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## Line-Torus intersection

I have a vector equation for a line given by  $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}t$ . I would like to find the intersections that it makes with a torus given by

$$(\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{r} - R^2 - r^2)^2 = 4R^2 (r^2 - |\hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \mathbf{r}|^2)$$

where  $R$  is the radius of the torus,  $r$  is the radius of the 'tube' and  $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$  is the direction of the hole of the torus. I came up with the equation of the torus as a generalisation of the standard implicit equation of a torus. I plotted many different directions for the torus in mathematica and they all plotted a rotated version correctly. So I am fairly sure that this is correct.

Now I should be able to get a quartic equation out of this by plugging in the equation for the line into the equation for the torus, expanding and collecting like terms.

I could not find anything on the internet about solving such an intersect in terms of vectors.

My solutions to the coefficients of  $t$  in the quartic equation  $at^4 + bt^3 + ct^2 + dt + e = 0$  are:

$$\begin{aligned} a &= (\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2 \\ b &= 4(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})(\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{b}) \\ c &= 4(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2 + 2(\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{b})(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{a} - R^2 - r^2) + 4R^2(\mathbf{b} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}})^2 \\ d &= 4(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{a} - R^2 - r^2) + 8R^2(\mathbf{a} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}})(\mathbf{b} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}) \\ e &= (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{a} - R^2 - r^2)^2 + 4R^2((\mathbf{a} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}})^2 - r^2) \end{aligned}$$

Is this correct?

(geometry) (proof-verification) (vectors) (analytic-geometry) (quartic-equations)

edited Jun 9 '16 at 20:26

asked Jun 4 '16 at 16:09



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**3,542** 5 26 54

Maple says your coefficients do match equation

$$(\vec{\mathbf{r}} \cdot \vec{\mathbf{r}} - R^2 - r^2)^2 - 4R^2 (r^2 - (\hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \vec{\mathbf{r}})^2) = 0$$

– **Nominal Animal** Jun 4 '16 at 17:42