

# `coder` — code inlined in a $\text{\LaTeX}$ document<sup>\*</sup>

Jérôme LAURENS<sup>†</sup>

Released 2022/02/07

## Abstract

Usually, documentation is put inside the code, `coder` allows to work the other way round by putting code inside the documentation. This is particularly interesting when different code files share some logic and should be documented all at once. The file `coder-manual.pdf` gives different examples. Here is the implementation of the package.

This  $\text{\LaTeX}$  package requires `LuaTeX` and may use syntax coloring based on `pygments`.

## 1 Package dependencies

`luacode`, `datetime2`, `xcolor`, `fancyvrb` and dependencies of these packages.

## 2 Similar technologies

The `docstrip` utility offers similar features, it is somehow more powerful than `coder` at the cost of more technicality and less practicality,

The `ydoc.cls` and `skdoc.cls` are full document classes with similar features but many more that are unrelated. `coder` focuses on code inlining and interfaces very well with `pygments` for a smart and efficient syntax highlighting.

The `pygmentex` and `minted` packages were somehow a source of inspiration.

## 3 Known bugs and limitations

- `coder` does not play well with `docstrip`.

---

<sup>\*</sup>This file describes version 2022/02/07, last revised 2022/02/07.

<sup>†</sup>E-mail: [jerome.laurens@u-bourgogne.fr](mailto:jerome.laurens@u-bourgogne.fr)

## 4 Namespace and conventions

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X identifiers related to `coder` start with `CDR`, including both commands and environment. `expl3` identifiers also start with `CDR`, after and eventual leading `c_`, `l_` or `g_`. `l3keys` module path's first component is either `CDR` or starts with `CDR@`.

lua objects (functions and variables) are collected in the `CDR` table automatically created while loading `coder-util.lua` from `coder.sty`.

The `c` argument specifier is used here in a more general acception. Normally, it means that the argument is turned to a command sequence name. Here, it means that the argument is part of something bigger which is turned to a command sequence name. As such, there is no need to explicitly expand such an argument.

## 5 Presentation

`coder` is a triptych of three complementary components

1. `coder.sty`, on the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X side,
2. `coder-util.lua`, to manage some data and call `coder-tool.py`,
3. `coder-tool.py`, to color code with the help of `pygments`.

`coder.sty` mainly declares the `\CDRCode` command and the `CDRBlock` environment. The former allows to insert code chunks as running text whereas the latter allows to insert code snippets as blocks. Moreover, block code chunks can be exported to files, once declared with `\CDRExport` command. The `\CDRSet` command is used to set various parameters, including display engines declared with either `\CDRCodeEngineNew` or `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

### 5.1 Code flow

The normal code flow is

1. from `coder.sty`, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X parses a code snippet as `\CDRCode` argument of `CDRBlock` environment body, somehow stores it, and calls `CDR:highlight_source`,
2. `coder-util.lua` reads the content of some command, and stores it in a `json` file, together with informations to process this code snippet properly,
3. `coder-tool.py` is asked by `coder-util.lua` to read the `json` file and eventually uses `pygments` to translate the code snippet into dedicated L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X coloring commands. These are stored in a `*.pyg.tex` file named after the md5 digest of the original code chunk, a `*.pyg.sty` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X style file is recorded as well. On return, `coder-tool.py` gives to `coder-util.lua` some information, to allow the input of both the `*.pyg.sty` and the `*.pyg.tex` file, which are finally executed and the code is displayed with colors. `coder-tool.py` is also partially responsible of code line numbering in conjunction with `coder.sty`.

The package `coder.sty` only exchanges with `coder-util.lua` using `\directlua` and `tex.print`. `coder-tool.py` in turn only exchanges with `coder-util.lua`: we put in `coder-tool.py` as few L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X logic as possible. It receives instructions from `coder.sty` as command line arguments, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options, `pygments` options and `fancyvrb` options.

## 5.2 File exports

1. The `\CDRExport` command declares a file path, a list of tags and other useful information like a coding language. These data are saved as export records by `coder-util.lua`.
2. When some `tags={...}` have been given to the `CDRBlock` environment, the `coder-util.lua` records the corresponding code chunk and its associate tags for later save.
3. Once the typesetting process is complete, `coder-util.lua`'s `CDR_export_...` methods are called to save all the files externally. For each export record, `coder-util.lua` collects all the chunks with the same tag and save them at the proper location.

## 5.3 Display engine

The display management is partly delegated to other packages. `coder.sty` provides default engines for running code and code blocks, and new engines can be declared with `\CDRCodeEngineNew` and `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

## 5.4 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X user interface

The first required argument of both commands and environment is a `<key[=value] controls>` list managed by `l3keys`. Each command requires its own `l3keys` module but some `<key[=value] controls>` are shared between modules.

## 5.5 Properties and inheritance

Properties cover various informations, from the language of the code, to the color and font. They are uniquely identified by a path component, the *tag*, which is used for inheritance. All tags starting with two leading underscore characters are reserved by the package. Other tags are at the user disposal.

Each processed code chunk has a list of associate tags. Most tag inherits from default ones.

# 6 Options

Key-value options allow the user, `coder.sty`, `coder-util.lua` and `CDRPy` to exchange data. What the user is allowed to do is detailed in [coder-manual.pdf](#).

## 6.1 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

- **formatcom**=`<command>` execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `code` mode.
- **fontfamily**=`<family name>` font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

- **fontsize**= $\langle$ *font size* $\rangle$  size of the font to use. If you use the **relsize** package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: **fontsize**=**\relsize**{-2}). Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **fontshape**= $\langle$ *font shape* $\rangle$  font shape to use. Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **showspaces**[=**true**|**false**] print a special character representing each space. Initially **false**: spaces not shown.
- **showtabs**=**true**|**false** explicitly show tab characters. Initially **false**: tab characters not shown.
- **obeytabs**=**true**|**false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially **false**: tab characters are added to the current position.
- **tabsize**= $\langle$ *integer* $\rangle$  number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for **fancyvrb**).
- **defineactive**= $\langle$ *macro* $\rangle$  to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the **fancyvrb** package. Initially empty.
- ✓ **relabel**= $\langle$ *label* $\rangle$  define a label to be used with **\pageref**. Initially empty.
- **commentchar**= $\langle$ *character* $\rangle$  lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.
- **gobble**= $\langle$ *integer* $\rangle$  number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only **block** mode.
- **frame**=**none**|**leftline**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**lines**|**single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X **\fboxsep** macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.
- **label**={ [**top string**]  $\langle$ *string* $\rangle$  } label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional  $\langle$ *top string* $\rangle$  is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and  $\langle$ *string* $\rangle$  for the bottom line. Otherwise,  $\langle$ *string* $\rangle$  is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.
- **labelposition**=**none**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame**=**topline** and **labelposition**=**bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.
- **numbers**=**none**|**left**|**right** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially **none**: no numbering.
- **numbersep**= $\langle$ *dimension* $\rangle$  gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

- **firstnumber=auto|last| $\langle integer \rangle$**  number of the first line. **last** means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially **auto**: numbering starts from 1.
- **stepnumber= $\langle integer \rangle$**  interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.
- **numberblanklines[=true|false]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially **true**: all lines are numbered.
- **firstline= $\langle integer \rangle$**  first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.
- **lastline= $\langle integer \rangle$**  last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.
- **baselinestretch=auto| $\langle dimension \rangle$**  value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X parameter. Initially **auto**: its current value just before the verbatim command.
- ⊘ **commandchars= $\langle three\ characters \rangle$**  characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to **coder**, unavailable to users.
- **xleftmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially **0pt**: no left margin.
- **xrightmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  right margin to add after each line. Initially **0pt**: no right margin.
- **resetmargins[=true|false]** reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially **true**.
- **hfuzz= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  value to give to the T<sub>E</sub>X `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.
- **samepage[=true|false]** in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the **samepage** parameter to **true**. Initially **false**.

## 6.2 pygments options

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, used only by `coder-util.lua` to communicate with `coder-tool.py`.

- **style= $\langle name \rangle$**  the pygments style to use. Initially **default**.
- ⊘ **full** Tells the formatter to output a **full** document, i.e. a complete self-contained document (default: **false**). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **title** If **full** is true, the title that should be used to caption the document (default empty). Forbidden.

- ⊘ **encoding** If given, must be an encoding name. This will be used to convert the Unicode token strings to byte strings in the output. If it is `None`, Unicode strings will be written to the output file, which most file-like objects do not support (default: `None`).
- ⊘ **outencoding** Overrides **encoding** if given.
- ⊘ **docclass** If the **full** option is enabled, this is the document class to use (default: `article`). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **preamble** If the **full** option is enabled, this can be further preamble commands, e.g. `"\usepackage"` (default `empty`). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **linenos**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, output line numbers. Initially `false`: no numbering. Ignored in `code` mode.
- ⊘ **linenostart**`=<integer>` The line number for the first line. Initially 1: numbering starts from 1. Ignored in `code` mode.
- ⊘ **linenostep**`=<integer>` If set to a number  $n > 1$ , only every  $n$ th line number is printed. Ignored in `code` mode. Additional options given to the `Verbatim` environment (see the `fancyvrb` docs for possible values). Initially `empty`.
- ⊘ **verboptions** Forbidden.
- **commandprefix**`=<text>` The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `PY`.
- **texcomments**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, enables LaTeX comment lines. That is, LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LaTeX can render it. Initially `false`. Ignored in `code` mode.
- **mathescape**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, enables LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially `false`.
- **escapeinside**`=<before><after>` If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LaTeX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if **texcomments** or **mathescape** is set. Initially `empty`.
- ⚙ **envname**`=<name>` Allows you to pick an alternative environment name replacing `Verbatim`. The alternate environment still has to support `Verbatim`'s option syntax. Initially `Verbatim`.

### 6.3 LaTeX

These are options used by `coder.sty` to pass data to `coder-tool.py`. All values are required, possibly empty.

- **tags** `clist` of tag names, used for line numbering.
- **inline** `true` when inline code is concerned, `false` otherwise.
- **sty\_template** LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:style_defs>` must be replaced by the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name.

All the line templates below are L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X source text where `<placeholder:number>` should be replaced by a line number and `<placeholder:line>` should be replaced by the highlighted line code provided by `pygments`. They should not include a trailing newline char. The *<type>* is used to describe the line more precisely.

- **First** When the block consists of more than one line. If the tag information is required or new, display only the tag. Display the number if required, otherwise.
- **Second** If the first line did not, display the line number, but only when required.
- **Black** for numbered lines,
- **White** for unnumbered lines,

## File I

# coder-util.lua implementation

## 1 Usage

This lua library is loaded by `coder.sty` with the instruction `CDR=require(coder-util)`. In the sequel, the syntax to call class methods and instance methods are presented with either a `CDR.` or a `CDR:` prefix. This is what is used in the library for convenience. Of course either a `self.` or a `self:` prefix would be possible.

## 2 Declarations

```

1 %<*lua>
2 local lfs    = _ENV.lfs
3 local tex    = _ENV.tex
4 local token  = _ENV.token
5 local md5    = _ENV.md5
6 local kpse   = _ENV.kpse
7 local rep    = string.rep
8 local lpeg   = require("lpeg")
9 local P, Cg, Cp, V = lpeg.P, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cp, lpeg.V
10 local json  = require('lualibs-util-json')
```

## 3 General purpose material

**CDR\_PY\_PATH** Location of the `coder-tool.py` utility. This will cause an error if `kpsewhich` is not available. The PATH must be properly set up.

```

11 local CDR_PY_PATH = kpse.find_file('coder-tool.py')
```

*(End definition for CDR\_PY\_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

**PYTHON\_PATH** Location of the `python` utility, defaults to `'python'`.

```


12 local PYTHON_PATH = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-)%s*$")
```

(End definition for PYTHON\_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)

---

**set\_python\_path** CDR:set\_python\_path(<path var>)

---

 Set manually the path of the python utility with the contents of the <path var>. If the given path does not point to a file or a link then an error is raised.

```

13 local function set_python_path(self, path_var)
14   local path = assert(token.get_macro(assert(path_var)))
15   if #path>0 then
16     local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(self.PYTHON_PATH,'mode')
17     assert(mode == 'file' or mode == 'link')
18   else
19     path = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-%s*$")
20   end
21   self.PYTHON_PATH = path
22 end

```

---

**is\_truthy** if CDR.is\_truthy(<string>) then  
           <true code>  
 else  
           <false code>  
 end

---

Execute <true code> if <string> is the string "true", <false code> otherwise.

```


23 local function is_truthy(s)
24   return s == 'true'
25 end

```

---

**escape** <variable> = CDR.escape(<string>)

---

 Escape the given string to be used by the shell.

```

26 local function escape(s)
27   s = s:gsub(' ','\\ ')
28   s = s:gsub('\\','\\\\')
29   s = s:gsub('\\r','\\r')
30   s = s:gsub('\\n','\\n')
31   s = s:gsub('"','\\"')
32   s = s:gsub("'",'"')
33   return s
34 end

```

---

**make\_directory** <variable> = CDR.make\_directory(<string path>)

---

Make a directory at the given path.

```

35 local function make_directory(path)
36   local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
37   if mode == "directory" then
38     return true
39   elseif mode ~= nil then

```



```

40     return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
41 end
42 if os["type"] == "windows" then
43     path = path:gsub("/", "\\")
44     _,... = os.execute(
45         "if not exist " .. path .. "\\nul " .. "mkdir " .. path
46     )
47 else
48     _,... = os.execute("mkdir -p " .. path)
49 end
50 mode = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
51 if mode == "directory" then
52     return true
53 end
54 return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
55 end

```

**dir\_p** The directory where the auxiliary `pygments` related files are saved, in general `<jobname>.pygd/`.

*(End definition for dir\_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

**json\_p** The path of the JSON file used to communicate with `coder-tool.py`, in general `<jobname>.pygd/<jobname>`

*(End definition for json\_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

```

56 local dir_p, json_p
57 local jobname = tex.jobname
58 dir_p = './'..jobname..'pygd/'
59 if make_directory(dir_p) == nil then
60     dir_p = './'
61     json_p = dir_p..jobname..'pyg.json'
62 else
63     json_p = dir_p..'input.pyg.json'
64 end

```

---

**print\_file\_content** `CDR.print_file_content(<macro name>)`

The command named `<macro name>` contains the path to a file. Read the content of that file and print the result to the `TEX` stream.

```

65 local function print_file_content(name)
66     local p = token.get_macro(name)
67     local fh = assert(io.open(p, 'r'))
68     local s = fh:read('a')
69     fh:close()
70     tex.print(s)
71 end

```

---

**safe\_equals** `<variable> = safe_equals(<string>)`

Class method. Returns an `<...=>` string as `<ans>` exactly composed of sufficiently many `=` signs such that `<string>` contains neither sequence `[<ans>[` nor `]<ans>]`.

```

72 local eq_pattern = P({ Cp() * P('=')^1 * Cp() + P(1) * V(1) })
73 local function safe_equals(s)
74   local i, j = 0, 0
75   local max = 0
76   while true do
77     i, j = eq_pattern:match(s, j)
78     if i == nil then
79       return rep('=', max + 1)
80     end
81     i = j - i
82     if i > max then
83       max = i
84     end
85   end
86 end

```

---

**load\_exec** CDR:load\_exec(*lua code chunk*)

---

Class method. Loads the given *lua code chunk* and execute it. On error, messages are printed.

```

87 local function load_exec(self, chunk)
88   local env = setmetatable({ self = self, tex = tex }, _ENV)
89   local func, err = load(chunk, 'coder-tool', 't', env)
90   if func then
91     local ok
92     ok, err = pcall(func)
93     if not ok then
94       print("coder-util.lua Execution error:", err)
95       print('chunk:', chunk)
96     end
97   else
98     print("coder-util.lua Compilation error:", err)
99     print('chunk:', chunk)
100   end
101 end

```

---

**load\_exec\_output** CDR:load\_exec\_output(*lua code chunk*)

---

Instance method to parse the *lua code chunk* string for commands and execute them. The patterns being searched are enclosed within opening <<<<< and closing >>>>>, each containing 5 characters,

**?TEX:***TeX instructions* the *TeX instructions* are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to  $\text{\TeX}$ .

**!LUA:***!Lua instructions* the *!Lua instructions* are executed synchronously. When not properly designed, these instruction may cause a forever loop on execution, for example, they must not use CDR:if\_code\_ngn.

**?LUA:***?Lua instructions* these *?Lua instructions* are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to  $\text{\TeX}$  through a call to `\directlua`, which means that they will wait until any previous asynchronous *?TeX instructions* or *?Lua instructions* completes.

```

102 local parse_pattern
103 do
104   local tag = P('!'') + '*' + '?'
105   local stp = '>>>>'
106   local cmd = (P(1) - stp)^0
107   parse_pattern = P({
108     P('<<<<') * Cg(tag) * 'LUA:' * Cg(cmd) * stp * Cp() + 1 * V(1)
109   })
110 end
111 local function load_exec_output(self, s)
112   local i, tag, cmd
113   i = 1
114   while true do
115     tag, cmd, i = parse_pattern:match(s, i)
116     if tag == '!' then
117       self:load_exec(cmd)
118     elseif tag == '*' then
119       local eqs = safe_equals(cmd)
120       cmd = '[' .. eqs .. '[' .. cmd .. ']' .. eqs .. ']'
121       tex.print([[
122 \directlua{CDR:load_exec[]..cmd..[]}]%
123 ]])
124     elseif tag == '?' then
125       print('\nDEBUG/coder: ' .. cmd)
126     else
127       return
128     end
129   end
130 end

```

## 4 Properties

This is one of the channels from coder.sty to coder-util.lua.

## 5 Hiligting

### 5.1 Common

---

**highlight\_set** CDR:highlight\_set(...)

---

Highlight the currently entered block. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```

131 local function highlight_set(self, key, value)
132   local args = self['.arguments']
133   local t = args
134   if t[key] == nil then
135     t = args.pygopts
136     if t[key] == nil then
137       t = args.texopts
138       assert(t[key] ~= nil)
139     end

```

```

140 end
141 t[key] = value
142 end
143
144 local function highlight_set_var(self, key, var)
145     self:highlight_set(key, assert(token.get_macro(var or 'l_CDR_tl')))
146 end

```

---

```

highlight_source CDR:highlight_source(<src>, <sty>)

```

---

Highlight the currently entered block if `<src>` is `true`, build the style definitions if `<sty>` is `true`. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch `coder-tool.py` with the proper arguments. Set the `\l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl` and `\l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl` macros on return, depending on `<src>` and `<sty>`.

```

147 local function highlight_source(self, sty, src)
148     local args = self['.arguments']
149     local texopts = args.texopts
150     local pygopts = args.pygopts
151     local inline = texopts.is_inline
152     local use_cache = self.is_truthy(args.cache)
153     local use_py = false
154     local cmd = self.PYTHON_PATH..' '..self.CDR_PY_PATH
155     local debug = args.debug
156     local pyg_sty_p
157     if sty then
158         pyg_sty_p = dir_p..pygopts.style..'pyg.sty'
159         token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl', pyg_sty_p)
160         texopts.pyg_sty_p = pyg_sty_p
161         local mode, __, __ = lfs.attributes(pyg_sty_p, 'mode')
162         if not mode or not use_cache then
163             use_py = true
164             if debug then
165                 print('PYTHON STYLE:')
166             end
167             cmd = cmd..' --create_style'
168         end
169         self:cache_record(pyg_sty_p)
170     end
171     local pyg_tex_p
172     if src then
173         local source
174         if inline then
175             source = args.source
176         else
177             local ll = self['.lines']
178             source = table.concat(ll, '\n')
179         end
180         local hash = md5.sumhexa( ('%s:%s:%s'
181             ):format(
182                 source,
183                 inline and 'code' or 'block',

```

```

184     pygopts.style
185   )
186 )
187 local base = dir_p..hash
188 pyg_tex_p = base..'pyg.tex'
189 token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl', pyg_tex_p)
190 local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_tex_p,'mode')
191 if not mode or not use_cache then
192   use_py = true
193   if debug then
194     print('PYTHON SOURCE:', inline)
195   end
196   if not inline then
197     local tex_p = base..'tex'
198     local f = assert(io.open(tex_p, 'w'))
199     local ok, err = f:write(source)
200     f:close()
201     if not ok then
202       print('File error('..tex_p..'): '..err)
203     end
204     if debug then
205       print('OUTPUT: '..tex_p)
206     end
207   end
208   cmd = cmd..(' --base=%q'):format(base)
209 end
210 end
211 if use_py then
212   local json_p = self.json_p
213   local f = assert(io.open(json_p, 'w'))
214   local ok, err = f:write(json.tostring(args, true))
215   f:close()
216   if not ok then
217     print('File error('..json_p..'): '..err)
218   end
219   cmd = cmd..(' %q'):format(json_p)
220   if debug then
221     print('CDR>'..cmd)
222   end
223   local o = io.popen(cmd):read('a')
224   self:load_exec_output(o)
225   if debug then
226     print('PYTHON', o)
227   end
228 end
229 self:cache_record(
230   sty and pyg_sty_p or nil,
231   src and pyg_tex_p or nil
232 )
233 end

```

## 5.2 Code

## 5.3 Code

---

<u>highlight_code_setup</u>	CDR:highlight_code_setup()
-----------------------------	----------------------------

---

Highlight the code in `str` variable named  $\langle \text{code var name} \rangle$ . Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch `coder-tool.py` with the proper arguments.

```
234 local function highlight_code_setup(self)
235   self['.arguments'] = {
236     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
237     source = '',
238     cache = true,
239     debug = false,
240     pygopts = {
241       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
242       lang = 'tex',
243       style = 'default',
244     },
245     texopts = {
246       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
247       tags = '',
248       is_inline = true,
249       pyg_sty_p = '',
250     },
251     fv_opts = {
252       __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
253     }
254   }
255   self.highlight_json_written = false
256 end
257
```

## 5.4 Block

---

<u>highlight_block_setup</u>	CDR:highlight_block_setup( $\langle \text{tags clist var} \rangle$ )
------------------------------	--

---

Records the contents of the  $\langle \text{tags clist var} \rangle$  L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X variable to prepare block highlighting.

```
258 local function highlight_block_setup(self, tags_clist_var)
259   local tags_clist = assert(token.get_macro(assert(tags_clist_var)))
260   local t = {}
261   for tag in string.gmatch(tags_clist, '([^\,]+)') do
262     t[#t+1]=tag
263   end
264   self['.tags clist'] = tags_clist
265   self['.block tags'] = t
266   self['.lines'] = {}
267   self['.arguments'] = {
268     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
269     cache = false,
```

```

270     debug    = false,
271     source   = nil,
272     pygopts  = {
273       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
274       lang    = 'tex',
275       style   = 'default',
276     },
277     texopts  = {
278       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
279       tags    = tags_clist,
280       is_inline = false,
281       pyg_sty_p = '',
282     },
283     fv_opts  = {
284       __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
285     }
286   }
287   self.highlight_json_written = false
288 end
289

```

---

**record\_line**    CDR:record\_line(*<line variable name>*)

---

Store the content of the given named variable.

```

290 local function record_line(self, line_variable_name)
291   local line = assert(token.get_macro(assert(line_variable_name)))
292   local ll = assert(self['.lines'])
293   ll[#ll+1] = line
294   local lt = self['lines by tag'] or {}
295   self['lines by tag'] = lt
296   for _,tag in ipairs(self['.block tags']) do
297     ll = lt[tag] or {}
298     lt[tag] = ll
299     ll[#ll+1] = line
300   end
301 end

```

---

**highlight\_advance**    CDR:highlight\_advance(*<count>*)

---

*<count>* is the number of line highlighted.

```

302 local function highlight_advance(self, count)
303 end

```

## 6 Exportation

For each file to be exported, `coder.sty` calls `export_file` to initialte the exportation. Then it calls `export_file_info` to share the `tags`, `raw`, `preamble`, `postamble` data. Finally, `export_complete` is called to complete the exportation.

---

**export\_file**    CDR:export\_file(*<file name var>*)

---

This is called at export time. *<file name var>* is the name of an `str` variable containing the file name.

```

304 local function export_file(self, file_name)
305     self['.name'] = assert(token.get_macro(assert(file_name)))
306     self['.export'] = {}
307 end

```

---

**export\_file\_info**    CDR:export\_file\_info(*<key>*, *<value name var>*)

---

This is called at export time. *<value name var>* is the name of an str variable containing the value.

```

308 local function export_file_info(self, key, value)
309     local export = self['.export']
310     value = assert(token.get_macro(assert(value)))
311     export[key] = value
312 end

```

---

**export\_complete**    CDR:export\_complete()

---

This is called at export time.

```

313 local function export_complete(self)
314     local name      = self['.name']
315     local export    = self['.export']
316     local records   = self['.records']
317     local tt = {}
318     local s = export.preamble
319     if s then
320         tt[#tt+1] = s
321     end
322     for _,tag in ipairs(export.tags) do
323         s = records[tag]:concat('\n')
324         tt[#tt+1] = s
325         records[tag] = { [1] = s }
326     end
327     s = export.postamble
328     if s then
329         tt[#tt+1] = s
330     end
331     if #tt>0 then
332         local fh = assert(io.open(name,'w'))
333         fh:write(tt:concat('\n'))
334         fh:close()
335     end
336     self['.file'] = nil
337     self['.exportation'] = nil
338 end

```

## 7 Caching

We save some computation time by pygmentizing files only when necessary. The `coder-tool.py` is expected to create a `*.pyg.sty` file for a style and a `*.pyg.tex` file for hilighted



code. These files are cached during one whole L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X run and possibly between different L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X runs. Lua keeps track of both the style files created and highlighted code files created.

---

<code>cache_clean_all</code>	<code>CDR:cache_clean_all()</code>
<code>cache_record</code>	<code>CDR:cache_record(<i>&lt;style name.pyg.sty&gt;</i>, <i>&lt;digest.pyg.tex&gt;</i>)</code>
<code>cache_clean_unused</code>	<code>CDR:cache_clean_unused()</code>

---

Instance methods. `cache_clean_all` removes any file in the cache directory named *<jobname>.pygd*. This is automatically executed at the beginning of the document processing when there is no aux file. This can also be executed on demand with `\directlua{CDR:cache_clean_all()}`. The `cache_record` method stores both *<style name.pyg.sty>* and *<digest.pyg.tex>*. These are file names relative to the *<jobname>.pygd* directory. `cache_clean_unused` removes any file in the cache directory *<jobname>.pygd* except the ones that were previously recorded. This is executed at the end of the document processing.

```

339 local function cache_clean_all(self)
340     local to_remove = {}
341     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
342         to_remove[f] = true
343     end
344     for k,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
345         os.remove(dir_p .. k)
346     end
347 end
348 local function cache_record(self, pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
349     if pyg_sty_p then
350         self['.style_set'] [pyg_sty_p] = true
351     end
352     if pyg_tex_p then
353         self['.colored_set'] [pyg_tex_p] = true
354     end
355 end
356 local function cache_clean_unused(self)
357     local to_remove = {}
358     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
359         f = dir_p .. f
360         if not self['.style_set'] [f] and not self['.colored_set'] [f] then
361             to_remove[f] = true
362         end
363     end
364     for f,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
365         os.remove(f)
366     end
367 end

```

`_DESCRIPTION` Short text description of the module.

```

368 local _DESCRIPTION = [[Global coder utilities on the lua side]]

```

*(End definition for \_DESCRIPTION. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

## 8 Return the module

```
369 return {  
  
    Known fields are  
  
370     _DESCRIPTION          = _DESCRIPTION,  
  
        _VERSION to store <version string>,  
  
371     _VERSION              = token.get_macro('fileversion'),  
  
        date to store <date string>,  
  
372     date                  = token.get_macro('filedate'),  
  
    Various paths ,  
  
373     CDR_PY_PATH           = CDR_PY_PATH,  
374     PYTHON_PATH           = PYTHON_PATH,  
375     set_python_path       = set_python_path,  
  
    is_truthy  
  
376     is_truthy             = is_truthy,  
  
    escape  
  
377     escape                = escape,  
  
    make_directory  
  
378     make_directory        = make_directory,  
  
    load_exec  
  
379     load_exec              = load_exec,  
  
380     load_exec_output      = load_exec_output,  
  
    record_line  
  
381     record_line           = record_line,  
  
    highlight common  
  
382     highlight_set          = highlight_set,  
383     highlight_set_var      = highlight_set_var,  
384     highlight_source       = highlight_source,  
385     highlight_advance      = highlight_advance,  
  
    highlight code
```

```

386 highlight_code_setup = highlight_code_setup,

    highlight_block_setup

387 highlight_block_setup = highlight_block_setup,

    cache_clean_all

388 cache_clean_all      = cache_clean_all,

    cache_record

389 cache_record         = cache_record,

    cache_clean_unused

390 cache_clean_unused = cache_clean_unused,

Internals

391 ['.style_set']      = {},
392 ['.colored_set']    = {},
393 ['.options']        = {},
394 ['.export']         = {},
395 ['.name']           = nil,

    already false at the beginning, true after the first call of coder-tool.py

396 already              = false,

    Other

397 json_p              = json_p,

398 }

399 %</lua>

```

## File II

# coder-tool.py implementation

The standard header is managed specially because of the way docstrip automatically adds some header when extracting stuff from an archive. The next two lines are added by docstrip at the top of the preamble.

```

1 %<*py>
2 #! /usr/bin/env python3
3 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
4 %</py>

```

# 1 Usage

Run: `coder-tool.py -h`.

## 2 Header and global declarations

```
5 %<*py>
6 __version__ = '0.10'
7 __YEAR__ = '2022'
8 __docformat__ = 'restructuredtext'
9
10 import sys
11 import os
12 import argparse
13 import re
14 from pathlib import Path
15 import json
16 from pygments import highlight as hilight
17 from pygments.formatters.latex import LatexEmbeddedLexer, LatexFormatter
18 from pygments.lexers import get_lexer_by_name
19 from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
```

## 3 Options classes

Object is used to turn a dictionary into a full fledged object. The real class is given by the `__cls__` key.

```
20 class BaseOpts(object):
21     @staticmethod
22     def ensure_bool(x):
23         if x == True or x == False: return x
24         x = x[0:1]
25         return x == 'T' or x == 't'
26
27     def __init__(self, d={}):
28         for k, v in d.items():
29             if type(v) == str:
30                 if v.lower() == 'true':
31                     setattr(self, k, True)
32                 elif v.lower() == 'false':
33                     setattr(self, k, False)
34                 continue
35             setattr(self, k, v)
```

### 3.1 TeXOpts class

```
36 class TeXOpts(BaseOpts):
37     tags = ''
38     is_inline = True
39     pyg_sty_p = None
```

The templates are provided by `coder.sty`. The style template wraps the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name

```

40 sty_template=r'''% !TeX root=...
41 \makeatletter
42 \CDR@StyleDefine{<placeholder:style_name>} {%
43   <placeholder:style_defs>}%
44 \makeatother'''
45 line_template = r'''\CDR@Line{<placeholder:type>}{<placeholder:number>}{<placeholder:line>}}''
46 def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
47     super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
48     self.inline_p = self.ensure_bool(self.is_inline)
49     self.pyg_sty_p = Path(self.pyg_sty_p or '')

```

### 3.2 PygOptsclass

`pygments` LaTeXFormatter options. Some of them may be deliberately unused. In particular, line numbering is governed by `fancyvrb` options. The description of these options is in a forthcoming section.

```

50 class PygOpts(BaseOpts):
51     style = 'default'
52     nobackground = False
53     linenos = False
54     linenostart = 1
55     linenostep = 1
56     commandprefix = 'Py'
57     texcomments = False
58     mathescape = False
59     escapeinside = ""
60     envname = 'Verbatim'
61     lang = 'tex'
62     def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
63         super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
64         self.linenos = self.ensure_bool(self.linenos)
65         self.linenostart = abs(int(self.linenostart))
66         self.linenostep = abs(int(self.linenostep))
67         self.texcomments = self.ensure_bool(self.texcomments)
68         self.mathescape = self.ensure_bool(self.mathescape)

```

### 3.3 FVclass

```

69 class FVOpts(BaseOpts):
70     gobble = 0
71     tabsize = 4
72     linenosep = '0pt'
73     commentchar = ''
74     frame = 'none'
75     label = ''
76     labelposition = 'none'
77     numbers = 'left'
78     numbersep = '1ex'
79     firstnumber = 'auto'
80     stepnumber = 1

```

```

81 numberblanklines = True
82 firstline = ''
83 lastline = ''
84 baselinestretch = 'auto'
85 resetmargins = True
86 xleftmargin = '0pt'
87 xrightmargin = '0pt'
88 hfuzz = '2pt'
89 samepage = False
90 def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
91     super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
92     self.gobble = abs(int(self.gobble))
93     self.tabsize = abs(int(self.tabsize))
94     if self.firstnumber != 'auto':
95         self.firstnumber = abs(int(self.firstnumber))
96     self.stepnumber = abs(int(self.stepnumber))
97     self.numberblanklines = self.ensure_bool(self.numberblanklines)
98     self.resetmargins = self.ensure_bool(self.resetmargins)
99     self.samepage = self.ensure_bool(self.samepage)

```

### 3.4 Argumentsclass

```

100 class Arguments(BaseOpts):
101     cache = False
102     debug = False
103     source = ""
104     style = "default"
105     json = ""
106     directory = "."
107     texopts = TeXOpts()
108     pygopts = PygOpts()
109     fv_opts = FVOpts()

```

## 4 Controller main class

```

110 class Controller:

```

### 4.1 Static methods

---

object\_hook    Helper for json parsing.

```

111 @staticmethod
112 def object_hook(d):
113     __cls__ = d.get('__cls__', 'Arguments')
114     if __cls__ == 'PygOpts':
115         return PygOpts(d)
116     elif __cls__ == 'FVOpts':
117         return FVOpts(d)
118     elif __cls__ == 'TeXOpts':
119         return TeXOpts(d)

```

```

120     else:
121         return Arguments(d)

```

---

```

lua_command      self.lua_command(<(asynchronous lua command)>)
lua_command_now  self.lua_command_now(<(synchronous lua command)>)
lua_debug

```

---

Wraps the given command between markers. It will be in the output of the `coder-tool.py`, further captured by `coder-util.lua` and either forwarded to `TEX` or executed synchronously.

```

122     @staticmethod
123     def lua_command(cmd):
124         print(f'<<<<<*LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
125     @staticmethod
126     def lua_command_now(cmd):
127         print(f'<<<<<!LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
128     @staticmethod
129     def lua_debug(msg):
130         print(f'<<<<<?LUA:{msg}>>>>>')

```

---

```

lua_text_escape  self.lua_text_escape(<(text)>)

```

---

Wraps the given command between `[=...=]` and `[=...=]` with as many equal signs as necessary to ensure a correct lua syntax.

```

131     @staticmethod
132     def lua_text_escape(s):
133         k = 0
134         for m in re.findall('+=', s):
135             if len(m) > k: k = len(m)
136         k = (k + 1) * "="
137         return f'[{k}][{s}]{k}']

```

## 4.2 Computed properties

`self.json_p` The full path to the `json` file containing all the data used for the processing.

*(End definition for self.json\_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

```

138     _json_p = None
139     @property
140     def json_p(self):
141         p = self._json_p
142         if p:
143             return p
144         else:
145             p = self.arguments.json
146             if p:
147                 p = Path(p).resolve()
148             self._json_p = p
149         return p

```

`self.parser` The correctly set up `argparse` instance.

*(End definition for self.parser. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

```

150 @property
151 def parser(self):
152     parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
153         prog=sys.argv[0],
154         description='''
155 Writes to the output file a set of LaTeX macros describing
156 the syntax highlighting of the input file as given by pygments.
157 '''
158     )
159     parser.add_argument(
160         "-v", "--version",
161         help="Print the version and exit",
162         action='version',
163         version=f'coder-tool version {__version__},'
164         ' (c) {__YEAR__} by Jérôme LAURENS.'
165     )
166     parser.add_argument(
167         "--debug",
168         action='store_true',
169         default=None,
170         help="display informations useful for debugging"
171     )
172     parser.add_argument(
173         "--create_style",
174         action='store_true',
175         default=None,
176         help="create the style definitions"
177     )
178     parser.add_argument(
179         "--base",
180         action='store',
181         default=None,
182         help="the path of the file to be colored, with no extension"
183     )
184     parser.add_argument(
185         "json",
186         metavar="<json data file>",
187         help=""
188         file name with extension, contains processing information.
189         ""
190     )
191     return parser
192

```

## 4.3 Methods

### 4.3.1 \_\_init\_\_

---

**\_\_init\_\_** Constructor. Reads the command line arguments.

```

193 def __init__(self, argv = sys.argv):
194     argv = argv[1:] if re.match(".*coder\-\tool\.py$", argv[0]) else argv

```



```

195     ns = self.parser.parse_args(
196         argv if len(argv) else ['-h']
197     )
198     with open(ns.json, 'r') as f:
199         self.arguments = json.load(
200             f,
201             object_hook = Controller.object_hook
202         )
203     args = self.arguments
204     args.json = ns.json
205     self.texopts = args.texopts
206     pygopts = self.pygopts = args.pygopts
207     fv_opts = self.fv_opts = args.fv_opts
208     self.formatter = LatexFormatter(
209         style = pygopts.style,
210         nobackground = pygopts.nobackground,
211         commandprefix = pygopts.commandprefix,
212         texcomments = pygopts.texcomments,
213         mathescape = pygopts.mathescape,
214         escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside,
215         envname = 'CDR@Pyg@Verbatim',
216     )
217
218     try:
219         lexer = self.lexer = get_lexer_by_name(pygopts.lang)
220     except ClassNotFound as err:
221         sys.stderr.write('Error: ')
222         sys.stderr.write(str(err))
223
224     escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside
225     # When using the LaTeX formatter and the option 'escapeinside' is
226     # specified, we need a special lexer which collects escaped text
227     # before running the chosen language lexer.
228     if len(escapeinside) == 2:
229         left = escapeinside[0]
230         right = escapeinside[1]
231         lexer = self.lexer = LatexEmbeddedLexer(left, right, lexer)
232
233     gobble = fv_opts.gobble
234     if gobble:
235         lexer.add_filter('gobble', n=gobble)
236     tabsize = fv_opts.tabsize
237     if tabsize:
238         lexer.tabsize = tabsize
239     lexer.encoding = ''
240     args.base = ns.base
241     args.create_style = ns.create_style
242     if ns.debug:
243         args.debug = True
244     # IN PROGRESS: support for extra keywords
245     # EXTRA_KEYWORDS = set(('foo', 'bar', 'foobar', 'barfoo', 'spam', 'eggs'))
246     # def over(self, text):
247     #     for index, token, value in lexer.__class__.get_tokens_unprocessed(self, text):
248     #         if token is Name and value in EXTRA_KEYWORDS:

```

```

249     #         yield index, Keyword.Pseudo, value
250     #     else:
251     #         yield index, token, value
252     # lexer.get_tokens_unprocessed = over.__get__(lexer)
253

```

### 4.3.2 create\_style

---

```
self.create_style self.create_style()
```

---

Where the *style* is created. Does quite nothing if the style is already available.

```

254 def create_style(self):
255     args = self.arguments
256     if not args.create_style:
257         return
258     texopts = args.texopts
259     pyg_sty_p = texopts.pyg_sty_p
260     if args.cache and pyg_sty_p.exists():
261         return
262     texopts = self.texopts
263     style = self.pygopts.style
264     formatter = self.formatter
265     style_defs = formatter.get_style_defs() \
266         .replace(r'\makeatletter', '') \
267         .replace(r'\makeatother', '') \
268         .replace('\n', '%\n')
269     sty = self.texopts.sty_template.replace(
270         '<placeholder:style_name>',
271         style,
272     ).replace(
273         '<placeholder:style_defs>',
274         style_defs,
275     ).replace(
276         '{}%',
277         '%}\n{%',
278     ).replace(
279         '[]%',
280         '%[\n]%',
281     ).replace(
282         '{}%',
283         '%{[\n]}%',
284     )
285     with pyg_sty_p.open(mode='w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
286         f.write(sty)
287     if args.debug:
288         print('STYLE', os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p))

```

### 4.3.3 pygmentize

---

```
self.pygmentize <code variable> = self.pygmentize(<code>[, inline=<yorn>])
```

---

Where the *code* is highlighted by pygments.

```

289 def pygmentize(self, source):
290     source = highlight(source, self.lexer, self.formatter)
291     m = re.match(
292         r'\begin{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}.*?\n(?:\n\\end{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}\s*\Z',
293         source,
294         flags=re.S
295     )
296     assert(m)
297     highlighted = m.group(1)
298     texopts = self.texopts
299     if texopts.is_inline:
300         return highlighted.replace(' ', r'\CDR@Sp '), 0
301     fv_opts = self.fv_opts
302     lines = highlighted.split('\n')
303     ans_code = []
304     try:
305         firstnumber = abs(int(fv_opts.firstnumber))
306     except ValueError:
307         firstnumber = 1
308     number = firstnumber
309     stepnumber = fv_opts.stepnumber
310     numbering = fv_opts.numbers != 'none'
311     def more(type, line):
312         nonlocal number
313         ans_code.append(texopts.line_template.replace(
314             '<placeholder:type>', f'{type}',
315             ).replace(
316                 '<placeholder:number>', f'{number}',
317             ).replace(
318                 '<placeholder:line>', line,
319             ))
320         number += 1
321     if len(lines):
322         more('First', lines.pop(0))
323         if len(lines):
324             more('Second', lines.pop(0))
325             if stepnumber < 2:
326                 def template():
327                     return 'Black'
328             elif stepnumber % 5 == 0:
329                 def template():
330                     return 'Black' if number %\
331                         stepnumber == 0 else 'White'
332             else:
333                 def template():
334                     return 'Black' if (number - firstnumber) %\
335                         stepnumber == 0 else 'White'
336
337         for line in lines:
338             more(template(), line)
339     ans_code[0] = re.sub(
340         r'\begin{CDR@Line}',
341         f'\1[count={number-firstnumber}]',
342         ans_code[0],

```

```

343     count=1
344 )
345 highlighted = '\n'.join(ans_code)
346 return highlighted

```

#### 4.3.4 create\_pygmented

---

```
self.create_pygmented() self.create_pygmented()
```

---

Call `self.pygmentize` and save the resulting pygmented code at the proper location.

```

347 def create_pygmented(self):
348     args = self.arguments
349     base = args.base
350     if not base:
351         return False
352     source = args.source
353     if not source:
354         tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.tex')
355         with open(tex_p, 'r') as f:
356             source = f.read()
357     pyg_tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.pyg.tex')
358     highlighted = self.pygmentize(source)
359     with pyg_tex_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
360         f.write(highlighted)
361     if args.debug:
362         print('HIGHLIGHTED', os.path.relpath(pyg_tex_p))

```

#### 4.4 Main entry

```

363 if __name__ == '__main__':
364     try:
365         ctrl = Controller()
366         x = ctrl.create_style() or ctrl.create_pygmented()
367         print(f'{sys.argv[0]}: done')
368         sys.exit(x)
369     except KeyboardInterrupt:
370         sys.exit(1)
371 %</py>

```

### File III

## coder.sty implementation

```

1 %<*sty>
2 \makeatletter

```

### 1 Installation test

```

3 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRTest {} {
4   \sys_if_shell:TF {

```

```

5   \CDR_has_pygments:F {
6   \msg_warning:nnn
7   { coder }
8   { :n }
9   { No~"pygmentize"~found. }
10  }
11 } {
12 \msg_warning:nnn
13 { coder }
14 { :n }
15 { No~unrestricted~shell~escape~for~"pygmentize".}
16 }
17 }

```

## 2 Messages

```

18 \msg_new:nnn { coder } { unknown-choice } {
19   #1~given~value~'#3'~not~in~#2
20 }

```

## 3 Constants

`\c_CDR_tag` Paths of L3keys modules.

`\c_CDR_Tags` These are root path components used throughout the package. The latter is a subpath of the former.

```

21 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_Tags { CDR@Tags }
22 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_tag { \c_CDR_Tags/tag }

```

*(End definition for \c\_CDR\_tag and \c\_CDR\_Tags. These variables are documented on page ??.)*

`\c_CDR_tag_get` Root identifier for tag properties, used throughout the package.

```

23 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_get { CDR@tag@get }

```

*(End definition for \c\_CDR\_tag\_get. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

## 4 Implementation details

As far as possible, macro making assignments to variables are protected. All variables following expl3 naming conventions are implementation details and therefore must be considered private.

## 5 Variables

### 5.1 Internal scratch variables

These local variables are used in a very limited scope.

`\l_CDR_bool` Local scratch variable.

24 `\bool_new:N \l_CDR_bool`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_tl` Local scratch variable.

25 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_tl`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_str` Local scratch variable.

26 `\str_new:N \l_CDR_str`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_str. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_seq` Local scratch variable.

27 `\seq_new:N \l_CDR_seq`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_seq. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_prop` Local scratch variable.

28 `\prop_new:N \l_CDR_prop`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_clist` The comma separated list of current chunks.

29 `\clist_new:N \l_CDR_clist`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_clist. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

## 5.2 Files

`\l_CDR_ior` Input file identifier

30 `\ior_new:N \l_CDR_ior`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_ior. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_iow` Output file identifier

31 `\iow_new:N \l_CDR_iow`  
*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_iow. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

### 5.3 Global variables

Line number counter for the source code chunks.

`\g_CDR_source_int` Chunk number counter.

32 `\int_new:N \g_CDR_source_int`

*(End definition for `\g_CDR_source_int`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\g_CDR_source_prop` Global source property list.

33 `\prop_new:N \g_CDR_source_prop`

*(End definition for `\g_CDR_source_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\g_CDR_chunks_tl` The comma separated list of current chunks. If the next list of chunks is the same as the  
`\l_CDR_chunks_tl` current one, then it might not display.

34 `\tl_new:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl`

35 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl`

*(End definition for `\g_CDR_chunks_tl` and `\l_CDR_chunks_tl`. These variables are documented on page ??.)*

`\g_CDR_vars` Tree storage for global variables.

36 `\prop_new:N \g_CDR_vars`

*(End definition for `\g_CDR_vars`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\g_CDR_hook_tl` Hook general purpose.

37 `\tl_new:N \g_CDR_hook_tl`

*(End definition for `\g_CDR_hook_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>` List of chunk keys for given named code.

*(End definition for `\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

### 5.4 Local variables

`\l_CDR_kv_clist` keyval storage.

38 `\clist_new:N \l_CDR_kv_clist`

*(End definition for `\l_CDR_kv_clist`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_opts_tl` options storage.

39 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_opts_tl`

*(End definition for `\l_CDR_opts_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_recorded_tl` Full verbatim body of the CDR environment.

40 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl`

*(End definition for `\l_CDR_recorded_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

`\l_CDR_count_tl` Contains the number of lines processed by `pygments` as tokens.

41 \tl\_new:N \l\_CDR\_count\_tl

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_count\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\g\_CDR\_int Global integer to store linenos locally in time.

42 \int\_new:N \g\_CDR\_int

(End definition for \g\_CDR\_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\l\_CDR\_line\_tl Token list for one line.

43 \tl\_new:N \l\_CDR\_line\_tl

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_line\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\l\_CDR\_lineno\_tl Token list for lineno display.

44 \tl\_new:N \l\_CDR\_lineno\_tl

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_lineno\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\l\_CDR\_name\_tl Token list for chunk name display.

45 \tl\_new:N \l\_CDR\_name\_tl

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_name\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\l\_CDR\_info\_tl Token list for the info of line.

46 \tl\_new:N \l\_CDR\_info\_tl

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_info\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

## 5.5 Counters

---

\CDR\_int\_new:cn \CDR\_int\_new:cn {<tag name>} {<value>}

---

Create an integer after <tag name> and set it globally to <value>.

```
47 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_new:cn #1 #2 {
48   \int_new:c { g_CDR@int.#1 }
49   \int_gset:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
50 }
```

\g\_CDR@int.default Generic and named line number counter.

```
\g_CDR@int.<tag_name>
51 \CDR_int_new:cn { default } { 1 }
52 \CDR_int_new:cn { @ } { 1 }
```



(End definition for `\g_CDR@int.default` and `\g_CDR@int.<tag name>`. These variables are documented on page ??.)

---

<code>\CDR_int_if_exist_p:c *</code>	<code>\CDR_int_if_exist:cTF {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_int_if_exist:cTF *</code>	Execute <code>&lt;true code&gt;</code> when an integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> exists, <code>&lt;false code&gt;</code> otherwise.

---

```

53 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_if_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
54   \int_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@int.#1 } {
55     \prg_return_true:
56   } {
57     \prg_return_false:
58   }
59 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_int_compare_p:cNn *</code>	<code>\CDR_int_compare:cNnTF {&lt;tag name&gt;} &lt;operator&gt; {&lt;intexpr2&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_int_compare:cNnTF *</code>	

---

Forwards to `\int_compare...` with `\CDR_int_use:c { #1 }`.

```

60 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_compare:cNn { p, T, F, TF } {
61   \int_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_int_use:c { #1 } } #2 { #3 } {
62     \prg_return_true:
63   } {
64     \prg_return_false:
65   }
66 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_int_set:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_set:cn {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;value&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_int_gset:cn</code>	Set the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> to the <code>&lt;value&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_int_gset:cn</code> makes a global change.

---

```

67 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cn #1 #2 {
68   \int_set:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
69 }
70 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cn #1 #2 {
71   \int_gset:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
72 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_int_set:cc</code>	<code>\CDR_int_set:cc {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;other tag name&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_int_gset:cc</code>	Set the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> to the value of the integer named after <code>&lt;other tag name&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_int_gset:cc</code> makes a global change.

---

```

73 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cc #1 #2 {
74   \CDR_int_set:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int_use:c { #2 } }
75 }
76 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cc #1 #2 {
77   \CDR_int_gset:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int_use:c { #2 } }
78 }

```

<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cn {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;value&gt;}</code>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_gadd:cn</code>	Add the <code>&lt;value&gt;</code> to the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_int_gadd:cn</code> makes a global change.
		<pre> 79 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cn #1 #2 { 80   \int_add:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 } 81 } 82 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cn #1 #2 { 83   \int_gadd:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 } 84 } </pre>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cc</code>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cn {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;other tag name&gt;}</code>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_gadd:cc</code>	Add to the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> the value of the integer named after <code>&lt;other tag name&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_int_gadd:cc</code> makes a global change.
		<pre> 85 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cc #1 #2 { 86   \CDR_int_add:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int_use:c { #2 } } 87 } 88 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cc #1 #2 { 89   \CDR_int_gadd:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int_use:c { #2 } } 90 } </pre>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_sub:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_sub:cn {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;value&gt;}</code>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_gsub:cn</code>	Subtract the <code>&lt;value&gt;</code> from the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_int_gsub:cn</code> makes a global change.
		<pre> 91 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_sub:cn #1 #2 { 92   \int_sub:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 } 93 } 94 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gsub:cn #1 #2 { 95   \int_gsub:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 } 96 } </pre>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_int_use:c</code> ★	<code>\CDR_int_use:n {&lt;tag name&gt;}</code>
		Use the integer named after <code>&lt;tag name&gt;</code> .
		<pre> 97 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_use:c #1 { 98   \int_use:c { g_CDR@int.#1 } 99 } </pre>

## 6 Tag properties

The tag properties concern the code chunks. They are set from different paths, such that `\l_keys_path_str` must be properly parsed for that purpose. Commands in this section and the next ones contain `CDR_tag`.

The `<tag names>` starting with a double underscore are reserved by the package.

## 6.1 Helpers

---

<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:cc</code>	★	<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:cc {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩}</code>
<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:c</code>	★	<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:c {⟨relative key path⟩}</code>

---

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values. In the second version, the `⟨tag name⟩` is not provided and set to `__local`.

```

100 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
101   \c_CDR_tag_get @ #1 / #2
102 }
103 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:c {
104   \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { __local }
105 }
```

## 6.2 Set

---

<code>\CDR_tag_set:ccn</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_set:ccn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code>
<code>\CDR_tag_set:ccV</code>	

---

Store `⟨value⟩`, which is further retrieved with the instruction `\CDR_tag_get:cc {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩}`. Only `⟨tag name⟩` and `⟨relative key path⟩` containing no `@` character are supported. All the affectations are made at the current T<sub>E</sub>X group level. *Nota Bene:* `\cs_generate_variant:Nn` is buggy when there is a ‘c’ argument.

```

106 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
107   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
108 }
109 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccV #1 #2 #3 {
110   \exp_args:NnnV
111   \CDR_tag_set:ccn { #1 } { #2 } #3
112 }
```

`\c_CDR_tag_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```

113 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^\s]*)/(.*)$ } \use_none:n { $ }
114 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
115 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
116 \exp_args:NNV
117 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_tag_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

---

<code>\CDR_tag_set:n</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_set:n {⟨value⟩}</code>
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------

---

The value is provided but not the `⟨dir⟩` nor the `⟨relative key path⟩`, both are guessed from `\l_keys_path_str`. More precisely, `\l_keys_path_str` is expected to read something like `\c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩`, an error is raised on the contrary. This is meant to be called from `\keys_define:nn` argument. Implementation detail: the last argument is parsed by the last command.

```

118 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:n {
119   \exp_args:NnnV
120   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
121   \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
```

```

122 \CDR_tag_set:ccn
123   { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
124   { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
125 } {
126   \PackageWarning
127     { coder }
128     { Unexpected-key-path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
129   \use_none:n
130 }
131 }

```

---

**\CDR\_tag\_set:** \CDR\_tag\_set:

None of  $\langle dir \rangle$ ,  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  and  $\langle value \rangle$  are provided. The latter is guessed from  $\l_keys\_value\_tl$ , and  $CDR\_tag\_set:n$  is called. This is meant to be call from  $\keys\_define:nn$  argument.

```

132 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set: {
133   \exp_args:NV
134   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_value_tl
135 }

```

---

**\CDR\_tag\_set:cn** \CDR\_tag\_set:cn  $\{\langle key\ path \rangle\}$   $\{\langle value \rangle\}$

When the last component of  $\l\_keys\_path\_str$  should not be used to store the  $\langle value \rangle$ , but  $\langle key\ path \rangle$  should be used instead. This last component is replaced and  $\CDR\_tag\_set:n$  is called afterwards. Implementation detail: the second argument is parsed by the last command of the expansion.

```

136 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:cn #1 {
137   \exp_args:NnV
138   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
139     \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
140     \CDR_tag_set:ccn
141       { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
142       { #1 }
143   } {
144     \PackageWarning
145       { coder }
146       { Unexpected-key-path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
147     \use_none:n
148   }
149 }

```

---

**\CDR\_tag\_choices:** \CDR\_tag\_choices:

Ensure that the  $\l\_keys\_path\_str$  is set properly. This is where a syntax like  $\keys\_set:nn \{...\} \{ choice/a \}$  is managed.

```

150 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { fn, VV } { p, T, F, TF }
151
152 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_root_regex { ^(.*)/.*$ } \use_none:n { $ }

```

```

153 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices: {
154   \str_if_eq:nnT \l_keys_key_tl \l_keys_choice_tl {
155     \exp_args:NnV
156     \regex_extract_once:NnNT \c_CDR_root_regex
157       \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
158       \str_set:Nx \l_keys_path_str {
159         \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
160       }
161     }
162   }
163 }

```

---

\CDR\_tag\_choices\_set:    \CDR\_tag\_choices\_set:

Calls \CDR\_tag\_set:n with the content of \l\_keys\_choice\_tl as value. Before, ensure that the \l\_keys\_path\_str is set properly.

```

164 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_choices_set: {
165   \CDR_tag_choices:
166   \exp_args:NV
167   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_choice_tl
168 }

```

---

<pre> \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccTF * \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:c * \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF * </pre>	<pre> \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccTF {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;relative key path&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}} \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {&lt;relative key path&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;} </pre>
--	---

Execute *<true code>* when the property for *<tag name>* and *<relative key path>* is a truthy value, *<false code>* otherwise. A truthy value is a text which is not “false” in a case insensitive comparison. In the second version, the *<tag name>* is not provided and set to `__local`.

```

169 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
170   \exp_args:Ne
171   \str_compare:nNnTF {
172     \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
173   } = { true } {
174     \prg_return_true:
175   } {
176     \prg_return_false:
177   }
178 }
179 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_truthy:c { p, T, F, TF } {
180   \exp_args:Ne
181   \str_compare:nNnTF {
182     \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:c { #1 } }
183   } = { true } {
184     \prg_return_true:
185   } {
186     \prg_return_false:
187   }
188 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq_p:ccn</code> *	<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq:ccnTF {&lt;tag name&gt;} {&lt;relative key path&gt;} {&lt;value&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq:ccnTF</code> *	<code>{&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq_p:cn</code> *	<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq:cnTF {&lt;relative key path&gt;} {&lt;value&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_tag_if_eq:cnTF</code> *	Execute <i>&lt;true code&gt;</i> when the property for <i>&lt;tag name&gt;</i> and <i>&lt;relative key path&gt;</i> is equal to <i>{&lt;value&gt;}</i> , <i>&lt;false code&gt;</i> otherwise. The comparison is based on <code>\str_compare:....</code> . In the second version, the <i>&lt;tag name&gt;</i> is not provided and set to <code>__local</code> .

---

```

189 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_eq:ccn { p, T, F, TF } {
190   \exp_args:Nf
191   \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } } = { #3 } {
192     \prg_return_true:
193   } {
194     \prg_return_false:
195   }
196 }
197 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_eq:cn { p, T, F, TF } {
198   \exp_args:Nf
199   \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local } { #1 } } = { #2 } {
200     \prg_return_true:
201   } {
202     \prg_return_false:
203   }
204 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_if_truthy_p:n</code> *	<code>\CDR_if_truthy:nTF {&lt;token list&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDR_if_truthy:nTF</code> *	Execute <i>&lt;true code&gt;</i> when <i>&lt;token list&gt;</i> is a truthy value, <i>&lt;false code&gt;</i> otherwise. A truthy value is a text which leading character, if any, is none of “fFnN”.

---

```

205 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { p, T, F, TF } {
206   \exp_args:Ne
207   \str_compare:nNnTF { \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { #1 } } = { true } {
208     \prg_return_true:
209   } {
210     \prg_return_false:
211   }
212 }

```

---

<code>\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n {&lt;choice&gt;}</code> Calls <code>\CDR_tag_set:n</code> with true if the argument is truthy, false otherwise.
-------------------------------------	---

---

```

213 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n #1 {
214   \CDR_if_truthy:nTF { #1 } {
215     \CDR_tag_set:n { true }
216   } {
217     \CDR_tag_set:n { false }
218   }
219 }
220 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n { x }

```

### 6.3 Retrieving tag properties

Internally, all tag properties are collected with a full key path like `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩`. When typesetting some code with either the `\CDRCODE` command or the `CDRBlock` environment, all properties defined locally are collected under the reserved `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local/⟨relative path⟩` full key paths. The `l3keys` module `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local` is modified in  $\TeX$  groups only. For running text code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩` for the provided `⟨tag name⟩`,
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.code`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using `pygments`

For text block code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name1⟩`, ..., `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨namen⟩` for each tag name of the ordered tags list
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.block`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments.block`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
7. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.block`
8. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using `pygments`

---

```
\CDR_tag_if_exist_here_p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨true
\CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF * code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
```

---

If the `⟨relative key path⟩` is known within `⟨tag name⟩`, the `⟨true code⟩` is executed, otherwise, the `⟨false code⟩` is executed. No inheritance.

```
221 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
222   \cs_if_exist:ctf { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
223     \prg_return_true:
224   } {
225     \prg_return_false:
226   }
227 }
```

---

```

\CDR_tag_if_exist_p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<true code>} {<false
\CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF * code>}
\CDR_tag_if_exist_p:c * \CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF {<relative key path>} {<true code>} {<false code>}
\CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF *

```

If the *<relative key path>* is known within *<tag name>*, the *<true code>* is executed, otherwise, the *<false code>* is executed if none of the parents has the *<relative key path>* on its own. In the second version, the *<tag name>* is not provided and set to *\_\_local*.

```

228 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
229   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
230     \prg_return_true:
231   } {
232     \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
233       \seq_map_tokens:cn
234         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
235         { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #2 } }
236     } {
237       \prg_return_false:
238     }
239   }
240 }
241 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
242   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:c { #1 } } {
243     \prg_return_true:
244   } {
245     \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } } {
246       \seq_map_tokens:cn
247         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } }
248         { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #1 } }
249     } {
250       \prg_return_false:
251     }
252   }
253 }
254 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn #1 #2 {
255   \quark_if_no_value:nTF { #2 } {
256     \seq_map_break:n {
257       \prg_return_false:
258     }
259   } {
260     \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
261       \seq_map_break:n {
262         \prg_return_true:
263       }
264     }
265   }
266 }

```

---

```

\CDR_tag_get:cc * \CDR_tag_get:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}
\CDR_tag_get:c * \CDR_tag_get:c {<relative key path>}

```

---

The property value stored for *<tag name>* and *<relative key path>*. Takes care of inheritance. In the second version, the *<tag name>* is not provided and set to *\_\_local*.



```

267 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cc #1 #2 {
268   \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
269     \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
270   } {
271     \seq_if_exist:cT { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
272       \seq_map_tokens:cn
273         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
274         { \CDR_tag_get_f:cn { #2 } }
275     }
276   }
277 }
278 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_f:cn #1 #2 {
279   \quark_if_no_value:nF { #2 } {
280     \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
281       \seq_map_break:n {
282         \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #2 } { #1 } }
283       }
284     }
285   }
286 }
287 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:c {
288   \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local }
289 }

```

---

\CDR_tag_get:ccN	\CDR_tag_get:ccN {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<tl variable>}
\CDR_tag_get:cN	\CDR_tag_get:cN {<relative key path>} {<tl variable>}

---

Put in <tl variable> the property value stored for the \_\_local <tag name> and <relative key path>. In the second version, the <tag name> is not provided an set to \_\_local.

```

290 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:ccN #1 #2 #3 {
291   \tl_set:Nf #3 { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
292 }
293 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cN {
294   \CDR_tag_get:ccN { __local }
295 }

```

---

\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF	\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} <tl var> {<true code>}
\CDR_tag_get:cNTF	{<false code>}
	\CDR_tag_get:cNTF {<relative key path>} <tl var> {<true code>} {<false code>}

---

Getter with branching. If the <relative key path> is known, save the value into <tl var> and execute <true code>. Otherwise, execute <false code>. In the second version, the <tag name> is not provided an set to \_\_local.

```

296 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
297   \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
298     \CDR_tag_get:ccN { #1 } { #2 } #3
299     \prg_return_true:
300   } {
301     \prg_return_false:
302   }

```

```

303 }
304 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:cN { T, F, TF } {
305   \CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF { #1 } {
306     \CDR_tag_get:cN { #1 } #2
307     \prg_return_true:
308   } {
309     \prg_return_false:
310   }
311 }

```

## 6.4 Inheritance

When a child inherits from a parent, all the keys of the parent that are not inherited are made available to the child (inheritance does not jump over generations).

---

\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c ★	\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c {<tag name>}
-------------------------	------------------------------------

---

Return the name of the sequence variable containing the list of the parents. Each child has its own sequence of parents.

```

312 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c #1 {
313   g_CDR:parent.tag @ #1 _seq
314 }

```

---

\CDR_tag_inherit:cn	\CDR_tag_inherit:cn {<child name>} {<parent names comma list>}
\CDR_tag_inherit:(cf cV)	Set the parents of <child name> to the given list.

---

```

315 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cn #1 #2 {
316   \seq_set_from_clist:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } { #2 }
317   \seq_remove_duplicates:c \l_CDR_tl
318   \seq_remove_all:cn \l_CDR_tl {}
319   \seq_put_right:cn \l_CDR_tl { \q_no_value }
320 }
321 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cf {
322   \exp_args:Nnf \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
323 }
324 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cV {
325   \exp_args:NnV \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
326 }

```

## 7 Cache management

If there is no <jobname>.aux file, there should be no cached files either, coder-util.lua is asked to clean all of them, if any.

```

327 \AddToHook { begindocument/before } {
328   \IfFileExists {./\jobname.aux} {} {
329     \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_all()}
330   }
331 }

```

At the end of the document, `coder-util.lua` is asked to clean all unused cached files that could come from a previous process.

```
332 \AddToHook { enddocument/end } {
333   \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_unused()}
334 }
```

## 8 Utilities

---

`\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn` `\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn <clist var> {<empty code>} {<non empty code>}`

Execute *<empty code>* when the list is empty, otherwise call `\clist_map_inline:Nn` with *<non empty code>*.

```
335 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn #1 #2 {
336   \clist_if_empty:NTF #1 {
337     #2
338     \use_none:n
339   } {
340     \clist_map_inline:Nn #1
341   }
342 }
```

---

`\CDR_if_block_p: *` `\CDR_if_block:TF {<true code>} {<false code>}`

`\CDR_if_block:TF *` Execute *<true code>* when inside a code block, *<false code>* when inside an inline code. Raises an error otherwise.

```
343 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
344   \PackageError
345     { coder }
346     { Conditional~not~available }
347 }
```

---

`\CDR_process_record:` Record the current line or not. The default implementation does nothing and is meant to be defines locally.

```
348 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_record: {}
```

## 9 l3keys modules for code chunks

All these modules are initialized at the beginning of the document using the `__initialize` meta key.

## 9.1 Utilities

---

`\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn`    `\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn {< module base >} {< keyval list >}`

---

The `<module>` is uniquely based on `<module base>` before forwarding to `\keys_define:nn`.

```

349 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_define:nn { Vn, xn }
350 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn #1 {
351   \keys_define:xn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
352 }
353 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { nx }
```

---

`\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn`    `\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn {<module base>} {<keyval list>}`

---

The `<module>` is uniquely based on `<module base>` before forwarding to `\keys_set:nn`.

```

354 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn #1 {
355   \exp_args:Nx
356   \keys_set:nn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
357 }
358 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { nV }
```

### 9.1.1 Handling unknown tags

While using `\keys_set:nn` and variants, each time a full key path matching the pattern `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>/<relative key path>` is not recognized, we assume that the client implicitly wants a tag with the given `<tag name>` to be defined. For that purpose, we collect unknown keys with `\keys_set_known:nnnN` then process them to find each `<tag name>` and define the new tag accordingly. A similar situation occurs for display engine options where the full key path reads `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>/<engine name>` engine options where `<engine name>` is not known in advance.

---

`\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN`    `\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN {<module>} {<key[=value] items>} <tl var>`

---

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the `<root>` is also the `<module>`.

```

359 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN #1 #2 {
360   \keys_set_known:nnnN { #1 } { #2 } { #1 }
361 }
362 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { x, VV }
```

---

`\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn`    `\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn {<tag root>} {<tag name>} {<parents comma list>}`

---

The `<tag name>` and parents are given relative to `<tag root>`. Set the inheritance.

```

363 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
364   \keys_define:nn { #1 } { #2 .inherit:n = { #3 } }
365 }
366 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
367   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
368     \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { } { #2 } { #3 }
369   } {
```

```

370 \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #3 }
371 \exp_args:Nnnx
372 \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { #1 } { #2 } {
373   #1 / \clist_use:Nn \l_CDR_clist { ,#1/ }
374 }
375 }
376 }
377 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn { VnV, Vnn }

```

---

`\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN`    `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN {<tag name>} {<key[=value] items>} {tl var}`

---

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the module is given by `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>`. *Implementation detail* the remaining arguments are absorbed by the last macro.

```

378 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnnN { VVV, nVx }
379 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN #1 {
380   \CDR_keys_set_known:xnN { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
381 }
382 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { nV }

```

`\c_CDR_provide_regex`    To parse a l3keys full key path.

```

383 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([~/*])(?:/(.*))?$ } \use_none:n { $ }
384 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
385 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
386 \exp_args:NNV
387 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_provide_regex \l_CDR_tl

```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_provide_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

---

`\CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n`    `\CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n {<deep comma list>}`  
`\CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n`    `\CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {<key-value list>}`

---

`<deep comma list>` has format `tag/<tag name comma list>`. Parse the `<key-value list>` for full key path matching `tag/<tag name>/<relative key path>`, then ensure that `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>` is a known full key path. For that purpose, we use `\keyval_parse:nnn` with two `\CDR_tag_provide:` helper.

Notice that a tag name should contain no `'/'`.

```

388 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_engine_regex { ^[~/]*\sengine\soptions$ } \use_none:n { $ }
389 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n #1 {
390   \exp_args:NNx
391   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_provide_regex {
392     \c_CDR_Tags / #1
393   } \l_CDR_seq {
394     \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
395     \exp_args:Nx
396     \clist_map_inline:nn {
397       \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
398     } {
399       \exp_args:NV
400       \keys_if_exist:nnF \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
401         \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
402           __pygments, __pygments.block,

```

```

403         default.block, default.code, default,
404         __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
405     }
406     \keys_define:Nn \c_CDR_tag {
407         ##1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { #####1 },
408         ##1 .value_required:n = true,
409     }
410 }
411 \exp_args:NxV
412 \keys_if_exist:nnF { \c_CDR_tag / ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
413     \exp_args:NNV
414     \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex
415     \l_CDR_tl {
416         \CDR_tag_keys_define:nx { ##1 } {
417             \l_CDR_tl .code:n = \exp_not:n { \CDR_tag_set:n { #####1 } },
418             \l_CDR_tl .value_required:n = true,
419         }
420     }
421 }
422 }
423 } {
424     \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex { #1 } {
425         \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
426             #1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ##1 },
427             #1 .value_required:n = true,
428         }
429     }
430 }
431 }
432 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn #1 #2 {
433     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n { #1 }
434 }
435 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {
436     \keyval_parse:nnn {
437         \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n
438     } {
439         \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn
440     }
441 }
442 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n { V }

```

## 9.2 pygments

These are `pygments`'s `LatexFormatter` options, that are not covered by `__fancyvrb`. They are made available at the end user level, but may not be relevant when `pygments` is not used.

### 9.2.1 Utilities

---

`\CDR_has_pygments_p: *` `\CDR_has_pygments:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`  


---

`\CDR_has_pygments:TF *` Execute `⟨true code⟩` when pygments is available, `⟨false code⟩` otherwise. *Implementation detail:* we define the conditionals and set them afterwards.

```

443 \sys_get_shell:nnN {which-pygmentize} {} \l_CDR_tl
444 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } { }
445 \tl_if_in:NnTF \l_CDR_tl { pygmentize } {
446   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
447     \prg_return_true:
448   }
449 } {
450   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
451     \prg_return_false:
452   }
453 }
```

### 9.2.2 `__pygments` `l3keys` module

```

454 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments } {
```

● **lang=⟨language name⟩** where `⟨language name⟩` is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```

455   lang .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
456   lang .value_required:n = true,
```

● **pygments[=true|false]** whether pygments should be used for syntax coloring. Initially true if pygments is available, false otherwise.

```

457   pygments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
458   pygments .default:n = true,
```

● **style=⟨style name⟩** where `⟨style name⟩` is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```

459   style .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
460   style .value_required:n = true,
```

● **commandprefix=⟨text⟩** The `LATEX` commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `Py`.

```

461   commandprefix .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
462   commandprefix .value_required:n = true,
```

● **mathescape[=true|false]** If set to true, enables `LATEX` math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially false.

```

463   mathescape .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
464   mathescape .default:n = true,
```

- **escapeinside**=*<before>**<after>* If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if **texcomments** or **mathescape** is set. Initially empty.

```
465 escapeinside .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
466 escapeinside .value_required:n = true,
```

- **\_\_initialize** Initializer.

```
467 __initialize .meta:n = {
468   lang = tex,
469   pygments = \CDR_has_pygments:TF { true } { false },
470   style=default,
471   commandprefix=PY,
472   mathescape=false,
473   escapeinside=,
474 },
475 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

476 }
477 \AtBeginDocument{
478   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments } { __initialize }
479 }
```

### 9.2.3 \c\_CDR\_tag / \_\_pygments.block l3keys module

```
480 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments.block } {
```

- **texcomments**[=true|false] If set to true, enables L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X comment lines. That is, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X can render it. Initially false.

```
481 texcomments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
482 texcomments .default:n = true,
```

- **\_\_initialize** Initializer.

```
483 __initialize .meta:n = {
484   texcomments=false,
485 },
486 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

487 }
488 \AtBeginDocument{
489   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments.block } { __initialize }
490 }
```

## 9.3 Specific to coder

### 9.3.1 default l3keys module

```
491 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
```



Keys are:

- **format**=*(format commands)* the format used to display the code (mainly font, size and color), after the font has been selected. Initially empty.

```
492 format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
493 format .value_required:n = true,
```

- **cache** Set to true if coder-tool.py should use already existing files instead of creating new ones. Initially true.

```
494 cache .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
495 cache .default:n = true,
```

- **debug** Set to true if various debugging messages should be printed to the console . Initially false.

```
496 debug .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
497 debug .default:n = true,
```

- **post processor**=*(command)* the command for pygments post processor. This is a string where every occurrence of “%%file%%” is replaced by the full path of the \*.pyg.tex file to be post processed and then executed as terminal instruction. Initially empty.

```
498 post~processor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
499 post~processor .value_required:n = true,
```

- **parskip** the value of the \parskip in code blocks,

```
500 parskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
501 parskip .value_required:n = true,
```

- **engine**=*(engine name)* to specify the engine used to display inline code or blocks. Initially default.

```
502 engine .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
503 engine .value_required:n = true,
```

- **default engine options**=*(default engine options)* to specify the corresponding options,

```
504 default~engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
505 default~engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

- *(engine name)* **engine options**=*(engine options)* to specify the options for the named engine,

- **\_\_initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use .initial:n actions because the \l\_keys\_path\_str is not set up properly.

```

506 __initialize .meta:n = {
507     format = ,
508     cache = true,
509     debug = false,
510     post-processor = ,
511     parskip = \the\parskip,
512     engine = default,
513     default~engine~options = ,
514 },
515 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
516 }
517 \AtBeginDocument{
518     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default } { __initialize }
519 }

```

### 9.3.2 default.code l3keys module

Void for the moment.

```

520 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.code } {

```

Known keys include:

- **\_\_initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use `.initial:n` actions because the `\l_keys_path_str` is not set up properly.

```

521 __initialize .meta:n = {
522 },
523 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
524 }
525 \AtBeginDocument{
526     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.code } { __initialize }
527 }

```

### 9.3.3 default.block l3keys module

```

528 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.block } {

```

Known keys include:

- **show tags[=true|false]** to enable/disable the display of the code chunks tags. Initially `true`. Set it to `false` when there happens to be only one tag.
- **tags=<tag name comma list>** to export and display.

```

529 tags .code:n = {
530     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #1 }
531     \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist
532     \exp_args:NV
533     \CDR_tag_set:n \l_CDR_clist
534 },
535 tags .value_required:n = true,

```

● **tags format**=*<format commands>* , where *<format>* is used the format used to display the tag names (mainly font, size and color), after it is appended to the numbers format. Initially empty.

```
536 tags~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
537 tags~format .value_required:n = true,
```

● **numbers format**=*<format commands>* , where *<format>* is used the format used to display line numbers (mainly font, size and color).

```
538 numbers~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
539 numbers~format .value_required:n = true,
```

● **show tags**=[*true|false*] whether tags should be displayed.

```
540 show~tags .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
541 show~tags .default:n = true,
```

● **only top**=[*true|false*] to avoid chunk tags repetitions, if on the same page, two consecutive code chunks have the same tag names, the second names are not displayed.

```
542 only~top .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
543 only~top .default:n = true,
```

● **use margin**=[*true|false*] to use the margin to display line numbers and tag names, or not, UNUSED

```
544 use~margin .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
545 use~margin .default:n = true,
```

● **blockskip** the separation with the surrounding text, above and below. Initially \topsep.

```
546 blockskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
547 blockskip .value_required:n = true,
```

● **\_\_initialize** the separation with the surrounding text. Initially \topsep.

```
548 __initialize .meta:n = {
549   tags = ,
550   show~tags = true,
551   only~top = true,
552   use~margin = true,
553   numbers~format = {
554     \sffamily
555     \scriptsize
556     \color{gray}
557   },
558   tags~format = {
559     \bfseries
560   },
561   blockskip = \topsep,
562 },
563 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
564 }
565 \AtBeginDocument{
566   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.block } { __initialize }
567 }
```

## 9.4 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

### 9.4.1 `__fancyvrb` l3keys module

```
568 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb } {
```

● **formatcom**=*<command>* execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty.

```
569   formatcom .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
570   formatcom .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontfamily**=*<family name>* font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

```
571   fontfamily .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
572   fontfamily .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontsize**=*<font size>* size of the font to use. If you use the `relsize` package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: `fontsize=\relsize{-2}`). Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
573   fontsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
574   fontsize .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontshape**=*<font shape>* font shape to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
575   fontshape .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
576   fontshape .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontseries**=*<series name>* L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X font series to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
577   fontseries .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
578   fontseries .value_required:n = true,
```

● **showspaces**[*=true|false*] print a special character representing each space. Initially `false`: spaces not shown.

```
579   showspaces .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
580   showspaces .default:n = true,
```

● **showtabs**=*true|false* explicitly show tab characters. Initially `false`: tab characters not shown.

```
581   showtabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
582   showtabs .default:n = true,
```

🔴 **obeytabs=true|false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.

```
583 obeytabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
584 obeytabs .default:n = true,
```

🔴 **tabsize=<integer>** number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).

```
585 tabsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
586 tabsize .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **defineactive=<macro>** to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.

```
587 defineactive .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
588 defineactive .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **relabel=<label>** define a label to be used with \pageref. Initially empty.

```
589 relabel .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
590 relabel .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **\_\_initialize** Initialization.

```
591 __initialize .meta:n = {
592   formatcom = ,
593   fontfamily = tt,
594   fontsize = auto,
595   fontseries = auto,
596   fontshape = auto,
597   showspaces = false,
598   showtabs = false,
599   obeytabs = false,
600   tabsize = 2,
601   defineactive = ,
602   relabel = ,
603 },
604 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

605 }
606 \AtBeginDocument{
607   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb } { __initialize }
608 }
```

#### 9.4.2 \_\_fancyvrb.block l3keys module

Block specific options, except numbering.

```
609 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_integer_regex { ^(+|-)?\d+$ } \use_none:n { $ }
610 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.block } {
```

● **frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `\fboxsep` macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.

```
611 frame .choices:nn =
612   { none, leftline, topline, bottomline, lines, single }
613   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

● **framerule=⟨dimension⟩** width of the rule of the frame if any. Initially 0.4pt.

```
614 framerule .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
615 framerule .value_required:n = true,
```

● **framesep=⟨dimension⟩** width of the gap between the frame (if any) and the text. Initially `\fboxsep`.

```
616 framesep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
617 framesep .value_required:n = true,
```

● **rulecolor=⟨color command⟩** color of the frame rule, expressed in the standard L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X way. Initially black.

```
618 rulecolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
619 rulecolor .value_required:n = true,
```

● **rulecolor=⟨color command⟩** color used to fill the space between the frame and the text (its thickness is given by **framesep**). Initially empty.

```
620 fillcolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
621 fillcolor .value_required:n = true,
```

● **label={ [⟨top string⟩ ]⟨string⟩ }** label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional **⟨top string⟩** is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and **⟨string⟩** for the bottom line. Otherwise, **⟨string⟩** is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.

```
622 label .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
623 label .value_required:n = true,
```

● **labelposition=none|topline|bottomline|all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame=topline** and **labelposition=bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.

```
624 labelposition .choices:nn =
625   { none, topline, bottomline, all }
626   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

- **baselinestretch=auto** $\langle dimension \rangle$  value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch`  $\text{\LaTeX}$  parameter. Initially `auto`: its current value just before the verbatim command.

```
627 baselinestretch .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
628 baselinestretch .value_required:n = true,
```

- **commandchars= $\langle three\ characters \rangle$**  characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to `coder`, unavailable to users.

- **xleftmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially `Opt`: no left margin.

```
629 xleftmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
630 xleftmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

- **xrightmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  right margin to add after each line. Initially `Opt`: no right margin.

```
631 xrightmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
632 xrightmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

- **resetmargins[=true|false]** reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially `true`.

```
633 resetmargins .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
634 resetmargins .default:n = true,
```

- **hfuzz= $\langle dimension \rangle$**  value to give to the  $\text{\TeX}$  `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially `2pt`.

```
635 hfuzz .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
636 hfuzz .value_required:n = true,
```

- **samepage[=true|false]** in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the `samepage` parameter to `true`. Initially `false`.

```
637 samepage .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
638 samepage .default:n = true,
```

- ✓ **\_\_initialize** Initialization.

```
639 __initialize .meta:n = {
640   frame = none,
641   label = ,
642   labelposition = none,% auto?
643   baselinestretch = auto,
644   resetmargins = true,
645   xleftmargin = Opt,
```

```

646     xrightmargin = 0pt,
647     hfuzz = 2pt,
648     samepage = false,
649   },
650   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

651 }
652 \AtBeginDocument{
653   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.block } { __initialize }
654 }

```

### 9.4.3 `__fancyvrb.number l3keys` module

Block line numbering.

```

655 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.number } {

```

- **commentchar**=*<character>* lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.

```

656   commentchar .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
657   commentchar .value_required:n = true,

```

- **gobble**=*<integer>* number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only `block` mode.

```

658   gobble .choices:nn = {
659     0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
660   } {
661     \CDR_tag_choices_set:
662   },

```

- **numbers**=*none|left|right* numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially `none`: no numbering.

```

663   numbers .choices:nn =
664     { none, left, right }
665     { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },

```

- **numbersep**=*<dimension>* gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

```

666   numbersep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
667   numbersep .value_required:n = true,

```

- **firstnumber**=*auto|last|<integer>* number of the first line. `last` means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially `auto`: numbering starts from 1.

```

668   firstnumber .code:n = {
669     \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_integer_regex { #1 } {
670       \CDR_tag_set:
671     } {

```



```

672     \str_case:nnF { #1 } {
673       { auto } { \CDR_tag_set: }
674       { last } { \CDR_tag_set: }
675     } {
676       \PackageWarning
677         { CDR }
678         { Value~'#1'~not~in~auto,~last. }
679     }
680   }
681 },
682   firstnumber .value_required:n = true,

```

● **stepnumber**=*<integer>* interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.

```

683   stepnumber .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
684   stepnumber .value_required:n = true,

```

● **numberblanklines**[=true|false] to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially true: all lines are numbered.

```

685   numberblanklines .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
686   numberblanklines .default:n = true,

```

● **firstline**=*<integer>* first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.

```

687   firstline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
688   firstline .value_required:n = true,

```

● **lastline**=*<integer>* last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.

```

689   lastline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
690   lastline .value_required:n = true,

```

✓ **\_\_initialize** Initialization.

```

691   __initialize .meta:n = {
692     commentchar = ,
693     gobble = 0,
694     numbers = left,
695     numbersep = 1ex,
696     firstnumber = auto,
697     stepnumber = 1,
698     numberblanklines = true,
699     firstline = ,
700     lastline = ,
701   },
702   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
703 }
704 \AtBeginDocument{
705   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.number } { __initialize }
706 }

```

#### 9.4.4 `__fancyvrb.all` `l3keys` module

Options available when `pygments` is not used.

```
707 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.all } {
```

- 🔴 **commandchars**=*(three characters)* characters that define the character that starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; allows to introduce escape sequences in the verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters that are not used in the verbatim text! Initially **none**. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```
708   commandchars .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
709   commandchars .value_required:n = true,
```

- 🔴 **codes**=*(macro)* to specify catcode changes. For instance, this allows us to include formatted mathematics in verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```
710   codes .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
711   codes .value_required:n = true,
```

- ✅ **\_\_initialize** Initialization.

```
712   __initialize .meta:n = {
713     commandchars = ,
714     codes = ,
715   },
716   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

717 }
718 \AtBeginDocument{
719   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.all } { __initialize }
720 }
```

## 10 `\CDRSet`

---

```
\CDRSet \CDRSet {<key[=value] list>}
\CDRSet {only description=true, font family=tt}
\CDRSet {tag/default.code/font family=sf}
```

---

To set up the package. This is executed at least once at the end of the preamble. The unique mandatory argument of `\CDRSet` is a list of *<key>[=<value>]* items defined by the `CDR@Set` `l3keys` module.

### 10.1 `CDR@Set` `l3keys` module

```
721 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Set } {
```

- 🔴 **only description** to typeset only the description section and ignore the implementation section.

```

722 only~description .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
723   \int_compare:nNnTF \l_keys_choice_int = 1 {
724     \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
725   } {
726     \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
727   }
728 },
729 only~description .initial:n = false,

```

🔴 **python path** if automatic processing is not available, manually setting the path to the python utility is required. Giving a void path forces an automatic guess using which.

```

730 python-path .code:n = {
731   \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
732   \lua_now:n { CDR:set_python_path('l_CDR_str') }
733 },
734 }

```

## 10.2 Branching

---

```

\CDR_if_only_description_p: * \CDR_if_only_description:TF {<true code>} {<false code>}
\CDR_if_only_description:TF *

```

---

Execute *<true code>* when only the description is expected, *<false code>* otherwise.  
*Implementation detail:* the functions are defined as part of the CDR@Set l3keys module.

## 10.3 Implementation

---

```

\CDR_check_unknown:N \CDR_check_unknown:N {<tl variable>}

```

---

In normal situation, the argument is expected to be empty. When the argument is not empty, send a package warning for each key.

```

735 \exp_args_generate:n { xV, nnV }
736 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:N #1 {
737   \tl_if_empty:NF #1 {
738     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:n ##1 {
739       \PackageWarning
740         { coder }
741         { Unknow~key~'##1' }
742     }
743     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:nn ##1 ##2 {
744       \CDR_check_unknown:n { ##1 }
745     }
746     \exp_args:NnnV
747     \keyval_parse:nnn {
748       \CDR_check_unknown:n
749     } {
750       \CDR_check_unknown:nn
751     } #1

```

```

752 }
753 }

754 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRSet { m } {
755   \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { CDR@Set } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
756   \clist_map_inline:nn {
757     __pygments, __pygments.block,
758     default.block, default.code, default,
759     __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
760   } {
761     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { ##1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
762   }
763   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
764   \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
765   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
766   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { default } \l_CDR_kv_clist
767 }

```

## 11 \CDRExport

---

**\CDRExport**    \CDRExport {<key[=value] controls>}

---

The <key>[=<value>] controls are defined by CDR@Export l3keys module.

### 11.1 Storage

---

**\CDR\_export\_get\_path:cc** ★    \CDR\_tag\_export\_path:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}

---

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```

768 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
769   CDR @ export @ get @ #1 / #2
770 }

```

---

**\CDR\_export\_set:ccn**    \CDR\_export\_set:ccn {<file name>} {<relative key path>} {<value>}

---

**\CDR\_export\_set:Vcn**    Store <value>, which is further retrieved with the instruction \CDR\_get\_get:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}. All the affectations are made at the current T<sub>E</sub>X group level.

---

**\CDR\_export\_set:VcV**

```

771 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
772   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
773 }
774 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:Vcn #1 {
775   \exp_args:NV
776   \CDR_export_set:ccn { #1 }
777 }
778 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:VcV #1 #2 #3 {
779   \exp_args:NVN
780   \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 { #2 } #3
781 }

```

---

```
\CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF * \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF {<file name>} <relative key path> {<true code>}
{<false code>}
```

---

If the <relative key path> is known within <file name>, the <true code> is executed, otherwise, the <false code> is executed.

```
782 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
783   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
784     \prg_return_true:
785   } {
786     \prg_return_false:
787   }
788 }
```

---

```
\CDR_export_get:cc * \CDR_export_get:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}
```

---

The property value stored for <file name> and <relative key path>.

```
789 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get:cc #1 #2 {
790   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccT { #1 } { #2 } {
791     \use:c { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
792   }
793 }
```

---

```
\CDR_export_get:ccNTF \CDR_export_get:ccNTF {<file name>} {<relative key path>}
<tl var> {<true code>} {<false code>}
```

---

Get the property value stored for <file name> and <relative key path>, copy it to <tl var>. Execute <true code> on success, <false code> otherwise.

```
794 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
795   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
796     \tl_set:Nx #3 { \CDR_export_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
797     \prg_return_true:
798   } {
799     \prg_return_false:
800   }
801 }
```

## 11.2 Storage

`\g_CDR_export_prop` Global storage for <file name>=<file export info>

```
802 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_file_tl` Store the file name used for exportation, used as key in the above property list.

```
803 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_file_tl
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_file_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_tags_clist` Store the current list of tags used by `\CDRCode` and the `CDRBlock` environment, or declared by `\CDRExport`. All the tags are recorded, if there is an only one, it is not shown in block code chunks. The `\g_CDR_last_tags_clist` variable contains the last list of tags that was displayed.

```
804 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
805 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
806 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
807 \AddToHook { shipout/before } {
808   \clist_gclear:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
809 }
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, `\g_CDR_all_tags_clist`, and `\g_CDR_last_tags_clist`. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_export_prop` Used by `CDR@Export l3keys` module to temporarily store properties. *Nota Bene*: nothing similar with `\g_CDR_export_prop` except the name.

```
810 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

### 11.3 CDR@Export l3keys module

No initial value is given for every key. An `__initialize` action will set the storage with proper initial values.

```
811 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Export } {
```

● **file**=`<name>` the output file name, must be provided otherwise an error is raised.

```
812   file .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_file_tl,
813   file .value_required:n = true,
```

● **tags**=`<tags comma list>` the list of tags. No exportation when this list is void. Initially empty.

```
814   tags .code:n = {
815     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #1 }
816     \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist
817     \prop_put:NVV \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str \l_CDR_clist
818   },
819   tags .value_required:n = true,
```

● **lang** one of the languages `pygments` is aware of. Initially `tex`.

```
820   lang .code:n = {
821     \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
822   },
823   lang .value_required:n = true,
```

● **preamble** the added preamble. Initially empty.

```

824 preamble .code:n = {
825   \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
826 },
827 preamble .value_required:n = true,

```

🔴 **postamble** the added postamble. Initially empty.

```

828 postamble .code:n = {
829   \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
830 },
831 postamble .value_required:n = true,

```

🔴 **raw[=true|false]** true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially false.

```

832 raw .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
833   \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str {
834     \int_compare:nNnTF
835       \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
836   }
837 },

```

✅ **\_\_initialize** Meta key to properly initialize all the variables.

```

838 __initialize .meta:n = {
839   __initialize_prop = #1,
840   file=,
841   tags=,
842   lang=tex,
843   preamble=,
844   postamble=,
845   raw=false,
846 },
847 __initialize .default:n = \l_CDR_export_prop,

```

✅ **\_\_initialize\_prop** Goody: properly initialize the local property storage.

```

848 __initialize_prop .code:n = \prop_clear:N #1,
849 __initialize_prop .value_required:n = true,
850 }

```

## 11.4 Implementation

```

851 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRExport { m } {
852   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { __initialize }
853   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { #1 }
854   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_file_tl {
855     \PackageWarning
856       { coder }
857       { Missing-key~'file' }
858   } {
859     \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl
860     \prop_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_export_prop {
861       \CDR_export_set:Vcn \l_CDR_file_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
862     }
863   }

```

The list of tags must not be empty, raise an error otherwise. Records the list in `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, it will be the default list of forthcoming code blocks.

```

863 \prop_get:NnNTF \l_CDR_export_prop { tags } \l_CDR_clist {
864   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
865     \PackageWarning
866       { coder }
867     { Missing~key~‘tags’ }
868   } {
869     \clist_set_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
870     \clist_put_left:NV \g_CDR_all_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
871     \clist_remove_duplicates:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
872     \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl

```

If a `lang` is given, forwards the declaration to all the code chunks tagged within `\g_CDR_tags_clist`.

```

873   \exp_args:NV
874   \CDR_export_get:ccNT \l_CDR_file_tl { lang } \l_CDR_tl {
875     \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
876       \CDR_tag_set:ccV { ##1 } { lang } \l_CDR_tl
877     }
878   }
879 }
880 } {
881   \PackageWarning
882     { coder }
883   { Missing~key~‘tags’ }
884 }
885 }
886 }

```

Files are created at the end of the typesetting process.

```

887 \AddToHook { enddocument / end } {
888   \prop_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_export_prop {
889     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_prop { #2 }
890     \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
891       \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { file }
892     }
893     \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file('l_CDR_str') }
894     \clist_map_inline:nn {
895       tags, raw, preamble, postamble
896     } {
897       \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
898         \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { ##1 }
899       }
900       \lua_now:n {
901         CDR:export_file_info('##1', 'l_CDR_str')
902       }
903     }
904     \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file_complete() }
905   }
906 }

```



## 12 Style

pygments, through `coder-tool.py`, creates style commands, but the storage is managed on the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X side by `coder.sty`. This is a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X style API.

<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR@StyleDefine</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleDefine {&lt;pygments style name&gt;} {&lt;definitions&gt;}</code>
		Define the definitions for the given <code>&lt;pygments style name&gt;</code> .

```

907 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleDefine #1 {
908   \tl_gset:cn { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
909 }

```

<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR@StyleUse</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleUse {&lt;pygments style name&gt;}</code>
	<code>CDR@StyleUseTag</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleUseTag</code>

Use the definitions for the given `<pygments style name>`. No safe check is made. The `\CDR@StyleUseTag` version finds the `<pygments style name>` from the context.

```

910 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUse #1 {
911   \tl_use:c { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
912 }
913 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
914   \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
915 }

```

<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR@StyleExist</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleExist {&lt;pygments style name&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
-------------	------------------------------	---

Execute `<true code>` if a style exists with that given name, `<false code>` otherwise.

```

916 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR@StyleIfExist:c { TF } {
917   \tl_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@Style/#1 } {
918     \prg_return_true:
919   } {
920     \prg_return_false:
921   }
922 }
923 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleIfExist \CDR@StyleIfExist:cTF

```

## 13 Creating display engines

### 13.1 Utilities

<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c</code>	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c {&lt;engine name&gt;}</code>
	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:V</code>	<code>\CDR_block_ngn:c {&lt;engine name&gt;}</code>
	<code>\CDR_block_ngn:c</code>	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c</code> builds a command sequence name based on <code>&lt;engine name&gt;</code> . <code>\CDR_block_ngn:c</code>
	<code>\CDR_block_ngn:V</code>	builds an environment name based on <code>&lt;engine name&gt;</code> .

```

924 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_ngn:c #1 {
925   CDR@colored/code/#1:nn
926 }
927 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_ngn:c #1 {
928   CDR@colored/block/#1
929 }
930 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_ngn:V {
931   \exp_args:NV \CDR_code_ngn:c
932 }
933 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_ngn:V {
934   \exp_args:NV \CDR_block_ngn:c
935 }

```

`\l_CDR_engine_tl` Storage for an engine name.

```

936 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_engine_tl

```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_engine_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

---

`\CDRGetOption` `\CDRGetOption {<relative key path>}`

---

Returns the value given to `\CDRCode` command or `CDRBlock` environment for the `<relative key path>`. This function is only available during `\CDRCode` execution and inside `CDRBlock` environment.

## 13.2 Implementation

---

<code>\CDRCodeEngineNew</code>	<code>\CDRCodeEngineNew {&lt;engine name&gt;}{&lt;engine body&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDRCodeEngineRenew</code>	<code>\CDRCodeEngineRenew{&lt;engine name&gt;}{&lt;engine body&gt;}</code>

---

`<engine name>` is a non void string, once expanded. The `<engine body>` is a list of instructions which may refer to the first argument as `#1`, which is the value given for key `<engine name>` engine options, and the second argument as `#2`, which is the colored code.

```

937 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineNew { mm } {
938   \exp_args:Nx
939   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
940     \PackageWarning
941       { coder }
942     { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
943   } {
944     \cs_new:cpn { \CDR_code_ngn:c {#1} } ##1 ##2 {
945       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
946       #2
947     }
948     \ignorespaces
949   }
950 }

951 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineRenew { mm } {
952   \exp_args:Nx
953   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
954     \PackageWarning

```

```

955     { coder }
956     { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
957     \use_none:n
958 } {
959   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } {
960     \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } ##1 ##2 {
961       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
962       #2
963     }
964   } {
965     \PackageWarning
966       { coder }
967       { No~code~engine~#1.}
968   }
969   \ignorespaces
970 }
971 }

```

---

**\CDR@CodeEngineApply**    \CDR@CodeEngineApply {<source>}

Get the code engine and apply it to the given <source>. When the code engine is not recognized, an error is raised. *Implementation detail:* the argument is parsed by the last macro.

```

972 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@CodeEngineApply #1 {
973   \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
974   \CDR_if_code_ngn:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
975     \PackageError
976       { coder }
977       { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space code~engine~unknown,~replaced-by~'default' }
978       {See~\CDRCodeEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
979     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
980   }
981   \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
982   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_opts_tl {
983     \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
984   } {
985     \tl_put_left:Nx \l_CDR_opts_tl {
986       \CDR_tag_get:c { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } ,
987     }
988   }
989   \exp_args:NnV
990   \use:c { \CDR_code_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl {
991     \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
992     #1
993   }
994 }

```

---

<code>\CDRBlockEngineNew</code>	<code>\CDRBlockEngineNew {&lt;engine name&gt;} {&lt;begin instructions&gt;} {&lt;end instructions&gt;}</code>
<code>\CDRBlockEngineRenew</code>	<code>\CDRBlockEngineRenew {&lt;engine name&gt;} {&lt;begin instructions&gt;} {&lt;end instructions&gt;}</code>

---

Create a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environment uniquely named after `<engine name>`, which must be a non void string once expanded. The `<begin instructions>` and `<end instructions>` are list of instructions which may refer to the unique argument as `#1`, which is the value given to CDRBlock environment for key `<engine name>` engine options. Various options are available with the `\CDRGetOption` function. *Implementation detail*: the third argument is parsed by `\NewDocumentEnvironment`.

```

995 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineNew { mm } {
996   \NewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } { m } {
997     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
998     #2
999   }
1000 }

1001 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineRenew { mm } {
1002   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
1003     \PackageWarning
1004       { coder }
1005       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
1006     \use_none:n
1007   } {
1008     \RenewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } { m } {
1009       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
1010       #2
1011     }
1012   }
1013 }

```

### 13.3 Conditionals

---

<code>\CDR_if_code_ngn:cTF</code> ★	<code>\CDR_if_code_ngn:cTF {&lt;engine name&gt;} {&lt;true code&gt;} {&lt;false code&gt;}</code>
-------------------------------------	--

---

If there exists a code engine with the given `<engine name>`, execute `<true code>`. Otherwise, execute `<false code>`.

```

1014 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_ngn:c { p, T, F, TF } {
1015   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } {
1016     \prg_return_true:
1017   } {
1018     \prg_return_false:
1019   }
1020 }

1021 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_ngn:V { p, T, F, TF } {
1022   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:V #1 } {
1023     \prg_return_true:
1024   } {
1025     \prg_return_false:
1026   }
1027 }

```

---

```
\CDR_if_block_ngn:c<TF> ★ \CDR_if_block_ngn:c {<engine name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}
```

---

If there exists a block engine with the given *<engine name>*, execute *<true code>*, otherwise, execute *<false code>*.

```
1028 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_ngn:c { p, T, F, TF } {
1029   \cs_if_exist:CTF { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } {
1030     \prg_return_true:
1031   } {
1032     \prg_return_false:
1033   }
1034 }
1035 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_ngn:V { p, T, F, TF } {
1036   \cs_if_exist:CTF { \CDR_block_ngn:V #1 } {
1037     \prg_return_true:
1038   } {
1039     \prg_return_false:
1040   }
1041 }
```

### 13.4 Default code engine

The default code engine does nothing special and forwards its argument as is.

```
1042 \CDRCodeEngineNew { default } { #2 }
```

### 13.5 Default block engine

The default block engine does nothing.

```
1043 \CDRBlockEngineNew { default } { } { }
```

### 13.6 efbox code engine

```
1044 \AtBeginDocument {
1045   \@ifpackageloaded{efbox} {
1046     \CDRCodeEngineNew {efbox} {
1047       \efbox[#1]{#2}%
1048     }
1049   }
1050 }
```

### 13.7 Block mode default engine

```
1051 \CDRBlockEngineNew {} {
1052 } {
1053 }
```

### 13.8 tcolorbox related engine

If the tcolorbox is loaded, related code and block engines are available.

## 14 \CDRCode function

### 14.1 API

---

**\CDR@Sp**    \CDR@Sp

Private method to eventually make the space character visible using \FancyVerbSpace base on `showspaces` value.

```
1054 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@DefineSp {
1055   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF { showspaces } {
1056     \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Sp {{\FancyVerbSpace}}
1057   } {
1058     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@Sp \space
1059   }
1060 }
```

---

**\CDRCode**    \CDRCode{<key[=value]>}<delimiter><code><same delimiter>

Public method to declare inline code.

### 14.2 Storage

**\l\_CDR\_tag\_tl**    To store the tag given.


```
1061 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tag_tl

(End definition for \l_CDR_tag_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```


### 14.3 \_\_code l3keys module

This is the module used to parse the user interface of the \CDRCode command.


```
1062 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __code } {
```

 **tag=<name>** to use the settings of the already existing named tag to display.

```
1063   tag .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_tag_tl,
1064   tag .value_required:n = true,
```

 **engine options=<engine options>** options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key **<engine name>** engine options.

```
1065   engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1066   engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

 **\_\_initialize** initialize

```
1067   __initialize .meta:n = {
1068     tag = default,
1069     engine~options = ,
1070   },
1071   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1072 }
```

## 14.4 Implementation

---

```

\CDR_code_format: \CDR_code_format:
Private utility to setup the formatting.

1073 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n #1 {
1074   \tl_if_in:nnTF { #1 } { , } { { #1 } } { #1 }
1075 }
1076 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n { V }
1077 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_format: {
1078   \frenchspacing
1079   \CDR_tag_get:cN { baselinestretch } \l_CDR_tl
1080   \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1081     \exp_args:NNV
1082     \def \baselinestretch \l_CDR_tl
1083   }
1084   \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontfamily } \l_CDR_tl
1085   \str_if_eq:NnT \l_CDR_tl { tt } { \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { lmtt } }
1086   \exp_args:NV
1087   \fontfamily \l_CDR_tl
1088   \clist_map_inline:nn { series, shape } {
1089     \CDR_tag_get:cN { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
1090     \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1091       \exp_args:NnV
1092       \use:c { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
1093     }
1094   }
1095   \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontsize } \l_CDR_tl
1096   \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1097     \tl_use:N \l_CDR_tl
1098   }
1099   \selectfont
1100 % \@noligs ?? this is in fancyvrb but does not work here as is
1101 }

```

---

```

\CDR_code:n \CDR_code:n <delimiter>
Main utility used by \CDRCode.

1102 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
1103   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
1104     \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
1105       \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
1106       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleUseTag \prg_do_nothing:
1107     }
1108     \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1109       __fancyvrb,
1110     }
1111     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1112     \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1113     \SaveVerb [
1114       aftersave = {
1115         \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }

```

```

1116 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code_setup() }
1117 \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1118 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1119 \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1120 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1121 \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1122 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1123 \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1124 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
1125 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
1126 \FV@UseKeyValues
1127 \frenchspacing
1128 % \FV@SetupFont Break
1129 \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
1130 \FancyVerbDefineActive
1131 \FancyVerbFormatCom
1132 \CDR_code_format:
1133 \CDR@DefineSp
1134 \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1135 \CDR@DefineSp
1136 \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1137   \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } {
1138     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1139     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1140   } {
1141     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, true) }
1142     \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1143     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1144   }
1145   \makeatletter
1146   \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1147   \makeatother
1148 }
1149 \group_end:
1150 }
1151 ] { CDR@Source } #1
1152 } {
1153   \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_kv_clist
1154   \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1155   \SaveVerb [
1156     aftersave = {
1157       \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1158       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1159       \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1160         \CDR@FormattingPrep
1161         \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1162       }
1163       \CDR@CodeEngineApply { \mbox {
1164         \FV@UseKeyValues
1165         \FV@FormattingPrep
1166         \FV@SV@CDR@Code
1167       } }
1168     \group_end:
1169   }

```



```

1170     ] { CDR@Code } #1
1171 }
1172 }

1173 \NewDocumentCommand \CDR@Code { 0{ } } {
1174   \group_begin:
1175   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1176     \prg_return_false:
1177   }
1178   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1179     __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1180   }
1181   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1182   \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1183   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1184   \exp_args:NNV
1185   \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1186   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1187     __fancyvrb,
1188   }
1189   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1190   \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1191     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1192     __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1193   }
1194   \CDR_code:n
1195 }

1196 \cs_set:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
1197   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
1198     \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1199       __fancyvrb,
1200     }
1201     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1202     \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1203     \SaveVerb [
1204       aftersave = {
1205         \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1206         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code_setup() }
1207         \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1208         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1209         \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1210         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1211         \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1212         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1213         \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1214         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
1215         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
1216         \exp_args:NNV
1217         \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1218         \FV@UseKeyValues
1219         \frenchspacing
1220         % \FV@SetupFont Break
1221         \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
1222         \FancyVerbDefineActive
1223         \FancyVerbFormatCom

```

```

1224 \CDR@DefineSp
1225 \CDR_code_format:
1226 \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1227 \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1228   \CDR@StyleIfExist { \CDR_tag_get:c {style} } {
1229     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1230     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1231   } {
1232     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, true) }
1233     \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1234     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1235   }
1236   \makeatletter
1237   \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1238   \makeatother
1239 }
1240 \group_end:
1241 }
1242 ] { CDR@Source } #1
1243 } {
1244   \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1245   \SaveVerb [
1246     aftersave = {
1247       \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1248       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1249       \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1250         \CDR@FormattingPrep
1251         \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1252       }
1253       \CDR@CodeEngineApply { A \mbox { a
1254         \exp_args:NNV
1255         \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1256         \FV@UseKeyValues
1257         \FV@FormattingPrep
1258         \@nameuse{FV@SV@CDR@Code}
1259         z } Z }
1260       \group_end:
1261     }
1262   ] { CDR@Code } #1
1263 }
1264 }

1265 \RenewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { O{} } {
1266   \group_begin:
1267   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1268     \prg_return_false:
1269   }
1270   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1271     __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1272   }
1273   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1274   \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1275   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1276   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1277     __fancyvrb,

```

```

1278 }
1279 \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1280 \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1281   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1282   __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1283 }
1284 \fvset{showspaces}
1285 \CDR_code:n
1286 }

```

## 15 CDRBlock environment

`CDRBlock`      `\begin{CDRBlock}{<key[=value] list>} ... \end{CDRBlock}`

### 15.1 Storage

`\l_CDR_block_prop`

```
1287 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_block_prop
```

*(End definition for \l\_CDR\_block\_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)*


### 15.2 \_\_block l3keys module

This module is used to parse the user interface of the CDRBlock environment.


```
1288 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __block } {
```

 **no export**[=true|false] to ignore this code chunk at export time.


```
1289 no-export .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1290 no-export .default:n = true,
```

 **no export format**=<format commands> a format appended to tags format and numbers format when no export is true.. Initially empty.


```
1291 no-export~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1292 no-export~format .value_required:n = true,
```

 **test**[=true|false] whether the chunk is a test,

```
1293 test .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1294 test .default:n = true,
```

 **engine options**=<engine options> options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key <engine name> engine options. Mainly a convenient user interface shortcut.

```
1295 engine-options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1296 engine-options .value_required:n = true,
```

 **\_\_initialize** initialize

```

1297 __initialize .meta:n = {
1298     no~export = false,
1299     no~export~format = ,
1300     test = false,
1301     engine~options = ,
1302 },
1303 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1304 }

```

### 15.3 Implementation

We start by saving some fancyvrb macros that we further want to extend. The unique mandatory argument of these macros will eventually be recorded to be saved later on.

```

1305 \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1306     \cs_set_eq:cc { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #1 } { FV@ListProcessLine@ #1 }
1307 }
1308 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_line:n #1 {
1309     \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
1310     \lua_now:n {CDR:record_line('l_CDR_str')}
1311 }

1312 \def\FVB@CDRBlock {
1313     \@bsphack
1314     \group_begin:
1315     \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1316         \prg_return_true:
1317     }
1318     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __block } { __initialize }

```

Reading the options: we absorb the options available in \FV@KeyValues, first for l3keys modules, then for \fvset.

```

1319 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1320     __block, __pygments.block, default.block,
1321     __pygments, default,
1322 }
1323 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1324 \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1325 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist

```

By default, this code chunk will have the same list of tags as the last code block or last \CDRExport stored in \g\_CDR\_tags\_clist. This can be overwritten with the tags=... user interface. At least one tag must be provided.

```

1326 \CDR_tag_inherit:cn { __local } { default.block }
1327 \CDR_tag_get:cn { tags } \l_CDR_clist
1328 \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1329     \clist_if_empty:NT \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1330         \PackageWarning
1331         { coder }
1332         { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
1333     }
1334 } {

```

```

1335     \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
1336   }
1337   \lua_now:n {
1338     CDR:highlight_block_setup('g_CDR_tags_clist')
1339   }

```

\l\_CDR\_pyg\_bool is true iff one of the tags needs pygments or there is no tag and pygments=true was given.

```

1340   \bool_set_false:N \l_CDR_pyg_bool
1341   \clist_if_empty:NTF \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1342     \bool_set:Nn \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1343       \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:c { pygments }
1344     }
1345   } {
1346     \bool_if:NF \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1347       \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1348         \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccT { ##1 } { pygments } {
1349           \clist_map_break:n {
1350             \bool_set_true:N \l_CDR_pyg_bool
1351           }
1352         }
1353       }
1354     }
1355   }

```

Now we setup the full inheritance tree.

```

1356   \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1357     \g_CDR_tags_clist,
1358     __block, default.block, __pygments.block, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.number,
1359     __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1360   }
1361   \bool_if:NTF \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1362     \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1363       __fancyvrb.number
1364     }
1365     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1366     \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_kv_clist
1367     \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1368       __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block
1369     }
1370     \exp_args:NnV
1371     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1372     \exp_args:NNV
1373     \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist

```

Get the list of tags and setup coder-util.lua for recording or highlighting.

```

1374   \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1375   \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1376   \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1377   \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1378   \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1379   \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1380   \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl

```

```

1381 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
1382 \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } { } {
1383   \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, false) }
1384   \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1385 }
1386 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1387 \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {no~export} {
1388   \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1389     \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1390       \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1391       \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1392     }
1393   }
1394 } {
1395   \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1396     \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1397       \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1398       \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1399     }
1400   }
1401 }
1402 \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
1403 \CDR_if_code_ngn:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
1404   \PackageError
1405   { coder }
1406   { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space block~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~'default' }
1407   { See~\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual }
1408   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
1409 }
1410 \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl~engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1411 \exp_args:NnV
1412 \use:c { \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1413
1414 \def\FV@ProcessLine ##1 {
1415   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ##1 }
1416   \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1417 }
1418 } {
1419   \exp_args:NNV
1420   \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1421   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cF {no~export} {
1422     \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1423       \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1424         \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1425         \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1426         \use:c { CDR@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } { #####1 }
1427       }
1428     }
1429   }
1430   \exp_args:NnV
1431   \use:c { \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1432   \FV@VerbatimBegin
1433 }
1434 \FV@Scan

```

```

1435 }
1436 \def\FVE@CDRBlock {
1437   \bool_if:NT \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1438     \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1439     \fvset{ commandchars=\\{\} }
1440     \CDR@DefineSp
1441     \FV@VerbatimBegin
1442     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1443     \makeatletter
1444     \input{ \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1445     \makeatother
1446   }
1447   \FV@VerbatimEnd
1448   \use:c { end \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl }
1449   \group_end:
1450   \@esphack
1451 }
1452 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRBlock}{CDRBlock}{}
1453

```

## 16 Management

`\g_CDR_in_impl_bool` Whether we are currently in the implementation section.

```

1454 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool

```

*(End definition for \g\_CDR\_in\_impl\_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

---

```

\CDR_if_show_code:TF \CDR_if_show_code:TF {\true code} {\false code}

```

---

Execute *\true code* when code should be printed, *\false code* otherwise.

```

1455 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_show_code: { T, F, TF } {
1456   \bool_if:nTF {
1457     \g_CDR_in_impl_bool && !\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
1458   } {
1459     \prg_return_false:
1460   } {
1461     \prg_return_true:
1462   }
1463 }

```

`\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`

```

1464 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_with_impl_bool

```

*(End definition for \g\_CDR\_with\_impl\_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)*

---

```

\CDRPreamble \CDRPreamble {\variable} {\file name}

```

---

Store the content of *\file name* into the variable *\variable*.

```

1465 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRPreamble { m m } {
1466   \msg_info:nnn
1467   { coder }
1468   { :n }
1469   { Reading-preamble-from-file-~"#2". }
1470   \group_begin:
1471   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #2 }
1472   \exp_args:NNNx
1473   \group_end:
1474   \tl_set:Nx #1 { \lua_now:n {CDR.print_file_content('l_tmpa_tl')}} }
1475 }

```

## 17 Section separators

<hr/>	<hr/>
\CDRImplementation	\CDRImplementation
\CDRFinale	\CDRFinale
<hr/>	<hr/>
	\CDRImplementation start an implementation part where all the sectioning commands do nothing, whereas \CDRFinale stop an implementation part.

## 18 Finale

```

1476 \newcounter{CDR@impl@page}
1477 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRImplementation {} {
1478   \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1479     \clearpage
1480     \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1481     \let\CDR@old@part\part
1482     \DeclareDocumentCommand\part{som}{}
1483     \let\CDR@old@section\section
1484     \DeclareDocumentCommand\section{som}{}
1485     \let\CDR@old@subsection\subsection
1486     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsection{som}{}
1487     \let\CDR@old@subsubsection\subsubsection
1488     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsubsection{som}{}
1489     \let\CDR@old@paragraph\paragraph
1490     \DeclareDocumentCommand\paragraph{som}{}
1491     \let\CDR@old@subparagraph\subparagraph
1492     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subparagraph{som}{}
1493     \cs_if_exist:NT \refsection{ \refsection }
1494     \setcounter{ CDR@impl@page }{ \value{page} }
1495   }
1496 }
1497 \DeclareDocumentCommand\CDRFinale {} {
1498   \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1499     \clearpage
1500     \bool_gset_false:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1501     \let\part\CDR@old@part
1502     \let\section\CDR@old@section
1503     \let\subsection\CDR@old@subsection
1504     \let\subsubsection\CDR@old@subsubsection
1505     \let\paragraph\CDR@old@paragraph

```



```

1506 \let\subparagraph\CDR@old@subparagraph
1507 \setcounter { page } { \value{ CDR@impl@page } }
1508 }
1509 }
1510 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_number: \prg_do_nothing:

```

## 19 Finale

```

1511 %\AddToHook { cmd/FancyVerbFormatLine/before } {
1512 % \CDR_line_number:
1513 %}

1514 % =====
1515 % Auxiliary:
1516 % finding the widest string in a comma
1517 % separated list of strings delimited by parenthesis
1518 % =====
1519
1520 % arguments:
1521 % #1) text: a comma separated list of strings
1522 % #2) formatter: a macro to format each string
1523 % #3) dimension: will hold the result
1524
1525 \cs_new:Npn \CDRWidest (#1) #2 #3 {
1526 \group_begin:
1527 \dim_set:Nn #3 { 0pt }
1528 \clist_map_inline:nn { #1 } {
1529 \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box { #2{##1} }
1530 \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim { \dim_eval:n { \box_wd:N \l_tmpa_box } }
1531 \dim_compare:nNnT { #3 } < { \l_tmpa_dim } {
1532 \dim_set_eq:NN #3 \l_tm pa_dim
1533 }
1534 }
1535 \exp_args:NNNV
1536 \group_end:
1537 \dim_set:Nn #3 #3
1538 }
1539 \ExplSyntaxOff
1540

```

## 20 pygmentex implementation

```

1541 % =====
1542 % fancyvrb new commands to append to a file
1543 % =====
1544
1545 % See http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/47462/inputenc-error-with-unicode-chars-and-verbatim
1546
1547 \ExplSyntaxOn
1548
1549 \seq_new:N \l_CDR_records_seq
1550

```

```

1551 % =====
1552 % Main options
1553 % =====
1554
1555 \newif\ifCDR@left
1556 \newif\ifCDR@right
1557
1558

```

## 20.1 options key-value controls

We accept any value because we do not know in advance the real target. There are 2 ways to collect options:

## 21 Something else

```

1559
1560 % =====
1561 % pygmented commands and environments
1562 % =====
1563
1564
1565 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \exp_last_unbraced:NnNo { NxNo }
1566
1567
1568 % ERROR: JL undefined \CDR@alllinenos
1569
1570 \ProvideDocumentCommand\captionof{mm}{-}
1571 \def\CDR@alllinenos{(0)}
1572
1573 \def\FormatLineNumber#1{{\rmfamily\tiny#1}}
1574
1575 \newdimen\CDR@leftmargin
1576 \newdimen\CDR@linenosep
1577
1578 %
1579 %\newcommand\CDR@tcbox@more@options{%
1580 % nobeforeafter,%
1581 % tcbox-raise-base,%
1582 % left=0mm,%
1583 % right=0mm,%
1584 % top=0mm,%
1585 % bottom=0mm,%
1586 % boxsep=2pt,%
1587 % arc=1pt,%
1588 % boxrule=0pt,%
1589 % \CDR_opts_if_in:nT {colback} {
1590 % colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1591 % }
1592 %}
1593 %
1594 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@more@options{%
1595 % leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%

```

```

1596 % frametitle=rule=true,%
1597 % \CDR_if_in:nT {colback} {
1598 %     backgroundcolor=\CDR:n {colback}
1599 % }
1600 %}
1601 %
1602 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@more@options{%
1603 % grow~to~left~by=-\CDR@leftmargin,%
1604 % \CDR_if_in:nNT {colback} {
1605 %     colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1606 % }
1607 %}
1608 %
1609 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@more@options{%
1610 % leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1611 % \ifcsname CDR@opt@colback\endcsname
1612 %     colback=\CDR@opt@colback,%
1613 % \fi
1614 %}
1615 %
1616 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@margin{%
1617 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{outerlinewidth}%
1618 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{middlelinewidth}%
1619 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerlinewidth}%
1620 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerleftmargin}%
1621 %}
1622 %
1623 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@margin{%
1624 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@left@rule
1625 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@leftupper
1626 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@boxsep
1627 %}
1628 %
1629 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@margin{%
1630 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@leftrule
1631 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@boxsep
1632 %}
1633 %
1634 %\def\CDR@global@options{}
1635 %
1636 %\newcommand\setpygmented[1]{%
1637 % \def\CDR@global@options{/CDR.cd,#1}%
1638 %}
1639
1640 \ExplSyntaxOff
1641 %</sty>

```