Subject Code: CS 3 Computer Science 3

Module Code: 5.0 Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets

Lesson Code: 5.6 Float, Position, width, height, top, bottom, left, right

Time Frame: 30 minutes



Time Allocation: 1 min.

After completing this module, you are expected to:

- float elements to the left and/or to the right;
- clear floated elements;
- contain floated elements.



Time Allocation: 2 mins.

At this point, you have learned dozens of CSS properties that allow you to change the appearance of text elements and the boxes they generate. But so far, we have merely been decorating elements as they appear in the flow of the document.

In this module, we will look at floating, the CSS methods for breaking out of the normal flow and arranging elements on the page. Floating an element moves it to the left or right, and allows the following text to wrap around it.

We will start by examining the properties responsible for floating, so you will get a good feel for how the CSS layout tools work.

Before we start moving elements around, let's be sure we are well acquainted with how they behave in the normal flow.

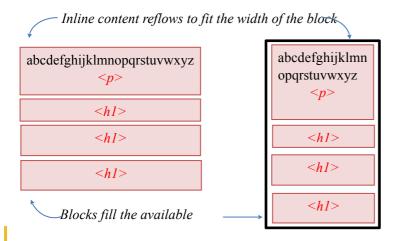


Time Allocation: 15 mins.

Normal Flow

In the CSS layout model, text elements are laid out from top to bottom in the order in which they appear in the source, and from left to right (in left-to-right reading languages). Block elements stack up on top of one another and fill the available width of the browser window or other containing element. Inline elements and text characters line up next to one another to fill the block elements.

When the window or containing element is resized, the block elements expand or contract to the new width, and the inline content reflows to fit.



Blocks are laid out in the order in which they appear in the source. Each block starts on a new line.

Objects in the normal flow affect the layout of the objects around them. This is the behavior you've come to expect in web pages, elements don't overlap or bunch up. They make room for another one.

Floating and positioning change the relationship of elements to the normal flow in different ways. Let us first look at the special behavior of floated elements (or "floats" for short).

CSS Float

The CSS float property can make HTML elements float to the left or right inside their parent element. Content inside the same parent element will move up and wrap around the floating element.

To illustrate how the CSS float property works, let us first look at an HTML example: The HTML code contains a div element which has a text, two div elements and another text

```
<div style="border:1px solid #cccccc;">
      They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage
     with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch.
     The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves
      immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were
     spangled with drops of silver which shone in the brilliant
     light of the moon.
             <div style="background-color:red; color:white;"> This is
             box 1 </div>
             <div style="background-color:green; color:white;"> This
             is box 2</div>
     They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled
     with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves
     glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a
      large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats
     with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who,
      grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.
</div>
```

inside its body. When rendered, the output below shows how it looks like:

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.

This is box 1 This is box 2

They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

Next is to make the two nested div elements floats left and right inside their parent element using the CSS float property.

float: left

Now, let us try to make the first nested div element float left using the float CSS property. we do so by setting the CSS float property of the HTML element to the value left. Here an example showing a div element with the CSS float property set to left.

```
<div style="border:1px solid #cccccc;">
     They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage
     with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The
     eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately
     in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops
     of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.
            <div style=" float:left; background-color:red;</pre>
            color:white;"> This is box 1 </div>
            <div style="background-color:green; color:white;"> This is
            box 2</div>
     They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled
     with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves
     glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large
      lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with
     awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their
     oars, awaited the princesses.
</div>
```

Here is what the example looks like with the left floating element when rendered in the browser:

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the This is box I brilliant light of the moon.

This is box 2

They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

Notice how the first div element (with the red background) now floats to the left inside its parent element. The first text is now wrapping nicely around the first div element, to the right of it. The second div element is still positioned below the first div element, and the last text below that.

Now, let us try to make the second nested div float left too. Here is what the code looks like.

```
<div style="border:1px solid #cccccc;">
      They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage
      with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The
      eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately
      in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops
      of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.
             <div style=" float:left; background-color:red;</pre>
             color:white;"> This is box 1 </div>
            <div style=" float:left; background-color:green;</pre>
             color:white;"> This is box 2</div>
      They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled
      with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves
      glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large
      lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with
      awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their
      oars, awaited the princesses.
</div>
```

And here is what the code looks like when rendered in the browser:

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the This is box 1 This is box 2 brilliant light of the moon. They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

Now both the first and second nested div element is floating to the left inside their parent element. The text wraps nicely around the two-floating element.

float, right

Now let us try to make the second nested div float to the right instead. We do so by setting its float CSS property to right instead of left. Here is the code:

```
<div style="border:1px solid #ccccc;">

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage
  with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The
  eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately
  in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops
  of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.
```

Here is what it looks like when rendered in the browser:

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the This is box 1 brilliant light of the moon. They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

See how the two elements are now floating in each direction inside their parent element. They are even located at the same vertical position (towards the top of the parent element). The text now wraps around the two div elements by being rendered between the div elements.

lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with

clear

Now, let us add a third div element which also floats to the left: This is what the code looks like now, when rendered in a browser:

```
<div style="border:1px solid #cccccc;">
     They went down, down, till at last they came to a passage
     with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The
     eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately
     in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops
     of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.
        <div style=" float:left; color:white;"> This is box 1 </div>
        <div style=" float:right; background-color:green;</pre>
        color:white;"> This is box 2</div>
        <div style=" float:left; background-color:yellow; color:red;">
        This is box 2</div>
     They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled
     with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves
     glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large
     lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with
     awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their
     oars, awaited the princesses.
</div>
```

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the This is box 1 This is box 2 brilliant light of the moon. They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

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Notice how the two left floating elements are positioned on the same horizontal "line" after each other.

Imagine now that you want the two div elements with the red background to float left, but under each other instead of next to each other. To do that, you need to set the clear CSS property.

The clear CSS property can take one of these values:

- left
- right
- both
- none

The **left** value means that the element should stay clear of all left floating elements. The **right** value means that the element should stay clear of all right floating elements. The **both** value means that the element should stay clear of both left and right floating elements. The **none** value means no clearing, which is the same as leaving out the **clear** CSS property.

Let us set the clear CSS property of the last div element to left. Then the last div element should still float left, but stay clear of the first left floating div element. Here is how the code looks:

```
<div style="border:1px solid #cccccc;">
      They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage
      with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The
      eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately
      in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops
      of silver which shone in the brilliant light of the moon.
              <div style=" float:left; background-color:red;</pre>
              color:white;"> This is box 1 </div>
              <div style=" float:right; background-color:green;</pre>
              color:white;"> This is box 2</div>
              <div style=" float:left; clear:left; background-</pre>
              color:yellow; color:red;"> This is box 2</div>
      They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled
      with gold, and after that another still, where the leaves
      glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large
      lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with
      awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their
      oars, awaited the princesses.
</div>
```

Here is what the code looks like when rendered in a browser:

They went down, down, down, till at last they came to a passage with a door at one end, which was only fastened with a latch. The eldest Princess opened it, and they found themselves immediately in a lovely little wood, where the leaves were spangled with drops of silver which shone in the This is box 1 brilliant light of the moon. They next crossed another wood where the leaves were sprinkled with gold, and after that This is box 2 another still, where the leaves glittered with diamonds. At last the Star Gazer perceived a large lake, and on the shores of the lake twelve little boats with awnings, in which were seated twelve princes, who, grasping their oars, awaited the princesses.

Text from: Robbins, J. N. (2012). Learning Web Design, 4th Edition A Beginners Guide to HTML, CSS, JavaScript and Web Graphics [E-book]. O'Reilly. http://wtf.tw/ref/robbins.pdf

Notice how the last div element still floats left, but stays under (clear of) the first left floating div element.

Containing Floats

As long as we are talking about multiple floats, this is a good time to address another float quirk, and that's float containment. By default, floats are designed to hang out of the element they are contained in. That's just fine for allowing text to flow around a floated image, but sometimes this behavior can cause some unwanted behaviors.

For instance, take the given example below. Clearly, it would be nicer if the border stretched to contain all the content, but the floated image hangs right out the bottom.

If the floating element is taller than the element containing it, then the floating element steps out of its container. You can fix this issue with the overflow property. paired with an auto value, it stretches the container to big enough for the floating element.

The source:

The style sheet:

This will produce the following result:

Without overflow:auto

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Sed auctor placerat metus, sit amet egestas dui rutrum sed. Aliquam eget fringilla metus, vel pulvinar turpis. Mauris consectetur purus convallis nibh consectetur, nec mattis nisi euismod.

image

In the given example, we will fix the overflow problem using the overflow:auto method:

The Source:

The style sheets:

This will produce the following result:

With overflow:auto

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Sed auctor placerat metus, sit amet egestas dui rutrum sed. Aliquam eget fringilla metus, vel pulvinar turpis. Mauris consectetur purus convallis nibh consectetur, nec mattis nisi euismod.

image

The overflow property is not specifically designed for clearing floats. Use it carefully to avoid unwanted results.

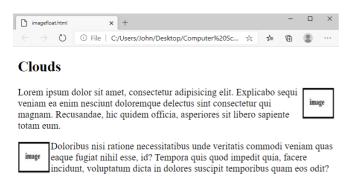


Time Allocation: 10 mins.

It is your time to apply what you have learned.

Create a web page that contains information on clouds with two images: one set to float: left, and one set to float: right. You may refer to the given sample output screenshot,

Sample output screenshot:





Note: This is a non-graded activity. But you can still submit your output to check whether you have learned something from this module.



Time Allocation: 2 mins.

In summary,

- Elements that seem to float on the right or left side of either the browser window or another element are often configured using float property. The browser renders these elements using normal flow and then shifts them to either the right or left as far as possible within their container (usually either the browser viewport or a div element).
- Use float: right; to flow the element on the right side of the container.
- Use float: left; to float the element on the left side of the container.
- Other elements and web page content will flow around the floated element.



Terry Felke-Morris (2015). Page Layout. In Terry Felke-Morris (Seventh Edition), Web Development and Design Foundations with HTML5 (267-312). England, Pearson

Jacob Jenkov (2019, June 03) CSS Float. Retrieve from https://www.tutorials.jenkov.com/css/float.html#pageToc

Jennifer Niederst Robbins (2012). Floating and Positioning. In Jennifer Niederst Robbins (4th Edition), Learning Web Design A Beginner's Guide to HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Web Graphics (341-371). Canada, O'Reilly Media, Inc.

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