# beamer named overlay specifications with beanoves

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#### Abstract

This package allows the management of multiple named slide number sets in beamer documents. Named slide number sets are very handy both during edition and to manage complex and variable beamer overlay specifications. In particular, they allow to replace raw numbers in beamer <...> overlay specifications by logical identifiers. Demonstration files are available for download as part of the development repository.

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## 1 Minimal example

The document below is a contrived example to show how the beamer overlay specifications have been extended.

```
\documentclass {beamer}
          \RequirePackage {beanoves}
    3 \begin{document}
          \Beanoves {
                             A = 1:2,
                            B = A.next:3,
                            C = B.next,
   9 \begin{frame}
           {\Large Frame \insertframenumber}
11 {\Large Slide \insertslidenumber}
12 \visible<?(A.1)> \{0nly on slide 1\}\setminus
_{13} \visible<?(B.1)-?(B.last)> {Only on slide 3 to 5}\\
14 \visible<?(C.1)> \{0nly on slide 6\}\setminus
15 \visible<?(A.2)> \{0nly on slide 2\}\setminus
17 \visible<?(C.2)> \{0nly on slide 7\}\\
18 \visible<?(A.next)-> {From slide 3}\\
19 \visible<?(B.3::B.last)> \{0nly on slide 5\}\\
_{20} \approx \colored{c} \colored
21 \end{frame}
22 \end{document}
```

On line 4, we use the \Beanoves command to declare named overlay sets. On line 5, we declare an overlay set named 'A', which is a range starting at slide 1 and with length 2. On line 12, the extended named overlay specification ?(A.1) stands for 1 because 1 is the first index of the overlay set named A. On line 15, ?(A.2) stands for 2 whereas on line 18, ?(A.next) stands for 3. On line 6, we declare a second overlay set named 'B', starting after the 2 slides of 'A' namely 3. Its length is 3 meaning that its last slide number is 5, thus each ?(B.last) is replaced by 5. The next slide number after slide range 'B' is 6 which is also the start of the third slide range due to line 7.

## 2 Named overlay sets

### 2.1 Presentation

Within a beamer frame, there are different slides that appear in turn according to overlay specifications. The main overlay sets is a range of integers covering all the slide numbers, from one to the total amount of slides. In general, an overlay set is a range of positive integers identified by a unique name. The main practical interest is that such sets may be defined relative to one another, we can even have lists of overlay sets. Finally, we can use these lists to build and organize beamer overlay specifications logically.

## 2.2 Named overlay reference

A.1, C.2 are named overlay references, as well as A and Y!C.2. More precisely, they are string identifiers, each one representing a well defined static integer to be used in beamer overlay specifications. They can take one of the next forms.

```
⟨short name⟩ : like A and C,
⟨frame id⟩!⟨short name⟩ : denoted by qualified names, like X!A and Y!C.
⟨short name⟩⟨dotted path⟩ : denoted by full names like A.1 and C.2,
⟨frame id⟩!⟨short name⟩⟨dotted path⟩ : denoted by qualified full names like X!A.1
and Y!C.2.
```

The *short names* and *frame ids* are alphanumerical case sensitive identifiers, with possible underscores but no space nor leading digit. Unicode symbols above  $\tt U+00AO$  are allowed if the underlying  $\tt TEX$  engine supports it. Identifiers consisting only of lowercase letters

and underscores are reserved by the package. The dotted path is a string  $.\langle component_1 \rangle.\langle component_2 \rangle....\langle component_n \rangle$ , where each  $\langle component_i \rangle$  denotes either an integer, eventually signed, or a  $\langle short\ name \rangle$ . The dotted path can be empty for which n is 0.

The mapping from *named overlay references* to integers is defined at the global TEX level to allow its use in **\begin{frame}<...>** and to share the same overlay sets between different frames. Hence the *frame id* due to the need to possibly target a particular frame.

## 2.3 Defining named overlay sets

In order to define *named overlay setss*, we can either execute the next \Beanoves command before a beamer frame environment, or use the beanoves option of this environment. The value of the beanoves option is similar to the argument of the \Beanoves commands, but the latter takes precedence on the former. This behaviour may be useful to input the very same source code into different frames and have different combinations of slides.

\Beanoves \Beanoves{\langle ref\_1 \rangle = \langle spec\_1 \rangle, \langle ref\_2 \rangle = \langle spec\_2 \rangle, \ldots, \langle ref\_n \rangle = \langle spec\_n \rangle \}

Each  $\langle ref \rangle$  key is a named overlay reference whereas each  $\langle spec \rangle$  value is an overlay set specifier. When the same  $\langle ref \rangle$  key is used multiple times, only the last one is taken

into account. Possible  $\langle spec \rangle$  value are the range specifiers

```
\langle first \rangle, \langle first \rangle: and \langle first \rangle::, \langle first \rangle:\langle length \rangle, \langle first \rangle::\langle last \rangle, :\langle length \rangle::\langle last \rangle and ::\langle last \rangle:\langle length \rangle.
```

Here  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle last \rangle$  are algebraic expression possibly involving any named overlay reference defined above. At least one of  $\langle first \rangle$  or  $\langle last \rangle$  must be provided.

When performed at the document level, the \Beanoves command starts by cleaning what was set by previous calls. When performed inside LATEX environments, each call cumulates with the previous. Notice that the argument of this function can contain macros: they will be exhaustively expanded.

Also possible values are *list specifiers* which are comma separated lists of  $\langle ref \rangle = \langle spec \rangle$  definitions. The definition

```
\begin{split} \langle \mathit{key} \rangle &= [\langle \mathit{ref}_1 \rangle = \langle \mathit{spec}_1 \rangle \,, \  \, \langle \mathit{ref}_2 \rangle = \langle \mathit{spec}_2 \rangle \,, \ldots \,, \  \, \langle \mathit{ref}_n \rangle = \langle \mathit{spec}_n \rangle ] \\ \text{is a convenient shortcut for} \\ &\langle \mathit{key} \rangle \,.\, \langle \mathit{ref}_1 \rangle = \langle \mathit{value}_1 \rangle \,, \\ &\langle \mathit{key} \rangle \,.\, \langle \mathit{ref}_2 \rangle = \langle \mathit{value}_2 \rangle \,, \\ &\ldots \,, \\ &\langle \mathit{key} \rangle \,.\, \langle \mathit{ref}_n \rangle = \langle \mathit{value}_n \rangle \,. \end{split}
```

The rules above can apply individually to each line.

To support an array syntax, we can omit the  $\langle ref \rangle$  key. The first missing key is replaced by 1, the second by 2, and so on.

## 3 Named overlay resolution

Turning a named overlay reference into the static integer it represents, as in  $\langle (A.1) \rangle$  above is denoted named overlay resolution or simply resolution. This section is devoted to resolution rules depending on the definition of the named overlay set. Here  $\langle i \rangle$  denotes an integer whereas  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle last \rangle$  stand for integers, or integer valued expressions.

## 3.1 Simple definitions

⟨name⟩ = ⟨first⟩ For an unlimited range

reference	resolution	
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ .1	$\langle first  angle$	
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . 2	$\langle  extit{first}  angle + 1$	
$\langle \mathtt{name}  angle . \langle \mathtt{i}  angle$	$ig \langle  extit{first}  angle + \langle  extit{i}  angle - 1$	

 $\langle name \rangle = \langle first \rangle$ : as well as  $\langle first \rangle$ ::. For a range limited from below:

reference	resolution	
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ .1	$\langle first  angle$	
$\langle  exttt{name}  angle$ . 2	$\langle  extit{first}  angle + 1$	
$\langle  exttt{name}  angle . \langle  exttt{i}  angle$	$\langle  extit{first}  angle + \langle  extit{i}  angle - 1$	
$\langle  exttt{name}  angle$ . $ exttt{previous}$	$\langle  extit{first}  angle - 1$	

 $\langle name \rangle = :: \langle last \rangle$  For a range limited from above:

reference	resolution	
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ .1	$\langle \mathit{last} \rangle$	
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . 0	$\langle last \rangle - 1$	
$\langle \mathtt{name}  angle . \langle \mathtt{i}  angle$	$\langle last  angle + \langle i  angle - 1$	
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . ${ t next}$	$\langle \mathit{last} \rangle + 1$	

 $\langle name \rangle = \langle first \rangle : \langle length \rangle$  as well as variants  $\langle first \rangle : : \langle last \rangle$ ,  $: \langle length \rangle : : \langle last \rangle$  or  $:: \langle last \rangle : \langle length \rangle$ , which are equivalent provided  $\langle first \rangle + \langle length \rangle = \langle last \rangle + 1$ .

For a range limited from both above and below:

reference	resolution
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ .1	$raket{\langle first angle}$
$\langle \mathtt{name}  angle$ . 2	$\langle first \rangle + 1$
$\langle \mathtt{name}  angle$ . $\langle \mathtt{i}  angle$	$ig \langle  extit{first}  angle + \langle  extit{i}  angle - 1)$
$\langle  exttt{name}  angle$ . $ exttt{previous}$	$ig  \langle  extit{first}  angle - 1$
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . last	$ig \langle  extit{last}  angle$
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . ${ t next}$	$\langle last  angle + 1$
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . length	$ig \langle \mathit{length}  angle$
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . range	$\max(0,\langle first \rangle)$ ''-'' $\max(0,\langle last \rangle)$

Notice that the resolution of  $\langle name \rangle$  range is not an algebraic difference, and negative integers do not make sense there while in beamer context.

For example

```
1 \Beanoves {
2    A = 3:6, % or equivalently A = 3::8, A = :6::8 and A = ::8:6
3 }
4 \begin{frame} {Frame \insertframenumber} {Slide \insertslidenumber}
5 \ttfamily
6 \BeanovesEval(A.1) == 3,
7 \BeanovesEval(A.-1) == 1,
8 \BeanovesEval(A.previous) == 2,
9 \BeanovesEval(A.last) == 8,
10 \BeanovesEval(A.next) == 9,
11 \BeanovesEval(A.length) == 6,
12 \BeanovesEval(A.range) == 3-8,
13 \end{frame}
```

#### 3.2 Counters

Each named overlay set defined has a dedicated value counter which is some kind of variable that can be used and incremented. A simple  $\langle name \rangle$  named value reference is resolved into the position of this value counter. For each frame, this variable is initialized to  $\langle name \rangle$ .first when finite or  $\langle name \rangle$ .last otherwise.

For each named overlay set defined, we also have an implicit index counter always starting at 1, its actual value is an integer denoted  $\langle n \rangle$ . The  $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .n named index reference is resolved into  $\langle \textit{name} \rangle . \langle \textit{n} \rangle$ , which in turn is resolved according to the preceding rules.

Additionally, resolution rules are provided for the named value references:

 $\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle + = \langle \mathtt{integer expression} \rangle$ : resolve  $\langle \mathtt{integer expression} \rangle$  into  $\langle \mathtt{integer} \rangle$ , advance the value counter by  $\langle \mathtt{integer} \rangle$  and use the new position. Here  $\langle \mathtt{integer expression} \rangle$  is the longest character sequence with no space<sup>1</sup>.

 $++\langle name \rangle$ : advance the value counter for  $\langle name \rangle$  by 1 and use the new position.

 $\langle name \rangle ++ :$  use the actual position and advance the value counter for  $\langle name \rangle$  by 1.

For example both ?(A.next), ?(A.last+1), ?(A.1+A.length) give the same result as soon as the slide range named 'A' has been properly defined with a starting value and a length.

We have resolution rules as well for the named index references:

 $\langle name \rangle .n+=\langle integer\ expression \rangle$ : resolve  $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$  into  $\langle integer \rangle$ , advance the implicit index counter associate to  $\langle name \rangle$  by  $\langle integer \rangle$  and use the resolution of  $\langle name \rangle .n$ .

Here again,  $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$  denotes the longest character sequence with no space.

 $\langle name \rangle$ .++n as well as ++ $\langle name \rangle$ .n: advance the implicit index counter associate to  $\langle name \rangle$  by 1 and use the resolution of  $\langle name \rangle$ .n,

 $\langle name \rangle .n++:$  use the resolution of  $\langle name \rangle .n$  and increment the implicit index counter associate to  $\langle name \rangle$  by 1.

In order to decrement a counter, one can increment with a negative value, no dedicated syntax is provided yet.

These counters are reset to their default value for each new frame, which is 1 for the  $\langle name \rangle$ .n counter, and whichever  $\langle name \rangle$ .first or  $\langle name \rangle$ .last is defined for the  $\langle name \rangle$  counter.

## 3.3 Dotted paths

 $\langle name \rangle . \langle i \rangle = \langle range \ spec \rangle$  All the preceding rules are overriden by this particular one and  $\langle name \rangle . \langle i \rangle$  resolves to the resolution of  $\langle range \ spec \rangle$ .

In the frame example below, we use the \BeanovesEval command for the demonstration. It is mainly used for debugging and testing purposes.

```
1 \Beanoves {
2    A = 3,
3    A.3 = 0,
4 }
5 \begin{frame} {Frame \insertframenumber} {Slide \insertslidenumber}
6 \ttfamily
7 \BeanovesEval(A.1) == 3,
8 \BeanovesEval(A.2) == 4,
9 \BeanovesEval(A.-1)== 1,
10 \BeanovesEval(A.3) == 0,
11 \end{frame}
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The parser for algebraic expression is very rudimentary.

 $\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle. \langle c_1 \rangle. \langle c_2 \rangle \dots \langle c_k \rangle = \langle \mathtt{range\ spec} \rangle$  When a dotted path has more than one component, a named overlay reference like A.1.2 needs some well defined resolution rule to avoid ambiguity. To resolve one level of such a reference  $\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle. \langle c_1 \rangle. \langle c_2 \rangle. \dots \langle c_n \rangle$ , we replace the longest  $\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle. \langle c_1 \rangle. \langle c_2 \rangle. \dots \langle c_k \rangle$  where  $0 \le k \le n$  by its definition  $\langle \mathtt{name}' \rangle. \langle c'_1 \rangle. \dots \langle c'_p \rangle$  if any (the path can be empty). beanoves uses this one level resolution as many times as possible, but no more than a predefined limit to catch circular reference that would lead to an infinite  $T \ge X$  loop. One final resolution occurs with rules above if possible or an error is raised.

For a named indexed reference like  $\langle name \rangle . \langle c_1 \rangle . \langle c_2 \rangle ... \langle c_n \rangle$ , n, we must first resolve  $\langle name \rangle . \langle c_1 \rangle . \langle c_2 \rangle ... \langle c_n \rangle$  into  $\langle name' \rangle$  with an empty dotted path, then retrieve the value of  $\langle name' \rangle$ , n denoted as  $\langle n' \rangle$  and finally use the resolved  $\langle name \rangle . \langle c_1 \rangle . \langle c_2 \rangle ... \langle c_n \rangle . \langle n' \rangle$ .

#### 3.4 Frame id

Except for very special situations, the frame ids can be left unspecified. When no frame id was explicitly provided, beanoves uses the last frame id. At the beginning of each frame, the last frame id is set to the frame id of the current frame, which is denoted current frame id and defaults to ?. Then it gets updated after each named reference resolution. For example, the first time A.1 reference is resolved within a given frame, it is first translated to  $\langle current\ frame\ id \rangle$ !A.1, but when used just after Y!C.2, it becomes a shortcut to Y!A.1 because the last frame id was then Y.

In order to set the *frame id* of the current frame to  $\langle frame\ id \rangle$ , use the new beanoves id option of the beamer frame environment.

beanoves id

beanoves  $id = \langle frame \ id \rangle$ ,

We can use the same frame id for different frames to share named overlay sets.

## 4 ?(...) query expressions

This is the key feature of the beanoves package, extending beamer overlay specifications included between pointed brackets. Before the overlay specifications are processed by the beamer class, the beanoves package scans them for any occurrence of '?( $\langle queries \rangle$ )'. Each one is then evaluated and replaced by its resolved static counterpart. The overall result is finally forwarded to the beamer class.

The  $\langle queries \rangle$  argument is a comma separated list of individual  $\langle query \rangle$ 's of next table. Sometimes, using  $\langle name \rangle$ .range is not allowed as it would lead to an algebraic difference instead of a range.

query	resolution	limitation
$\overline{\hspace{1.5cm}}$ $\langle$ first expr $ angle$	$\langle first  angle$	
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle :$	$\langle first  angle$ -	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
$\langle \texttt{first expr} \rangle : \langle \texttt{length expr} \rangle$	$\langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
$:: \langle \texttt{end} \ \texttt{expr} \rangle : \langle \texttt{length} \ \texttt{expr} \rangle$	$\langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
:	_	
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle ::$	$\langle first  angle$ -	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
$::\langle  exttt{end expr} angle$	$-\langle last \rangle$	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle :: \langle  exttt{end expr}  angle$	$\langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
$: \langle \mathtt{length} \ \mathtt{expr} \rangle :: \langle \mathtt{end} \ \mathtt{expr} \rangle$	$\langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	no $\langle \textit{name} \rangle$ .range
::	_	

Here  $\langle first \; expr \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \; expr \rangle$  and  $\langle end \; expr \rangle$  both denote algebraic expressions possibly involving named slide references and counters. As integers, they are respectively resolved into  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle last \rangle$ .

Notice that nesting ?(...) query expressions is not supported.

## 5 Support

See https://github.com/jlaurens/beanoves.

## 6 Implementation

Identify the internal prefix (LATEX3 DocStrip convention).

```
1 (@@=bnvs)
```

Reserved namespace: identifiers containing the case insensitive string beanoves or the string bnvs delimited by two non characters. Not all the variables or functions names used by this package follow this convention, but in that case the global macro level is not polluted.

## 6.1 Package declarations

```
NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2020/01/01]
NerovidesExplPackage
beanoves
floating
1.0}
Named overlay specifications for beamer}
```

## 6.2 logging

Utility message.

```
8 \msg_new:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { #1 }
9 \msg_new:nnn { beanoves } { :nn } { #1~(#2) }
10 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_warning:n {
11 \msg_warning:nnn { beanoves } { :n }
12 }
13 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_error:n {
14 \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n }
```

```
15 }
16 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_error:x {
17  \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n }
18 }
19 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_fatal:n {
20  \msg_fatal:nnn { beanoves } { :n }
21 }
22 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_fatal:x {
23  \msg_fatal:nnx { beanoves } { :n }
24 }
```

## 6.3 Debugging and testing facilities

Typesetting file beanoves.dtx creates both beanoves and beanoves-debug style files. The former is intended for everyday use whereas the latter contains supplemental debugging and testing facilities which are intentionally left undocumented.

## 6.4 Local variables

We make heavy use of local variables and function scopes. Many functions are executed within a TeX group, which ensures no name collision with the caller stack. The number of variables used has not been optimized, nor the TeX groups used. Optimization often goes against readability.

```
25 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_id_last_tl
26 \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_last_tl { ?! }
27 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
28 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
29 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_c_tl
30 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_id_tl
31 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
32 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_name_tl
33 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_path_tl
34 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_group_tl
35 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_query_tl
36 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_token_tl
37 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_root_tl
38 \int_new:N \g__bnvs_call_int
39 \int_new:N \l__bnvs_int
40 \seq_new:N \g__bnvs_def_seq
41 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
42 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
43 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_ans_seq
44 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_match_seq
45 \sep_{15} \sl \
46 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_path_seq
47 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_query_seq
48 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_token_seq
49 \bool_new:N \l__bnvs_in_frame_bool
50 \bool_new:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
51 \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_in_frame_bool
```

## 6.5 Infinite loop management

Unending recursivity is managed here.

\g\_\_bnvs\_call\_int

Some functions calls, as well as some loop bodies, decrement this counter. When this counter reaches 0, an error is raised or a computation is aborted.

```
(End definition for \g_bnvs_call_int.)

52 \int_const:Nn \c_bnvs_max_call_int { 2048 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_call\_greset:

\\_\_bnvs\_call\_greset:

Reset globally the call stack counter to its maximum value.

```
53 \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_call_greset: {
54 \int_gset:Nn \g__bnvs_call_int { \c__bnvs_max_call_int }
55 }
```

 $\_$ \_bnvs\_call: $\underline{\mathit{TF}}$ 

```
\__bnvs_call_do:TF \{\langle true\ code\ \rangle\}\ \{\langle\ false\ code\ \rangle\}
```

Decrement the  $\g_bnvs_call_int$  counter globally and execute  $\langle true\ code\ \rangle$  if we have not reached 0,  $\langle false\ code\ \rangle$  otherwise.

```
56 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_call: { T, F, TF } {
57  \int_gdecr:N \g__bnvs_call_int
58  \int_compare:nNnTF \g__bnvs_call_int > 0 {
59  \prg_return_true:
60  } {
61  \prg_return_false:
62  }
63 }
```

## 6.6 Overlay specification

### 6.6.1 In slide range definitions

\g\_\_bnvs\_prop

 $\langle key \rangle - \langle value \rangle$  property list to store the named overlay sets. The basic keys are, assuming  $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle$  is a fully qualified overlay set name,

- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle / A$  for the first index
- ⟨id⟩!⟨name⟩/L for the length when provided
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle/Z$  for the last index when provided
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle / V$  for the counter value, when used
- (id)!(name)/n for the implicit index counter, when used.

Other keys are eventually used to cache results when some attributes are defined from other slide ranges. They are characterized by a '//'.

- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //A$  for the cached static value of the first index
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //Z$  for the cached static value of the last index
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //L$  for the cached static value of the length

```
\(id\)!\(name\)//P for the cached static value of the previous index
\(id\)!\(\name\)//N for the cached static value of the next index
\(\delta d\)!\(\name\)//V for the real counter value

The implementation is private, in particular, keys may change in future versions.
```

64 \prop\_new:N \g\_\_bnvs\_prop (End definition for \g\_\_bnvs\_prop.)

## 6.7 Basic functions

```
\__bnvs_gput:nnn
\__bnvs_gprovide:nnn
\__bnvs_gprovide:nVn
\__bnvs_item:nn
\__bnvs_gremove:nn
\__bnvs_gremove:nV
\__bnvs_gclear:n
\__bnvs_gclear:
```

```
\label{eq:localization} $$\sum_{\substack{subkey\\}} {\langle key\\} {\langle value\\} \\ \_bnvs\_gprovide:nnn {\langle subkey\\} {\langle key\\} {\langle value\\} \\ \_bnvs\_item:nn {\langle subkey\\} {\langle key\\} {\langle tl\ variable\\} \\ \_bnvs\_gremove:nn {\langle subkey\\} {\langle key\\} \\ \_bnvs\_clear:n {\langle key\\} \\ \_bnvs\_clear:
```

Convenient shortcuts to manage the storage, it makes the code more concise and readable. This is a wrapper over LATEX3 eponym functions, except \\_\_bnvs\_gprovide:nn which meaning is straightforward. The key argument is \langle key \rangle \langle subkey \rangle.

```
65 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gput:nnn #1 #2 {
    \displaystyle \begin{array}{ll} prop\_gput:Nnn \\ g\_bnvs\_prop { #2 / #1 } \end{array}
66
67 }
68 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gprovide:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
    \prop_if_in:NnF \g__bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 } {
69
70
       \prop_gput:Nnn \g__bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 } { #3 }
71
72 }
  \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_item:nn #1 #2 {
73
    \prop_item: Nn \g_bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 }
74
75 }
76 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gremove:nn #1 #2 {
    \prop_gremove: \n \g_bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 }
77
78 }
79 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear:n #1 {
    \clist_map_inline:nn { A, L, Z, V, n } {
80
       \__bnvs_gremove:nn { ##1 } { #1 }
81
82
       _bnvs_gclear_cache:n { #1 }
84 }
85 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear: {
    \prop_gclear:N \g_bnvs_prop
87 }
88 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_gput:nnn { nnV }
89 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_gremove:nn { nV }
```

```
\__bnvs_if_in_p:nn *
\__bnvs_if_in_p:nV *
\__bnvs_if_in:nnTF *
\__bnvs_if_in:nVTF *
```

```
\label{lem:linear_code} $$\sum_{j=1,\dots,n} {\langle subkey \rangle} {\langle key \rangle} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ code \rangle} $$
```

Convenient shortcuts to test for the existence of  $\langle key \rangle / \langle subkey \rangle$ , it makes the code more concise and readable.

```
90 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_in:nn #1 #2 { p, T, F, TF } {
91  \prop_if_in:NnTF \g__bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 } {
92  \prg_return_true:
93  } {
94  \prg_return_false:
95  }
96 }
97 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
98  \__bnvs_if_in:nn {nV} { p, T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_get:nnNTF

```
\verb|\__bnvs_get:nnNTF {$\langle subkey\rangle$} {$\langle key\rangle$} {$\langle tl\ variable\rangle$} {$\langle true\ code\rangle$} {$\langle false\ code\rangle$}
```

Convenient shortcuts to retrieve the value with branching, it makes the code more concise and readable. Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when the item is found,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. In the latter case, the content of the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  is undefined. NB: the predicate won't work because  $\prop_get:NnNTF$  is not expandable.

```
99 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_get:nnN #1 #2 #3 { p, T, F, TF } {
100    \prop_get:NnNTF \g__bnvs_prop { #2 / #1 } #3 {
101    \prg_return_true:
102    } {
103    \prg_return_false:
104    }
105 }
106 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
107    \__bnvs_get:nnN {nV} { p, T, F, TF }
```

### 6.8 Functions with cache

```
Wrapper over the functions above for \langle key \rangle / \langle subkey \rangle.
 108 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gput_cache:nnn #1 {
      \__bnvs_gput:nnn { / #1 }
 109
 110 }
    \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_item_cache:nn #1 #2 {
      \prop_item: \n \g_bnvs_prop { #2 / / #1 }
 113 }
    \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn #1 {
 114
      \__bnvs_gremove:nn { / #1 }
 116 }
    \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear_cache:n #1 {
 117
      \clist_map_inline:nn { {}, A, L, Z, P, N, V } {
 118
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn { ##1 } { #1 }
 119
 120
 121 }
 122 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_v_gclear: {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
      \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
 124
      \prop_map_inline:Nn \g__bnvs_prop {
 125
        \regex_match:nnT { //V$ } { ##1 } {
 126
          \seq_put_right: Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq { ##1 }
 127
        }
 128
 129
      \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq {
 130
 131
        \prop_gremove:Nn \g__bnvs_prop { ##1 }
 132
      \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
      \prop_map_inline:Nn \g__bnvs_prop {
 134
        \regex_match:nnT { /V$ } { ##1 } {
 135
          \seq_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq { ##1 }
 136
 137
      }
 138
      \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq {
 139
        \prop_get:NnNT \g__bnvs_prop { ##1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
 140
           \quark_if_no_value:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
 141
             \prop_put:Nnn \g__bnvs_prop { ##1 } { \q_nil }
 142
 143
 144
        }
 145
       \__bnvs_group_end:
 146
 147 }
```

148 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \\_\_bnvs\_gremove\_cache:nn { nV }
149 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \\_\_bnvs\_gput\_cache:nnn { nVn, nnV }

```
\_bnvs_if_in_cache_p:nn *
\_bnvs_if_in_cache_p:nV *
\_bnvs_if_in_cache:nn<u>TF</u> *
\_bnvs_if_in_cache:nV<u>TF</u> *
```

```
\__bnvs_if_in_cache_p:n \{\langle subkey \rangle\} \{\langle key \rangle\} \__bnvs_if_in_cache:nTF \{\langle subkey \rangle\} \{\langle key \rangle\} \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

Convenient shortcuts to test for the existence of  $\langle subkey \rangle / \langle key \rangle$ , it makes the code more concise and readable.

```
150 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_in_cache:nn #1 #2 { p, T, F, TF } {
151    \__bnvs_if_in:nnTF { / #1 } { #2 } {
152    \prg_return_true:
153    } {
154    \prg_return_false:
155    }
156 }
157 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
158    \__bnvs_if_in_cache:nn {nV} { p, T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_get\_cache:nnN*TF* 

```
\label{localization} $$\sum_{\substack{b \in \mathbb{N} \\ code}} {\langle subkey \rangle} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$
```

Convenient shortcuts to retrieve the value with branching, it makes the code more concise and readable. Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when the item is found,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. In the latter case, the content of the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  is undefined. NB: the predicate won't work because  $\prop_get:NnNTF$  is not expandable.

```
159 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \_bnvs_get_cache:nnN #1 #2 #3 { p, T, F, TF } {
160   \__bnvs_get:nnNTF { / #1 } { #2 } #3 {
161   \prg_return_true:
162   } {
163   \prg_return_false:
164   }
165 }
166 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
167   \__bnvs_get_cache:nnN {nV} { p, T, F, TF }
```

### 6.8.1 Implicit index counter

The implicit index counter is local to the current frame. When used for the first time, it defaults to 1.

```
\g_{\tt bnvs_n\_prop}
```

 $\langle key \rangle - \langle value \rangle$  property list to store the named slide lists. The keys are  $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle$ .

```
168 \prop_new:N \g__bnvs_n_prop (End definition for \g__bnvs_n_prop.)
```

```
\__bnvs_n_gput:nn
\__bnvs_n_gput:(nV|Vn)
\__bnvs_n_item:n
\__bnvs_n_gremove:n
\__bnvs_n_gclear:
```

```
\label{lem:n_gput:nn} $$ \sum_n_gput:nn {\langle key \rangle} {\langle value \rangle} $$ \sum_n_item:n {\langle key \rangle} $$ \sum_n_gremove:n {\langle key \rangle} $$ \sum_n_gclear:
```

Convenient shortcuts to manage the storage, it makes the code more concise and readable. This is a wrapper over LATEX3 eponym functions.

```
169 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_n_gput:nn {
170 \prop_gput:Nnn \g__bnvs_n_prop
171 }
```

```
172 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_n_item:n #1 {
     \prop_item:Nn \g__bnvs_n_prop { #1 }
174 }
175 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_n_gremove:n {
     \prop_gremove:Nn \g__bnvs_n_prop
176
177 }
178 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_n_gclear: {
     \prop_gclear:N \g__bnvs_n_prop
```

\_bnvs\_n\_get:nN*TF* 

```
\label{local_norm} $$\sum_{n\_get:nNTF \{\langle key \rangle\} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ code \rangle\} $$
```

Convenient shortcuts to retrieve the value with branching, it makes the code more concise and readable. Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when the item is found,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. In the latter case, the content of the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  is undefined. NB: the predicate won't work because \prop\_get:NnNTF is not expandable.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_n_get:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \prop_get:NnNTF \g__bnvs_n_prop { #1 } #2 {
182
       \prg_return_true:
183
184
       \prg_return_false:
186
187 }
188
```

## 6.8.2 Regular expressions

\c\_\_bnvs\_name\_regex

The name of a slide range consists of a non void list of alphanumerical characters and underscore, but with no leading digit.

```
189 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_name_regex {
      [[:alpha:]_][[:alnum:]_]*
 191 }
(End definition for \c__bnvs_name_regex.)
```

\c\_\_bnvs\_id\_regex

The name of a slide range consists of a non void list of alphanumerical characters and underscore, but with no leading digit.

```
192 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_id_regex {
    (?: \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} | [?] )? !
```

(End definition for \c\_\_bnvs\_id\_regex.)

\c\_bnvs\_path\_regex A sequence of .\(\langle positive integer \rangle\) items representing a path.

```
195 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_path_regex {
     (?: \. \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} | \. [-+]? \d+ )*
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \c_\_bnvs\_path\_regex.)$ 

\c\_bnvs\_A\_key\_Z\_regex A key is the name of an overlay set possibly followed by a dotted path. Matches the whole string.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex|)
                           198 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex {
                             1: The range name including the slide \langle id \rangle and question mark if any
                             2: slide \langle id \rangle including the question mark
                                       \A ( ( \ur{c_bnvs_id_regex} ? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
                             3: the path, if any.
                                       ( \ur{c_bnvs_path_regex} ) \Z
                           201
\c_bnvs_colons_regex For ranges defined by a colon syntax.
                           202 \regex_const:Nn \c_bnvs_colons_regex { :(:+)? }
                          (End definition for \c bnvs colons regex.)
                          Used to parse slide list overlay specifications in queries. Next are the 7 capture groups.
\c__bnvs_split_regex
                          Group numbers are 1 based because the regex is used in splitting contexts where only
                          capture groups are considered and not the whole match.
                           203 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_split_regex {
                                \s* ( ? :
                          We start with ++ instrussions<sup>2</sup>.
                                     \+\+
                           205
                              • 1: \langle name \rangle of a slide range
                              • 2: \langle id \rangle of a slide range including the exclamation mark
                                   ( ( \ur{c_bnvs_id_regex}? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
                              • 3: optionally followed by a dotted path
                                   ( \ur{c_bnvs_path_regex} )
                              • 4: \langle name \rangle of a slide range
                              • 5: \langle id \rangle of a slide range including the exclamation mark
                                   | ( ( \ur{c_bnvs_id_regex}? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
                              • 6: optionally followed by a dotted path
                                      ( \ur{c__bnvs_path_regex} )
                          We continue with other expressions
                              • 7: the \langle ++n \rangle attribute
                                     (?: \.(\+)\+n
```

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{At}$  the same time an instruction and an expression... this is a synonym of exprection

• 8: the poor man integer expression after '+=', which is the longest sequence of black characters, which ends just before a space or at the very last character. This tricky definition allows quite any algebraic expression, even those involving parenthesis.

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \c_\_bnvs\_split\_regex.)$ 

#### 6.8.3 beamer.cls interface

Work in progress.

```
216 \RequirePackage{keyval}
217 \define@key{beamerframe}{beanoves~id}[]{
218  \tl_set:Nx \l_bnvs_id_last_tl { #1 ! }
219 }
220 \AddToHook{env/beamer@frameslide/before}{
221  \_bnvs_n_gclear:
222  \_bnvs_v_gclear:
223  \bool_set_true:N \l_bnvs_in_frame_bool
224 }
225 \AddToHook{env/beamer@frameslide/after}{
226  \bool_set_false:N \l_bnvs_in_frame_bool
227 }
```

### 6.8.4 Defining named slide ranges

\\_\_bnvs\_parse:nn

Auxiliary function called within a group.  $\langle key \rangle$  is the overlay reference key, including eventually a dotted path and a frame identifier,  $\langle definition \rangle$  is the corresponding definition.

\l\_\_bnvs\_match\_seq

Local storage for the match result.

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_match_seq.)$ 

\\_\_bnvs\_range:nnnn

```
\verb|\climber| $$ \subseteq nnnn {\langle key \rangle} {\langle first \rangle} {\langle length \rangle} {\langle last \rangle}
```

Auxiliary function called within a group. Setup the model to define a range.

```
228 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range:nnnn #1 {
```

```
\bool_if:NTF \l__bnvs_parse_bool {
229
       \__bnvs_n_gremove:n { #1 }
230
       \__bnvs_gclear:n { #1 }
       \__bnvs_do_range:nnnn { #1 }
232
       \_bnvs_if_in:nnTF A { #1 } {
234
         \use_none:nnn
235
236
         \__bnvs_if_in:nnTF L { #1 } {
237
           \use_none:nnn
238
239
         } {
            \__bnvs_if_in:nnTF Z { #1 } {
240
              \use_none:nnn
241
           } {
242
              \__bnvs_do_range:nnnn { #1 }
243
244
245
       }
246
     }
247
248 }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_range:nnnn { nVVV }
   \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_do_range:nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF { #3 } {
251
       \tl_if_empty:nTF { #2 } {
252
         \tl_if_empty:nTF { #4 } {
253
           \__bnvs_error:n { Not~a~range:~:~#1 }
254
         } {
255
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn Z { #1 } { #4 }
256
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { \q_nil }
257
         }
       } {
259
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn A { #1 } { #2 }
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { \q_nil }
261
         \t: f_empty:nF { #4 } {
262
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn Z { #1 } { #4 }
263
           \_\bnus_gput:nnn L { #1 } { q_nil }
264
265
       }
266
267
     } {
       \tl_if_empty:nTF { #2 } {
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn L { #1 } { #3 }
         \_{\rm bnvs\_gput:nnn} Z { #1 } { #4 }
271
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn A { #1 } { \q_nil }
272
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { \q_nil }
273
274
       } {
275
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn A { #1 } { #2 }
276
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn L { #1 } { #3 }
277
278
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn Z { #1 } { \q_nil }
279
         \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { \q_nil }
280
       }
     }
281
282 }
```

```
\__bnvs_parse:n \{\langle key \rangle\}
            _bnvs_parse:n
                               A key with no value has been parsed by \keyval_parse.
                                   \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse:n #1 {
                                284
                                      \peek_catcode_ignore_spaces:NTF \c_group_begin_token {
                                        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_root_tl {
                                           \__bnvs_error:n { Unexpected~list~at~top~level. }
                                        }
                                288
                                        \__bnvs_group_begin:
                                        \int_incr:N \l_bnvs_int
                                289
                                        \tl_set:Nx \l__bnvs_root_tl { \int_use:N \l__bnvs_int . }
                                290
                                        \cs_set:Npn \bnvs:nw ####1 ####2 \s_stop {
                                291
                                           \regex_match:nnT { \S* } { ####2 } {
                                292
                                             \__bnvs_error:n { Unexpected~####2 }
                                293
                                294
                                           \keyval_parse:nnn {
                                295
                                             \__bnvs_parse:n
                                          } {
                                298
                                             \__bnvs_parse:nn
                                          } { ####1 }
                                299
                                300
                                           \__bnvs_group_end:
                                301
                                        \bnvs:nw
                                302
                                      } {
                                303
                                        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_root_tl {
                                304
                                           \__bnvs_id_name_set:nNNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl {
                                305
                                              \__bnvs_parse_record:V \l__bnvs_name_tl
                                          } {
                                             \__bnvs_error:n { Unexpected~key:~#1 }
                                          }
                                300
                                        } {
                                310
                                           \int_incr:N \l__bnvs_int
                                311
                                           \__bnvs_parse_record:xn {
                                312
                                             \label{local_local_local_local} $$ \l_bnvs_root_tl . \\ int_use:N \\ l_bnvs_int \\
                                313
                                          } { #1 }
                                314
                                        }
                                315
                                        \use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w
                                316
                                      }
                                318
                                      #1 \s_stop
                                319 }
_bnvs_parse_range:nNNN{\it TF}
                               \__bnvs_parse_range:nNNN \{\langle input \rangle\}\ \langle first\ tl \rangle\ \langle length\ tl \rangle\ \langle last\ tl \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\}
                               \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
                               Parse \langle input \rangle as a range according to \c_bnvs_colons_regex.
                                320 \exp_args_generate:n { VVV }
                                _{321} prg_new_conditional:Npnn __bnvs_range_set:NNNn #1 #2 #3 #4 { T, F, TF } {
                                      \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

This is not a list.

324

\tl\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_a\_tl
\tl\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_b\_tl

\tl\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_c\_tl

```
\regex_split:NnNTF \c__bnvs_colons_regex { #4 } \l__bnvs_split_seq {
         \seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_a_tl {
 327
\lambda bnvs a tl may contain the \langle start \rangle.
           \seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 328
             \t \int_{a}^{bnvs_b_t} {\int_{a}^{bnvs_b_t} {ds}} ds
 329
This is a one colon range.
               \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
\seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
 331
                  \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_c_tl {
 332
A :: was expected:
                    \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(1):~#4 }
 333
                  } {
 334
                    \int_compare:nNnT { \tl_count:N \l_bnvs_c_tl } > { 1 } {
 335
                       \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(2):~#4 }
 336
 337
                    \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
 338
\label{local_local_local} \label{local_local_local_local} \label{local_local_local_local_local} $$ l_b = c_t \max_{c,t} \max_{c,t} c_t 
                    \seq_if_empty:NF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
 340
                       \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(3):~#4 }
 341
                  }
 342
               }
 343
             } {
 344
This is a two colon range.
                \label{lem:lem:nnt} $$ \left( \frac{1}{bnvs_b_t} \right) > {1} $$
 345
                  \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(4):~#4 }
 346
 347
 348
                \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
\label{local_local_local} $$ l_bnvs_c_tl contains the $\langle end \rangle$.
                \seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 349
                  \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 350
                    \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
 351
\seq_if_empty:NF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
                       \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(5):~#4 }
                  } {
                    \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(6):~#4 }
 357
 358
                  \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
 359
               }
 360
             }
 361
           }
 362
        }
```

Providing both the  $\langle start \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle end \rangle$  of a range is not allowed, even if they happen to be consistent.

```
\bool_if:nF {
           \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
 365
           || \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
           || \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__bnvs_c_tl
        } {
 368
           \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~range~expression(7):~#3 }
 369
 370
        \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ##1 ##2 ##3 {
 371
           \__bnvs_group_end:
 372
           \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
 373
 374
           \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
 375
           \tl_set:Nn #3 { ##3 }
 376
        \exp_args:NVVV \:nnn \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_c_tl
 378
        \prg_return_true:
      } {
 379
           _bnvs_group_end:
 380
        \prg_return_false:
 381
 382
 383 }
\__bnvs_parse_record:n {\langle full name \rangle}
\_bnvs_parse_record:nn {\langle full name \rangle} {\langle value \rangle}
Auxiliary function for \_bnvs_parse:n and \_bnvs_parse:nn.
 384 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nTF { xTF }
 385 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse_record:n #1 {
This is not a list.
      \bool_if:NTF \l__bnvs_parse_bool {
 386
        \__bnvs_gclear:n { #1 }
 387
        \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { 1 }
 388
 389
         \__bnvs_gprovide:nnn V { #1 } { 1 }
 391
 392 }
    \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_parse_record:n { V }
 394 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse_record:nn #1 #2 {
This is not a list.
      \__bnvs_range_set:NNNnTF \1__bnvs_a_tl \1__bnvs_b_tl \1__bnvs_c_tl { #2 } {
 395
        \_bnvs_range:nVVV { #1 } \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_b_tl \l_bnvs_c_tl
 396
 397
        \bool_if:NTF \l__bnvs_parse_bool {
 398
           \__bnvs_gclear:n { #1 }
           \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { #2 }
 400
           \__bnvs_gprovide:nnn V { #1 } { #2 }
 402
 403
      }
 404
 405 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_parse\_record:n

 $\_\_$ bnvs $\_$ parse $\_$ record:nn

406 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \\_\_bnvs\_parse\_record:nn { xn, Vn }

\_\_bnvs\_id\_name\_set:nNN*TF* 

```
\label{locality} $$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (key)} \ \langle id \ tl \ var \rangle \ \langle full \ name \ tl \ var \rangle \ \{\langle \ true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle \ false \ code \rangle\} \ \}$
```

If the  $\langle key \rangle$  is a key, put the name it defines into the  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  with the current frame id prefix \l\_\_bnvs\_id\_tl if none was given, then execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$ . Otherwise execute  $\langle false\ code \rangle$ .

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_id_name_set:nNN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
 408
      \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex {
 410
        #1
 411
      } \l__bnvs_match_seq {
        \tl_set:Nx #2 { \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 3 }
 412
        \tl_if_empty:NTF #2 {
 413
          \exp_args:NNNx
 414
          \__bnvs_group_end:
 415
          \tl_set:Nn #3 { \l_bnvs_id_last_tl #1 }
 416
          \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_id_last_tl
 417
 418
          \cs_set:Npn \:n ##1 {
 419
            \__bnvs_group_end:
            \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##1 }
 421
 422
            \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_last_tl { ##1 }
 423
 424
          \exp_args:NV
          \:n #2
 425
          \tl_set:Nn #3 { #1 }
 426
 427
        \prg_return_true:
 428
 429
        \__bnvs_group_end:
        \prg_return_false:
 431
      }
 432
 433 }
 434 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse:nn #1 #2 {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
 435
      \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_a_tl { #1 }
 436
      \tl_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_root_tl
 437
      \exp_args:NV
 438
      \_bnvs_id_name_set:nNNTF \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_id_tl \l_bnvs_name_tl {
 439
        \regex_match:nnTF { \S } { #2 } {
 440
          \peek_catcode_ignore_spaces:NTF \c_group_begin_token {
 441
This is a comma separated list, go recursive.
 442
             \__bnvs_group_begin:
            \tl_set:NV \l__bnvs_root_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl
 443
            \int_set:Nn \l__bnvs_int { 0 }
 444
            \cs_set:Npn \bnvs:nn ##1 ##2 \s_stop {
 445
               \regex_match:nnT { \S } { ##2 } {
 446
                 \__bnvs_error:n { Unexpected~value~#2 }
 447
 448
               \keyval_parse:nnn {
 449
                 \__bnvs_parse:n
 450
               } {
```

```
452
                 \__bnvs_parse:nn
               } { ##1 }
 453
               \__bnvs_group_end:
 454
             }
 455
             \bnvs:nn
 456
          } {
 457
             \__bnvs_parse_record: Vn \l__bnvs_name_tl { #2 }
 458
             \use_none_delimit_by_s_stop:w
 460
          } #2 \s_stop
        } {
 461
Empty value given: remove the reference.
           \exp_args:NV
           \__bnvs_gclear:n \l__bnvs_name_tl
 463
           \exp_args:NV
 464
           \__bnvs_n_gremove:n \l__bnvs_name_tl
 465
        }
 466
      } {
 467
        \__bnvs_error:n { Invalid~key:~#2 }
 468
 469
We export \l__bnvs_id_tl:
      \exp_args:NNNV
 470
      \__bnvs_group_end:
      \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_last_tl \l__bnvs_id_last_tl
 472
 473 }
    \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse_prepare:N #1 {
 474
      \tl_set:Nx #1 #1
 475
      \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
 476
      \bool_do_until:Nn \l__bnvs_parse_bool {
 478
        \tl_if_in:NnTF #1 {%---[
        ]} {
 479
           \regex_replace_all:nnNF { \[ ([^\]]*) \] } { { { \1 } } } #1 {
 480
             \bool_set_true:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
 481
 482
        } {
 483
           \bool_set_true:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
 484
 485
 486
      \tl_if_in:NnTF #1 {%---[
 487
      ]} {
 488
        \__bnvs_error:n { Unbalanced~%---[
        ]}
 490
      } {
 491
        \tl_if_in:NnT #1 { [%---]
 492
        } {
 493
           \__bnvs_error:n { Unbalanced~[ %---]
 494
 495
        }
 496
      }
 497
 498 }
```

\Beanoves

509

510

```
\Beanoves \{\langle key--value\ list\rangle\}
```

The keys are the slide overlay references. When no value is provided, it defaults to 1. On the contrary,  $\langle key-value \rangle$  items are parsed by \\_\_bnvs\_parse:nn.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \Beanoves { sm } {
      \tl_if_empty:NTF \@currenvir {
We are most certainly in the preamble, record the definitions globally for later use.
        \seq_gput_right: Nn \g_bnvs_def_seq { #2 }
 502
      } {
        \tl_if_eq:NnT \@currenvir { document } {
 503
At the top level, clear everything.
 504
          \__bnvs_gclear:
 505
 506
        \__bnvs_group_begin:
        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_root_tl
 507
        \int_zero:N \l__bnvs_int
 508
```

At the top level, use the global definitions.

\tl\_set:Nn \l\_\_bnvs\_a\_t1 { #2 }

\tl\_if\_eq:NnT \@currenvir { document } {

```
\seq_if_empty:NF \g__bnvs_def_seq {
511
           \tl_put_left:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl {
512
              \seq_use: Nn \g__bnvs_def_seq , ,
513
           }
514
         }
515
       }
516
       \__bnvs_parse_prepare:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
517
       \IfBooleanTF {#1} {
518
         \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
519
520
         \bool_set_true:N \l__bnvs_parse_bool
521
522
       \exp_args:NnnV
523
524
       \keyval_parse:nnn { \_bnvs_parse:n } { \_bnvs_parse:nn } \l_bnvs_a_tl
       \exp_args:NNNV
       \__bnvs_group_end:
       \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_last_tl \l__bnvs_id_last_tl
       \ignorespaces
528
529
530 }
```

If we use the frame beanoves option, we can provide default values to the various name ranges.

531 \define@key{beamerframe}{beanoves}{\Beanoves\*{#1}}

## 6.8.5 Scanning named overlay specifications

Patch some beamer commands to support ?(...) instructions in overlay specifications.

\beamer@frame \beamer@masterdecode

```
\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{{\it overlay specification}} $$ \operatorname{{\it overlay specification}} $$ \operatorname{{\it overlay specification}} $$
```

Preprocess (overlay specification) before beamer reads it.

\l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_tl

Storage for the translated overlay specification, where ?(...) instructions are replaced by their static counterparts.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_\_bnvs\_ans\_tl.)
```

Save the original macro \beamer@masterdecode and then override it to properly preprocess the argument.

```
532 \cs_set_eq:NN \__bnvs_beamer@frame \beamer@frame
533 \cs_set:Npn \beamer@frame < #1 > {
    \__bnvs_group_begin:
    \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
535
    \_bnvs_scan:nNN { #1 } \_bnvs_eval:nN \l_bnvs_ans_tl
536
    \exp_args:NNNV
537
    \__bnvs_group_end:
538
    \_bnvs_beamer@frame < \l_bnvs_ans_tl >
539
542 \cs_set:Npn \beamer@masterdecode #1 {
    \__bnvs_group_begin:
    \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
544
    \_bnvs_scan:nNN { #1 } \_bnvs_eval:nN \l_bnvs_ans_tl
545
    \exp_args:NNV
546
    \__bnvs_group_end:
547
    \__bnvs_beamer@masterdecode \l__bnvs_ans_tl
548
549 }
```

```
_bnvs_scan:nNN
```

```
\label{lem:local_nnn} $$\sum_{\mathrm{nnn}} {\langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle} \ \langle eval \rangle \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle $$
```

Scan the  $\langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle$  argument and feed the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  replacing ?(...) instructions by their static counterpart with help from the  $\langle eval \rangle$  function, which is \\_\_bnvs\_eval:nN. A group is created to use local variables:

\l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_tl

The token list that will be appended to  $\langle tl \; variable \rangle$  on return.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_tl.)
```

Store the depth level in parenthesis grouping used when finding the proper closing parenthesis balancing the opening parenthesis that follows immediately a question mark in a ?(...) instruction.

```
(End definition for \l__bnvs_int.)
```

\l\_bnvs\_query\_tl Storage for the overlay query expression to be evaluated.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_query_tl.)
```

\l\_\_bnvs\_token\_seq

The  $\langle overlay \ expression \rangle$  is split into the sequence of its tokens.

\l\_bnvs\_token\_tl Storage for just one token.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_\_bnvs\_token\_tl.)
 550 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_scan:nNN #1 #2 #3 {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
      \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_token_seq
```

Explode the  $\langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle$  into a list of tokens:

```
\regex_split:nnN {} { #1 } \l__bnvs_token_seq
```

#### \scan\_question:

#### \scan\_question:

At top level state, scan the tokens of the *(named overlay expression)* looking for a '?' character.

```
\cs_set:Npn \scan_question: {
555
       \seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_token_seq \l__bnvs_token_tl {
556
         \tl_if_eq:NnTF \l__bnvs_token_tl { ? } {
557
            \require_open:
558
           {
559
            \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_token_tl
560
            \scan_question:
561
562
563
       }
     }
564
```

## \require\_open:

#### \require\_open:

We just found a '?', we first gobble tokens until the next '(', whatever they may be. In general, no tokens should be silently ignored.

```
\cs_set:Npn \require_open: {
```

Get next token.

```
\seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_token_seq \l__bnvs_token_tl {

'tl_if_eq:NnTF \l__bnvs_token_tl { ( %)

} {
```

We found the '(' after the '?'. Set the parenthesis depth to 1 (on first passage).

```
569 \int_set:Nn \l__bnvs_int { 1 }
```

Record the forthcomming content in the \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl variable, up to the next balancing ')'.

Ignore this token and loop.

```
573 \require_open:
574 }
575 } {
```

End reached but no opening parenthesis found, raise.

#### \require\_close:

#### \require\_close:

We found a '?(', we record the forthcomming content in the \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl variable, up to the next balancing ')'.

```
\cs_set:Npn \require_close: {
```

Get next token.

We found a '(', increment the depth and append the token to \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl, then scan again for a).

```
\int_incr:N \l__bnvs_int
\tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_query_tl \l__bnvs_token_tl
\text{require_close:}
} {
```

This is not a '('.

```
588 \tl_if_eq:NnTF \l__bnvs_token_tl { %(---
589 )
590 } {
```

We found a ')', we decrement and test the depth.

The depth level has reached 0: we found our balancing parenthesis of the ?(...) instruction. We can append the evaluated slide ranges token list to \l\_ans\_tl and look for the next ?.

```
\exp_args:NV #2 \l__bnvs_query_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl
\scan_question:
} {
```

The depth has not yet reached level 0. We append the ')' to \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl because it is not yet the end of sequence marker.

The scanned token is not a '(' nor a ')', we append it as is to \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl and look for a).

Above ends the code for Not a '('We reached the end of the sequence and the token list with no closing ')'. We raise and terminate. As recovery we feed \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl with the missing ')'.

```
\__bnvs_error:x {Missing~%(---
605
            `)':~#1 }
606
         \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_query_tl {
607
            \prg_replicate:nn { \l__bnvs_int } {%(---
608
            )}
609
         }
610
          \exp_args:NV #2 \l__bnvs_query_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl
611
612
613
     }
```

Run the top level loop to scan for a '?':

```
614 \scan_question:
615 \exp_args:NNNV
616 \__bnvs_group_end:
617 \tl_put_right:Nn #3 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
618 }

I
```

#### 6.8.6 Resolution

Given a frame id, a name and an integer path, we resolve any intermediate standalone reference. For example, with A=B and B=C, A is resolved in C. But with A=B+1 and B=C, A is not resolved in C+1. With A=B:D and B=C, A is not resolved in C:D as well.

```
\__bnvs_inp:NNNTF
```

```
\verb|\| Lonvs_inp:NNNTF| $$ \langle id tl var \rangle $$ \langle name tl var \rangle $$ \langle path seq var \rangle $$ {\langle true code \rangle} $$ {\langle false code \rangle} $$
```

Auxiliary function.  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains a frame id whereas  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains a range name. If we recognize a recorded key, on return,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the resolved name,  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  is prepended with new dotted path components,  $\{\langle true\ code \rangle\}$  is executed, otherwise  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed.

```
\exp_args_generate:n { VVx }
                  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_inp:NNN
    620
                                  #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
    621
                           \__bnvs_group_begin:
    622
                          \exp_args:NNV
     623
                          \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex #2 \l__bnvs_match_seq {
     624
This is a correct key, update the path sequence accordingly
                                   \exp_args:Nx
     625
                                   \tl_if_empty:nT { \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 3 } {
     626
                                            \tl_put_left:NV #2 { #1 }
     627
     628
                                   \exp_args:NNnx
     629
                                   \seq_set_split:Nnn \l__bnvs_split_seq . {
     630
                                            \seq_item: Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 4
     631
     632
                                   \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { }
     633
                                   \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_a_tl
                                   \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
No new integer path component is added.
                                           \cs_set:Npn \:nn ##1 ##2 {
     636
                                                    \__bnvs_group_end:
     637
                                                    \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
     638
                                                     \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
     639
                                           }
     640
                                            \exp_args:NVV \:nn #1 #2
     641
     642
Some new dotted path components are added.
                                            \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ##1 ##2 ##3 {
     643
                                                     \__bnvs_group_end:
     644
                                                    \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
                                                    \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
                                                    \sc = 1.8 \times 1.8 
                                                     \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
     648
                                           }
     649
     650
                                            \exp_args:NVVx
                                            \:nnn #1 #2 {
     651
                                                     \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq . . \seq_use:Nn #3 .
     652
     653
     654
                                   \prg_return_true:
     655
     656
                                   \__bnvs_group_end:
     658
                                   \prg_return_false:
                         }
    659
    660 }
```

```
\__bnvs_resolve_n:NNN<u>TF</u>
\__bnvs_resolve_n:TFF<u>TF</u>
\__bnvs_resolve_x:NNN<u>TF</u>
\__bnvs_resolve_x:TFF<u>TF</u>
```

```
\_bnvs_resolve_x:TF \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} \_bnvs_resolve_x:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} \_bnvs_resolve_n:TF \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} \_bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

When too many nested calls occurred,  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed directly otherwise  $\{\langle true\ code \rangle\}$  will be executed once resolution has occurred. The  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$ ,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  are meant to contain proper information on input and on output as well. On input,  $\{\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a frame id,  $\{\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a slide range name and  $\{\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\}$  contains the components of an integer path, possibly empty. On return,  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the frame id used,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the resolved range name and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  contains the sequence of integer path components that could not be resolved.

To resolve a level of a named one slide specification  $\langle qualified\ name \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$ , we replace the shortest  $\langle qualified\ name \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_k \rangle$  where  $0 \le k \le n$  by its definition  $\langle qualified\ name\ \rangle.\langle j_1 \rangle...\langle j_p \rangle$  if any. The \\_\_bnvs\_resolve:NNNTF function uses this one level resolution as many times as possible, but no more than a predefined limit to catch circular reference that would lead to an infinite loop.

- 1. If  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  content is the name of an unlimited range, and the first item of this range is exactly another name range with eventually a heading frame identifier or a trailing integer path, then  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  is replaced by this name, the  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\l_bnvs_id_tl$  are updates accordingly and the  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  is prepended with the integer path.
- 2. If  $\langle path \ seq \ var \rangle$  is not empty, append to the right of  $\langle name \ tl \ var \rangle$  after a separating dot, all its left elements but the last one and loop. Otherwise return.

In the  $\_n$  variant, the resolution is driven only when there is a non empty dotted path.

In the  $_{\mathbf{x}}$  variant, the resolution is driven one step further: if  $\langle path \ seq \ var \rangle$  is empty,  $\langle name \ tl \ var \rangle$  can contain anything.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_resolve_x:TFF #1 #2 {
     \__bnvs_resolve_x:NNNTF
662
     \l__bnvs_id_tl
663
     \l__bnvs_name_tl
664
     \l__bnvs_path_seq {
665
       \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq { #1 } { #2 }
666
667
668 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_x:NNN
       #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
670
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

Local variables:

- \l\_bnvs\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved.
- \l\_bnvs\_a\_seq contains the index path components currently resolved.
- \l\_\_bnvs\_b\_tl contains the resolution.

•  $\label{local_bnvs_b_seq}$  contains the index path components to be resolved.

```
\seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #3
 672
      \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
 673
      \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
 674
        \__bnvs_call:TF {
 675
          \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl #2
 676
          \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_a_seq {
 677
            \__bnvs_get:nVNTF L \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
              \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
            } {
 680
              \resolve:F {
 681
Unknown key (\l_a_tl)/A or the value for key (\l_a_tl)/A does not fit.
                \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
              }
 683
            }
 684
          } {
            \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { . \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
            \resolve:F {
              688
                \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
 689
              }
 690
            }
 691
          }
 692
          \loop:
 693
       } {
 694
          \__bnvs_group_end:
 695
 696
          \prg_return_false:
       }
     7
      \cs_set:Npn \resolve:F ##1 {
          _bnvs_get:nVNTF A \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 700
          \__bnvs_inp:NNNTF #1 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
 701
            \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
            \seq_set_eq:NN #3 \1__bnvs_b_seq
 703
            \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
 704
            \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
 705
          } {
 706
            \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_seq {
              \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
 709
              \seq_clear:N #3
              \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
            } {
              ##1
            }
          }
 714
        } {
 715
        \__bnvs_get:nVNTF V \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 716
          \__bnvs_inp:NNNTF #1 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
 717
            \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
            \seq_set_eq:NN #3 \l__bnvs_b_seq
 719
            \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
 720
            \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
 721
```

```
} {
                                \t_eq:NN #2 \l_bnvs_b_tl
724
                                      \seq_clear:N #3
725
                                      \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
726
                                } {
727
                                      ##1
728
729
                         }
730
                   } { ##1 }
731
              }
732
              }
               \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
734
                    \seq_pop_left:NNTF #3 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
735
                          \seq_if_empty:NTF #3 {
736
                                 \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
737
                                 \__bnvs_can_index:VTF #2 {
738
                                       \__bnvs_if_index:VVNTF #2 \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
739
                                             \tl_set:NV #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
                                     } {
                                             \tl_set:NV #2 \l__bnvs_a_tl
                                      }
                                } {
744
                                      \t1_set:NV #2 1_bnvs_a_t1
745
746
                          } {
747
                                 \__bnvs_error:x { Path~too~long:~#2.\1__bnvs_a_tl
748
                                      .\seq_use:Nn\l__bnvs_path_seq .}
749
750
                   } {
                          \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
752
                          \__bnvs_raw_value:VNT #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl {
753
                                \tl_set:NV #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
754
                         }
755
756
                    \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ####1 ####2 ####3 {
757
                          \__bnvs_group_end:
758
759
                          \tl_set:Nn #1 { ####1 }
760
                          \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####2 }
                          \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ####3 }
                          \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
                    \exp_args:NVVx
764
                    \:nnn #1 #2 {
765
                          \seq_use:Nn #3 .
766
767
                    \prg_return_true:
768
769
              \loop:
770
771 }
772 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_resolve_n:TFF #1 #2 {
              \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF
773
              \label{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loc
774
              \l__bnvs_name_tl
775
```

```
776
    \l__bnvs_path_seq {
      778
779 }
  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_n: { T, F, TF } {
780
    \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF
781
    \l__bnvs_name_tl
782
    \l__bnvs_id_tl
783
    \l__bnvs_path_seq {
      \prg_return_true:
785
    } {
786
      \prg_return_false:
787
788
789 }
  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_n_old:NNN
790
      #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
791
    \__bnvs_group_begin:
792
```

#### Local variables:

- \l\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved.
- \l\_a\_seq contains the index path components currently resolved.
- $\l_b_{tl}$  contains the resolution.
- \l\_b\_seq contains the index path components to be resolved.

```
\seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #3
     \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
     \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
       \__bnvs_call:TF {
         \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl #2
797
         \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_a_seq {
798
           \__bnvs_get:nVNTF L \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
799
             \cs_set:Npn \loop: { \return_true: }
800
           } {
801
             \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_seq {
802
               \cs_set:Npn \loop: { \return_true: }
             } {
               \:F {
805
```

Unknown key  $\langle \alpha_t \alpha \alpha$  or the value for key  $\langle \alpha_t \alpha \alpha$  does not fit.

```
\cs_set:Npn \loop: { \return_true: }
806
807
              }
808
           }
809
         } {
810
            \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { . \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
811
812
              \seq_pop_right:NNT \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
813
                \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
              }
815
           }
816
         }
817
         \loop:
818
       } {
819
```

```
820
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \prg_return_false:
821
       }
822
     }
823
     \cs_set:Npn \:F ##1 {
824
       \_bnvs_get:nVNTF A \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_b_tl {
825
         \__bnvs_inp:NNNTF #1 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
826
            \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
827
           \seq_set_eq:NN #3 \l__bnvs_b_seq
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
829
           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
830
         } { ##1 }
831
       } { ##1 }
832
     }
833
     \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
834
       \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ####1 ####2 ####3 {
835
          \__bnvs_group_end:
836
         \tl_set:Nn #1 { ####1 }
837
         \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####2 }
         \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ####3 }
         \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
       }
841
       \exp_args:NVVx
842
       \:nnn #1 #2 { \seq_use:Nn #3 . }
843
       \prg_return_true:
844
845
846
     \loop:
847 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNN
848
       #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

#### Local variables:

- \l\_bnvs\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved.
- \l\_bnvs\_id\_tl, \l\_bnvs\_name\_tl, \l\_bnvs\_path\_seq contains the resolution.
- \1\_\_bnvs\_a\_seq contains the dotted path components to be resolved. Initially empty.

```
\tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_id_tl #1
851
     \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_name_tl #2
852
     \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_path_seq #3
853
     \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #3
854
     \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
855
     \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
856
       \__bnvs_call:TF {
857
         \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl
858
         \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_a_seq {
859
           \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_seq {
861
             \group_end_return_true:
           } {
862
             \resolve:nF A {
863
               \resolve:nF V {
864
                  \may_loop:
865
```

```
}
866
             }
867
           }
868
         } {
869
           \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { . \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
870
           \resolve:nF A {
871
             \resolve:nF V {
872
                \may_loop:
873
874
             }
875
           }
         }
876
       } {
877
          \__bnvs_group_end:
878
         \prg_return_false:
879
880
881
     \cs_set:Npn \may_loop: {
882
        \seq_pop_right:NNTF \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
883
          \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
          \loop:
       } {
          \group_end_return_true:
887
       }
888
     }
889
     \cs_set:Npn \resolve:nF ##1 ##2 {
890
       \__bnvs_get:nVNTF ##1 \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
891
         \__bnvs_inp:NNNTF \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
892
           \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
893
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
894
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
897
           \loop:
         } {
898
899
           \may_loop:
         }
900
       } {
901
         ##2
902
903
       }
904
     \cs_set:Npn \group_end_return_true: {
       \__bnvs_group_end:
         \tl_set:Nn #1 { ####1 }
908
         \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####2 }
909
         \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ####3 }
910
         \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
911
912
       \exp_args:NVVx
913
       \:nnn \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl { \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_path_seq . }
914
915
       \prg_return_true:
916
     }
917
     \loop:
918 }
```

```
\__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF
\__bnvs_resolve_x:NNNTF
```

```
\__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} \__bnvs_resolve_x:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

When too many nested calls occurred,  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed directly.  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$ ,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  are meant to contain proper information. On input,  $\{\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a frame id,  $\{\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a slide range name and  $\{\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\}$  contains the components of an integer path, possibly empty. On return,  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the frame id used,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the resolved range name and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  contains the sequence of integer path components that could not be resolved.

To resolve a level of a named one slide specification  $\langle qualified\ name \rangle.\langle c_1 \rangle.\langle c_2 \rangle...\langle c_n \rangle$ , we replace the shortest  $\langle qualified\ name \rangle.\langle c_1 \rangle.\langle c_2 \rangle...\langle c_k \rangle$  where  $0 \le k \le n$  by its definition  $\langle qualified\ name\ \rangle.\langle c\ '_1 \rangle...\langle c\ '_p \rangle$  if any. The \\_\_bnvs\_resolve:NNNTF function uses this one level resolution as many times as possible, but no more than a predefined limit to catch circular reference that would lead to an infinite loop.

- 1. If  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  content is the name of an unlimited range, and the first item of this range is exactly another name range with eventually a heading frame identifier or a trailing integer path, then  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  is replaced by this name, the  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  and \l\_\_bnvs\_id\_tl are updates accordingly and the  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  is prepended with the integer path.
- 2. If  $\langle path \ seq \ var \rangle$  is not empty, append to the right of  $\langle name \ tl \ var \rangle$  after a separating dot, all its left elements but the last one and loop. Otherwise return.

NOTA BENE: Implementation details. None of the tl variables must be one of \l\_bnvs\_a\_tl, \l\_bnvs\_b\_tl or \l\_bnvs\_c\_tl. None of the seq variables must be one of \l\_bnvs\_a\_seq, \l\_bnvs\_b\_seq.

In the  $_x$  variant, the resolution is driven one step further: if  $\langle path \ seq \ var \rangle$  is empty,  $\langle name \ tl \ var \rangle$  can contain anything, including an integer for example.

## 6.8.7 Evaluation bricks

We start by helpers.

\\_\_bnvs\_round:nN \\_\_bnvs\_round:N

Shortcut for  $fp_eval:n\{round(\langle expression \rangle)\}\$  appended to  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$ . The second variant replaces the variable content with its rounded floating point evaluation.

```
919 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_round:nN #1 #2 {
920  \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
921   \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { 0 }
922   } {
923   \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { \fp_eval:n { round(#1) } }
924   }
925 }
926 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_round:N #1 {
927  \tl_if_empty:VTF #1 {
928   \tl_set:Nn #1 { 0 }
```

End a group and calls \prg\_return\_true: or \prg\_return\_false:. Before returning, the first one appends the content of \l\_\_bvs\_ans\_tl to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  and cache this content under  $\langle subkey \rangle$  whereas the second one cleans the canche for that  $\langle subkey \rangle$ .

```
\cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN #1 #2 #3 {
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
934
       \__bnvs_group_end:
935
       \_bnvs_gremove_cache:nn { #1 } { #2 }
936
       \prg_return_false:
937
     } {
938
       \__bnvs_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
       \__bnvs_gput_cache:nnV { #1 } { #2 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
       \exp_args:NNNV
941
942
       \__bnvs_group_end:
       \tl_put_right:Nn #3 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
943
       \prg_return_true:
944
     }
945
946 }
   \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn #1 #2 {
947
948
     \__bnvs_group_end:
     \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn { #1 } { #2 }
949
     \prg_return_false:
951 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_raw\_first:nN<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_raw\_first:(xN|VN)<u>TF</u>

```
\label{local_norm} $$\sum_{a=0}^{n} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle}$
```

Append the first index of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Cache the result. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\__bnvs_group_begin:
953
    \_bnvs_get_cache:nnNTF A { #1 } #2 {
954
      \exp_args:NNNV
955
      \__bnvs_group_end:
      \tl_put_right:Nn #2 #2
957
      \prg_return_true:
    } {
959
      \__bnvs_get:nnNTF A { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
960
       \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
961
       \quark_if_nil:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
962
         \_bnvs_gput:nnn A { #1 } { \q_no_value }
963
```

The first index must be computed separately from the length and the last index.

```
\__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
             \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { - }
965
             \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
966
              \__bnvs_raw_length:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
967
                \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl
                \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + 1 }
                \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN A { #1 } #2
970
             } {
                \__bnvs_error:n {    Unavailable~length~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF/2) }
                \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn A { #1 }
             }
974
           } {
975
                _bnvs_error:n {    Unavailable~last~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF/1) }
976
              \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn A { #1 }
977
978
         }
979
           \quark_if_no_value:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
980
              \__bnvs_fatal:n {Circular~definition:~#1}
           }
             ₹
                _bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN A { #1 } #2
             } {
986
                \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn A { #1 }
             }
987
           }
988
         }
989
990
           _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn A { #1 }
991
       }
     }
993
994 }
995
  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
     \__bnvs_raw_first:nN { VN, xN } { T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_raw\_length:nN*TF* 

 $\label{lem:length:nntf} $$ \sup_{\text{name}} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ {\langle true \ code \rangle} \ {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$$ 

Append the length of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle length \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_raw_length:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \_\_bnvs\_group\_begin:
998
     999
       \exp_args:NNNV
1000
       \__bnvs_group_end:
1001
       \tl_put_right:Nn #2 #2
       \prg_return_true:
1003
1004
     } {
       \__bnvs_get:nnNTF L { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1005
         \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1006
         \quark_if_nil:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1007
           \_ bnvs_gput:nnn L { #1 } { q_no_value }
```

The length must be computed separately from the start and the last index.

```
\__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1009
              \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { - }
1010
              \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
1011
              \_bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l_bnvs_a_tl {
1012
                \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl
1013
                \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + 1 }
1014
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN L { #1 } #2
1015
              } {
                 \__bnvs_error:n {    Unavailable~first~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_length:nNTF/2) }
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn L { #1 }
              }
1019
            } {
1020
                 _bnvs_error:n {    Unavailable~last~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_length:nNTF/1) }
1021
               \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn L { #1 }
1022
1023
1024
            \quark_if_no_value:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1025
              \__bnvs_fatal:n {Circular~definition:~#1}
            }
              {
                 _bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN L { #1 } #2
1029
              } {
1030
1031
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn L { #1 }
              }
1032
            }
1033
          }
1034
1035
            _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn L { #1 }
1036
1037
        }
1038
     }
1039 }
1040
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
      \__bnvs_raw_length:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_raw\_last:nN*TF* 

```
\label{local_norm} $$\sum_{\text{nNTF } {\langle name \rangle} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ {\langle true \ code \rangle} \ {\langle false \ code \rangle}$}
```

Put the last index of the fully qualified  $\langle name \rangle$  range to the right of the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ , when possible. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when a last index was given,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \prs_raw_last:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } { }
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
1043
     1044
       \exp_args:NNNV
1045
       \__bnvs_group_end:
1046
       \tl_put_right:Nn #2 #2
       \prg_return_true:
1048
1049
       \_ bnvs_get:nnNTF Z { #1 } \l_bnvs_a_tl {
1050
         \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1051
         \quark_if_nil:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1052
           \_ bnvs_gput:nnn Z { #1 } { q_no_value }
```

The last index must be computed separately from the start and the length.

```
\tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
1054
            \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1055
              \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + }
1056
              \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
1057
              \_bnvs_raw_length:nNTF { #1 } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
1058
                \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
1059
                \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { - 1 }
1060
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN Z { #1 } #2
              } {
1062
                 \__bnvs_error:n { Unavailable~length~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF/1) }
1063
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn Z { #1 }
1064
              }
1065
            } {
1066
               \__bnvs_error:n {    Unavailable~start~for~#1~(\__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF/1)    }
1067
              \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn Z { #1 }
1068
1069
          } {
1070
            \quark_if_no_value:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
              \__bnvs_fatal:n {Circular~definition:~#1}
            } {
                 _bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1074
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN Z { #1 } #2
1075
              } {
1076
                   _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn Z { #1 }
1077
              }
1078
            }
1079
          }
1080
       }
1081
            _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn Z { #1 }
       }
1083
     }
1084
1085
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1086
     \__bnvs_raw_last:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_if\_range:nN*TF* 

```
\verb|\_-bnvs_if_range:nNTF| \{\langle \textit{name} \rangle\} \ \langle \textit{tl variable} \rangle \ \{\langle \textit{true code} \rangle\} \ \{\langle \textit{false code} \rangle\}
```

Append the range of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle range \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_range:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1088
1089
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
1090
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
1091
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
      \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1093
1094
        \int \int_{\infty}^{\infty} \int_{\infty}^{\infty} |u(t)|^2 dt
          \t! set: Nn \l_bnvs_a_tl { 0 }
1095
1096
        \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1097
```

Limited from above and below.

```
\int_compare:nNnT { \l_bnvs_b_tl } < 0 {
1098
             \t! \t! Nn \l_bnvs_b_t! { 0 }
1099
1100
          \exp_args:NNNx
          \__bnvs_group_end:
          \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { \l_bnvs_a_tl - \l_bnvs_b_tl }
1103
          \prg_return_true:
1104
1105
Limited from below.
          \exp_args:NNNV
1106
           \__bnvs_group_end:
          \tl_put_right:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_a_tl
          \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1109
          \prg_return_true:
        }
      } {
1112
        \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1113
Limited from above.
          \int_compare:nNnT { \l_bnvs_b_tl } < 0 {
1114
             \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_b_tl { 0 }
1116
1117
          \exp_args:NNNx
1118
          \__bnvs_group_end:
          \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - \l_bnvs_b_tl }
          \prg_return_true:
1120
        } {
           \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
Unlimited range.
             \exp_args:NNNx
1123
             \__bnvs_group_end:
1124
             \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1125
             \prg_return_true:
1126
          }
            {
1127
             \__bnvs_group_end:
1128
             \prg_return_false:
          }
1130
        }
1131
      }
1132
1133 }
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1134
      \_bnvs_if_range:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_if\_previous:nN*TF* 

```
\verb|\__bnvs_if_previous:nNTF| \{\langle name \rangle\} \ \langle tl| \ variable \rangle \ \{\langle true| \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false| \ code \rangle\}
```

Append the index after the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle next \rangle$  index,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
1136 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_previous:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
```

```
\__bnvs_group_begin:
      \__bnvs_get_cache:nnNTF P { #1 } #2 {
1138
        \exp_args:NNNV
1139
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1140
        \tl_put_right:Nn #2 #2
        \prg_return_true:
1142
1143
        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1144
        \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1145
          \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { -1 }
1146
          \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN P { #1 } #2
1147
       } {
1148
          \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn P { #1 }
1149
1150
1152
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1153
     \__bnvs_if_previous:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_next:nN*TF* 

 $\verb|\| -\| bnvs_if_next:nTF | \{\langle name \rangle\} | \langle tl | variable \rangle | \{\langle true | code \rangle\} | \{\langle false |$ 

Append the index after the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle next \rangle$  index,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_next:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1155
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1156
1157
      \_bnvs_get_cache:nnNTF N { #1 } #2 {
        \exp_args:NNNV
1158
1159
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1160
        \tl_put_right:Nn #2 #2
1161
        \prg_return_true:
     } {
1162
        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1163
        \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1164
          \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { +1 }
          \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN P { #1 } #2
1166
       } {
1167
           \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn P { #1 }
1168
       }
1169
1170
     }
1171 }
1172
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
      \__bnvs_if_next:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_raw\_value:nN*TF* 

```
\verb|\cline{Code}| $$ \cline{Code} $$ \cline{Code} $$ \cline{Code} $$ $$ \cline{Code} $$ $$ \cline{Code} $$ $$ \cline{Code} $$ $$ \cline{Code} $$ $$ \cline{Code} $$ \cline{Code}
```

Append the value of the  $\langle name \rangle$  overlay set to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Cache the result under subkey V. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle value \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
1174 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_raw_value:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1175    \__bnvs_group_begin:
1176    \__bnvs_get_cache:nnNTF V { #1 } #2 {
1177    \exp_args:NNNV
1178    \__bnvs_group_end:
1179    \t1_put_right:Nn #2 #2
```

```
1180
        \prg_return_true:
     }
       {
1181
          _bnvs_get:nnNTF V { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1182
          \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1183
          \quark_if_nil:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1184
            \__bnvs_gput:nnn V { #1 } { \q_no_value }
1185
            \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1186
               \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN V { #1 } #2
1187
            } {
              \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1189
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN V { #1 } #2
              } {
1191
                   _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn V { #1 }
1192
              }
1193
1194
          } {
1195
            \quark_if_no_value:NTF \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1196
               \__bnvs_fatal:n {Circular~definition:~#1}
1197
            } {
              \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_true:nnN V { #1 } #2
              }
1201
                 \__bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn V { #1 }
1202
              }
1203
            }
1204
          }
1205
       }
1206
             _bnvs_group_end_return_false:nn V { #1 }
1207
       }
1208
1209
     }
1210 }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
      \__bnvs_raw_value:nN{ V } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_can\_index:n<u>TF</u>
\\_\_bnvs\_can\_index:V<u>TF</u>
\\_\_bnvs\_if\_index:nnN<u>TF</u>
\\_\_bnvs\_if\_index:VVN<u>TF</u>

```
\label{lem:ntf} $$ \sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}} {\langle true\ code\rangle} \ {\langle false\ code\rangle} $$ \sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}} {\langle true\ code\rangle} \ {\langle false\ code\rangle} $$ \sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}} {\langle true\ code\rangle} \ {\langle false\ code\rangle} $$ \sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}} {\langle true\ code\rangle} \ {\langle false\ code\rangle} $$ \sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}} {\langle true\ code\rangle} \ {\langle false\ code\rangle} $$
```

Append the index associated to the  $\{\langle name \rangle\}$  and  $\{\langle integer \rangle\}$  slide range to the right of  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$ . When  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 1, this is the first index, when  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 2, this is the second index, and so on. When  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 0, this is the index, before the first one, and so on. If the computation is possible,  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  is executed, otherwise  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  is executed. The computation may fail when too many recursion calls are made.

```
1213 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_can_index:n #1 { p, T, F, TF } {
1214    \bool_if:nTF {
1215         \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn A { #1 }
1216         || \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn Z { #1 }
1217         || \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn V { #1 }
1218    } {
```

```
1219
        \prg_return_true:
      } {
        \prg_return_false:
1222
1223 }
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1224
      \__bnvs_can_index:n { V } { p, T, F, TF }
1225
    \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_index:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
1226
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
      \cs_set:Npn \group_end_return_true:n ##1 {
1228
        \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + #2 - 1 }
1229
1230
        \exp_args:NNV
        \__bnvs_group_end:
      \__bnvs_round:nN \l__bnvs_ans_tl #3
1232
        \prg_return_true:
1234
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1235
      \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
Limited overlay set.
        \group_end_return_true:n { A }
      } {
1238
        \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1239
Right limited overlay set.
           \group_end_return_true:n { Z }
1240
1241
1242
           \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
Unlimited overlay set.
             \group_end_return_true:n { V }
1245
               _bnvs_group_end:
1246
             \prg_return_false:
1247
1248
1249
1250
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1251
      \__bnvs_if_index:nnN { VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_n\_value:nN<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_n\_value:VN<u>TF</u>

```
\verb|\climber| $$ \subseteq n_value:nTF $$ {\langle name \rangle} $$ $$ $$ {\it true code} $$ $$ {\langle false \ code} $$ $$
```

Append the value of the n counter associated to the  $\{\langle name \rangle\}$  overlay set to the right of  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Initialize this counter to 1 on the first use.  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  is never executed.

```
1253 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_n_value:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1254    \__bnvs_n_get:nNF { #1 } #2 {
1255    \tl_set:Nn #2 { 1 }
1256    \__bnvs_n_gput:nn { #1 } { 1 }
1257    }
1258    \prg_return_true:
1259 }
1260 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1261    \__bnvs_if_n_value:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_n\_index:nN*TF* \\_\_bnvs\_if\_n\_index:VN*TF* 

```
\__bnvs_if_n_value:nNTF \{\langle name \rangle\}\ \langle tl\ variable \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\}\ \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
Append the value of the n counter associated to the \{\langle name \rangle\} overlay set to the right of
```

(tl variable). Initialize this counter to 1 on the first use.

\prg\_generate\_conditional\_variant:Nnn

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_n\_index:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_n_index:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1263
      \__bnvs_if_n_value:nNF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl { }
1264
      \exp_args:NNnV
1265
      \__bnvs_group_end:
1266
      \__bnvs_if_index:nnNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
        \prg_return_true:
     } {
          _bnvs_group_begin:
        \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF {#1} \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
          \tl_put_right: Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + #2 - 1 }
          \exp_args:NNV
1273
          \__bnvs_group_end:
1274
          \__bnvs_round:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1275
          \prg_return_true:
1276
       }
1277
          \__bnvs_group_end:
          \prg_return_false:
1279
       }
1280
1281
     }
1282 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:nn<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:nnN<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:(VnN|VVN)<u>TF</u> 1283

1284

```
\label{lem:nntf} $$ \subset \operatorname{Inntf} (\operatorname{name}) {\langle offset \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$ \ -\ bnvs_if_incr:nnNTF {\langle name \rangle} {\langle offset \rangle} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$
```

Increment the free counter position accordingly. When requested, put the result in the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . In the second version, the result will lay within the declared range.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_incr:nn #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1285
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1286
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
      \__bnvs_if_append:nNTF { #2 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
        \int_compare:nNnTF \l__bnvs_ans_tl = 0 {
          \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
          \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1291
            \__bnvs_group_end:
1292
            \prg_return_true:
1293
1294
            \__bnvs_group_end:
1295
            \prg_return_false:
          }
1297
       } {
          \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + }
1299
          \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1300
            \__bnvs_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1301
            \__bnvs_gput_cache:nnV V { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1302
            \__bnvs_group_end:
1303
```

```
1304
                                                 \prg_return_true:
                                              }
                                                 {
                                1305
                                1306
                                                     _bnvs_group_end:
                                                 \prg_return_false:
                                1307
                                1308
                                           }
                                1309
                                        }
                                           {
                                           \__bnvs_group_end:
                                1311
                                           \prg_return_false:
                                        }
                                1313
                                1314 }
                                      \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \clin = bnvs_if_incr:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
                                         \__bnvs_if_incr:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
                                1316
                                            \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } #3 {
                                1317
                                               \prg_return_true:
                                           } {
                                1319
                                               \prg_return_false:
                                1320
                                           }
                                1321
                                        } {
                                           \prg_return_false:
                                1323
                                1324
                                1325 }
                                     \verb|\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn|
                                1326
                                        \__bnvs_if_incr:nnN { VnN, VVN } { T, F, TF }
                                1327
                                            \label{locality} $$\sum_{i=1}^n \operatorname{Incr:nnTF} \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle offset \rangle\} \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} \}
\__bnvs_if_n_incr:nnTF
                                            \verb|\label{locality} $$ \subseteq \inf_n_{incr:nnNTF} {\langle name \rangle} {\langle offset \rangle} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} 
\__bnvs_if_n_incr:nnNTF
\__bnvs_if_n_incr:(VnN|VVN)TF
                                           \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

Increment the implicit index counter accordingly. When requested, put the result in the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ .

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_n_incr:nn #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
1329
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1330
     \__bnvs_n_get:nNF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
       \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { 1 }
1334
     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
     \__bnvs_if_append:nNTF { #2 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1335
1336
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_tl { + }
       \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl
       \__bnvs_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
       \__bnvs_n_gput:nV { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1330
1340
       \__bnvs_group_end:
       \prg_return_true:
1341
     } {
1342
       \__bnvs_group_end:
1343
       \prg_return_false:
1344
1345
1346 }
    \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_n_incr:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
     \__bnvs_if_n_incr:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
       \__bnvs_n_get:nNTF { #1 } #3 {
```

```
\prg_return_true:
1350
        } {
1351
1352
          \prg_return_false:
        }
1353
      } {
1354
        \prg_return_false:
1355
1356
1357 }
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
      \__bnvs_if_n_incr:nnN { VnN, VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_post:nnN*TF* \\_\_bnvs\_if\_post:(VnN|VVN)*TF*   $\label{local_code} $$\sum_{i=0}^{n} \left(\frac{name}{i} \right) \left(\frac{dfset}{i} \right) \left(\frac{df$ 

Put the value of the free counter for the given  $\langle name \rangle$  in the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  then increment this free counter position accordingly.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_post:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1361
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1362
      \__bnvs_raw_value:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1363
        \__bnvs_if_incr:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
1364
          \exp_args:NNNV
1365
          \__bnvs_group_end:
1366
          \tl_put_right:Nn #3 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1367
          \prg_return_true:
        } {
          \__bnvs_group_end:
1371
          \prg_return_false:
        }
1372
     } {
1373
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1374
        \prg_return_false:
1375
     }
1376
1377 }
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1378
     \__bnvs_if_post:nnN { VnN, VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

## 6.8.8 Evaluation

```
bnvs_if_append:nNTF
                                  \_{\text{bnvs\_if\_append:nNTF}} \{ \langle integer\ expression \rangle \} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \ \{ \langle true\ code \rangle \} \ \{ \langle false\ expression \rangle \} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \} 
= \operatorname{bnvs\_if\_append:}(VN|xN)
                                  Evaluates the \langle integer\ expression \rangle, replacing all the named specifications by their static
                                 counterpart then put the result to the right of the \langle tl variable \rangle. Executed within a
                                 group. Heavily used by \__bnvs_eval_query:nN, where \( \lambda integer expression \rangle \) was initially
                                 enclosed in '?(...)'. Local variables:
                                 To feed \langle tl \ variable \rangle with.
             \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                 (End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_tl.)
                                 The sequence of catched query groups and non queries.
         \l__bnvs_split_seq
                                  (End definition for \l bnvs split seq.)
         \l__bnvs_split_int Is the index of the non queries, before all the catched groups.
                                  (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l__bnvs_split_int.|)
                                  1380 \int_new:N \l__bnvs_split_int
           \l__bnvs_name_tl
                                 Storage for \l_split_seq items that represent names.
                                  (End definition for \l_bnvs_name_tl.)
                                 Storage for \l_split_seq items that represent integer paths.
           \l_bnvs_path_tl
                                  (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l_-bnvs_path_tl.|)
                                  Catch circular definitions. Open a main TEX group to define local functions and variables,
                                  sometimes another grouping level is used. The main TFX group is closed in the \return_-
                                  ... functions.
                                       \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \__bnvs_if_append:nN { T, F, TF } {
                                  1381
                                         \__bnvs_call:TF {
                                  1382
                                  1383
                                            \__bnvs_group_begin:
                                  This T<sub>E</sub>X group is closed just before returning. Local variables:
                                            \int_zero:N \l__bnvs_split_int
                                           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_split_seq
                                           \tl_clear:N
                                                           \l__bnvs_id_tl
                                  1387
                                           \tl_clear:N
                                                           \l__bnvs_name_tl
                                           \tl_clear:N
                                                           \l__bnvs_path_tl
                                  1388
                                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_group_tl
                                  1389
                                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                  1390
                                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
                                  1391
                                  Implementation:
                                           \regex_split:NnN \c__bnvs_split_regex { #1 } \l__bnvs_split_seq
                                  1392
                                           \int_set:Nn \l__bnvs_split_int { 1 }
                                  1393
                                           \tl_set:Nx \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                                  1394
                                              \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { \l__bnvs_split_int }
                                  1395
```

\switch:nNTF

\switch:nNTF { $\langle capture\ group\ number \rangle$ } { $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$ } { $\langle black\ code \rangle$ } { $\langle white\ code \rangle$ } Helper function to locally set the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  to the captured group  $\langle capture\ group\ number \rangle$  and branch.

```
\cs_set:Npn \switch:nNTF ##1 ##2 ##3 ##4 {
1397
          \tl_set:Nx ##2 {
1398
            \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { \l__bnvs_split_int + ##1 }
1399
1400
          \tl_if_empty:NTF ##2 {
1401
            ##4 } {
1402
            ##3
          }
        }
1405
        \cs_set:Npn \fp_round: {
          \__bnvs_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1407
1408
```

\prg\_return\_true: and \prg\_return\_false: are wrapped locally to close the group and return the proper value.

```
\cs_set:Npn \group_end_return_false: {
1409
         \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
1410
            \__bnvs_group_end:
1411
            \prg_return_false:
1412
         }
1413
       }
       \cs_set:Npn \group_end_return_false:x ##1 {
1416
         \__bnvs_error:x { ##1 }
1417
         \group_end_return_false:
1418
       \cs_set:Npn \resolve_n:T ##1 {
1419
          \__bnvs_resolve_n:TFF {
1420
           ##1
1421
1422
            \group_end_return_false:x { Too~many~dotted~components:~#1 }
1423
         } {
            \group_end_return_false:x { Unknown~dotted~path:~#1 }
         }
1427
       \cs_set:Npn \resolve_x:T ##1 {
1428
         \__bnvs_resolve_x:TFF {
1429
           ##1
1430
         } {
1431
            \group_end_return_false:x { Too~many~dotted~components:~#1 }
1432
1433
            \group_end_return_false:x { Unknown~dotted~path:~#1 }
1434
         }
       }
       \cs_set:Npn \:nn ##1 ##2 {
1437
         \switch:nNTF { ##1 } \l__bnvs_id_tl { } {
1438
           \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_id_last_tl
1439
           \tl_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_id_tl
1440
1441
         1442
           \seq_set_split:NnV \l__bnvs_path_seq { . } \l__bnvs_path_tl
1443
```

```
\seq_remove_all:Nn \l__bnvs_path_seq { }
          } {
1445
            \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_path_seq
1446
          }
1447
1448
        \cs_set:cpn {.n?:TF} ##1 ##2 {
1449
          \seq_get_right:NNTF \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1450
            \exp_args:NV
1451
            \str_if_eq:nnTF \l_bnvs_b_tl { n } {
              \seq_pop_right:NN \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
              ##1
            } { ##2 }
1455
          } { ##2 }
1456
1457
        \cs_set:cpn {...++n:} {
1458
          \__bnvs_group_begin:
1459
          \_\_bnvs_resolve_n:TFF {
1460
            \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
1461
            \__bnvs_if_n_incr:VnNTF \l__bnvs_name_tl { 1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
              \exp_args:NNNV
              \__bnvs_group_end:
              \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
              \seq_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
1466
              \resolve_x:T {
1467
                 \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl
1468
              }
1469
            }
              {
1470
1471
               \__bnvs_group_end:
1472
          } {
1474
            \__bnvs_group_end:
            \group_end_return_false:x { Too~many~dotted~components:~#1 }
1475
1476
1477
            \__bnvs_group_end:
            \group_end_return_false:
1478
1479
1480
```

Main loop. The explanations given here apply to quite every case. We start by recovering the frame id and the dotted path. Then we resolve the slide range name and path to the last possible name and a void integer path. We raise if we cannot obtain a void integer path.

```
• Case ++\langle name \rangle \langle integer path \rangle.
                 \resolve_n:T {
1490
                   \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1491
                    \_bnvs_if_incr:VnNF \l_bnvs_name_tl 1 \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1492
                      \group_end_return_false:
                 }
              }
            } {
               \switch:nNTF 4 \l__bnvs_name_tl {
                 \:nn { 5 } { 6 }
1499
                 \switch:nNTF 7 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1500
     Case \dots ++n.
                   \use:c { ...++n: }
1501
                 } {
1502
                    \switch:nNTF 8 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1503
                      \scalebox{use:c { .n?:TF } {}}
   • Case ....n+=\langle integer \rangle.
   \__bnvs_group_begin:
    \__bnvs_resolve_n:TFF {
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
      \_bnvs_if_n_incr:VVNTF \l_bnvs_name_tl \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_b_tl {
1508
        \exp_args:NNNV
1509
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1510
        \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
1511
        \seq_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
1512
        \resolve_x:T {
1513
1514
          \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl
        }
      } {
1517
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1518
   } {
1519
          _bnvs_group_end:
1520
        \group_end_return_false:x { Too~many~dotted~components:~#1 }
1521
1522 }
        _bnvs_group_end:
1523
      \group_end_return_false:x { Unknown~dotted~path:~#1 }
1524
1525 }
                      } {
1526
   • Case A + = \langle integer \rangle.
1527 \resolve_n:T {
      \_bnvs_if_incr:VVNF \l_bnvs_name_tl \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1528
        \group_end_return_false:
1529
      }
1530
1531 }
1532
                   } {
1533
                      \switch:nNTF 9 \l_bnvs_a_tl {
```

```
• Case ...++.
1535 \resolve_n:T {
      \_bnvs_if_post:VnNF \l_bnvs_name_tl { 1 } \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1536
        \return_false:
1537
1538
1539 }
                     } {
Only the path, branch according to the last component.
    \seq_pop_right:NNTF \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
      \exp_args:NV
1542
      \str_case:nnF \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1543
        { n } {
1544
    • Case ...n.
           \__bnvs_group_begin:
1545
          \resolve_n:T {
1546
             \exp_args:NNV
1547
             \__bnvs_group_end:
1548
             \__bnvs_if_n_value:nNTF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl {
               \seq_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
               \resolve_x:T {
1551
                 \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl
1552
               }
1553
            } {
1554
    \group_end_return_false:x { Undefined~dotted~path:~#1 }
1556
          }
1557
1558
        { length } {
    • Case ...length.
          \resolve_n:T {
             \__bnvs_raw_length:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1561
               \group_end_return_false:
1562
1563
          }
1564
        }
1565
        { last } {
1566
      Case ...last.
          \resolve_n:T {
1567
             \_bnvs_raw_last:VNF \l_bnvs_name_tl \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1568
               \group_end_return_false:
            }
          }
1571
        }
1572
        { range } {
1573
   • Case ...range.
```

```
\resolve_n:T {
1574
             \__bnvs_if_range:VNTF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1575
               \cs_set_eq:NN \fp_round: \prg_do_nothing:
1576
1577
               \group_end_return_false:
1578
1579
          }
1580
        }
1581
        { previous } {
1582
   • Case ...previous.
          \resolve_n:T {
1583
             \_bnvs_if_previous:VNF \l_bnvs_name_tl \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1584
               \group_end_return_false:
1585
1586
          }
1587
        }
1588
        { next } {
   • Case ...next.
          \resolve_n:T {
             \__bnvs_if_next:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
               \group_end_return_false:
1593
          }
1594
        }
1595
     } {
1596
     Case ... \langle integer \rangle.
        \resolve_n:T {
1597
          \__bnvs_if_index:VVNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
             \group_end_return_false:
1601
        }
1602
1603 } {
   • Case . . . .
      \resolve_n:T {
1604
        \__bnvs_raw_value:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1605
          \group_end_return_false:
1606
1607
     }
1608
   }
                     }
                   }
1611
                 }
1612
               } {
1613
```

No name. Unreachable code.

```
}
1614
               }
1615
                \label{limit_add:Nn l_bnvs_split_int { 10 }} $$ \left( \begin{array}{c} 10 \end{array} \right) $$
1616
                \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1617
                  \label{lem:nn loss} $$ \left( \sum_{bnvs\_split\_seq } \{ \sum_{bnvs\_split\_int } \right) $$
1618
               }
1619
               \loop:
1620
            } {
                fp_round:
1622
               \exp_args:NNNV
1623
                \__bnvs_group_end:
1624
               \tl_put_right:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1625
                \prg_return_true:
1626
1627
1628
          \loop:
1629
1630
          \__bnvs_error:x { Too~many~calls:~ #1 }
          \prg_return_false:
       }
1633
1634 }
    \verb|\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn|
1635
       \label{lem:lem:lem:nn} $$\sum_{if_append:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }}
```

```
Evaluates the single (overlay query), which is expected to contain no comma. Extract a
                           range specification from the argument, replaces all the named overlay specifications by
                           their static counterparts, make the computation then append the result to the right of
                           the (seq variable). Ranges are supported with the colon syntax. This is executed within
                           a local TEX group. Below are local variables and constants.
          \l_bnvs_a_tl Storage for the first index of a range.
                           (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l__bnvs_a_tl|.)
                          Storage for the last index of a range, or its length.
          \l__bnvs_b_tl
                           (End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_b_tl.)
                          Used to parse slide range overlay specifications. Next are the capture groups.
\c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex
                           (End definition for \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex.)
                           1637 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex {
                                 \A \s* (?:
                               • 2: \( \int \first \)
                                      ( [^:]* ) \s* :
                               • 3: second optional colon
                                      (:)? \s*
                               • 4: \langle length \rangle
                                      ([^:]*)
                               • 5: standalone \langle first \rangle
                                    | ([^:]+)
                                 ) \s* \Z
                           1643
                           1644 }
                               \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_eval_query:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
                           1645
                           1646
                                  \__bnvs_call_greset:
                                  \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
                                    \prg_return_true:
                                  \cs_set:Npn \return_false: {
                            1650
                                    \prg_return_false:
                           1651
                           1652
                                  \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex {
                           1653
                           1654
                           1655
                                 } \l__bnvs_match_seq {
```

 $\_{\text{bnvs\_if\_eval\_query}:nNTF} \{\langle overlay\ query \rangle\} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \}\}$ 

\_bnvs\_if\_eval\_query:nN*TF* 

code \}

\switch:nNTF

```
\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}
```

Helper function to locally set the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  to the captured group  $\langle capture \ group \ number \rangle$  and branch depending on the emptyness of this variable.

```
\cs_set:Npn \switch:nNTF ##1 ##2 ##3 ##4 {
1656
            \tl_set:Nx ##2 {
1657
               \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq { ##1 }
1658
1659
            \tl_if_empty:NTF ##2 { ##4 } { ##3 }
1660
1661
          \switch:nNTF 5 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
Single expression
            \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
               \return_true:
1664
            } {
1665
               \return_false:
1666
1667
         } {
1668
             \switch:nNTF 2 \l_bnvs_a_tl {
1669
               \switch:nNTF 4 \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1671
                 \switch:nNTF 3 \l_bnvs_c_tl {
\P \langle first \rangle :: \langle last \rangle range
                    \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
                       \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
                       \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_b_tl #2 {
1674
                         \return_true:
1675
                       } {
1676
                         \return_false:
1677
                       }
1678
                    } {
1679
                       \return_false:
1680
                    }
1681
                 } {
1682
lacktriangle \langle \mathit{first} \rangle: \langle \mathit{length} \rangle range
1683
                    \_bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l_bnvs_a_tl #2 {
                       \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { - }
                       \label{local_put_right:Nx l_bnvs_a_tl { + ( l_bnvs_b_tl ) - 1}} $$ \t l_put_right:Nx l_bnvs_a_tl { + ( l_bnvs_b_tl ) - 1}
                       \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1686
                         \return_true:
                       } {
1688
                          \return_false:
1689
                       }
1690
                    } {
1691
                       \return_false:
1692
1693
                  }
               } {
\P \langle first \rangle: and \langle first \rangle:: range
```

```
\__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1696
                   \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1697
                   \return_true:
1698
                } {
1699
                   \return_false:
1700
                 }
1701
              }
           } {
              \verb|\switch:nNTF 4 \l_bnvs_b_tl {|}
1704
                \witch:nNTF 3 \l_bnvs_c_tl {\mbox{\footnote{1.5}}} \label{lem:nntf}
1705
\blacksquare ::\langle last \rangle range
                   \t: Nn #2 { - }
1706
                   \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1707
                     \return_true:
1708
                   } {
1709
                      \return_false:
1710
                } {
1712
                   \__bnvs_error:x { Syntax~error(Missing~first):~#1 }
1713
                }
              } {
1715
     or :: range
                 \seq_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1716
1717
           }
1718
         }
1719
       } {
1720
Error
         \__bnvs_error:n { Syntax~error:~#1 }
1721
         \return_false:
1723
       }
1724 }
```

```
\__bnvs_eval:nN
```

```
\label{lem:linear_loss} $$\sum_{\substack{c \in \mathcal{C} \\ c}} \{\langle overlay \ query \ list \}\} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle$$
```

This is called by the *named overlay specifications* scanner. Evaluates the comma separated list of  $\langle overlay \ query \rangle$ 's, replacing all the named overlay specifications and integer expressions by their static counterparts by calling  $\ \_bnvs\_eval\_query:nN$ , then append the result to the right of the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . This is executed within a local group. Below are local variables and constants used throughout the body of this function.

\l\_\_bnvs\_query\_seq

Storage for a sequence of  $\langle query \rangle$ 's obtained by splitting a comma separated list.

\l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_seq

Storage of the evaluated result.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_seq.)
```

\c\_\_bnvs\_comma\_regex

Used to parse slide range overlay specifications.

\seq\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_seq

```
1725 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_comma_regex { \s* , \s* }
(End definition for \c__bnvs_comma_regex.)
No other variable is used.

1726 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_eval:nN #1 #2 {
1727 \__bnvs_group_begin:
Local variables declaration
1728 \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_query_seq
```

In this main evaluation step, we evaluate the integer expression and put the result in a variable which content will be copied after the group is closed. We authorize comma separated expressions and  $\langle first \rangle :: \langle last \rangle$  range expressions as well. We first split the expression around commas, into \l\_query\_seq.

```
1730 \regex_split:NnN \c__bnvs_comma_regex { #1 } \l__bnvs_query_seq
```

Then each component is evaluated and the result is stored in \l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_seq that we have clear before use.

```
1731 \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__bnvs_query_seq {
1732  \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1733  \__bnvs_if_eval_query:nNTF { ##1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1734  \seq_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_seq \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1735  } {
1736  \seq_map_break:n {
1737  \__bnvs_fatal:n { Circular/Undefined~dependency~in~#1}
1738  }
1739  }
1740 }
```

We have managed all the comma separated components, we collect them back and append them to  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ .

```
1741 \exp_args:NNNx
1742 \__bnvs_group_end:
1743 \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_seq , }
1744 }
1745 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_eval:nN { VN, xN }
```

\BeanovesEval

```
\BeanovesEval [\langle tl \ variable \rangle] \{\langle overlay \ queries \rangle\}
```

 $\langle overlay \ queries \rangle$  is the argument of ?(...) instructions. This is a comma separated list of single  $\langle overlay \ query \rangle$ 's.

This function evaluates the  $\langle overlay\ queries \rangle$  and store the result in the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  when provided or leave the result in the input stream. Forwards to \\_\_bnvs\_eval:nN within a group. \l\_ans\_tl is used locally to store the result.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \BeanovesEval { o m } {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1747
     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1748
      \_\bnvs_eval:nN { #2 } \l_bnvs_ans_tl
     \IfValueTF { #1 } {
        \exp_args:NNNV
        \__bnvs_group_end:
        \tl_set:Nn #1 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1753
     } {
1754
        \exp_args:NV
1755
        \__bnvs_group_end: \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1756
1757
1758 }
```

## 6.8.9 Reseting counters

\BeanovesReset \BeanovesReset\*

Forwards to \\_\_bnvs\_reset:nn or \\_\_bnvs\_reset\_all:nn when starred.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \BeanovesReset { s O{} m } {
      \__bnvs_id_name_set:nNNTF { #3 } \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl {
1760
        \IfBooleanTF { #1 } {
1761
          \exp_args:NV \__bnvs_reset_all:nn
1762
1763
          \exp_args:NV \__bnvs_reset:nn
        \l__bnvs_name_tl { #2 }
1767
        \__bnvs_warning:n { Unknown~name:~#1 }
1768
1769
     \ignorespaces
1770
1771 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_reset:nn \\_\_bnvs\_reset\_all:nn

```
\label{local_local_local_local_local_local} $$\sum_{\text{bnvs_reset:nn}} {\langle key \rangle} {\langle first \ value \rangle}$$
```

The key must include the frame id. Reset the value counter to the given  $\langle first\ value \rangle$ . The \_all version also cleans the cached values.

```
1772 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_reset_all:nn #1 #2 {
1773 \bool_if:nTF {
1774 \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn A { #1 }
1775 || \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn Z { #1 }
1776 || \__bnvs_if_in_p:nn V { #1 }
1777 } {
```

```
\__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn A { #1 }
1778
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn L { #1 }
1779
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn Z { #1 }
1780
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn P { #1 }
1781
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn N { #1 }
1782
        \__bnvs_gremove_cache:nn V { #1 }
1783
       \tl_if_empty:nF { #2 } {
1784
         \__bnvs_gput_cache:nnn V { #1 } { #2 }
1785
     } {
1787
        \__bnvs_warning:n { Unknown~name:~#1 }
1788
     }
1789
1790 }
   \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_reset:nn #1 #2 {
1791
     \__bnvs_if_in:nnTF V { #1 } {
1792
       \_\ bnvs_gremove_cache:nn V { #1 }
1793
       \tl_if_empty:nF { #2 } {
1794
         1795
     } {
       \__bnvs_warning:n { Unknown~name:~#1 }
1799
1800 }
   \mbox{\mbox{\tt makeatother}}
1801
1802 \ExplSyntaxOff
```