assignment06-3 MeyerJake

April 23, 2023

- 0.1 Assignment 6-3
- 0.1.1 DSC 650
- 0.1.2 Jake Meyer
- $0.1.3 \quad 04/23/2023$

Load the ResNet50 model. Perform image classification on five to ten images of your choice. They can be personal images or publically available images. Include the images in dsc650/assignments/assignment06/images/. Save the predictions dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results/predictions/resnet50 directory. If you are using JupyterHub, you can include those plots in your Jupyter notebook.

Using code from deep-learning-with-python-notebooks Using ResNet50 function api site

```
[1]: ## Import the necessary modules for the assignment above.
     import csv
     import cv2
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import tensorflow as tf
     import keras
     import sklearn
     from pathlib import Path
     import time
     import os
     ## Import the necessary keras components for the data and CNN
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
     from tensorflow.keras.applications.imagenet_utils import decode_predictions
     from tensorflow.keras.applications.imagenet_utils import preprocess_input
     from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50
     from tensorflow.keras.applications import resnet50
     import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
     tf.disable_v2_behavior()
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-

packages\tensorflow\python\compat\v2_compat.py:107: disable_resource_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variable_scope) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

non-resource variables are not supported in the long term

```
[2]: ## Print versions of essential packages
print("keras version: {}".format(keras.__version__))
print("tensorflow version: {}".format(tf.__version__))
print("pandas version: {}".format(pd.__version__))
print("numpy version: {}".format(np.__version__))
```

keras version: 2.11.0 tensorflow version: 2.11.0 pandas version: 1.5.3 numpy version: 1.24.2

0.1.4 Load the ResNet50 Model

```
[4]: ## Load the ResNet50 model as shown in the ResNet50 site listed above.

model = ResNet50(weights = 'imagenet')
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\layers\normalization\batch_normalization.py:561: _colocate_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

WARNING:tensorflow:OMP_NUM_THREADS is no longer used by the default Keras config. To configure the number of threads, use tf.config.threading APIs.

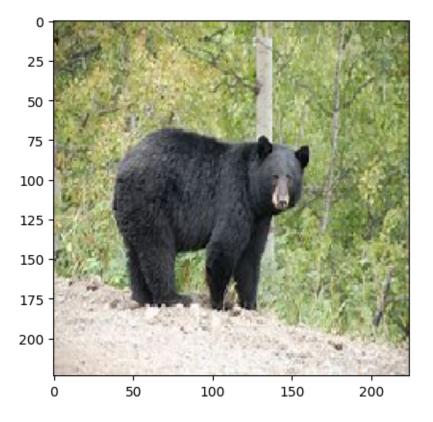
Pulled 10 random images from the internet of various animals. Per the assignment, will write code to classify these images with ResNet50.

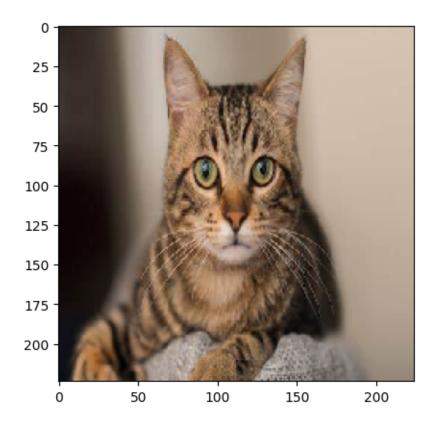
0.1.5 Using ResNet50 Model for Predictions on 10 Images

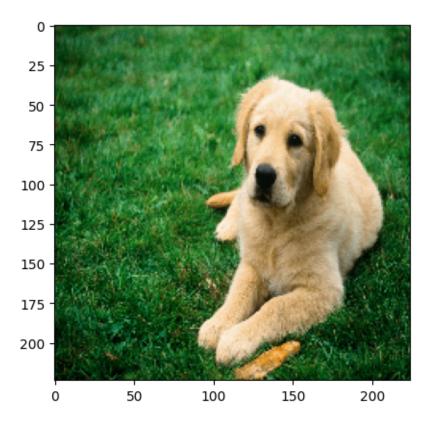
```
[5]: ## Load and resize (224x224 per the ResNet50 site) for the 10 images.
img1 = image.load_img('images/bear.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img2 = image.load_img('images/cat.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img3 = image.load_img('images/dog.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img4 = image.load_img('images/elephant.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img5 = image.load_img('images/giraffe.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img6 = image.load_img('images/gorilla.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img7 = image.load_img('images/hippo.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img8 = image.load_img('images/leapord.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img9 = image.load_img('images/penguin.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img10 = image.load_img('images/tiger.png', target_size = (224, 224))
```

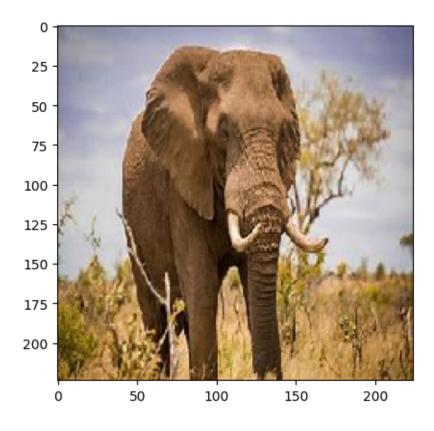
```
[6]: ## Show the 10 images (after resizing) for reference prior to classifying.
image_list = [img1, img2, img3, img4, img5, img6, img7, img8, img9, img10]

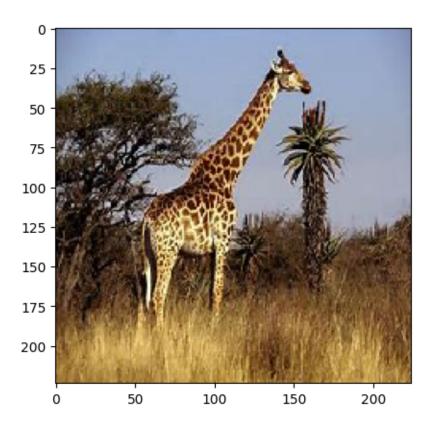
for animal in image_list:
   plt.imshow(animal)
   plt.show()
```

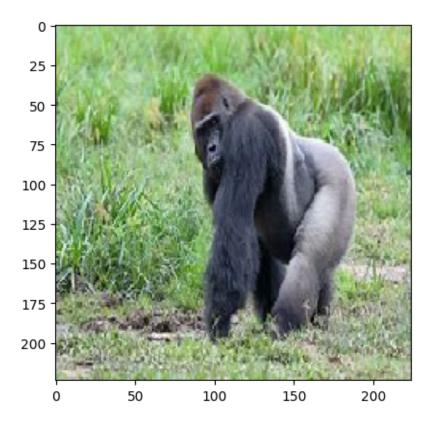


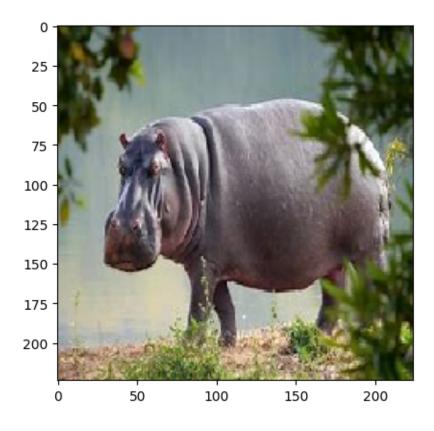


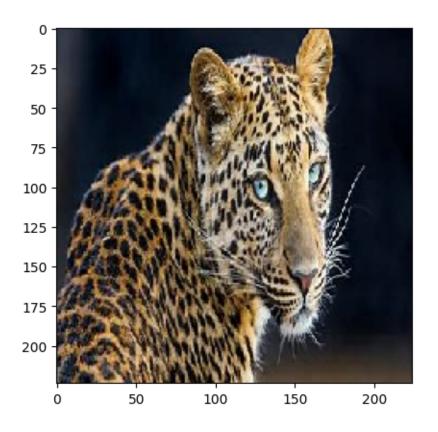


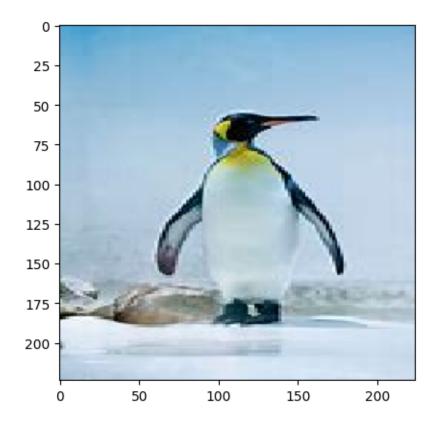


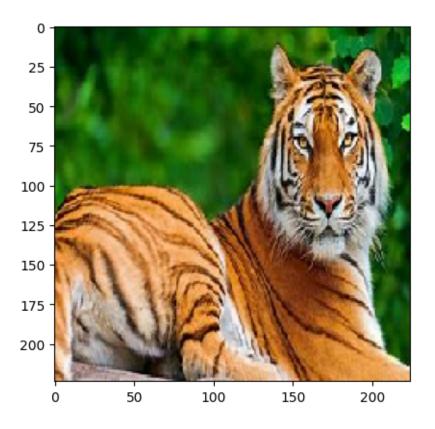








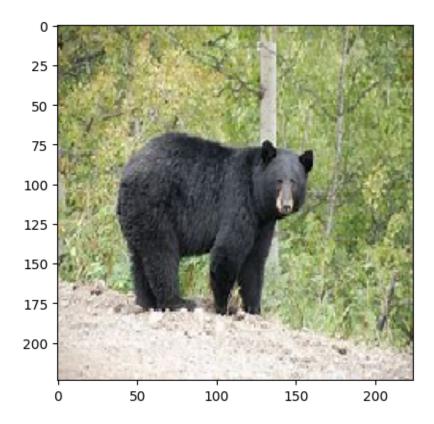




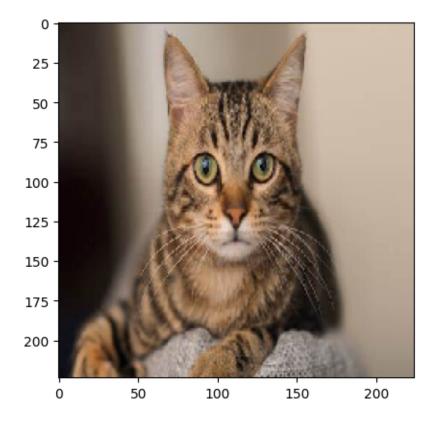
0.1.6 Create the predictions for each image using the ResNet50 model.

```
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'w') as csv_file:
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
    for key, value in test_dict1.items():
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

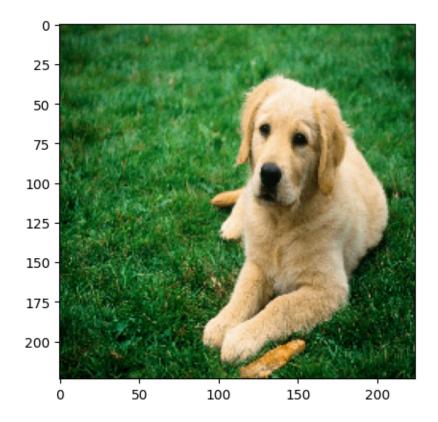
Prediction: [('n02133161', 'American_black_bear', 0.99549896)]



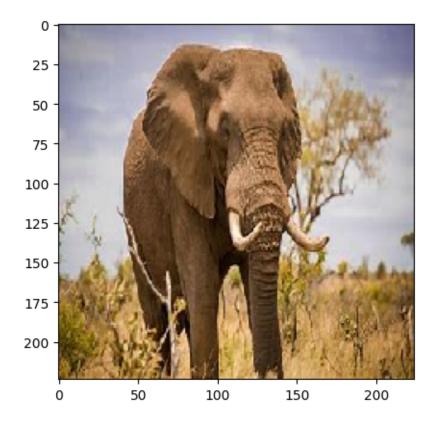
Prediction: [('n02123045', 'tabby', 0.64965636)]



Prediction: [('n02099601', 'golden_retriever', 0.9001567)]



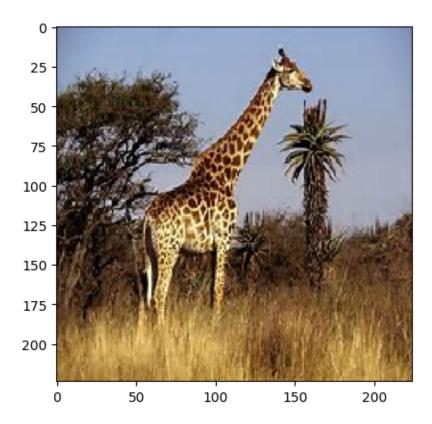
Prediction: [('n01871265', 'tusker', 0.6794936)]



```
[20]: ## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.

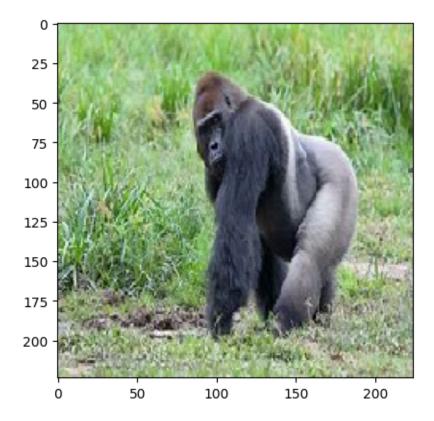
image_array5 = image.img_to_array(img5)
image_array5 = np.expand_dims(image_array5, axis =0)
```

Prediction: [('n02130308', 'cheetah', 0.98081505)]



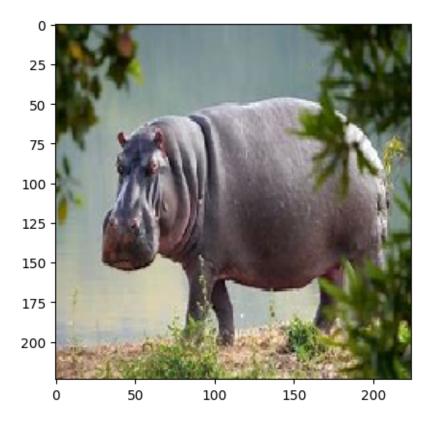
```
[21]: ## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and
       ⇔preprocess.
      image_array6 = image.img_to_array(img6)
      image_array6 = np.expand_dims(image_array6, axis =0)
      image_array6 = preprocess_input(image_array6)
      prediction6 = model.predict(image_array6)
      ## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.
      print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction6, top = 1)[0]))
      plt.imshow(img6)
      plt.show()
      ## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.
      resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.
       ⇔csv')
      test_dict6 = {'Image 6': str(decode_predictions(prediction6, top = 1)[0])}
      with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
          writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
          for key, value in test_dict6.items():
              writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02480855', 'gorilla', 0.9995832)]



```
[22]: ## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and
       ⇔preprocess.
      image_array7 = image.img_to_array(img7)
      image_array7 = np.expand_dims(image_array7, axis =0)
      image_array7 = preprocess_input(image_array7)
      prediction7 = model.predict(image_array7)
      ## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.
      print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction7, top = 1)[0]))
      plt.imshow(img7)
      plt.show()
      ## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.
      resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.
       ⇔csv')
      test_dict7 = {'Image 7': str(decode_predictions(prediction7, top = 1)[0])}
      with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
          writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
          for key, value in test_dict7.items():
              writer.writerow([key,value])
```

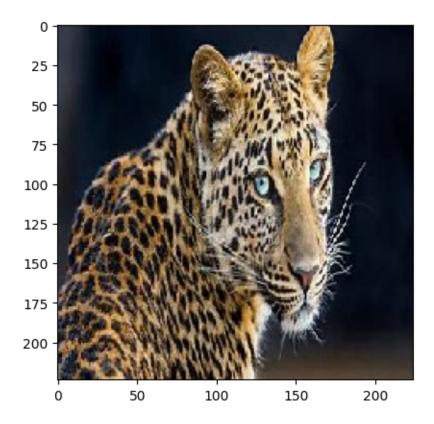
Prediction: [('n02398521', 'hippopotamus', 0.9997882)]



```
[23]: ## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and
      ⇔preprocess.
      image_array8 = image.img_to_array(img8)
      image_array8 = np.expand_dims(image_array8, axis =0)
      image_array8 = preprocess_input(image_array8)
      prediction8 = model.predict(image_array8)
      ## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.
      print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction8, top = 1)[0]))
      plt.imshow(img8)
      plt.show()
      ## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.
      resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.
       ⇔csv')
      test_dict8 = {'Image 8': str(decode_predictions(prediction8, top = 1)[0])}
      with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
          writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
          for key, value in test_dict8.items():
```

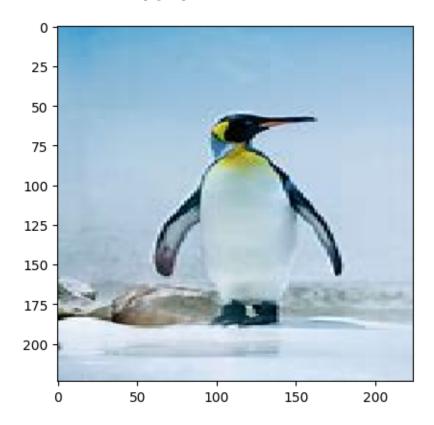
writer.writerow([key,value])

Prediction: [('n02128385', 'leopard', 0.91118056)]



```
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
    for key, value in test_dict9.items():
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02056570', 'king_penguin', 0.99983263)]



```
test_dict10 = {'Image 10': str(decode_predictions(prediction10, top = 1)[0])}
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
    for key, value in test_dict10.items():
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02129604', 'tiger', 0.85221666)]

