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1 # This is a sample Python script.
2
3 # Press Shift+F10 to execute it or replace it with your code.
4 # Press Double Shift to search everywhere for classes, files, tool windows, actions
  , and settings.
5 import cv2
6 import numpy as np
7 import copy
8
9 def move_up(cost_to_come,parent_node): #Applies up move, if there is obstacle
  returns original node
10     x = parent_node[0]
11     y = parent_node[1]
12     move = y+1
13     up = ((x,move), 1.0)
14     return up
15
16 def move_up_right(cost_to_come,parent_node): #Applies up_right move, if there is
  obstacle returns original node
17     x = parent_node[0]
18     y = parent_node[1]
19     movex = x + 1
20     movey = y + 1
21     up_right = ((movex, movey),1.4)
22     return up_right
23
24 def move_right(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank right after checking for
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24 obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
25     x = parent_node[0]
26     y = parent_node[1]
27     move = x + 1
28     right = ((move,y), 1.0)
29     return right
30
31 def move_down_right(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank right after checking for
    obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
32     x = parent_node[0]
33     y = parent_node[1]
34     movex = x + 1
35     movey= y-1
36     down_right = ((movex, movey),1.4)
37     return down_right
38
39 def move_down(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank right after checking for
    obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
40     x = parent_node[0]
41     y = parent_node[1]
42     movey= y-1
43     down = ((x, movey), 1.0)
44     return down
45
46 def move_down_left(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank right after checking for
    obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
47     x = parent_node[0]
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48 y = parent_node[1]
49 movey= y-1
50 movex= x-1
51 down_left = ((movex, movey),1.4)
52 return down_left
53
54 def move_left(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank left after checking for
    obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
55     x = parent_node[0]
56     y = parent_node[1]
57     movex = x - 1
58     left = ((movex, y), 1.0)
59     return left
60
61 def move_up_left(cost_to_come,parent_node): #moves blank left after checking for
    obstacle, if there is obstacle returns original node
62     x = parent_node[0]
63     y = parent_node[1]
64     movex = x - 1
65     movey = y+1
66     up_left = ((movex, movey),1.4)
67     return up_left
68
69 def generate_path(reverse_path):
70     next_node = []
71     while next_node != "N/A":
72         search_for = reverse_path[-1]
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73     reverse_path.append(cost_to_come[search_for]['parent node'])
74     next_node = cost_to_come[search_for]['parent node']
75
76     print("This is the reverse path from goal to start", reverse_path)
77
78     # This loop creates the forward path to goal
79     t = 0
80     forward_path = []
81     for t in range(len(reverse_path)):
82         forward_path.append(reverse_path.pop(-1))
83
84     # # this eliminates the start node from forward_path
85     forward_path.pop(0)
86     return forward_path
87
88 def check_for_goal(parent_node, goal_node):
89     SolutionFound=False
90     if parent_node == goal_node:
91         SolutionFound=True
92     return SolutionFound
93
94
95 cost_to_come=[]
96 visual_map=np.zeros((250, 600, 3), np.uint8)
97 visual_map[0:250,0:600,:] = [0,0,255]
98
99 x=0
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100 y=0
101 node = 0
102 cost_to_come={}
103 for x in range(600):
104     for y in range(250):
105         node=(x,y)
106         cost_to_come[node]={'x':0, 'y':0, 'parent node':"N/A", 'cost to come':0}
107 #cost_to_come = [node_id, x, y, parent node, cost to come]
108         if (x >= 95) and (x <= 155) and (y >= 0) and (y <= 105): #Obstacle A check
109             cost_to_come[node]={'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N/A", 'cost to come'
:-1.0}
110         else:
111             if (x >= 95) and (x <= 155) and (y >= 145) and (y <= 250): #Obstacle B
check
112             cost_to_come[node]={'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N/A", 'cost to
come':-1.0}
113         else:
114             #Obstacle C1 check
115             if (x >= 300 - 37.5*3**0.5-5) and (x <= 300) and (y >= -(1/3)**(0.5
)*(x-300)+(125-75-50**(0.5))) and (y <= (1/3)**(0.5)*(x-300)+(125+75+50**(0.5))):
116                 cost_to_come[node]={'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N/A", 'cost
to come':-1.0}
117         else:
118             #Obstacle C2 check
119             if (x <= 300 + 37.5*3**0.5+5) and (x >= 300) and (y >= (1/3)**(
0.5)*(x-300)+(125-75-50**(0.5))) and (y <= -(1/3)**(0.5)*(x-300)+(125+75+50**(0.5
))))):

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120         cost_to_come[node]={ 'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N/A", '
121         cost to come': -1.0}
122     else:
123         #Obstacle D check
124         if (x >= 455) and (y >= (105/60)*(x - 515) + 125) and (y
125         <= -1*(105/60)*(x - 515) + 125):
126             cost_to_come[node]={ 'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N/A"
127             , 'cost to come': -1.0}
128         else:
129             #Walls check
130             if (x <= 5) or (x >= 595) or (y <= 5) or (y >= 245):
131                 cost_to_come[node]={ 'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N
132                 /A", 'cost to come': -1.0}
133             else:
134                 cost_to_come[node]={ 'x': x, 'y': y, 'parent node': "N
135                 /A", 'cost to come': float('inf')}
136                 visual_map[y,x,:] = [100,100,100]
137                 # node = node + 1
138
139     #Visualize Space
140     cv2.imshow("Zeros matx", visual_map) # show numpy array
141     cv2.waitKey(0) # wait for any key to exit window
142     cv2.destroyAllWindows() # close all windows
143
144     SolutionFound = False
145     # parent_node=0
146     counter=0

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142
143 #Initialize the starting point
144 start_cost=0.0
145 bad_choice=True
146 while bad_choice == True:
147     start_x=input('What is the x coordinate (integer only) of your starting point?\n')
148     start_x=int(start_x)
149     start_y=input('What is the y coordinate (integer only) of your starting point?\n')
150     start_y=int(start_y)
151     start_node=(start_x,start_y)
152     if cost_to_come[start_node]['cost to come'] == -1:
153         print('This is an invalid starting position, please try again.\n')
154     else:
155         bad_choice=False
156
157 cost_to_come[start_node]['cost to come']=0.0
158
159 #Define goal node by x,y coordinates
160 bad_choice = True
161 while bad_choice == True:
162     goal_x = input('What is the x coordinate (integer only) of your target position\n')
163     goal_x=int(goal_x)
164     goal_y = input('What is the y coordinate (integer only) of your target position\n')
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165 goal_y=int(goal_y)
166 goal_node=(goal_x, goal_y)
167 if cost_to_come[goal_node]['cost to come'] == -1:
168     print('This is an invalid target position, please try again.\n')
169 else:
170     bad_choice = False
171
172 #Initialize list of nodes that need to be expanded/investigated/have moves applied
173 queue={}
174 queue[start_node]=cost_to_come[start_node]['cost to come']
175 #print(queue)
176 closed_list = []
177 while SolutionFound!=True:           #counter<10:
178     # print("Counter", counter)
179     #sort queue for lowest cost_to_come
180     # cost_order={}
181
182     queue=sorted(queue.items(), key = lambda cost: cost[1])
183
184     # identify the parent node and eliminate it from the list of nodes that need to
be investigated
185     parent_node=queue.pop(0)
186     parent_node=parent_node[0]
187     queue=dict(queue)
188     # check if the last popped node is a match for goal
189     # if it's a match, initializes reverse_path list and adds node to node map
190

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191 SolutionFound=check_for_goal(parent_node, goal_node)
192 if SolutionFound == True:
193     print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
194     reverse_path = [goal_node,cost_to_come[goal_node]['parent node']]
195     print(reverse_path)
196     break
197
198     closed_list.append(parent_node)
199
200 # # #perform "moves" on "parent" node to create "new" nodes
201 # # #each function checks for a valid move, if not valid, returns "parent" node
202
203 up=move_up(cost_to_come,parent_node)
204 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
205 # print(cost_to_come[up])
206
207 up_right=move_up_right(cost_to_come,parent_node)
208 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
209 # print(cost_to_come[up_right])
210 right=move_right(cost_to_come,parent_node)
211 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
212 # print(cost_to_come[right])
213 down_right=move_down_right(cost_to_come,parent_node)
214 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
215 # print(cost_to_come[down_right])
216 down=move_down(cost_to_come,parent_node)
217 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])

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218 # print(cost_to_come[down])
219 down_left=move_down_left(cost_to_come,parent_node)
220 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
221 # print(cost_to_come[down_left])
222 left=move_left(cost_to_come,parent_node)
223 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
224 # print(cost_to_come[left])
225 up_left=move_up_left(cost_to_come,parent_node)
226 # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
227 # print(cost_to_come[up_left])
228
229 #stores the "new" nodes in another dictionary for future use in loop
230 action_dict={0:up, 1:up_right,2:right,3:down_right,4:down,5:down_left,6:left, 7
                : up_left}
231
232 #initialize variable before loop begins
233 match=False
234
235 #for each action in action_dict loop runs (outer for-loop)
236 for j in range(len(action_dict)):
237     match=False
238     #inner for-loop checks one "new" node from action_dict to determine
239     for i in range(len(closed_list) - 1, -1, -1):
240         # print("length closed list =", + len(closed_list))
241         #checks if "new" node is already in the closed list
242         if action_dict[j][0] == closed_list[i] or cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]
                ]['cost to come'] == -1:

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243     i=i+1
244     break
245     #checks if "new" node is in an obstacle space
246     # if cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]]['cost to come'] == -1:
247     #     i=i+1
248     #     break
249     #if node is not in an obstacle or in the closed list, calc new cost-to-
    come
250     # print(cost_to_come[parent_node])
251     new_cost_to_come = cost_to_come[parent_node]['cost to come'] +
    action_dict[j][1]
252     if cost_to_come[parent_node]['cost to come'] + action_dict[j][1] <
    cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]]['cost to come']:
253         cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]]['cost to come']=cost_to_come[
    parent_node]['cost to come'] + action_dict[j][1]
254         cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]]['parent node']=parent_node
255         node=action_dict[j][0]
256         queue[node]=cost_to_come[action_dict[j][0]]['cost to come']
257         counter=counter+1
258     # print(counter)
259     #This loop creates the reverse path by searching for the next parent node until the
    start node's parent "NA" is found
260     forward_path=generate_path(reverse_path)
261
262     cv2.imshow("Zeros matx", visual_map) # show numpy array
263     cv2.waitKey(0) # wait for ay key to exit window
264     cv2.destroyAllWindows() # close all windows

```

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265
266
267 x=[]
268 y=[]
269 visual_map_explore=visual_map
270 for i in range(len(closed_list)):
271     coord=closed_list[i]
272     x=250-int(coord[1])
273     y=int(coord[0])
274     visual_map_explore[x][y]=0
275     cv2.imshow("Zeros matx", visual_map_explore) # show numpy array
276     cv2.waitKey(1) # wait for ay key to exit window
277
278 cv2.destroyAllWindows() # close all windows
279
280 x=[]
281 y=[]
282 for i in range(len(forward_path)):
283     coord=forward_path[i]
284     x=250-int(coord[1])
285     y=int(coord[0])
286     visual_map[x,y,:]= [0,255,0]
287     cv2.imshow("Zeros matx", visual_map) # show numpy array
288     cv2.waitKey(50) # wait for ay key to exit window
289
290 cv2.waitKey(0) # wait for ay key to exit window
291
```

```
292 cv2.destroyAllWindows() # close all windows
```

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293
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294
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