

DSC650-T302 Big Data (2235-1)
Professor Iranitalab
Assignment 06 Code and Outputs
Jake Meyer
04/23/2023

Assignment 06 Code and Outputs

For Assignment 6, I executed the code locally and had the following outputs with the example code. The chapter code for the CNN assignment was referenced through the Deep Learning with Python Github Link: [deep-learning-with-python-notebooks/first_edition at master · fchollet/deep-learning-with-python-notebooks \(github.com\)](https://github.com/fchollet/deep-learning-with-python-notebooks).

Assignment 6.1 Code and Outputs:

Assignment 6-1

DSC 650

Jake Meyer

04/22/2023

Using section 5.1 in Deep Learning with Python as a guide (listing 5.3 in particular), create a ConvNet model that classifies images in the MNIST digit dataset. Save the model, predictions, metrics, and validation plots in the dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results directory. If you are using JupyterHub, you can include those plots in your Jupyter notebook.

Using code from [deep-learning-with-python-notebooks](https://github.com/fchollet/deep-learning-with-python-notebooks)

In [1]:

```
## Import the necessary modules for the assignment above.  
import csv  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import tensorflow as tf  
import keras  
import sklearn  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
import itertools  
from pathlib import Path  
import time  
import os  
  
## Import the necessary keras components for the data and CNN  
from keras import layers, models  
from keras.datasets import mnist  
from keras.utils import to_categorical, np_utils  
from keras.models import Sequential, load_model  
from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout, Activation  
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf  
tf.disable_v2_behavior()  
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\compat\v2_compat.py:107: disable_resource_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variable_scope) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.  
Instructions for updating:
```

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non-resource variables are not supported in the long term

In [2]:

```
## Print versions of essential packages
print("keras version: {}".format(keras.__version__))
print("tensorflow version: {}".format(tf.__version__))
print("pandas version: {}".format(pd.__version__))
print("numpy version: {}".format(np.__version__))
keras version: 2.11.0
tensorflow version: 2.11.0
pandas version: 1.5.3
numpy version: 1.24.2
```

In [3]:

```
## Try to setup tensorflow to run on GPU using ConfigProto()
## config = tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto()
## devices = tf.config.experimental.list_physical_devices("GPU")
## tf.config.experimental.set_memory_growth(devices, True)
```

In [4]:

```
## Setup the directories for the assignment
current_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06')
results_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/').joinpath('results')
results_dir.mkdir(parents = True, exist_ok = True)
```

Import the MSNT Dataset

In [5]:

```
## Load the data from mnist as specified from Deep Learning with Python Textbook.
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
```

In [6]:

```
## Understand the shape of the train and test datasets.
print('train_images: {}'.format(train_images.shape))
print('test_images: {}'.format(test_images.shape))
print('train_labels: {}'.format(train_labels.shape))
print('test_labels: {}'.format(test_labels.shape))
train_images: (60000, 28, 28)
test_images: (10000, 28, 28)
train_labels: (60000,)
test_labels: (10000,)
```

Show Training Images and Labels

In [7]:

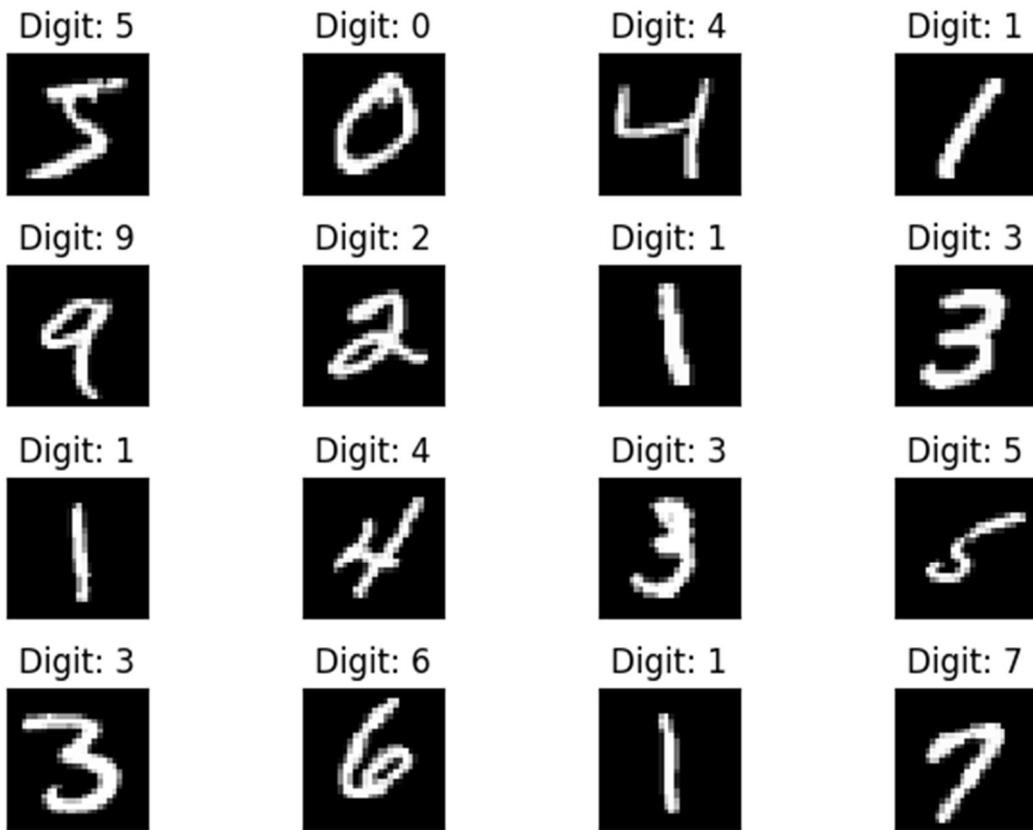
```
## Show the first 16 training images and labels for better understanding of the data.
fig = plt.figure()
for i in range(16):
```

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```
plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.imshow(train_images[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')
plt.title("Digit: {}".format(train_labels[i]))
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])

img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Sample_Digits_QTY_16.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
print("First 16 Training Images and Labels")
plt.show()
```

First 16 Training Images and Labels



Pixel Value Histogram

In [8]:

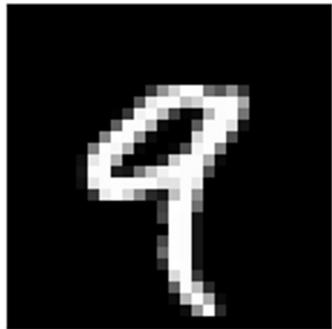
```
## Code to check the digit in the train image with the label shown from 0-9.
fig = plt.figure()
plt.subplot(2,1,1)
plt.imshow(train_images[4], cmap = 'gray', interpolation = 'none')
plt.title('Digit: {}'.format(train_labels[4]))
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])

img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Digit_Overview.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
```

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```
plt.show()
```

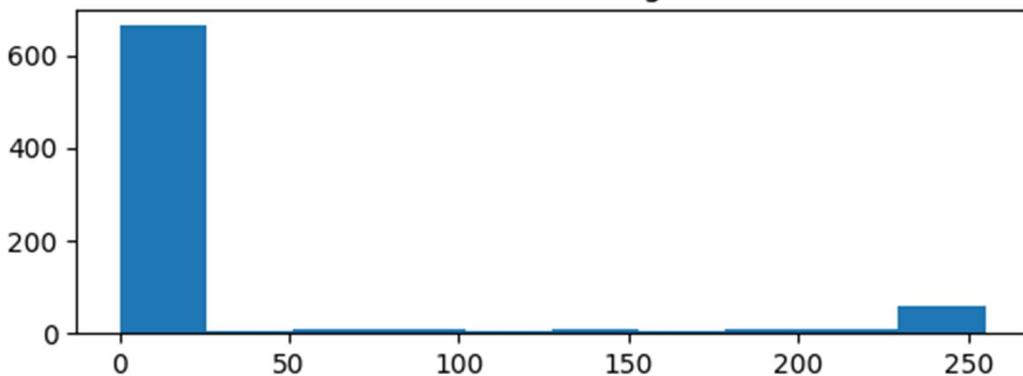
Digit: 9



In [9]:

```
## Pixel distribution shown in the plot below for the image chosen in the previous cell.  
plt.subplot(2,1,2)  
plt.hist(train_images[4].reshape(784)) # Value needs to be 784 for reshape, otherwise error  
plt.title("Pixel Value Histogram")  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Pixel_Value_Histogram.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

Pixel Value Histogram



Prepare the Data

In [10]:

```
## Reshape the training images and normalize.  
train_images = train_images.reshape((60000, 28, 28, 1))  
train_images = train_images.astype('float32') / 255  
  
## Reshape the testing images and normalize.  
test_images = test_images.reshape((10000, 28, 28, 1))  
test_images = test_images.astype('float32') / 255  
  
## Convert the training and test labels to numbers.
```

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```
train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels)
test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)
```

In [11]:

```
## Split train_images and train_labels into train and validation subsets.
train_images_val = train_images[:10000]
train_images = train_images[10000:]
train_labels_val = train_labels[:10000]
train_labels = train_labels[10000:]
```

Create the CNN Model

In [12]:

```
## From the textbook repository, Instantiate the CNN Model
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))

## Add a classifier on top of the CNN (also from the textbook repository)
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
              loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [13]:

```
## Show a summary of the model that was just created.
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
)		
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
2D)		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 3, 3, 64)	36928
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 576)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	36928

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dense_1 (Dense) (None, 10) 650

```
=====
Total params: 93,322
Trainable params: 93,322
Non-trainable params: 0
```

Train the Model

In [14]:

```
## Train the model and store the results in the variable history.
history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=20, batch_size=128, verbose = 2,
                     validation_data = (train_images_val, train_labels_val))
Train on 50000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
WARNING:tensorflow:OMP_NUM_THREADS is no longer used by the default Keras config. To configure the number of threads, use tf.config.threading APIs.
Epoch 1/20
C:\Users\jkmeye\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training_v1.py:2333: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
    updates = self.state_updates
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.2669 - acc: 0.9162 - val_loss: 0.1013 - val_acc: 0.9692 - 11s/epoch - 222us/sample
Epoch 2/20
50000/50000 - 12s - loss: 0.0605 - acc: 0.9811 - val_loss: 0.0536 - val_acc: 0.9853 - 12s/epoch - 234us/sample
Epoch 3/20
50000/50000 - 12s - loss: 0.0402 - acc: 0.9872 - val_loss: 0.0525 - val_acc: 0.9834 - 12s/epoch - 235us/sample
Epoch 4/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0302 - acc: 0.9905 - val_loss: 0.0403 - val_acc: 0.9888 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample
Epoch 5/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0235 - acc: 0.9923 - val_loss: 0.0360 - val_acc: 0.9900 - 11s/epoch - 227us/sample
Epoch 6/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0182 - acc: 0.9943 - val_loss: 0.0367 - val_acc: 0.9904 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample
Epoch 7/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0158 - acc: 0.9951 - val_loss: 0.0360 - val_acc: 0.9903 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample
Epoch 8/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0125 - acc: 0.9964 - val_loss: 0.0430 - val_acc: 0.9889 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample
Epoch 9/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0099 - acc: 0.9970 - val_loss: 0.0359 - val_acc: 0.9908 - 11s/epoch - 221us/sample
Epoch 10/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0084 - acc: 0.9974 - val_loss: 0.0498 - val_acc: 0.9890 - 11s/epoch - 217us/sample
```

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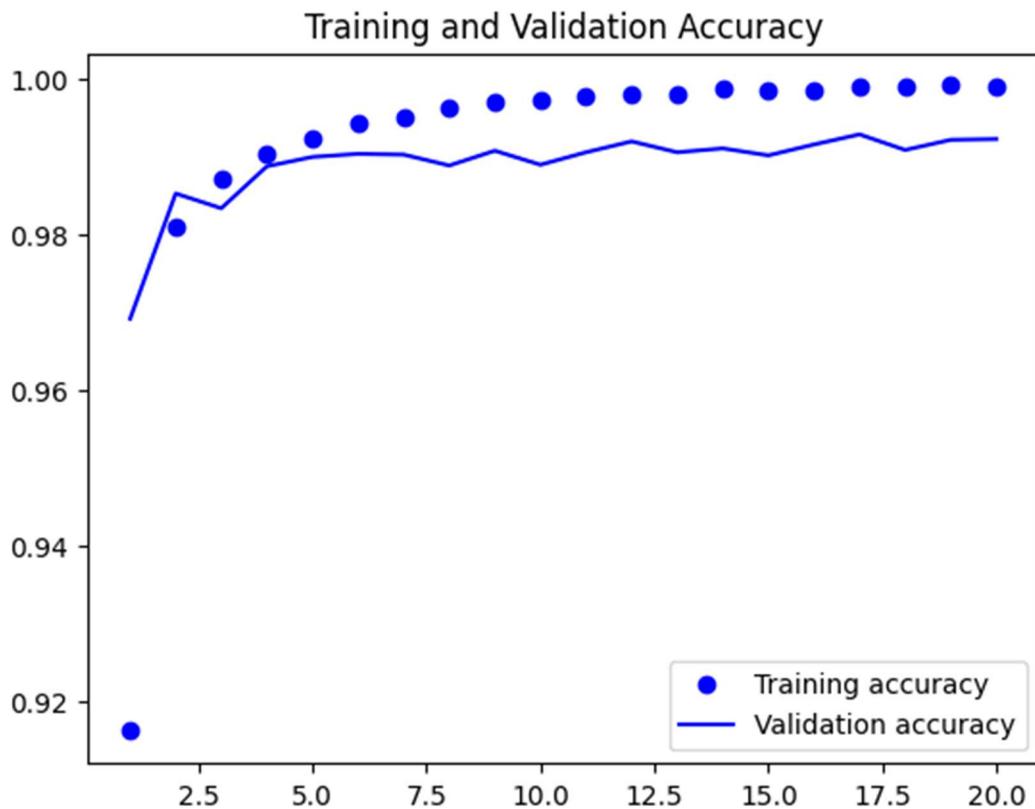
Epoch 11/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0068 - acc: 0.9977 - val_loss: 0.0442 - val_acc: 0.9906 - 11s/epoch - 215us/sample
Epoch 12/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0060 - acc: 0.9979 - val_loss: 0.0400 - val_acc: 0.9920 - 11s/epoch - 214us/sample
Epoch 13/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0055 - acc: 0.9980 - val_loss: 0.0472 - val_acc: 0.9906 - 11s/epoch - 215us/sample
Epoch 14/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0044 - acc: 0.9987 - val_loss: 0.0524 - val_acc: 0.9911 - 11s/epoch - 214us/sample
Epoch 15/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0041 - acc: 0.9987 - val_loss: 0.0559 - val_acc: 0.9902 - 11s/epoch - 215us/sample
Epoch 16/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0042 - acc: 0.9987 - val_loss: 0.0518 - val_acc: 0.9916 - 11s/epoch - 215us/sample
Epoch 17/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0033 - acc: 0.9989 - val_loss: 0.0490 - val_acc: 0.9929 - 11s/epoch - 215us/sample
Epoch 18/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0028 - acc: 0.9990 - val_loss: 0.0674 - val_acc: 0.9909 - 11s/epoch - 214us/sample
Epoch 19/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0028 - acc: 0.9992 - val_loss: 0.0488 - val_acc: 0.9922 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample
Epoch 20/20
50000/50000 - 11s - loss: 0.0030 - acc: 0.9990 - val_loss: 0.0537 - val_acc: 0.9923 - 11s/epoch - 216us/sample

In [16]:

```
## Save the result model file to the results directory.  
result_model_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Model.h5')  
model.save(result_model_file)  
print("Saved the Trained model at %s" % result_model_file)  
Saved the Trained model at C:\Users\jkmey\Documents\Github\DSC650_Course_Assignments\dsc650\dsc6  
50\assignments\assignment06\results\assignment06-1_Model.h5
```

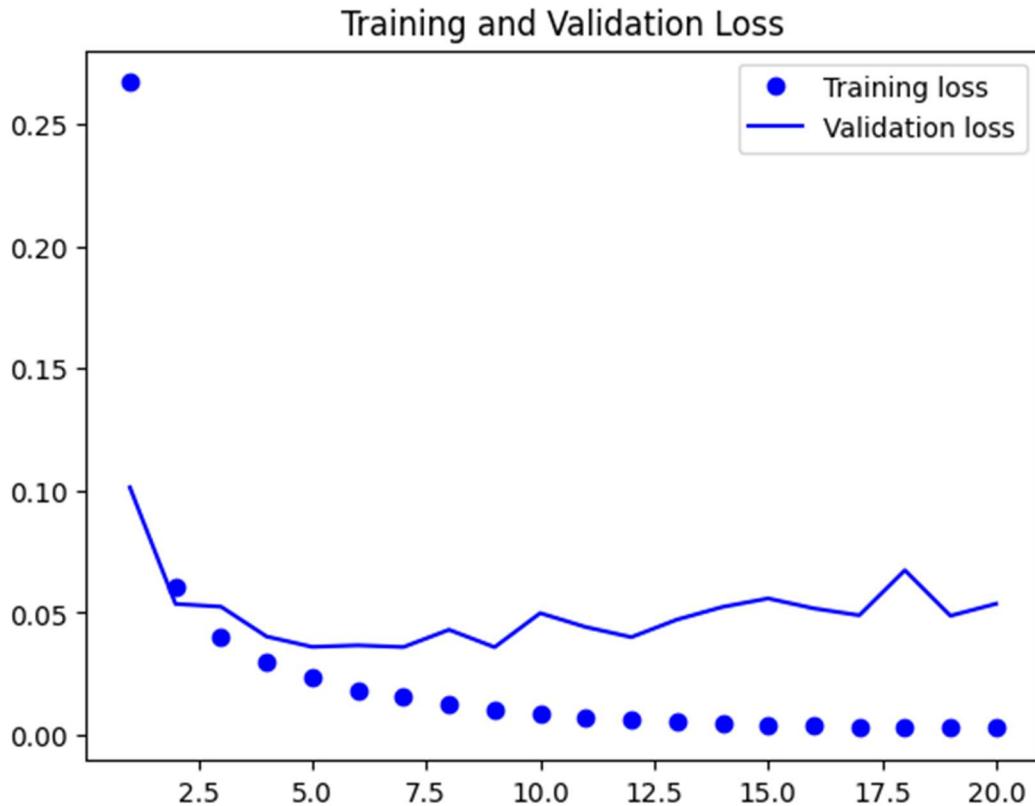
In [22]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Accuracy from Model.  
accuracy = history.history["acc"]  
val_accuracy = history.history["val_acc"]  
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Accuracy")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Training_and_Validation_Accuracy_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```



In [18]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Loss from Model.  
loss = history.history["loss"]  
val_loss = history.history["val_loss"]  
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Loss")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Training_and_Validation_Loss_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```



CNN Model Results on Test Data

In [19]:

```
## Evaluate the model on the test subsets. Code from the textbook repository.  
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
```

In [20]:

```
## Show the Test Accuracy and Loss from the cell above.  
print("Test Accuracy: {}%".format((test_acc)*100))  
print("Test Loss: {}".format(test_loss))  
Test Accuracy: 99.18000102043152%  
Test Loss: 0.054932919396300336
```

In [24]:

```
## Write the Test Accuracy and Loss to the results folder.  
csv_test = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Test_Accuracy_Loss_Results.csv')  
  
test_dict = {'Test Accuracy': test_acc,  
            'Test Loss': test_loss}  
  
with open(csv_test, 'w') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict.items():
```

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```
writer.writerow([key,value])  
Model Predictions
```

In [25]:

```
## Setup predictions from the model.  
predict_test_labels = model.predict(test_images)  
predict_classes = np.argmax(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)  
predict_prob = np.max(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)  
C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training_v1.py:2357: UserWarning:  
`Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow  
2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.  
    updates=self.state_updates,
```

In [26]:

```
## Show an example predictions for the model.  
fig = plt.figure()  
for i in range(16):  
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)  
    plt.tight_layout()  
    plt.imshow(test_images[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')  
    plt.title("Prediction: {}".format(predict_classes[i]))  
    plt.xticks([])  
    plt.yticks([])  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-1_Prediction_Images_QTY_16.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
print("16 Prediction Images and Labels")  
plt.show()  
16 Prediction Images and Labels
```

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Prediction: 7



Prediction: 2



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 0



Prediction: 4



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 4



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 5



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 0



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 0



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 5



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Assignment 6.2a Code and Outputs:

Assignment 6-2a

DSC 650

Jake Meyer

04/22/2023

Using section 5.2 in Deep Learning with Python as a guide, create a ConvNet model that classifies images CIFAR10 small images classification dataset. Do not use dropout or data-augmentation in this part. Save the model, predictions, metrics, and validation plots in the dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results directory. If you are using JupyterHub, you can include those plots in your Jupyter notebook.

Using code from [deep-learning-with-python-notebooks](#)

Using code from [CIFAR-10 Photo Classification Dataset](#)

In [3]:

```
## Import the necessary modules for the assignment above.  
import csv  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import tensorflow as tf  
import keras  
import sklearn  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
import itertools  
from pathlib import Path  
import time  
import os, shutil  
  
## Import the necessary keras components for the data and CNN  
from keras import layers, models  
from keras.datasets import cifar10  
from keras.utils import to_categorical, np_utils  
from keras.models import Sequential, load_model  
from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout, Activation  
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dense, Flatten  
from keras.optimizers import SGD  
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf  
tf.disable_v2_behavior()  
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\compat\v2_compat.py:107: disable_resource_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variable_scope) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.  
Instructions for updating:  
non-resource variables are not supported in the long term
```

In [4]:

```
## Print versions of essential packages  
print("keras version: {}".format(keras.__version__))  
print("tensorflow version: {}".format(tf.__version__))
```

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```
print("pandas version: {}".format(pd.__version__))
print("numpy version: {}".format(np.__version__))
keras version: 2.11.0
tensorflow version: 2.11.0
pandas version: 1.5.3
numpy version: 1.24.2
```

In [5]:

```
## Setup the directories for the assignment
current_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06')
results_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/').joinpath('results')
results_dir.mkdir(parents = True, exist_ok = True)
```

Import the CIFAR10 Dataset

In [6]:

```
## Load the dataset
(trainX, trainy), (testX, testy) = cifar10.load_data()
```

In [7]:

```
## Understand the shape of the train and test datasets.
print('trainX: {}'.format(trainX.shape))
print('testX: {}'.format(testX.shape))
print('trainy: {}'.format(trainy.shape))
print('testy: {}'.format(testy.shape))
trainX: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
testX: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
trainy: (50000, 1)
testy: (10000, 1)
```

Show Training Images and Labels

In [8]:

```
## Show the first 16 training images and labels for better understanding of the data.
fig = plt.figure()
for i in range(16):
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.imshow(trainX[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')
    plt.title("Classify: {}".format(trainy[i]))
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Sample_Images_QTY_16.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
print("First 16 Training Images and Labels")
plt.show()
```

First 16 Training Images and Labels

Classify: [6]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [4]



Classify: [1]



Classify: [1]



Classify: [2]



Classify: [7]



Classify: [8]



Classify: [3]



Classify: [4]



Classify: [7]



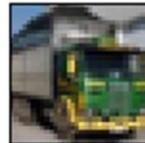
Classify: [7]



Classify: [2]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [9]



Referenced [CIFAR10](#) for available classes.

In [9]:

```
## Define the classes for images within a list for the image dataset.  
image_classes = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']  
Pixel Value Histogram
```

In [10]:

```
## Code to check the digit in the train image with the label shown from 0-9.  
fig = plt.figure()  
plt.subplot(2,1,1)  
plt.imshow(trainX[4], cmap = 'gray', interpolation = 'none')  
plt.title('Category: {}'.format(trainy[4]))  
plt.xticks([])  
plt.yticks([])  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Digit_Overview.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

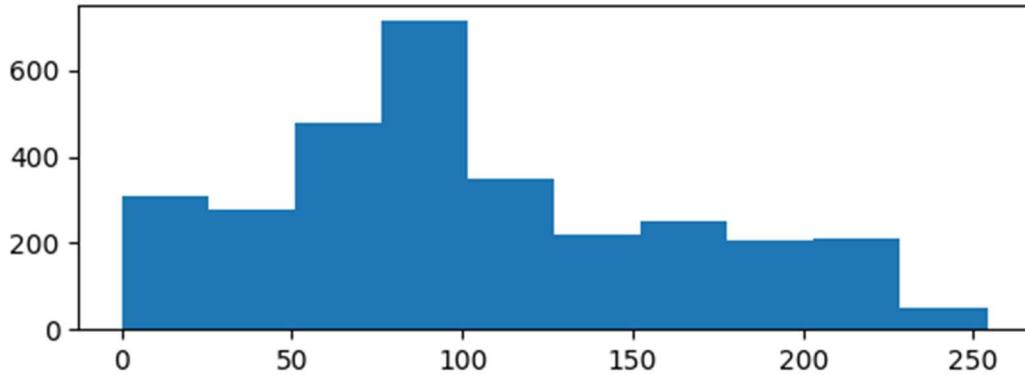
Category: [1]



In [11]:

```
## Pixel distribution shown in the plot below for the image chosen in the previous cell.  
plt.subplot(2,1,2)  
plt.hist(trainX[4].reshape(3072)) # Value needs to be 3072 for reshape, otherwise error  
plt.title("Pixel Value Histogram")  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Pixel_Value_Histogram.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

Pixel Value Histogram



Prepare the Data

In [12]:

```
## Normalize the training and test images.  
train_images = trainX.astype('float32') / 255  
test_images = testX.astype('float32') / 255  
  
## Convert the training and test labels to numbers.  
train_labels = to_categorical(trainy)  
test_labels = to_categorical(testy)
```

In [13]:

```
## Split train_images and train_labels into train and validation subsets.
```

```
train_images_val = train_images[:10000]
train_images = train_images[10000:]
train_labels_val = train_labels[:10000]
train_labels = train_labels[10000:]
```

Create the ConvNet Model

In [14]:

```
## Use the code from the textbook Github repository for section 5.2. Also, remember the shape input shape
(32,32,3)
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same',
input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform'))
model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

## Compile the Model. Choosing categorical_crossentropy as loss and accuracy as metric.
## Also, define an optimizer with a learning rate of 0.001 and momentum of 0.9.
opt = SGD(learning_rate=0.001, momentum=0.9)
model.compile(optimizer=opt, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [15]:

```
## Show a summary of the model.
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	896
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	9248
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D	(None, 16, 16, 32)	0
)		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	18496
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	73856

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conv2d_5 (Conv2D) (None, 8, 8, 128) 147584

max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D) (None, 4, 4, 128) 0

flatten (Flatten) (None, 2048) 0

dense (Dense) (None, 128) 262272

dense_1 (Dense) (None, 10) 1290

=====

Total params: 550,570

Trainable params: 550,570

Non-trainable params: 0

Train the Model

In [16]:

```
## Train the model and store the results in the variable history.
history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=20, batch_size=32, verbose = 1,
                     validation_data = (train_images_val, train_labels_val))
Train on 40000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
WARNING:tensorflow:OMP_NUM_THREADS is no longer used by the default Keras config. To configure the number of threads, use tf.config.threading APIs.
Epoch 1/20
40000/40000 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.6764 - acc: 0.3981
C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training_v1.py:2333: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
    updates = self.state_updates
40000/40000 [=====] - 75s 2ms/sample - loss: 1.6764 - acc: 0.3981 - val_loss: 1.4222 - val_acc: 0.4860
Epoch 2/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 74s 2ms/sample - loss: 1.2945 - acc: 0.5376 - val_loss: 1.1595 - val_acc: 0.5926
Epoch 3/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 75s 2ms/sample - loss: 1.1051 - acc: 0.6096 - val_loss: 1.0206 - val_acc: 0.6448
Epoch 4/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 75s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.9723 - acc: 0.6598 - val_loss: 0.9429 - val_acc: 0.6678
Epoch 5/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 73s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.8608 - acc: 0.6981 - val_loss: 0.9123 - val_acc: 0.6813
Epoch 6/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 69s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.7757 - acc: 0.7319 - val_loss: 0.8571 - val_acc: 0.6960
Epoch 7/20
```

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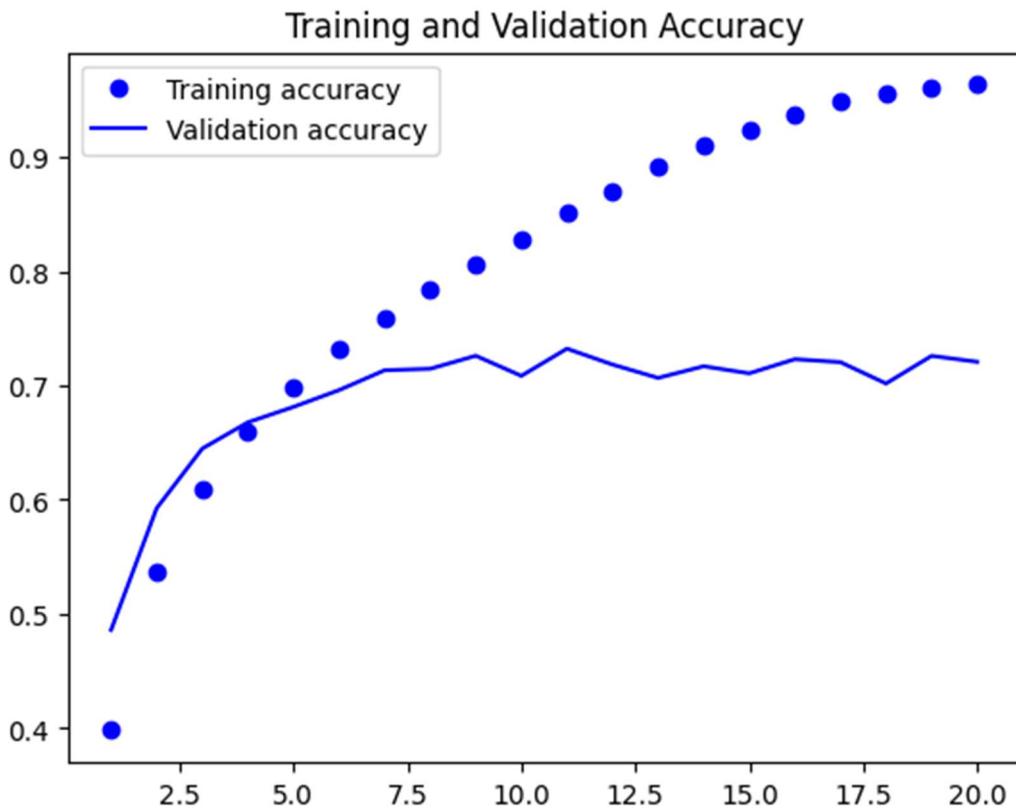
```
40000/40000 [=====] - 70s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.6954 - acc: 0.7597 - val_loss: 0.8162 - val_acc: 0.7134
Epoch 8/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 76s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.6233 - acc: 0.7838 - val_loss: 0.8270 - val_acc: 0.7147
Epoch 9/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 75s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.5516 - acc: 0.8061 - val_loss: 0.8151 - val_acc: 0.7261
Epoch 10/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 70s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.4909 - acc: 0.8275 - val_loss: 0.8760 - val_acc: 0.7085
Epoch 11/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 72s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.4224 - acc: 0.8512 - val_loss: 0.8633 - val_acc: 0.7323
Epoch 12/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 70s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.3670 - acc: 0.8707 - val_loss: 0.8991 - val_acc: 0.7184
Epoch 13/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 72s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.3093 - acc: 0.8911 - val_loss: 1.0054 - val_acc: 0.7067
Epoch 14/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 73s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.2593 - acc: 0.9099 - val_loss: 0.9878 - val_acc: 0.7169
Epoch 15/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 78s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.2159 - acc: 0.9231 - val_loss: 1.1270 - val_acc: 0.7107
Epoch 16/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 79s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.1790 - acc: 0.9366 - val_loss: 1.1179 - val_acc: 0.7231
Epoch 17/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 74s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.1497 - acc: 0.9484 - val_loss: 1.2099 - val_acc: 0.7205
Epoch 18/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 78s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.1279 - acc: 0.9551 - val_loss: 1.3091 - val_acc: 0.7018
Epoch 19/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 73s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.1105 - acc: 0.9610 - val_loss: 1.2970 - val_acc: 0.7260
Epoch 20/20
40000/40000 [=====] - 79s 2ms/sample - loss: 0.1050 - acc: 0.9634 - val_loss: 1.4012 - val_acc: 0.7208
```

In [17]:

```
## Save the result model file to the results directory.
result_model_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Model.h5')
model.save(result_model_file)
print("Saved the Trained model at %s" % result_model_file)
Saved the Trained model at C:\Users\jkmey\Documents\Github\DS650_Course_Assignments\dsc650\dsc650\assignments\assignment06\results\assignment06-2a_Model.h5
```

In [18]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Accuracy from Model.  
accuracy = history.history["acc"]  
val_accuracy = history.history["val_acc"]  
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Accuracy")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Training_and_Validation_Accuracy_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

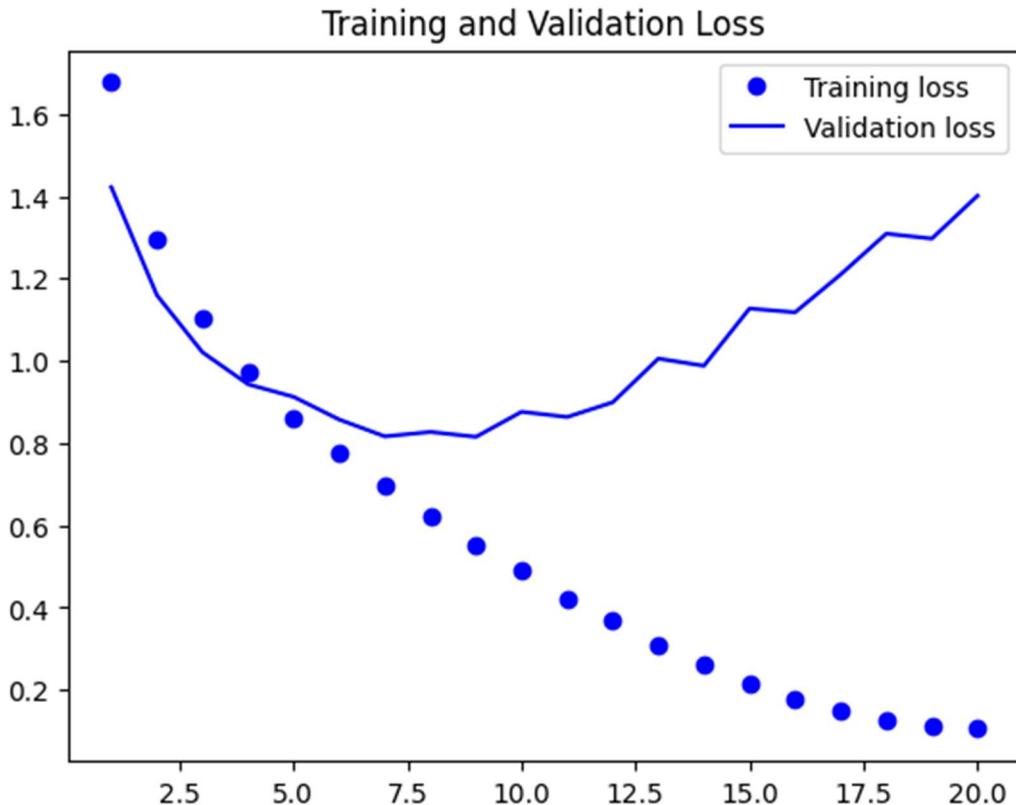


In [19]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Loss from Model.  
loss = history.history["loss"]  
val_loss = history.history["val_loss"]  
epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Loss")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Training_and_Validation_Loss_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)
```

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plt.show()



CNN Results on Test Data

In [20]:

```
## Evaluate the model on the test subsets. Code from the textbook repository.  
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
```

In [21]:

```
## Show the Test Accuracy and Loss from the cell above.  
print("Test Accuracy: {}%".format((test_acc)*100))  
print("Test Loss: {}".format(test_loss))  
Test Accuracy: 71.10999822616577%  
Test Loss: 1.493364258670807
```

In [22]:

```
## Write the Test Accuracy and Loss to the results folder.  
csv_test = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Test_Accuracy_Loss_Results.csv')  
  
test_dict = {'Test Accuracy': test_acc,  
            'Test Loss': test_loss}  
  
with open(csv_test, 'w') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
```

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```
for key, value in test_dict.items():
    writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Model Predictions

In [23]:

```
## Setup predictions from the model.
predict_test_labels = model.predict(test_images)
predict_classes = np.argmax(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)
predict_prob = np.max(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)
C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\training_v1.py:2357: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
    updates=self.state_updates,
```

In [24]:

```
## Show an example predictions for the model.
fig = plt.figure()
for i in range(16):
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.imshow(test_images[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')
    plt.title("Prediction: {}".format(predict_classes[i]))
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2a_Prediction_Images_QTY_16.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
print("16 Prediction Images and Labels")
plt.show()
16 Prediction Images and Labels
```

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Prediction: 5



Prediction: 8



Prediction: 8



Prediction: 8



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 3



Prediction: 2



Prediction: 4



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 4



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 5



Prediction: 7



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 8



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Assignment 6.2b Code and Output:

Assignment 6-2b

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Using section 5.2 in Deep Learning with Python as a guide, create a ConvNet model that classifies images CIFAR10 small images classification dataset. This time includes dropout and data-augmentation. Save the model, predictions, metrics, and validation plots in the dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results directory. If you are using JupyterHub, you can include those plots in your Jupyter notebook.

Using code from [deep-learning-with-python-notebooks](#)

Using code from [CIFAR-10 Photo Classification Dataset](#)

In [1]:

```
## Import the necessary modules for the assignment above.  
import csv  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import tensorflow as tf  
import keras  
import sklearn  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
import itertools  
from pathlib import Path  
import time  
import os, shutil  
  
## Import the necessary keras components for the data and CNN  
from keras import layers, models  
from keras.datasets import cifar10  
from keras.utils import to_categorical, np_utils  
from keras.models import Sequential, load_model  
from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout, Activation  
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dense, Flatten  
from keras.optimizers import SGD  
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf  
tf.disable_v2_behavior()  
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\compat\v2_compat.py:107: disable_resource_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variable_scope) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.  
Instructions for updating:  
non-resource variables are not supported in the long term
```

In [2]:

```
## Print versions of essential packages  
print("keras version: {}".format(keras.__version__))
```

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```
print("tensorflow version: {}".format(tf.__version__))
print("pandas version: {}".format(pd.__version__))
print("numpy version: {}".format(np.__version__))
keras version: 2.11.0
tensorflow version: 2.11.0
pandas version: 1.5.3
numpy version: 1.24.2
```

In [3]:

```
## Setup the directories for the assignment
current_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06')
results_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/').joinpath('results')
results_dir.mkdir(parents = True, exist_ok = True)
Import the CIFAR10 Dataset
```

In [4]:

```
## Load the dataset
(trainX, trainy), (testX, testy) = cifar10.load_data()
```

In [5]:

```
## Understand the shape of the train and test datasets.
print('trainX: {}'.format(trainX.shape))
print('testX: {}'.format(testX.shape))
print('trainy: {}'.format(trainy.shape))
print('testy: {}'.format(testy.shape))
trainX: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
testX: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
trainy: (50000, 1)
testy: (10000, 1)
```

Show Training Images and Labels

In [6]:

```
## Show the first 16 training images and labels for better understanding of the data.
fig = plt.figure()
for i in range(16):
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.imshow(trainX[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')
    plt.title("Classify: {}".format(trainy[i]))
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Sample_Images_QTY_16.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
print("First 16 Training Images and Labels")
plt.show()
First 16 Training Images and Labels
```

Classify: [6]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [4]



Classify: [1]



Classify: [1]



Classify: [2]



Classify: [7]



Classify: [8]



Classify: [3]



Classify: [4]



Classify: [7]



Classify: [7]



Classify: [2]



Classify: [9]



Classify: [9]



Referenced [CIFAR10](#) for available classes.

In [7]:

```
## Define the classes for images within a list for the image dataset.  
image_classes = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']  
Pixel Value Histogram
```

In [12]:

```
## Code to check the digit in the train image with the label shown from 0-9.  
fig = plt.figure()  
plt.subplot(2,1,1)  
plt.imshow(trainX[0], cmap = 'gray', interpolation = 'none')  
plt.title('Category: {}'.format(trainy[0]))  
plt.xticks([])  
plt.yticks([])  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Digit_Overview.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

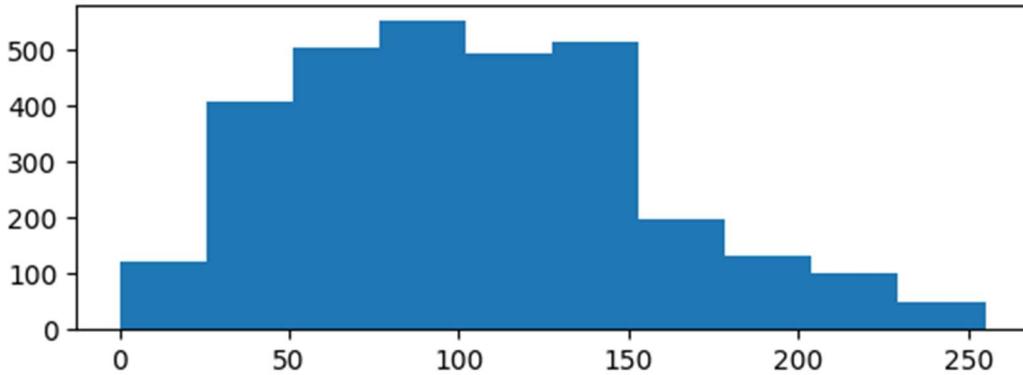
Category: [6]



In [13]:

```
## Pixel distribution shown in the plot below for the image chosen in the previous cell.  
plt.subplot(2,1,2)  
plt.hist(trainX[0].reshape(3072)) # Value needs to be 3072 for reshape, otherwise error  
plt.title("Pixel Value Histogram")  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Pixel_Value_Histogram.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```

Pixel Value Histogram



Prepare the Data

In [14]:

```
## Normalize the training and test images.  
train_images = trainX.astype('float32') / 255  
test_images = testX.astype('float32') / 255  
  
## Convert the training and test labels to numbers.  
train_labels = to_categorical(trainy)  
test_labels = to_categorical(testy)
```

In [15]:

```
## Split train_images and train_labels into train and validation subsets.
```

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```
train_images_val = train_images[:10000]
train_images = train_images[10000:]
train_labels_val = train_labels[:10000]
train_labels = train_labels[10000:]
```

Create the ConvNet Model

In [16]:

```
## Use the code from the textbook Github repository for section 5.2. Also, remember the shape input shape
(32,32,3)
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same',
input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_uniform'))
## Per the assignment add model.add(Dropout(0.2, input_shape=(60,)))
model.add(Dropout(0.1))
model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
```

Compile the Model. Choosing categorical_crossentropy as loss and accuracy as metric.
Also, define an optimizer with a learning rate of 0.001 and momentum of 0.9.

```
opt = SGD(learning_rate=0.001, momentum=0.9)
model.compile(optimizer=opt, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [17]:

```
## Show a summary of the model.
```

```
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	896
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	9248
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D	(None, 16, 16, 32)	0
)		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	18496
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0

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```
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)      (None, 8, 8, 128)    73856
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)      (None, 8, 8, 128)    147584
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D) (None, 4, 4, 128) 0
flatten (Flatten)      (None, 2048)        0
dense (Dense)          (None, 128)         262272
dropout (Dropout)      (None, 128)         0
dense_1 (Dense)        (None, 10)          1290
=====
Total params: 550,570
Trainable params: 550,570
Non-trainable params: 0
```

In [19]:

```
## Create data generator. Code help from machine learning mastery site listed in introduction section.
datagen = keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator(width_shift_range=0.1, height_shift_range=0.1,
horizontal_flip = True)
```

In [22]:

```
## Prepare the Iterator. Code help from machine learning mastery site listed in introduction section.
it_train = datagen.flow(train_images, train_labels, batch_size = 64)
```

```
## Number of epoch steps to fit the model for training.
steps = int(train_images.shape[0]/64)
```

Train the Model

In [29]:

```
## Train the model and store the results in the variable history. Code help from machine learning mastery site.
history = model.fit(it_train, steps_per_epoch = steps, epochs=75, verbose = 1,
validation_data = (train_images_val, train_labels_val))
625/625 [=====] - 721s 1s/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.54
63 - acc: 0.8087 - val_loss: 0.5884 - val_acc: 0.7969
Epoch 36/75
625/625 [=====] - 64s 102ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5467 - acc: 0.8069 - val_loss: 0.5994 - val_acc: 0.7997
Epoch 37/75
625/625 [=====] - 64s 102ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5311 - acc: 0.8146 - val_loss: 0.5992 - val_acc: 0.7961
Epoch 38/75
625/625 [=====] - 63s 101ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5272 - acc: 0.8134 - val_loss: 0.5694 - val_acc: 0.8073
Epoch 39/75
```

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```
625/625 [=====] - 63s 101ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5220 - acc: 0.8157 - val_loss: 0.5693 - val_acc: 0.8050
Epoch 40/75
625/625 [=====] - 63s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5152 - acc: 0.8194 - val_loss: 0.6214 - val_acc: 0.7910
Epoch 41/75
625/625 [=====] - 63s 101ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5091 - acc: 0.8213 - val_loss: 0.6015 - val_acc: 0.7981
Epoch 42/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5077 - acc: 0.8205 - val_loss: 0.5915 - val_acc: 0.8019
Epoch 43/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.5023 - acc: 0.8253 - val_loss: 0.6099 - val_acc: 0.7984
Epoch 44/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4948 - acc: 0.8263 - val_loss: 0.5717 - val_acc: 0.8071
Epoch 45/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4832 - acc: 0.8288 - val_loss: 0.5675 - val_acc: 0.8134
Epoch 46/75
625/625 [=====] - 63s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4893 - acc: 0.8277 - val_loss: 0.5518 - val_acc: 0.8142
Epoch 47/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4771 - acc: 0.8337 - val_loss: 0.5690 - val_acc: 0.8140
Epoch 48/75
625/625 [=====] - 64s 103ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4742 - acc: 0.8345 - val_loss: 0.5654 - val_acc: 0.8133
Epoch 49/75
625/625 [=====] - 64s 102ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4657 - acc: 0.8367 - val_loss: 0.5506 - val_acc: 0.8149
Epoch 50/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4605 - acc: 0.8392 - val_loss: 0.5661 - val_acc: 0.8113
Epoch 51/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4640 - acc: 0.8358 - val_loss: 0.5540 - val_acc: 0.8199
Epoch 52/75
625/625 [=====] - 63s 102ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4502 - acc: 0.8436 - val_loss: 0.5723 - val_acc: 0.8140
Epoch 53/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4460 - acc: 0.8433 - val_loss: 0.5547 - val_acc: 0.8146
Epoch 54/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4390 - acc: 0.8456 - val_loss: 0.5592 - val_acc: 0.8129
Epoch 55/75
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.4306 - acc: 0.8476 - val_loss: 0.5541 - val_acc: 0.8199
Epoch 56/75
```

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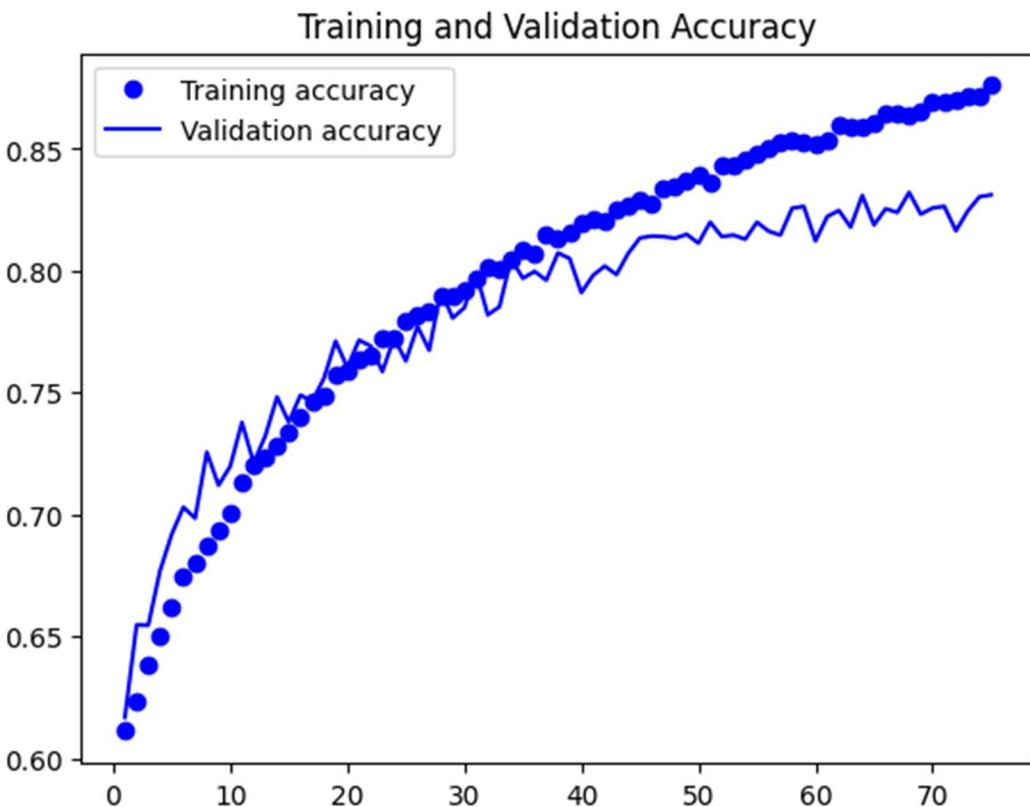
```
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
4303 - acc: 0.8501 - val_loss: 0.5674 - val_acc: 0.8162  
Epoch 57/75  
625/625 [=====] - 62s 99ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
4262 - acc: 0.8526 - val_loss: 0.5604 - val_acc: 0.8146  
Epoch 58/75  
625/625 [=====] - 62s 100ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
0.4212 - acc: 0.8534 - val_loss: 0.5343 - val_acc: 0.8256  
Epoch 59/75  
625/625 [=====] - 61s 98ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
4173 - acc: 0.8524 - val_loss: 0.5392 - val_acc: 0.8264  
Epoch 60/75  
625/625 [=====] - 61s 98ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
4155 - acc: 0.8517 - val_loss: 0.5835 - val_acc: 0.8122  
Epoch 61/75  
625/625 [=====] - 64s 102ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
0.4118 - acc: 0.8536 - val_loss: 0.5482 - val_acc: 0.8222  
Epoch 62/75  
625/625 [=====] - 61s 98ms/step - batch: 312.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.  
3990 - acc: 0.8600 - val_loss: 0.5332 - val_acc: 0.8247  
Epoch 63/75  
131/625 [=====>.....] - ETA: 45s - batch: 65.0000 - size: 64.0000 - loss: 0.3913 - acc: 0.8646
```

In [33]:

```
## Save the result model file to the results directory.  
result_model_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Model.h5')  
model.save(result_model_file)  
print("Saved the Trained model at %s" % result_model_file)  
Saved the Trained model at C:\Users\jkmey\Documents\Github\DSC650_Course_Assignments\dsc650\assignment06\results\assignment06-2b_Model.h5
```

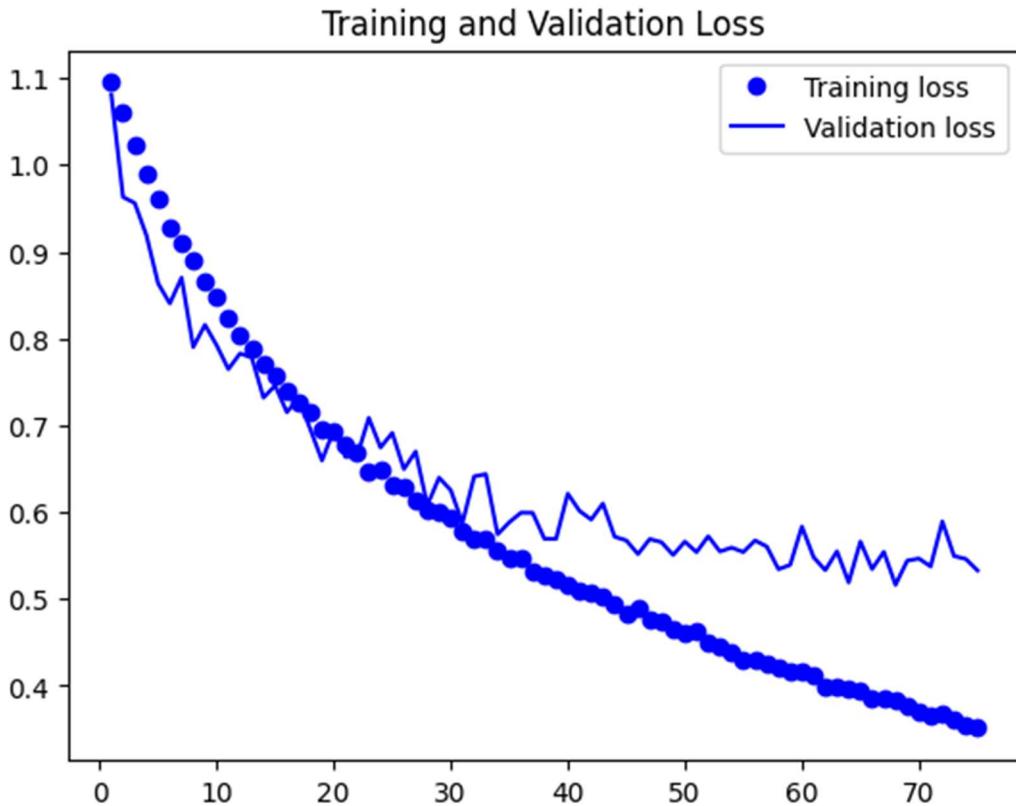
In [34]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Accuracy from Model.  
accuracy = history.history["acc"]  
val_accuracy = history.history["val_acc"]  
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Accuracy")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Training_and_Validation_Accuracy_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```



In [35]:

```
## Generate and Save Plot of Training and Validation Loss from Model.  
loss = history.history["loss"]  
val_loss = history.history["val_loss"]  
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)  
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")  
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")  
plt.title("Training and Validation Loss")  
plt.legend()  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Training_and_Validation_Loss_Plot.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
plt.show()
```



CNN Results on Test Data

In [36]:

```
## Evaluate the model on the test subsets. Code from the textbook repository.  
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
```

In [37]:

```
## Show the Test Accuracy and Loss from the cell above.  
print("Test Accuracy: {}%".format((test_acc)*100))  
print("Test Loss: {}".format(test_loss))  
Test Accuracy: 82.05000162124634%  
Test Loss: 0.5744333950042725
```

In [41]:

```
## Write the Test Accuracy and Loss to the results folder.  
csv_test = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Test_Accuracy_Loss_Results.csv')  
  
test_dict = {'Test Accuracy': test_acc,  
            'Test Loss': test_loss}  
  
with open(csv_test, 'w') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict.items():
```

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```
writer.writerow([key,value])  
Model Predictions
```

In [42]:

```
## Setup predictions from the model.  
predict_test_labels = model.predict(test_images)  
predict_classes = np.argmax(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)  
predict_prob = np.max(predict_test_labels, axis = 1)
```

In [43]:

```
## Show an example predictions for the model.  
fig = plt.figure()  
for i in range(16):  
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)  
    plt.tight_layout()  
    plt.imshow(test_images[i], cmap = 'gray', interpolation='none')  
    plt.title("Prediction: {}".format(predict_classes[i]))  
    plt.xticks([])  
    plt.yticks([])  
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('assignment06-2b_Prediction_Images_QTY_16.png')  
plt.savefig(img_file)  
print("16 Prediction Images and Labels")  
plt.show()  
16 Prediction Images and Labels
```

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Prediction: 3



Prediction: 8



Prediction: 8



Prediction: 0



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 6



Prediction: 3



Prediction: 1



Prediction: 0



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 5



Prediction: 7



Prediction: 9



Prediction: 8



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Assignment 6.3 Code and Output:

Assignment 6-3

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Load the ResNet50 model. Perform image classification on five to ten images of your choice. They can be personal images or publically available images. Include the images in dsc650/assignments/assignment06/images/. Save the predictions dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results/predictions/resnet50 directory. If you are using JupyterHub, you can include those plots in your Jupyter notebook.

Using code from [deep-learning-with-python-notebooks](#)

Using [ResNet50 function api site](#)

In [1]:

```
## Import the necessary modules for the assignment above.  
import csv  
import cv2  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import tensorflow as tf  
import keras  
import sklearn  
from pathlib import Path  
import time  
import os  
  
## Import the necessary keras components for the data and CNN  
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img  
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array  
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.imagenet_utils import decode_predictions  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.imagenet_utils import preprocess_input  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50  
from tensorflow.keras.applications import resnet50  
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf  
tf.disable_v2_behavior()  
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\compat\v2_compat.py:107: disable_resource_variables (from tensorflow.python.ops.variable_scope) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.  
Instructions for updating:  
non-resource variables are not supported in the long term
```

In [2]:

```
## Print versions of essential packages  
print("keras version: {}".format(keras.__version__))
```

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```
print("tensorflow version: {}".format(tf.__version__))
print("pandas version: {}".format(pd.__version__))
print("numpy version: {}".format(np.__version__))
keras version: 2.11.0
tensorflow version: 2.11.0
pandas version: 1.5.3
numpy version: 1.24.2
```

In [3]:

```
## Setup the directories for the assignment
current_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06')
image_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/images')
results_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/').joinpath('results')
predictions_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results').joinpath('predictions')
resnet_dir =
Path('C:/Users/jkmey/Documents/Github/DSC650_Course_Assignments/dsc650/dsc650/assignments/assignment06/results/predictions').joinpath('resnet50')
resnet_dir.mkdir(parents = True, exist_ok = True)
```

Load the ResNet50 Model

In [4]:

```
## Load the ResNet50 model as shown in the ResNet50 site listed above.
model = ResNet50(weights = 'imagenet')
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\jkmey\anaconda3\envs\dsc650\lib\site-packages\keras\layers\normalization\batch_normalization.py:561: _colocate_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
```

Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

```
WARNING:tensorflow:OMP_NUM_THREADS is no longer used by the default Keras config. To configure the number of threads, use tf.config.threading APIs.
```

Pulled 10 random images from the internet of various animals. Per the assignment, will write code to classify these images with ResNet50.

Using ResNet50 Model for Predictions on 10 Images

In [5]:

```
## Load and resize (224x224 per the ResNet50 site) for the 10 images.
img1 = image.load_img('images/bear.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img2 = image.load_img('images/cat.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img3 = image.load_img('images/dog.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img4 = image.load_img('images/elephant.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img5 = image.load_img('images/giraffe.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img6 = image.load_img('images/gorilla.png', target_size = (224, 224))
```

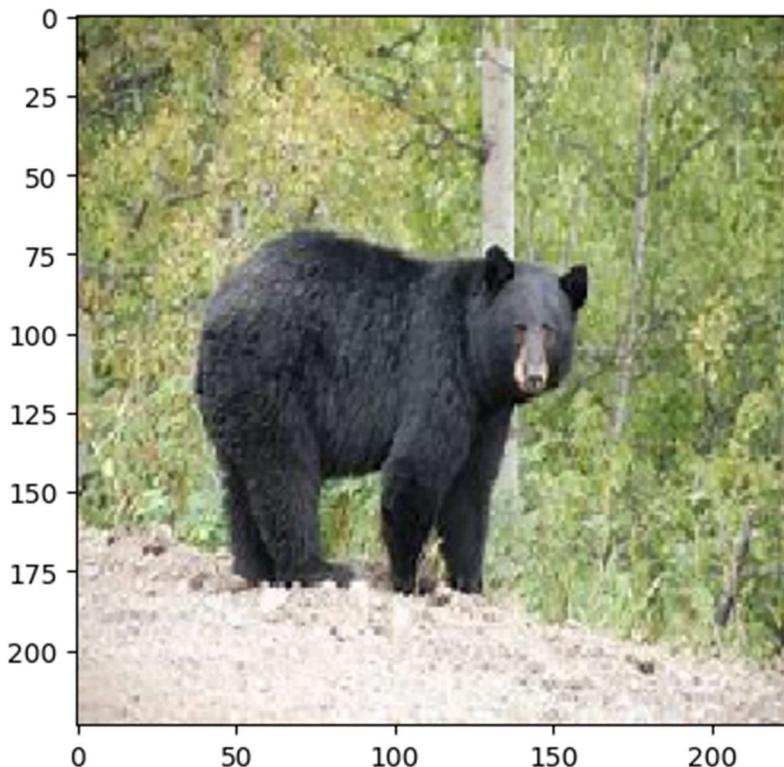
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```
img7 = image.load_img('images/hippo.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img8 = image.load_img('images/leapord.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img9 = image.load_img('images/penguin.png', target_size = (224, 224))
img10 = image.load_img('images/tiger.png', target_size = (224, 224))
```

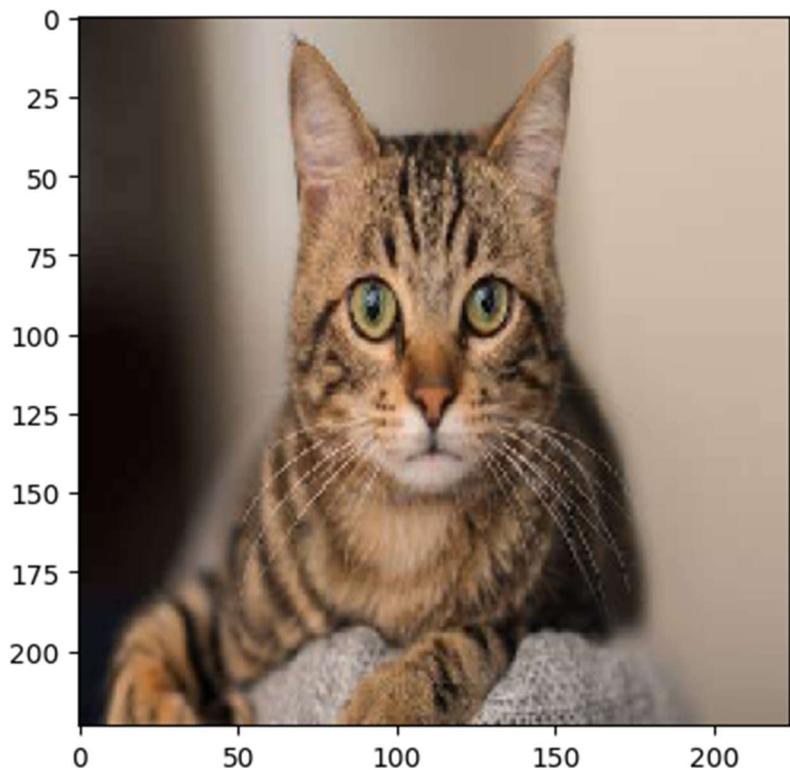
In [6]:

```
## Show the 10 images (after resizing) for reference prior to classifying.
image_list = [img1, img2, img3, img4, img5, img6, img7, img8, img9, img10]
```

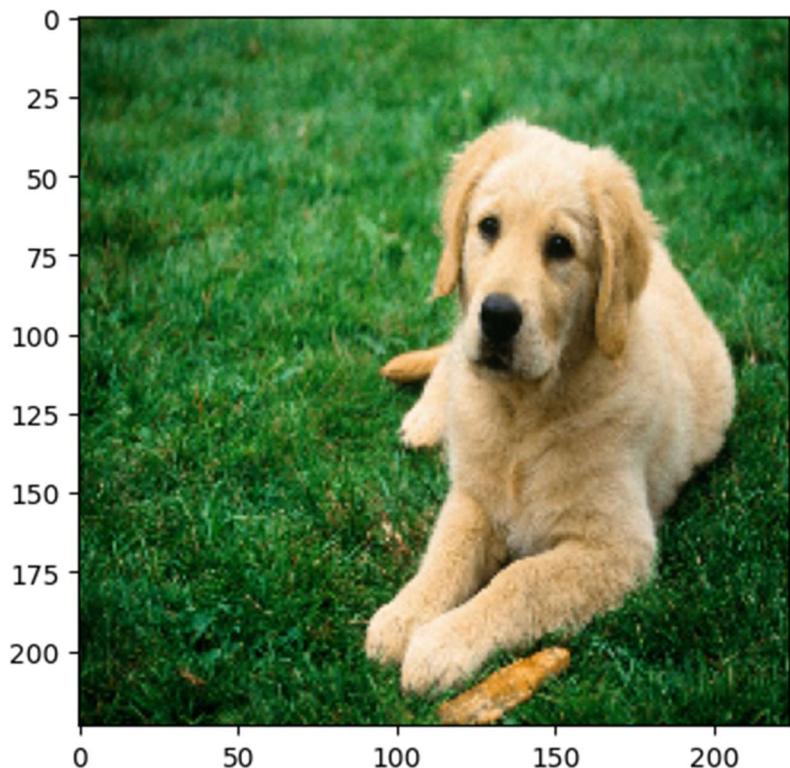
```
for animal in image_list:
    plt.imshow(animal)
    plt.show()
```



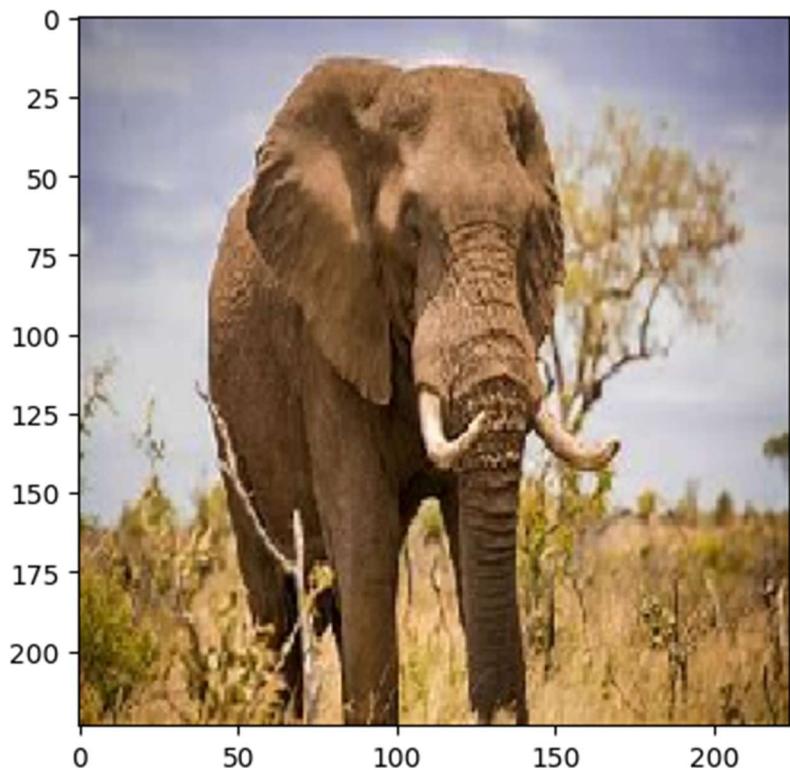
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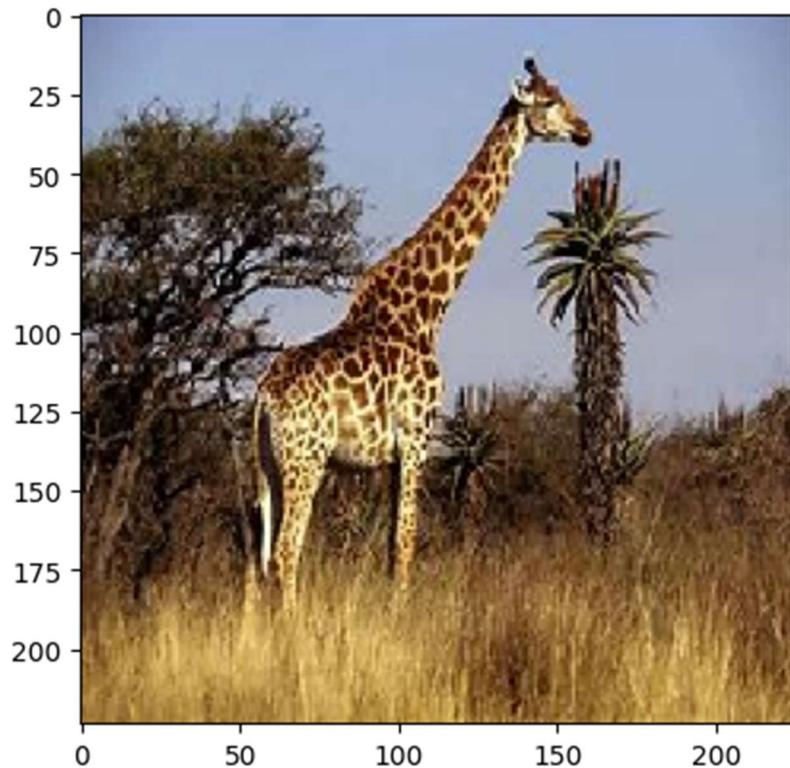
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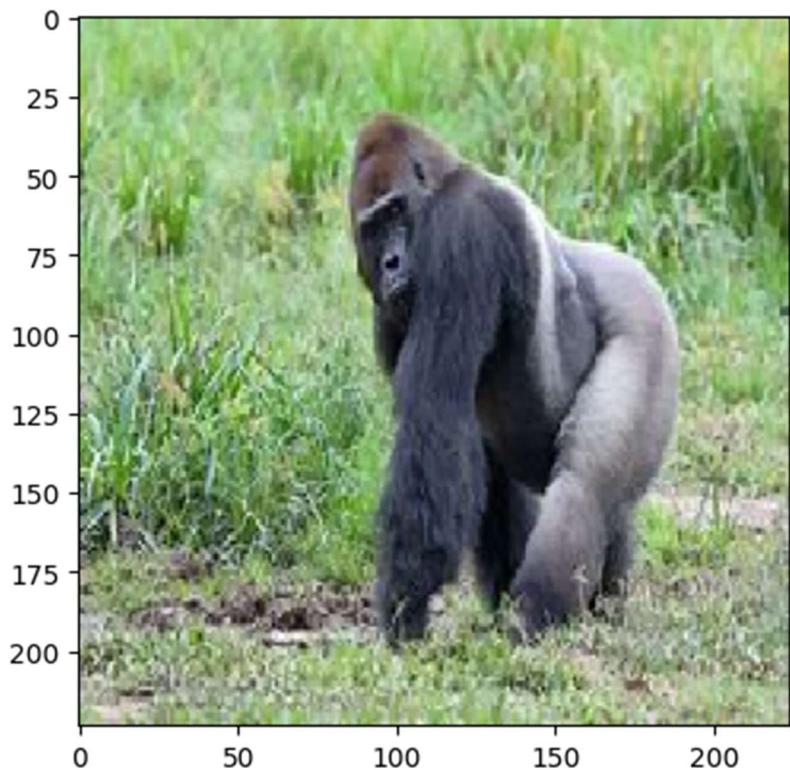
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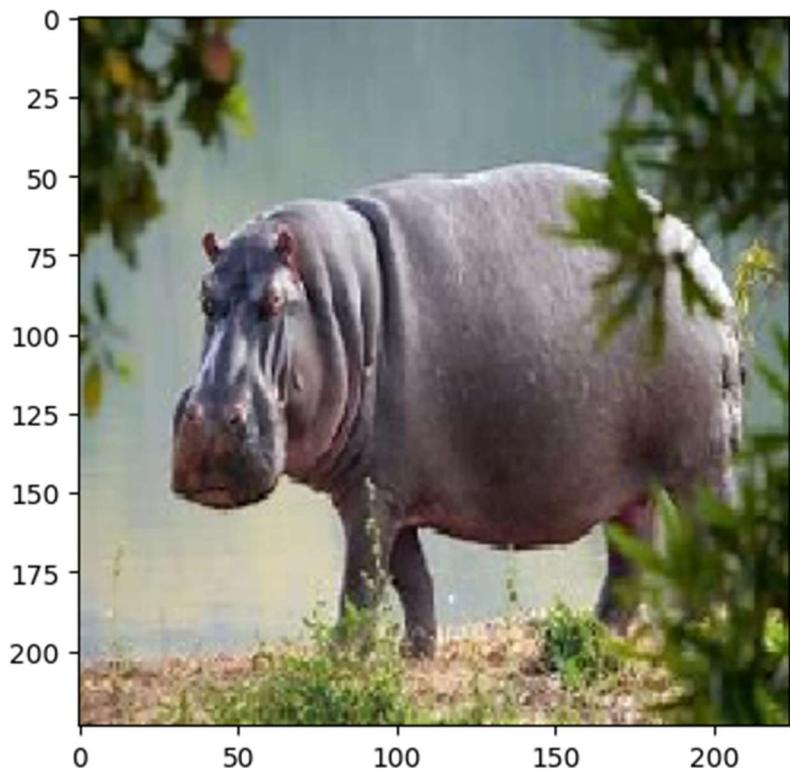
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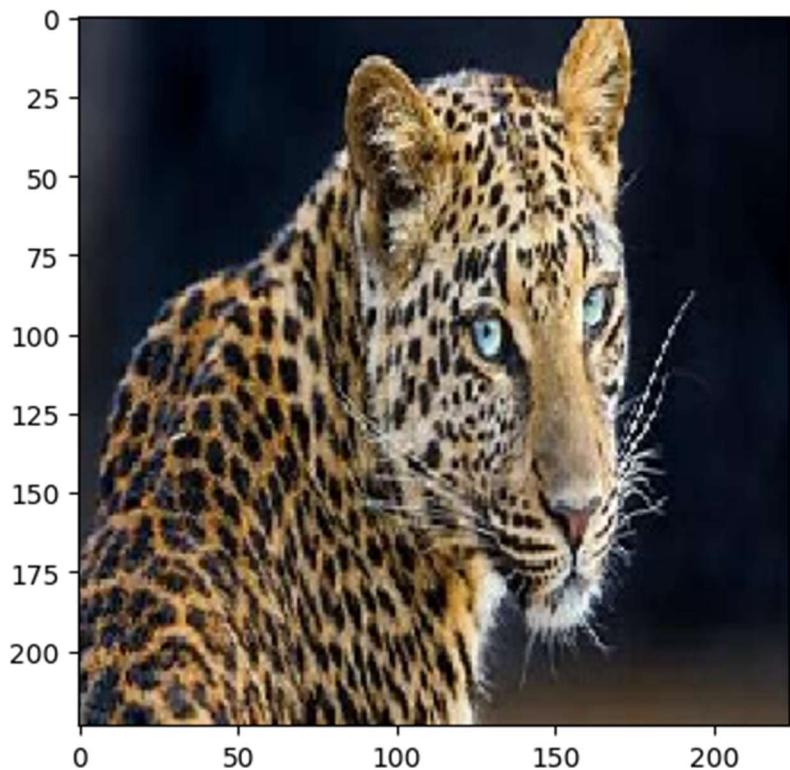
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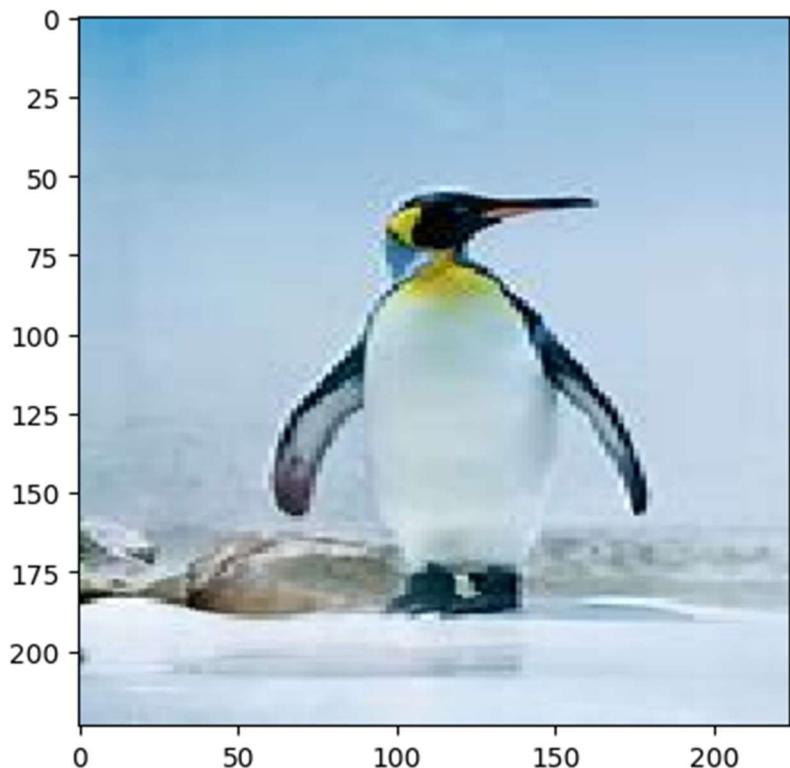
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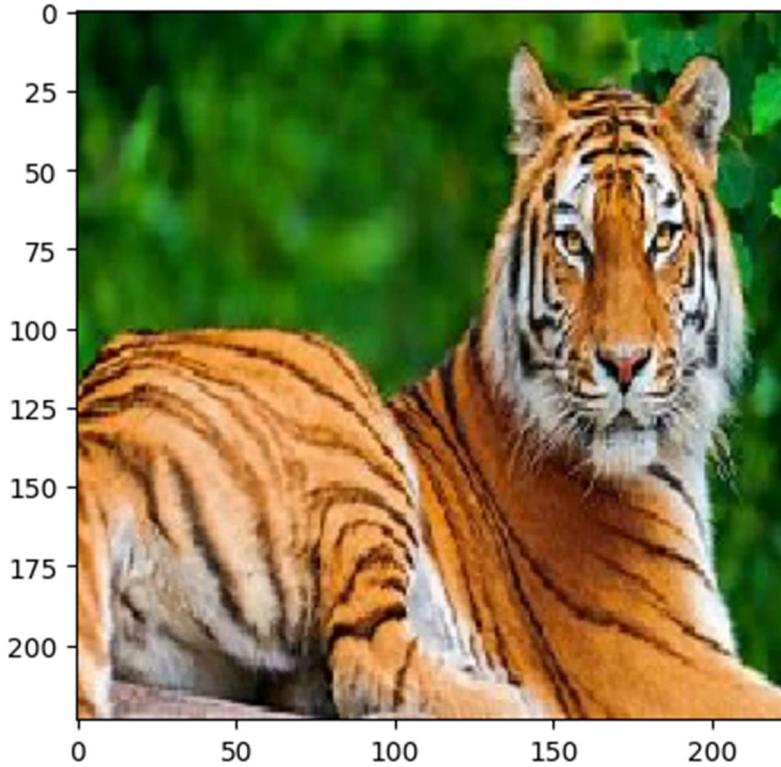


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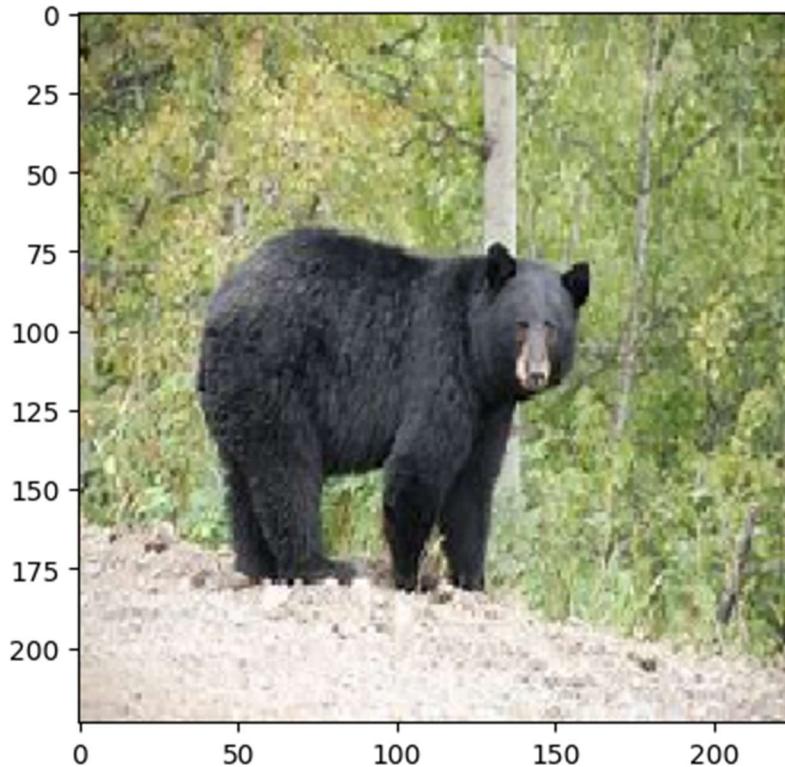
Create the predictions for each image using the ResNet50 model.

In [16]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array1 = image.img_to_array(img1)  
image_array1 = np.expand_dims(image_array1, axis =0)  
image_array1 = preprocess_input(image_array1)  
prediction1 = model.predict(image_array1)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction1, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img1)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict1 = {'Image 1': str(decode_predictions(prediction1, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'w') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict1.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

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Prediction: `[('n02133161', 'American_black_bear', 0.99549896)]`

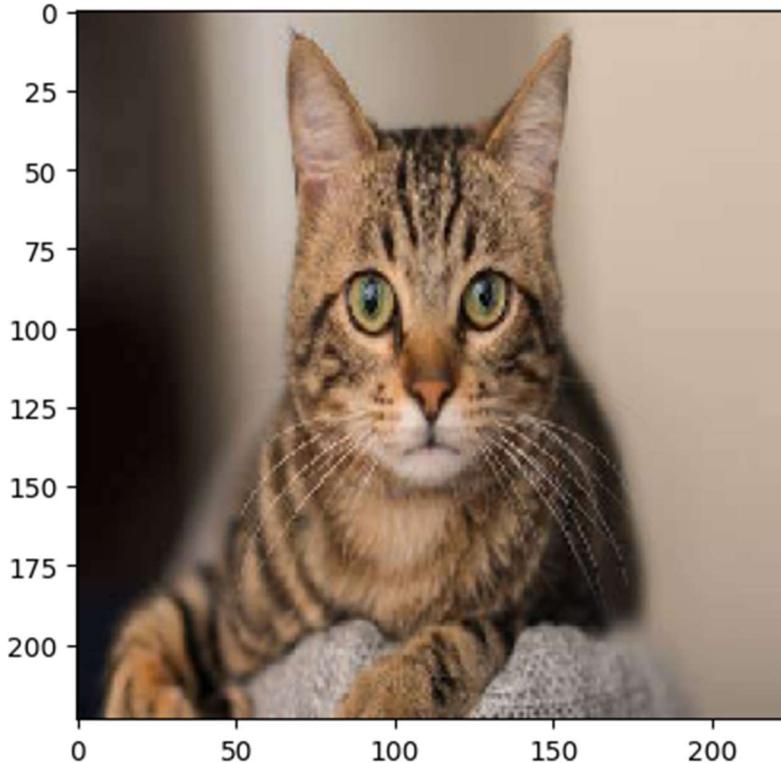


In [17]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array2 = image.img_to_array(img2)  
image_array2 = np.expand_dims(image_array2, axis =0)  
image_array2 = preprocess_input(image_array2)  
prediction2 = model.predict(image_array2)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction2, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img2)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict2 = {'Image 2': str(decode_predictions(prediction2, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict2.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

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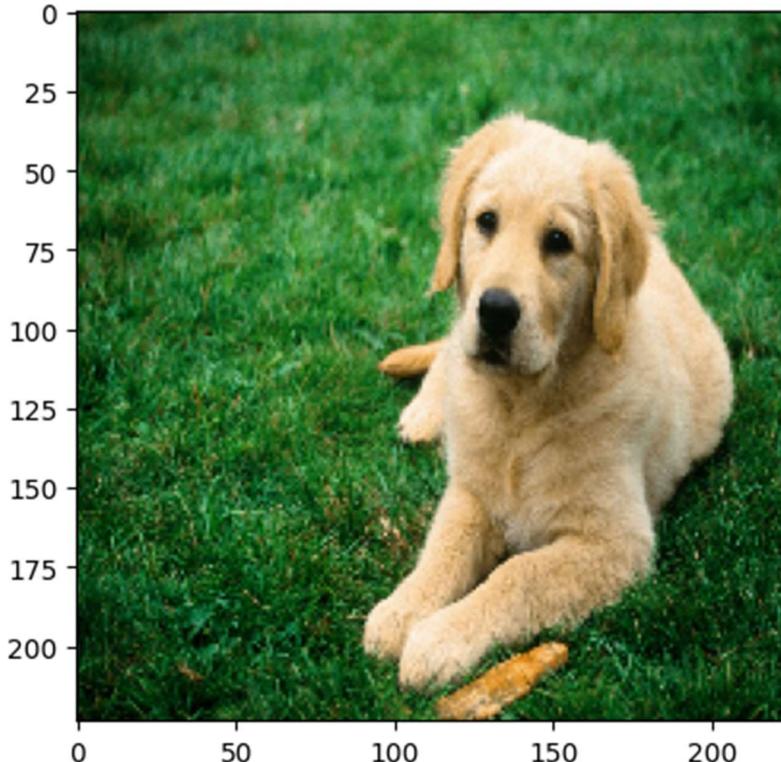
Prediction: ['n02123045', 'tabby', 0.64965636]



In [18]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array3 = image.img_to_array(img3)  
image_array3 = np.expand_dims(image_array3, axis =0)  
image_array3 = preprocess_input(image_array3)  
prediction3 = model.predict(image_array3)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction3, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img3)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict3 = {'Image 3': str(decode_predictions(prediction3, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict3.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

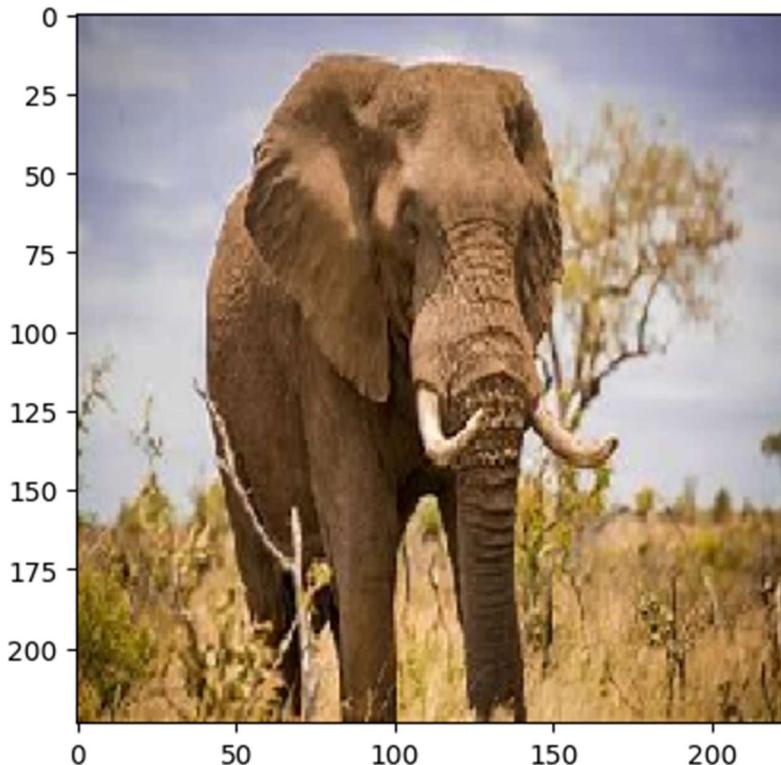
Prediction: [('n02099601', 'golden_retriever', 0.9001567)]



In [19]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array4 = image.img_to_array(img4)  
image_array4 = np.expand_dims(image_array4, axis =0)  
image_array4 = preprocess_input(image_array4)  
prediction4 = model.predict(image_array4)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction4, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img4)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict4 = {'Image 4': str(decode_predictions(prediction4, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict4.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n01871265', 'tusker', 0.6794936)]

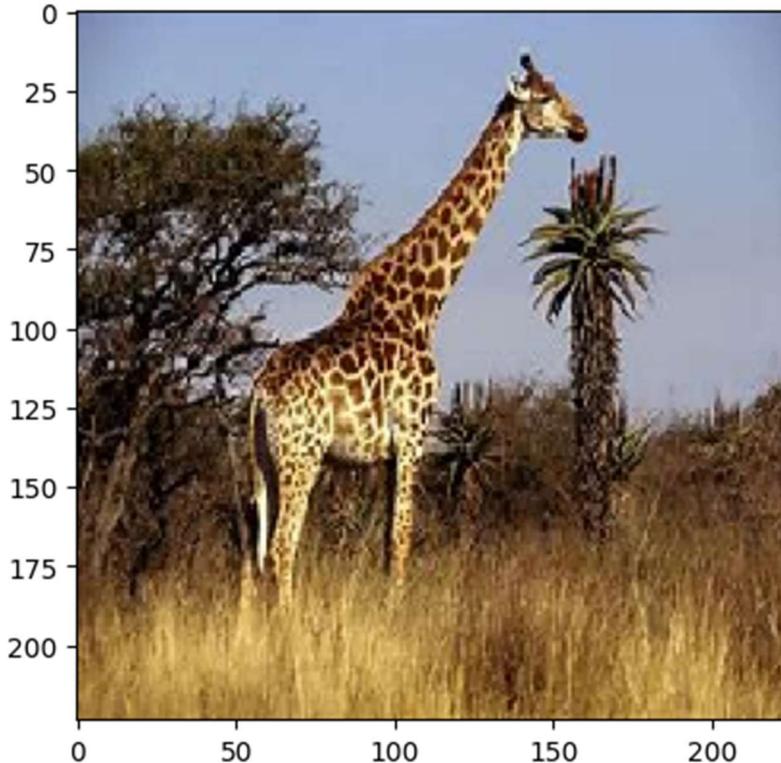


In [20]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array5 = image.img_to_array(img5)  
image_array5 = np.expand_dims(image_array5, axis =0)  
image_array5 = preprocess_input(image_array5)  
prediction5 = model.predict(image_array5)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction5, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img5)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict5 = {'Image 5': str(decode_predictions(prediction5, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict5.items():
```

```
writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02130308', 'cheetah', 0.98081505)]

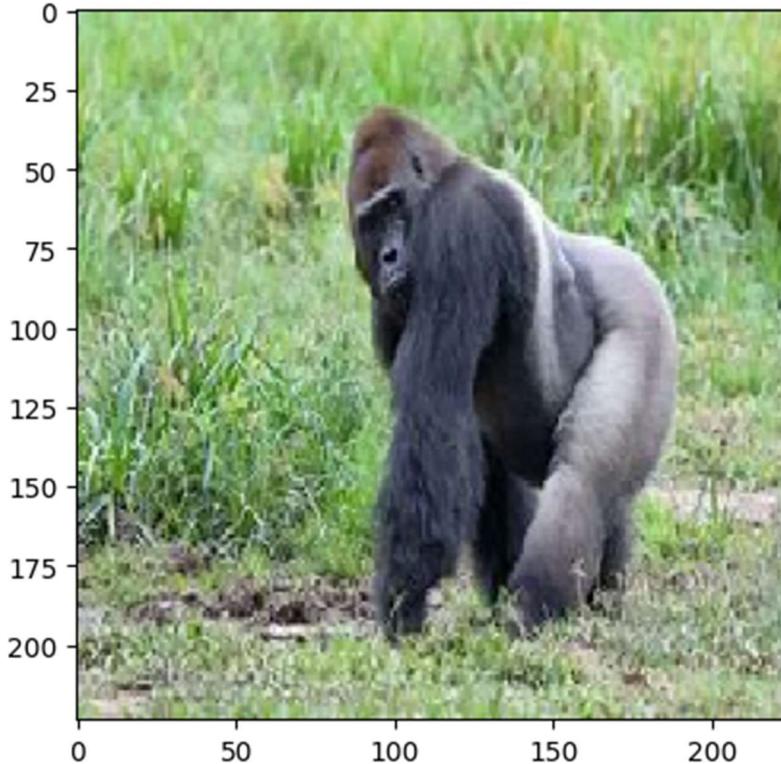


In [21]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array6 = image.img_to_array(img6)  
image_array6 = np.expand_dims(image_array6, axis = 0)  
image_array6 = preprocess_input(image_array6)  
prediction6 = model.predict(image_array6)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction6, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img6)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict6 = {'Image 6': str(decode_predictions(prediction6, top = 1)[0])}  
  
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
```

```
for key, value in test_dict6.items():
    writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: `[('n02480855', 'gorilla', 0.9995832)]`



In [22]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.
image_array7 = image.img_to_array(img7)
image_array7 = np.expand_dims(image_array7, axis =0)
image_array7 = preprocess_input(image_array7)
prediction7 = model.predict(image_array7)

## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction7, top = 1)[0]))
plt.imshow(img7)
plt.show()

## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')

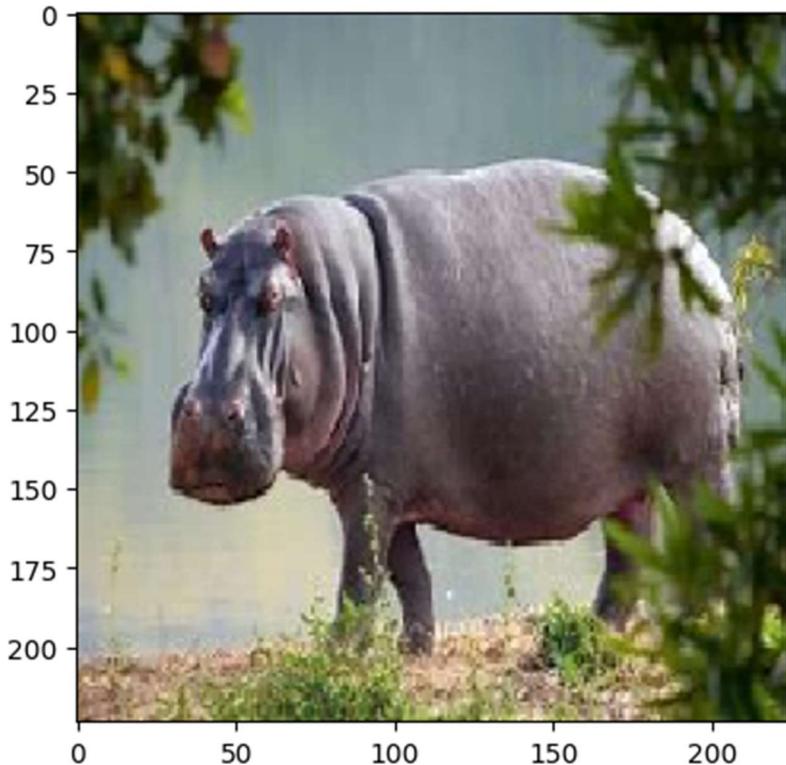
test_dict7 = {'Image 7': str(decode_predictions(prediction7, top = 1)[0])}

with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:
```

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```
writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
for key, value in test_dict7.items():
    writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02398521', 'hippopotamus', 0.9997882)]



In [23]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.
image_array8 = image.img_to_array(img8)
image_array8 = np.expand_dims(image_array8, axis =0)
image_array8 = preprocess_input(image_array8)
prediction8 = model.predict(image_array8)

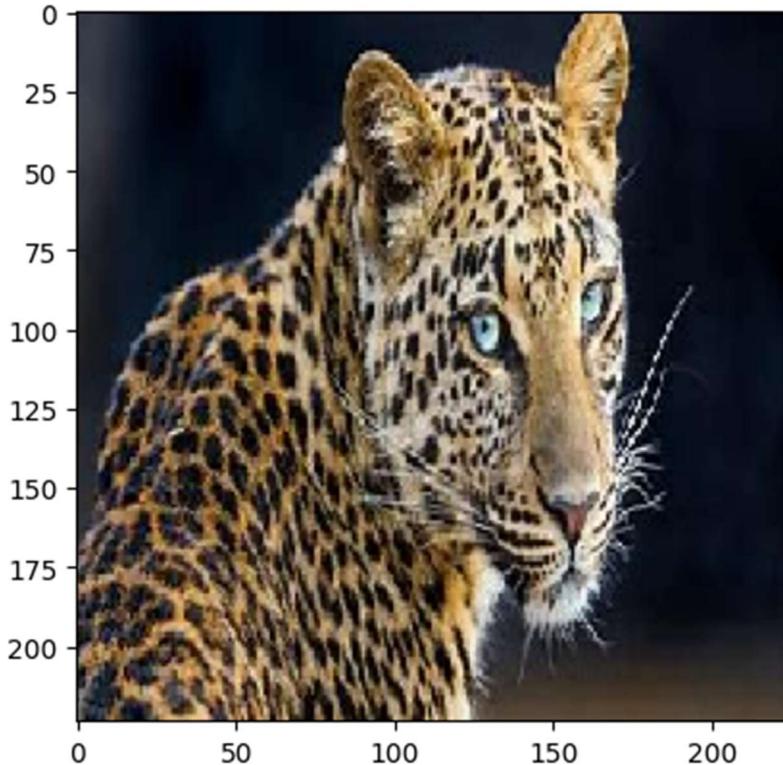
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction8, top = 1)[0]))
plt.imshow(img8)
plt.show()

## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')

test_dict8 = {'Image 8': str(decode_predictions(prediction8, top = 1)[0])}
```

```
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict8.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02128385', 'leopard', 0.91118056)]

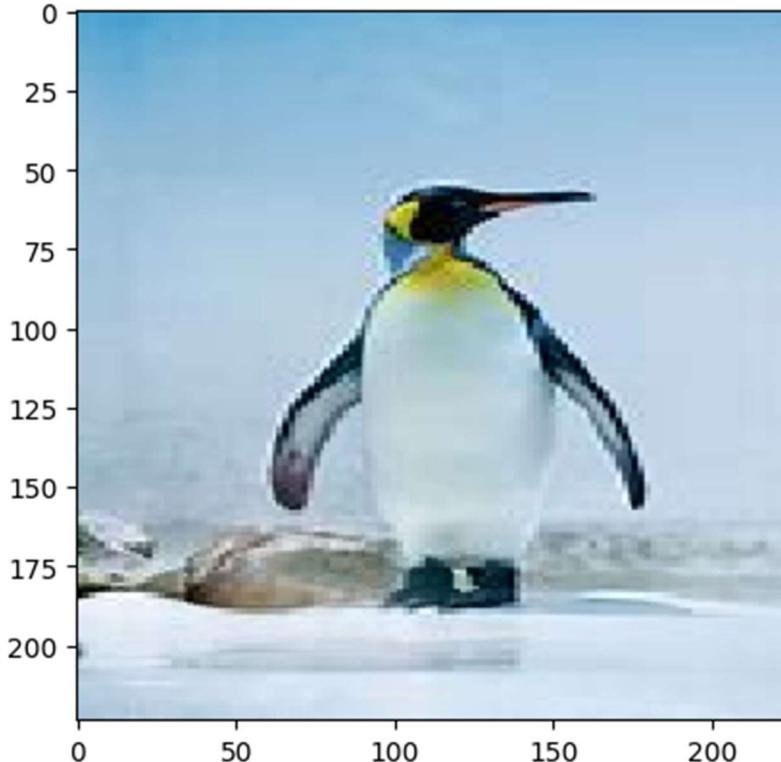


In [24]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array9 = image.img_to_array(img9)  
image_array9 = np.expand_dims(image_array9, axis = 0)  
image_array9 = preprocess_input(image_array9)  
prediction9 = model.predict(image_array9)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction9, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img9)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')  
  
test_dict9 = {'Image 9': str(decode_predictions(prediction9, top = 1)[0])}
```

```
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict9.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02056570', 'king_penguin', 0.99983263)]



In [25]:

```
## Adjust the image. Convert to numpy array, add batch dimension, and preprocess.  
image_array10 = image.img_to_array(img10)  
image_array10 = np.expand_dims(image_array10, axis =0)  
image_array10 = preprocess_input(image_array10)  
prediction10 = model.predict(image_array10)  
  
## Print the image and prediction here in the Jupyter Notebook.  
print("Prediction: {}".format(decode_predictions(prediction10, top = 1)[0]))  
plt.imshow(img10)  
plt.show()  
  
## Export the prediction to a prediction file as specified in the document.  
resnet50_predictions = resnet_dir.joinpath('assignment06-3_resnet50_predictions.csv')
```

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```
test_dict10 = {'Image 10': str(decode_predictions(prediction10, top = 1)[0])}
```

```
with open(resnet50_predictions, 'a') as csv_file:  
    writer = csv.writer(csv_file)  
    for key, value in test_dict10.items():  
        writer.writerow([key,value])
```

Prediction: [('n02129604', 'tiger', 0.85221666)]

