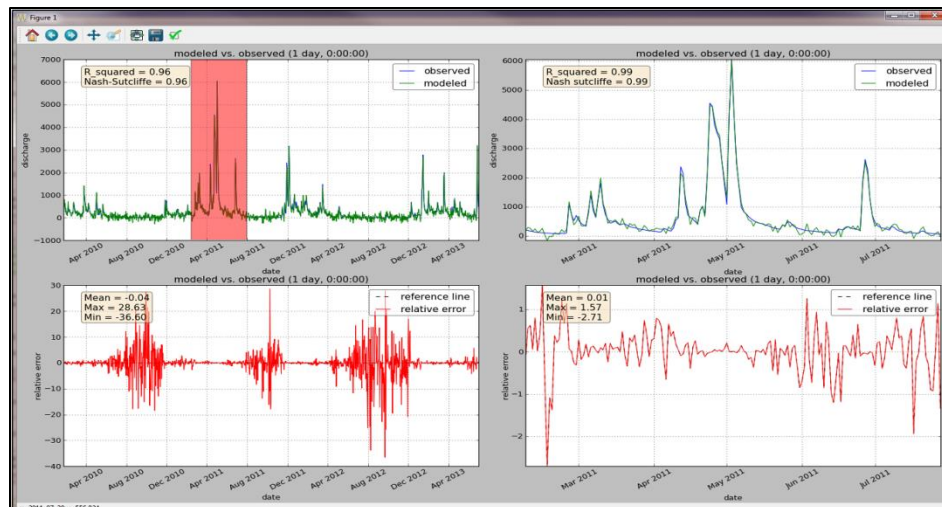
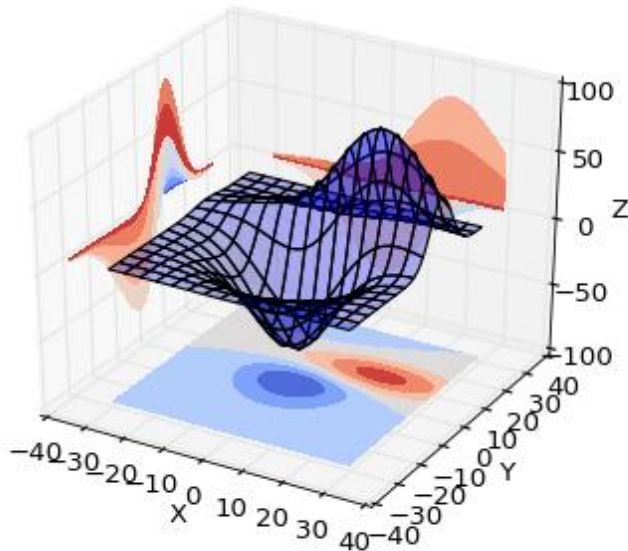


Introduction to Scientific Computing

Meeting 29

Programming with Python



```
# Write Fibonacci series up to n
>>> def fib(n):
>>>     a, b = 0, 1
>>>     while a < n:
>>>         print(a, end=' ')
>>>         a, b = b, a+b
>>>     print()
>>> fib(1000)
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610
```

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Last Meeting

- Completed a python script that reads a sample data file using `sys.argv` and displays simple statistics to the screen.
- Showed how to use the unix redirect (`>`) to take the output from the screen and to output that to a file.

Today's Objective

- See meeting notes.

Let's continue coding!

date	discharge (cfs)	stage (ft)	temperature (celsius)
01/05/2014	100	12.2	5
02/08/2014	110	12.8	3
03/07/2014	105	12.5	10
04/01/2014	98	11.9	20
05/04/2014	92	11.5	25
06/01/2014	104	12.3	28
07/02/2014	97	11.8	32
08/03/2014	95	11.7	33
09/04/2014	96	11.7	27
10/05/2014	101	12.0	20
11/02/2014	112	13.2	15
12/03/2014	109	12.8	7

```
$ python read_measurements.py 2014_measurements_bob.txt  
2014_measurements_bob.txt
```

```
discharge (cfs):
```

```
Average: 101.583
```

```
Maximum: 112.0 occurred on 11/02/2014
```

```
Minimum: 92.0 occurred on 05/04/2014
```

```
stage (ft):
```

```
Average: 12.200
```

```
Maximum: 13.2 occurred on 11/02/2014
```

```
Minimum: 11.5 occurred on 05/04/2014
```

```
temperature (celsius):
```

```
Average: 18.750
```

```
Maximum: 33.0 occurred on 08/03/2014
```

```
Minimum: 3.0 occurred on 02/08/2014
```

Quick Demo – Functions

- Functions are used to help to modularize your code.

Keyword **def**
defines start
of a function

Function **arguments/parameters**

Colon to signify
block of
operations will
follow

```
def func_name(param1, param2, ...):  
    """ Document the function """  
    statements  
    return return_values
```

Indent 4
spaces

Optional **return** specifies value
to be returned

Some common built-in Python Functions

```
>>> abs(-5)
```

```
>>> max([1, 2, 3])
```

```
>>> min([1, 2, 3])
```

```
>>> print("Hello")
```

<code>abs(a)</code>	Absolute value of <code>a</code>
<code>max(sequence)</code>	Largest element of <i>sequence</i>
<code>min(sequence)</code>	Smallest element of <i>sequence</i>
<code>round(a, n)</code>	Round <code>a</code> to <code>n</code> decimal places
<code>cmp(a, b)</code>	Returns $\begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } a < b \\ 0 & \text{if } a = b \\ 1 & \text{if } a > b \end{cases}$

Video – Python



- Software Carpentry, Greg Wilson
 - Python: Functions
 - <http://software-carpentry.org/v4/python/func.html>

Practice

- Let's write some functions!