Exercise Sheet 06 Solutions – Python Packages

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Exercise 1: Mouse in the maze

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File: __init__.py
# Errata:
# Instead of using these two statements:
      import mazesolver.io
      import mazesolver.solver
# It is besser to use the directory relative statements:
from . import io
from . import solver
# This basically allows to import mazesolver in the following directory
# structure:
#
     working_directory
     - solution
         - mazesolver
              - __init__.py
              - io.py
              - solver.py
# With the above mentioned imports, it's impossible to do:
#
     import solution.mazesolver
# The corrected version with the dot notation (from . import...) allows this.
# For more information, please refer to PEP 328:
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https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0328/
File: io.py
"""This module handles the mazesolver's input and output.
Mainly this means printing to the terminal and reading the
starting configurations.
import sys
def load_maze(filename):
    """Loads a maze.
   Loads a maze from a given filename.
    A maze file contains the layout of the maze as rows of numbers separated by
    spaces. The numbers encode the following:
        0: Empty space.
        1: Starting position.
        2: Wall space (not accessible).
        3: Cheese position.
    Note that only exactly one 1 and one 3 are allowed. (This is not checked.)
        filename: The file to be read.
    Returns:
       A list containing a list per line.
       For example if the file contained:
           222222
           210032
           222222
        The resulting list would look like this:
            [[2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2],
             [2, 1, 0, 0, 3, 2],
             [2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2]]
```

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11 11 11
   with open(filename, 'r') as maze_file:
        lines = maze_file.read().splitlines()
    return [[int(x) for x in line.split(' ')] for line in lines]
def print_maze(maze, file=sys.stdout):
    """Prints the maze to the file.
    Args:
        maze: The maze to print.
        file: The file to print to, defaults to sys.stdout.
    for row in maze:
        print(' '.join([str(v) for v in row]), file=file)
def store_maze(maze, filename):
    """Stores a maze into a file.
    The maze is stored in the same layout as described in load_maze(filename).
    Args:
        maze: A maze as lists of lists.
       filename: The file to store the maze in.
   with open(filename, 'w') as maze_file:
        print_maze(maze, maze_file)
File: solver.py
"""This module handles the maze solving."""
def solve_maze(maze, y, x):
    """Solves a maze recursively.
    The maze will be modified in-place!
    The maze should be a list of lists (each inner list representing
    a row). y and x denote the current position of the mouse, where
    y is the row index and x the column index.
    The maze solver works with backtracking:
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If the maze is not solved:
            For all directions:
                If direction is free (i.e. the maze has a 0 in the next space):
                    Walk into the direction (set the next space to 1)
                    Solve the maze from the new position.
                    If solving was successful:
                        return True
                    Otherwise:
                        Reset the field to O.
                Elif the cheese is found (next space is 3):
                    return True
    Args:
        maze: The maze.
        y: The mouse row.
        x: The mouse column.
        True if the maze was solved successfully, else False.
    if not solved(maze):
        for yshift, xshift in [(-1, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1)]:
            if not maze[y + yshift][x + xshift]:
                maze[y + yshift][x + xshift] = 1
                success = solve_maze(maze, y + yshift, x + xshift)
                if success:
                    return True
                else:
                    maze[y + yshift][x + xshift] = 0
            elif maze[y + yshift][x + xshift] == 3:
                return True
    return False
def solved(maze):
    """Checks if the maze was solved.
    The maze is solved, if there is no 3 to be found.
    Returns:
        True if the maze has no 3.
    for row in maze:
        if 3 in row:
            return False
```

```
return True
def get_start(maze):
    """Searches for the 1 inside the maze.
    Returns:
        The row and column of the found 1.
        E.g. if 1 was in row 3 and column 4, this would return:
        If there is no 1 in the maze, this returns
            -1, -1
    for y, row in enumerate(maze):
        for x, col in enumerate(row):
            if col == 1:
                return y, x
   return -1, -1
File: solve_maze.py
import os
import sys
import mazesolver
def main():
    """Searches for a possible way inside a maze.
    By default it searches the medium_maze, but if started with a program
    argument, it will use the provided maze, e.g.:
        python solve_maze.py mazes/simple_maze.txt
   Prints the loaded maze, solves the maze if possible, and prints a
    result or notification about the failure.
   maze_file = os.path.join('mazes', 'medium_maze.txt')
    if len(sys.argv) > 1:
       maze_file = sys.argv[1]
   maze = mazesolver.io.load_maze(maze_file)
   print('Input')
   mazesolver.io.print_maze(maze)
```

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y, x = mazesolver.solver.get_start(maze)
if y == -1:
    print('No start given!')
    return

success = mazesolver.solver.solve_maze(maze, y, x)

if success:
    print('Way found!')
    mazesolver.io.print_maze(maze)
else:
    print('No possible way.')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Output:

```
Input
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2
2 0 2 0 2 2 0 2 2
2 0 2 0 2 2 0 2 2
2 0 2 0 0 2 2 2 2
2 0 2 0 2 2 2 3 2
2 0 2 2 2 0 0 0 2
2 0 0 0 2 0 0 2 2
2 0 2 2 2 0 0 2 2
2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Way found!
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2
2 1 2 0 2 2 0 2 2
2 1 2 0 2 2 0 2 2
2 1 2 0 0 2 2 2 2
2 1 2 0 2 2 2 3 2
2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2
2 1 0 0 2 1 0 2 2
2 1 2 2 2 1 0 2 2
2 1 1 1 1 1 0 2 2
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
```