Class 06: R Functions

Quarto

Quarto enables you to weave together content and executable code into a finished document. To learn more about Quarto see https://quarto.org.

Running Code

Every function in R has at least 3 things: -name (you pick it) -arguments (the inputs(s) to your function), and -the body

```
# Example input vectors to start with
student1 <- c(100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 90)
student2 <- c(100, NA, 90, 90, 90, 90, 97, 80)
student3 <- c(90, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
mean(student1)

[1] 98.75

min(student1)

[1] 100</pre>
```

```
which.min(student1) # which of the values is the minimum
[1] 8
  student1[-8]
[1] 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
  #Q1: function to determine this
  grade <- function(x){</pre>
    x[is.na(x)] < -0
    mean(x[-which.min(x)])
  grade(student2)
[1] 91
QUESTION 2
  #Q2
  data <- read.csv("https://tinyurl.com/gradeinput",</pre>
                    row.names=1)
  # for each row in data, apply grade function
  answer2<- apply(data,1,grade)</pre>
  which.max(answer2)
student-18
        18
QUESTION 3
  hw_avg <-apply(data,2,mean,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
  which.min(hw_avg)
hw3
  3
```

```
mask <- data
mask[is.na(mask)] <-0
which.min(apply(mask,2,mean))

hw2
2

apply(mask,2,cor,y=answer2)

hw1 hw2 hw3 hw4 hw5
0.4250204 0.1767780 0.3042561 0.3810884 0.6325982

#homework 5!

HW 5</pre>
```