Exercise Sheet 08 Solutions – Practical Python

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Deadline: Mon, 29 May 2017 08:00 +0200

Exercise 1: There's always more than one way to solve a problem!

```
File: manyways.py
import string
import itertools
def loops():
    list1 = []
    for i in string.ascii_lowercase:
        list1.append(ord(i))
    list2 = []
    for i in range(1, 100):
        if i % 3 and i % 5:
            list2.append(i)
    list3 = []
    for i in range(1, 4):
        for j in range(1, 4):
            list3.append((i, j))
    list4 = []
    for i in range(1, 4):
        for j in range(1, 4):
            list4.append(i + j)
    return list1, list2, list3, list4
def lambdas():
```

```
list1 = list(map(ord, string.ascii_lowercase))
    list2 = list(filter(lambda x: x % 3 and x % 5, range(1, 100)))
    list3 = list(itertools.product(range(1, 4), range(1, 4)))
    # alternatively, you can reuse list3:
    # list4 = list(map(sum, list3))
    list4 = list(map(sum, itertools.product(range(1, 4), range(1, 4))))
    return list1, list2, list3, list4
def list_comprehensions():
    list1 = [ord(s) for s in string.ascii_lowercase]
    list2 = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(1, 100) \text{ if } x \% 3 \text{ and } x \% 5]
    list3 = [(x, y) \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(1, 4) \text{ for } y \text{ in range}(1, 4)]
    list4 = [x + y \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(1, 4) \text{ for } y \text{ in range}(1, 4)]
    return list1, list2, list3, list4
def main():
    print('Loops:')
    print(*loops(), sep='\n')
    print('Lambdas:')
    print(*lambdas(), sep='\n')
    print('List comprehensions:')
    print(*list_comprehensions(), sep='\n')
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Output:

```
Loops:
[97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115
[1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 22, 23, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 44,
[(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)]
[2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 6]
Lambdas:
[97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115
```

```
[1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 22, 23, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 44, [(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)]
[2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 6]
List comprehensions:
[97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115
[1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 22, 23, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 34, 37, 38, 41, 43, 44, [(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)]
[2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 6]
```

Exercise 2: Passing functions

```
File: carsorter.py
class Car:
    def __init__(self, cost, maintenance, doors, seats, luggage, safety):
        self.cost = cost
        self.maintenance = maintenance
        try:
            self.doors = int(doors)
        except ValueError:
            self.doors = doors
        try:
            self.seats = int(seats)
        except ValueError:
            self.seats = seats
        self.luggage = luggage
        self.safety = safety
   def __repr__(self):
        return 'Car({}, {}, {}, {}, {})'.format(self.cost,
                                                     self.maintenance,
                                                     self.doors,
                                                     self.seats,
                                                     self.luggage,
                                                     self.safety)
    def __str__(self):
        return 'Car: {} seats, {} luggage, {} doors'.format(self.seats,
                                                             self.luggage,
                                                             self.doors)
def read_cars(filename):
```

```
"""Reads cars and creates car instances.
   Drops the evaluation column.
   Arqs:
    filename: the name of the file containing the car data
   with open(filename, 'r') as carfile:
       return [Car(*(car.split(',')[:-1]))
               for car in carfile.read().splitlines()]
def comfort_evaluation(car):
    """Calculates a comfort value for a car.
    The comfort value is the sum of mapped doors, seats and luggage:
       map\_to
               door seats luggage
                 2
                         2
                                small
          1
                  3
                         4
                                 med
          3
                 4
                        more
                                 big
                5more
   Args:
       car: The car to evaluate.
   Returns:
       A comfort value. For a car with three doors, four seats and a small
       luggage boot, this would be 2 + 2 + 1 = 5.
   doors = [2, 3, 4, '5more'].index(car.doors) + 1
   seats = [2, 4, 'more'].index(car.seats) + 1
   luggage = ['small', 'med', 'big'].index(car.luggage) + 1
   return doors + seats + luggage
def main():
    """Reads the cars and sorts them. Prints sorted cars."""
   cars = read_cars('car.data')
   cars = sorted(cars, key=comfort_evaluation)
   print(*cars[::100], sep='\n')
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Output:

```
Car: 2 seats, small luggage, 2 doors
Car: 2 seats, small luggage, 3 doors
Car: more seats, small luggage, 2 doors
Car: 2 seats, big luggage, 2 doors
Car: 2 seats, med luggage, 3 doors
Car: 4 seats, small luggage, 4 doors
Car: 4 seats, big luggage, 2 doors
Car: more seats, med luggage, 2 doors
Car: 2 seats, big luggage, 3 doors
Car: 4 seats, med luggage, 4 doors
Car: more seats, small luggage, 4 doors
Car: 2 seats, med luggage, 5more doors
Car: more seats, big luggage, 2 doors
Car: more seats, small luggage, 5more doors
Car: more seats, med luggage, 4 doors
Car: more seats, big luggage, 3 doors
Car: more seats, big luggage, 4 doors
Car: more seats, big luggage, 5more doors
```