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Prior to 1992, the definitions of a live birth and an infant death differed from that of the World Health Organization (WHO). A live birth was defined as the birth of a newborn that exhibits any sign of life (i.e., respiration after separation from mother's body) with a birth weight of at least 1000 grams, a gestation period of at least 28 weeks or longer and a body length of 35 centimeters or longer. Infants who did not meet these criteria and died within their first week of life were not counted as live births or as infant deaths but as stillbirths. Only if a newborn survived over seven days was he registered as live births. Early neonatal deaths (i.e., those of newborns dying within the first seven days of life) were not registered as such if the infant's birthweight was less than 1000 grams, the gestation period was shorter than 28 weeks, or their body length was below 35 centimeters. Thus, because of this definition, parts of the live births which would have been defined as such according to the WHO definition were instead recorded as stillbirths and a substantial part of early neonatal (and total infant) deaths were underreported.

2

Since the beginning of 1992, the WHO definitions of a live birth and an infant death have been used. A live birth is defined by the World Health Organization to be "the complete expulsion or extraction from the mother of a baby, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which, after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of the voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached". Stillbirths (i.e., fetuses delivered without demonstrating any evidence of life) are reported if the gestation period is longer than 22 weeks and their birthweight over 500 grams.

3

Actually present population.

4

Permanent resident population.

5

Unadjusted (for the undercount of the 2000 census) inter-censal population estimates (1990-1999).

6

Inter-censal population estimates for 2001-2011 (adjusted for undercount in the 2000 and 2011 censuses).

7

Post-censal population estimates based on the numbers adjusted for undercount in the 2011 census.

8

Official pre-censal population estimates by age and sex for January 1st, 2000 (based on the corrected 2000 census counts).

9

The official figures show "0" population of unknown age. The current numbers in this category for the years 1991-1999 refer to a total number of people (all ages combined) to be added due to the undercount in the 2000 census. See "Background and Documentation" file for more details.

10

Total number of population adjusted for undercount in the 2000 census. See "Background and Documentation" file for more details.

11

Post-censal population estimates based on the numbers adjusted for undercount in the 2011 census. Permanent resident population derived using residency index concept and information from the Population Register and other registers. See "Background and Documentation" file for more details.