# Households PM2.5 concentrations in rural and urban Peru

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## **Final Analysis**

## **Preliminaries**

## Load libraries

```
#knitr::opts_chunk$set(error = TRUE)

#load libraries
library(data.table)
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)
library(stringi)
library(ggplot2)
library(xtable)
library(pander)
library(pheatmap)
library(RColorBrewer)
```

## Load data and create new columns

Add filenames as new field to capture household ID from filename Combine files into one dataset

```
#read filenames
urban_files <- list.files(path = "../Data/PDRUrbanData", pattern = ".CSV")</pre>
rural files <- list.files(path = "../Data/PDRRuralData", pattern = ".CSV")</pre>
#create new column of filename to capture household ID; concatenate files into one
read csv urban <- function(urban files) {</pre>
 ret <- fread(file.path("../Data/PDRUrbanData", urban files), showProgress = TRUE,</pre>
autostart = 15)
 ret$Source <- urban files
 ret
read csv rural <- function(rural files) {</pre>
 ret <- fread(file.path("../Data/PDRRuralData", rural files), showProgress = TRUE,
autostart = 15)
 ret$Source <- rural_files</pre>
 ret
#NOTE: warning messages are from final row of raw data, which is gibberish and appr
opriately dropped by fread
urbanraw <- ldply(urban files, read csv urban)</pre>
ruralraw <- ldply(rural files, read csv rural)</pre>
urbandata <- urbanraw #this will be the working urban dataset
ruraldata <- ruralraw #this will be the working rural dataset
```

Clean up and create new columns

```
#Fix inconsistent column names in raw data files
colnames(urbandata) <- c("Point","Date","Time","pmurban1","Source","pmurban2")</pre>
colnames(ruraldata) <- c("Point","Date","Time","pmrural1","Source","pmrural2")</pre>
urbandata$pmurban <- rowSums(urbandata[,c("pmurban1","pmurban2")], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
ruraldata$pmrural <- rowSums(ruraldata[,c("pmrural1", "pmrural2")], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
#Isolate information derived from the filename, build date fields
#"hid" = household ID
urbandata$hid <- stri sub(urbandata$Source,7,12)</pre>
urbandata$yr <- stri sub(urbandata$Source, 19,20)</pre>
urbandata$ndate <- paste(urbandata$Date,urbandata$yr)</pre>
urbandata$ndatetime <- paste(urbandata$ndate, urbandata$Time)</pre>
urbandata$datetime <- lubridate::dmy hms(urbandata$ndatetime)</pre>
urbandata$hour <- stri sub(urbandata$Time,1,2)</pre>
urbandata$hidtime <- paste(urbandata$hid,urbandata$ndate,urbandata$hour, sep = " ")
urbandata$hiddt <- gsub(" ", "", urbandata$hidtime)</pre>
urbandata$strtdate <- stri sub(urbandata$Source, 14, 20)</pre>
urbandata$sampleid <- paste0(urbandata$hid,urbandata$strtdate)</pre>
urbandata <- select (urbandata, "hiddt", "pmurban", "sampleid", "hid", "datetime")</pre>
ruraldata$hid <- stri sub(ruraldata$Source,7,12)</pre>
ruraldata$yr <- stri sub(ruraldata$Source, 19,20)</pre>
ruraldata$ndate <- paste(ruraldata$Date,ruraldata$yr)</pre>
ruraldata$ndatetime <- paste(ruraldata$ndate, ruraldata$Time)</pre>
ruraldata$datetime <- lubridate::dmy hms(ruraldata$ndatetime)</pre>
ruraldata$hour <- stri sub(ruraldata$Time,1,2)</pre>
ruraldata$hidtime <- paste(ruraldata$hid,ruraldata$ndate,ruraldata$hour, sep = " ")
ruraldata$hiddt <- gsub(" ", "", ruraldata$hidtime)</pre>
ruraldata$strtdate <- stri sub(ruraldata$Source,14,20)</pre>
ruraldata$sampleid <- paste0(ruraldata$hid,ruraldata$strtdate)</pre>
ruraldata <- select (ruraldata, "hiddt", "pmrural", "sampleid", "hid", "datetime")</pre>
```

## Head of working datasets

```
head(urbandata,3)
```

```
## hiddt pmurban sampleid hid datetime

## 1 210005_140ct13_15     0.022 210005140CT13 210005 2013-10-14 15:11:22

## 2 210005_140ct13_15     0.012 210005140CT13 210005 2013-10-14 15:12:22

## 3 210005_140ct13_15     0.001 210005140CT13 210005 2013-10-14 15:13:22
```

```
head(ruraldata,3)
```

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

How many measurements per sampling period

## Used in first paragraph of results

```
#Calculate number and hours of measurements per sample: urban
samp_u <- length(unique(urbandata$sampleid))
logs_u <- length(urbandata$hiddt)

logs_per_samp_u <- (logs_u)/(samp_u)
logs_per_samp_u # Measurements per sample: urban</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1499.232
```

```
hrs_per_samp_u <- logs_per_samp_u/60
hrs_per_samp_u # Measurement-hours per sample: urban
```

```
## [1] 24.9872
```

```
#Calculate number of measurements per sample: rural
samp_r <- length(unique(ruraldata$sampleid))
logs_r <- length(ruraldata$hiddt)

logs_per_samp_r <- (logs_r)/(samp_r)
logs_per_samp_r # Measurements per sample: rural</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1470.539
```

```
hrs_per_samp_r <- logs_per_samp_r/60
hrs_per_samp_r # Measurement-hours per sample: rural</pre>
```

```
## [1] 24.50899
```

Summarize data by daily hour (mean, max, median, 95th percentile)

Extract ID and hour into new columns

```
quant_u <- "quantile(pmurban, probs=0.95)"
quant_r <- "quantile(pmrural, probs=0.95)"

funs_u <- c("mean", "max", "median", quant_u)
funs_r <- c("mean", "max", "median", quant_r)

sumdata_urban <- urbandata %>%
   group_by(hiddt) %>%
   summarise_at(vars(pmurban), funs_u) %>%
   mutate(hid = stri_sub(hiddt, 1,6)) %>%
   mutate(hr = stri_sub(hiddt, -2,-1))

sumdata_rural <- ruraldata %>%
   group_by(hiddt) %>%
   summarise_at(vars(pmrural), funs_r) %>%
   mutate(hid = stri_sub(hiddt, 1,6)) %>%
   mutate(hid = stri_sub(hiddt, -2,-1))

head(sumdata_urban, 3)
```

```
head(sumdata_rural,3)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 × 7

## hiddt mean max median quantile hid hr

## <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr> ## 1 222009_05Jun15_06 0.451000 0.451 0.451 0.4510 222009 06

## 2 222009_05Jun15_07 9.253100 77.100 5.235 37.9750 222009 07

## 3 222009_05Jun15_08 1.601733 16.430 0.018 8.4435 222009 08
```

Summary statistics for hourly-summarized data

All based on median level per hour

Mean, median, 95th percentile, standard deviation of median levels per hour

```
#urban
urbanpm <- sumdata_urban %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(median))
urbanpm$median <- sumdata urban %>%
  summarise(median = median(median))
urbanpm$perc95 <- sumdata urban %>%
  summarise(perc95 = quantile(median, probs = 0.95))
urbanpm$sd <- sumdata urban %>%
  summarise(sd = sd(median))
#rural
ruralpm <- sumdata rural %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(median))
ruralpm$median <- sumdata rural %>%
  summarise(median = median(median))
ruralpm$perc95 <- sumdata rural %>%
  summarise(perc95 = quantile(median, probs = 0.95))
ruralpm$sd <- sumdata rural %>%
  summarise(sd = sd(median))
```

#### Create table

```
sumstats <- bind_rows(urbanpm,ruralpm)
row.names(sumstats) <- c("Urban PM2.5","Rural PM2.5")</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Setting row names on a tibble is deprecated.
```

```
colnames(sumstats) <- c("Mean", "Median", "95th Percentile", "Standard Deviation")
pander(sumstats)</pre>
```

	Mean	Median	95th Percentile	Standard Deviation
Urban PM2.5	0.01621484	0.005	0.048	0.132402
Rural PM2.5	0.66385067	0.003	2.066075	5.693289

## Summarize data by hour of day

```
hrurban <- sumdata_urban %>%
  group_by(hr) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(median), mean)

hrural <- sumdata_rural %>%
  group_by(hr) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(median), mean)
```

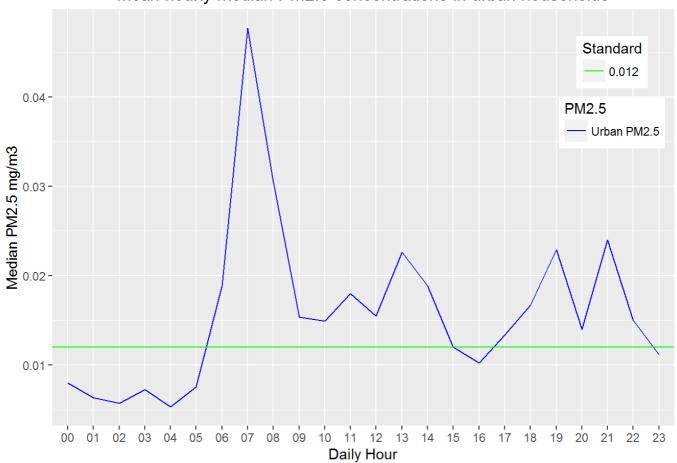
## Generate plots

#### Line plots

```
#Plot mean hourly household median

p <- ggplot(data = hrurban, aes(x=hr,y=median, color = "Urban PM2.5", group = 1))
p <- p + geom_line(aes(hr,median, color="Urban PM2.5"))
Standard <- data.frame( x = c(-Inf, Inf), y = 0.012, Standard = factor(0.012))
p <- p + geom_line(aes(x, y, linetype = Standard), Standard, colour = "green")
p <- p + ylab("Median PM2.5 mg/m3")
p <- p + xlab("Daily Hour")
p <- p + scale_color_manual(values = c("blue"))
p <- p + ggtitle("Mean hourly median PM2.5 concentrations in urban households")
p <- p + theme(legend.position = c(0.9,0.8))
p <- p + guides(colour = guide_legend(title = "PM2.5"))
p</pre>
```

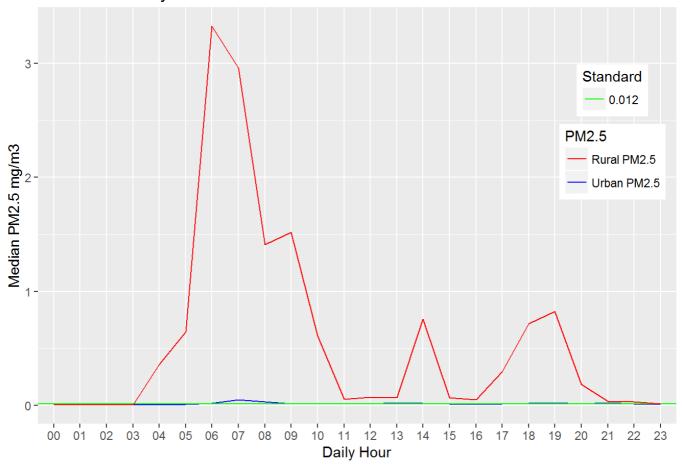
#### Mean hourly median PM2.5 concentrations in urban households



```
## Saving 7 x 5 in image
```

```
p + geom_line(data = hrrural, aes(hr, median, group = 1, color = "Rural PM2.5")) +
    scale_color_manual(labels = c("Rural PM2.5", "Urban PM2.5"), values = c("red", "bl
    ue")) +
    theme(legend.position = c(0.9,0.7)) +
    ggtitle("Mean hourly median PM2.5 concentrations in urban and rural households")
```

#### Mean hourly median PM2.5 concentrations in urban and rural households



## Saving 7 x 5 in image

#### Plot boxplots

```
#Convert data to log base 10 for better visualization

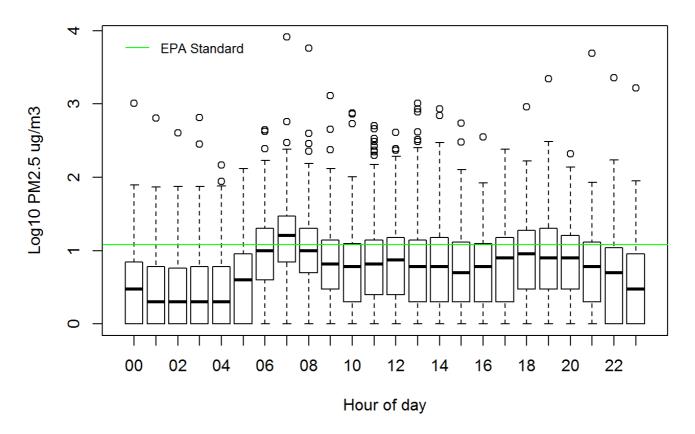
sumdata_urban_log <- sumdata_urban %>%
   mutate(logurban = log10(median*1000+1))

sumdata_rural_log <- sumdata_rural %>%
   mutate(logrural = log10(median*1000+1))

#Plot urban box

boxplot(logurban ~ hr, data=sumdata_urban_log, main="Median hourly PM2.5 in urban households", xlab="Hour of day",ylab="Log10 PM2.5 ug/m3")
abline(h=log10(0.012*1000), col="green")
legend("topleft", inset=.02, "EPA Standard", col="green",lty=1,horiz=TRUE, cex=0.8, box.lty = 0)
```

## Median hourly PM2.5 in urban households

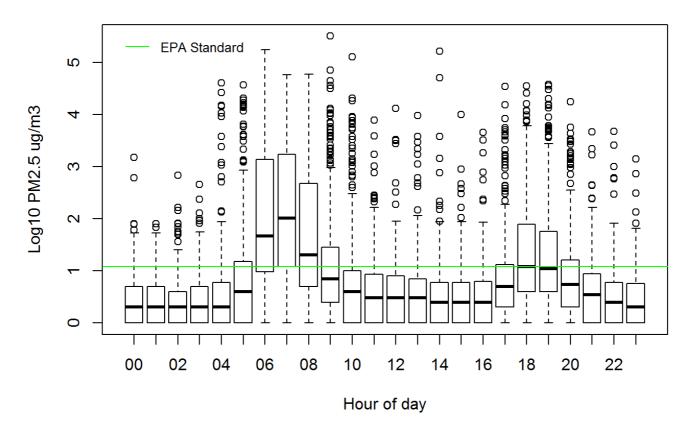


```
## jpeg
## 3
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
boxplot(logrural ~ hr, data=sumdata_rural_log, main="Median hourly PM2.5 in rural
households", xlab="Hour of day",ylab="Log10 PM2.5 ug/m3")
abline(h=log10(0.012*1000), col="green")
legend("topleft", inset=.02, "EPA Standard", col="green",lty=1,horiz=TRUE, cex=0.8,
box.lty = 0)
```

## Median hourly PM2.5 in rural households

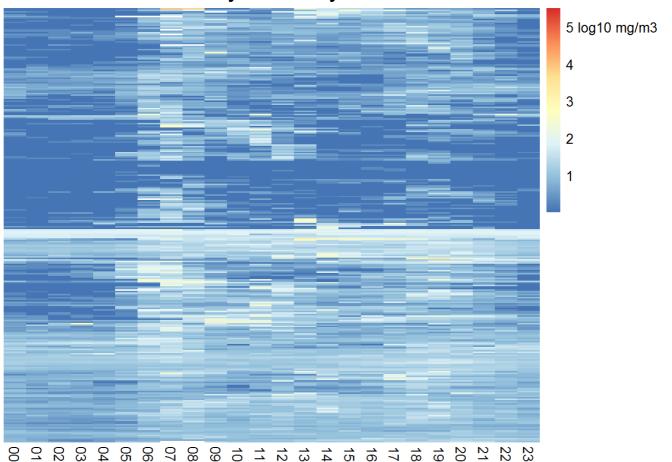


```
## jpeg
## 3
## png
## 2
```

## Plot heat maps

```
#reformat data to wide format for heatmap
num r <- as.data.frame(sumdata rural log)</pre>
nums r <- num r %>%
  select (hid, hr, logrural)
wide r <- reshape(nums r, idvar = "hid", timevar = "hr", direction = "wide")</pre>
num u <- as.data.frame(sumdata urban log)</pre>
nums u <- num u %>%
 select(hid, hr, logurban)
wide u <- reshape(nums u, idvar = "hid", timevar = "hr", direction = "wide")</pre>
#drop and reorder columns for plotting, reformat as matrix
wide2 r <- wide r %>%
 select(-hid)
wide3 r <- wide2 r[,c(19:24,0:18)]
ruralmat <- as.matrix(wide3 r)</pre>
wide2 u <- wide u %>%
  select (-hid)
wide3_u \leftarrow wide2_u[,c(10:24,0:9)]
urbanmat <- as.matrix(wide3 u)</pre>
#Assign column labels, breaks, colors for plots
collabels <- c("00","01","02","03","04","05","06","07","08","09",(10:23))
heatbrks <- c(1:5)
heatlbs <- c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5 log10 mg/m3")
color = colorRampPalette(rev(brewer.pal(n = 7,
                                          name = "RdYlBu"))) (100)
n = length(color)
x = c(urbanmat, ruralmat)
breaks = seq(min(x, na.rm = TRUE),
             max(x, na.rm = TRUE),
             length.out = n +
#Plot heat maps
pheatmap(urbanmat,
         cluster_rows = TRUE, cluster_cols = FALSE,
         treeheight row = 0,
         labels col = collabels,
         legend = TRUE,
         legend breaks = heatbrks,
         breaks = breaks,
         legend labels = heatlbs,
         color = colorRampPalette(rev(brewer.pal(n = 7, name = "RdYlBu")))(100),
main="Median PM2.5 levels by hour of day: urban households",
         silent = FALSE,
         show rownames = FALSE)
```

## Median PM2.5 levels by hour of day: urban households

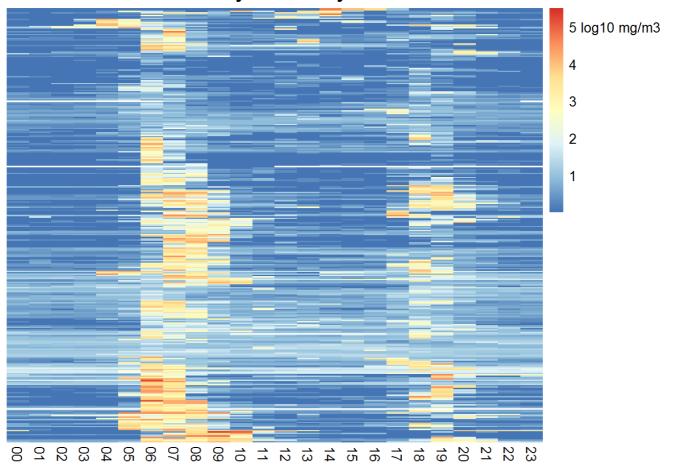


```
## jpeg
## 3
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
pheatmap(ruralmat,
    cluster_rows = TRUE, cluster_cols = FALSE,
    treeheight_row = 0,
    labels_col = collabels,
    legend = TRUE,
    legend_breaks = heatbrks,
    legend_labels = heatlbs,
    color = colorRampPalette(rev(brewer.pal(n = 7, name = "RdYlBu")))(100),
    breaks = breaks,
    main="Median PM2.5 levels by hour of day: rural households",
    silent = FALSE,
    show_rownames = FALSE)
```

## Median PM2.5 levels by hour of day: rural households



```
## jpeg
## 3
```

```
## png
## 2
```