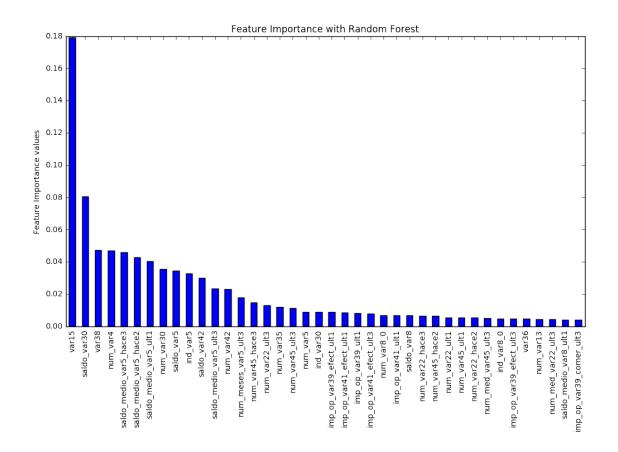
RandomForest

May 23, 2017

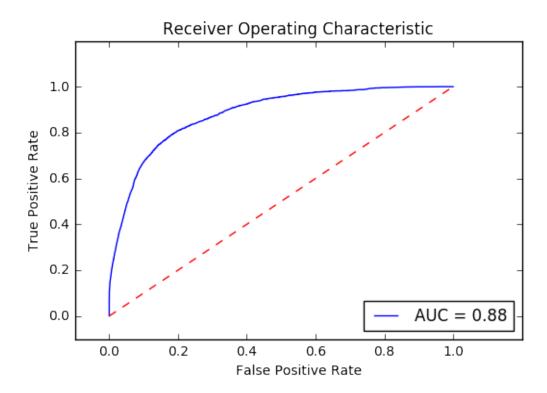
```
In [12]: import numpy as np # linear algebra
         import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
         from subprocess import check_output
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         #from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.grid_search import GridSearchCV
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [13]: # Load the datasets
         train = pd.read_csv("/Users/jyothi/Desktop/santender/train.csv")
         test = pd.read_csv("/Users/jyothi/Desktop/santender/test.csv")
In [14]: train_y = train['TARGET']
         train_x = train
         train_x.drop(['ID', 'TARGET'], axis=1, inplace=True)
         test_id = test['ID']
         del test['ID']
In [15]: # Fixing the outliers in column 'var3'
         train_x['var3'].replace(-999999,0, inplace=True)
         test['var3'].replace(-999999,0, inplace=True)
         # Remove all the columns which have constant values.
         # These columns have zero std deviation.
         rm col=[]
         for col in train x.columns:
             if train x[col].std() == 0:
                 rm_col.append(col)
         train_x.drop(rm_col, axis=1, inplace=True)
         test.drop(rm_col, axis=1, inplace=True)
In [16]: # Remove the duplicate columns.
         # Here we have columns with different name but exactly same values for each
         # We will compare each columns with all other columns
         dups_col = []
         for ii in range(len(train_x.columns)-1):
             for jj in range(ii+1,len(train_x.columns)):
```

```
col1=train_x.columns[ii]
                 col2=train_x.columns[jj]
                 # take the columns as arrays adn then compare the values.
                 if np.array_equal(train_x[col1].values, train_x[col2].values) and
                     dups col.append(col2)
         train_x.drop(dups_col, axis=1, inplace=True)
         test.drop(dups_col, axis=1, inplace=True)
In [17]: # Define a classifier
         rf_clf = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=15,n_estimators=70, min_samples_
                                           min_samples_split=100, random_state=10)
         # Train the model
         rf_clf.fit(train_x,train_y)
Out[17]: RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class_weight=None, criterion='gini
                     max_depth=15, max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None,
                     min_impurity_split=1e-07, min_samples_leaf=50,
                     min_samples_split=100, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0,
                     n_estimators=70, n_jobs=1, oob_score=False, random_state=10,
                     verbose=0, warm_start=False)
In [18]: # Plot the top 40 important features
         imp_feat_rf = pd.Series(rf_clf.feature_importances_, index=train_x.columns
         imp_feat_rf[:40].plot(kind='bar', title='Feature Importance with Random Fo
         plt.ylabel('Feature Importance values')
         plt.subplots_adjust(bottom=0.25)
         plt.savefig('FeatImportance.png')
         plt.show()
```



grid_clf = GridSearchCV(select_rf_clf,param_grid,cv=5)

```
grid_clf.fit(train_x_sub,train_y)
         # Take the best model
         best_rf_clf = grid_clf.best_estimator_
         # Make prediction with test data
         predicted_proba = best_rf_clf.predict_proba(train_x_sub)
In [32]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn import cross_validation
         import sklearn
         from sklearn.metrics import roc_cur
         from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
In [29]: print('Overall AUC:', roc_auc_score(train_y, predicted_proba[:,1]))
Overall AUC: 0.882347253413
In [36]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
         false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, thresholds = sklearn.metrics.roc_
         roc_auc = sklearn.metrics.auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
In [37]: plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic')
         plt.plot(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate, 'b',
         label='AUC = %0.2f'% roc_auc)
         plt.legend(loc='lower right')
         plt.plot([0,1],[0,1],'r--')
         plt.xlim([-0.1, 1.2])
         plt.ylim([-0.1, 1.2])
         plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
         plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
         plt.show()
```



In []: