

# Test-Driven Development Foundations

Yes, you're probably in the right place.

Things you can or should do while waiting on class start:

- Install **mob** tool. See <https://github.com/remotemobprogramming/mob> (see “how to install”)
- git clone <https://github.com/jlangr/tdd-javascript-jest-2021>
  - Do an **npm install**
  - If using IDEA: Import as a project
  - Make sure you can run the tests (see the README.md, package.json)
- Either install Kahoot! on your phone, or navigate to [kahoot.it](https://kahoot.it)
- Send me your cell # at [jeff@langrsoft.com](mailto:jeff@langrsoft.com) (for disconnect purposes)
  - note my cell #: 719-287-4335



**ICON**  
AGILITY SERVICES

**Test-Driven Development  
Foundations v1.4**

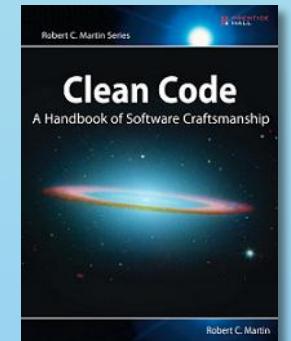
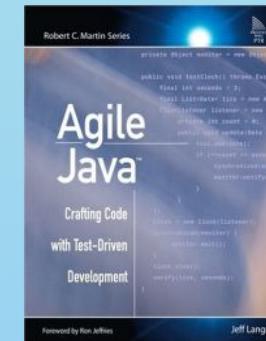
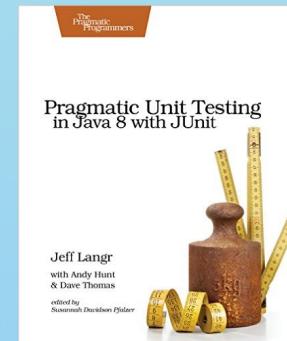
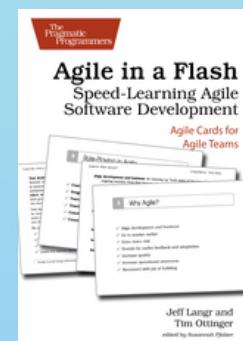
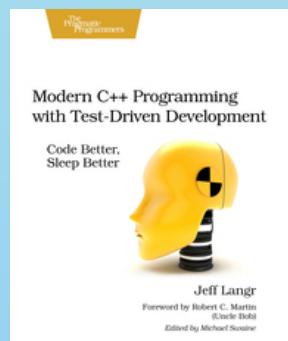
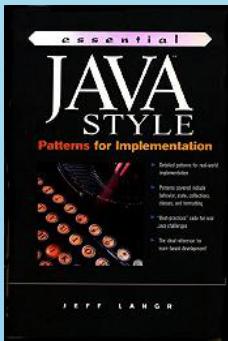
# Jeff Langr

[jeff@langrsoft.com](mailto:jeff@langrsoft.com)  
@JLangr



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# Overview

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TDD fundamentals  
Refactoring Tests & Code  
Test doubles (mocks)



Kahoot!

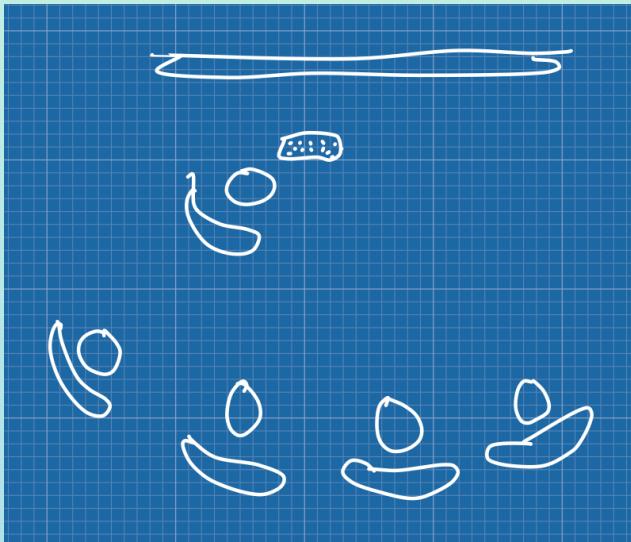
# Exercise: Simple Outcomes

---



Flesh out the tests in `./src/misc/basics.test.js`

# A Tale of Two Mobbing Rules



*Once upon a time, there was a quaint notion of an “office,” a physical place where people could undistance and work together...*

- Strong-style pairing
- Short, timed rotations

# What's a Unit Test Look Like?

```
describe('something', () => {
  it('demonstrates some behavior', () => {
    // Arrange
    // Act
    // Assert
  })
})
```

The **AAA** mnemonic is courtesy of Bill Wake.

# A Sample Unit Test

```
describe('an auto', () =>
  const auto = new Auto()

  it('idles engine when started', () => {
    auto.depressBrake()

    auto.pressStartButton()

    expect(auto.RPM()).toBeWithinRange(950, 1100)
  })
})
```

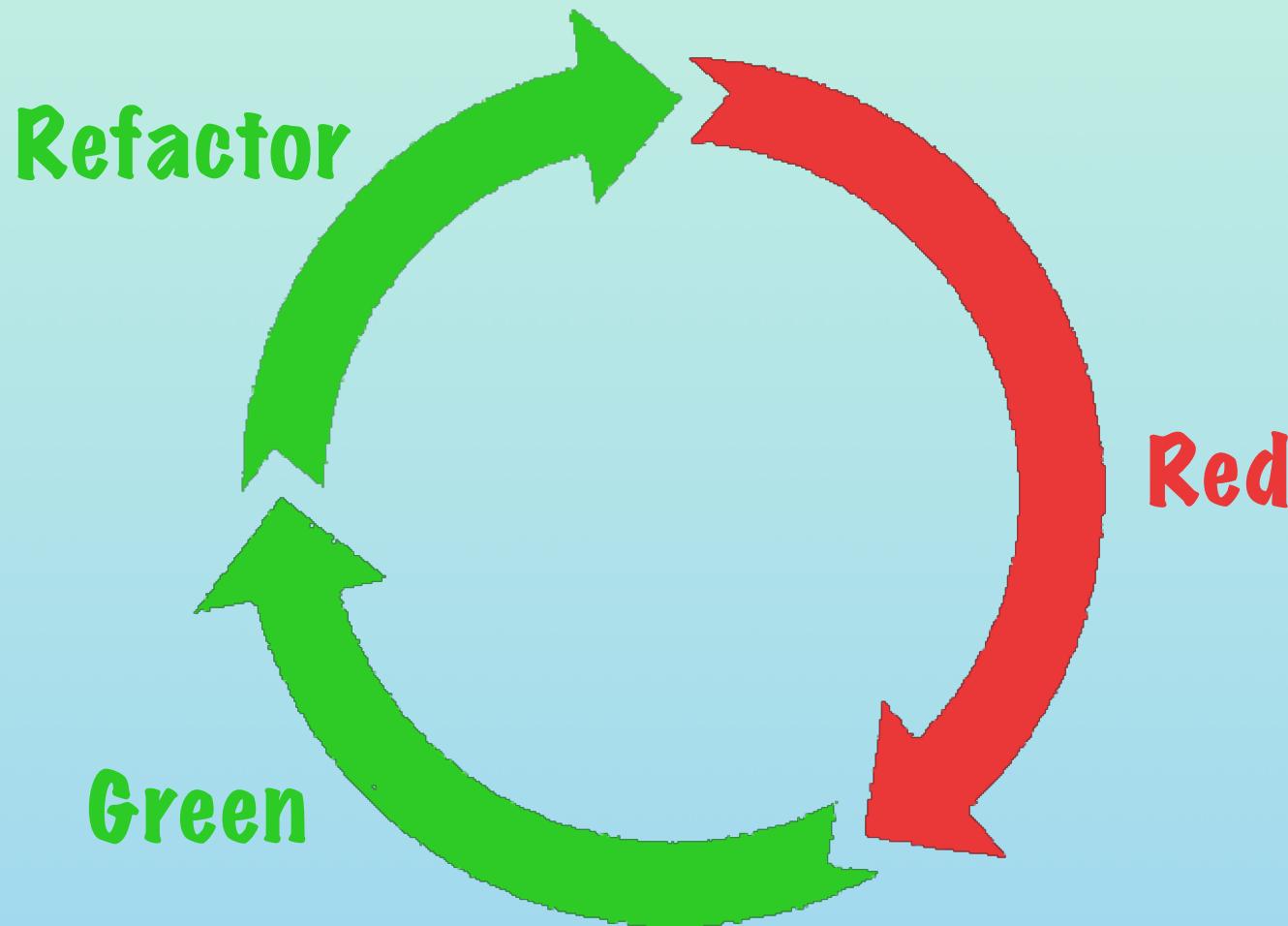
# What's an Assertion Look Like?

```
expect(someCondition).toBe(true)
expect(idleSpeed).toBe(1000)
expect(alphabetizedName).toEqual('Schmoo, Kelly Loo')
expect(someArray).toEqual(['O', 'T', 'F', 'F', 'S', 'S'])
expect(alphabetizedName).toMatch(/^S.*,/)

expect(idleSpeed).not.toEqual(42)
expect(alphabetizedName).not.toEqual("Smelt"))
expect(someVariable).toBeUndefined
expect(someArray).toHaveLength(3)
expect(someArray).toContain(42)
expect(someArray).toContainEqual({ name: 'Amit' })
```

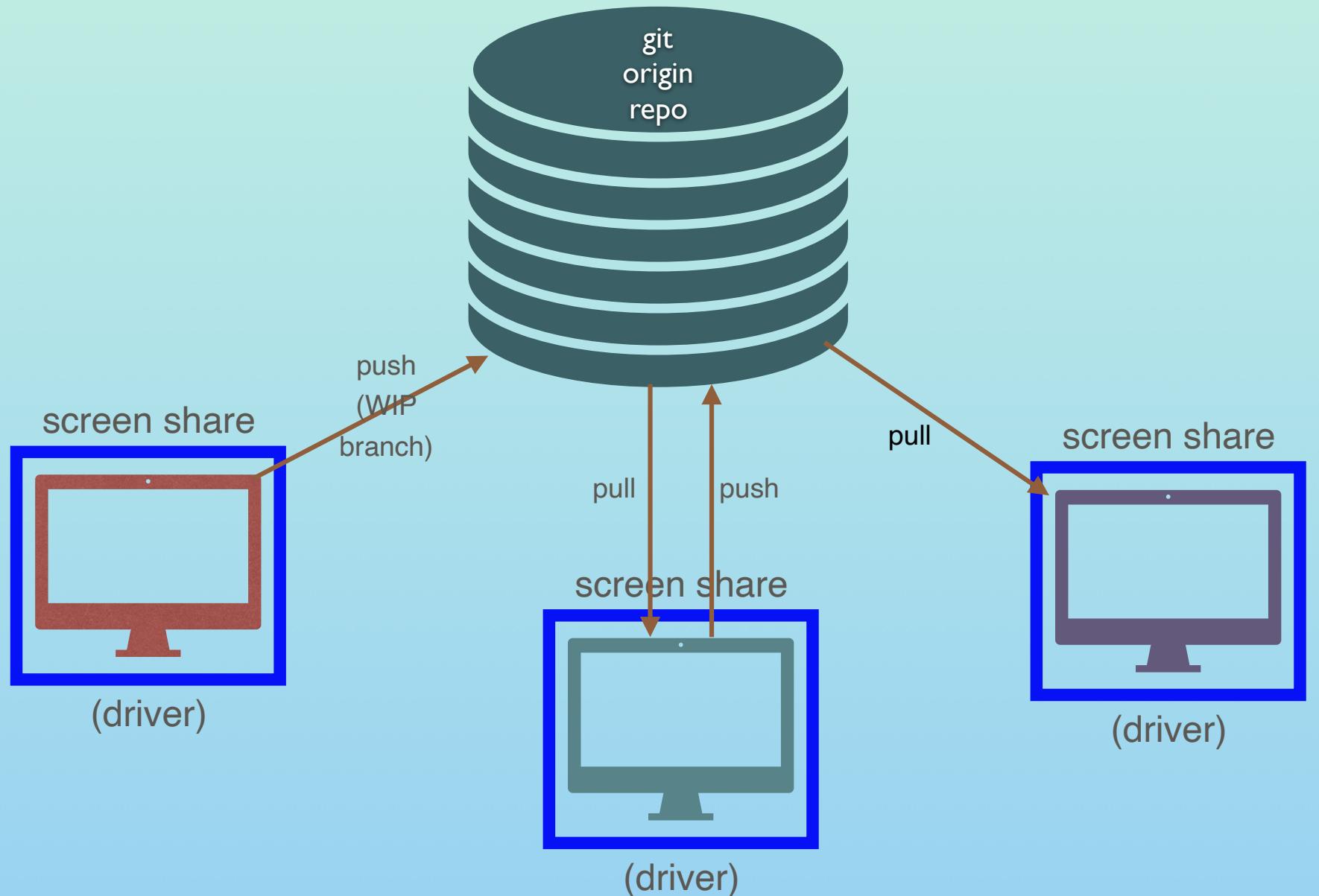
See <https://jest-bot.github.io/jest/docs/expect.html>

# Test-Driven Development

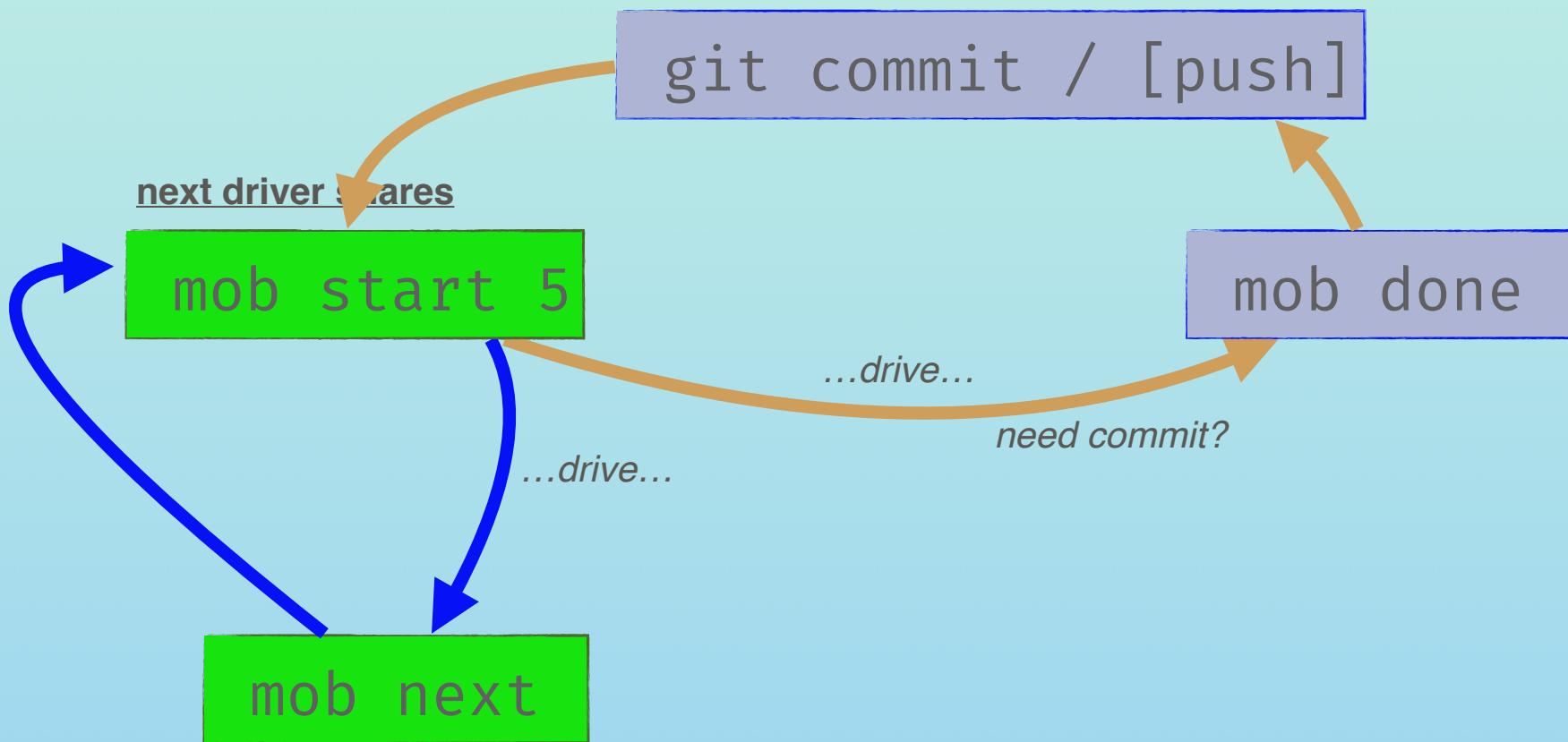
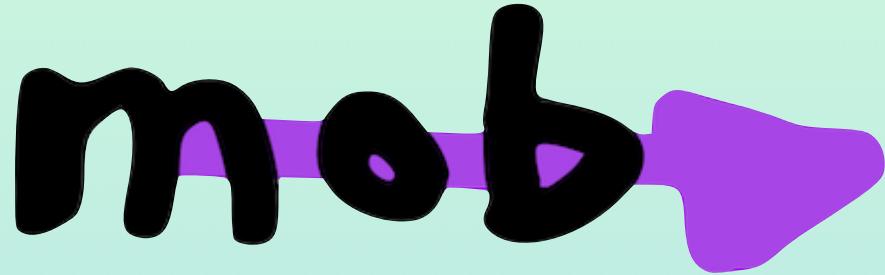


*An incremental design technique*

# Git handover



# Git handover with



*how about a demo?*



flow reminder

Share screen

git status

mob start 5

listen & drive

mob next

# mob tips

Let mob do the git commands for you

Do a git status when unsure

Learn what the tool does for you

End the day with a commit

Do a mob done to create small commits  
frequently

Stay calm... it's probably all still there

Stash / reflog

Your undo chain won't transfer, though!

# Exercise: (Test)-Code-Refactor

## TDD Paint by Numbers



See `./src/misc/name-normalizer.test.js`

`npm run test:watch`

# Why???

---

A small, rectangular image showing a portion of a computer screen. The screen displays binary code in green text on a black background. The visible text includes '101001 01101', '00101 0010000', '000 01110100', '0 01110011 01', '01101110 0016', '1100010 011016', '01110 01110100', and '0011 01101000'.

```
101001 01101  
00101 0010000  
000 01110100  
0 01110011 01  
01101110 0016  
1100010 011016  
01110 01110100  
0011 01101000
```

Keep yer code clean  
Document choices  
Gate defects

# Core TDD Themes



- Drive *behavior*
- Specification by example
- Small increments
- Stick to the cycle
  - Always see red
  - Always refactor

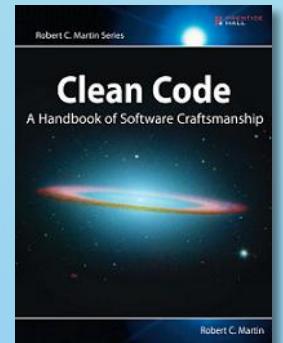
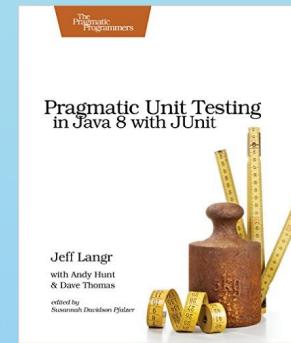
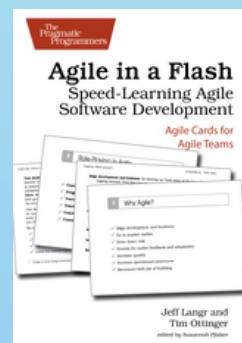
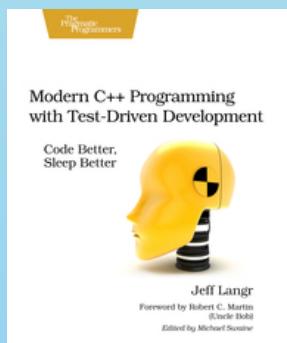
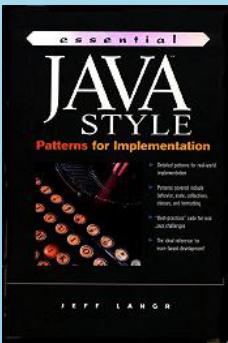
*It's just code!*

Kahoot!

# Stepping Back: Writing Tests



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# Recent File List

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Manage a list of recently-opened files (max: 5) for use in a GUI application.



What tests do we need?

```
const recents = openFile(existingRecents, filepath)
```

# ZOMBIES!

- Zero
- One
- Many
- Boundaries
- Interface definition
- Exceptional behavior
- Simple Solutions & Scenarios



<http://blog.wingman-sw.com/archives/677>

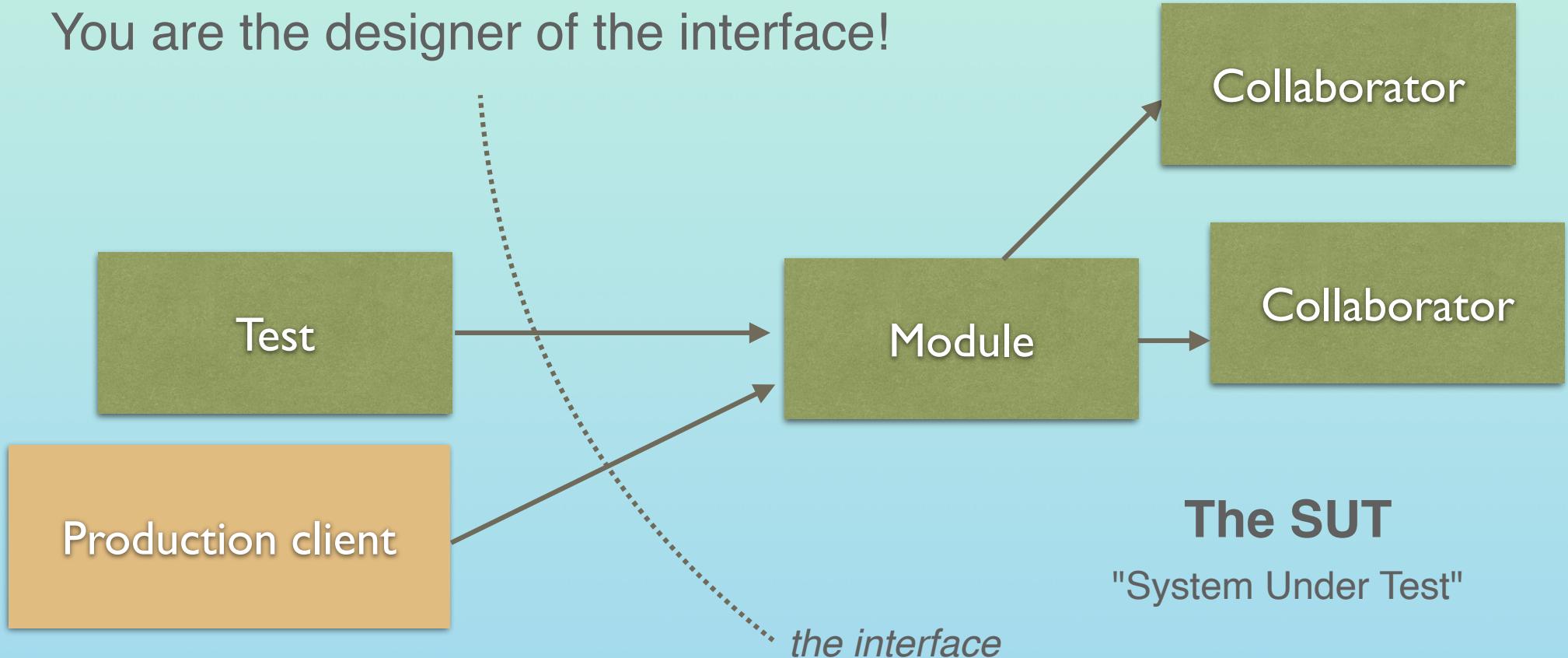
# Test Lists

---

- **Z:** No files opened
- **O:** One file opened
- **M:** Multiple files opened
- **B:** One more than capacity opened
- **E:** File opened twice

# Your Test Is the First Client

You are the designer of the interface!



# Structuring the Test

*"sifts duplicate filename to top of recently-used list"*

■	<b>Arrange</b>	Add file with name <b>opened-A.txt</b> Add file with name <b>opened-B.txt</b> Add file with name <b>opened-C.txt</b>
■	<b>Act</b>	Add file with name <b>opened-A.txt</b>
■	<b>Assert</b>	Expect recently-used list to equal: <b>opened-A.txt</b> <b>opened-C.txt</b> <b>opened-B.txt</b>

# Assert-First

---

Consider working from the outcome.

*"shifts duplicate filename to top of recently-used list"*

```
expect(recentlyUsedList).toEqual([  
    duplicateOfAddedFirst, '3rd', '2nd'])
```

# Assert-First

---

Consider working from the outcome.

*"shifts duplicate filename to top of recently-used list"*

```
add(recentlyUsedList, duplicateOfAddedFirst)
```

```
expect(recentlyUsedList)
  .toEqual([duplicateOfAddedFirst, '3rd', '2nd'])
```

# Assert-First

Consider working from the outcome.

*"shifts duplicate filename to top of recently-used list"*

```
add(recentlyUsedList, '1st')
add(recentlyUsedList, '2nd')
add(recentlyUsedList, '3rd')
const duplicateOfAddedFirst = '1st'
```

```
add(recentlyUsedList, duplicateOfAddedFirst)
```

```
expect(recentlyUsedList)
  .toEqual([duplicateOfAddedFirst, '3rd', '2nd'])
```

# Exercise: Stock portfolio (i1)

- given a symbol and # of shares, make a purchase
- what is the count of unique symbols?



"Tokyo Stock Exchange," courtesy <https://www.flickr.com/photos/31029865@N06/>  
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## \*\*\* Remember! \*\*\*

**Red:** Ensure test fails

**Green:** Implement no more code than necessary

**Refactor:** Clarify and eliminate all duplication

	09:00	11:30	12:30	15:00
T D K	3430	+85	トヨタ自	2522
キーエンス	18480	-80	ホンダ	2362
デンソー	2115	+38	スズキ	1613
ファナック	11790	+340	ニコン	1726
ローム	3565	+45	HOYA	1639
京セラ	6260	+120	キヤノン	3465
村田製	3960	+15	リコー	671
日東電	2819	+9	凸版印	575
三菱重	328	+2	大日印	756
日産自	696	+4	任天堂	10560
食品		+0.83	電力・ガス	56.43
エネルギー資源	113.35	+1.53	運輸・物流	
建設・資材		+0.62	商社・卸売	
素材・化学	97.74	+0.62	小売	
医療品		+0.22	銀行	64

# A Functional Implementation

Store portfolio info in a state object:

```
{  
  holdings:  
  {  
    IBM: 20,  
    BAYN: 10  
  }  
}
```

Pass state to each function;  
return updated state:

```
const create = () => ({ isEmpty: true })  
  
const portfolio = create()  
const newPortfolio = purchase(portfolio, 'BAYN', 42)
```

*Ensure your function creates no side-effects!*  
i.e., **portfolio** should not change

# Exercise: Stock portfolio (i2)

- how many shares exist for a given symbol?
- throw an exception when buying  $\leq 0$  shares



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## \*\*\* Remember! \*\*\*

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村田製	3960	+15	リコー	671
日東電	2819	+9	凸版印	575
三菱重	328	+2	大日印	756
日産自	696	+4	任天堂	10560
食品		+0.83	電力・ガス	56.43
エネルギー資源	113.35	+1.53	運輸・物流	
建設・資材		+0.62	商社・卸売	
素材・化学	97.74	+0.62	小売	
医療・		+0.22	銀行	64

# Exercise: Stock portfolio (i3)

is it empty or not?



*How does this relate to the count of unique symbols?*

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\*\*\* Remember! \*\*\*

**Red:** Ensure test fails

**Green:** Implement no more code than necessary

**Refactor:** Clarify and eliminate all duplication

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T D K	3430	+85	トヨタ自	2522
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村田製	3960	+15	リコー	671
日東電	2819	+9	凸版印	575
三菱重	328	+2	大日印	756
日産自	696	+4	任天堂	10560
食品		+0.83	電力・ガス	56.43
エネルギー資源	113.35	+1.53	運輸・物流	
建設・資材		+0.62	商社・卸売	
素材・化学	97.74	+0.62	小売	
医療・		+0.22	銀行	64

# Exercise: Stock portfolio (i4)

given a symbol and # of shares, sell the shares



*What should happen when selling all of a symbol?  
Or all of all symbols?*

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\*\*\* Remember! \*\*\*

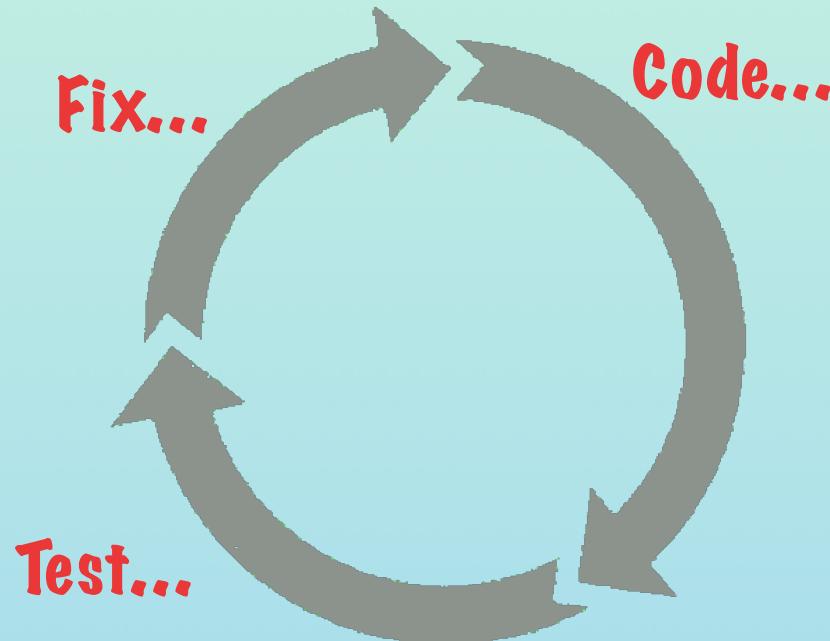
**Red:** Ensure test fails

**Green:** Implement no more code than necessary

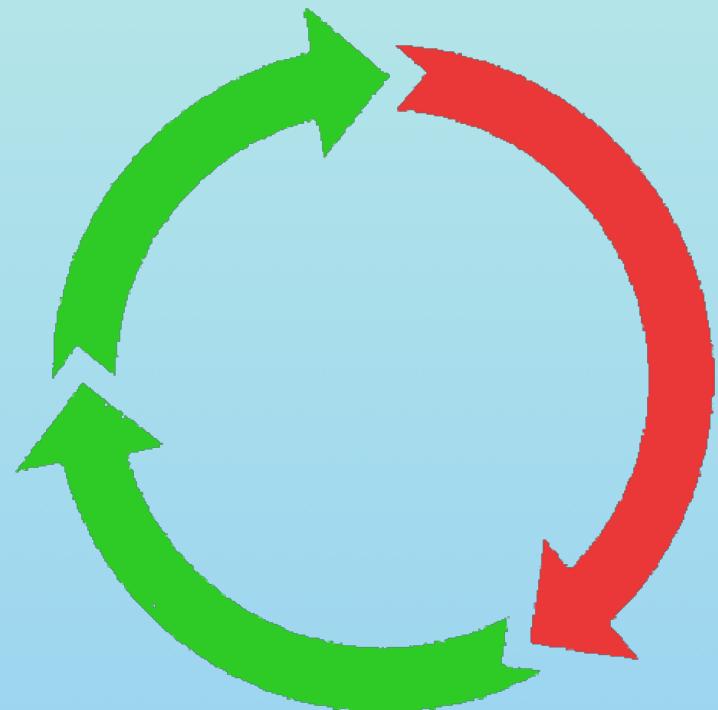
**Refactor:** Clarify and eliminate all duplication

	09:00	11:30	12:30	15:00
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日東電	2819	+9	凸版印	575
三菱重	328	+2	大日印	756
日産自	696	+4	任天堂	10560
食品		+0.83	電力・ガス	56.43
エネルギー資源	113.35	+1.53	運輸・物流	
建設・資材		+0.62	商社・卸売	
素材・化学	97.74	+0.62	小売	
医療機器		+0.22	銀行	64

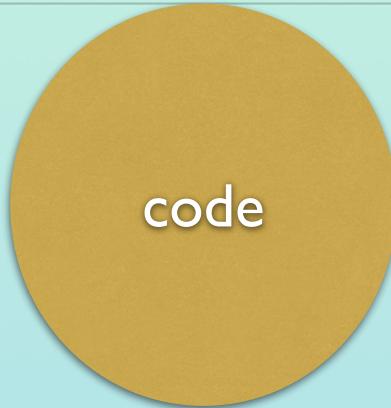
# TAD\*\* and TDD: What's the Difference?



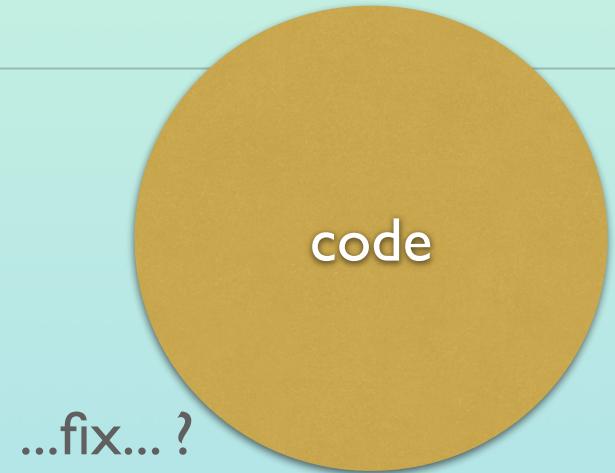
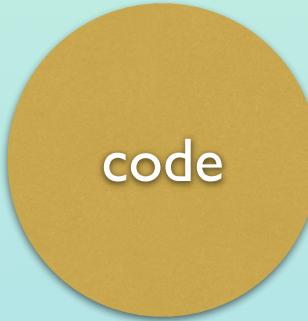
"Test-After Development"



# Small Increments



...fix... ?

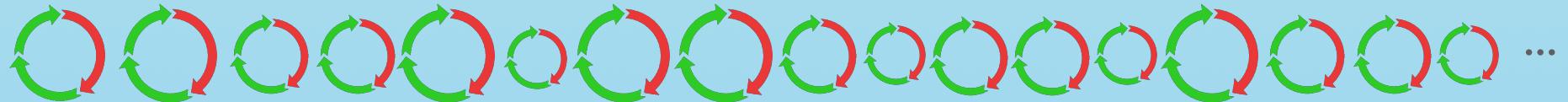


...fix... ?

---

TAD

VS.

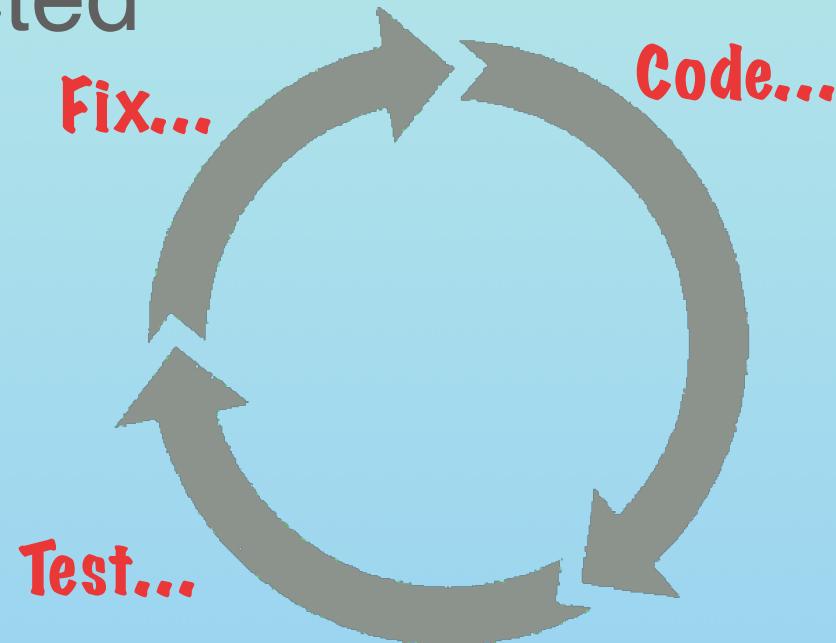


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TDD

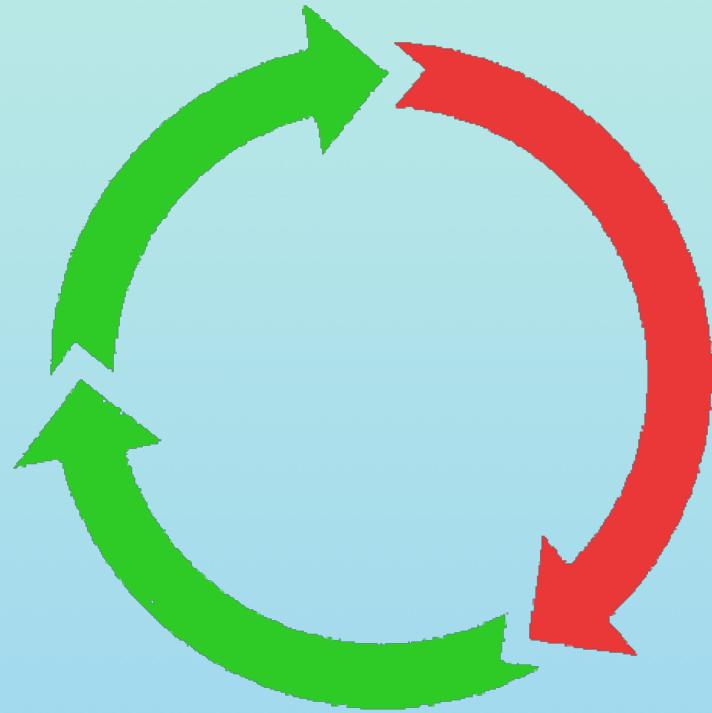
# Test-After Development (TAD)

- Some refactoring accommodated
- Coverage: ~70%
- Design not usually impacted
- Some defect reduction
- Separate task?



# Test-Driven Development (TDD)

- Continual refactoring
- Coverage for all intended features
- Incremental design shaping
- Significant defect reduction
- Minimized debugging
- Integral part of coding process
- Clarify / document needs / choices
- Continual forward progress
- Consistent pacing
- Continual feedback / learning
- Sustainable





Kahoot!

# Katas

<http://codekata.com>

## Other sites:

<https://exercism.io>

<http://cyber-dojo.org>

<https://sites.google.com/site/tddproblems/>

<https://www.codewars.com>

<https://github.com/jlangr/name-normalizer>

<https://github.com/emilybache>

<https://projecteuler.net/archives>



# Roman Numeral Converter

Given a positive integer  
from 1 up to 4000,  
answer its Roman equivalent



# Quick Feedback

---

How do you feel?

**5** Great

**4** Good

**3** Whatever

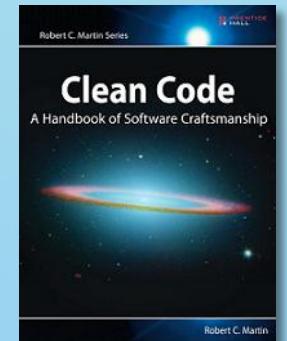
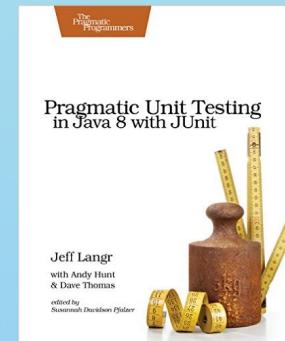
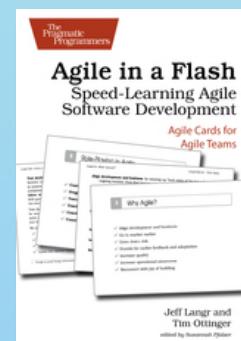
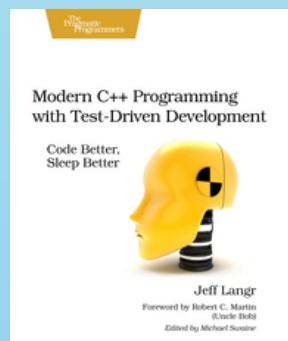
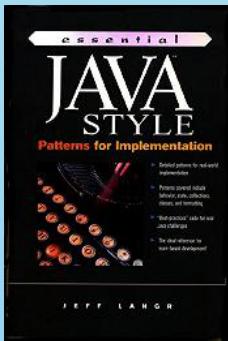
**2** Eh

**1** WTF

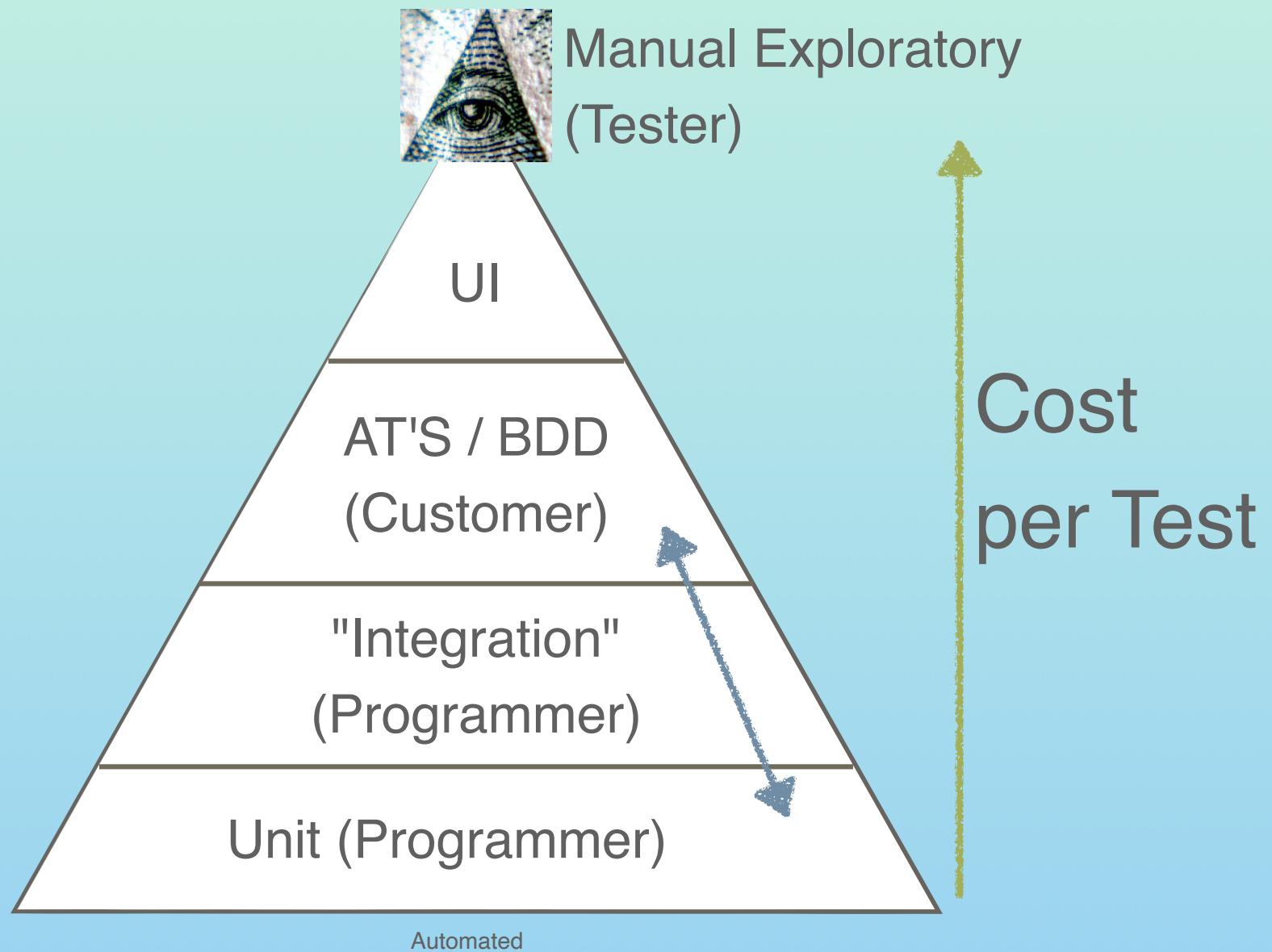
# Where Does TDD Fit?



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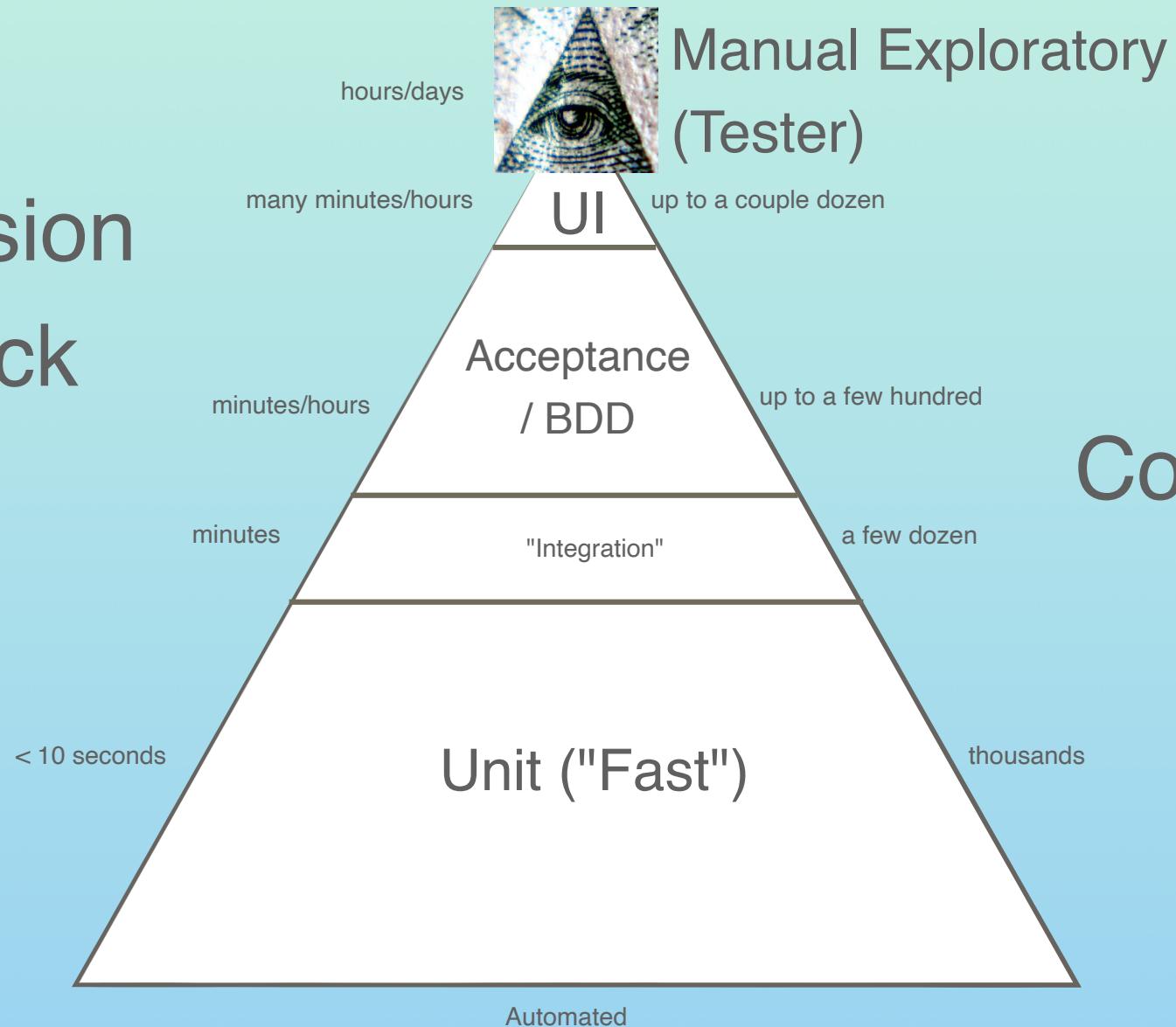
# Unit Testing: Insufficient!



# A Re-leveled Pyramid

Regression  
Feedback

Count



# Feedback Q's

■ :-)

What have I learned of value?

■ %-l

What, if anything, am I unclear about regarding the discussion / exercises?

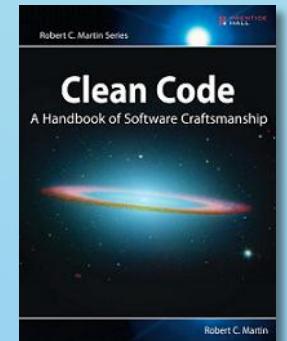
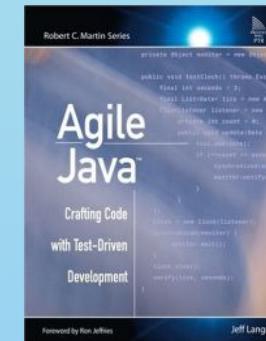
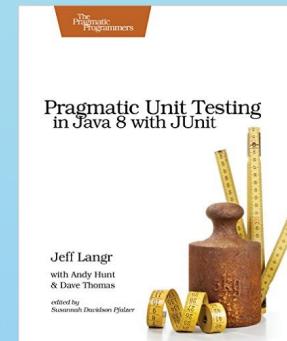
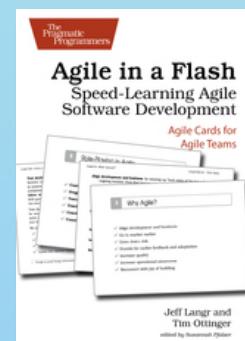
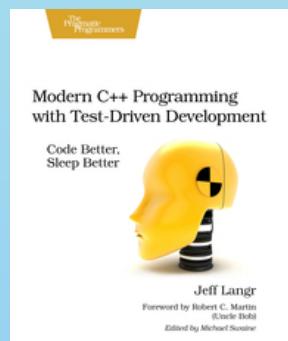
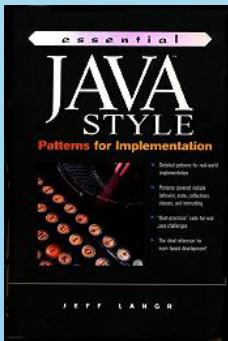
■ ?:-/

What, if anything, did I find disturbing / disconcerting?

# Documenting Unit Behaviors



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# Tests as Documents

what we're describing

```
describe('an unstarted auto', () => {
```

```
  let auto
```

```
  beforeEach(() => { auto = new Auto(); })
```

the generalized behavior it supports

```
  it('idles engine when started', () => {
```

```
    auto.depressBrake()
```

```
    auto.pressStartButton()
```

```
    expect(auto.RPM()).
```

```
      toBeWithinRange(950, 1100)
```

```
  })
```

```
})
```

an example of that behavior

*Seek to first understand through the tests.*

# Behavior-Driven Structuring

```
describe('given some context', () => {
  describe('when some event occurs', () => {
    it('then can be verified', () => {
      }
    }
  }
})
```

# BDD Structuring Example

```
describe('given a checked-out material', () => {
  let dueDate

  beforeEach(() => {
    dueDate = borrow(AgileJava, PatronId)
  })

  describe('when returned late', () => {
    let daysLate
    beforeEach(() => {
      daysLate = returnMaterial(AgileJava)
    })

    it('is marked as available', () => {})
    it('generates a late fine', () => {})
    it('notifies patrons with hold', () => {})
  })
})
```

# Iterative Naming

---

- Re-consider name continually

```
it('x', ...)
```

```
it('verifies engine start', ...)
```

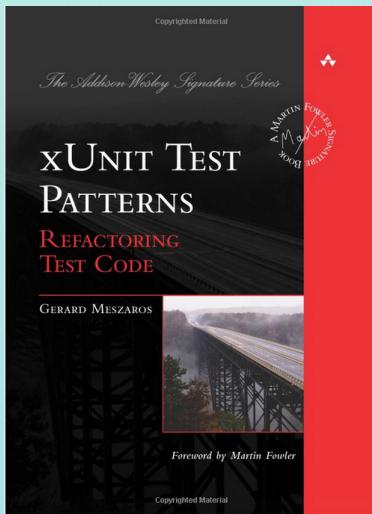
```
it('verifies engine start idle speed', ...)
```

```
it('has low idle on engine start', ...)
```

- Review often and holistically!

# Sustainable Tests

*The long  
answer:*



*A quicker route:*

- Single behavior tests
- AAA
- Correlate result with context
- Test abstraction

# Exercise: Test Smells

Find and fix test smells.

Paraphrase cleaned tests  
to your pair.



Further instructions: `./src/pos/routes/checkout.test.js`

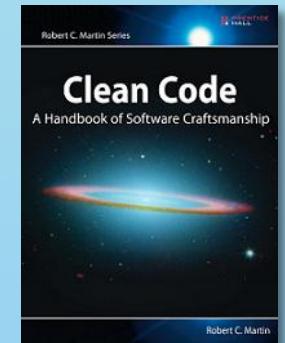
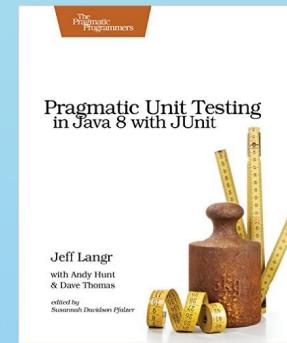
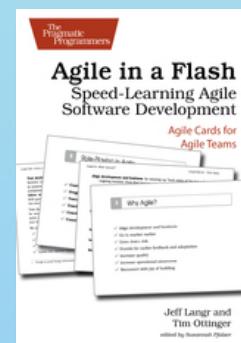
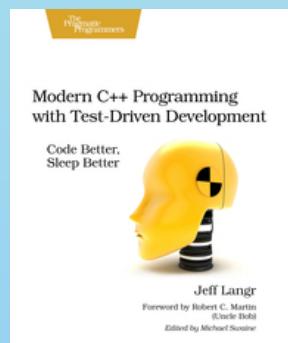
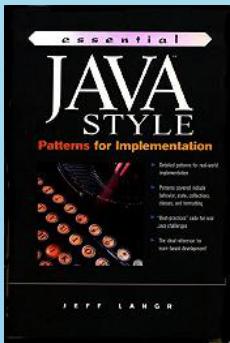


Kahoot!

# Continual Design



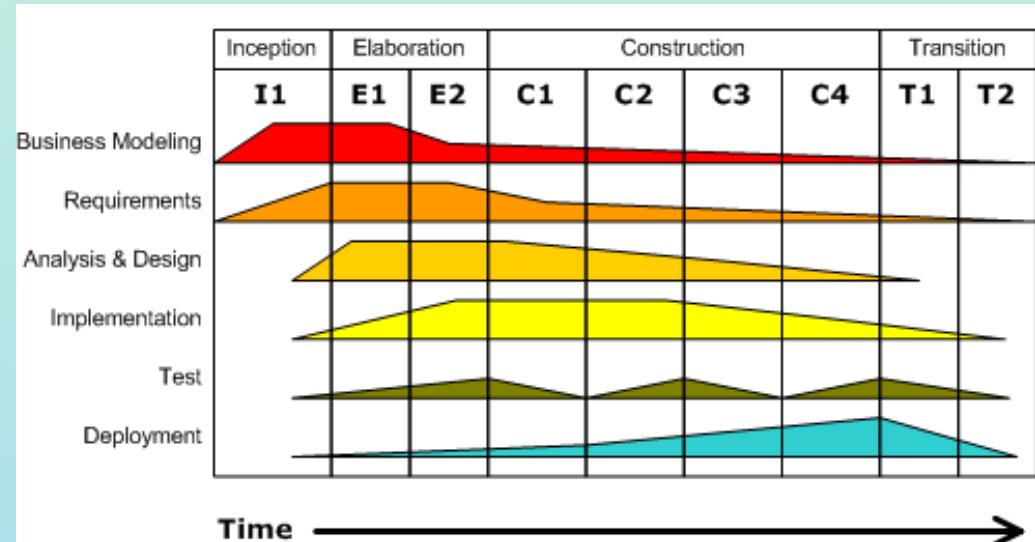
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# Software Development

## ■ Activities:

- Analysis, design, coding, testing, review, documentation, planning, deployment, ...

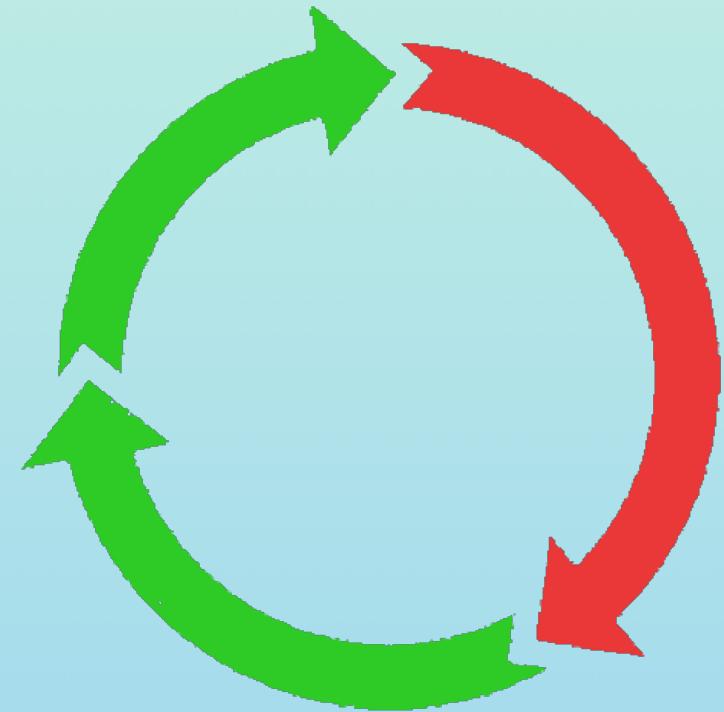


## ■ Agile:

- *All activities all the time*

# TDD: Continual ...

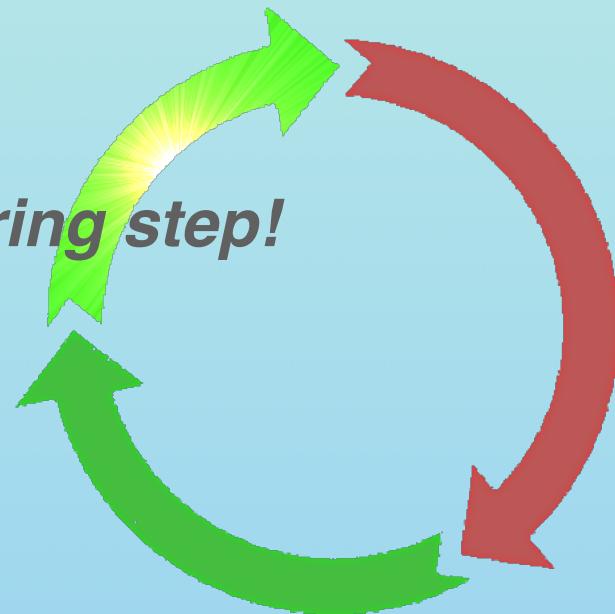
- Testing
- Coding
- Design
- Documentation
- Review



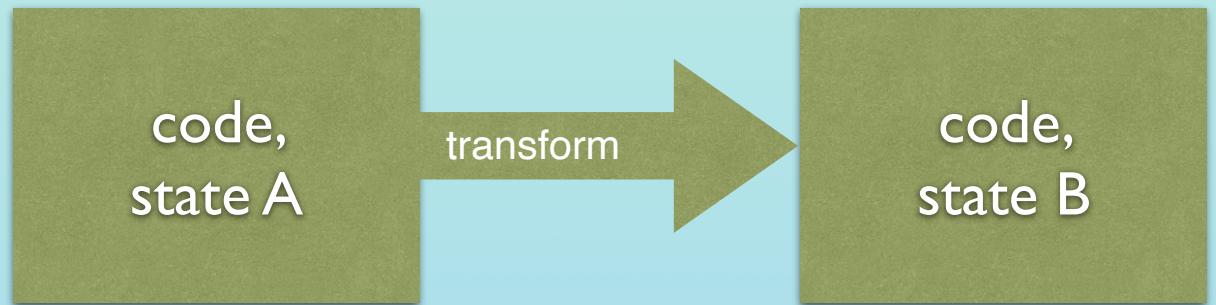
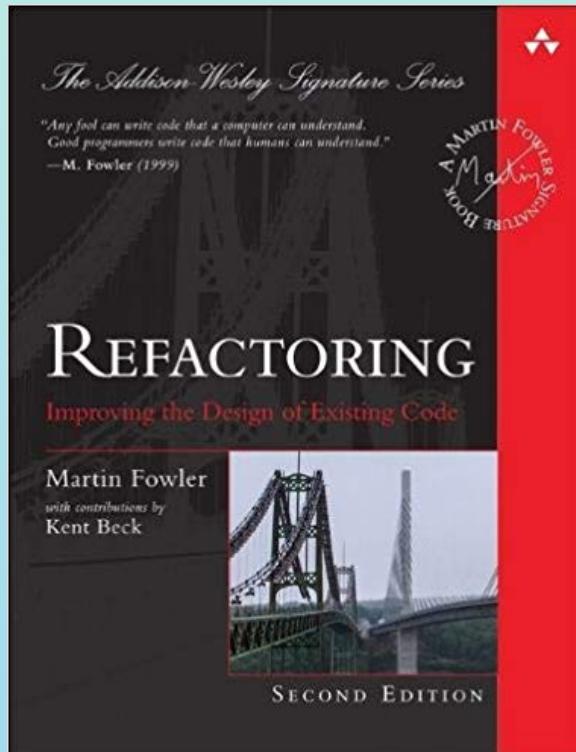
# Continual Design

- Always retain an optimal design
- Entropy is unavoidable

*Never skimp on the refactoring step!*

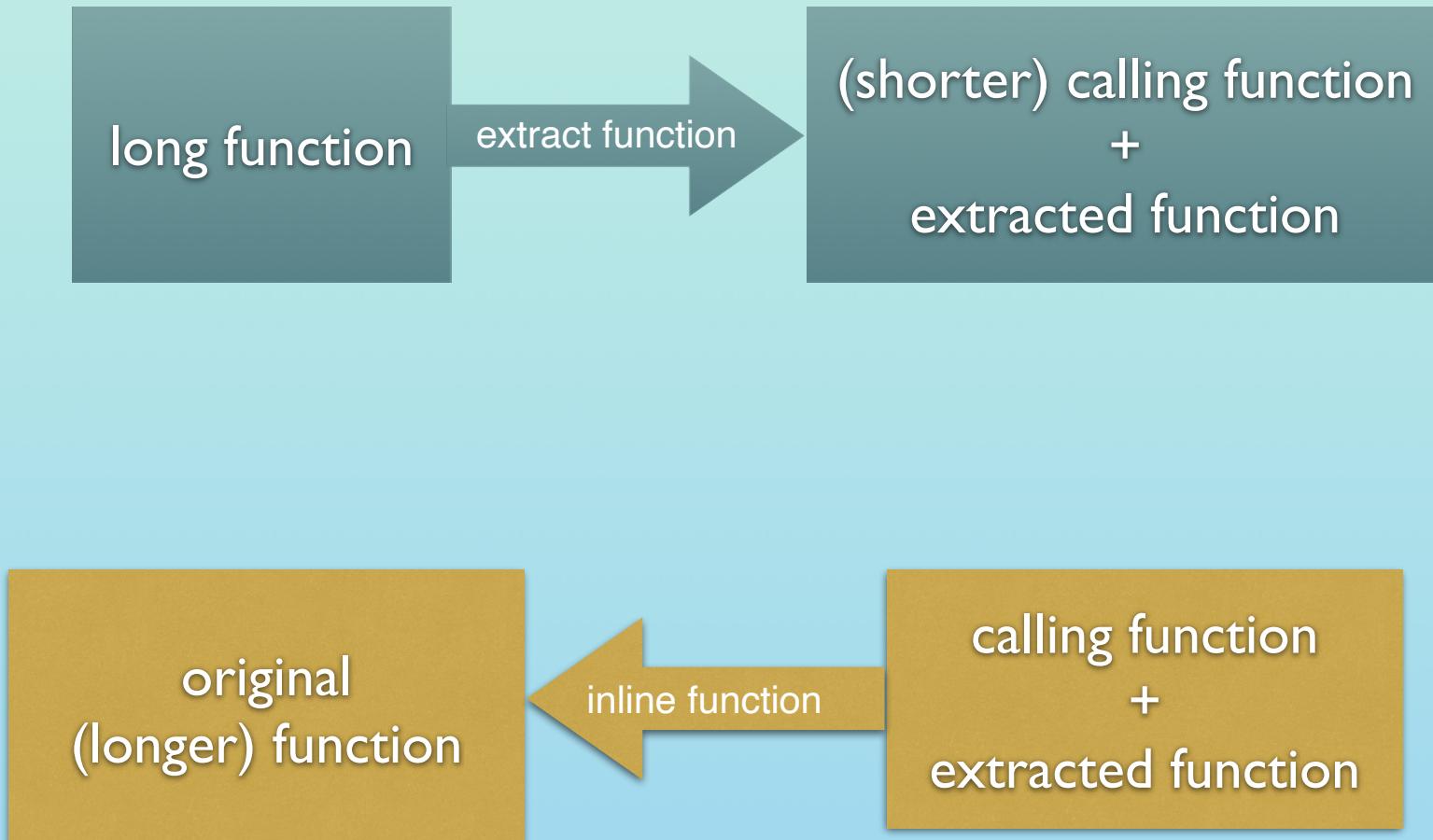


# Refactoring



Same "*externally recognized*" behavior

# For (*almost*) Every Transform...



# Code Smells

- Comments
- Duplicate Code
- Feature Envy
- Large Module
- Long Function
- Long Parameter List
- Primitive Obsession
- Shotgun Surgery
- Speculative Generality
- Switch Statements
- . . . and many more

An aroma?



...or a stink?



*"A complete code smells reference:"*

<https://github.com/lee-dohm/code-smells>

# Exercise: Code Smells

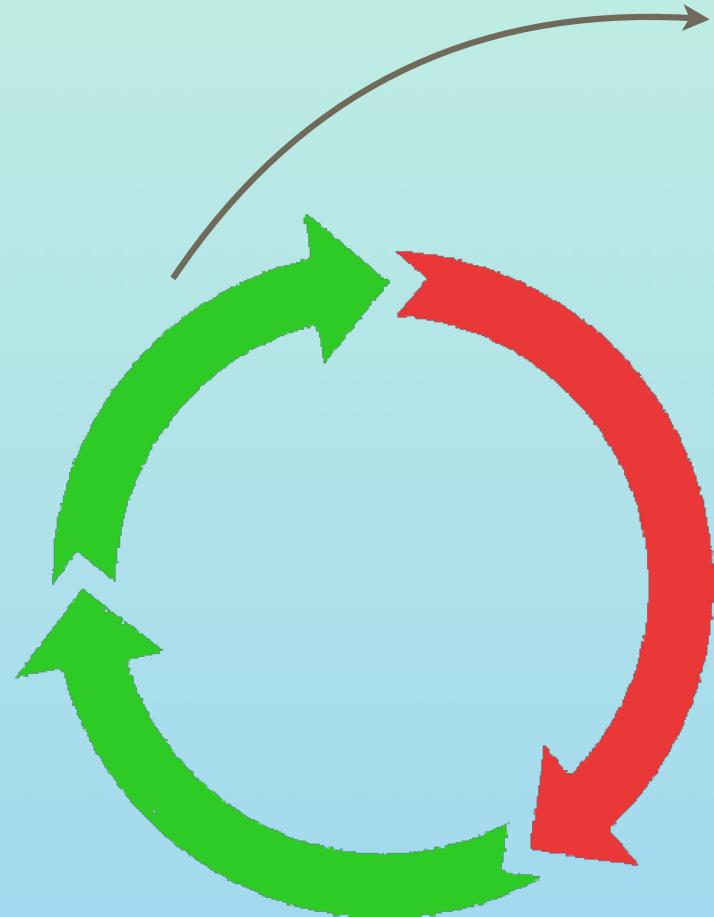
Identify code smells.



See ./src/pos/routes/checkout.js



# Refactoring Opportunities



small cleanup

verify

small cleanup

verify

...

**One thing at a time!**

Break things once in a while.

# Refactoring: Extract Function

```
const uglyFunction = () => {
  // stuff a
  ...
  // stuff b
  ...
  // some smaller behavior
  doSomething()
  doSomethingElse()
  // ...
  // stuff c
  // ...
}
```



```
const uglyFunction = () => {
  // stuff a  ...
  // stuff b
  ...
  someSmallerBehavior()
  // ...
  // stuff c
  // ...
}

const someSmallerBehavior = () => {
  doSomething()
  doSomethingElse()
}
```

## Why?

# Single-Line Extract?

```
catch(err) {  
  const { sev, system, module, msg } = err  
  const errMsg = `${new Date(): ${system}-${module} ${sev} ${trunc(msg, 80)}`  
  log(errMsg)  
  throw new Error(errMsg, err)  
}
```



```
catch(err) {  
  const { sev, system, module, msg } = err  
  const errMsg = formatErrorMessage(sev, system, module, msg)  
  log(errMsg)  
  throw new Error(errMsg, err)  
}  
  
const formatErrorMessage = (sev, system, module, msg) =>  
  `${new Date(): ${system}-${module} ${sev} ${trunc(msg, 80)}`
```

# Exercise: Extract Function

---



- In ./src/pos/routes/checkout.js
  - Do a single-line function extract on postCheckoutTotal
  - Otherwise focus on renaming and eliminating lies

# Refactoring-Inhibiting Temp

```
checkout.items.forEach(item => {
  let price = item.price;
  const isExempt = item.exempt;
  if (!isExempt && discount > 0) {
    const discountAmount = discount * price;
    const discountedPrice = price * (1.0 - discount);

    // add into total
    totalOfDiscountedItems += discountedPrice;

    let text = item.description;
    // format percent
    const amount = parseFloat(Math.round(price * 100) / 100).toFixed(2)
    const amountWidth = amount.length;

    let textWidth = LineWidth - amountWidth;
    messages.push(pad(text, textWidth) + amount);

    total += discountedPrice;

    // discount line
    const discountFormatted = '-' + parseFloat(Math.round(discountAmount * 100) / 100).toFixed(2)
    textWidth = LineWidth - discountFormatted.length;
    text = ` ${discount * 100}% mbr disc`;
    messages.push(` ${pad(text, textWidth)} ${discountFormatted}`);

    totalSaved += discountAmount;
}
```

# Refactoring: Replace Temp With Query

```
const discountAmount = discount * price;  
// . . .  
  
// discount line  
const discountFormatted = '-' + parseFloat(Math.round(discountAmount * 100) / 100).toFixed(2)  
textWidth = LineWidth - discountFormatted.length;  
text = ` ${discount * 100}% mbr disc`;  
messages.push(`${pad(text, textWidth)}${discountFormatted}`);  
  
totalSaved += discountAmount;
```



```
// discount line  
const discountFormatted =  
  '-' + parseFloat(Math.round(discountAmount(discount, price) * 100) / 100).toFixed(2)  
textWidth = LineWidth - discountFormatted.length;  
text = ` ${discount * 100}% mbr disc`;  
messages.push(`${pad(text, textWidth)}${discountFormatted}`);  
  
totalSaved += discountAmount(discount, price);  
// ...  
});  
  
const discountAmount = (discount, price) => discount * price;  
// . . . . .
```

# Replace Temp With Query

---

Steps:

- Make temp const
- Extract Function on the rhs
- Replace temp references with the query
- Remove temp

Why?

Concerns?

Can we go the other way?

# Exercise: Replace Temp with Query



- In `./src/pos/routes/checkout.js`
  - Apply Replace Temp with Query in `postCheckoutTotal` as appropriate
  - Extract as many additional functions as you can

# Code Smell: Feature Envy

```
import * as GreenerGrass from './otherside'

const thisSideFunction = () => {
  const x = helperFunction(someValue)
  ...
}

const helperFunction = someValue => {
  const result = GreenerGrass.doStuff(someValue)
  const newResult = GreenerGrass.doMoreStuff(result)
  return GreenerGrass.answer(newResult)
}
```

thisside.js

*What's the problem?*



# Refactoring: Move Function

```
import * as GreenerGrass from './otherside'

const thisSideFunction = () => {
  const x = GreenerGrass.helperFunction(someValue)
  ...
}
```

thisside.js

```
export const homebodyMethod = someValue => {
  const result = doStuff(someValue)
  const newResult = doMoreStuff(result)
  return answer(newResult)
}
```

otherside.js

*What must you also do when you move a function?*

# Exercise: Move Function

- In ./src/pos/routes/checkout.js
- Move at least 2 envious functions to better (or new!) homes
- Ensure you've added documentation (i.e tests)!



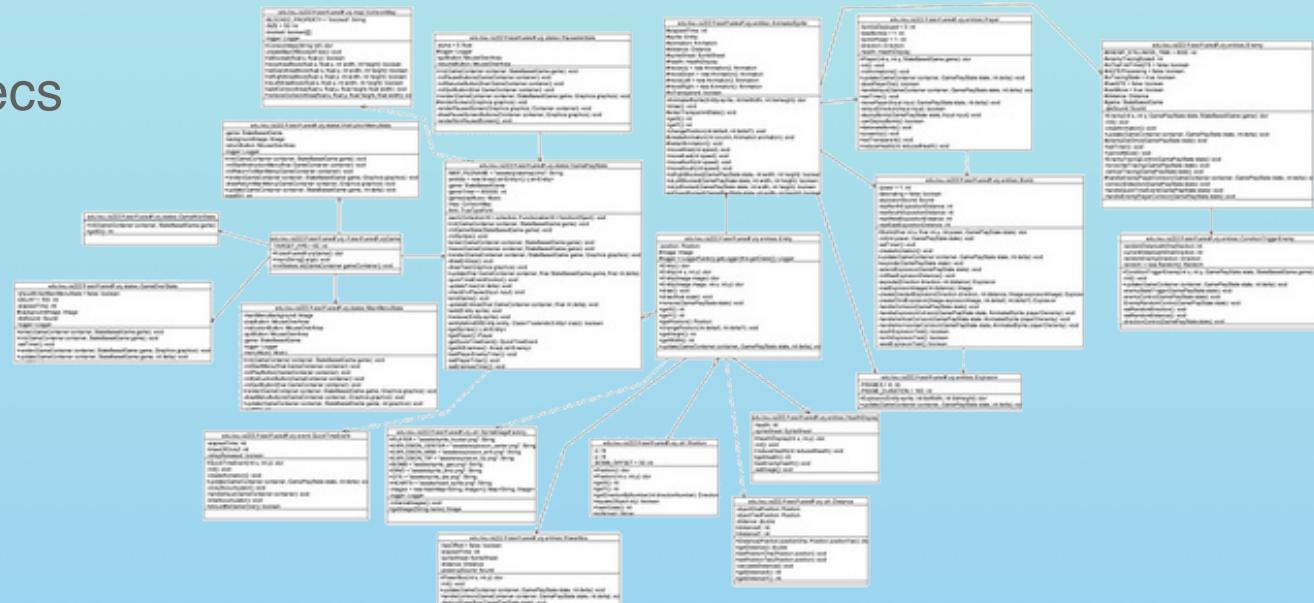
# Planning: Up-Front Design

## ■ Not just once!

- Planning: project, release, iteration, day, task, test
- Any estimation

## ■ Minimal: sketches & conversations

- Not detailed specs



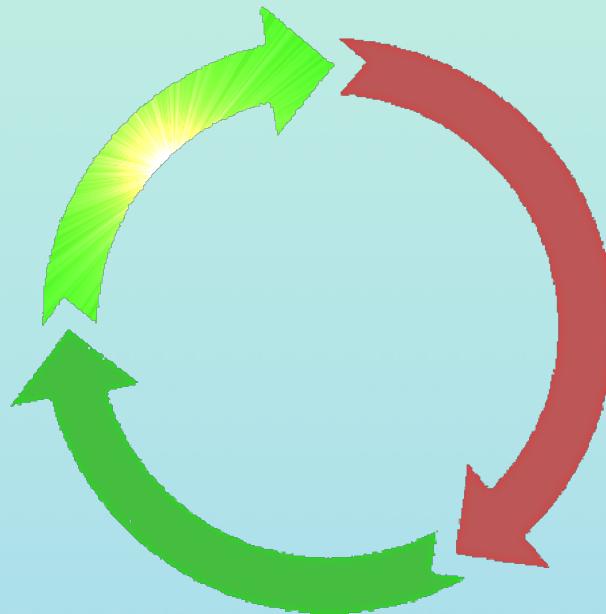
# Premature Generalization

- Need might never materialize
- Details might change
- Interim complexity \$



# Refactoring Guidelines

Single-goal



Never skip!

Run *all* tests

It's your responsibility

# Design Drivers / Guidelines

- Code smells
- SOLID
- Design patterns
- GRASP
- Simple design
- DRY
- ...

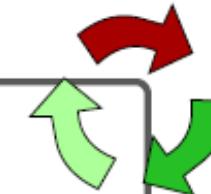


**It's all good!**

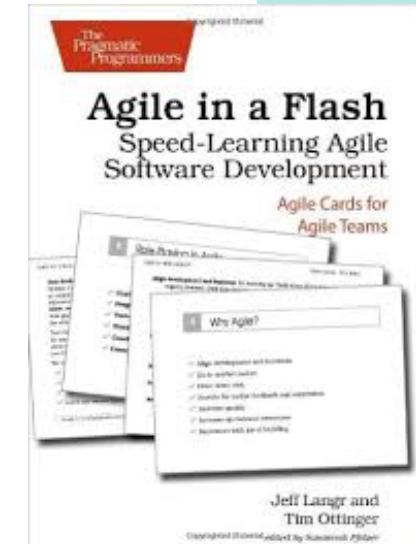
*Does everything point to the same place?*

41

## Build Superior Systems with Simple Design



- All tests must pass
- No code is duplicated
- Code is self-explanatory
- No superfluous parts exist



Kent Beck's (ordered) rules for emergent design

# Exercise: Simple Design Rules

- In ./src/pos/routes/checkout.js
  - Stamp out duplication!
  - Strive for rapid readability
  - Have you gone too far?



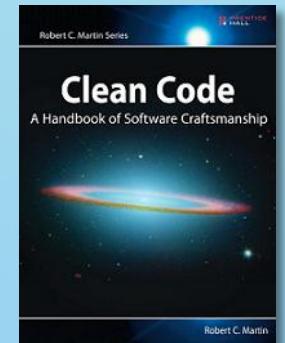
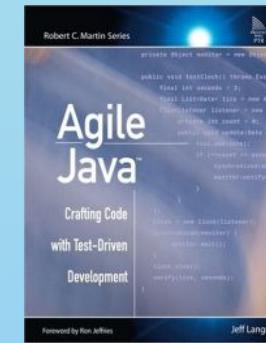
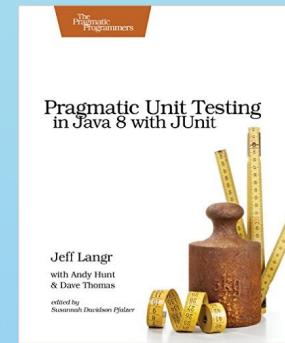
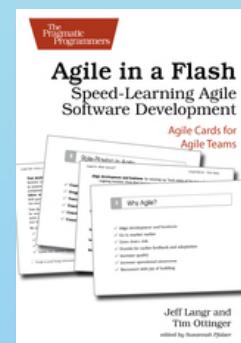
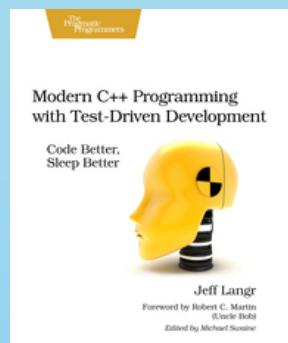
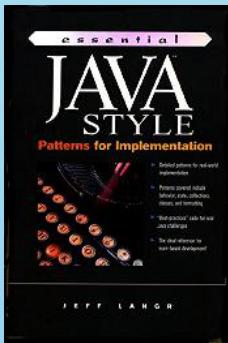


Kahoot!

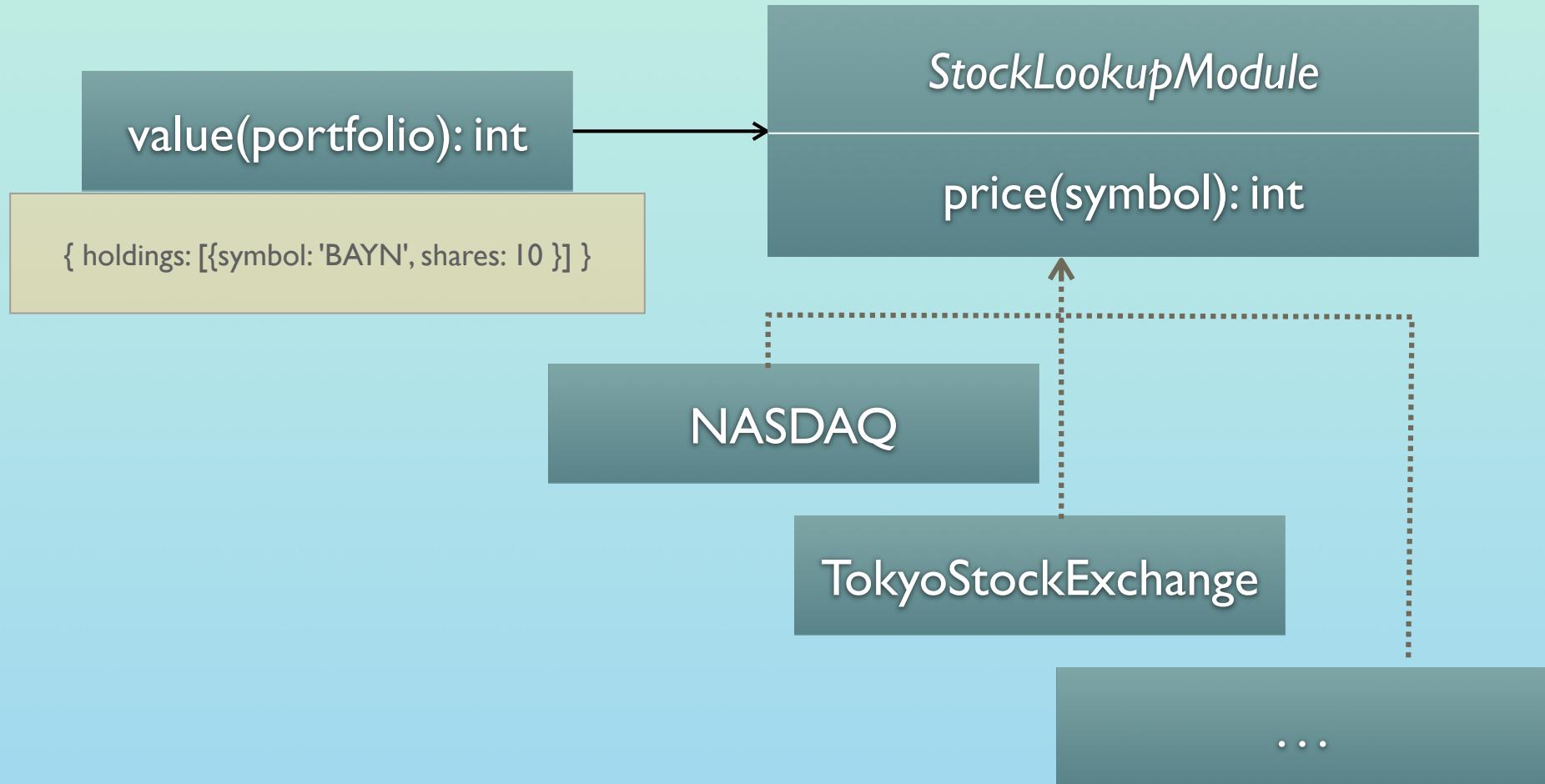
# Test Doubles



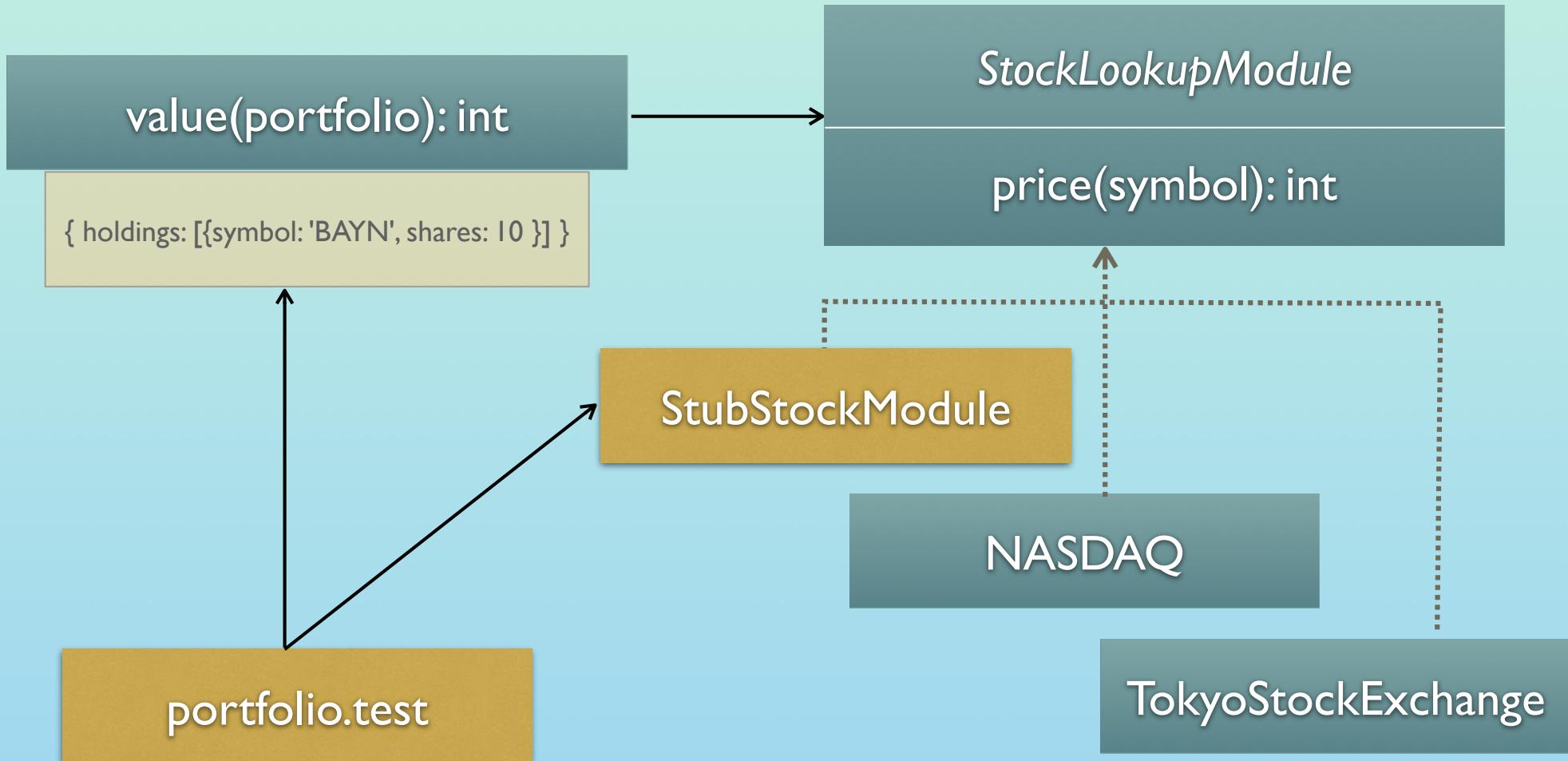
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# Testing Challenge: Portfolio



# Using a Test Double



# Portfolio Code

Test-Driving from portfolio.test.js:

```
import * as StockLookupService from './stock-lookup-service'

describe('portfolio value with stub', () => {
  it('is symbol price for single-share purchase', () => {
    portfolio = purchase(portfolio, 'IBM', 1)
    expect(value(portfolio)).to.equal(42) // how to make this work?
  })
})
```

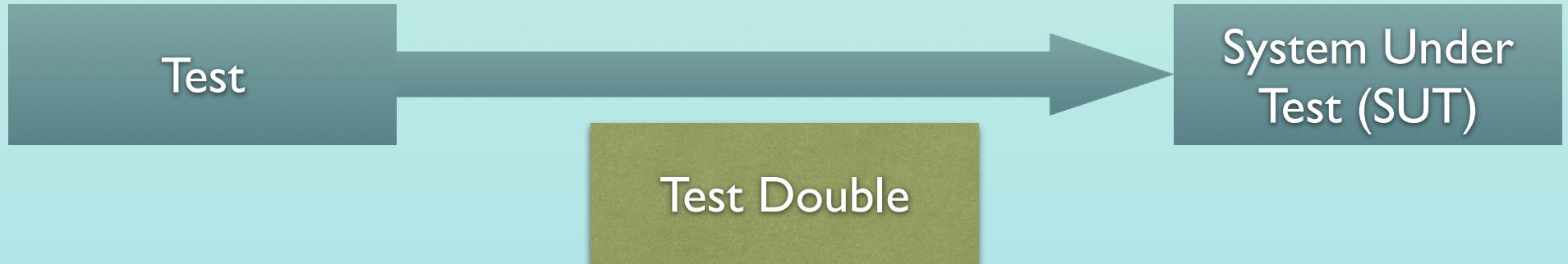
Some notion of an implementation in portfolio.js:

```
import { symbolLookup } from './stock-lookup-service'
export const value =
  portfolio => symbolLookup(Object.keys(portfolio.holdings)[0])
```

The troublesome dependency in stock-lookup-service.js:

```
export let symbolLookup = _symbol => { /* prod code */ }
```

# Test Double Injection Techniques



## Functional

Function argument  
import \* Function Override  
exports injection

## OO

Constructor / setter  
Prototype  
Method override

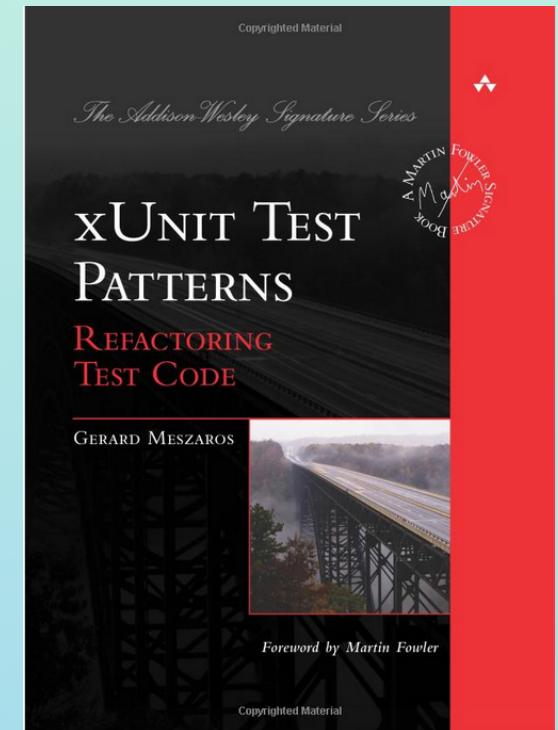
# Test Double Terms

**Stub:** dumb emulation

**Spy:** captures values to verify

**Mock:** self-verifies

**Fake:** whole collaborator emulation



# Mock Tools



*History suggests more & changes coming!*

# Jest: A Simple Stub

<https://jestjs.io>

What if the cities are ordered differently?

```
const temperatureServerStub = jest.fn()
temperatureServerStub.mockReturnValueOnce(96)
temperatureServerStub.mockReturnValueOnce(88)

const result = averageTemp(['Miami', 'St. Louis'], temperatureServerStub)
expect(result).toEqual(92)
```

```
export const currentTemperature = _city => {
  throw Error('server down')
}

export const averageTemp = (cities, currentTemperature) => {
  return cities
    .map(city => currentTemperature(city))
    .reduce((sum, temp) => sum + temp, 0) / cities.length
}
```

# jest-when

<https://github.com/timkindberg/jest-when>

```
import { when } from 'jest-when'
// ...
const temperatureServerStub = jest.fn()
when(temperatureServerStub).calledWith('Miami').mockReturnValue(96)
when(temperatureServerStub).calledWith('St. Louis').mockReturnValue(88)

const result = averageTemp(['Miami', 'St. Louis'], temperatureServerStub)

expect(result).toEqual(92)
```

npm install --save-dev jest-when

# Mocks Are Trackers

<https://jestjs.io/docs/en/mock-function-api.html>

`mockFn.mock.calls`: list of arguments for all calls to `mockFn`

`mockFn.mock.results`: list of results for all calls to `mockFn`

# jest.fn() shorthand

```
jest.fn(() => doSomething())
```

*is equivalent to:*

```
jest.fn().mockImplementation(() => doSomething())
```

# Exercise: Jest Stubs

---



Test-drive the `value()` function for your Portfolio solution, using Jest for stubs.

# Jest: Exceptions

```
it('answers 0 when price retrieval throws', () => {
  const portfolio = {}
  purchase(portfolio, "BAYN", 1)

  const priceRetrieveStub =
    jest.fn(() => { throw new Error() })
  const result = value(portfolio, priceRetrieveStub)

  expect(result).toEqual(0)
})
```

# Exercise: Jest Exceptions



When calculating the portfolio value,  
use zero dollars for the current stock price  
if the symbol lookup throws an error.

# Verifying a "Tell" (aka Spying)

How to test-drive?

```
const sell = (portfolio, symbol, shares, auditor) {  
  portfolio[symbol] -= shares  
  auditor('sell made')  
}
```

```
const portfolio = {}  
purchase(portfolio, "BAYN", 10)  
const auditorSpy = jest.fn()  
  
sell(portfolio, "BAYN", 3, auditorSpy)  
  
expect(auditorSpy).toHaveBeenCalled()
```

# Jest: Was It Called?

---

```
expect(mock).toHaveBeenCalled()
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveBeenCalledTimes(2)
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveBeenCalledWith(arg1, arg2, ...)
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveBeenCalledWith(1, arg1, arg2, ...)
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveBeenCalledWith(2, arg1, arg2, ...)
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveReturned() // i.e. did not throw error
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveReturnedWith('some value')
```

```
expect(mock).toHaveLastReturnedWith('....')
```

...

# Jest Spying: Verifying Arguments

```
expect(auditorStub)
  .toHaveBeenCalledWith('sold shares of BAYN', 3)
```

```
const sell = (portfolio, symbol, shares, auditor) => {
  portfolio[symbol] -= shares
  auditor(`sold shares of ${symbol}`, shares)
}
```

# Jest Argument Matching

How to verify the date?

```
auditor(`sold shares of ${symbol}`, shares, Date.now())
```

Use `expect.any(constructor)`:

```
expect(auditorStub)
  .toHaveBeenCalledWith(
    'sold shares of BAYN',
    3,
    expect.any(Number))
```

# Spy Exercise

---

Verify that the portfolio sends an appropriate audit message on all buy & sell transactions.

The audit function should take on a description, the current timestamp, and the number of shares involved.



# Jest: Replace a Module Function

```
import * as TemperatureServer from './temperature-server'

TemperatureServer.currentTemperature = jest.fn()

it('calculates average temperature', () => {
  TemperatureServer.currentTemperature.mockReturnValueOnce(83)
  TemperatureServer.currentTemperature.mockReturnValueOnce(52)

  const result = averageTemperature(['Miami', 'St. Louis'])

  expect(result).toEqual(67)
})
```

*Not as common as mocking a module (next!)*

# Mocking a Module

```
import { currentTemperature } from './temperature-server'

jest.mock('./temperature-server.js')

it('calculates average temperature', () => {
  currentTemperature.mockReturnValueOnce(82)
  currentTemperature.mockReturnValueOnce(52)

  const result = averageTemperature(['Miami', 'St. Louis'])

  expect(result).toEqual(67)
})
```

*All exports in a module are initialized to jest.fn()*

# Jest: Is That All?

---

No.

- Manual mocks
- Alternate ways to create an ES6 class mock
- Partial module mocks ("bypassing module mocks")
- Fake timers (`setTimeout`, `setInterval`, etc.)

# Schools of Mock

## Classic ("Detroit")

algorithmic approach

verification of state

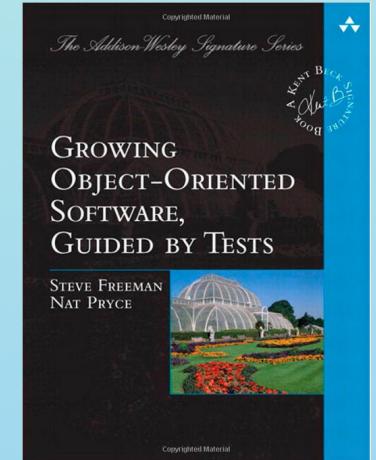
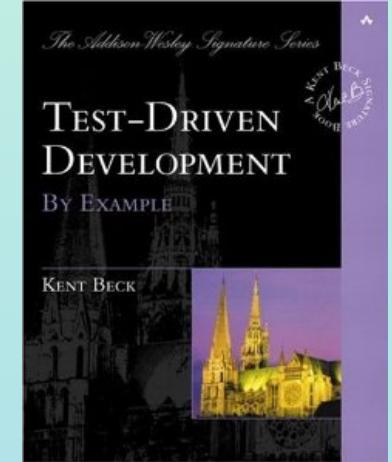
tests drive code from specific to general

## London

roles, responsibilities, and interactions

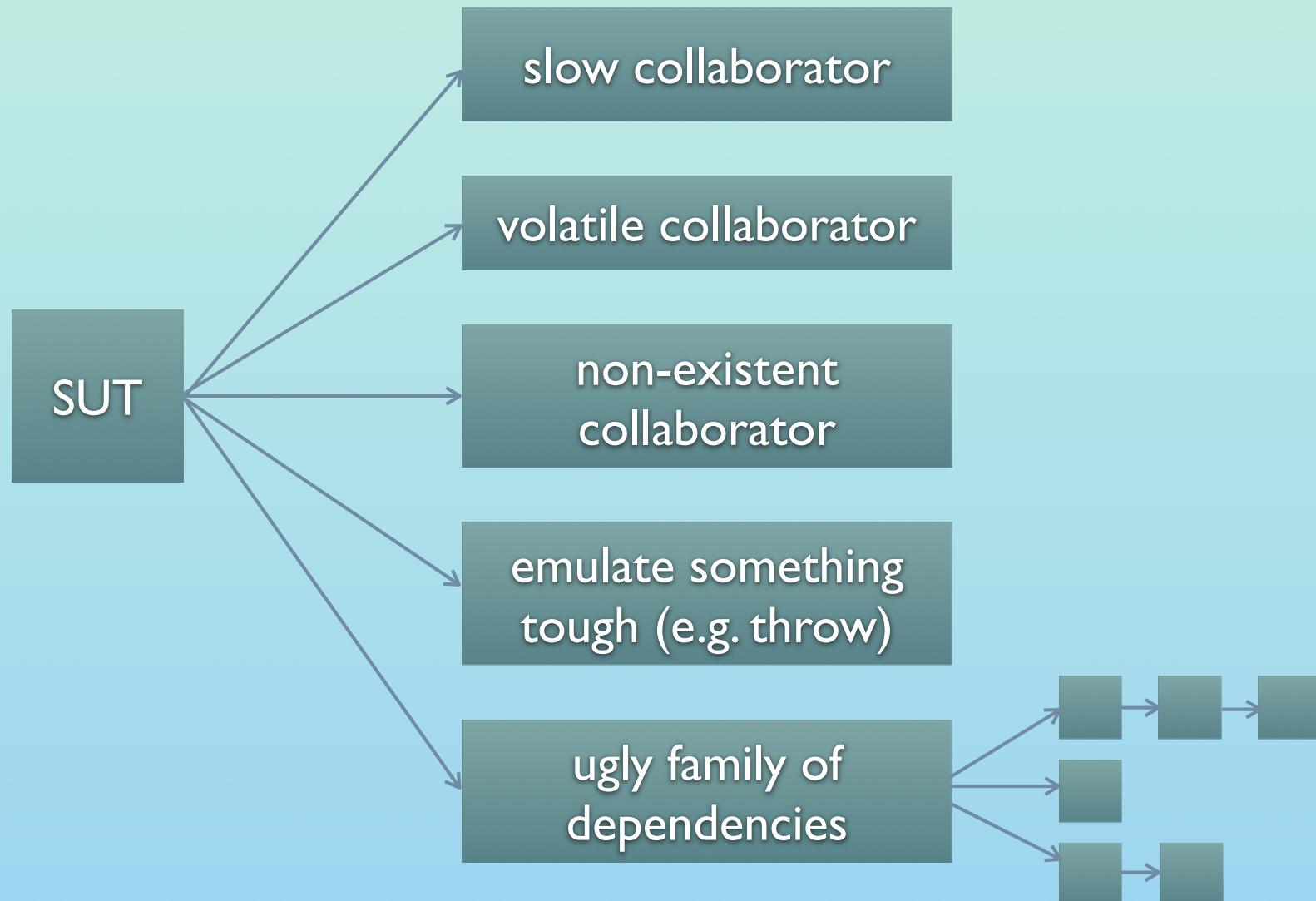
"Fake it until you make it"

drive incrementally from the outside in



***Read Martin Fowler's "Mocks Aren't Stubs"***

# Classic School: When to Mock



# When *Not* to Mock?

---

Can you inject the data or a generator instead?

# The Pragmatic Mocker



- Writes integration tests where mocks are used
- Watches coupling between tests & implementation
- Seeks to mock only direct collaborators
- Avoids mocking what they don't own
- Avoids fakes (and if necessary, test-drives 'em!)
- Isolates, minimizes the use of test doubles
  - But prefers testability

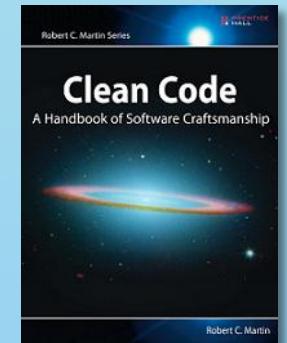
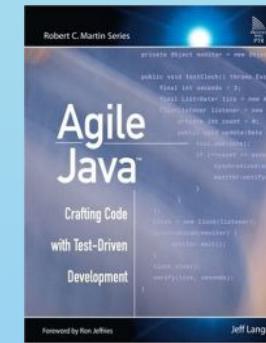
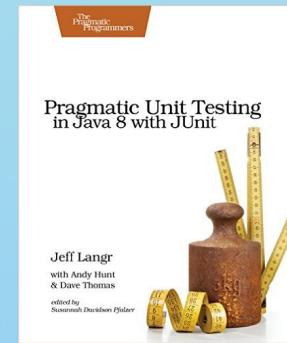
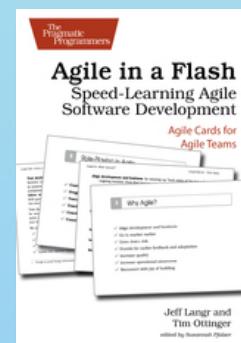
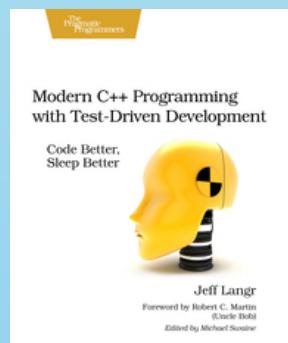
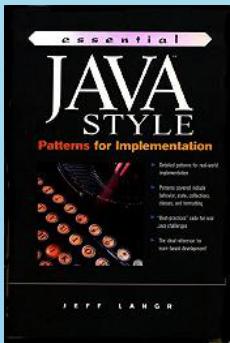


Kahoot!

# Growing & Sustaining TDD



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# Next Week



- Establish team policies & standards around TDD
- Ensure your build pipeline supports it
- Reviews must include the tests
- Consider pairing / mobbing

# Growing TDD

- Sharing sessions
- Challenges / contests
- Coaches & champions
- "Stop the line" mentality
- Influential, dynamic metrics
- More mobbing



# Sustaining TDD



- Daily stand-down / discussions / retros
- "Why" reminders
- Review standards regularly
- Keep tests fast!
- Always use tests as an entry point
- Refactor, refactor, refactor
  - Tests too!

# Mastering TDD

TDD is a skill.

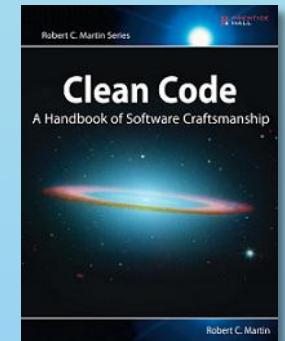
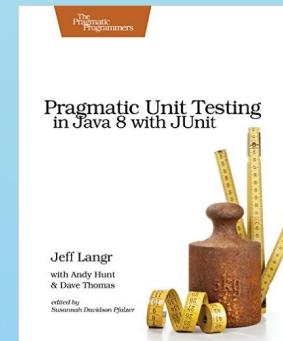
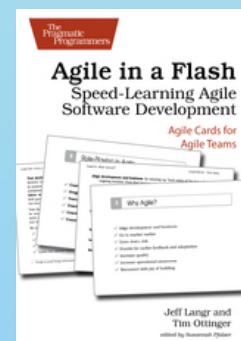
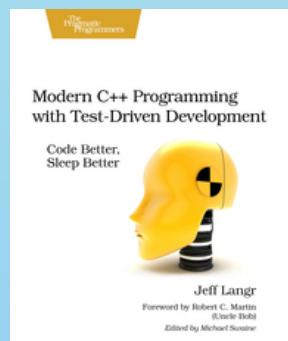
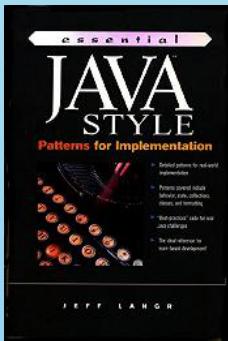


*Practice, practice, practice.*

# Miscellaneous Topics



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# Testing With Promises: ES6

```
const funcReturningPromise = () =>
  new Promise((resolve, _reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 500, 42))
```

Nope:

```
describe('testing promises', () => { // doesn't work!
  const x = funcReturningPromise()
  expect(x).to.equal(41)
})
```

ES6: await

```
describe('testing promises', async () => {
  const x = await funcReturningPromise()
  expect(x).to.equal(41)
})
```

# Testing With Promises: Old School

```
it('is worth share price for single share purchase', done => {
  portfolio.retrievePrice = () => Promise.resolve({ symbol: IBM, price: 100 });
  portfolio.purchase(IBM, 1);

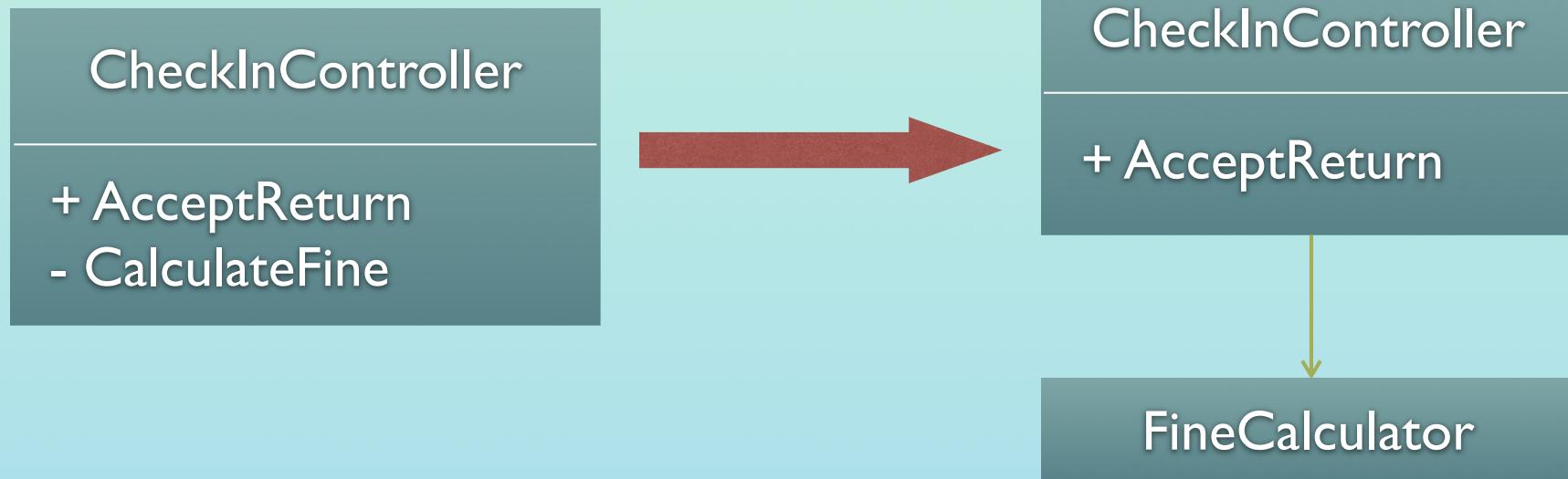
  portfolio.value()
    .then(result => {
      expect(result).to.equal(IBM);
      done();
    });
});
```

*If that doesn't work:*

```
it('is worth share price for single share purchase', done => {
  portfolio.retrievePrice = () => Promise.resolve({ symbol: IBM, price: 100 });
  portfolio.purchase(IBM, 1);

  portfolio.value()
    .then(result => { expect(result).to.equal(100); })
    .then(done, done);
});
```

# Testing Non-Public Behavior?



Or simply relax access.

# Rules of Ten



Green & clean in < 10 (minutes)

Delete and repeat if you're late!  
... taking smaller steps this time.

# Rules of Ten



Debate stops at 10 (minutes)

"Show me."

# Rules of Ten



3

All unit tests run in < 10 (seconds).

# Fixing a Slow Test Run



Warn on tests  $< n \text{ ms}$

Fail on tests  $> n \text{ ms}$

*Running a subset of tests increases risk.*

# Uncle Bob's TPP

Transformations have a preferred ordering, which if maintained by ordering of tests, prevents "long outages" in TDD.

The  
Priority  
List

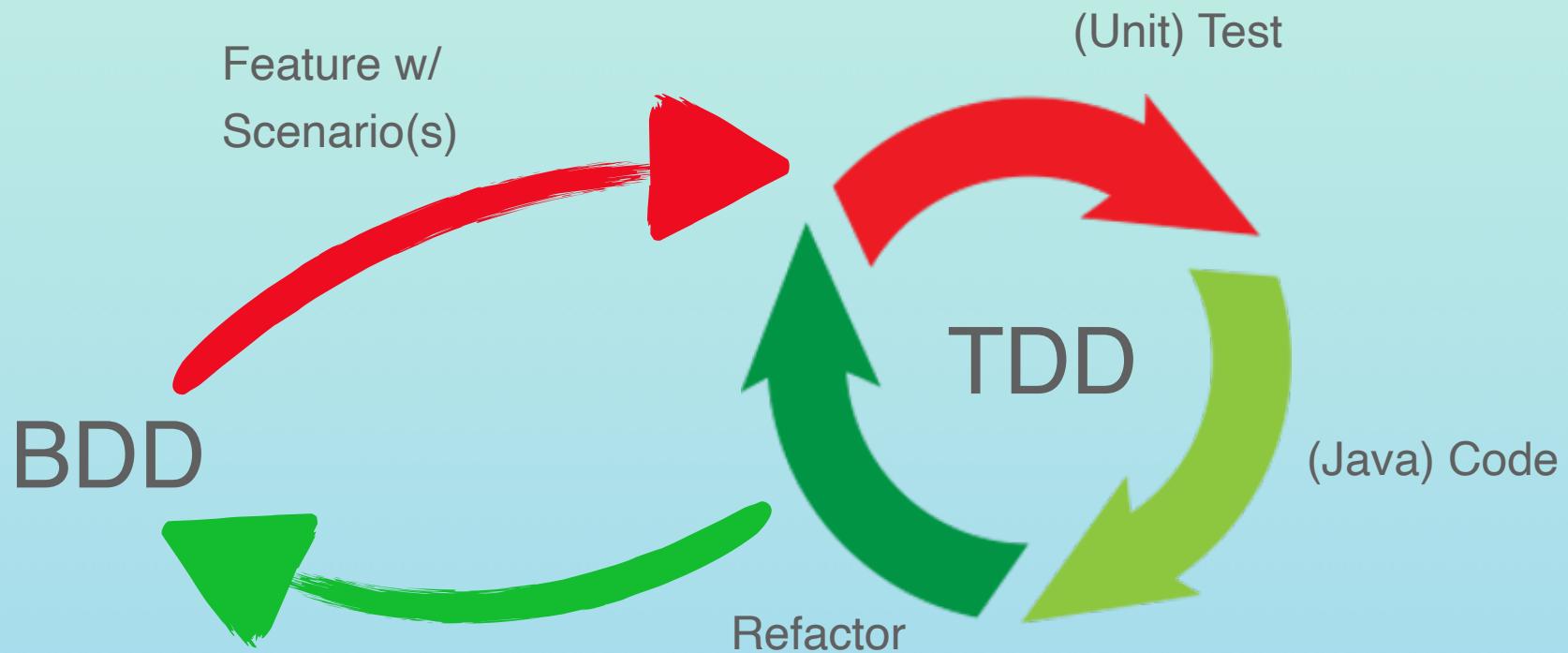
- ({}->nil) no code at all->code that employs nil
- (nil->constant)
- (constant->constant+) a simple constant to a more complex constant
- (constant->scalar) replacing a const. with a variable or an argument
- (statement->statements) adding more unconditional statements.
- (unconditional->if) splitting the execution path
- (scalar->array)
- (array->container)
- (statement->tail-recursion)
- (if->while)
- (statement->recursion)
- (expression->function) replacing expression w/ a function or algorithm
- (variable->assignment) replacing the value of a variable.
- (case) adding a case (or else) to an existing switch or if

"As the tests get more specific, the code gets more generic."

<http://thecleancoder.blogspot.com/2011/02/fib-t-p-premise.html>

<https://8thlight.com/blog/uncle-bob/2013/05/27/TheTransformationPriorityPremise.html>

# Behavior-Driven Development (BDD)



# Terminology

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TDD = test-driven development

Usually: "**driving code units by describing examples**"

*also ...*

"driving a system guided by examples"

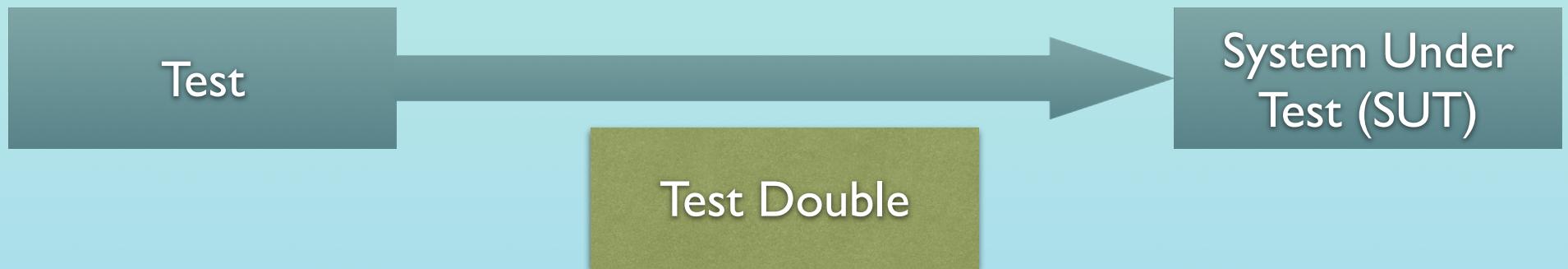
BDD = behavior-driven development

Usually: "**driving a system by describing examples**"

*also ...*

"driving code units guided by examples"

# Alternate Test Double Injection Techniques



# ES6: Function Override

(using `import * as`)

## portfolio.test.js

```
import * as StockLookupService from './stock-lookup-service'

describe('portfolio value with stub', () => {
  it('is symbol price for single-share purchase', () => {
    StockLookupService.symbolLookupStub(_ => 42)
    portfolio = purchase(portfolio, 'IBM', 1)
    expect(value(portfolio)).to.equal(42)
  })
})
```

## stock-lookup-service.js

```
export let symbolLookup = _symbol => { /* prod code */ }
export const symbolLookupStub = stub => symbolLookup = stub
```

## portfolio.js

```
import { symbolLookup } from './stock-lookup-service'
export const value =
  portfolio => symbolLookup(Object.keys(portfolio.holdings)[0])
```

# **Exercise: Function Override**

using `import * as`

# Prototype Injection

```
PortfolioObj.prototype.value = function() {
  if (this.size() === 0) return 0
  return this.lookupPrice('BAYN')
    .then(function({_symbol, price}) {
      return price
    })
}
```

```
PortfolioObj.prototype.lookupPrice = function() {
  return ax.get(`http://localhost:3001`)
    .then(function(response) {
      return { symbol: response.symbol, price: response.price }
    })
}
```

```
let realLookupPrice

beforeEach(() => {
  realLookupPrice = PortfolioObj.prototype.lookupPrice
  PortfolioObj.prototype.lookupPrice =
    function() {
      return Promise.resolve(
        { symbol: Monsanto, price: MonsantoValue })
    }
})

afterEach(() => {
  PortfolioObj.prototype.lookupPrice = realLookupPrice
})

it('...', async () => {
  portfolio.purchase(Monsanto, 1)
  const result = await portfolio.value()
  expect(result).to.equal(MonsantoValue)
})
```

# Exercise: Prototype Injection

---



Flesh out the portfolio value function, using TDD,  
starting with `./src/misc/portfolio-obj.test.js` and  
`./src/misc/portfolio/portfolio-obj.js`

*Start simple! Add in small increments!*

You should end up with at least three tests, perhaps four.

# Jest: Method Dependency

<https://jestjs.io/docs/en/es6-class-mocks>

```
class TemperatureService {
  currentTemperature(_city) {
    throw Error('server *really* down')
  }
}

const averageTemperature = (cities, temperatureService) => {
  return cities
    .map(city => temperatureService.currentTemperature(city))
    .reduce((sum, temp) => sum + temp, 0) / cities.length
};
```

# Jest Method Stub

```
import TemperatureService from './temperature-class'  
import { when } from 'jest-when'
```

```
const mockCurrentTemperature = jest.fn()
```

```
jest.mock('./temperature-class', () =>  
  jest.fn().mockImplementation(() => ({ currentTemperature: mockCurrentTemperature }))  
)  
  
TemperatureService.mockClear() // in beforeEach  
mockCurrentTemperature.mockClear() // in beforeEach
```

```
const temperatureService = new TemperatureService()  
when(mockCurrentTemperature).calledWith('Miami').mockReturnValueOnce(82)  
when(mockCurrentTemperature).calledWith('St. Louis').mockReturnValueOnce(52)
```

```
const result = averageTemperature(['Miami', 'St. Louis'], temperatureService)
```

```
expect(result).toEqual(67)
```

```
class TemperatureService {  
  currentTemperature(_city) {  
    // ...  
  }  
}
```

# require() Dependency Challenge

## portfolio.js

```
var symbolLookup = require('./stock-lookup-service').symbolLookup

// ... other funcs ...

var value = function(portfolio) {
  var sumValues = function(totalValue, symbol) {
    return totalValue + symbolLookup(symbol) * sharesOf(portfolio, symbol)
  }
  return empty(portfolio) ? 0 :
    Object.keys(portfolio.holdings).reduce(sumValues, 0)
}

module.exports = { /* ... */, value: value }
```

## stock-lookup-service.js

```
module.exports = {
  symbolLookup: function(symbol) { /* ... */ }
}
```

# Exports Injection: Old School

portfolio.js

```
var value = function(symbolLookup, portfolio) {
  var sumValues = function(totalValue, symbol) {
    return totalValue + symbolLookup(symbol) * sharesOf(portfolio, symbol)
  }
  return empty(portfolio)
    ? 0
    : Object.keys(portfolio.holdings).reduce(sumValues, 0)
}

module.exports = function(symbolLookup) {
  return {
    // ... other funcs ...
    value: value.bind(null, symbolLookup)
  }
}
```

# Injecting Via Exports

portfolio.test.js

```
var stubSymbolLookup = jest.fn()
var Portfolio = require('./portfolio')(stubSymbolLookup)

describe('portfolio value', function() {
  it('is symbol price for single-share purchase', function() {
    stubSymbolLookup.mockReturnValueOnce(IBMPrice)
    var portfolio = createPortfolio()

    portfolio = purchase(portfolio, 'IBM', 1)

    expect(value(portfolio)).toEqual(IBMPrice)
  })
})
```

# References / Reading List

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"Chat" icon courtesy Gregor Cesnar, Noun Project (Creative Commons)

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# Thank you!



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