Homework: lubridate and purrr

Instructions

Complete the following exercises using the lubridate and purrr packages in R. Ensure that

your solutions are optimized and use functional programming principles where applicable.

1. Load the necessary libraries.

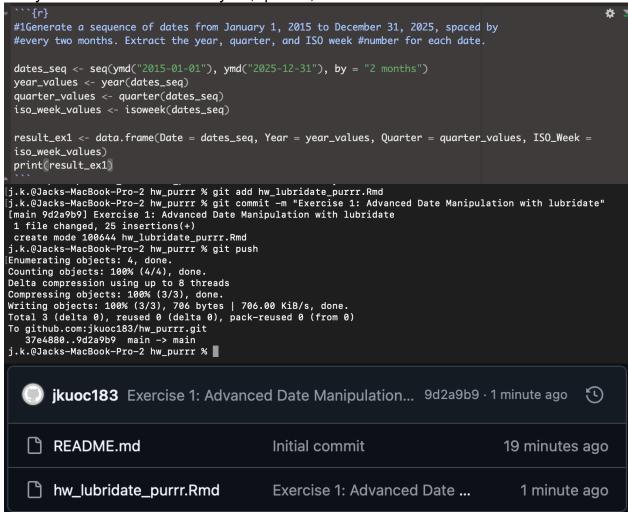
- 2. Answer each question in separate R code chunks.
- 3. Provide detailed explanations for your approach.
- 4. Submit the rendered HTML file.

Link: https://github.com/jkuoc183/hw purrr

SSH: git@github.com:jkuoc183/hw purrr.git

Exercise 1: Advanced Date Manipulation with lubridate (Commit) Question 1:

Generate a sequence of dates from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2025, spaced by every two months. Extract the year, quarter, and ISO week number for each date.



Exercise 2: Complex Date Arithmetic

Question 2:

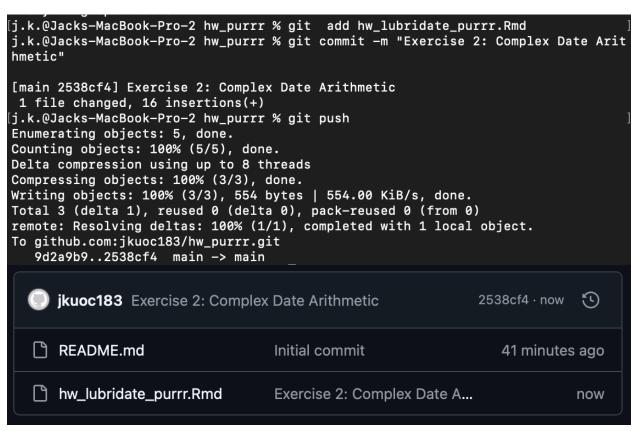
Given the following dates, compute the difference in months and weeks between each consecutive pair.

sample_dates <- c("2018-03-15", "2020-07-20", "2023-01-10", "2025-09-05")

```
#2
sample_dates <- ymd(c("2018-03-15", "2020-07-20", "2023-01-10", "2025-09-05"))

month_diffs <- diff(sample_dates) / dmonths(1)
week_diffs <- diff(sample_dates) / dweeks(1)

result_ex2 <- data.frame(
    Start_Date = sample_dates[-length(sample_dates)],
    End_Date = sample_dates[-1],
    Month_Difference = month_diffs,
    Week_Difference = week_diffs
)
print(result_ex2)</pre>
```



Exercise 3: Higher-Order Functions with purrr Question 3:

Using map() and map_dbl(), compute the mean, median, and standard deviation for each

numeric vector in the following list:

num_lists <- list(c(4, 16, 25, 36, 49), c(2.3, 5.7, 8.1, 11.4), c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))

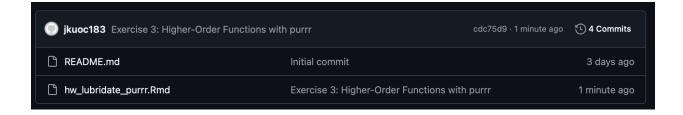
```
#Question 3:
#Using map() and map_dbl(), compute the mean, median, and standard deviation for each
#numeric vector in the following list:
#num_lists <- list(c(4, 16, 25, 36, 49), c(2.3, 5.7, 8.1, 11.4), c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))

num_lists <- list(c(4, 16, 25, 36, 49), c(2.3, 5.7, 8.1, 11.4), c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))

stats <- tibble(
    mean = map_dbl(num_lists, mean),
    median = map_dbl(num_lists, median),
    sd = map_dbl(num_lists, sd)

print(stats)
```

```
j.k.@MacBookAir ~ % cd hw_purrr
j.k.@MacBookAir hw_purrr % git add hw_purr
fatal: pathspec 'hw_purr' did not match any files
j.k.@MacBookAir hw_purrr % git add hw_lubridate_purrr.Rmd
j.k.@MacBookAir hw_purrr % git commit -m "Exercise 3: Higher-Order Functions wit]
h purrr"
[main cdc75d9] Exercise 3: Higher-Order Functions with purrr
1 file changed, 23 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
j.k.@MacBookAir hw_purrr % git push
Enumerating objects: 5, done.
Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
writing objects: 100% (3/3), 692 bytes | 692.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To github.com:jkuoc183/hw_purrr.git
  2538cf4..cdc75d9 main -> main
```



Exercise 4: Combining lubridate and purrr Question 4:

Given a list of mixed date formats, use map() and possibly() from purrr to safely convert them to Date format and extract the month name.

date_strings <- list("2023-06-10", "2022/12/25", "15-Aug-2021", "InvalidDate")

```
#Question 4:
#Given a list of mixed date formats, use map() and possibly() from purrr to safely convert
#them to Date format and extract the month name.
#date_strings <- list("2023-06-10", "2022/12/25", "15-Aug-2021", "InvalidDate")

date_strings <- list("2023-06-10", "2022/12/25", "15-Aug-2021", "InvalidDate")

extract_month <- function(date_str) {

    d <- parse_date_time(date_str, orders =c("ymd", "dmy"))

    if(is.na(d)) {
        stop("Date conversion failed")
    }
    month(d, label = TRUE, abbr = FALSE) %>% as.character()
}

safe_extract_month <- possibly(extract_month, otherwise = NA_character_)

month_names <- map(date_strings, safe_extract_month)

print(month_names)</pre>
```

