# beamer named overlay specification with beanoves

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#### Abstract

This package allows the management of multiple slide lists in beamer documents. Slide lists are very handy both during edition and to manage complex and variable beamer overlay specifications.

# Contents

# 1 Minimal example

The document below is a contrived example to show how the beamer overlay specifications have been extended.

```
1 \documentclass {beamer}
    2 \RequirePackage {beanoves}
   3 \begin{document}
             \Beanoves {
                                    A = 1:2,
                                    B = A.next:3,
                                    C = B.next,
   9 \begin{frame}
10 {\Large Frame \insertframenumber}
11 {\Large Slide \insertslidenumber}
12 \visible<?(A.1)> \{0nly on slide 1\}\\
_{13} \visible<?(B.1)-?(B.last)> {Only on slide 3 to 5}\\
14 \visible<?(C.1)> \{0nly on slide 6\}\\
_{15} \text{ visible} <?(A.2)> {Only on slide 2}//
_{16} \ \text{visible} (B.2::B.last)> {Only on slide 4 to 5}\\
17 \visible<?(C.2)> \{0nly on slide 7\}
18 \visible<?(A.3)-> {From slide 3}\\
19 \visible < ?(B.3::B.last) > {Only on slide 5} \setminus {Only only on slide 5} \setminus {Only only on slide 5} \setminus {Only only only only on
21 \end{frame}
22 \end{document}
```

On line 4, we use the \Beanoves command to declare named slide ranges. On line 5, we declare a slide range named 'A', starting at slide 1 and with length 2. On line 12,

the extended named overlay specification ?(A.1) stands for 1, on line 15, ?(A.2) stands for 2 whereas on line 18, ?(A.3) stands for 3. On line 6, we declare a second slide range named 'B', starting after the 2 slides of 'A' namely 3. Its length is 3 meaning that its last slide number is 5, thus each ?(B.last) is replaced by 5. The next slide number after slide range 'B' is 6 which is also the start of the third slide range due to line 7.

# 2 Named slide lists

#### 2.1 Presentation

Within a beamer frame, there are different slides that appear in turn. The main slide list is a range of integers covering all the slide numbers, from one to the total amount of slides. In general, a slide list is a range of positive integers identified by a unique name. The main practical interest is that such lists may be defined relative to one another, we can even have lists of slide ranges. Finally, we can use these lists to organize beamer overlay specifications logically.

# 2.2 Defining named slide lists

In order to define named slide lists, we can either use the \Beanoves command below before a beamer frame environment, or use the beanoves option of this environment. The value of the beanoves option is similar to the argument of the \Beanoves commands, but the latter takes precedence on the former. This behaviour may be useful to input the very same source code into different frames and have different combinations of slides.

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{beanoves} & \text{beanoves} = \{ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &
```

The keys  $\langle name_i \rangle$  are the slide lists names, they are case sensitive and must contain no spaces nor '/' character. In order to avoid name conflicts with floating point functions, it is suggested to let them contain at least an uppercase letter of an underscore. When the same key is used multiple times, only the last one is taken into account. Possible values for  $\langle spec_i \rangle$  are the slide range specifiers  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle first \rangle$ :: $\langle length \rangle$ ,  $\langle first \rangle$ :: $\langle last \rangle$ , : $\langle length \rangle$ :: $\langle last \rangle$  where  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle last \rangle$  are algebraic expression possibly involving any integer valued named overlay specifications defined below.

Also possible values are *slide list specifiers* which are comma separated list of *slide range specifiers* and *slide list specifier* between square brackets. The definition

```
\langle name \rangle = [\langle spec_1 \rangle, \langle spec_2 \rangle, \dots, \langle spec_n \rangle], is a convenient shortcut for
```

```
\begin{split} &\langle name \rangle . \, 1 = \langle spec_1 \rangle \,, \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, 2 = \langle spec_2 \rangle \,, \\ & \ldots \,, \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, n = \langle spec_n \rangle . \end{split} The rules above can apply individually to each &\langle name \rangle . \, i = \langle spec_i \rangle . \end{split} Moreover we can go deeper: the definition &\langle name \rangle = \left[ \left[ \langle spec_{1.1} \rangle , \, \langle spec_{1.2} \rangle \right] , \left[ \left[ \langle spec_{2.1} \rangle , \, \langle spec_{2.2} \rangle \right] \right] \\ \text{happens to be a convenient shortcut for} \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, 1 . \, 1 = \langle spec_{1.1} \rangle \,, \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, 1 . \, 2 = \langle spec_{1.2} \rangle \,, \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, 2 . \, 1 = \langle spec_{2.1} \rangle \,, \\ &\langle name \rangle . \, 2 . \, 2 = \langle spec_{2.2} \rangle \\ \text{and so on.} \end{split}
```

# 3 Named overlay specifications

# 3.1 Named slide ranges

When *slide range specifications* are used, the named overlay specifications are detailled in the tables below together with their replacement meaning value as beamer standard overlay specification.

$\langle name \rangle == [i, i]$	+1, i+2,
syntax	meaning
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ .1	i
$\langle \mathtt{name}  angle$ . 2	i+1
$\langle \mathtt{name} \rangle$ . $\langle \mathtt{integer} \rangle$	$i + \langle integer \rangle - 1$

In the frame example below, we use the \BeanovesEval command for the demonstration. It is mainly used for debugging and testing purposes.

```
1 \Beanoves {
2    A = 3:6,
3 }
4 \begin{frame} {Frame \insertframenumber} {Slide \insertslidenumber}
5 \ttfamily
6 \BeanovesEval(A.1) ==3,
7 \BeanovesEval(A.2) ==4,
8 \BeanovesEval(A.-1)==1,
9 \end{frame}
```

When the slide range has been given a length or an end, like in the frame example below, we also have

$\langle name \rangle == [i, i+1, \ldots, j]$				
syntax	meaning	example	output	
$\langle {\tt name} \rangle. {\tt length}$	j-i+1	A.length	6	
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . last	j	A.last	8	
$\langle { t name}  angle$ . ${ t next}$	j+1	A.next	9	
$\langle {\tt name} \rangle.{\tt range}$	i ''-'' $j$	A.range	3-8	

```
1 \Beanoves {
2   A = 3:6, % or equivalently A = 3::8 or A = :6::8,
3
4 }
5 \begin{frame} {Frame \insertframenumber} {Slide \insertslidenumber}
6 \ttfamily
7 \BeanovesEval(A.1) == 3,
8 \BeanovesEval(A.length) == 6,
9 \BeanovesEval(A.last) == 8,
10 \BeanovesEval(A.next) == 9,
11 \BeanovesEval(A.range) == 3-8,
12 \end{frame}
```

Using these specifications on unfinite named slide ranges is unsupported. Finally each named slide range has a dedicated counter  $\langle name \rangle$ .n which is some kind of variable that can be used and incremented.

```
\langle {\tt name} \rangle.{\tt n}: use the position of the counter \langle {\tt name} \rangle.{\tt n+=}\langle {\tt integer} \rangle: advance the counter by \langle {\tt integer} \rangle and use the new position ++\langle {\tt name} \rangle.{\tt n}: advance the counter by 1 and use the new position Notice that ".n" can generally be omitted.
```

#### 3.2 Named slide lists

```
After the definition \langle name \rangle = [\langle spec_1 \rangle \,, \langle spec_2 \rangle \,, \ldots \,, \langle spec_n \rangle] the rules of the previous section apply recursively to each individual declaration \langle name \rangle \,.\, i = \langle spec_i \rangle .
```

# 4 ?(...) query expressions

This is the key feature of the beanoves package, extending beamer overlay specifications included between pointed brackets. Before the overlay specifications are processed by the beamer class, the beanoves package scans them for any occurrence of '?( $\langle queries \rangle$ )'. Each one is then evaluated and replaced by its static counterpart. The overall result is finally forwarded to the beamer class.

The  $\langle queries \rangle$  argument is a comma separated list of individual  $\langle query \rangle$ 's of next table. Sometimes, using  $\langle name \rangle$ .range is not allowed as it would lead to an algebraic difference instead of a range.

query	static value	limitation
:	_	
::	_	
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle$	$  \langle first  angle$	
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle :$	$  \langle first  angle$ -	no $\langle name \rangle$ .range
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle ::$	$  \langle first  angle$ -	no $\langle name \rangle$ .range
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle : \langle  exttt{length expr}  angle$	$ \langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	no $\langle name \rangle$ .range
$\langle  exttt{first expr}  angle :: \langle  exttt{end expr}  angle$	$ \langle first  angle$ - $\langle last  angle$	$\operatorname{no} \langle \mathit{name} \rangle$ .range

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is actually an experimental feature.

Here  $\langle first \; expr \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \; expr \rangle$  and  $\langle end \; expr \rangle$  both denote algebraic expressions possibly involving named overlay specifications and counters. As integers, they respectively evaluate to  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle last \rangle$ .

For example both ?(A.next), ?(A.last+1), ?(A.1+A.length) give the same result as soon as the slide range named 'A' has been properly defined with a starting value and a length.

Notice that nesting ?(...) expressions is not supported.

# 5 Implementation

Identify the internal prefix (LATEX3 DocStrip convention).

```
1 (@@=bnvs)
```

Reserved namespace: identifiers containing the case insensitive string beanoves or the string bnvs delimited by two non characters.

# 5.1 Package declarations

```
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2020/01/01]
3 \ProvidesExplPackage
4 {beanoves}
5 {2022/10/28}
6 {1.0}
7 {Named overlay specifications for beamer}
```

## 5.2 logging

Utility message.

```
8 \msg_new:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { #1 }
9 \msg_new:nnn { beanoves } { :nn } { #1~(#2) }
```

# 5.3 Debugging and testing facilities

Typesetting file beanoves.dtx creates both beanoves and beanoves-debug style files. The former is intended for everyday use whereas the latter contains supplemental debugging and testing facilities which are intentionally left undocumented.

### 5.4 Local variables

We make heavy use of local variables and function scopes. Many functions are executed within a TeX group, which ensures no name collision with the caller stack. In that case, variables need not follow exactly the LATeX3 naming convention: we do not specialize with the module name. On execution, next initialization instructions declare the variables as side effect.

```
10 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_id_current_tl
11 \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_current_tl { ?! }
12 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
13 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
14 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_c_tl
15 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_id_tl
16 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
```

```
17 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_name_tl
18 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_path_tl
19 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_group_tl
20 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_query_tl
21 \tl_new:N \l__bnvs_token_tl
22 \int_new:N \g_bnvs_call_int
23 \int_new:N \l__bnvs_depth_int
24 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_a_seq
25 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
26 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_ans_seq
27 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_match_seq
28 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_split_seq
_{\text{29}} \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_path_seq
30 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_query_seq
31 \seq_new:N \l__bnvs_token_seq
32 \bool_new:N \l__bnvs_no_counter_bool
33 \bool_new:N \l__bnvs_no_range_bool
34 \bool_new:N \l__bnvs_in_frame_bool
35 \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_in_frame_bool
```

### 5.5 Infinite loop management

Unending recursivity is managed here.

 $\g_bnvs_call_int$ 

Some functions calls, as well as some loop bodies, decrement this counter. When this counter reaches 0, an error is raised or a computation is aborted.

```
(End definition for \g_bnvs_call_int.)

36 \int_const:Nn \c_bnvs_max_call_int { 2048 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_call\_greset:

\\_\_bnvs\_call\_greset:

Reset globally the call stack counter to its maximum value.

```
37 \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_call_greset: {
38  \int_gset:Nn \g__bnvs_call_int { \c__bnvs_max_call_int }
39 }
```

 $\_$ \_bnvs\_call: $\underline{\mathit{TF}}$ 

```
\__bnvs_call_do:TF \{\langle true\ code\ \rangle\}\ \{\langle\ false\ code\ \rangle\}
```

Decrement the  $\g_bnvs_call_int$  counter globally and execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  if we have not reached 0,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
40 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_call: { T, F, TF } {
41 \int_gdecr:N \g__bnvs_call_int
42 \int_compare:nNnTF \g__bnvs_call_int > 0 {
43 \prg_return_true:
44 } {
45 \prg_return_false:
46 }
47 }
```

# 5.6 Overlay specification

#### 5.6.1 In slide range definitions

\g\_\_bnvs\_prop

 $\langle key \rangle - \langle value \rangle$  property list to store the named slide lists. The basic keys are, assuming  $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle$  is a fully qualified slide list name,

- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle / A$  for the first index
- ⟨id⟩!⟨name⟩/L for the length when provided
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle / Z$  for the last index when provided
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle / C$  for the counter value, when used
- ⟨id⟩!⟨name⟩/CO for initial value of the counter (when reset)

Other keys are eventually used to cache results when some attributes are defined from other slide ranges. They are characterized by a '//'.

- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //A$  for the cached static value of the first index
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //Z$  for the cached static value of the last index
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //L$  for the cached static value of the length
- $\langle id \rangle! \langle name \rangle //N$  for the cached static value of the next index

The implementation is private, in particular, keys may change in future versions.

48 \prop\_new:N \g\_\_bnvs\_prop

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \g_bnvs_prop.)$ 

```
\__bnvs_gput:nn
\__bnvs_gput:nV
\__bnvs_gprovide:nn
\__bnvs_gprovide:nV
\__bnvs_item:n
\__bnvs_get:nN
\__bnvs_gremove:n
\__bnvs_gclear:n
\__bnvs_gclear_cache:n
\__bnvs_gclear:
```

```
\_bnvs_gput:nn \{\langle key \rangle\} \{\langle value \rangle\} \_bnvs_gprovide:nn \{\langle key \rangle\} \{\langle value \rangle\} \_bnvs_item:n \{\langle key \rangle\} \langle tl\ variable \rangle \_bnvs_gremove:n \{\langle key \rangle\} \_bnvs_gclear:n \{\langle key \rangle\} \_bnvs_gclear_cache:n \{\langle key \rangle\} \_bnvs_gclear:
```

Convenient shortcuts to manage the storage, it makes the code more concise and readable. This is a wrapper over LATEX3 eponym functions, except \\_\_bnvs\_gprovide:nn which meaning is straightforward.

```
49 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gput:nn #1 #2 {
    \prop_gput: \nn \g_bnvs_prop { #1 } { #2 }
50
51 }
52 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gprovide:nn #1 #2 {
    \prop_if_in:NnF \g__bnvs_prop { #1 } {
53
      \prop_gput:Nnn \g__bnvs_prop { #1 } { #2 }
54
55
56 }
57
  \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_item:n {
58
    \prop_item:Nn \g__bnvs_prop
59 }
60 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_get:nN {
    \prop_get:NnN \g__bnvs_prop
61
62 }
63 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gremove:n {
64
    \prop_gremove:Nn \g__bnvs_prop
65 }
66 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear:n #1 {
    \clist_map_inline:nn { A, L, Z, C, CO, /, /A, /L, /Z, /N } { }
      \__bnvs_gremove:n { #1 / ##1 }
69
    }
70 }
71 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear_cache:n #1 {
    \clist_map_inline:nn { /A, /L, /Z, /N } {
      \__bnvs_gremove:n { #1 / ##1 }
73
74
75 }
76 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_gclear: {
    \prop_gclear:N \g__bnvs_prop
78 }
79 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_gput:nn { nV }
80 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_gprovide:nn { nV }
```

```
\_bnvs_if_in_p:n *
\_bnvs_if_in_p:V *
\_bnvs_if_in:n<u>TF</u> *
\_bnvs_if_in:V<u>TF</u> *
```

Convenient shortcuts to test for the existence of some key, it makes the code more concise and readable.

```
%1 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_in:n #1 { p, T, F, TF } {
%2 \prop_if_in:NnTF \g__bnvs_prop { #1 } {
%3 \prg_return_true:
```

```
} {
      \prg_return_false:
85
86
87 }
%% \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \__bnvs_if_in:n {V} { p, T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_get:nN*TF* \_bnvs\_get:nnNTF

```
\cline{1.8} L_bnvs_get:nNTF {\langle key \rangle} \langle tl \ variable \rangle {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle}
\verb|\__bnvs_get:nnNTF| \{\langle id \rangle\} | \{\langle key \rangle\} | \langle tl| variable \rangle | \{\langle true| code \rangle\} | \{\langle false| code \rangle\} | \{\langle
```

Convenient shortcuts to retrieve the value with branching, it makes the code more concise and readable. Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when the item is found,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. In the latter case, the content of the \( tl \) variable \( \) is undefined. NB: the predicate won't work because \prop\_get:NnNTF is not expandable.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_get:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
    \prop_get:NnNTF \g_bnvs_prop { #1 } #2 {
      \prg_return_true:
91
    } {
92
      \prg_return_false:
93
    }
94
95 }
```

#### 5.6.2 Regular expressions

\c\_\_bnvs\_name\_regex

The name of a slide range consists of a non void list of alphanumerical characters and underscore, but with no leading digit.

```
96 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_name_regex {
    [[:alpha:]_][[:alnum:]_]*
98 }
```

(End definition for \c\_\_bnvs\_name\_regex.)

\c\_\_bnvs\_id\_regex

The name of a slide range consists of a non void list of alphanumerical characters and underscore, but with no leading digit.

```
99 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_id_regex {
    (?: \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} | [?]* ) ? !
101 }
```

(End definition for \c\_\_bnvs\_id\_regex.)

\c\_bnvs\_path\_regex A sequence of . (positive integer) items representing a path.

```
102 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_path_regex {
    (?: \. [+-]? \d+ )*
104 }
```

(End definition for \c\_\_bnvs\_path\_regex.)

\c\_\_bnvs\_key\_regex

A key is the name of a slide range possibly followed by positive integer attributes using \c\_bnvs\_A\_key\_Z\_regex a dot syntax. The 'A\_key\_Z' variant matches the whole string.

```
\ur{c__bnvs_id_regex} ?
                               \ur{c__bnvs_name_regex}
                         107
                              \ur{c_bnvs_path_regex}
                         108
                         110 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex {
                            2: slide \langle id \rangle
                            3: question mark, when \langle id \rangle is empty
                            4: The range name
                                    \A ( ( \ur{c_bnvs_id_regex} ? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
                             5: the path, if any.
                                    ( \ur{c__bnvs_path_regex} ) \Z
                         113
                         114
                          (End definition for \c_bnvs_key_regex and \c_bnvs_A_key_Z_regex.)
                        For ranges defined by a colon syntax.
\c__bnvs_colons_regex
                         115 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_colons_regex { :(:+)? }
                          (End definition for \c__bnvs_colons_regex.)
                        A comma separated list between square brackets.
  \c__bnvs_list_regex
                         116 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_list_regex {
                         117 \A \[ \s*
                          Capture groups:
                              • 2: the content between the brackets, outer spaces trimmed out
                                 ( [^\] %[---
                         118
                         119
                                ]*?)
                         120
                              \s* \] \Z
                         121 }
                          (End\ definition\ for\ \c_\_bnvs_list\_regex.)
                         Used to parse slide list overlay specifications in queries. Next are the 10 capture groups.
 \c__bnvs_split_regex
                          Group numbers are 1 based because the regex is used in splitting contexts where only
                          capture groups are considered and not the whole match.
                         122 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_split_regex {
                              \s* ( ? :
                          We start with '++' instrussions<sup>2</sup>.
                            ^2At the same time an instruction and an expression... this is a synonym of exprection
```

105 \regex\_const:Nn \c\_\_bnvs\_key\_regex {

```
• 1: \langle name \rangle of a slide range
```

• 2:  $\langle id \rangle$  of a slide range plus the exclamation mark

```
124 \+\+ ( ( \ur{c_bnvs_id_regex}? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
```

• 3: optionally followed by an integer path

```
125 (\ur{c_bnvs_path_regex}) (?: \. n )?
```

We continue with other expressions

- 4: qualified  $\langle name \rangle$  of a slide range,
- 5:  $\langle id \rangle$  of a slide range plus the exclamation mark (to manage void  $\langle id \rangle$ )

```
126 | ( (\ur{c_bnvs_id_regex}? ) \ur{c_bnvs_name_regex} )
```

• 6: optionally followed by an integer path

```
( \ur{c_bnvs_path_regex} )
```

Next comes another branching

```
128 (?:
```

• 7: the  $\langle length \rangle$  attribute

```
29 \. l(e)ngth
```

• 8: the  $\langle last \rangle$  attribute

```
130 | \. l(a)st
```

• 9: the  $\langle next \rangle$  attribute

```
131 | \. ne(x)t
```

• 10: the  $\langle range \rangle$  attribute

```
132 | \. (r)ange
```

• 11: the  $\langle n \rangle$  attribute

```
| (?: \. (n) )? (?:
```

• 12: the poor man integer expression after '+=', which is the longest sequence of black characters, which ends just before a space or at the very last character. This tricky definition allows quite any algebraic expression, even those involving parenthesis.

```
\s* \+= \s* ( \S+ )
```

• 13: the post increment

```
135 | (\+)\+ )?
136 )?
137 ) \s*
138 }
```

#### 5.6.3 beamer.cls interface

Work in progress.

```
139 \RequirePackage{keyval}
140 \define@key{beamerframe}{beanoves~id}[]{
141  \tl_set:Nx \l_bnvs_id_current_tl { #1 ! }
142 }
143 \AddToHook{env/beamer@frameslide/before}{
144  \bool_set_true:N \l_bnvs_in_frame_bool
145 }
146 \AddToHook{env/beamer@frameslide/after}{
147  \bool_set_false:N \l_bnvs_in_frame_bool
148 }
149 \AddToHook{cmd/frame/before}{
150 }
```

#### 5.6.4 Defining named slide ranges

\\_\_bnvs\_parse:Nnn

```
\c \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} {\langle command \rangle} \{\langle key \rangle\} \{\langle definition \rangle\}
```

Auxiliary function called within a group.  $\langle key \rangle$  is the slide range key, including eventually a dotted integer path and a slide identifier,  $\langle definition \rangle$  is the corresponding definition.  $\langle command \rangle$  is \\_\_bnvs\_range:nVVV at runtime.

\l\_\_bnvs\_match\_seq

Local storage for the match result.

```
\__bnvs_range:nnnn
\__bnvs_range:nVVV
\__bnvs_range_alt:nnnn
\__bnvs_range_alt:nVVV
\__bnvs_range:Nnnnn
```

```
\__bnvs_range:nnnn \{\langle key \rangle\}\ \{\langle first \rangle\}\ \{\langle length \rangle\}\ \{\langle last \rangle\}\ \__bnvs_range=alt:nnnn \{\langle key \rangle\}\ \{\langle first \rangle\}\ \{\langle last \rangle\}\ \__bnvs_range:Nnnnn \langle cmd \rangle\ \{\langle key \rangle\}\ \{\langle first \rangle\}\ \{\langle length \rangle\}\ \{\langle last \rangle\}\
```

Auxiliary function called within a group. Setup the model to define a range. The alt variant does not override an already existing value.

Implementation detail: the core functionality is implemented in the auxiliary function \\_bnvs\_range:Nnnnn which first argument is \\_bnvs\_gput:nn for \\_bnvs\_range:nnnn and \\_bnvs\_gprovide:nn for \\_bnvs\_range\_alt:nnnn.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range:Nnnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF { #3 } {
152
153
       \tl_if_empty:nTF { #4 } {
         \tl_if_empty:nTF { #5 } {
154
           \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Not~a~range:~:~#2 }
         } {
           #1 { #2/Z } { #5 }
         }
158
       } {
159
         #1 { #2/L } { #4 }
160
         \tl_if_empty:nF { #5 } {
161
           #1 { #2/Z } { #5 }
162
           #1 { #2/A } { #2.last - (#2.length) + 1 }
163
         }
164
165
       }
    } {
```

```
#1 { #2/A } { #3 }
167
       \tl_if_empty:nTF { #4 } {
168
         \t: nF { #5 } { }
169
           #1 { #2/Z } { #5 }
           #1 { #2/L } { #2.last - (#2.1) + 1 }
       } {
173
         #1 { #2/L } { #4 }
174
         #1 { #2/Z } { #2.1 + #2.length - 1 }
175
176
     }
177
178 }
  \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range:nnnn #1 {
179
     \__bnvs_gclear:n { #1 }
180
     \__bnvs_range:Nnnnn \__bnvs_gput:nn { #1 }
181
182 }
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_range:nnnn { nVVV }
183
  \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range_alt:nnnn #1 {
     \__bnvs_gclear_cache:n { #1 }
     \__bnvs_range:Nnnnn \__bnvs_gprovide:nn { #1 }
187 }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_range_alt:nnnn { nVVV }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_parse:Nn

Define a hidden range, for which slides are never shown. This is useful to conditionally show or hide a sequence of slides.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse:Nn #1 #2 {
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
     \__bnvs_id_name_set:nNNTF { #2 } \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl {
191
       \exp_args:Nx \__bnvs_gput:nn { \l__bnvs_name_tl/ } { }
192
       \exp_args:NNNV
193
       \__bnvs_group_end:
194
       \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_current_tl \l__bnvs_id_current_tl
195
196
       \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Unexpected~key:~#2 }
197
       \__bnvs_group_end:
198
    }
199
200 }
```

\_bnvs\_parse\_range:nNNN*TF* 

```
\__bnvs_parse_range:nNNN \{\langle input \rangle\}\ \langle first\ tl \rangle\ \langle length\ tl \rangle\ \langle last\ tl \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\}\ \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

Parse  $\langle input \rangle$  as a range according to  $\c_bnvs_colons_regex$ .

```
201 \exp_args_generate:n { VVV }
202 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range_set:NNNn #1 #2 #3 #4 {
203 \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

This is not a list.

```
204 \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
205 \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
206 \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_c_tl
207 \regex_split:NnN \c_bnvs_colons_regex { #4 } \l_bnvs_split_seq
208 \seq_pop_left:NnT \l_bnvs_split_seq \l_bnvs_a_tl {
```

```
\label{local_local_local} \label{local_local_local} $$ l_bnvs_a_tl may contain the <math>\langle start \rangle.
                       \seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
                              \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_tl {
 This is a one colon range.
                                     \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
 \label{local_bnvs_b_tl} $$ \sup_{b_{tl} \ may \ contain \ the \ (length). }
                                     \seq_pop_left:NNT \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
                                            \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_c_tl {
213
 A:: was expected:
214 \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(1):~#4 }
                                           } {
215
                                                   \label{lem:lem:nnt} $$ \left( \frac{1}{count} \right) = \left
         \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(2):~#4 }
218
                                                   \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
219
 \label{local_local_local} $$ \lim_{c_t \to \infty} c_t \ may \ contain \ the \ \langle end \rangle.
                                                  \seq_if_empty:NF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
         \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(3):~#4 }
221
                                           }
                                     }
                             } {
 This is a two colon range.
                                     \int_compare:nNnT { \tl_count:N \l_bnvs_b_tl } > { 1 } {
         \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(4):~#4 }
                                     }
                                     \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
 \seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
                                            \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_tl {
                                                  \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
 \seq_if_empty:NF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
         \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(5):~#4 }
234
235
                                          } {
236
          \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(6):~#4 }
237
                                           }
                                     } {
                                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
                                     }
241
                             }
242
                      }
243
244
```

Providing both the  $\langle start \rangle$ ,  $\langle length \rangle$  and  $\langle end \rangle$  of a range is not allowed, even if they happen to be consistent.

```
\bool_if:nF {
245
       \t_i = mpty_p:N l_bnvs_a_tl
       || \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
247
       || \tl_if_empty_p:N \l__bnvs_c_tl
248
     } {
   \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~range~expression(7):~#3 }
250
     }
251
     \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ##1 ##2 ##3 {
       \__bnvs_group_end:
253
254
       \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
       \t! \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
255
       \tl_set:Nn #3 { ##3 }
256
257
     \exp_args:NVVV \:nnn \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_c_tl
258
259 }
```

\_\_bnvs\_do\_parse:Nnn

 $\c \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} {command} \{ \langle full name \rangle \}$ 

Auxiliary function for \\_\_bnvs\_parse:Nn. \( \command \rangle \) is \\_\_bnvs\_range:nVVV at runtime and must have signature nVVV.

```
260 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nTF { xTF }
261 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_do_parse:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
```

This is not a list.

```
262 \__bnvs_range_set:NNNn \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_c_tl { #3 }
263  #1 { #2 } \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_c_tl
264 }
265 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_do_parse:Nnn { Nxn, Non }
```

\_\_bnvs\_id\_name\_set:nNN*TF* 

\\_\_bnvs\_id\_name\_set:nNNTF  $\{\langle key \rangle\}\ \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle full\ name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \{\langle\ true\ code \rangle\}\ \{\langle\ false\ code \rangle\}$ 

If the  $\langle key \rangle$  is a key, put the name it defines into the  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  with the current frame id prefix \l\_\_bnvs\_id\_tl if none was given, then execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$ . Otherwise execute  $\langle false\ code \rangle$ .

```
\__bnvs_group_begin:
    \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex {
    } \l__bnvs_match_seq {
     \tl_set:Nx #2 { \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 3 }
     \tl_if_empty:NTF #2 {
       \exp_args:NNNx
       \__bnvs_group_end:
274
       \tl_set:Nn #3 { \l__bnvs_id_current_tl #1 }
       \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_id_current_tl
       \cs_set:Npn \:n ##1 {
278
         \__bnvs_group_end:
279
         \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##1 }
         \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_current_tl { ##1 }
```

```
}
282
         \exp_args:NV
283
         \:n #2
284
         \tl_set:Nn #3 { #1 }
285
286
       \prg_return_true:
287
288
       \__bnvs_group_end:
289
       \prg_return_false:
    }
291
292 }
  \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_parse:Nnn #1 #2 #3 {
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
     \__bnvs_id_name_set:nNNTF { #2 } \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl {
295
       \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_list_regex {
296
297
       } \l__bnvs_match_seq {
298
This is a comma separated list, extract each item and go recursive.
         \exp_args:NNx
         \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq {
           \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq { 2 }
         }
         \seq_map_indexed_inline: Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq {
           \__bnvs_do_parse:Nxn #1 { \l__bnvs_name_tl.##1 } { ##2 }
304
      } {
         \__bnvs_do_parse:Nxn #1 { \l__bnvs_name_tl } { #3 }
307
308
309
       \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Invalid~key:~#2 }
310
     }
We export \l__bnvs_id_tl:
     \exp_args:NNNV
     \__bnvs_group_end:
     \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_id_current_tl \l__bnvs_id_current_tl
314
315 }
```

\Beanoves

```
\Beanoves \{\langle key--value\ list\rangle\}
```

The keys are the slide range specifiers. When no value is provided, it defaults to 1. On the contrary,  $\langle key-value \rangle$  items are parsed by \\_\_bnvs\_parse:Nnn.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \Beanoves { sm } {
     \tl_if_eq:NnT \@currenvir { document } {
       \__bnvs_gclear:
318
319
     \IfBooleanTF {#1} {
320
       \keyval_parse:nnn {
321
322
         \__bnvs_parse:Nn \__bnvs_range_alt:nVVV
323
          \_\_bnvs\_parse:Nnn \_\_bnvs\_range\_alt:nVVV
325
326
     } {
327
       \keyval_parse:nnn {
328
         \__bnvs_parse:Nn \__bnvs_range:nVVV
329
          \__bnvs_parse:Nnn \__bnvs_range:nVVV
330
331
332
333
     { #2 }
334
     \ignorespaces
335 }
```

If we use the frame beanoves option, we can provide default values to the various name ranges.

336 \define@key{beamerframe}{beanoves}{\Beanoves\*{#1}}

#### 5.6.5 Scanning named overlay specifications

Patch some beamer commands to support ?(...) instructions in overlay specifications.

\beamer@frame \beamer@masterdecode

```
\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{{\tt overlay specification}} $$ \operatorname{{\tt overlay specification}} $$ \operatorname{{\tt overlay specification}} $$
```

Preprocess (overlay specification) before beamer reads it.

 $\label{local_local_local_local_local} $$ l_bnvs_ans_tl $$$ 

Storage for the translated overlay specification, where ?(...) instructions are replaced by their static counterparts.

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_tl.)
```

Save the original macro \beamer@masterdecode and then override it to properly preprocess the argument.

```
337 \cs_set_eq:NN \__bnvs_beamer@frame \beamer@frame
338 \cs_set:Npn \beamer@frame < #1 > {
339  \__bnvs_group_begin:
340  \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
341  \__bnvs_scan:nNN { #1 } \__bnvs_eval:nN \l__bnvs_ans_tl
342  \exp_args:NNNV
343  \__bnvs_group_end:
344  \__bnvs_beamer@frame < \l__bnvs_ans_tl >
345 }
346 \cs_set_eq:NN \__bnvs_beamer@masterdecode \beamer@masterdecode
```

```
347 \cs_set:Npn \beamer@masterdecode #1 {
                          \__bnvs_group_begin:
                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                           \__bnvs_scan:nNN { #1 } \__bnvs_eval:nN \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                     350
                           \exp_args:NNV
                     351
                           \__bnvs_group_end:
                     352
                           \__bnvs_beamer@masterdecode \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                     353
  \_\_bnvs\_scan:nNN
                      Scan the \langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle argument and feed the \langle tl\ variable \rangle replacing ?(...)
                      instructions by their static counterpart with help from the \langle eval \rangle function, which is
                      \__bnvs_eval:nN. A group is created to use local variables:
   \l__bnvs_ans_tl The token list that will be appended to \langle tl \ variable \rangle on return.
                      (End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_tl.)
\l__bnvs_depth_int
                     Store the depth level in parenthesis grouping used when finding the proper closing paren-
                      thesis balancing the opening parenthesis that follows immediately a question mark in a
                      ?(...) instruction.
                      (End definition for \l__bnvs_depth_int.)
\1 bnvs query t1 Storage for the overlay query expression to be evaluated.
                      (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l_bnvs_query_tl.|)
\l__bnvs_token_seq The \(\langle overlay \) expression\(\rangle \) is split into the sequence of its tokens.
                      (End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_token_seq.)
 \l__bnvs_token_tl Storage for just one token.
                      (End definition for \l__bnvs_token_tl.)
                     355 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_scan:nNN #1 #2 #3 {
                           \__bnvs_group_begin:
                           \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                     357
                           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_token_seq
                      Explode the \langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle into a list of tokens:
                           \regex_split:nnN {} { #1 } \l__bnvs_token_seq
   \scan_question:
                      \scan_question:
```

At top level state, scan the tokens of the  $\langle named\ overlay\ expression \rangle$  looking for a '?' character.

```
366 \scan_question:
367 }
368 }
369 }
```

#### \require\_open:

#### \require\_open:

We just found a '?', we first gobble tokens until the next '(', whatever they may be. In general, no tokens should be silently ignored.

```
370 \cs_set:Npn \require_open: {
```

Get next token.

```
371 \seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_token_seq \l__bnvs_token_tl {
372 \tl_if_eq:NnTF \l__bnvs_token_tl { ( %)
373 } {
```

We found the '(' after the '?'. Set the parenthesis depth to 1 (on first passage).

```
\int_set:Nn \l__bnvs_depth_int { 1 }
```

Record the forthcomming content in the  $\l_bnvs_query_tl$  variable, up to the next balancing ')'.

Ignore this token and loop.

End reached but no opening parenthesis found, raise.

### \require\_close:

# \require\_close:

We found a '?(', we record the forthcomming content in the \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl variable, up to the next balancing ')'.

```
cs_set:Npn \require_close: {
```

Get next token.

```
\seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_token_seq \l__bnvs_token_tl {
   \tl_if_eq:NnTF \l__bnvs_token_tl { ( %---)
} {
```

We found a '(', increment the depth and append the token to \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl, then scan again for a).

```
This is not a '('.
```

```
393 \tl_if_eq:NnTF \l_bnvs_token_tl { %(---
394 )
395 } {
```

We found a ')', we decrement and test the depth.

The depth level has reached 0: we found our balancing parenthesis of the ?(...) instruction. We can append the evaluated slide ranges token list to \l\_ans\_tl and look for the next ?.

```
\exp_args:NV #2 \l__bnvs_query_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl
\scan_question:
400 } {
```

The depth has not yet reached level 0. We append the ')' to \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_tl because it is not yet the end of sequence marker.

The scanned token is not a '(' nor a ')', we append it as is to \l\_bnvs\_query\_tl and look for a).

```
405 \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_query_tl \l__bnvs_token_tl
406 \require_close:
407 }
408 }
409 } {
```

Above ends the code for Not a '('We reached the end of the sequence and the token list with no closing ')'. We raise and terminate. As recovery we feed  $\l_bnvs_query_tl$  with the missing ')'.

Run the top level loop to scan for a '?':

```
419 \scan_question:
420 \exp_args:NNNV
421 \__bnvs_group_end:
422 \tl_put_right:Nn #3 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
423 }
I
```

#### 5.6.6 Resolution

458

Given a frame id, a name and an integer path, we resolve any intermediate standalone reference. For example, with A=B and B=C, A is resolved in C. But with A=B+1 and B=C, A is not resolved in C+1. With A=B:D and B=C, A is not resolved in C:D as well.

\\_\_bnvs\_extract\_key:NNN*TF* 

```
\__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

Auxiliary function.  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains a frame id whereas  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains a range name. If we recognize a key, on return,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the resolved name,  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  is prepended with new integer path components,  $\{\langle true\ code \rangle\}$  is executed, otherwise  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed.

```
424 \exp_args_generate:n { VVx }
  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_extract_key:NNN
       #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
426
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
     \exp_args:NNV
     \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex #2 \l__bnvs_match_seq {
This is a correct key, update the path sequence accordingly
       \exp_args:Nx
       \tl_if_empty:nT { \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 3 } {
431
         \tl_put_left:NV #2 { #1 }
432
433
       \exp_args:NNnx
434
       \seq_set_split:\nn \l__bnvs_split_seq . {
435
         \seq_item: Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq 4
437
       \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { }
439
       \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_split_seq \l__bnvs_a_tl
       \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_split_seq {
440
No new integer path component is added.
         \cs_set:Npn \:nn ##1 ##2 {
441
           \__bnvs_group_end:
442
           \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
443
           \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
444
         }
445
         \exp_args:NVV \:nn #1 #2
       } {
447
Some new integer path components are added.
         \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ##1 ##2 ##3 {
           \__bnvs_group_end:
           \tl_set:Nn #1 { ##1 }
           \tl_set:Nn #2 { ##2 }
           \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ##3 }
452
           \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
453
         }
454
         \exp_args:NVVx
455
         \:nnn #1 #2 {
456
           \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq . . \seq_use:Nn #3 .
457
```

```
\__bnvs_resolve:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
```

When too many nested calls occurred,  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed directly.  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$ ,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  are meant to contain proper information. On input,  $\{\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a frame id,  $\{\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\}$  contains a range name and  $\{\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\}$  contains the components of an integer path, possibly empty. On return,  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the frame id used,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  contains the resolved range name and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  contains the sequence of integer path components that could not be resolved. To resolve a path,  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  is turned into  $\langle name_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  where  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_1 \rangle$ , then  $\langle name_2 \rangle.\langle i_3 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  where  $\langle name_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  when  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_2 \rangle...$  The algorithm is not yet more clever. The resolution algorithm is quite straightforward:

- 1. If  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  content is the name of an unlimited range, and the first item of this range is exactly another name range with eventually a heading frame identifier or a trailing integer path, then  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  is replaced by this name, the  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\l_bnvs_id_tl$  are updates accordingly and the  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  is prepended with the integer path.
- 2. If  $\langle path \ seq \ var \rangle$  is not empty, append to the right of  $\langle name \ tl \ var \rangle$  after a separating dot, all its left elements but the last one and loop. Otherwise return. None of the tl variables must be one of  $\l_a_tl, \l_b_tl$  or  $\l_c_tl$ . None of the seq variables must be one of  $\l_a_seq, \l_b_seq$ .

```
469 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve:NNN
470 #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
471 \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

Local variables:

- \l\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved.
- $\label{lasseq}$  contains the index path components currently resolved.
- \l\_b\_tl contains the resolution.
- \l\_b\_seq contains the index path components to be resolved.

```
472 \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #3

473 \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq

474 \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
```

```
\__bnvs_call:TF {
475
         \t_{eq:NN l_bnvs_a_tl \#2}
476
         477
           \exp_args:Nx
478
           479
             \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
           } {
481
             \get_extract:F {
482
Unknown key \langle \alpha_{tl} \rangle / A or the value for key \langle \alpha_{tl} \rangle / A does not fit.
               \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
483
             }
484
           }
485
        } {
486
           \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { . \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
487
           \get_extract:F {
488
             \seq_pop_right:NNT \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
489
               \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
             }
          }
        }
         \loop:
494
      } {
495
496
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \prg_return_false:
497
498
    }
499
     \cs_set:Npn \get_extract:F ##1 {
500
       \exp_args:Nx
501
       \_bnvs_get:nNTF { \l_bnvs_a_tl / A } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
         \__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF #1 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
503
           \t_eq:NN #2 l_bnvs_b_tl
504
           \seq_set_eq:NN #3 \l__bnvs_b_seq
505
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
506
           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
507
        } { ##1 }
508
      } { ##1 }
509
511
     \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
       \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ####1 ####2 ####3 {
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \tl_set:Nn #1 { ####1 }
514
         \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####2 }
         \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ####3 }
         \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
517
518
       \exp_args:NVVx
519
       \:nnn #1 #2 {
520
         \seq_use:Nn #3 .
521
522
523
       \prg_return_true:
    }
524
525
    \loop:
526 }
```

\_\_bnvs\_resolve\_n:NNNTF<u>TF</u>

```
\__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle\ \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle\ \{\langle\ true\ code\rangle\}\ \{\langle\ \rangle\}\ false code
```

The difference with the function above without  $\_n$  is that resolution is performed only when there is an integer path afterwards

```
prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNN
#1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
    \_bnvs_group_begin:
```

Local variables:

- \l\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved.
- \l\_a\_seq contains the index path components currently resolved.
- $\l_b_{tl}$  contains the resolution.
- $\label{local_b_seq}$  contains the index path components to be resolved.

```
\seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #3
     \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
     \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
       \__bnvs_call:TF {
         \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl #2
534
         \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_a_seq {
           \exp_args:Nx
536
           \_bnvs_get:nNTF { \l_bnvs_a_tl / L } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
             \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
538
539
              \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_b_seq {
                \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
             } {
542
                \get_extract:F {
Unknown key \langle l_a_tl \rangle /A or the value for key \langle l_a_tl \rangle /A does not fit.
                  \cs_set:Nn \loop: { \return_true: }
```

```
544
545
             }
546
           }
         } {
           \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { . \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
           \get_extract:F {
              \seq_pop_right:NNT \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl {
                \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
552
             }
553
           }
554
         }
555
         \loop:
556
       } {
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \prg_return_false:
       }
560
    }
561
     \cs_set:Npn \get_extract:F ##1 {
562
       \exp_args:Nx
563
       \__bnvs_get:nNTF { \l__bnvs_a_tl / A } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
564
```

```
\__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF #1 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
565
           \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl
566
           \seq_set_eq:NN #3 \1__bnvs_b_seq
567
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
568
           \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
569
         } { ##1 }
       } { ##1 }
571
     }
572
     \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
573
       \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ####1 ####2 ####3 {
574
575
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \tl_set:Nn #1 { ####1 }
576
         \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####2 }
         \seq_set_split:Nnn #3 . { ####3 }
578
         \seq_remove_all:Nn #3 { }
579
580
       \exp_args:NVVx
581
       \:nnn #1 #2 {
582
         \seq_use:Nn #3 .
585
       \prg_return_true:
    }
586
587
     \loop:
588 }
```

 ${\tt N_Lbnvs\_resolve:NNNTF}$ 

```
\__bnvs_resolve:NNNNTF \langle cs:nn \rangle \langle id\ tl\ var \rangle \langle name\ tl\ var \rangle \langle path\ seq\ var \rangle {\langle\ true\ code \rangle} {\langle\ \rangle} false code
```

When too many nested calls occurred,  $\{\langle false\ code \rangle\}$  is executed directly.  $\langle id\ tl\ var \rangle$ ,  $\langle name\ tl\ var \rangle$  and  $\langle path\ seq\ var \rangle$  are meant to contain proper information. To resolve a path,  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  is turned into  $\langle name_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  where  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_1 \rangle$ , then  $\langle name_2 \rangle.\langle i_3 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  where  $\langle name_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_2 \rangle...$  If the above rule does not apply,  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  may turn into  $\langle name_2 \rangle.\langle i_3 \rangle...\langle i_n \rangle$  when  $\langle name_0 \rangle.\langle i_1 \rangle.\langle i_2 \rangle$  is  $\langle name_2 \rangle...$  We try to match the longest sequence of components first. The algorithm is not yet more clever. In general,  $\langle cs:nn \rangle$  is just \use\_i:nn but for in place incrementation, we must resolve only when there is an integer path. See the implementation of the \underbrack\_bnvs\_if\_append:... conditionals.

```
589 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve:NNNN
590     #1 #2 #3 #4 { T, F, TF } {
591     #1 {
592     \__bnvs_group_begin:
```

\ll\_a\_tl contains the name with a partial index path currently resolved. \ll\_a\_seq contains the remaining index path components to be resolved. \ll\_b\_seq contains the current index path components to be resolved.

```
\tl_set:Nn #3 { ####2 }
601
           \seq_set_split:Nnn #4 . { ####3 }
602
           \seq_remove_all:Nn #4 { }
603
604
         \exp_args:NVVx
605
         \:nnn #2 #3 {
606
           \seq_use:Nn #4 .
607
         \prg_return_true:
      }
610
      \cs_set:Npn \branch:n ##1 {
611
        \seq_pop_right:NNTF \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
612
           \seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl
613
           \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_a_tl { #3 . }
614
           \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl { \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . }
615
616
           \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_true:
617
618
      \cs_set:Npn \branch:FF ##1 ##2 {
        \exp_args:Nx
         \_bnvs_get:nNTF { \l_bnvs_a_tl / A } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
           \__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_b_seq {
            \tl_set_eq:NN #3 \l__bnvs_b_tl
624
            \seq_set_eq:NN #4 \l__bnvs_b_seq
625
            \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
626
           } { ##1 }
627
        } { ##2 }
628
629
      \cs_set:Npn \extract_key:F {
         \__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF #2 \1__bnvs_b_t1 \1__bnvs_b_seq {
631
           \t = 1.5
632
           \seq_set_eq:NN #4 \l__bnvs_b_seq
           \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_seq
634
636
      \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
637
         \__bnvs_call:TF {
638
639
           \exp_args:Nx
           \__bnvs_get:nNTF { \l__bnvs_a_tl / L } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
If there is a length, no resolution occurs.
            \branch:n { 1 }
          } {
             643
               \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_seq
644
               \tl_set:Nn \l__bnvs_a_tl { #3 . }
645
               \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_a_tl {
646
                 \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_a_seq . .
647
648
               \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_c_tl
649
```

```
} {
652
\seq_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_b_seq \l__bnvs_c_tl
654
            } {
655
              \branch:FF {
656
                \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_true:
657
              } {
658
                \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
                  \__bnvs_group_end:
                  \prg_return_false:
663
            }
664
          }
665
        }
          {
666
           \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
667
            \__bnvs_group_end:
668
            \prg_return_false:
          }
        }
671
672
        \loop:
      }
673
      \loop:
674
    } {
      \prg_return_true:
676
677
678
  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_resolve_OLD:NNNN
679
      #1 #2 #3 #4 { T, F, TF } {
    #1 {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
\l_a_tl contains the name with a partial index path to be resolved. \l_a_seq contains
the remaining index path components to be resolved.
      \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl #3
684
      \seq_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_seq #4
685
      \cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
        \cs_set:Npn \:nnn ####1 ####2 ####3 {
          \__bnvs_group_end:
687
          \tl_set:Nn #2 { ####1 }
688
          \tl_set:Nn #3 { ####2 }
689
          \seq_set_split:Nnn #4 . { ####3 }
```

690

691

693

\seq\_remove\_all:Nn #4 { }

\exp\_args:NVVx

\:nnn #2 #3 { \seq\_use:Nn #4 .

}

```
697
         \prg_return_true:
      }
698
       \cs_set:Npn \branch:n ##1 {
699
         \seq_pop_left:NNTF \l__bnvs_a_seq \l__bnvs_b_tl {
700
           \tl_put_right:Nn \l__bnvs_a_tl { . }
701
           \tl_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
702
         } {
703
           \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_true:
         }
       }
706
       \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
707
         \__bnvs_call:TF {
708
           \exp_args:Nx
709
           \_bnvs_get:nNTF { \l_bnvs_a_tl / L } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
             \branch:n { 1 }
           } {
             \exp_args:Nx
713
             \_bnvs_get:nNTF { \l_bnvs_a_tl / A } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
714
                \__bnvs_extract_key:NNNTF #2 \l__bnvs_b_tl \l__bnvs_a_seq {
                  \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_b_tl
                  \tl_set_eq:NN #3 \l__bnvs_b_tl
                  \seq_set_eq:NN #4 \l__bnvs_a_seq
               } {
719
                  \branch:n { 2 }
               }
             } {
               \branch:n { 3 }
723
             }
724
           }
725
         } {
           \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
727
728
             \__bnvs_group_end:
729
             \prg_return_false:
           }
730
         \loop:
       }
734
       \loop:
735
    } {
       \prg_return_true:
737
    }
738 }
```

#### 5.6.7 Evaluation bricks

```
\__bnvs_fp_round:nN \__bn
\__bnvs_fp_round:N \__bn
```

```
\__bnvs_fp_round:nN \{\langle expression \rangle\}\ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \__bnvs_fp_round:N \langle tl\ variable \rangle
```

Shortcut for  $fp_eval:n\{round(\langle expression \rangle)\}$  appended to  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . The second variant replaces the variable content with its rounded floating point evaluation.

```
739 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_fp_round:nN #1 #2 {
740 \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
```

```
} {
741
       \tl_put_right:Nx #2 {
742
         \fp_eval:n { round(#1) }
743
744
745
  }
746
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_fp_round:nN { VN, xN }
   \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_fp_round:N #1 {
     \tl_if_empty:VTF #1 {
     } {
750
       \tl_set:Nx #1 {
751
         \fp_eval:n { round(#1) }
752
753
     }
754
755 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_raw\_first:nN*TF* \\_\_bnvs\_raw\_first:(xN|VN)*TF* 

```
\label{local_norm} $$\sum_{\text{nNTF } {\langle name \rangle} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ {\langle true \ code \rangle} \ {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$
```

Append the first index of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Cache the result. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
756 \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_return_true:nnN #1 #2 #3 {
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
758
       \__bnvs_group_end:
       \__bnvs_gremove:n { #1//#2 }
759
       \prg_return_false:
760
761
       \__bnvs_fp_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
762
       \__bnvs_gput:nV { #1//#2 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
763
764
       \exp_args:NNNV
765
       \__bnvs_group_end:
       \tl_put_right:Nn #3 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
767
       \prg_return_true:
    }
768
769 }
  \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_return_false:nn #1 #2 {
770
     \__bnvs_group_end:
     \__bnvs_gremove:n { #1//#2 }
     \prg_return_false:
774 }
775
  \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_raw_first:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \_ bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1//A } {
       \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { \__bnvs_item:n { #1//A } }
       \prg_return_true:
    } {
779
       \__bnvs_group_begin:
780
       \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
781
       \__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/A } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
782
         \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
783
           \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } A #2
784
785
         } {
786
           \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
         }
      } {
788
```

```
\__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/L } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
           \_ bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/Z } \l_bnvs_b_tl {
             \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
791
               \l_bnvs_b_tl - ( \l_bnvs_a_tl ) + 1
792
             } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
793
                \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } A #2
                \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
             }
           } {
               _bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
800
         }
           {
801
              bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
802
803
       }
804
805
806
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
       \__bnvs_raw_first:nN { VN, xN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_first:nNTF

 $\verb|\__bnvs_if_first:nNTF| \{\langle name \rangle\} \ \langle \textit{tl variable} \rangle \ \{\langle \textit{true code} \rangle\} \ \{\langle \textit{false code} \rangle\}$ 

Append the first index of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . If no first index was explicitely given, use the counter when available and 1 hen not. Cache the result. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle first \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_first:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \_\brune{1.5cm} \_\brune{1.5cm} bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } #2 {
810
       \prg_return_true:
811
812
       \__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/C } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
813
          \bool_set_true: N \l_no_counter_bool
814
          \_bnvs_if_append:xNTF \l_bnvs_a_tl \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
815
            \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } A #2
         } {
            \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
         }
819
       } {
820
          \regex_match:NnTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex { #1 } {
821
            \__bnvs_gput:nn { #1/A } { 1 }
822
            \tl_set:Nn #2 { 1 }
823
            \_bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } A #2
824
825
            \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } A
826
       }
828
     }
829
830 }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_first:nN \\_\_bnvs\_first:VN  $\verb|\__bnvs_first:nN| \{\langle \mathit{name} \rangle\} \ \langle \mathit{tl} \ \mathit{variable} \rangle$ 

Append the start of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Cache the result.

```
831 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_first:nN #1 #2 {
832 \__bnvs_if_first:nNF { #1 } #2 {
833 \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Range~with~no~first:~#1 }
834 }
835 }
836 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_first:nN { VN }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_raw\_length:nN*TF* 

 $\label{lem:length:nNTF} $$ \langle name \rangle $$ \langle tl \ variable \rangle $$ {\langle true \ code \rangle} $$ {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$$ 

Append the length of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle length \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_raw_length:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \__bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1//L } {
838
       \t_put_right:Nx #2 { \_bnvs_item:n { #1//L } }
839
       \prg_return_true:
840
841
       \_bnvs_gput:nn { #1//L } { 0 }
842
       \__bnvs_group_begin:
       \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
       \__bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1/L } {
         \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
           \__bnvs_item:n { #1/L }
         } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
           \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } L #2
           {
              _bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } L
851
852
       } {
853
         \__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/A } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
           \__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/Z } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
             \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
               \l_bnvs_b_tl - (\l_bnvs_a_tl) + 1
             } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } L #2
859
             }
               {
860
                  _bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } L
861
862
           }
863
               _bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } L
         }
           {
           \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } L
868
      }
869
     }
870
871 }
872 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
     \__bnvs_raw_length:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_raw\_last:nN*TF* 

 $\verb|\__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF| \{\langle name \rangle\} \ \langle \textit{tl variable} \rangle \ \{\langle \textit{true code} \rangle\} \ \{\langle \textit{false code} \rangle\}$ 

Put the last index of the fully qualified  $\langle name \rangle$  range to the right of the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ , when possible. Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when a last index was given,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\_{bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1//Z } { }
                          875
                                  \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { \__bnvs_item:n { #1//Z } }
                         876
                                  \prg_return_true:
                         877
                                  {
                         878
                                  \__bnvs_gput:nn { #1//Z } { 0 }
                          879
                                  \__bnvs_group_begin:
                          880
                                  \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                  \__bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1/Z } {
                                    \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
                                       \__bnvs_item:n { #1/Z }
                          884
                                    } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                          885
                                       \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } Z #2
                          886
                                      {
                          887
                                       \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } Z
                          888
                          889
                          890
                                    \_ bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/A } \l_bnvs_a_tl {
                                       \__bnvs_get:nNTF { #1/L } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
                                         \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
                                           \l_bnvs_a_tl + (\l_bnvs_b_tl) - 1
                                         } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                                           \__bnvs_return_true:nnN { #1 } Z #2
                                        } {
                          897
                                           \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } Z
                          898
                                         }
                                      } {
                                           _bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } Z
                          901
                                      }
                                    } {
                                       \__bnvs_return_false:nn { #1 } Z
                          905
                                    }
                                 }
                          906
                               }
                          907
                         908 }
                             \verb|\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn|
                         909
                               \__bnvs_raw_last:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
                          \label{lambda} $$\sum_{\substack{n \in \mathbb{N} \\ \text{one}}} \langle tl \ variable \rangle$}
        _bnvs_last:nN
        _bnvs_last:VN
                          Append the last index of the fully qualified \langle name \rangle slide range to \langle tl \ variable \rangle
                             \__bnvs_raw_last:nNF { #1 } #2 {
                          912
                                  \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Range~with~no~last:~#1 }
                          913
                          914
                         915 }
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_last:nN { VN }
                          \label{local_norm} $$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( name \right) \ \langle tl \ variable \right) \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ code \rangle\} $$
\__bnvs_if_next:nNTF
```

\prg\_new\_conditional:Npnn \\_\_bnvs\_raw\_last:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {

Append the index after the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$ 

when there is a  $\langle next \rangle$  index,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\_ bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1//N } {
                  918
                          \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { \__bnvs_item:n { #1//N } }
                  919
                          \prg_return_true:
                  920
                       } {
                  921
                          \__bnvs_group_begin:
                  922
                          \cs_set:Npn \__bnvs_return_true: {
                  923
                            \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                              \__bnvs_group_end:
                              \prg_return_false:
                            } {
                  927
                              \__bnvs_fp_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                  928
                              929
                              \exp_args:NNNV
                  930
                              \__bnvs_group_end:
                  931
                              \tl_put_right:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                  932
                               \prg_return_true:
                  933
                            }
                          }
                          \cs_set:Npn \return_false: {
                            \__bnvs_group_end:
                  937
                            \prg_return_false:
                  938
                          \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
                          \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
                  941
                            \__bnvs_if_append:xNTF {
                  942
                              \l_bnvs_a_tl + 1
                  943
                            } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                              \__bnvs_return_true:
                            } {
                  947
                              \return_false:
                            }
                  948
                         } {
                  949
                            \return_false:
                  950
                          }
                  951
                  952
                  953 }
                  954 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
                        \__bnvs_if_next:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
                   \label{local_norm} $$\sum_{n=1}^{n} {\langle name \rangle} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle$$
\__bnvs_next:nN
  _bnvs_next:VN
                   Append the index after the \langle name \rangle slide range to the \langle tl \ variable \rangle.
                     \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_next:nN #1 #2 {
                        \__bnvs_if_next:nNF { #1 } #2 {
                          \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Range~with~no~next:~#1 }
                  958
                  960 }
                  961 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_next:nN { VN }
```

```
\__bnvs_if_index:nnN<u>TF</u>
\__bnvs_if_index:VVN<u>TF</u>
\__bnvs_if_index:nnnN<u>TF</u>
```

```
\label{local_local_local_local} $$ \sum_{i=1}^{name}  \{\langle name \rangle\} \ \{\langle integer \rangle\} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} $$
```

Append the index associated to the  $\{\langle name \rangle\}$  and  $\{\langle integer \rangle\}$  slide range to the right of  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$ . When  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 1, this is the first index, when  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 2, this is the second index, and so on. When  $\langle integer\ shift \rangle$  is 0, this is the index, before the first one, and so on. If the computation is possible,  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  is executed, otherwise  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  is executed. The computation may fail when too many recursion calls are made.

```
962 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_index:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
     \__bnvs_group_begin:
     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
964
     \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
965
       \tilde{1}_{\text{put\_right:Nn }l\_bnvs\_ans\_tl } { + (#2) - 1}
966
       \exp_args:NNV
967
       \__bnvs_group_end:
968
       \__bnvs_fp_round:nN \l__bnvs_ans_tl #3
969
       \prg_return_true:
970
971
972
       \prg_return_false:
973
974 }
975 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
     \__bnvs_if_index:nnN { VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

\_\_bnvs\_if\_range:nN*TF* 

```
\cline{1.5} \cli
```

Append the range of the  $\langle name \rangle$  slide range to the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . Execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  when there is a  $\langle range \rangle$ ,  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_range:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
     \bool_if:NTF \l__bnvs_no_range_bool {
978
       \prg_return_false:
979
     } {
         _bnvs_if_in:nTF { #1/ } {
981
         \tl_put_right:Nn { 0-0 }
982
       } {
983
         \__bnvs_group_begin:
984
         \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
985
         \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
986
         \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
987
         \__bnvs_raw_first:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
           \__bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
             \exp_args:NNNx
             \__bnvs_group_end:
             \tl_put_right: Nn #2 { \l_bnvs_a_tl - \l_bnvs_b_tl }
             \prg_return_true:
           } {
             \exp_args:NNNx
             \__bnvs_group_end:
             \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { \l__bnvs_a_tl - }
997
```

```
998
                                                                                                                            \prg_return_true:
                                                                                                                    }
                                                                              999
                                                                                                             } {
                                                                            1000
                                                                                                                               _bnvs_raw_last:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_b_tl {
                                                                            1001
                                                                                                                            \exp_args:NNNx
                                                                            1002
                                                                                                                            \__bnvs_group_end:
                                                                            1003
                                                                                                                            \tl_put_right: Nn #2 { - \l__bnvs_b_tl }
                                                                            1004
                                                                                                                            \prg_return_true:
                                                                            1005
                                                                                                                            \__bnvs_group_end:
                                                                                                                            \prg_return_false:
                                                                            1009
                                                                           1010
                                                                                                      }
                                                                           1011
                                                                           1012
                                                                           1013
                                                                                        \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
                                                                           1014
                                                                                               \__bnvs_if_range:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
                                                                               \verb|\__bnvs_range:nN| \{\langle \textit{name} \rangle\} \ \langle \textit{tl} \ \textit{variable} \rangle
             \__bnvs_range:nN
             \__bnvs_range:VN
                                                                               Append the range of the \langle name \rangle slide range to the \langle tl \ variable \rangle.
                                                                            1016 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_range:nN #1 #2 {
                                                                                               \__bnvs_if_range:nNF { #1 } #2 {
                                                                           1017
                                                                                                       \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { No~range~available:~#1 }
                                                                            1018
                                                                           1019
                                                                           1020 }
                                                                           1021 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_range:nN { VN }
      _bnvs_if_free_counter:nNTF
                                                                                                            \verb|\climber| - bnvs_if_free_counter:nNTF {$\langle name \rangle$} \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ variable \rangle \} \ \langle true \ code \rangle \rangle \langle true \ code \rangle \langle true \ co
\__bnvs_if_free_counter:VNTF
                                                                                                             code\rangle}
                                                                               Set the \langle tl \ variable \rangle to the value of the counter associated to the \{\langle name \rangle\} slide range.
                                                                                       \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_free_counter:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
                                                                                                \__bnvs_group_begin:
                                                                           1023
                                                                                               \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                                                                                \_ bnvs_get:nNF { #1/C } \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
                                                                                                      \__bnvs_raw_first:nNF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                                                                            1026
                                                                                                              \__bnvs_raw_last:nNF { #1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl { }
                                                                            1027
                                                                                                     }
                                                                           1028
                                                                                              }
                                                                           1029
                                                                                               \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                                                                           1030
                                                                                                      \__bnvs_group_end:
                                                                           1031
                                                                                                      \regex_match:NnTF \c__bnvs_A_key_Z_regex { #1 } {
                                                                           1032
                                                                                                              \__bnvs_gput:nn { #1/C } { 1 }
                                                                           1033
                                                                                                             \tl_set:Nn #2 { 1 }
                                                                                                              \prg_return_true:
                                                                                                      } {
                                                                            1037
                                                                                                              \prg_return_false:
                                                                                                      }
                                                                            1038
                                                                                              } {
                                                                           1039
                                                                                                      \__bnvs_gput:nV { #1/C } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                                                           1040
```

```
\exp_args:NNNV
                     \__bnvs_group_end:
1042
                     \tl_set:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1043
                     \prg_return_true:
1044
1045
1046
          \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1047
               \__bnvs_if_free_counter:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
   \_\ bnvs_if_counter:nNTF {\langle name \rangle} \langle tl \ variable \rangle {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle}
   Append the value of the counter associated to the \{\langle name \rangle\} slide range to the right of
   \langle tl \ variable \rangle. The value always lays in between the range, whenever possible.
        \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_counter:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
                \__bnvs_group_begin:
1050
               \_bnvs_if_free_counter:nNTF { #1 } \l_bnvs_ans_tl {
1051
  If there is a \langle first \rangle, use it to bound the result from below.
                     \t! \t! clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
1052
                     \__bnvs_raw_first:nNT { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
                          \fp_compare:nNnT { \l_bnvs_ans_tl } < { \l_bnvs_a_tl } {
                                \tl_set:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl
                         }
1056
1057
   If there is a \langle last \rangle, use it to bound the result from above.
                     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
1058
                     \__bnvs_raw_last:nNT { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1059
                          \fp_compare:nNnT { \l_bnvs_ans_tl } > { \l_bnvs_a_tl } 
1060
                                \tl_set:NV \l__bnvs_ans_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl
1061
                         }
1062
1063
                     \exp_args:NNV
1064
                     \__bnvs_group_end:
                     \__bnvs_fp_round:nN \l__bnvs_ans_tl #2
                     \prg_return_true:
              } {
1068
                     \prg_return_false:
1069
               }
1071 }
         \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
1072
               \__bnvs_if_counter:nN { VN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:nn<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:nnN<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_incr:(VnN|VVN)<u>TF</u>

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_counter:nNTF
\\_\_bnvs\_if\_counter:VNTF

Increment the free counter position accordingly. When requested, put the result in the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . In the second version, the result will lay within the declared range.

```
1074 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_incr:nn #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
```

```
\__bnvs_group_begin:
     \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
     \__bnvs_if_free_counter:nNTF { #1 } \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1077
       \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
1078
       1079
         \__bnvs_fp_round:N \l__bnvs_b_tl
1080
         \_bnvs_gput:nV { #1/C } \l_bnvs_b_tl
1081
         \__bnvs_group_end:
1082
         \prg_return_true:
       }
         {
1084
         \__bnvs_group_end:
         \prg_return_false:
1086
1087
     } {
1088
       \__bnvs_group_end:
1089
       \prg_return_false:
1090
1091
1092
   \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_incr:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
     \__bnvs_if_incr:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
       \_bnvs_if_counter:nNTF { #1 } #3 {
         \prg_return_true:
1096
       } {
1097
1098
         \prg_return_false:
1099
     } {
1100
1101
       \prg_return_false:
1103 }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
     \__bnvs_if_incr:nnN { VnN, VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

\\_\_bnvs\_if\_post:nnN<u>TF</u> \\_\_bnvs\_if\_post:(VnN|VVN)<u>TF</u>

```
\verb|\code| $$ \code| $ \code|
```

Put the value of the free counter for the given  $\langle name \rangle$  in the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  then increment this free counter position accordingly.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_post:nnN #1 #2 #3 { T, F, TF } {
      \__bnvs_if_counter:nNTF { #1 } #3 {
        \__bnvs_if_incr:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
          \prg_return_true:
       } {
1110
          \prg_return_false:
       }
1112
     } {
1113
        \prg_return_false:
1114
1115
1116 }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
     \__bnvs_if_post:nnN { VnN, VVN } { T, F, TF }
```

## 5.6.8 Evaluation

```
bnvs_if_append:nN<u>TF</u>
                                 \_{\text{bnvs\_if\_append:nNTF}} \ \{ \langle integer\ expression \rangle \} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \ \{ \langle true\ code \rangle \} \ \{ \langle false\ expression \rangle \} \ \langle tl\ variable \rangle \} 
= \operatorname{bnvs\_if\_append:}(VN|xN)
                                 Evaluates the \langle integer\ expression \rangle, replacing all the named specifications by their static
                                 counterpart then put the result to the right of the \langlet t variable \rangle. Executed within a
                                 group. Heavily used by \__bnvs_eval_query:nN, where \( \lambda integer expression \rangle \) was initially
                                 enclosed in '?(...)'. Local variables:
                                To feed \langle tl \ variable \rangle with.
            \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                 (End\ definition\ for\ \l_bnvs_ans_tl.)
                                The sequence of catched query groups and non queries.
         \l__bnvs_split_seq
                                 \l__bnvs_split_int Is the index of the non queries, before all the catched groups.
                                 (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l_bnvs_split_int.|)
                                1119 \int_new:N \l__bnvs_split_int
           \l__bnvs_name_tl Storage for \l_split_seq items that represent names.
                                 (End definition for \l_bnvs_name_tl.)
           \l__bnvs_path_tl Storage for \l_split_seq items that represent integer paths.
                                 (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\l_-bnvs_path_tl.|)
                                 Catch circular definitions.
                                \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_append:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
                                      \__bnvs_call:TF {
                                        \__bnvs_group_begin:
                                 Local variables:
                                        \int_zero:N \l__bnvs_split_int
                               1123
                                         \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_split_seq
                               1124
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_id_tl
                               1125
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_name_tl
                               1126
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_path_tl
                               1127
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_group_tl
                               1128
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
                                        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_a_tl
                                 Implementation:
                                         \regex_split:NnN \c__bnvs_split_regex { #1 } \l__bnvs_split_seq
                                         \int_set:Nn \l__bnvs_split_int { 1 }
                               1132
                                        \tl_set:Nx \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
                                           \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { \l__bnvs_split_int }
                               1134
                               1135
```

\switch:nTF

```
\mbox{\sc witch:nTF } {\langle capture \ group \ number \rangle} \ {\langle black \ code \rangle} \ {\langle white \ code \rangle}
```

Helper function to locally set the  $\l_bnvs_group_tl$  variable to the captured group  $\langle capture\ group\ number \rangle$  and branch.

\prg\_return\_true: and \prg\_return\_false: are wrapped locally to close the group and return the proper value.

```
\cs_set:Npn \return_true: {
          \fp_round:
1146
          \exp_args:NNNV
1147
          \__bnvs_group_end:
1148
          \tl_put_right:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1149
          \prg_return_true:
1150
        \cs_set:Npn \fp_round: {
          \__bnvs_fp_round:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1154
        \cs_set:Npn \return_false: {
          \__bnvs_group_end:
1156
          \prg_return_false:
1157
1158
        \cs_set:Npn \:NnnT ##1 ##2 ##3 ##4 {
1159
          \switch:nNTF { ##2 } \l__bnvs_id_tl { } {
1160
            \tl_set_eq:NN \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_id_current_tl
1161
            \tl_put_left:NV \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_id_tl
1162
          \switch:nNTF { ##3 } \l_bnvs_path_tl {
1164
            \seq_set_split:NnV \l__bnvs_path_seq { . } \l__bnvs_path_tl
1165
            \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__bnvs_path_seq { }
1166
          } {
1167
            \seq_clear:N \l__bnvs_path_seq
1168
1169
          ##1 \l__bnvs_id_tl \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_path_seq {
1170
            \cs_set:Npn \: {
              ##4
            }
1173
          } {
1174
            \cs_set:Npn \: { \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false: }
1175
          }
1176
          ١:
1177
        }
1178
        \cs_set:Npn \:T ##1 {
1179
          \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq { ##1 } {
1180
            \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1181
1182
```

```
}
1183
 Main loop.
        \cs_set:Npn \loop: {
1184
          \int_compare:nNnTF {
1185
             \l__bnvs_split_int } < { \seq_count:N \l__bnvs_split_seq</pre>
1186
1187
             \switch:nNTF 1 \l__bnvs_name_tl {
1188
     • Case ++\langle name \rangle \langle integer path \rangle.n.
               \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF 2 3 {
1189
                 \__bnvs_if_incr:VnNF \l__bnvs_name_tl 1 \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1190
                    \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1191
1192
               }
1193
             } {
1194
               \switch:nNTF 4 \l__bnvs_name_tl {
1195
     • Cases \langle name \rangle \langle integer path \rangle \dots
                 \switch:nNTF 7 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1196
                    \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve:NNNTF 5 6 {
1197
                      \:T {
1198
                         \__bnvs_raw_length:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1199
                           \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1200
                      }
                    }
1203
     • Case ...length.
1204
                    \switch:nNTF 8 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1205
     • Case ...last.
                      \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve:NNNTF 5 6 {
1206
                        \:T {
1207
                              _bnvs_raw_last:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1208
                              \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1209
1211
                      }
1213
                      \switch:nNTF 9 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1214
     • Case ...next.
```

```
\:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve:NNNTF 5 6 {
                                                                      \:T {
                                                                            \__bnvs_if_next:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1217
                                                                                 \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1218
                                                                           }
1219
                                                                     }
                                                               }
1221
                                                         } {
                                                                \mbox{ switch:nNTF { 10 } \l_bnvs_a_tl {}}
1223
              • Case ...range.
          \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve:NNNTF 5 6 {
                \:T {
1225
                      \__bnvs_if_range:VNTF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1226
                            \cs_set_eq:NN \fp_round: \prg_do_nothing:
1228
                            \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1229
1231
1232 }
                                                               } {
1233
             • Case ...n.
                                                                     \witch:nNTF { 12 } \label{locality} $$ \sum_{a_t} { (a_t)^{t}} 
1234
             • Case ... +=\langle integer \rangle.
          \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF 5 6 {
                \:T {
1236
                            _bnvs_if_incr:VVNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1237
                            \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1238
                }
1240
1241 }
                                                                     } {
1242
              • Case ...n++.
                                                                           \witch:nNTF { 13 } \label{locality} $$ \sin nTF { 13 } \label{locality} $$ \sin nTF { 13 } \si nTF { 13 } \s
1243
                                                                                 \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF 5 6 {
1244
                                                                                       1245
                 _bnvs_if_post:VnNF \l__bnvs_name_tl { 1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1246
                \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1247
1248 }
1249
          \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n } { Too~many~.<integer>~components:~#1 }
          \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
                                                                                 }
1253
                                                                           } {
1254
                                                                                 \witch:nNTF { 11 } \l_bnvs_a_tl { }
1255
             • Case ...n++.
```

```
\:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF 5 6 {
1256
                                  \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq {
1257
      _bnvs_if_counter:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
      \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1259
1260
1261
    \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_a_tl
1262
   \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq {
      \__bnvs_if_incr:VVNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
        \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
     }
1266
1267 } {
      \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n } { Too~many~.<integer>~components:~#1 }
1268
      \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1269
1270
1271
                               }
1272
                             } {
1273
                                \:NnnT \__bnvs_resolve_n:NNNTF 5 6 {
1274
                                  \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq {
      _bnvs_if_counter:VNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
      \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1277
   }
1278
1279
   \seq_pop_left:NN \l__bnvs_path_seq \l__bnvs_a_tl
1280
   \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__bnvs_path_seq {
1281
      \__bnvs_if_index:VVNF \l__bnvs_name_tl \l__bnvs_a_tl \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1282
        \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1283
     }
1284
1285 } {
      \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n } { Too~many~.<integer>~components:~#1 }
1287
      \cs_set_eq:NN \loop: \return_false:
1288 }
1289
1290
1291
1292
1293
                  }
                }
1297
              } {
1298
 No name.
              }
            }
            \int_add:Nn \l__bnvs_split_int { 14 }
            \tl_put_right:Nx \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1302
              \seq_item:Nn \l__bnvs_split_seq { \l__bnvs_split_int }
1303
            }
1304
            \loop:
1305
          } {
1306
```

```
}
                          1309
                                  \lceil \log p :
                          1310
                               } {
                                  \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n } { Too~many~calls:~ #1 }
                          1312
                                  \prg_return_false:
                          1313
                          1314
                          1315 }
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn
                                \__bnvs_if_append:nN { VN, xN } { T, F, TF }
                           _bnvs_if_eval_query:nNTF
                           code\rangle\}
                           Evaluates the single (overlay query), which is expected to contain no comma. Extract a
                           range specification from the argument, replaces all the named overlay specifications by
                           their static counterparts, make the computation then append the result to the right of
                           the (seq variable). Ranges are supported with the colon syntax. This is executed within
                           a local group. Below are local variables and constants.
           \l__bnvs_a_tl Storage for the first index of a range.
                           (End definition for \l__bnvs_a_tl.)
           \l__bnvs_b_tl Storage for the last index of a range, or its length.
                           (End\ definition\ for\ \l_\_bnvs\_b\_tl.)
                          Used to parse slide range overlay specifications. Next are the capture groups.
  \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex
                           (End definition for \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex.)
                          1318 \regex_const:Nn \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex {
                               \A \s* (?:
                          1319
                               • 2: \langle first \rangle
                                    ([^:]*)\s*:
                               • 3: second optional colon
                                    (:)? \s*
                          1321
                               • 4: (length)
                                    ([^:]*)
                               • 5: standalone \langle first \rangle
                                  | ( [^:]+ )
                               ) \s* \Z
                          1324
                          1325 }
                          \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__bnvs_if_eval_query:nN #1 #2 { T, F, TF } {
```

\return\_true:

1308

```
1327  \__bnvs_call_greset:
1328  \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c__bnvs_A_cln_Z_regex {
1329  #1
1330  } \l__bnvs_match_seq {
1331  \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_no_counter_bool
1332  \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_no_range_bool
```

\switch:nNTF

 $\verb|\switch:nNTF {| \langle capture \ group \ number \rangle}| \ \langle tl \ variable \rangle \ \{\langle black \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle white \ code \rangle\}| \ \langle white \ code \rangle \}| \ \langle white \ code \rangle| \ \langle$ 

Helper function to locally set the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  to the captured group  $\langle capture \ group \ number \rangle$  and branch depending on the emptyness of this variable.

```
\cs_set:Npn \switch:nNTF ##1 ##2 ##3 ##4 {
           \tl_set:Nx ##2 {
1334
             \seq_item: Nn \l__bnvs_match_seq { ##1 }
1335
1336
          \tl_if_empty:NTF ##2 { ##4 } { ##3 }
        7
1338
        \switch:nNTF 5 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1339
    Single expression
           \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_no_range_bool
1340
           \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1341
             \prg_return_true:
1342
          } {
             \prg_return_false:
          }
1345
        } {
1346
           \switch:nNTF 2 \l__bnvs_a_tl {
1347
             \switch:nNTF 4 \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1348
               \switch:nNTF 3 \l__bnvs_c_tl {
1349
    \langle first \rangle :: \langle last \rangle range
                 \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1350
                    \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1351
                    \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_b_tl #2 {
1352
                      \prg_return_true:
1353
                    } {
                      \prg_return_false:
                    }
                 } {
1357
                    \prg_return_false:
1358
                 }
1359
               } {
1360
    \langle first \rangle : \langle length \rangle range
                 \_bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l_bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1361
                    \tl_put_right:Nx #2 { - }
1362
                    \t_{put_right:Nx \l_bnvs_a_tl { + ( \l_bnvs_b_tl ) - 1}}
                    \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
                      \prg_return_true:
1365
                    } {
1366
                      \prg_return_false:
1367
1368
                 } {
1369
```

```
\prg_return_false:
1370
1371
                 }
1372
               } {
1373
 \P \langle first \rangle: and \langle first \rangle:: range
                 \label{lem:lem:norm} $$\sum_{if_append:VNTF \l_bnvs_a_tl \#2 {} $$
1374
                    \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1375
                    \prg_return_true:
1376
                 } {
1377
                    \prg_return_false:
                 }
1379
              }
            } {
               \switch:nNTF 4 \l__bnvs_b_tl {
1382
                 \witch:nNTF 3 \label{locality} $$ \prod_{n} 3 \l_bnvs_c_tl {
1383
     ::\langle last \rangle range
                    \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { - }
1384
                    \__bnvs_if_append:VNTF \l__bnvs_a_tl #2 {
1385
                       \prg_return_true:
1386
1387
                       \prg_return_false:
1388
                    }
                 } {
     \msg_error:nnx { beanoves } { :n } { Syntax~error(Missing~first):~#1 }
               } {
1393
 \blacksquare : or :: range
                 \ensuremath{\mbox{ seq\_put\_right:Nn #2 { - }}}
1394
               }
1396
         }
1397
       } {
1398
 Error
         \msg_error:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Syntax~error:~#1 }
1399
       }
1400
1401 }
```

```
\_bnvs_eval:nN \_bnvs_eval:nN \{\langle overlay\ query\ list \rangle\}\ \langle tl\ variable \rangle
```

This is called by the *named overlay specifications* scanner. Evaluates the comma separated list of  $\langle overlay \ query \rangle$ 's, replacing all the named overlay specifications and integer expressions by their static counterparts by calling  $\_\_bnvs\_eval\_query:nN$ , then append the result to the right of the  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ . This is executed within a local group. Below are local variables and constants used throughout the body of this function.

```
\l__bnvs_query_seq Storage for a sequence of \( \lambda query \rangle \)'s obtained by splitting a comma separated list.
\( \lambda definition for \l_bnvs_query_seq. \rangle \)
\\( \lambda_bnvs_ans_seq \rangle \)
\\( \lambda_bnvs_comma_regex \rangle \)
\\( \lambda_bnvs_comma_regex \rangle \)
\\( \lambda_c_bnvs_comma_regex \rangle \) \rangle \)
\( \lambda_definition for \lambda_bnvs_comma_regex \rangle \) \rangle \)
\( \lambda_definition for \lambda_bnvs_comma_regex \rangle \)
\( \lambda_definition for \lambda_d
```

\seq\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_query\_seq \seq\_clear:N \l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_seq

In this main evaluation step, we evaluate the integer expression and put the result in a variable which content will be copied after the group is closed. We authorize comma separated expressions and  $\langle first \rangle :: \langle last \rangle$  range expressions as well. We first split the expression around commas, into \l\_query\_seq.

```
107 \regex_split:NnN \c__bnvs_comma_regex { #1 } \l__bnvs_query_seq
```

Then each component is evaluated and the result is stored in \l\_\_bnvs\_ans\_seq that we have clear before use.

```
\seq_map_inline:Nn \l__bnvs_query_seq {
        \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1409
          _bnvs_if_eval_query:nNTF { ##1 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl {
1410
          \seq_put_right:NV \l__bnvs_ans_seq \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1411
       } {
1412
          \seq_map_break:n {
1413
            \msg_fatal:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Circular~dependency~in~#1}
1414
1415
       }
1416
```

We have managed all the comma separated components, we collect them back and append them to  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$ .

```
1418 \exp_args:NNNx
1419 \__bnvs_group_end:
1420 \tl_put_right:Nn #2 { \seq_use:Nn \l__bnvs_ans_seq , }
1421 }
1422 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__bnvs_eval:nN { VN, xN }
```

\BeanovesEval

```
\BeanovesEval \ [\langle tl \ variable \rangle] \ \{\langle overlay \ queries \rangle\}
```

 $\langle overlay \ queries \rangle$  is the argument of ?(...) instructions. This is a comma separated list of single  $\langle overlay \ query \rangle$ 's.

This function evaluates the  $\langle overlay\ queries \rangle$  and store the result in the  $\langle tl\ variable \rangle$  when provided or leave the result in the input stream. Forwards to \\_\_bnvs\_eval:nN within a group. \l\_ans\_tl is used locally to store the result.

```
1423 \NewDocumentCommand \BeanovesEval { s o m } {
      \__bnvs_group_begin:
1424
      \tl_clear:N \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1425
      \IfBooleanTF { #1 } {
        \bool_set_true:N \l__bnvs_no_counter_bool
     } {
1428
        \bool_set_false:N \l__bnvs_no_counter_bool
1429
1430
        _bnvs_eval:nN { #3 } \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1431
     \IfValueTF { #2 } {
1432
        \exp_args:NNNV
1433
        \__bnvs_group_end:
1434
        \tl_set:Nn #2 \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1435
1436
1437
        \exp_args:NV
        \__bnvs_group_end: \l__bnvs_ans_tl
1439
1440 }
```

## 5.6.9 Reseting slide ranges

**\BeanovesReset** 

Forwards to \\_\_bnvs\_reset:nn.

\\_\_bnvs\_reset:nn

```
\mbox{\colored} \mbox{\color
```

Reset the counter to the given  $\langle first \ value \rangle$ . Clean the cached values also.

```
1445 \cs_new:Npn \__bnvs_reset:nn #1 #2 {
     \bool_if:nTF {
1446
       \_bnvs_if_in_p:n { #2/A } || \_bnvs_if_in_p:n { #2/Z }
1447
1448
       \_bnvs_gremove:n { #2/C }
       \_bnvs_gremove:n { #2//A }
       \__bnvs_gremove:n { #2//L }
1452
       \_bnvs_gremove:n { #2//Z }
       \_bnvs_gremove:n { #2//N }
1453
       \__bnvs_gput:nn { #2/C0 } { #1 }
1454
1455
       \msg_warning:nnn { beanoves } { :n } { Unknown~name:~#2 }
1456
1457
```

- 1458 }
- 1459 \makeatother
  1460 \ExplSyntaxOff