

Smart-beta portfolios

A machine learning approach

FACTOR INVESTING

The seeds of factor investing were sown in the 1960s, when the capital asset pricing model (CAPM) was first introduced. The CAPM posited that every stock has some level of sensitivity to the movement of the broader market—measured as beta.

Stephen Ross introduced an extension of the CAPM called the arbitrage pricing theory (APT) in 1976.

Widely used factors: Size, Value, Momentum, Growth, Quality, Volatility.







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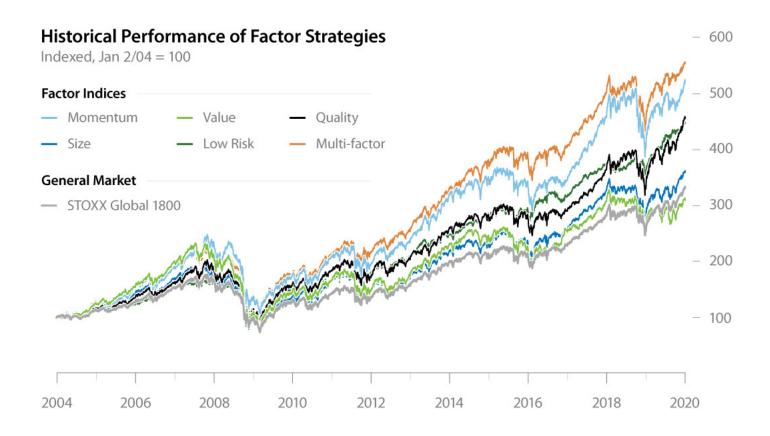
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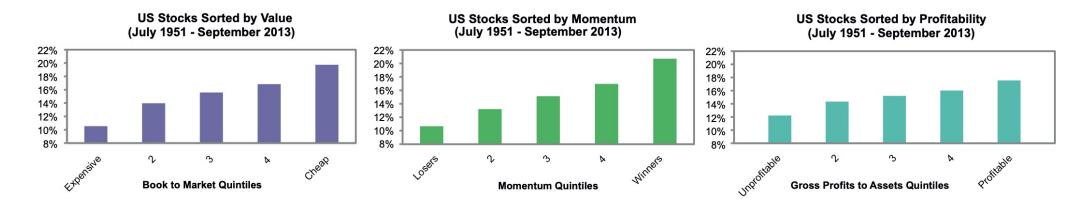
FACTOR INVESTING





AD-HOC APPROACH

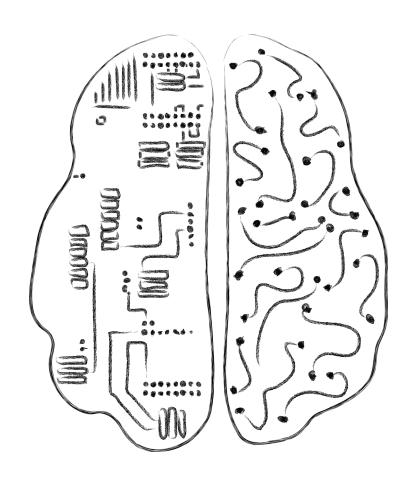


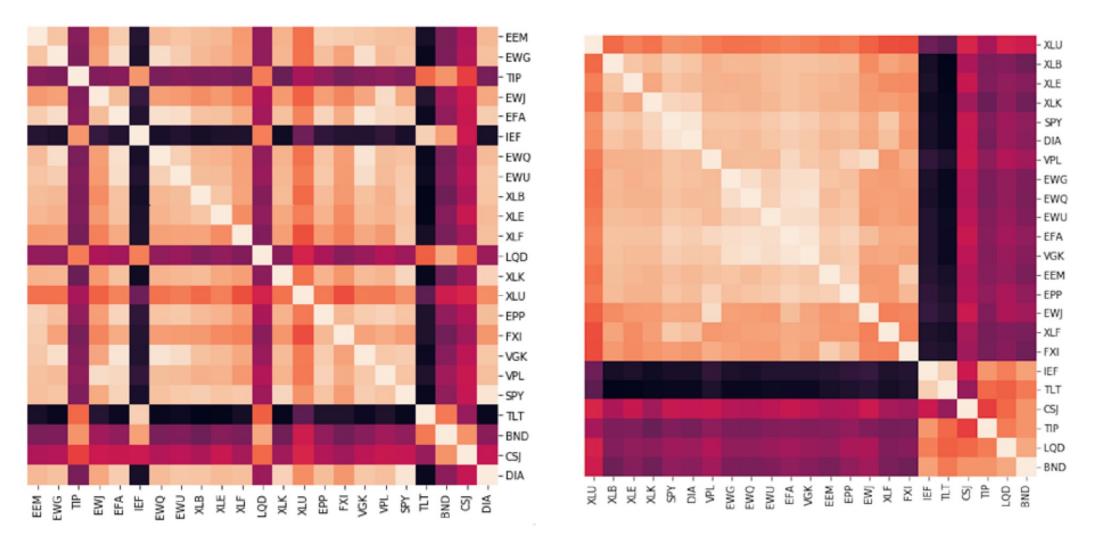


Sources: Ken French Data Library, AQR. Value and Momentum quintiles based on decile-level information provided by Ken French. Profitability quintiles are based on CRSP/Compustat data, using the same universe as the Ken French Value and Momentum series. The profitability quintiles are based on a single factor – Gross Profits over Assets (GPOA). Returns are gross of transaction costs.

WHAT CAN GO WRONG?

HIERARCHICAL RISK PARITY ALGORITHM





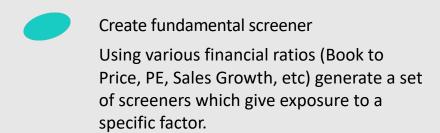
Unclustered Correlations

Clustered Correlations



ML APPROACH

We can use fundamental data screening to get exposure to a specific factor(s) combined with unsupervised machine learning portfolio optimization.



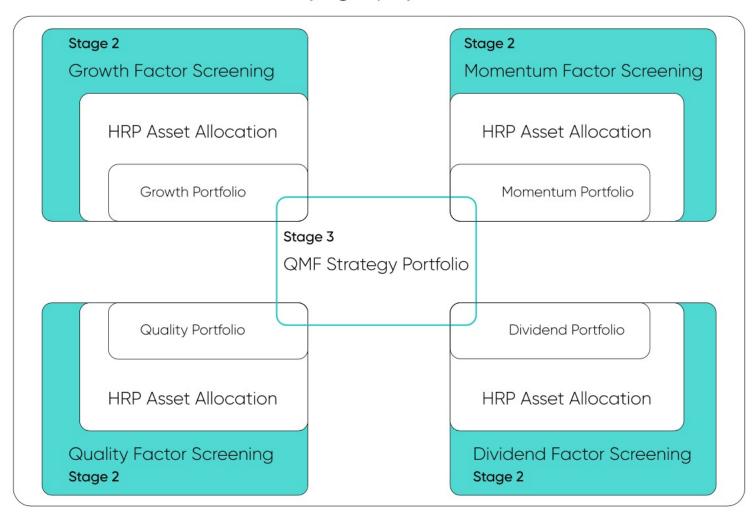
Apply HRP algorithm

Find optimized portfolio out of a universe filtered by a fundamental screener.

Mix factors!

Get allocation for each factorportfolio (screener) using HRP algorithm.

Stage 1
Identifying Equity Universe



FRAMEWORKS



Bloomberg









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