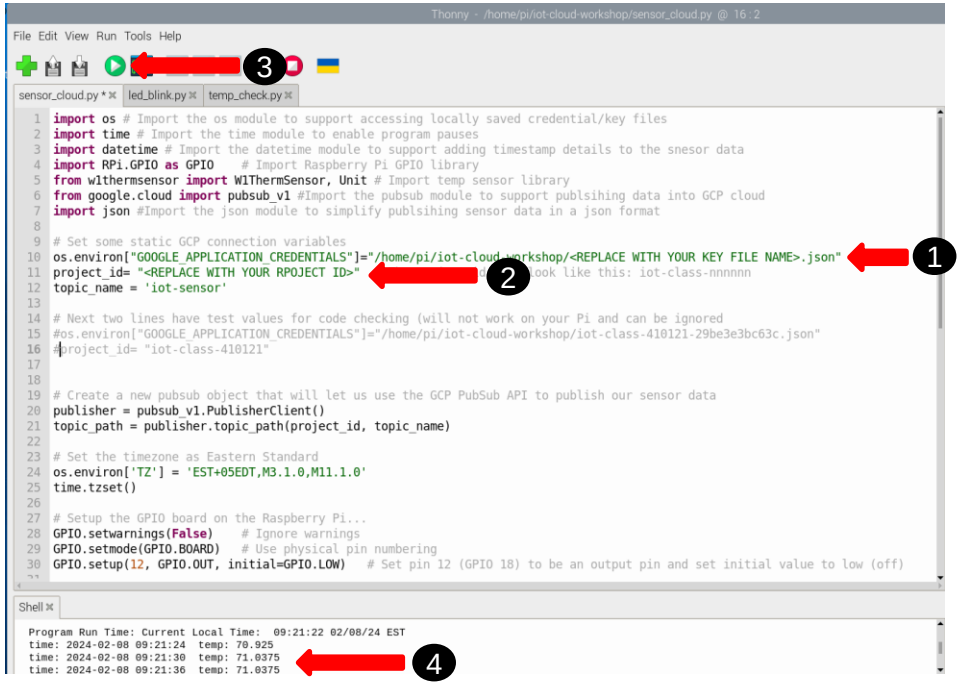
   variables to match your environment

4. Click the ▶ button and check to see if temp

   readings print to the screen

5. Press CTRL+C to stop the program

Raspberry Pi®

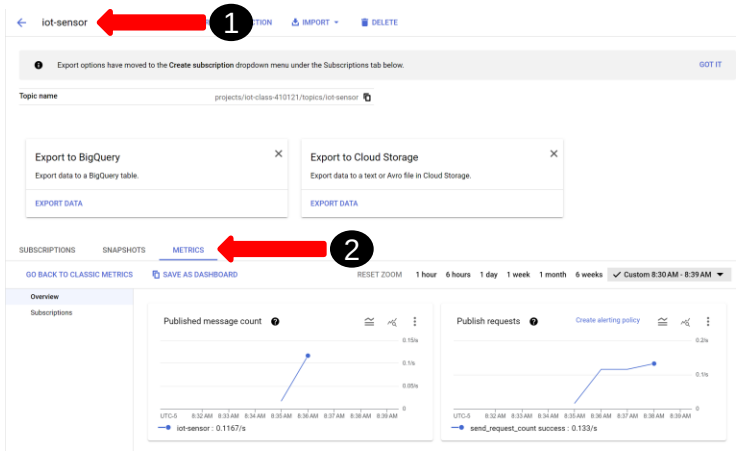


IoT RPI GCP

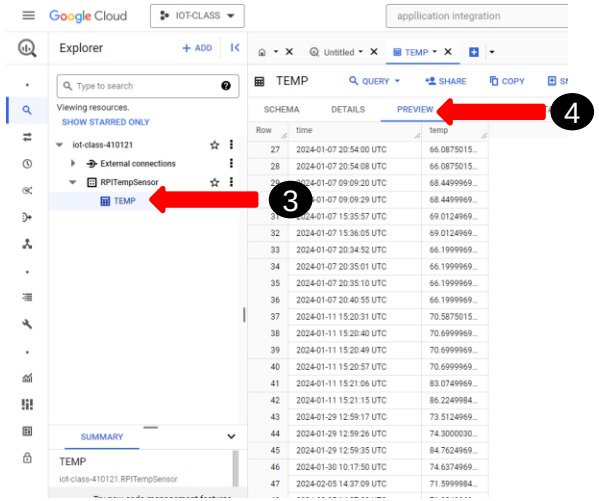
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 7: CREATE PUB/SUB TOPIC

1. Open your iot-sensor Pub/Sub topic and click the METRICS tab to ensure messages are being published to the topic



2. Open BigQuery Studio and verify that data is being collected in your TEMP table via the subscription (click the PREVIEW tab)



CHECKPOINT

Everyone has successfully sent temp data from the Raspberry Pi into GCP (Check Pub/Sub Stats & BigQuery table contents)

IoT RPI GCP

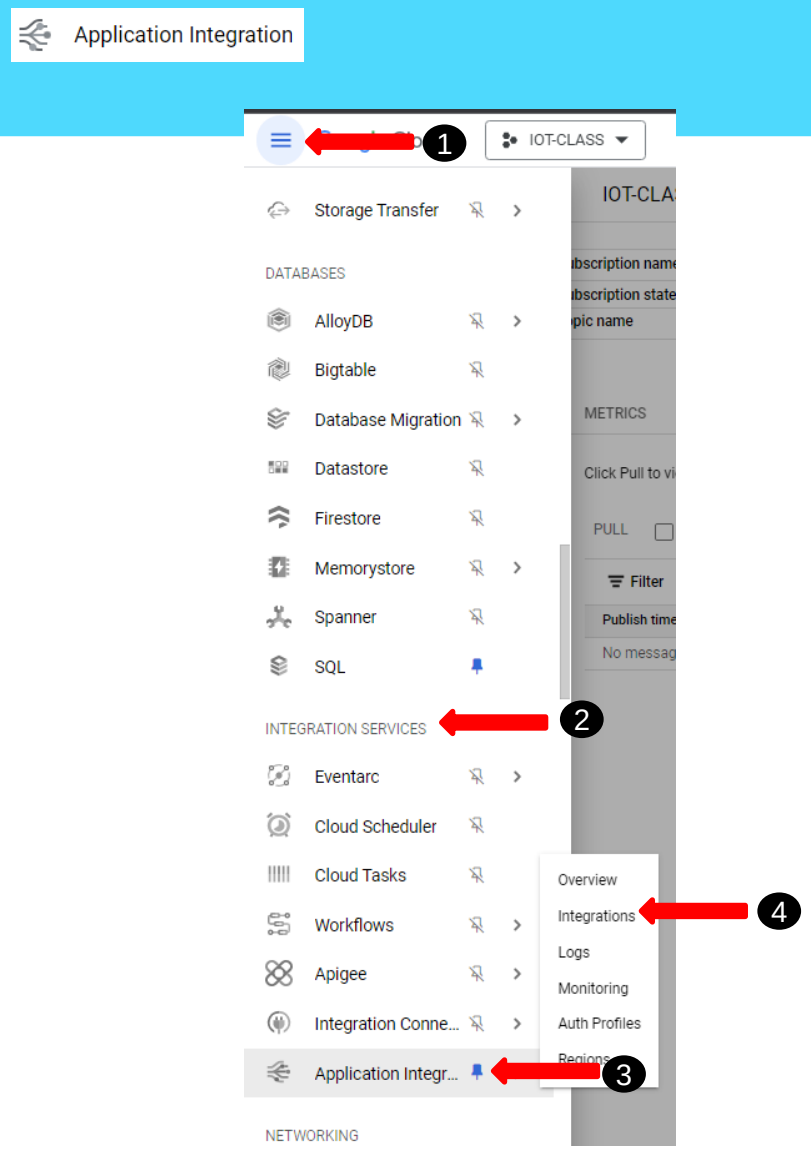
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: Alerting

We will use the GCP Application Integration tool to create an email alert when the temperature from our IoT sensor exceeds a certain value.

From the nav menu, expand ‘MORE PRODUCTS’ at the bottom and scroll down to ‘INTEGRATION SERVICES”.

Select ‘Application Integration’ and then ‘Integrations’.

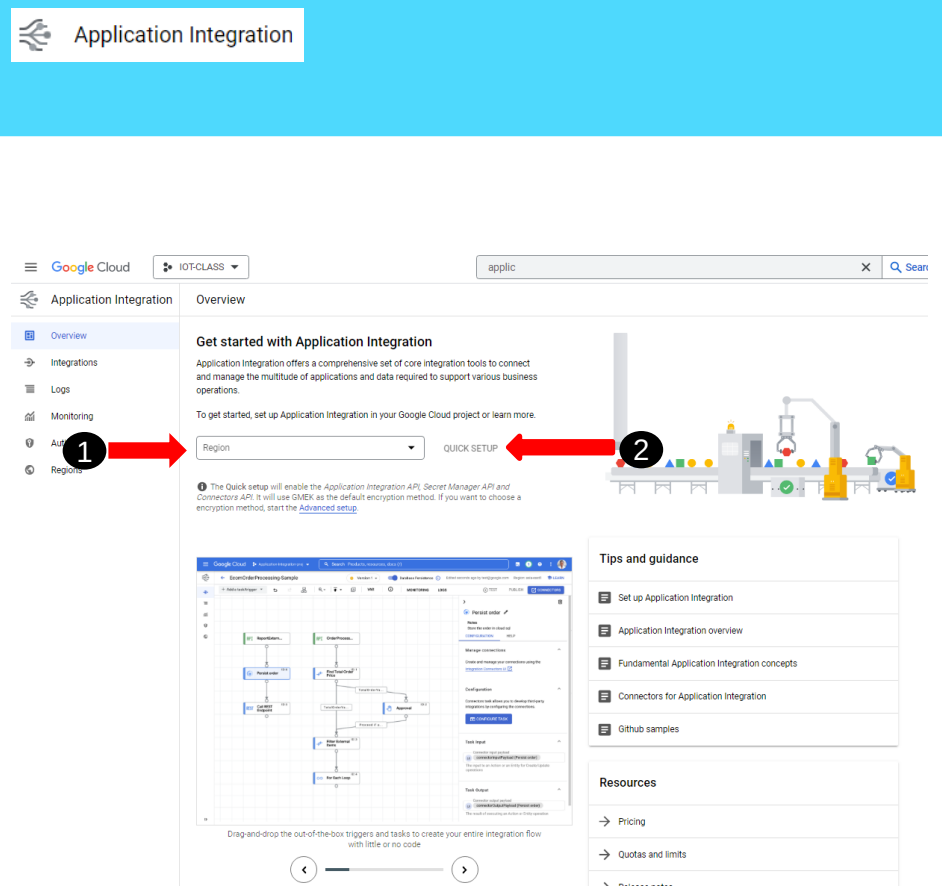


IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

You will see the App Integrations overview page. Select the ‘us-east1’ region from the pick-list and then click the ‘QUICK SETUP’ link.



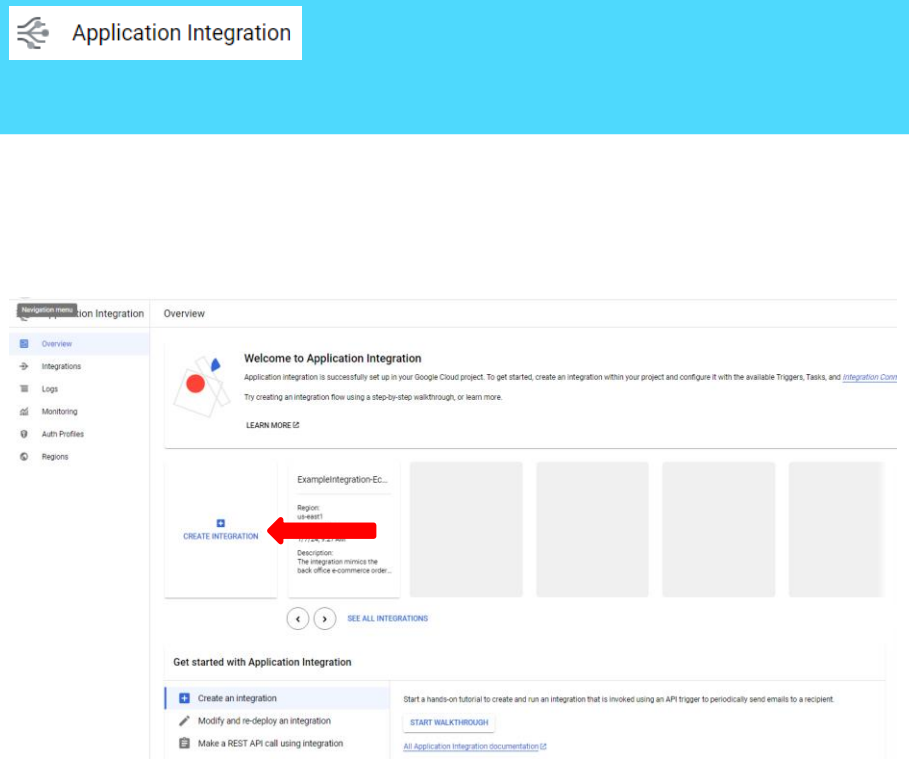
IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

It will take a few moments while the App Integration service gets deployed and then you will see this screen.

Click the + CREATE INTEGRATION button

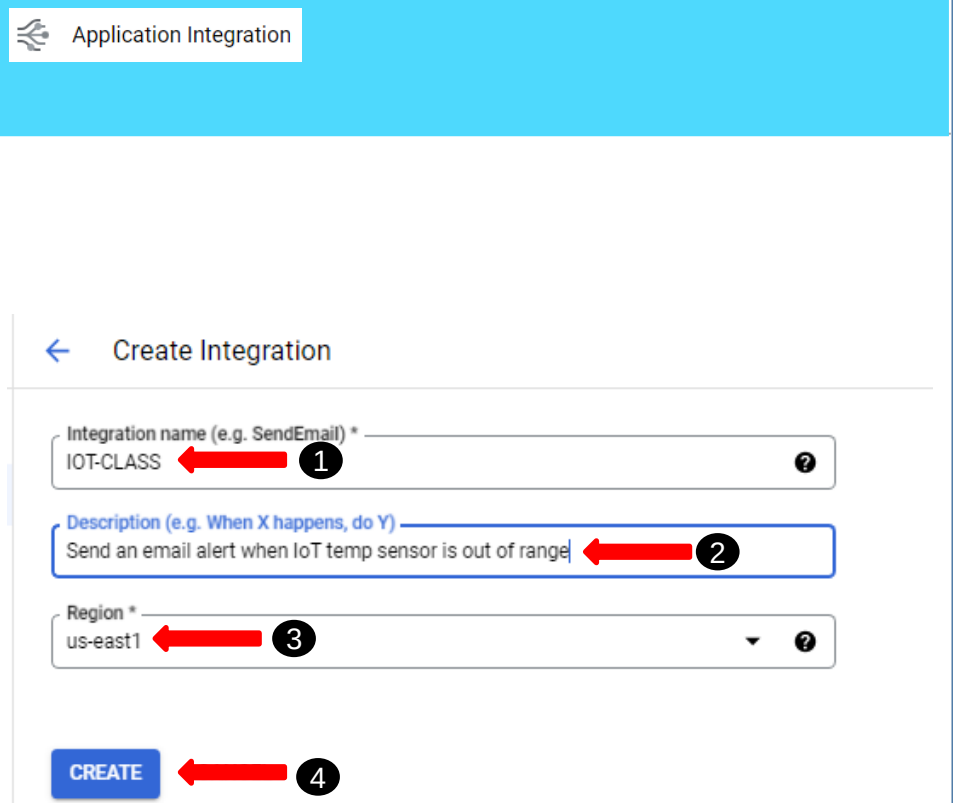


IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Type ‘IOT-CLASS’ for the Integration name
2. Enter a description like the one in the screen shot
3. Ensure that the Region is set to ‘us-east1’
4. Click the CREATE button

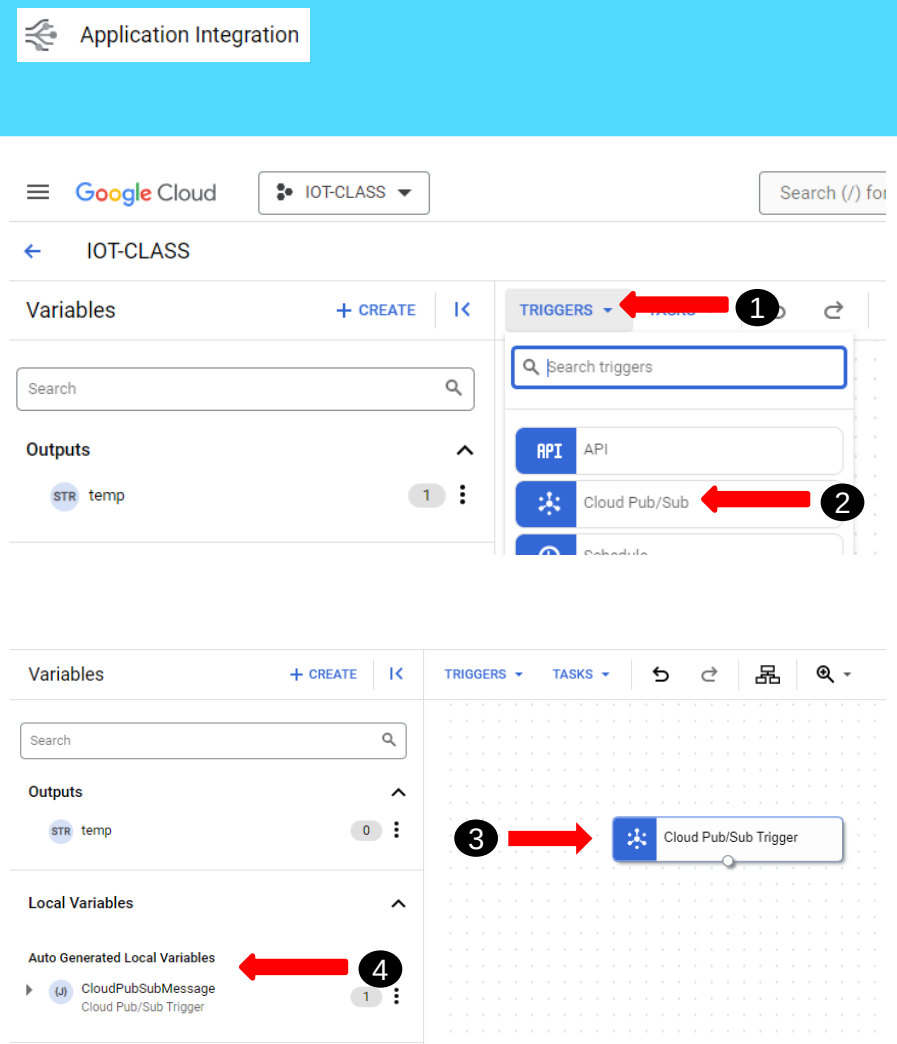


Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Select the TRIGGERS pick-list and choose Cloud Pub/Sub

2. Drag and drop the Cloud Pub/Sub Trigger trigger widget onto the App Integration workflow editor screen. You will see new Auto-Generated Local Variables appear in the left-hand pane



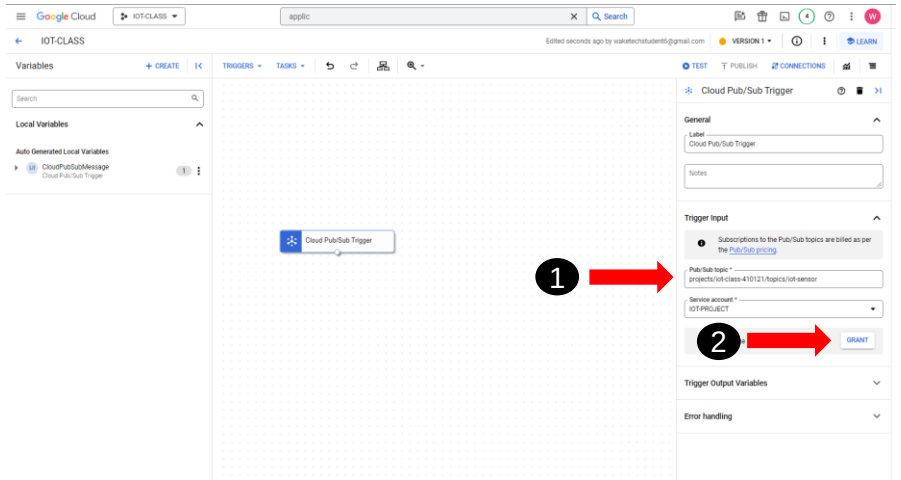
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Application Integration

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. In the right-hand details pane, type the Pub/Sub topic name that you created in a prior step into the Trigger input field. *(It will look something like* `projects/iot-class-410121/topics/iot-sensor` *you can open another browser tab and bring up the pub/sub topic details screen easily copy the name value)*

2. Select the 'IOT-PROJECT' service account and click the GRANT button to assign the relevant IAM role.

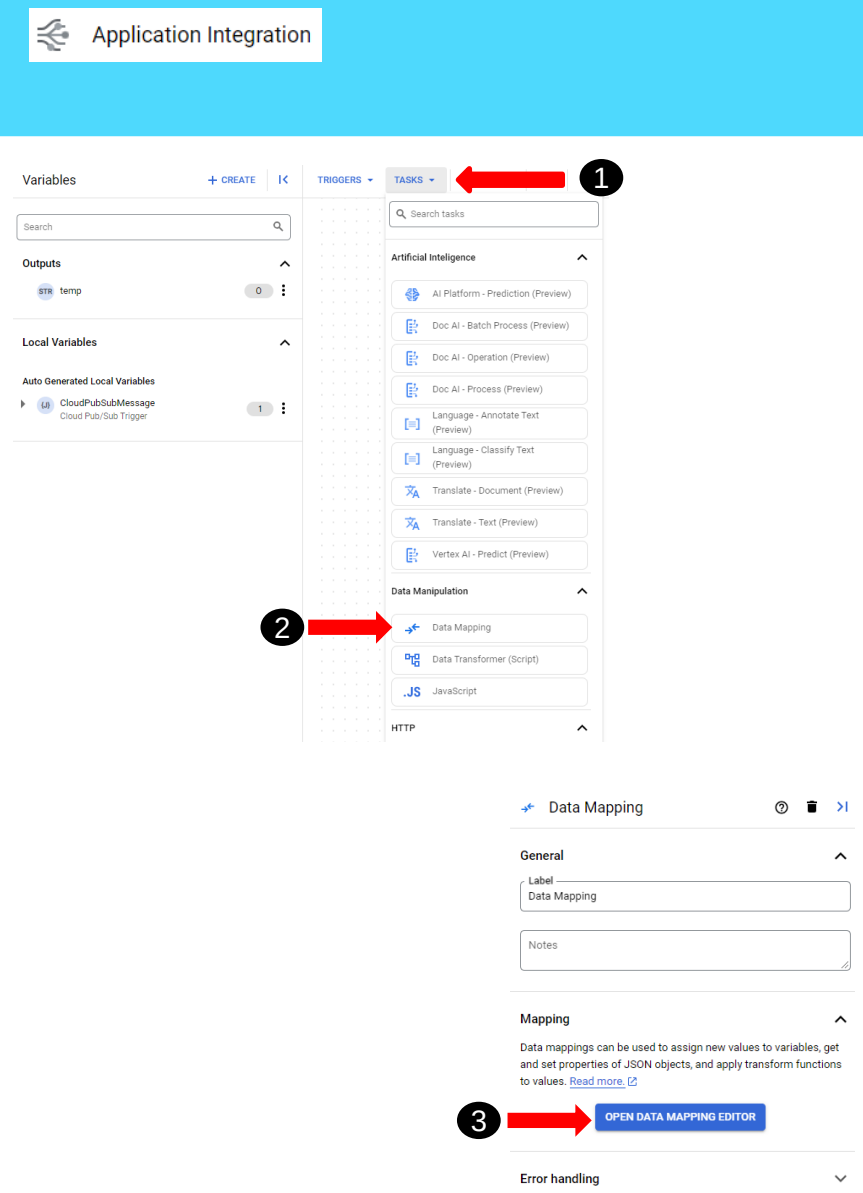


IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Select the TASKS pick-list, scroll to the ‘Data Manipulation’ section and choose Data Mapping
2. Drop the Data Mapping ID: 1 widget onto the App Integration editor screen.
3. The Data Mapping details pane will appear on the right - Click on the OPEN DATA MAPPING EDITOR button

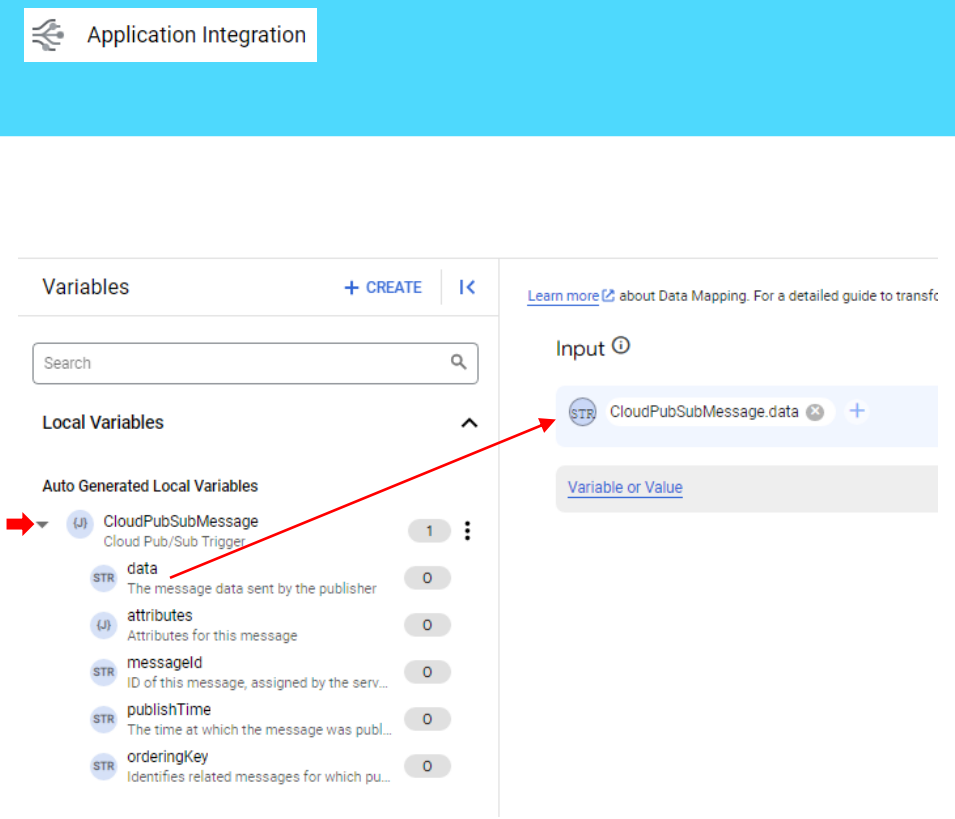


IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. In the left panel under ‘Local Variables’ click the down-arrow to expand the CloudPubSubMessage variable and then click and drag the ‘data’ variable into the ‘Input’ section of the Data Mapping Task Editor

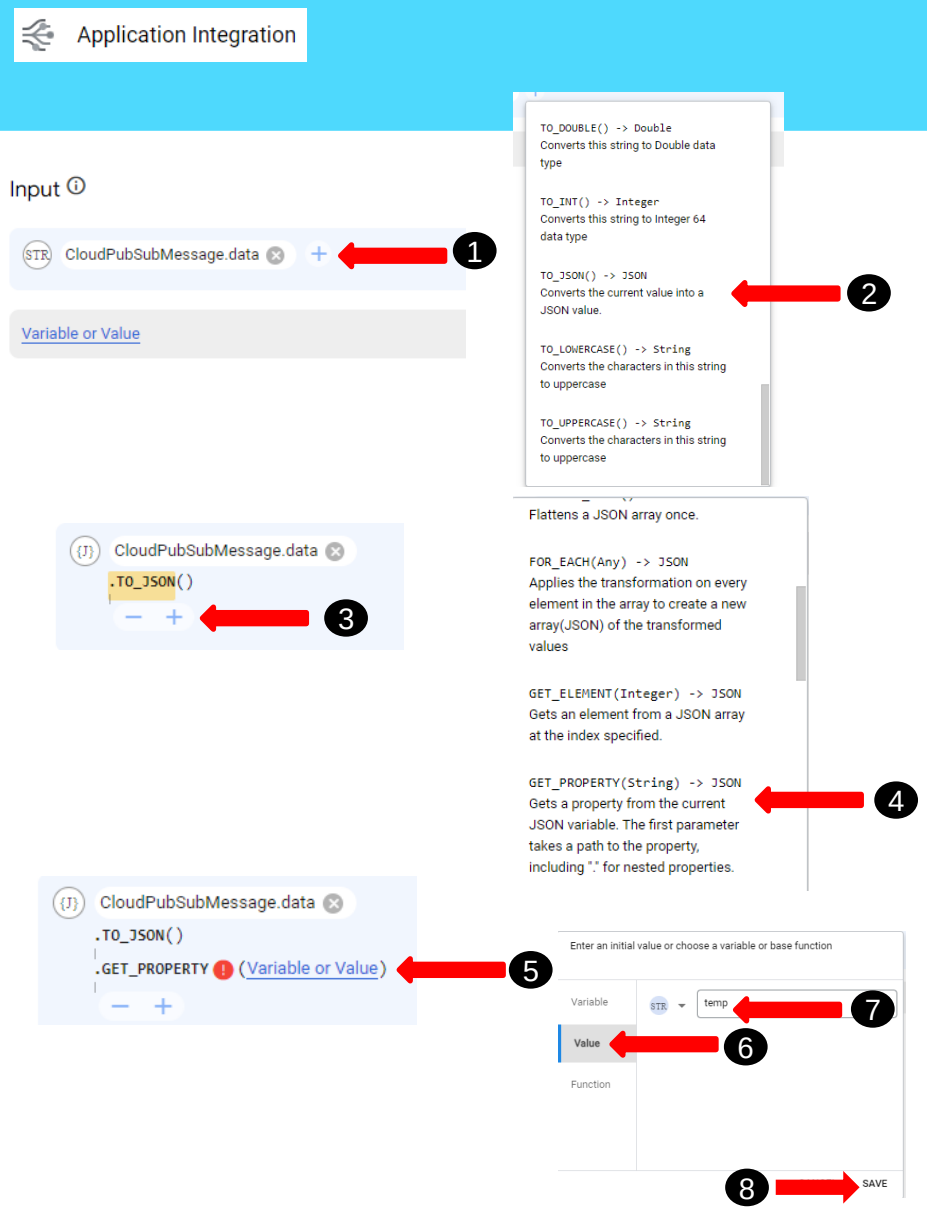


IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

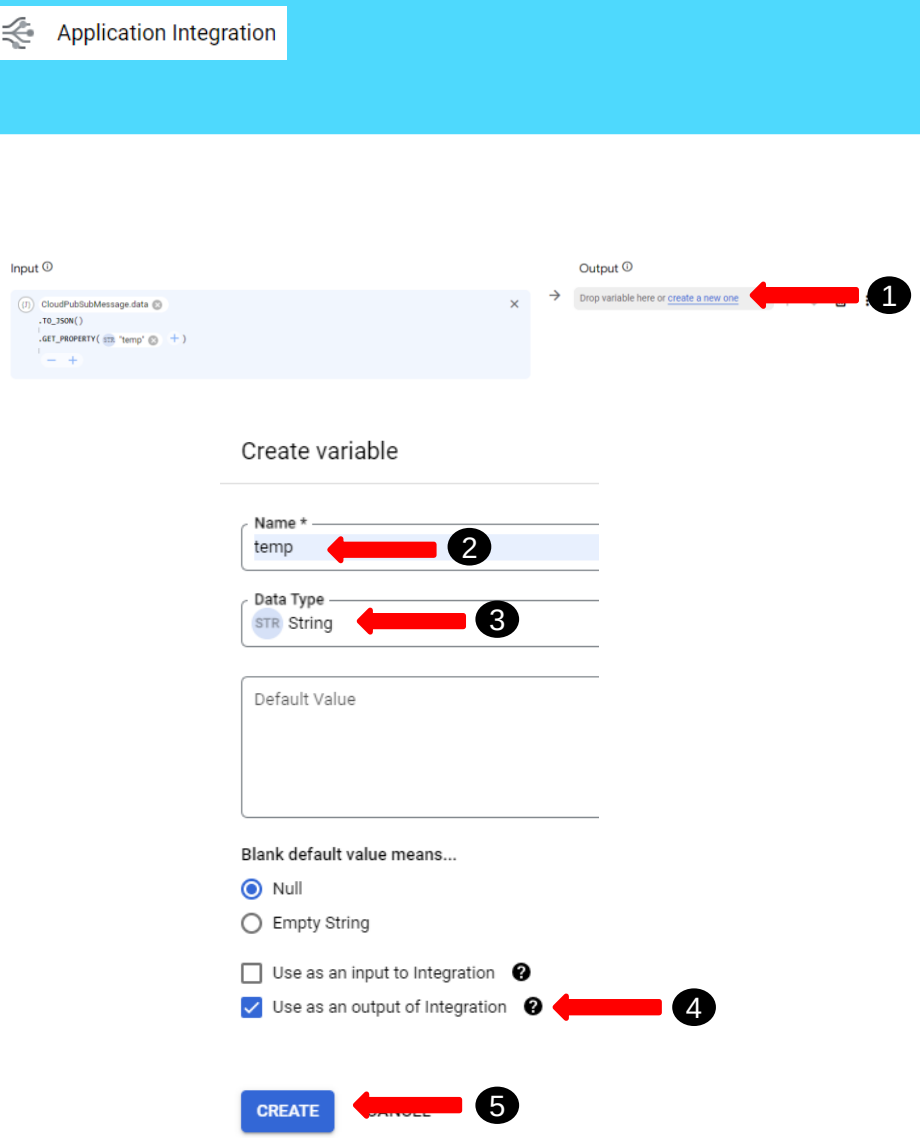
1. Click the + button to the right of the CloudPubSubMessage.data variable to add a function.
2. Scroll down and choose the ".TO_JSON" function.
3. Click the + button again to add another function and choose ".GET_PROPERTY(string)".
4. Click the "(Variable or Value) link and select 'Value' in the left column. Name the value 'temp' and click 'Save'



Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Click on the ‘create a new one’ link under the Output section of the data mapping editor
2. In the ‘Create variable’ window that opens, name it ‘temp’, set the Data Type to ‘String’, and check the ‘Use as an ouput of integration’ box
3. Click the CREATE button

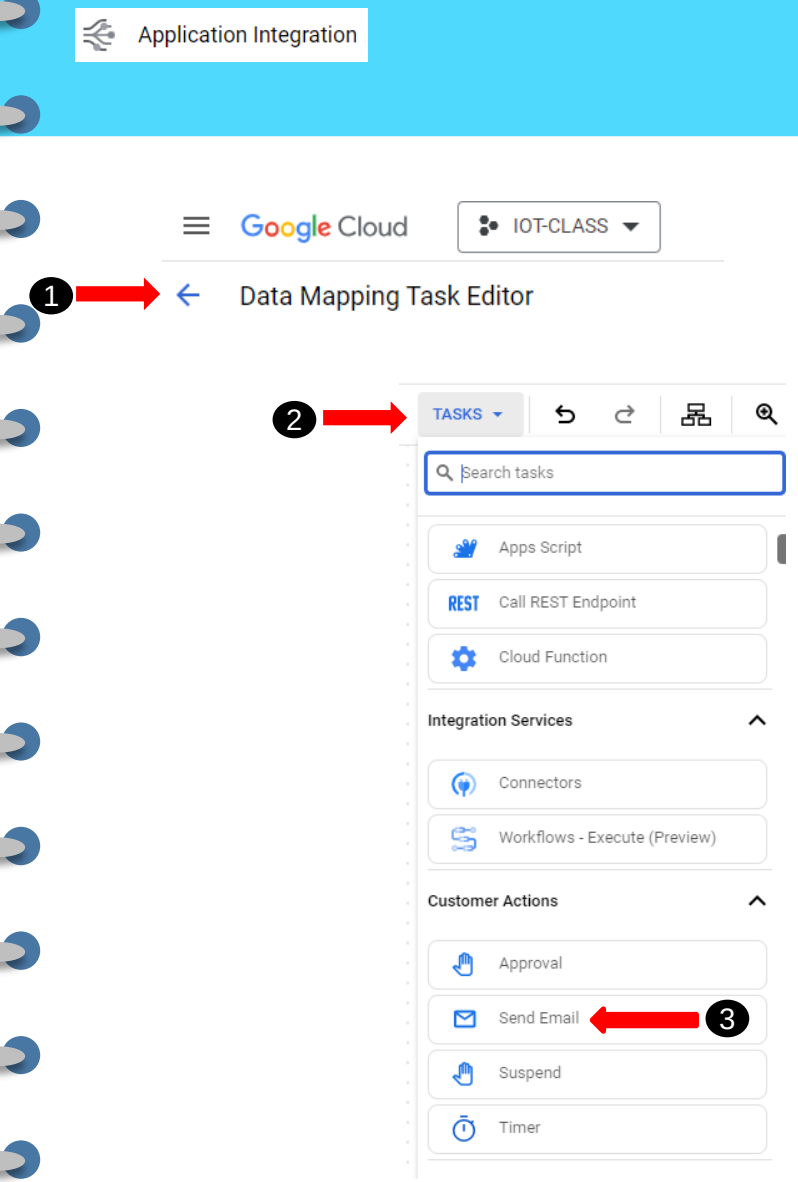


IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Click the left-pointing arrow in the upper left of the screen to exit the Data Mapping Task Editor back to the main Application Integration Workflow Editor screen
2. Click the TASKS widget once more, scroll down to the ‘Customer Actions’ section and select the Send Email task and drop it into the workflow.

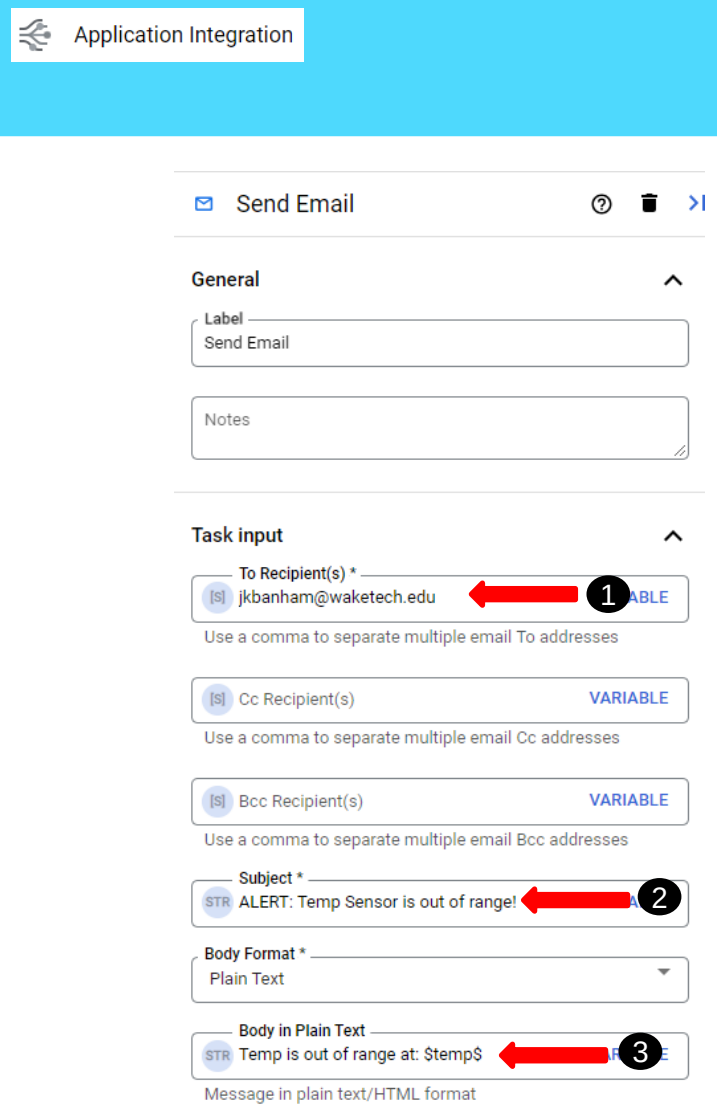


Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. In the Send Email detail panel that appears on the right – complete the fields as shown in the screenshot. Note the following:

- Use your own email address as the recipient
- Be sure to include the variable name in the Body variable enclosed in dollar sign characters: `$temp$`



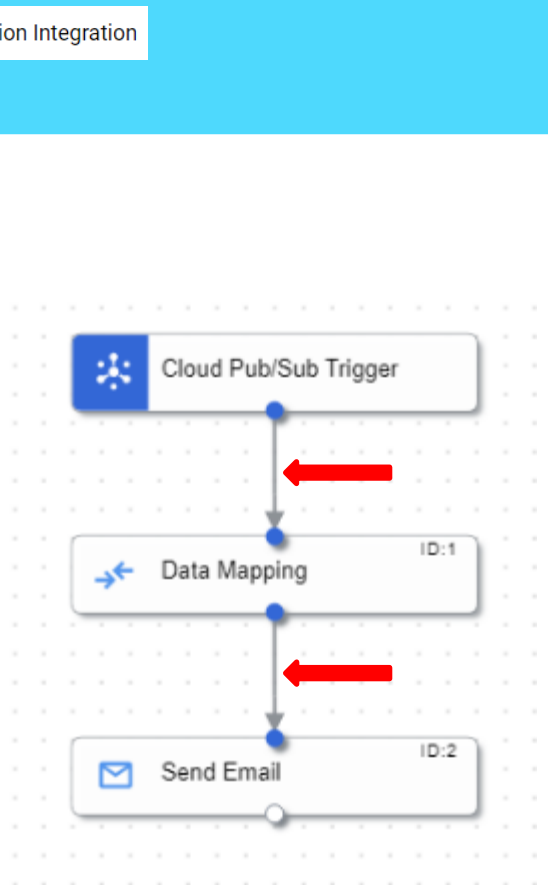
IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

Now link the tasks to build the workflow by clicking on the circle at the bottom of the Cloud Pub/Sub Trigger task and drag the connector down to the Data Mapping Task. Do the same thing to connect the Data Mapping task to the Send Email task.

These arrows are referred to as 'Edge Connectors' between the workflow elements



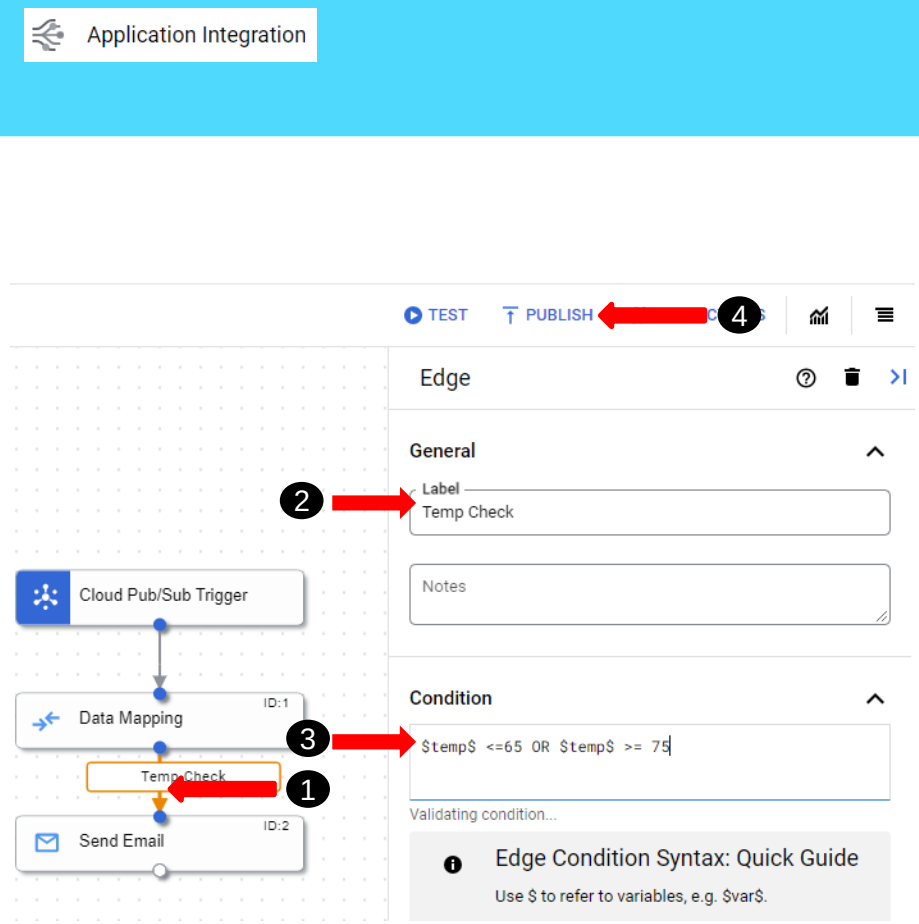
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 8: ALERTING

1. Click on the Edge connector line between the Data Mapping and Send Email widgets and its properties pane will appear on the right
2. Set the Label value to ‘Temp Check’
3. Set the Condition value to:

```
$temp$ <= 65 OR $temp$ >= 75
```

4. Click the PUBLISH button to activate the workflow.



IoT RPI GCP

Raspberry Pi Code

1. In the Thonny IDE, if it's not already open, open the file named

   `/home/pi/iot-cloud-workshop/sensor_cloud.py`

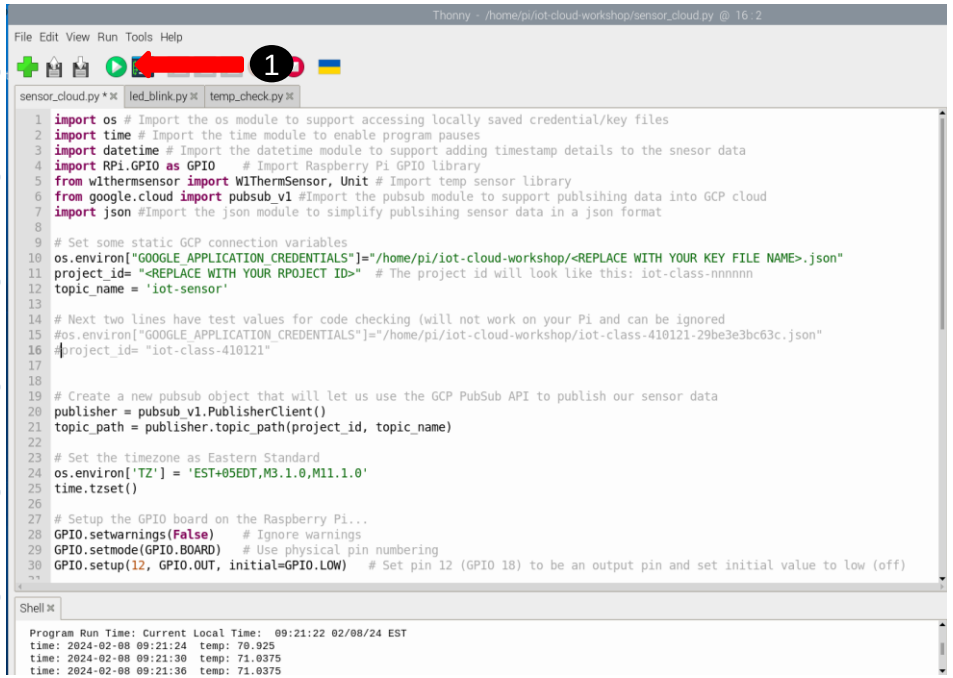
2. Click the ▶ button

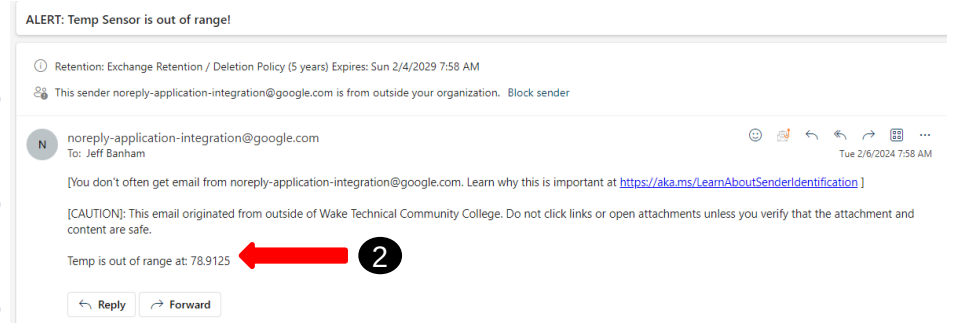
3. Try raising the temp (by holding your fingers on the sensor)

4. Check if you are receiving the email alerts when temp exceeds limit

5. Press CTRL+C to stop the program

Raspberry Pi®





CHECKPOINT

Everyone can successfully generate an email alert when temp exceeds coded limit

IoT | RPI | GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

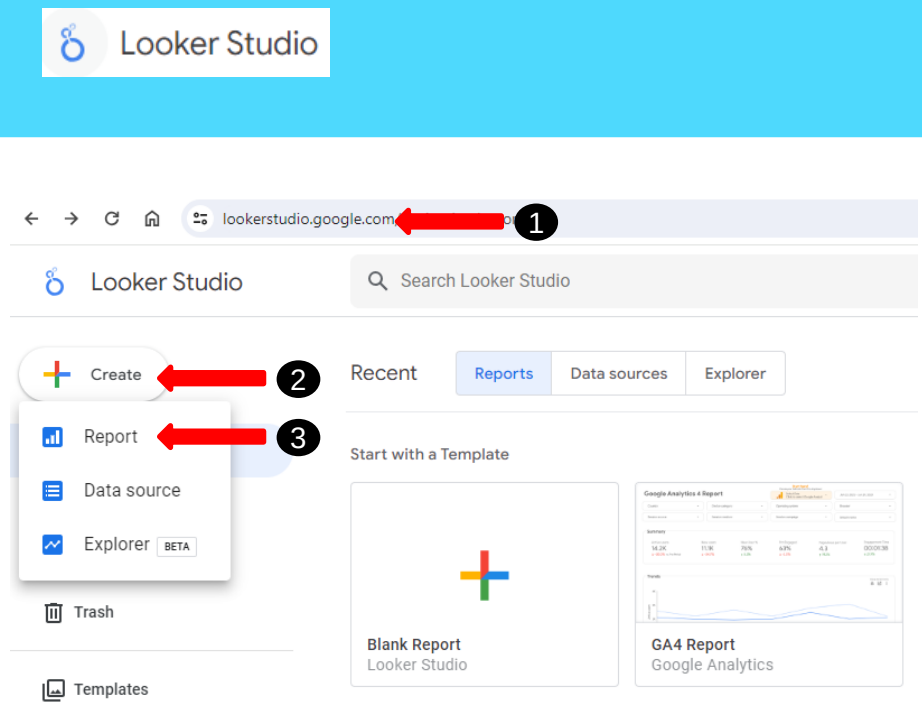
STEP 10: REPORTING

1. In a new browser tab, open

   https://lookerstudio.google.com

2. Click the Create button and

then select Report

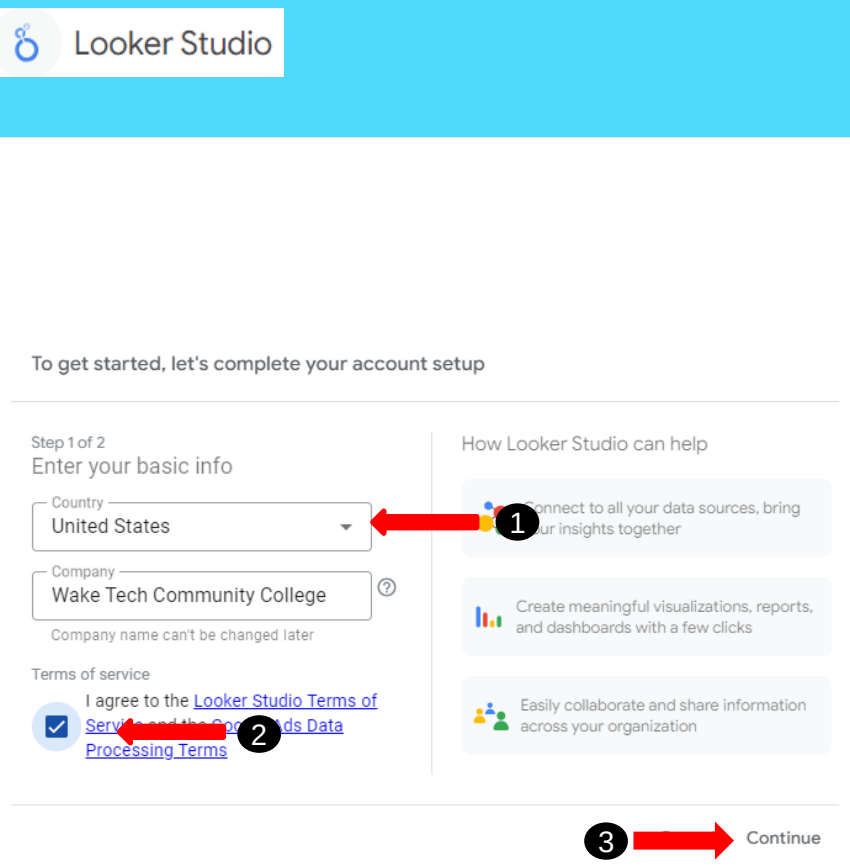


IoT RPI GCP

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

STEP 10: REPORTING

You'll be prompted to complete setting up your Looker Studio account. Fill in the form and agree to the service terms, and click 'Continue' – On the following screen (not shown), answer the 3 questions and click 'Continue' again



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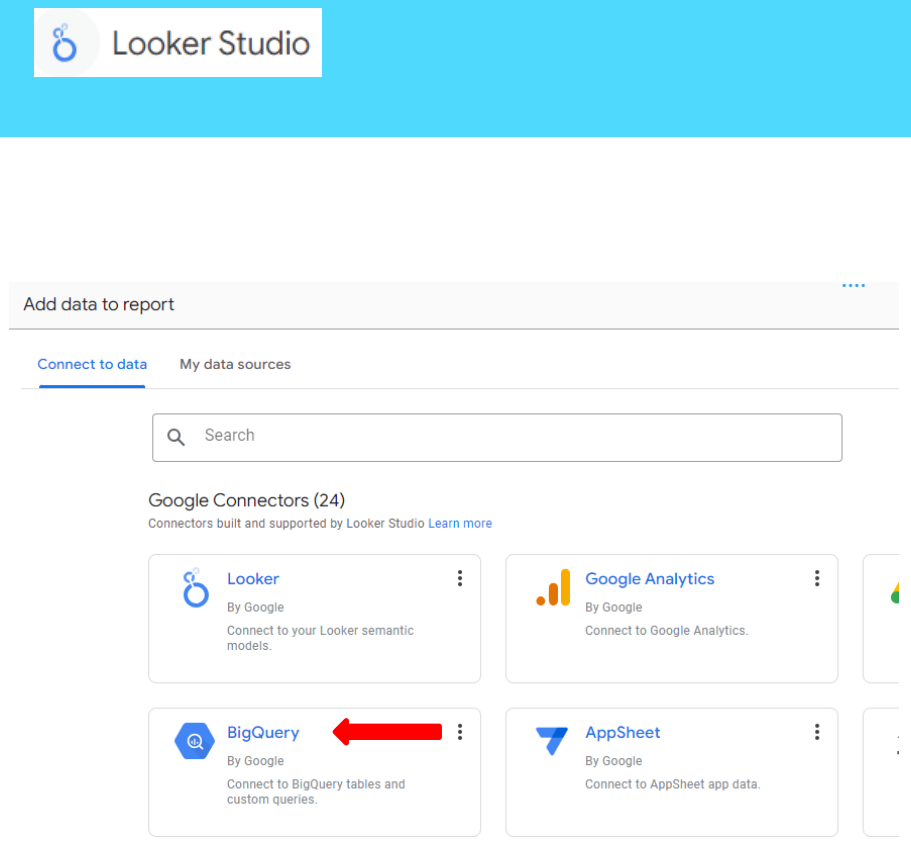
STEP 10: REPORTING

On the ‘Add data to report’ screen,

select the BigQuery connector



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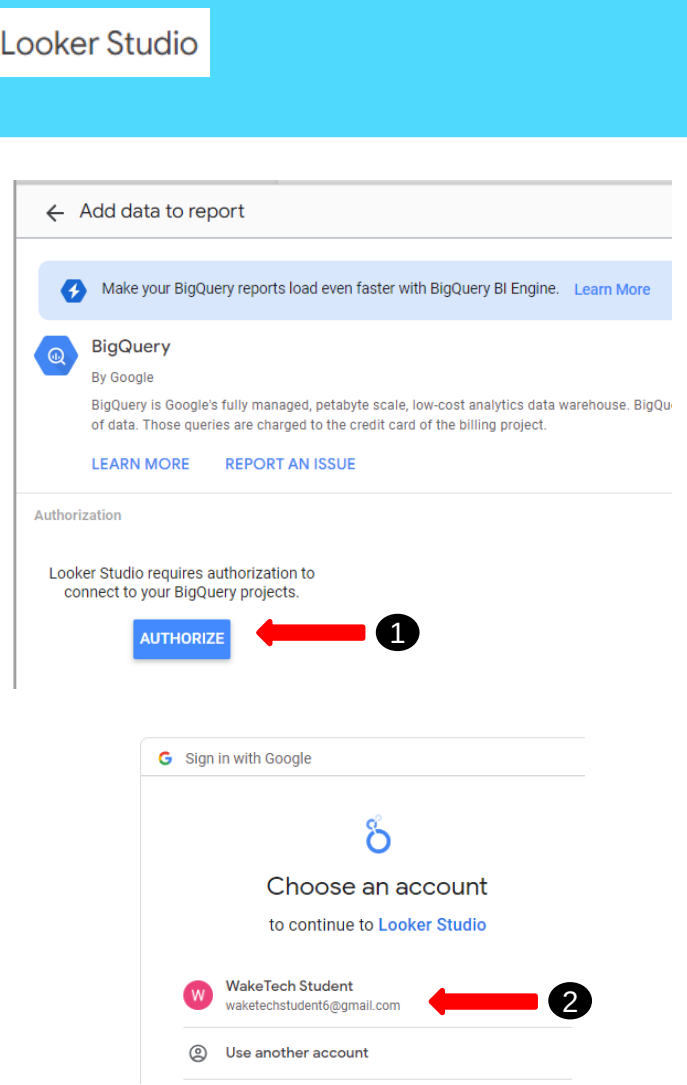
STEP 10: REPORTING

Click the ‘Authorize’ button to allow Looker Studio to connect to BQ and then select your account



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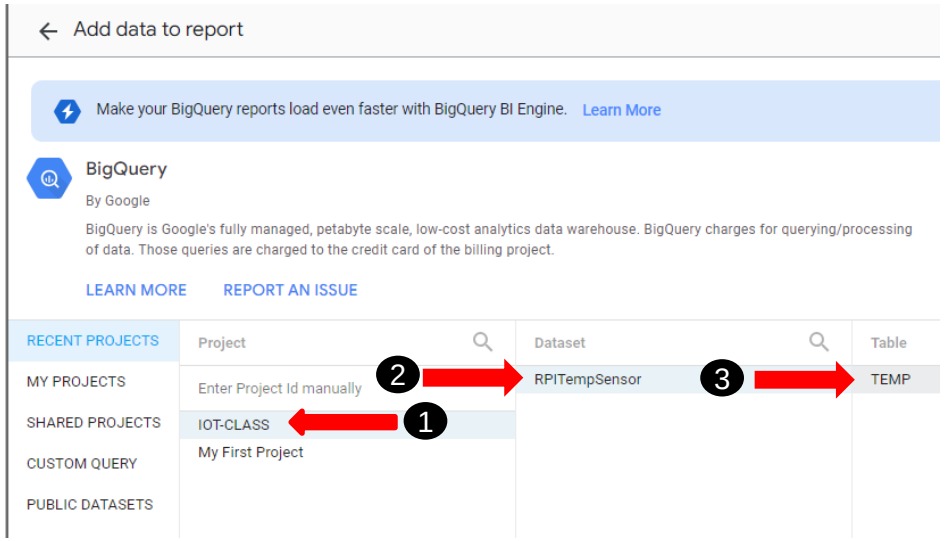
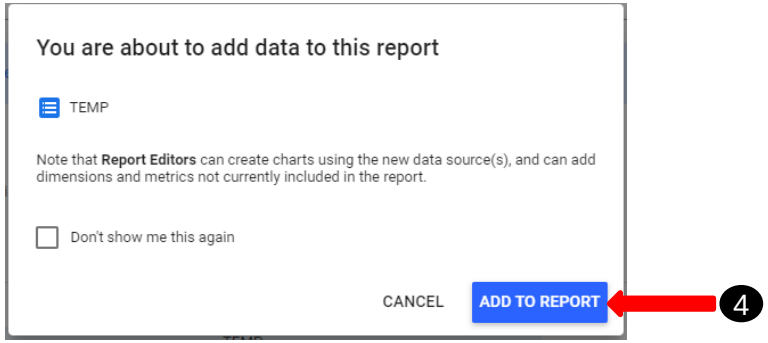
STEP 10: REPORTING

Select your ‘IOT-CLASS’ project, RPITempSensor Dataset, and TEMP table and then click the Add button in the lower right (not shown in screen shot)

On the next screen, click the ADD TO REPORT button

Looker Studio





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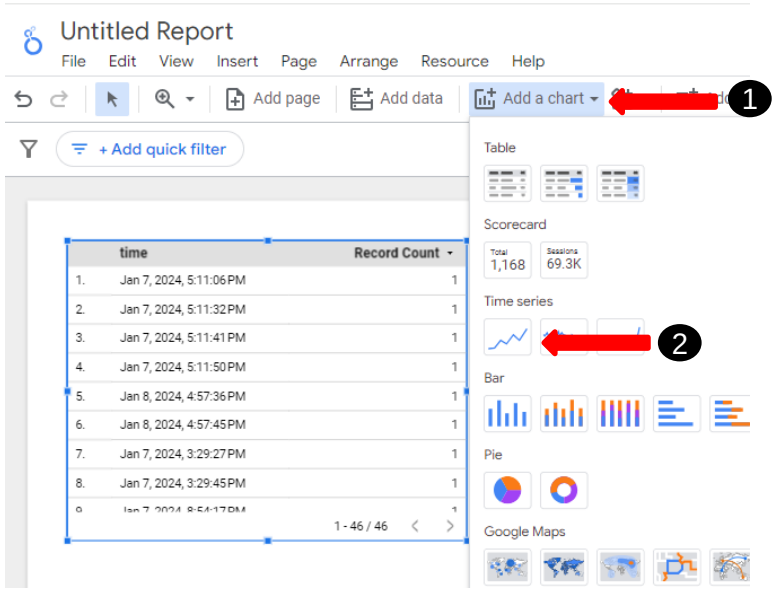
STEP 10: REPORTING

Click the ‘Add a chart’ button and then

select the first time series chart type



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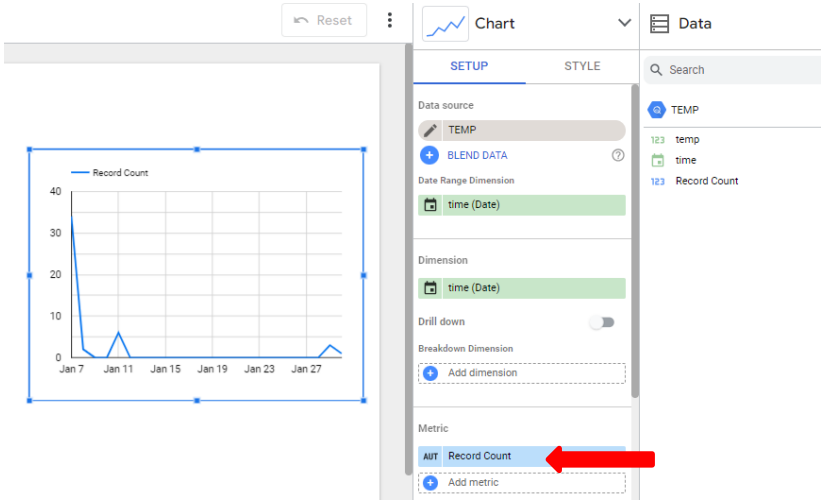
STEP 10: REPORTING

Note that the default chart settings just map the record count metric over time.

Looker Studio



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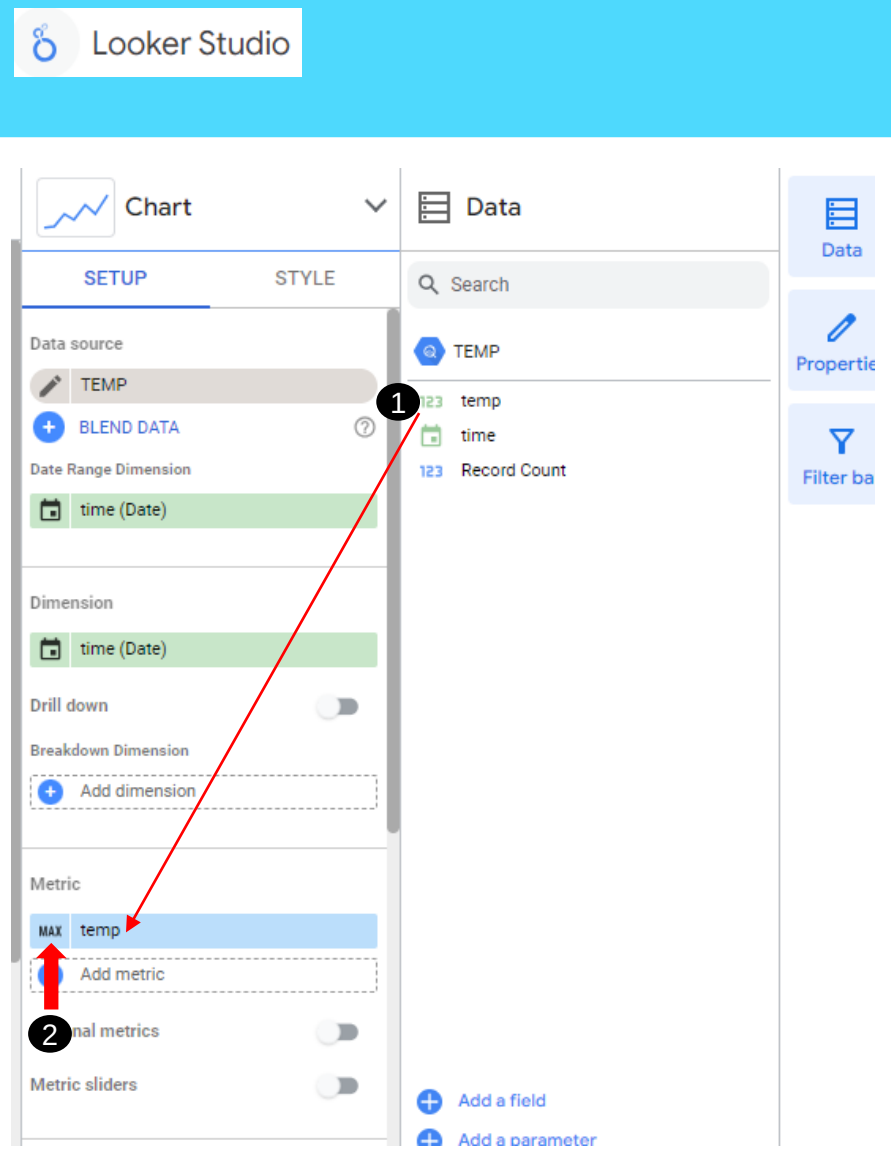
STEP 10: REPORTING

Drag the ‘temp’ field from the ‘Data’ column into the ‘Metric’ section of the Chart column. Click on the metric type field and change the value from ‘Sum’ to ‘Max’. Click the ‘X’ next to the ‘Record Count’ field under Metric to remove it (not shown in screen shot)



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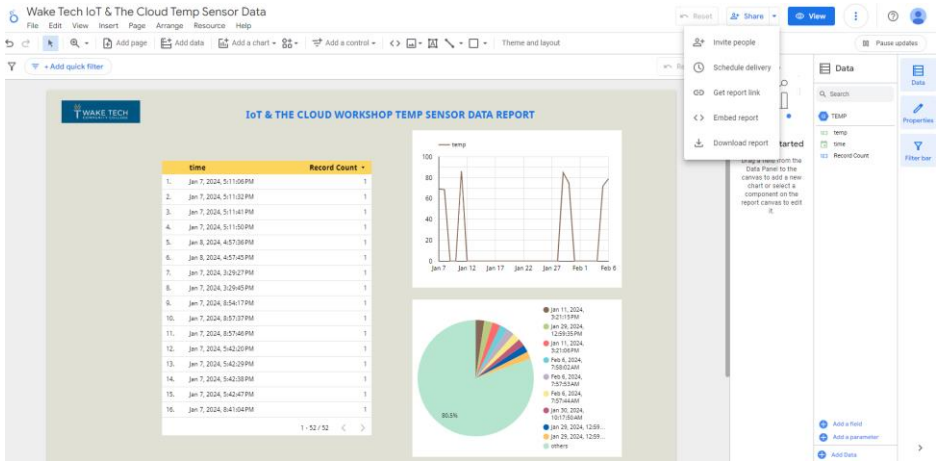
STEP 10: REPORTING

Depending on time, play around with the various settings and see what you can come up with for a report.

Note the options for sharing it also!



WHAT'S NEXT?

- Take your kit home!
- Try other sensors
- Check out AWS & Azure
- Check out sample projects on the internet:
  - Tom's Hardware
  - PC Magazine
  - Raspberry Pi Forums

KEEP LEARNING

COLLABORATE

STAY IN TOUCH!

Please take a moment to complete this short feedback form – it will help us to improve the workshop for future students!

https://forms.office.com/r/UKRPBbb81X

This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation Advanced Technical Education grant program, Enhancing Preparation of Students for Technical Careers in Cloud Computing Technologies, DUE-2055288.

The opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

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