

`coder` — code inlined in a \LaTeX document^{*}

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Abstract

Usually, documentation is put inside the code, `coder` allows to work the other way round by putting code inside the documentation. This is particularly interesting when different code files share some logic and should be documented all at once. The file `coder-manual.pdf` gives different examples. Here is the implementation of the package.
This \LaTeX package requires $\text{Lua}\text{\TeX}$ and may use syntax coloring based on `pygments`.

1 Package dependencies

`luacode`, `datetime2`, `xcolor`, `fancyvrb` and dependencies of these packages.

2 Similar technologies

The `docstrip` utility offers similar features, it is somehow more powerful than `coder` at the cost of more technicality and less practicality,

The `ydoc.cls` and `skdoc.cls` are full document classes with similar features but many more that are unrelated. `coder` focuses on code inlining and interfaces very well with `pygments` for a smart and efficient syntax highlighting.

The `pygmentex` and `minted` packages were somehow a source of inspiration.

3 Known bugs and limitations

- `coder` does not play well with `docstrip`.

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4 Namespace and conventions

L^AT_EX identifiers related to `coder` start with `CDR`, including both commands and environments. `expl3` identifiers also start with `CDR`, after and eventual leading `c_`, `l_` or `g_`. `l3keys` module path's first component is either `CDR` or starts with `CDR@`.

lua objects (functions and variables) are collected in the `CDR` table automatically created while loading `coder-util.lua` from `coder.sty`.

The `c` argument specifier is used here in a more general acception. Normaly , it means that the argument is turned to a command sequence name. Here, it means that the argument is part of something bigger which is turned to a command sequence name.

5 Presentation

`coder` is a triptych of three complementary components

1. `coder.sty`, on the L^AT_EX side,
2. `coder-util.lua`, to store data and call `coder-tool.py`,
3. `coder-tool.py`, to color code with the help of `pygments`.

`coder.sty` mainly declares the `\CDRCode` command and the `CDRBlock` environment. The former allows to insert code chunks as running text whereas the latter allows to insert code snippets as blocks. Moreover, block code chunks can be exported to files, once declared with `\CDRExport` command. The `\CDRSet` command is used to set various parameters, including display engines declared with either `\CDRCodeEngineNew` or `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

5.1 Code flow

The normal code flow is

1. from `coder.sty`, L^AT_EX parses a code snippet as `\CDRCode` argument of `CDRBlock` environment body, somehow stores it, and calls either `CDR:highlight_code` or `CDR:highlight_block`,
2. `coder-util.lua` reads the content of some command, and store it in a `json` file, together with informations to process this code snippet properly,
3. `coder-tool.py` is asked by `coder-util.lua` to read the `json` file and eventually uses `pygments` to translate the code snippet into dedicated L^AT_EX coloring commands. These are stored in a `*.pyg.tex` file named after the md5 digest of the original code chunk, a `*.pyg.sty` L^AT_EX style file is recorded as well. On return, `coder-tool.py` gives to `coder-util.lua` some L^AT_EX instructions to both input the `*.pyg.sty` and the `*.pyg.tex` file, these are finally executed and the code is displayed with colors. `coder-tool.py` is also partially responsible of code line numbering.

`coder.sty` only exchanges with `coder.sty` using `\directlua` and `tex.print`. `coder-tool.py` in turn only exchanges with `coder.sty`: we put in `coder-tool.py` as few L^AT_EX logic as possible. It receives instructions from `coder.sty` as command line arguments, options, `pygments` options and `fancyvrb` options.

5.2 File exports

1. The `\CDRExport` command declares a file path, a list of tags and other useful information like a coding language. These data are saved as export records by `coder-util.lua`.
2. When some `tags={...}` have been given to the `CDRBlock` environment, the `coder-util.lua` records the corresponding code chunk and its associate tags for later save.
3. Once the typesetting process is complete, `coder-util.lua`'s `CDR_export_...` methods are called to save all the files externally. For each export record, `coder-util.lua` collects all the chunks with the same tag and save them at the proper location.

5.3 Display engine

The display management is partly delegated to other packages. `coder.sty` provides default engines for running code and code blocks, and new engines can be declared with `\CDRCodeEngineNew` and `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

5.4 L^AT_EX user interface

The first required argument of both commands and environment is a `<key[=value] controls>` list managed by `l3keys`. Each command requires its own `l3keys` module but some `<key[=value] controls>` are shared between modules.

5.5 Properties and inheritance

Properties cover various informations, from the language of the code, to the color and font. They are uniquely identified by a path component, the *tag*, which is used for inheritance. All tags starting with two leading underscore characters are reserved by the package. Other tags are at the user disposal.

Each processed code chunk has a list of associate tags. Most tag inherits from default ones.

6 Options

Key-value options allow the user, `coder.sty`, `coder-util.lua` and `CDRPy` to exchange data. What the user is allowed to do is detailed in [coder-manual.pdf](#).

6.1 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

- **formatcom**=`<command>` execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `code` mode.
- **fontfamily**=`<family name>` font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

- **fontsize**= \langle *font size* \rangle size of the font to use. If you use the **relsize** package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: **fontsize**=**\relsize**{-2}). Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **fontshape**= \langle *font shape* \rangle font shape to use. Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **showspaces**[=**true**|**false**] print a special character representing each space. Initially **false**: spaces not shown.
- **showtabs**=**true**|**false** explicitly show tab characters. Initially **false**: tab characters not shown.
- **obeytabs**=**true**|**false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially **false**: tab characters are added to the current position.
- **tabsize**= \langle *integer* \rangle number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for **fancyvrb**).
- **defineactive**= \langle *macro* \rangle to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the **fancyvrb** package. Initially empty.
- ✓ **relabel**= \langle *label* \rangle define a label to be used with **\pageref**. Initially empty.
- **commentchar**= \langle *character* \rangle lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.
- **gobble**= \langle *integer* \rangle number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only **block** mode.
- **frame**=**none**|**leftline**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**lines**|**single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the L^AT_EX **\fboxsep** macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.
- **label**={ [**top string**] \langle *string* \rangle } label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional \langle *top string* \rangle is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and \langle *string* \rangle for the bottom line. Otherwise, \langle *string* \rangle is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.
- **labelposition**=**none**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame**=**topline** and **labelposition**=**bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.
- **numbers**=**none**|**left**|**right** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially **none**: no numbering.
- **numbersep**= \langle *dimension* \rangle gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

- **firstnumber=auto|last| $\langle integer \rangle$** number of the first line. **last** means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially **auto**: numbering starts from 1.
- **stepnumber= $\langle integer \rangle$** interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.
- **numberblanklines[=true|false]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially **true**: all lines are numbered.
- **firstline= $\langle integer \rangle$** first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.
- **lastline= $\langle integer \rangle$** last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.
- **baselinestretch=auto| $\langle dimension \rangle$** value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` L^AT_EX parameter. Initially **auto**: its current value just before the verbatim command.
- ⊘ **commandchars= $\langle three\ characters \rangle$** characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to **coder**, unavailable to users.
- **xleftmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$** indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially **0pt**: no left margin.
- **xrightmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$** right margin to add after each line. Initially **0pt**: no right margin.
- **resetmargins[=true|false]** reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially **true**.
- **hfuzz= $\langle dimension \rangle$** value to give to the T_EX `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially **2pt**.
- **samepage[=true|false]** in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the **samepage** parameter to **true**. Initially **false**.

6.2 pygments options

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, used only by `coder-util.lua` to communicate with `coder-tool.py`.

- **style= $\langle name \rangle$** the pygments style to use. Initially **default**.
- ⊘ **full** Tells the formatter to output a **full** document, i.e. a complete self-contained document (default: **false**). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **title** If **full** is true, the title that should be used to caption the document (default empty). Forbidden.

- ⊘ **encoding** If given, must be an encoding name. This will be used to convert the Unicode token strings to byte strings in the output. If it is or None, Unicode strings will be written to the output file, which most file-like objects do not support (default: None).
- ⊘ **outencoding** Overrides **encoding** if given.
- ⊘ **docclass** If the **full** option is enabled, this is the document class to use (default: **article**). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **preamble** If the **full** option is enabled, this can be further preamble commands, e.g. “\usepackage” (default **empty**). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **linenos**[=**true**|**false**] If set to **true**, output line numbers. Initially **false**: no numbering. Ignored in **code** mode.
- ⊘ **linenostart**=**<integer>** The line number for the first line. Initially 1: numbering starts from 1. Ignored in **code** mode.
- ⊘ **linenostep**=**<integer>** If set to a number $n > 1$, only every n th line number is printed. Ignored in **code** mode. Additional options given to the **Verbatim** environment (see the **fancyvrb** docs for possible values). Initially empty.
- ⊘ **verboptions** Forbidden.
- **commandprefix**=**<text>** The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially **PY**.
- **texcomments**[=**true**|**false**] If set to **true**, enables LaTeX comment lines. That is, LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LaTeX can render it. Initially **false**. Ignored in **code** mode.
- **mathescape**[=**true**|**false**] If set to **true**, enables LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, $\$ \dots \$$ inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially **false**.
- **escapeinside**=**<before>****<after>** If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LaTeX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if **texcomments** or **mathescape** is set. Initially empty.
- ⚙ **envname**=**<name>** Allows you to pick an alternative environment name replacing **Verbatim**. The alternate environment still has to support **Verbatim**’s option syntax. Initially **Verbatim**.

6.3 LaTeX

These are options used by **coder.sty** to pass data to **coder-tool.py**. All values are required, possibly empty.

- **tags** **clist** of tag names, used for line numbering.
- **inline** **true** when inline code is concerned, **false** otherwise.
- **ignore_style** **true** when the style has already been defined, **false** otherwise,

- **sty_template** \LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:style_defs>` must be replaced by the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name.
- **code_template** \LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:highlighted>` should be replaced by the highlighted code provided by `pygments`.
- **block_template** \LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:count>` should be replaced by the count of numbered lines (not all lines may be numbered) and `<placeholder:highlighted>` should be replaced by the highlighted code provided by `pygments`.

All the line templates below are \LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:number>` should be replaced by a line number and `<placeholder:line>` should be replaced by the highlighted line code provided by `pygments`. They should not include a trailing newline char.

- **single_line_template** It may contain tag related information and number as well. When the block consists of only one line.
- **first_line_template** When the block consists of more than one line. If the tag information is required or new, display only the tag. Display the number if required, otherwise.
- **second_line_template** If the first line did not, display the line number, but only when required.
- **black_line_template** for numbered lines,
- **white_line_template** for unnumbered lines,

File I

coder-util.lua implementation

1 Usage

This lua library is loaded by `coder.sty` with the instruction `CDR=require(coder-util)`. In the sequel, the syntax to call class methods and instance methods are presented with either a `CDR.` or a `CDR:` prefix. This is what is used in the library for convenience. Of course either a `self.` or a `self:` prefix would be possible.

2 Declarations

```

1 %<*lua>
2 local lfs    = _ENV.lfs
3 local tex    = _ENV.tex
4 local token  = _ENV.token
5 local md5    = _ENV.md5
6 local kpse   = _ENV.kpse
7 local rep    = string.rep
8 local lpeg   = require("lpeg")
9 local P, Cg, Cp, V = lpeg.P, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cp, lpeg.V
10 local json  = require('lualibs-util-jsn')
```

3 General purpose material


CDR_PY_PATH Location of the coder-tool.py utility. This will cause an error if `kpsewhich` is not available. The PATH must be properly set up.

```
11 local CDR_PY_PATH = kpse.find_file('coder-tool.py')
    (End definition for CDR_PY_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

PYTHON_PATH Location of the python utility, defaults to 'python'.


```
12 local PYTHON_PATH = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-%s*$")
    (End definition for PYTHON_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

set_python_path CDR:set_python_path(*path var*)

 Set manually the path of the python utility with the contents of the *path var*. If the given path does not point to a file or a link then an error is raised.

```
13 local function set_python_path(self, path_var)
14   local path = assert(token.get_macro(assert(path_var)))
15   if #path>0 then
16     local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(self.PYTHON_PATH,'mode')
17     assert(mode == 'file' or mode == 'link')
18   else
19     path = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-%s*$")
20   end
21   self.PYTHON_PATH = path
22 end
```

escape *variable* = CDR.escape(*string*)

 Escape the given string to be used by the shell.

```
23 local function escape(s)
24   s = s:gsub(' ','\\ ')
25   s = s:gsub('\\','\\\\')
26   s = s:gsub('\\r','\\r')
27   s = s:gsub('\\n','\\n')
28   s = s:gsub('"','\\"')
29   s = s:gsub("'",'"')
30   return s
31 end
```

make_directory *variable* = CDR.make_directory(*string path*)

Make a directory at the given path.

```
32 local function make_directory(path)
33   local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
34   if mode == "directory" then
35     return true
36   elseif mode ~= nil then
37     return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
```



```

38 end
39 if os["type"] == "windows" then
40   path = path:gsub("/", "\\")
41   _,_,__ = os.execute(
42     "if not exist " .. path .. "\\nul " .. "mkdir " .. path
43   )
44 else
45   _,_,__ = os.execute("mkdir -p " .. path)
46 end
47 mode = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
48 if mode == "directory" then
49   return true
50 end
51 return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
52 end

```

dir_p The directory where the auxiliary pygments related files are saved, in general $\langle \text{jobname} \rangle$.pygd/.

(End definition for dir_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

json_p The path of the JSON file used to communicate with coder-tool.py, in general $\langle \text{jobname} \rangle$.pygd/ $\langle \text{jobname} \rangle$

(End definition for json_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```

53 local dir_p, json_p
54 local jobname = tex.jobname
55 dir_p = './'..jobname..'pygd/'
56 if make_directory(dir_p) == nil then
57   dir_p = './'
58   json_p = dir_p..jobname..'pyg.json'
59 else
60   json_p = dir_p..'input.pyg.json'
61 end

```

print_file_content CDR.print_file_content($\langle \text{macro name} \rangle$)

The command named $\langle \text{macro name} \rangle$ contains the path to a file. Read the content of that file and print the result to the T_EX stream.

```

62 local function print_file_content(name)
63   local p = token.get_macro(name)
64   local fh = assert(io.open(p, 'r'))
65   s = fh:read('a')
66   fh:close()
67   tex.print(s)
68 end

```

load_exec CDR.load_exec($\langle \text{lua code chunk} \rangle$)

Class method. Loads the given $\langle \text{lua code chunk} \rangle$ and execute it. On error, messages are printed.

```

69 local function load_exec(chunk)
70   local func, err = load(chunk)
71   if func then
72     local ok, err = pcall(func)
73     if not ok then
74       print("coder-util.lua Execution error:", err)
75       print('chunk:', chunk)
76     end
77   else
78     print("coder-util.lua Compilation error:", err)
79     print('chunk:', chunk)
80   end
81 end

```

safe_equals $\langle \text{variable} \rangle = \text{safe_equals}(\langle \text{string} \rangle)$

Class method. Returns an $\langle =...= \rangle$ string as $\langle \text{ans} \rangle$ exactly composed of sufficiently many = signs such that $\langle \text{string} \rangle$ contains neither sequence $[\langle \text{ans} \rangle$ nor $\langle \text{ans} \rangle]$.

```

82 local eq_pattern = P({ Cp() * P('=')^1 * Cp() + P(1) * V(1) })
83 local function safe_equals(s)
84   local i, j = 0, 0
85   local max = 0
86   while true do
87     i, j = eq_pattern:match(s, j)
88     if i == nil then
89       return rep('=', max + 1)
90     end
91     i = j - i
92     if i > max then
93       max = i
94     end
95   end
96 end

```

load_exec_output $\text{CDR:load_exec_output}(\langle \text{lua code chunk} \rangle)$

Instance method to parse the $\langle \text{lua code chunk} \rangle$ string for commands and execute them. The patterns being searched are enclosed within opening <<<<< and closing >>>>>, each containing 5 characters,

?TEX: $\langle \text{TeX instructions} \rangle$ the $\langle \text{TeX instructions} \rangle$ are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to T_EX.

!LUA: $\langle \text{!Lua instructions} \rangle$ the $\langle \text{!Lua instructions} \rangle$ are executed synchronously. When not properly designed, these instructions may cause a forever loop on execution, for example, they must not use `CDR:if_code_engine`.

?LUA: $\langle \text{?Lua instructions} \rangle$ these $\langle \text{?Lua instructions} \rangle$ are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to T_EX through a call to `\directlua`, which means that they will wait until any previous asynchronous $\langle \text{?TeX instructions} \rangle$ or $\langle \text{?Lua instructions} \rangle$ completes.

```

97 local parse_pattern
98 do
99   local tag = P('!'') + '*' + '?'
100   local stp = '>>>>'
101   local cmd = (P(1) - stp)^0
102   parse_pattern = P({
103     P('<<<<') * Cg(tag) * 'LUA:' * Cg(cmd) * stp * Cp() + 1 * V(1)
104   })
105 end
106 local function load_exec_output(self, s)
107   local i, tag, cmd
108   i = 1
109   while true do
110     tag, cmd, i = parse_pattern:match(s, i)
111     if tag == '!' then
112       self.load_exec(cmd)
113     elseif tag == '*' then
114       local eqs = safe_equals(cmd)
115       cmd = '[' .. eqs .. '[' .. cmd .. ']' .. eqs .. ']'
116       tex.print([[
117 \directlua{CDR:load_exec[]..cmd..[]}%
118 ]])
119     elseif tag == '?' then
120       print('\nDEBUG/coder: ' .. cmd)
121     else
122       return
123     end
124   end
125 end

```

4 Properties

This is one of the channels from coder.sty to coder-util.lua.

options_reset CDR:options_reset()

Instance method. This is called by coder.sty's \CDR_to_lua:.

```

126 local function options_reset(self)
127   self['.options'] = {}
128 end

```

option_add CDR:option_add(<key>, <value name>)

Instance method. This is called by coder.sty's \CDR_to_lua:.

```

129 local function option_add(self, key, value_name)
130   local p = self['.options']
131   p[key] = token.get_macro(assert(value_name))
132 end

```

5 Hiligting

5.1 Code

`highlight_code` CDR:highlight_code(<code var>)

Highlight the code in str variable named <code var name>. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch `coder-tool.py` with the proper arguments.

```
133 local function highlight_code_prepare(self)
134   self['.arguments'] = {
135     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
136     code = '',
137     md5 = '',
138     cache = true,
139     debug = false,
140     pygopts = {
141       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
142       lang = 'tex',
143       style = 'default',
144     },
145     texopts = {
146       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
147       tags = '',
148       inline = true,
149       ignore_style = false,
150       ignore_code = false,
151       pyg_sty_p = '',
152       pyg_tex_p = ''
153     }
154   }
155 end
156
157 local function highlight_set(self, key, value)
158   local args = self['.arguments']
159   local t = args
160   if t[key] == nil then
161     t = args.pygopts
162     if t[key] == nil then
163       t = args.texopts
164       assert(t[key] ~= nil)
165     end
166   end
167   t[key] = value
168 end
169
170 local function highlight_set_var(self, key, var)
171   self:highlight_set(key, assert(token.get_macro(var or 'l_CDR_tl')))
172 end
173
174 local function highlight_code(self)
175   local args = self['.arguments']
176   local texopts = args.texopts
```

```

177 local pygopts = args.pygopts
178 args.md5 = md5.sumhexa( ('%s:%s:%s'
179   ):format(
180     args.code,
181     texopts and 'code' or 'block',
182     pygopts.style
183   )
184 )
185 local pyg_sty_p = dir_p..pygopts.style..'pyg.sty'
186 texopts.pyg_sty_p = pyg_sty_p
187 local pyg_tex_p = dir_p..args.md5..'pyg.tex'
188 texopts.pyg_tex_p = pyg_tex_p
189 local use_tool = false
190 if not texopts.ignore_style then
191   if args.cache then
192     local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_sty_p,'mode')
193     if mode == 'file' or mode == 'link' then
194       tex.print([[\\input{}}..pyg_sty_p..'}%')
195       texopts.ignore_style = true
196     else
197       use_tool = true
198     end
199   end
200 end
201 local last = ''
202 if args.cache then
203   local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_tex_p,'mode')
204   if mode == 'file' or mode == 'link' then
205     last = [[\\input{}}..pyg_tex_p..'}%')
206   else
207     use_tool = true
208   end
209 end
210 if use_tool then
211   local json_p = self.json_p
212   local f = assert(io.open(json_p, 'w'))
213   local ok, err = f:write(json.tostring(args, true))
214   f:close()
215   if ok == nil then
216     print('File error('..json_p..'): '..err)
217   end
218   local cmd = ('%s %s %q'):format(
219     self.PYTHON_PATH,
220     self.CDR_PY_PATH,
221     json_p
222   )
223   local o = io.popen(cmd):read('a')
224   self:load_exec_output(o)
225 else
226   print('NO PYTHON')
227 end
228 if #last > 0 then
229   tex.print(last)
230 end

```

```

231 self:cache_record(pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
232 end

```

5.2 Block

highlight_block_prepare CDR:highlight_block_prepare(*<tags_clist>*)

Records the *<tags_clist>* to prepare block highlighting.

```

233 local function highlight_block_prepare(self, tags_clist)
234   local t = {}
235   for tag in string.gmatch(tags_clist, '([^\,]+)') do
236     t[#t+1]=tag
237   end
238   self['block tags'] = tags_clist
239   self['.lines'] = {}
240   self['.arguments'] = {
241     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
242     code = '',
243     cache = false,
244     debug = false,
245     pygopts = {
246       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
247       lang = 'tex',
248       style = 'default',
249     },
250     texopts = {
251       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
252       inline = false,
253       ignore_style = false,
254       ignore_code = false,
255       sty_p = '',
256       tex_p = ''
257     }
258   }
259 end
260

```

process_line CDR:process_line(*<line variable name>*)

Store the content of the given named variable.

```

261 local function process_line(self, line_variable_name)
262   local line = assert(token.get_macro(assert(line_variable_name)))
263   local ll = self['.lines']
264   ll[#ll+1] = line
265   local lt = self['lines by tag'] or {}
266   self['lines by tag'] = lt
267   for tag in self['block tags']:gmatch('([^\,]+)') do
268     ll = lt[tag] or {}
269     lt[tag] = ll
270     ll[#ll+1] = line
271   end
272 end

```

highlight_code CDR:highlight_block(*<block var name>*)

Highlight the code in *str* variable named *<block var name>*. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch `coder-tool.py` with the proper arguments.

```
273 local function highlight_block(self, block_name)
274 end
```

6 Exportation

For each file to be exported, `coder.sty` calls `export_file` to initialte the exportation. Then it calls `export_file_info` to share the tags, raw, preamble, postamble data. Finally, `export_complete` is called to complete the exportation.

export_file CDR:export_file(*<file name var>*)

This is called at export time. *<file name var>* is the name of an *str* variable containing the file name.

```
275 local function export_file(self, file_name)
276   self['.name'] = assert(token.get_macro(assert(file_name)))
277   self['.export'] = {}
278 end
```

export_file_info CDR:export_file_info(*<key>*, *<value name var>*)

This is called at export time. *<value name var>* is the name of an *str* variable containing the value.

```
279 local function export_file_info(self, key, value)
280   local export = self['.export']
281   value = assert(token.get_macro(assert(value)))
282   export[key] = value
283 end
```

export_complete CDR:export_complete()

This is called at export time.

```
284 local function export_complete(self)
285   local name = self['.name']
286   local export = self['.export']
287   local records = self['.records']
288   local tt = {}
289   local s = export.preamble
290   if s then
291     tt[#tt+1] = s
292   end
293   for _,tag in ipairs(export.tags) do
294     s = records[tag]:concat('\n')
295     tt[#tt+1] = s
296   end
```

```

296     records[tag] = { [1] = s }
297 end
298 s = export.postamble
299 if s then
300     tt[#tt+1] = s
301 end
302 if #tt>0 then
303     local fh = assert(io.open(name,'w'))
304     fh:write(tt:concat('\n'))
305     fh:close()
306 end
307 self['.file'] = nil
308 self['.exportation'] = nil
309 end

```

7 Caching

We save some computation time by pygmentizing files only when necessary. The `coder-tool.py` is expected to create a `*.pyg.sty` file for a style and a `*.pyg.tex` file for highlighted code. These files are cached during one whole L^AT_EX run and possibly between different L^AT_EX runs. Lua keeps track of both the style files created and highlighted code files created.

<code>cache_clean_all</code>	<code>CDR:cache_clean_all()</code>
<code>cache_record</code>	<code>CDR:cache_record(<i><style name.pyg.sty></i>, <i><digest.pyg.tex></i>)</code>
<code>cache_clean_unused</code>	<code>CDR:cache_clean_unused()</code>

Instance methods. `cache_clean_all` removes any file in the cache directory named `<jobname>.pygd`. This is automatically executed at the beginning of the document processing when there is no aux file. This can also be executed on demand with `\directlua{CDR:cache_clean_all()}`. The `cache_record` method stores both `<style name.pyg.sty>` and `<digest.pyg.tex>`. These are file names relative to the `<jobname>.pygd` directory. `cache_clean_unused` removes any file in the cache directory `<jobname>.pygd` except the ones that were previously recorded. This is executed at the end of the document processing.

```

310 local function cache_clean_all(self)
311     local to_remove = {}
312     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
313         to_remove[f] = true
314     end
315     for k,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
316         os.remove(dir_p .. k)
317     end
318 end
319 local function cache_record(self, pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
320     self['.style_set'] [pyg_sty_p] = true
321     self['.colored_set'] [pyg_tex_p] = true
322 end
323 local function cache_clean_unused(self)
324     local to_remove = {}
325     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
326         f = dir_p .. f
327         if not self['.style_set'][f] and not self['.colored_set'][f] then

```



```

328     to_remove[f] = true
329     end
330 end
331 for f,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
332     os.remove(f)
333 end
334 end

```

`_DESCRIPTION` Short text description of the module.

```

335 local _DESCRIPTION = [[Global coder utilities on the lua side]]
    (End definition for _DESCRIPTION. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```

8 Return the module

```

336 return {

    Known fields are

337     _DESCRIPTION      = _DESCRIPTION,

    _VERSION to store <version string>,

338     _VERSION          = token.get_macro('fileversion'),

    date to store <date string>,

339     date              = token.get_macro('filedate'),

    Various paths ,

340     CDR_PY_PATH       = CDR_PY_PATH,
341     PYTHON_PATH       = PYTHON_PATH,
342     set_python_path   = set_python_path,

    escape

343     escape            = escape,

    make__directory

344     make_directory    = make_directory,

    load__exec

345     load_exec         = load_exec,

346     load_exec_output  = load_exec_output,

    record__line

```

```

347     record_line          = function(self,line) end,

    highlight__code

348     highlight_code_prepare = highlight_code_prepare,
349     highlight_set          = highlight_set,
350     highlight_set_var      = highlight_set_var,
351     highlight_code         = highlight_code,

    highlight__block_prepare, highlight__block

352     highlight_block_prepare = highlight_block_prepare,
353     highlight_block         = highlight_block,

    cache__clean__all

354     cache_clean_all       = cache_clean_all,

    cache__record

355     cache_record          = cache_record,

    cache__clean__unused

356     cache_clean_unused    = cache_clean_unused,

357     options_reset         = options_reset,

358     option_add            = option_add,

    Internals

359     ['.style_set']        = {},
360     ['.colored_set']      = {},
361     ['.options']          = {},
362     ['.export']           = {},
363     ['.name']             = nil,

    already false at the beginning, true after the first call of coder-tool.py

364     already               = false,

    Other

365     json_p                = json_p,

366 }

367 %</lua>

```

File II

coder-tool.py implementation

The standard header is managed specially because of the way `docstrip` automatically adds some header when extracting stuff from an archive. The next two lines are added by `docstrip` at the top of the preamble.

```
1 %<*py>
2 #! /usr/bin/env python3
3 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
4 %</py>
```

1 Usage

Run: `coder-tool.py -h`.

2 Header and global declarations

```
5 %<*py>
6 __version__ = '0.10'
7 __YEAR__ = '2022'
8 __docformat__ = 'restructuredtext'
9
10 import sys
11 import os
12 import argparse
13 import re
14 from pathlib import Path
15 import hashlib
16 import json
17 from pygments import highlight as hilight
18 from pygments.formatters.latex import LatexEmbeddedLexer, LatexFormatter
19 from pygments.lexers import get_lexer_by_name
20 from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
21 from pygments.util import guess_decode
```

3 Options classes

`Object` is used to turn a dictionary into a full fledged object. The real class is given by the `__cls__` key.

```
22 class BaseOpts(object):
23     @staticmethod
24     def ensure_bool(x):
25         if x == True or x == False: return x
26         x = x[0:1]
27         return x == 'T' or x == 't'
```

```

28 def __init__(self, d={}):
29     for k, v in d.items():
30         if type(v) == str:
31             if v.lower() == 'true':
32                 setattr(self, k, True)
33                 continue
34             elif v.lower() == 'false':
35                 setattr(self, k, False)
36                 continue
37         setattr(self, k, v)

```

3.1 TeXOptsclass

```

38 class TeXOpts(BaseOpts):
39     tags = ''
40     inline = True
41     ignore_style = False
42     ignore_code = False
43     pyg_sty_p = None
44     pyg_tex_p = None

```

The templates are provided by `coder.sty`. The style template wraps the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name

```

45 sty_template=r'''% !TeX root=...
46 \makeatletter
47 \CDR@StyleDefine{<placeholder:style_name>}{%
48   <placeholder:style_defs>}%
49 \makeatother'''
50 code_template =r'''% !TeX root=...
51 \makeatletter
52 \CDR@StyleUse{<placeholder:style_name>}%
53 \CDR@CodeEngineApply{<placeholder:highlighted>}%
54 \makeatother'''
55
56 single_line_template='<placeholder:number><placeholder:line>'
57 first_line_template='<placeholder:number><placeholder:line>'
58 second_line_template='<placeholder:number><placeholder:line>'
59 white_line_template='<placeholder:number><placeholder:line>'
60 black_line_template='<placeholder:number><placeholder:line>'
61 block_template='<placeholder:count><placeholder:highlighted>'
62 def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
63     super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
64     self.inline = self.ensure_bool(self.inline)

```

3.2 PygOptsclass

`pygments LaTeXFormatter` options. Some of them may be deliberately unused. In particular, line numbering is governed by `fancyvrb` options. The description of these options is in a forthcoming section.

```

65 class PygOpts(BaseOpts):
66     style = 'default'
67     nobackground = False

```

```

68     linenos = False
69     linenostart = 1
70     linenostep = 1
71     commandprefix = 'Py'
72     texcomments = False
73     mathescape = False
74     escapeinside = ""
75     envname = 'Verbatim'
76     lang = 'tex'
77     def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
78         super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
79         self.linenos = self.ensure_bool(self.linenos)
80         self.linenostart = abs(int(self.linenostart))
81         self.linenostep = abs(int(self.linenostep))
82         self.texcomments = self.ensure_bool(self.texcomments)
83         self.mathescape = self.ensure_bool(self.mathescape)

```

3.3 FVclass

```

84 class FVOpts(BaseOpts):
85     gobble = 0
86     tabsize = 4
87     linenosep = 'Opt'
88     commentchar = ''
89     frame = 'none'
90     label = ''
91     labelposition = 'none'
92     numbers = 'left'
93     numbersep = r'\hspace{1ex}'
94     firstnumber = 'auto'
95     stepnumber = 1
96     numberblanklines = True
97     firstline = ''
98     lastline = ''
99     baselinestretch = 'auto'
100    resetmargins = True
101    xleftmargin = 'Opt'
102    xrightmargin = 'Opt'
103    hfuzz = '2pt'
104    samepage = False
105    def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
106        super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
107        self.gobble = abs(int(self.gobble))
108        self.tabsize = abs(int(self.tabsize))
109        if self.firstnumber != 'auto':
110            self.firstnumber = abs(int(self.firstnumber))
111        self.stepnumber = abs(int(self.stepnumber))
112        self.numberblanklines = self.ensure_bool(self.numberblanklines)
113        self.resetmargins = self.ensure_bool(self.resetmargins)
114        self.samepage = self.ensure_bool(self.samepage)

```

3.4 Argumentsclass

```

115 class Arguments(BaseOpts):
116     cache = False
117     debug = False
118     code = ""
119     style = "default"
120     json = ""
121     directory = "."
122     texopts = TeXOpts()
123     pygopts = PygOpts()
124     fv_opts = FVOpts()
125     directory = ""

```

4 Controller main class

```

126 class Controller:

```

4.1 Static methods

object_hook Helper for json parsing.

```

127     @staticmethod
128     def object_hook(d):
129         __cls__ = d.get('__cls__', 'Arguments')
130         print('HOOK __cls__', __cls__, d.get('code', 'FAILED'))
131         if __cls__ == 'PygOpts':
132             return PygOpts(d)
133         elif __cls__ == 'FVOpts':
134             return FVOpts(d)
135         elif __cls__ == 'TeXOpts':
136             return TeXOpts(d)
137         else:
138             return Arguments(d)

```

lua_command *self.lua_command(<asynchronous lua command>)*
lua_command_now *self.lua_command_now(<synchronous lua command>)*
lua_debug

Wraps the given command between markers. It will be in the output of the `coder-tool.py`, further captured by `coder-util.lua` and either forwarded to \TeX or executed synchronously.

```

139     @staticmethod
140     def lua_command(cmd):
141         print(f'<<<<<LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
142     @staticmethod
143     def lua_command_now(cmd):
144         print(f'<<<<<!LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
145     @staticmethod
146     def lua_debug(msg):
147         print(f'<<<<<?LUA:{msg}>>>>>')

```

`lua_text_escape` `self.lua_text_escape(<text>)`

Wraps the given command between [=...=[and]=...=] with as many equal signs as necessary to ensure a correct lua syntax.

```
148 @staticmethod
149 def lua_text_escape(s):
150     k = 0
151     for m in re.findall('+=', s):
152         if len(m) > k: k = len(m)
153     k = (k + 1) * "="
154     return f'[{k}][{{s}}]{k}]'
```

4.2 Computed properties

`self.json_p` The full path to the `json` file containing all the data used for the processing.

(End definition for `self.json_p`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```
155 _json_p = None
156 @property
157 def json_p(self):
158     p = self._json_p
159     if p:
160         return p
161     else:
162         p = self.arguments.json
163         if p:
164             p = Path(p).resolve()
165         self._json_p = p
166     return p
```

`self.pygd_p` The full path to the directory containing the various output files related to `pygments`. When not given inside the `json` file, this is the directory of the `json` file itself. The directory is created when missing.

(End definition for `self.pygd_p`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```
167 _pygd_p = None
168 @property
169 def pygd_p(self):
170     p = self._pygd_p
171     if p:
172         return p
173     p = self.arguments.directory
174     if p:
175         p = Path(p)
176     else:
177         p = self.json_p
178         if p:
179             p = p.parent
180         else:
181             p = Path('SHARED')
182     if p:
183         p = p.resolve().with_suffix(".pygd")
```

```

184         p.mkdir(exist_ok=True)
185         self._pygd_p = p
186         return p

self.pyg_sty_p The full path to the style file with definition created by pygments.

(End definition for self.pyg_sty_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

187     @property
188     def pyg_sty_p(self):
189         return (self.pygd_p / self.pygopts.style).with_suffix(".pyg.sty")

self.parser The correctly set up argparse instance.

(End definition for self.parser. This variable is documented on page ??.)

190     @property
191     def parser(self):
192         parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
193             prog=sys.argv[0],
194             description='''
195 Writes to the output file a set of LaTeX macros describing
196 the syntax highlighting of the input file as given by pygments.
197 '''
198         )
199         parser.add_argument(
200             "-v", "--version",
201             help="Print the version and exit",
202             action='version',
203             version=f'coder-tool version {__version__},
204             ' (c) {__YEAR__} by Jérôme LAURENS.'
205         )
206         parser.add_argument(
207             "--debug",
208             action='store_true',
209             default=None,
210             help="display informations useful for debugging"
211         )
212         parser.add_argument(
213             "json",
214             metavar="<json data file>",
215             help="""
216 file name with extension, contains processing information
217 """
218         )
219         return parser
220

```

4.3 Methods

4.3.1 `__init__`

`__init__` Constructor. Reads the command line arguments.


```

221 def __init__(self, argv = sys.argv):
222     argv = argv[1:] if re.match(".*coder\-\tool\.py$", argv[0]) else argv
223     ns = self.parser.parse_args(
224         argv if len(argv) else ['-h']
225     )
226     with open(ns.json, 'r') as f:
227         self.arguments = json.load(
228             f,
229             object_hook = Controller.object_hook
230         )
231     args = self.arguments
232     args.json = ns.json
233     texopts = self.texopts = args.texopts
234     pygopts = self.pygopts = args.pygopts
235     fv_opts = self.fv_opts = args.fv_opts
236     formatter = self.formatter = LatexFormatter(
237         style = pygopts.style,
238         nobackground = pygopts.nobackground,
239         commandprefix = pygopts.commandprefix,
240         texcomments = pygopts.texcomments,
241         mathescape = pygopts.mathescape,
242         escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside,
243         envname = 'CDR@Pyg@Verbatim',
244     )
245
246     try:
247         lexer = self.lexer = get_lexer_by_name(pygopts.lang)
248     except ClassNotFound as err:
249         sys.stderr.write('Error: ')
250         sys.stderr.write(str(err))
251
252     escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside
253     # When using the LaTeX formatter and the option 'escapeinside' is
254     # specified, we need a special lexer which collects escaped text
255     # before running the chosen language lexer.
256     if len(escapeinside) == 2:
257         left = escapeinside[0]
258         right = escapeinside[1]
259         lexer = self.lexer = LatexEmbeddedLexer(left, right, lexer)
260
261     gobble = fv_opts.gobble
262     if gobble:
263         lexer.add_filter('gobble', n=gobble)
264     tabsize = fv_opts.tabsize
265     if tabsize:
266         lexer.tabsize = tabsize
267     lexer.encoding = ''
268

```

4.3.2 get_pyg_tex_p

`get_pyg_tex_p` $\langle \text{variable} \rangle = \text{self.get_pyg_tex_p}(\langle \text{digest string} \rangle)$

The full path of the file where the colored commands created by `pygments` are stored. The digest allows to uniquely identify the code initially colored such that caching is easier.

```
269 def get_pyg_tex_p(self, digest):
270     return (self.pygd_p / digest).with_suffix(".pyg.tex")
```

4.3.3 create_style

`self.create_style` `self.create_style()`

Where the $\langle \text{style} \rangle$ is created. Does quite nothing if the style is already available.

```
271 def create_style(self):
272     arguments = self.arguments
273     texopts = arguments.texopts
274     if texopts.ignore_style:
275         return
276     pyg_sty_p = Path(texopts.pyg_sty_p)
277     if arguments.cache and pyg_sty_p.exists():
278         if arguments.debug:
279             self.lua_debug(f'Style already available: {os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p)}')
280         return
281     texopts = self.texopts
282     style = self.pygopts.style
283     if texopts.ignore_style:
284         if arguments.debug:
285             self.lua_debug(f'Style already available: {style}')
286         return
287     formatter = self.formatter
288     style_defs = formatter.get_style_defs() \
289         .replace(r'\makeatletter', '') \
290         .replace(r'\makeatother', '') \
291         .replace('\n', '%\n')
292     sty = self.texopts.sty_template.replace(
293         '<placeholder:style_name>',
294         style,
295     ).replace(
296         '<placeholder:style_defs>',
297         style_defs,
298     ).replace(
299         '{}%',
300         '{%}\n}%{'
301     ).replace(
302         '[]%',
303         '[%]\n}%{'
304     ).replace(
305         '{}]%',
306         '{%[\n]}%'
307     )
```

```

308     with pyg_sty_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
309         f.write(sty)
310     cmd = rf'\input{{.{os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p)}}}%\'
311     self.lua_command_now(
312         rf'tex.print({self.lua_text_escape(cmd)})\'
313     )

```

4.3.4 pygmentize

`self.pygmentize` `<code variable> = self.pygmentize(<code>[, inline=<yorn>])`

Where the `<code>` is highlighted by pygments.

```

314     def pygmentize(self, code):
315         code = highlight(code, self.lexer, self.formatter)
316         m = re.match(
317             r'\begin{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}.*?\n(.*)\n\\end{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}\s*\Z',
318             code,
319             flags=re.S
320         )
321         assert(m)
322         highlighted = m.group(1)
323         texopts = self.texopts
324         if texopts.inline:
325             return texopts.code_template.replace(
326                 '<placeholder:highlighted>', highlighted
327             ).replace(
328                 '<placeholder:style_name>', self.pygopts.style
329             )
330         fv_opts = self.fv_opts
331         lines = highlighted.split('\n')
332         number = firstnumber = fv_opts.firstnumber
333         stepnumber = fv_opts.stepnumber
334         no = ''
335         numbering = fv_opts.numbers != 'none'
336         ans_code = []
337         def more(template):
338             ans_code.append(template.replace(
339                 '<placeholder:number>', f'{number}',
340             ).replace(
341                 '<placeholder:line>', line,
342             ))
343             number += 1
344         if len(lines) == 1:
345             line = lines.pop(0)
346             more(texopts.single_line_template)
347         elif len(lines):
348             line = lines.pop(0)
349             more(texopts.first_line_template)
350             line = lines.pop(0)
351             more(texopts.second_line_template)
352             if stepnumber < 2:
353                 def template():
354                     return texopts.black_line_template

```

```

355     elif stepnumber % 5 == 0:
356         def template():
357             return texopts.black_line_template if number %\
358                 stepnumber == 0 else texopts.white_line_template
359     else:
360         def template():
361             return texopts.black_line_template if (number - firstnumber) %\
362                 stepnumber == 0 else texopts.white_line_template
363
364     for line in lines:
365         more(template())
366
367     highlighted = '\n'.join(ans_code)
368     return texopts.block_template.replace(
369         '<placeholder:count>', f'{number-firstnumber}'
370     ).replace(
371         '<placeholder:highlighted>', highlighted
372     )
373     """
374     """    ans_code.append(fr'''%
375     """\begin{{CDR@Block/engine/{pygopts.style}}}}
376     """\CDRBlock@linenos@used:n {{{','.join(numbers)}}}%
377     """{m.group(1)}{'\n'.join(lines)}{m.group(3)}%
378     """\end{{CDR@Block/engine/{pygopts.style}}}}
379     """''')
380     """    ans_code = "".join(ans_code)
381     """    return texopts.block_template.replace('<placeholder:highlighted>',highlighted)

```

4.3.5 create_pygmented

self.create_pygmented self.create_pygmented()

Call self.pygmentize and save the resulting pygmented code at the proper location.

```

382     def create_pygmented(self):
383         arguments = self.arguments
384         texopts = arguments.texopts
385         if texopts.ignore_code:
386             return True
387         code = arguments.code
388         if not code:
389             return False
390         pyg_tex_p = Path(texopts.pyg_tex_p)
391         code = self.pygmentize(code)
392         with pyg_tex_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
393             f.write(code)
394         cmd = rf'\input{{.{os.path.relpath(pyg_tex_p)}}}%\'
395         self.lua_command_now(
396             rf'tex.print({self.lua_text_escape(cmd)})\'
397         )
398         print("PREMATURE EXIT")
399         exit(1)

```

4.4 Main entry

```
400 if __name__ == '__main__':
401     try:
402         ctrl = Controller()
403         x = ctrl.create_style() or ctrl.create_pygmented()
404         print(f'{sys.argv[0]}: done')
405         sys.exit(x)
406     except KeyboardInterrupt:
407         sys.exit(1)
408 %</py>
```

File III

coder.sty implementation

```
1 %<*sty>
2 \makeatletter
```

1 Installation test

```
3 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRTest {} {
4   \sys_if_shell:TF {
5     \CDR_has_pygments:F {
6       \msg_warning:nnn
7         { coder }
8         { :n }
9         { No-"pygmentize"~found. }
10    }
11  } {
12    \msg_warning:nnn
13      { coder }
14      { :n }
15      { No~unrestricted~shell~escape~for~"pygmentize".}
16  }
17 }
```

2 Messages

```
18 \msg_new:nnn { coder } { unknown-choice } {
19   #1~given~value~'#3'~not~in~#2
20 }
```

3 Constants

\c_CDR_tag Paths of L3keys modules.
\c_CDR_Tags These are root path components used throughout the package.

```
21 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_Tags { CDR@Tags }
22 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_tag { \c_CDR_Tags/tag }
```

(End definition for \c_CDR_tag and \c_CDR_Tags. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\c_CDR_tag_get` Root identifier for tag properties, used throughout the package.
`\c_CDR_slash`

```
23 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_get { CDR@tag@get }
24 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_slash { \tl_to_str:n {/} }
```

(End definition for \c_CDR_tag_get and \c_CDR_slash. These variables are documented on page ??.)

4 Implementation details

As far as possible, macro making assignments to variables are protected. All variables following expl3 naming conventions are implementation details and therefore must be considered private.

5 Variables

5.1 Internal scratch variables

These local variables are used in a very limited scope.

`\l_CDR_bool` Local scratch variable.

```
25 \bool_new:N \l_CDR_bool
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_tl` Local scratch variable.

```
26 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_str` Local scratch variable.

```
27 \str_new:N \l_CDR_str
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_str. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_seq` Local scratch variable.

```
28 \seq_new:N \l_CDR_seq
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_seq. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_prop` Local scratch variable.

```
29 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_prop
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_clist` The comma separated list of current chunks.

```
30 \clist_new:N \l_CDR_clist
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_clist. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.2 Files

`\l_CDR_in` Input file identifier

```
31 \ior_new:N \l_CDR_in
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_in. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_out` Output file identifier

```
32 \iow_new:N \l_CDR_out
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_out. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.3 Global variables

Line number counter for the code chunks.

`\g_CDR_code_int` Chunk number counter.

```
33 \int_new:N \g_CDR_code_int
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_code_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_code_prop` Global code property list.

```
34 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_code_prop
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_code_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_chunks_tl` The comma separated list of current chunks. If the next list of chunks is the same as the
`\l_CDR_chunks_tl` current one, then it might not display.

```
35 \tl_new:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
```

```
36 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_chunks_tl and \l_CDR_chunks_tl. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_vars` Tree storage for global variables.

```
37 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_vars
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_vars. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_hook_tl` Hook general purpose.

```
38 \tl_new:N \g_CDR_hook_tl
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_hook_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>` List of chunk keys for given named code.

(End definition for \g/CDR/Chunks/<name>. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.4 Local variables

`\l_CDR_keyval_tl` keyval storage.

```
39 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_keyval_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_keyval_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_options_tl` options storage.

```
40 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_options_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_options_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_recorded_tl` Full verbatim body of the CDR environment.

```
41 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_recorded_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_int` Global integer to store linenos locally in time.

```
42 \int_new:N \g_CDR_int
```

(End definition for \g_CDR_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_line_tl` Token list for one line.

```
43 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_line_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_line_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_lineno_tl` Token list for lineno display.

```
44 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_lineno_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_lineno_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_name_tl` Token list for chunk name display.

```
45 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_name_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_name_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_info_tl` Token list for the info of line.

```
46 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_info_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_info_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

6 Tag properties

The tag properties concern the code chunks. They are set from different path, such that `\l_keys_path_str` must be properly parsed for that purpose. Commands in this section and the next ones contain `CDR_tag`.

The `<tag names>` starting with a double underscore are reserved by the package.

6.1 Helpers

`\g_CDR_tag_path_seq` Global variable to store relative key path. Used for automatic management to know what has been defined explicitly.

```
47 \seq_new:N \g_CDR_tag_path_seq
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_tag_path_seq`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDR_tag_get_path:cc` ★ `\CDR_tag_get_path:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}`

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```
48 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
49   \c_CDR_tag_get @ #1 / #2
50 }
```

6.2 Set

`\CDR_tag_set:ccn` `\CDR_tag_set:ccn {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<value>}`

`\CDR_tag_set:ccV`

Store `<value>`, which is further retrieved with the instruction `\CDR_tag_get:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}`. Only `<tag name>` and `<relative key path>` containing no `@` character are supported. Record the relative key path (the part after the tag name) of the current full key path in `g_CDR_tag_path_seq`. All the affectations are made at the current `TEX` group level. *Nota Bene:* `\cs_generate_variant:Nn` is buggy when there is a ‘c’ argument.

```
51 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
52   \seq_put_left:Nx \g_CDR_tag_path_seq { #2 }
53   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
54 }
55 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccV #1 #2 #3 {
56   \exp_args:NnnV
57   \CDR_tag_set:ccn { #1 } { #2 } #3
58 }
```

`\c_CDR_tag_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```
59 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([~/*])(.*)$ } \use_none:n { $ }
60 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
61 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
62 \exp_args:NNV
63 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_tag_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDR_tag_set:n` `\CDR_tag_set:n {<value>}`

The value is provided but not the `<dir>` nor the `<relative key path>`, both are guessed from `\l_keys_path_str`. More precisely, `\l_keys_path_str` is expected to read something like `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>/<relative key path>`, an exception is raised on the contrary. This is meant to be call from `\keys_define:nn` argument. Implementation detail: the last argument is parsed by the last command.

```

64 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:n {
65   \exp_args:NnV
66   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
67   \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
68     \CDR_tag_set:ccn
69     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
70     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
71   } {
72     \PackageWarning
73     { coder }
74     { Unexpected~key~path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
75     \use_none:n
76   }
77 }

```

\CDR_tag_set: \CDR_tag_set:

None of $\langle dir \rangle$, $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$ and $\langle value \rangle$ are provided. The latter is guessed from $\l_keys_value_tl$, and CDR_tag_set:n is called. This is meant to be call from \keys_define:nn argument.

```

78 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set: {
79   \exp_args:NV
80   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_value_tl
81 }

```

\CDR_tag_set:cn \CDR_tag_set:cn { $\langle key\ path \rangle$ } { $\langle value \rangle$ }

When the last component of $\l_keys_path_str$ should not be used to store the $\langle value \rangle$, but $\langle key\ path \rangle$ should be used instead. This last component is replaced and CDR_tag_set:n is called afterwards. Implementation detail: the second argument is parsed by the last command of the expansion.

```

82 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:cn #1 {
83   \exp_args:NnV
84   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
85   \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
86     \CDR_tag_set:ccn
87     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
88     { #1 }
89   } {
90     \PackageWarning
91     { coder }
92     { Unexpected~key~path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
93     \use_none:n
94   }
95 }

```

\CDR_tag_choices: \CDR_tag_choices:

Ensure that the $\l_keys_path_str$ is set properly. This is where a syntax like $\text{\keys_set:nn \{...\} \{ choice/a \}}$ is managed.

```

96 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_root_regex { ^(.*)/.*$ } \use_none:n { $ }
97 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices: {
98   \exp_args:NVV
99   \str_if_eq:nnT \l_keys_key_tl \l_keys_choice_tl {
100     \exp_args:NnV
101     \regex_extract_once:NnNT \c_CDR_root_regex
102       \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
103       \str_set:Nx \l_keys_path_str {
104         \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
105       }
106     }
107   }
108 }

```

\CDR_tag_choices_set: \CDR_tag_choices_set:

Calls \CDR_tag_set:n with the content of \l_keys_choice_tl as value. Before, ensure that the \l_keys_path_str is set properly.

```

109 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices_set: {
110   \CDR_tag_choices:
111   \exp_args:NV
112   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_choice_tl
113 }

```

\CDR_if_truthy:nTF \CDR_if_truthy:nTF {<token list>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

\CDR_if_truthy:eTF Execute <true code> when <token list> is a truthy value, <false code> otherwise. A truthy value is a text which leading character, if any, is none of “fFnN”.

```

114 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { p, T, F, TF } {
115   \exp_args:Nf
116   \str_compare:nNnTF { \str_lowercase:n { #1 } } = { false } {
117     \prg_return_false:
118   } {
119     \prg_return_true:
120   }
121 }
122 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { e } { p, T, F, TF }

```

\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n {<choice>}

Calls \CDR_tag_set:n with true if the argument is truthy, false otherwise.

```

123 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n #1 {
124   \CDR_if_truthy:nTF { #1 } {
125     \CDR_tag_set:n { true }
126   } {
127     \CDR_tag_set:n { false }
128   }
129 }
130 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n { x }

```

6.3 Retrieving tag properties

Internally, all tag properties are collected with a full key path like `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩`. When typesetting some code with either the `\CDRCode` command or the `CDRBlock` environment, all properties defined locally are collected under the reserved `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local/⟨relative path⟩` full key paths. The `l3keys` module `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local` is modified in T_EX groups only. For running text code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩` for the provided `⟨tag name⟩`,
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.code`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using `pygments`

For text block code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name1⟩`, ..., `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨namen⟩` for each tag name of the ordered tags list
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.block`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments.block`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
7. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.block`
8. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using `pygments`

```
\CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF * \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} ⟨relative key path⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
```

If the `⟨relative key path⟩` is known within `⟨tag name⟩`, the `⟨true code⟩` is executed, otherwise, the `⟨false code⟩` is executed. No inheritance.

```

131 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:cc { T, F, TF } {
132   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
133     \prg_return_true:
134   } {
135     \prg_return_false:
136   }
137 }
```

\CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF ★ \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

If the <relative key path> is known within <tag name>, the <true code> is executed, otherwise, the <false code> is executed if none of the parents has the <relative key path> on its own.

```

138 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:cc { T, F, TF } {
139   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
140     \prg_return_true:
141   } {
142     \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
143       \seq_map_tokens:cn
144         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
145         { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #2 } }
146     } {
147       \prg_return_false:
148     }
149   }
150 }
151 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn #1 #2 {
152   \quark_if_no_value:nTF { #2 } {
153     \seq_map_break:n {
154       \prg_return_false:
155     }
156   } {
157     \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
158       \seq_map_break:n {
159         \prg_return_true:
160       }
161     }
162   }
163 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:cc ★ \CDR_tag_get:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}

The property value stored for <tag name> and <relative key path>. Takes care of inheritance.

```

164 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cc #1 #2 {
165   \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
166     \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
167   } {
168     \seq_if_exist:cT { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
169       \seq_map_tokens:cn
170         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
171         { \CDR_tag_get_f:cn { #2 } }
172     }
173   }
174 }
175 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_f:cn #1 #2 {
176   \quark_if_no_value:nF { #2 } {
177     \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
178       \seq_map_break:n {

```

```

179         \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #2 } { #1 } }
180     }
181 }
182 }
183 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:c ★ **\CDR_tag_get:n** {<relative key path>}

The property value stored for the `__local` <tag name> and <relative key path>. Takes care of inheritance. Implementation detail: the parameter is parsed by the last command of the expansion.

```

184 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:c {
185     \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local }
186 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:cN **\CDR_tag_get:cN** {<relative key path>} {<tl variable>}

Put in <tl variable> the property value stored for the `__local` <tag name> and <relative key path>.

```

187 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cN #1 #2 {
188     \tl_set:Nx #2 { \CDR_tag_get:c { #1 } }
189 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF **\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF** {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} <tl var> {<true code>} {<false code>}

Getter with branching. If the <relative key path> is known, save the value into <tl var> and execute <true code>. Otherwise, execute <false code>.

```

190 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
191     \CDR_tag_if_exist:nnTF { #1 } { #2 } {
192         \tl_set:Nx #3 \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 }
193         \prg_return_true:
194     } {
195         \prg_return_false:
196     }
197 }

```

6.4 Inheritance

When a child inherits from a parent, all the keys of the parent that are not inherited are made available to the child (inheritance does not jump over generations).

\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c ★ **\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c** {<tag name>}

Return the name of the sequence variable containing the list of the parents. Each child has its own sequence of parents.

```

198 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c #1 {
199     g_CDR:parent.tag @ #1 _seq
200 }

```

```
\CDR_tag_inherit:cn \CDR_tag_inherit:cn {<child name>} {<parent names comma list>}
```

Set the parents of *<child name>* to the given list.

```
201 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cn #1 #2 {
202   \seq_set_from_clist:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } { #2 }
203   \seq_remove_duplicates:c \l_CDR_tl
204   \seq_remove_all:cn \l_CDR_tl {}
205   \seq_put_right:cn \l_CDR_tl { \q_no_value }
206 }
207 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cx {
208   \exp_args:Nnx \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
209 }
210 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cV {
211   \exp_args:NnV \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
212 }
```

7 Cache management

If there is no *<jobname>.aux* file, there should be no cached files either, `coder-util.lua` is asked to clean all of them, if any.

```
213 \AddToHook { begindocument/before } {
214   \IfFileExists {./\jobname.aux} {} {
215     \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_all()}
216   }
217 }
```

At the end of the document, `coder-util.lua` is asked to clean all unused cached files that could come from a previous process.

```
218 \AddToHook { enddocument/end } {
219   \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_unused()}
220 }
```

8 Utilities

```
\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn <clist var> {<empty code>} {<non empty code>}
```

Execute *<empty code>* when the list is empty, otherwise call `\clist_map_inline:Nn` with *<non empty code>*.

```
221 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn #1 #2 {
222   \clist_if_empty:NTF #1 {
223     #2
224     \use_none:n
225   } {
226     \clist_map_inline:Nn #1
227   }
228 }
```

<code>\CDR_if_block_p: *</code>	<code>\CDR_if_block:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}</code>
<code>\CDR_if_block:TF *</code>	Execute <code>⟨true code⟩</code> when inside a code block, <code>⟨false code⟩</code> when inside an inline code. Raises an error otherwise.

```

229 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
230   \PackageError
231     { coder }
232     { Conditional~not~available }
233 }

```

<code>\CDR_process_record:</code>	Record the current line or not. The default implementation does nothing and is meant to be defines locally.
-----------------------------------	---

```

234 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_record: {}

```

9 l3keys modules for code chunks

All these modules are initialized at the beginning of the document using the `__initialize` meta key.

9.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}</code>
--------------------------------------	--

The `⟨module⟩` is uniquely based on `⟨module base⟩` before forwarding to `\keys_define:nn`.

```

235 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_define:nn { Vn, xn }
236 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn #1 {
237   \keys_define:xn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
238 }
239 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { nx }

```

<code>\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}</code>
-----------------------------------	---

The `⟨module⟩` is uniquely based on `⟨module base⟩` before forwarding to `\keys_set:nn`.

```

240 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn #1 {
241   \exp_args:Nx
242   \keys_set:nn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
243 }
244 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { nV }

```

9.1.1 Handling unknown tags

While using `\keys_set:nn` and variants, each time a full key path matching the pattern `\c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩` is not recognized, we assume that the client implicitly wants a tag with the given `⟨tag name⟩` to be defined. For that

purpose, we collect unknown keys with `\keys_set_known:nnnN` then process them to find each `<tag name>` and define the new tag accordingly. A similar situation occurs for display engine options where the full key path reads `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>/<engine name>` engine options where `<engine name>` is not known in advance.

`\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN` `\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN {<module>} {<key[=value] items>} <t1 var>`

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the `<root>` is also the `<module>`.

```

245 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN #1 #2 {
246   \keys_set_known:nnnN { #1 } { #2 } { #1 }
247 }
248 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { x, VV }

```

`\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn` `\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn {<tag root>} {<tag name>} {<parents comma list>}`

The `<tag name>` and parents are given relative to `<tag root>`. Set the inheritance.

```

249 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
250   \keys_define:nn { #1 } { #2 .inherit:n = { #3 } }
251 }
252 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
253   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
254     \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { } { #2 } { #3 }
255   } {
256     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #3 }
257     \exp_args:Nnnx
258     \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { #1 } { #2 } {
259       #1 / \clist_use:Nn \l_CDR_clist { ,#1/ }
260     }
261   }
262 }
263 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn { VnV, Vnn }

```

`\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN` `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN {<tag name>} {<key[=value] items>} <t1 var>`

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the module is given by `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>`. *Implementation detail* the remaining arguments are absorbed by the last macro.

```

264 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnnN { VVV, nVx }
265 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN #1 {
266   \CDR_keys_set_known:xnN { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
267 }
268 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { nV }

```

`\c_CDR_provide_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```

269 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^\/*])(?:/(.*))?$ } \use_none:n { $ }
270 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
271 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
272 \exp_args:NNV
273 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_provide_regex \l_CDR_tl

```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_provide_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```
\CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n    \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n {(deep comma list)}
\CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n  \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n {(key-value list)}
```

`<deep comma list>` has format `tag/<tag name comma list>`. Parse the `<key-value list>` for full key path matching `tag/<tag name>/<relative key path>`, then ensure that `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>` is a known full key path. For that purpose, we use `\keyval_parse:nnn` with two `\CDR_tag_provide:` helper.

Notice that a tag name should contain no `'/`.

```
274 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_engine_regex { ^[~/]*\sengine\soptions$ } \use_none:n { $ }
275 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n #1 {
276   \exp_args:NNx
277   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_provide_regex {
278     \c_CDR_Tags / #1
279   } \l_CDR_seq {
280     \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
281     \exp_args:Nx
282     \clist_map_inline:nn {
283       \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
284     } {
285       \exp_args:NV
286       \keys_if_exist:nnF \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
287         \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
288           __pygments, __pygments.block,
289           default.block, default.code, default,
290           __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
291         }
292         \keys_define:Vn \c_CDR_tag {
293           ##1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { #####1 },
294           ##1 .value_required:n = true,
295         }
296       }
297       \exp_args:NxV
298       \keys_if_exist:nnF { \c_CDR_tag / ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
299         \exp_args:NNV
300         \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex
301         \l_CDR_tl {
302           \CDR_tag_keys_define:nx { ##1 } {
303             \l_CDR_tl .code:n = \exp_not:n { \CDR_tag_set:n { #####1 } },
304             \l_CDR_tl .value_required:n = true,
305           }
306         }
307       }
308     }
309   } {
310     \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex { #1 } {
311       \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
312         #1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ##1 },
313         #1 .value_required:n = true,
314       }
315     }
316   }
```

```

317 }
318 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn #1 #2 {
319   \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n { #1 }
320 }
321 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n {
322   \keyval_parse:nnn {
323     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n
324   } {
325     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn
326   }
327 }
328 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n { V }

```

9.2 pygments

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, that are not covered by `__fancyvrb`. They are made available at the end user level, but may not be relevant when pygments is not used.

9.2.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_has_pygments_p: *</code> <code>\CDR_has_pygments:TF *</code>	<code>\CDR_has_pygments:TF {<true code>} {<false code>}</code> Execute <code><true code></code> when pygments is available, <code><false code></code> otherwise. <i>Implementation detail:</i> we define the conditionals and set them afterwards.
--	---

```

329 \sys_get_shell:nnN {which-pygmentize} {} \l_CDR_tl
330 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } { }
331 \tl_if_in:NnTF \l_CDR_tl { pygmentize } {
332   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
333     \prg_return_true:
334   }
335 } {
336   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
337     \prg_return_false:
338   }
339 }


```

9.2.2 `__pygments` `l3keys` module

```

340 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments } {


```

 `lang=<language name>` where `<language name>` is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```

341   lang .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
342   lang .value_required:n = true,

```

 `pygments[=true|false]` whether pygments should be used for syntax coloring. Initially true if pygments is available, false otherwise.

```

343   pygments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **style**=*<style name>* where *<style name>* is recognized by `pygments`, including a void string,

```
344 style .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
345 style .value_required:n = true,
```

● **commandprefix**=*<text>* The \LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `PY`.

```
346 commandprefix .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
347 commandprefix .value_required:n = true,
```

● **mathescape**[=*true|false*] If set to `true`, enables \LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially `false`.

```
348 mathescape .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
349 mathescape .default:n = true,
```

● **escapeinside**=*<before>**<after>* If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to \LaTeX . Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as \LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if `texcomments` or `mathescape` is set. Initially empty.

```
350 escapeinside .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
351 escapeinside .value_required:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** Initializer.

```
352 __initialize .meta:n = {
353   lang = tex,
354   pygments = \CDR_has_pygments:TF { true } { false },
355   style=default,
356   commandprefix=PY,
357   mathescape=false,
358   escapeinside=,
359 },
360 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

361 }
362 \AtBeginDocument{
363   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments } { __initialize }
364 }
```

9.2.3 `\c_CDR_tag / __pygments.block l3keys` module

```
365 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments.block } {
```

● **texcomments**[=*true|false*] If set to `true`, enables \LaTeX comment lines. That is, \LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that \LaTeX can render it. Initially `false`.

```
366 texcomments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
367 texcomments .default:n = true,
```

```

368  __initialize .meta:n = {
369      texcomments=false,
370  },
371  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
372  }
373  \AtBeginDocument{
374      \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments.block } { __initialize }
375  }

```

9.3 Specific to coder

9.3.1 default l3keys module

```

376 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {

```

Keys are:

● **cache** Set to true if coder-tool.py should use already existing files instead of creating new ones.

```

377 cache .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **debug** Set to true if various debugging messages should be printed to the console .

```

378 debug .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **post processor**=*<command>* the command for pygments post processor. This is a string where every occurrence of “%%file%%” is replaced by the full path of the *.pyg.tex file to be post processed and then executed as terminal instruction. Initially empty.

```

379 post~processor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
380 post~processor .value_required:n = true,

```

● **parskip** the value of the \parskip in code blocks,

```

381 parskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
382 parskip .value_required:n = true,

```

● **engine**=*<engine name>* to specify the engine used to display inline code or blocks. Initially default.

```

383 engine .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
384 engine .value_required:n = true,

```

● **default engine options**=*<default engine options>* to specify the corresponding options,

```

385 default~engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
386 default~engine~options .value_required:n = true,

```

● **<engine name> engine options=<engine options>** to specify the options for the named engine,

● **__initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use **.initial:n** actions because the **\l_keys_path_str** is not set up properly.

```
387 __initialize .meta:n = {
388   cache = false,
389   debug = false,
390   post-processor = ,
391   parskip = \the\parskip,
392   engine = default,
393   default~engine~options = ,
394 },
395 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
396 }
397 \AtBeginDocument{
398   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default } { __initialize }
399 }
```

9.3.2 default.code l3keys module

Void for the moment.

```
400 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.code } {
```

Known keys include:

● **__initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use **.initial:n** actions because the **\l_keys_path_str** is not set up properly.

```
401 __initialize .meta:n = {
402 },
403 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
404 }
405 \AtBeginDocument{
406   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.code } { __initialize }
407 }
```

9.3.3 default.block l3keys module

```
408 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.block } {
```

Known keys include:

● **show tags[=true|false]** to enable/disable the display of the code chunks tags. Initially true.

● **tags=<tag name comma list>** to export and display.

```

409 tags .code:n = {
410   \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist { #1 }
411   \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_tags_clist
412   \exp_args:NV
413   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_CDR_tags_clist
414 },
415 tags .value_required:n = true,

```

```

416 show~tags .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **only** `top[=true|false]` to avoid chunk tags repetitions, if on the same page, two consecutive code chunks have the same tag names, the second names are not displayed.

```

417 only~top .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **use margin** `[=true|false]` to use the margin to display line numbers and tag names, or not,

```

418 use~margin .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **tags format** `=⟨format⟩` , where `⟨format⟩` is used to display the tag names (mainly font, size and color),

```

419 tags~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
420 tags~format .value_required:n = true,

```

● **blockskip** the separation with the surrounding text, above and below. Initially `\topsep`.

```

421 blockskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
422 blockskip .value_required:n = true,

```

● **__initialize** the separation with the surrounding text. Initially `\topsep`.

```

423 __initialize .meta:n = {
424   tags = ,
425   show~tags = true,
426   only~top = true,
427   use~margin = true,
428   tags~format = {
429     \sffamily
430     \scriptsize
431     \color{gray}
432   },
433   blockskip = \topsep,
434 },
435 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

```

```

436 }
437 \AtBeginDocument{
438   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.block } { __initialize }
439 }

```

9.4 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

9.4.1 \c_CDR_tag/__fancyvrb l3keys module

```
440 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb } {
```

● **formatcom**=*<command>* execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `code` mode.

```
441   formatcom .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
442   formatcom .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontfamily**=** font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

```
443   fontfamily .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
444   fontfamily .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontsize**=** size of the font to use. If you use the `relsize` package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: `fontsize=\relsize{-2}`). Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
445   fontsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
446   fontsize .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontshape**=** font shape to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
447   fontshape .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
448   fontshape .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontseries**=*<series name>* L^AT_EX font series to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
449   fontseries .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
450   fontseries .value_required:n = true,
```

● **showspaces**[*=true|false*] print a special character representing each space. Initially `false`: spaces not shown.

```
451   showspaces .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

● **showtabs**=*true|false* explicitly show tab characters. Initially `false`: tab characters not shown.

```
452   showtabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```


🔴 **obeytabs=true|false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.

```
453 obeytabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

🔴 **tabsize=<integer>** number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).

```
454 tabsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
455 tabsize .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **defineactive=<macro>** to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.

```
456 defineactive .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
457 defineactive .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **relabel=<label>** define a label to be used with \pageref. Initially empty.

```
458 relabel .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
459 relabel .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
460 __initialize .meta:n = {
461   formatcom = ,
462   fontfamily = tt,
463   fontsize = auto,
464   fontseries = auto,
465   fontshape = auto,
466   showspaces = false,
467   showtabs = false,
468   obeytabs = false,
469   tabsize = 2,
470   defineactive = ,
471   relabel = ,
472 },
473 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

474 }
475 \AtBeginDocument{
476   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb } { __initialize }
477 }
```

9.4.2 __fancyvrb.block l3keys module

Block specific options, except numbering.

```
478 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_integer_regex { ^(+|-)?\d+$ } \use_none:n { $ }
479 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.block } {
```

🔴 **frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With leftline and single modes, a space of a length given by the L^AT_EX \fboxsep macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially none: no frame.

```

480 frame .choices:nn =
481   { none, leftline, topline, bottomline, lines, single }
482   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },

```

- **label**=[[*top string*]]*string* label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional *top string* is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and *string* for the bottom line. Otherwise, *string* is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.

```

483 label .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
484 label .value_required:n = true,

```

- **labelposition**=**none**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame=topline** and **labelposition=bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.

```

485 labelposition .choices:nn =
486   { none, topline, bottomline, all }
487   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },

```

- **baselinestretch**=**auto**|*dimension* value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` L^AT_EX parameter. Initially **auto**: its current value just before the verbatim command.

```

488 baselinestretch .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
489 baselinestretch .value_required:n = true,

```

- ⊘ **commandchars**=*three characters* characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to **coder**, unavailable to users.

- **xleftmargin**=*dimension* indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially **Opt**: no left margin.

```

490 xleftmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
491 xleftmargin .value_required:n = true,

```

- **xrightmargin**=*dimension* right margin to add after each line. Initially **Opt**: no right margin.

```

492 xrightmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
493 xrightmargin .value_required:n = true,

```

- **resetmargins**[=**true**|**false**] reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially **true**.

```

494 resetmargins .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },

```

● **hfuzz**=*<dimension>* value to give to the T_EX `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.

```
495 hfuzz .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
496 hfuzz .value_required:n = true,
```

● **samepage**[=*true|false*] in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the `samepage` parameter to `true`. Initially `false`.

```
497 samepage .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

✓ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
498 __initialize .meta:n = {
499   frame = none,
500   label = ,
501   labelposition = none,% auto?
502   baselinestretch = auto,
503   resetmargins = true,
504   xleftmargin = 0pt,
505   xrightmargin = 0pt,
506   hfuzz = 2pt,
507   samepage = false,
508 },
509 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

510 }
511 \AtBeginDocument{
512   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.block } { __initialize }
513 }
```

9.4.3 `__fancyvrb.number l3keys` module

Block line numbering.

```
514 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.number } {
```

● **commentchar**=*<character>* lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.

```
515 commentchar .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
516 commentchar .value_required:n = true,
```

● **gobble**=*<integer>* number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only `block` mode.

```
517 gobble .choices:nn = {
518   0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
519 } {
520   \CDR_tag_choices_set:
521 },
```

- **numbers=*none|left|right*** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially *none*: no numbering.

```
522 numbers .choices:nn =
523   { none, left, right }
524   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

- **numbersep=*<dimension>*** gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

```
525 numbersep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
526 numbersep .value_required:n = true,
```

- **firstnumber=*auto|last|<integer>*** number of the first line. *last* means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially *auto*: numbering starts from 1.

```
527 firstnumber .code:n = {
528   \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_integer_regex { #1 } {
529     \CDR_tag_set:
530   } {
531     \str_case:nnF { #1 } {
532       { auto } { \CDR_tag_set: }
533       { last } { \CDR_tag_set: }
534     } {
535       \PackageWarning
536         { CDR }
537         { Value~'#1'~not~in~auto,~last. }
538     }
539   },
540   },
541   firstnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

- **stepnumber=*<integer>*** interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.

```
542 stepnumber .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
543 stepnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

- **numberblanklines[=*true|false*]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially *true*: all lines are numbered.

```
544 numberblanklines .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

- **firstline=*<integer>*** first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.

```
545 firstline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
546 firstline .value_required:n = true,
```

- **lastline=*<integer>*** last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.

```

547 lastline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
548 lastline .value_required:n = true,

```

✓ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

549 __initialize .meta:n = {
550   commentchar = ,
551   gobble = 0,
552   numbers = left,
553   numbersep = \hspace{1ex},
554   firstnumber = auto,
555   stepnumber = 1,
556   numberblanklines = true,
557   firstline = ,
558   lastline = ,
559 },
560 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
561 }
562 \AtBeginDocument{
563   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.number } { __initialize }
564 }

```

9.4.4 **__fancyvrb.all** l3keys module

Options available when `pygments` is not used.

```

565 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.all } {

```

● **commandchars**=*(three characters)* characters that define the character that starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; allows to introduce escape sequences in the verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters that are not used in the verbatim text! Initially `none`. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```

566 commandchars .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
567 commandchars .value_required:n = true,

```

● **codes**=*(macro)* to specify catcode changes. For instance, this allows us to include formatted mathematics in verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```

568 codes .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
569 codes .value_required:n = true,

```

✓ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

570 __initialize .meta:n = {
571   commandchars = ,
572   codes = ,
573 },
574 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
575 }
576 \AtBeginDocument{
577   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.all } { __initialize }
578 }

```

10 \CDRSet

\CDRSet \CDRSet {<key[=value] list>}
 \CDRSet {only description=true, font family=tt}
 \CDRSet {tag/default.code/font family=sf}

To set up the package. This is executed at least once at the end of the preamble. The unique mandatory argument of \CDRSet is a list of <key>[=<value>] items defined by the CDR@Set l3keys module.

10.1 CDR@Set l3keys module

```
579 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Set } {
```

- **only description** to typeset only the description section and ignore the implementation section.

```
580   only~description .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
581     \int_compare:nNnTF \l_keys_choice_int = 1 {
582       \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
583     } {
584       \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
585     }
586   },
587   only~description .initial:n = false,
```

- **python path** if automatic processing is not available, manually setting the path to the python utility is required. Giving a void path forces an automatic guess using which.

```
588   python-path .code:n = {
589     \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
590     \lua_now:n { CDR:set_python_path('l_CDR_str') }
591   },
592 }
```

10.2 Branching

\CDR_if_only_description_p: ★ \CDR_if_only_description:TF {<true code>} {<false code>}
\CDR_if_only_description:TF ★

Execute <true code> when only the description is expected, <false code> otherwise.
Implementation detail: the functions are defined as part of the CDR@Set l3keys module.

10.3 Implementation

\CDR_check_unknown:N \CDR_check_unknown:N {<tl variable>}

In normal situation, the argument is expected to be empty. When the argument is not empty, send a package warning for each key.

```

593 \exp_args_generate:n { xV, nnV }
594 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:N #1 {
595   \tl_if_empty:NF #1 {
596     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:n ##1 {
597       \PackageWarning
598         { coder }
599         { Unknow~key~'##1' }
600     }
601     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:nn ##1 ##2 {
602       \CDR_check_unknown:n { ##1 }
603     }
604     \exp_args:NnnV
605     \keyval_parse:nnn {
606       \CDR_check_unknown:n
607     } {
608       \CDR_check_unknown:nn
609     } #1
610   }
611 }

612 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRSet { m } {
613   \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { CDR@Set } { #1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
614   \clist_map_inline:nn {
615     __pygments, __pygments.block,
616     default.block, default.code, default,
617     __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
618   } {
619     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { ##1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
620   }
621   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
622   \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
623   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { default } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
624   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
625   \CDR_check_unknown:N \l_CDR_keyval_tl
626 }

```

11 \CDRExport

\CDRExport \CDRExport {<key[=value] controls>}

The <key>[=<value>] controls are defined by CDR@Export l3keys module.

11.1 Storage

\CDR_export_get_path:cc ★ \CDR_tag_export_path:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```

627 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
628   CDR @ export @ get @ #1 / #2
629 }

```

`\CDR_export_set:ccn` `\CDR_export_set:ccn {<file name>} {<relative key path>} {<value>}`
`\CDR_export_set:Vcn` Store `<value>`, which is further retrieved with the instruction `\CDR_get_get:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}`. All the affectations are made at the current T_EX group level.
`\CDR_export_set:VcV`

```

630 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
631   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
632 }
633 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:Vcn #1 {
634   \exp_args:NV
635   \CDR_export_set:ccn { #1 }
636 }
637 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:VcV #1 #2 #3 {
638   \exp_args:NvN
639   \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 { #2 } #3
640 }

```

`\CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF` * `\CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF {<file name>} <relative key path> {<true code>} {<false code>}`

If the `<relative key path>` is known within `<file name>`, the `<true code>` is executed, otherwise, the `<false code>` is executed.

```

641 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
642   \cs_if_exist:ccTF { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
643     \prg_return_true:
644   } {
645     \prg_return_false:
646   }
647 }

```

`\CDR_export_get:cc` * `\CDR_export_get:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}`

The property value stored for `<file name>` and `<relative key path>`.

```

648 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get:cc #1 #2 {
649   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccT { #1 } { #2 } {
650     \use:c { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
651   }
652 }

```

`\CDR_export_get:ccNTF` `\CDR_export_get:ccNTF {<file name>} {<relative key path>} <tl var> {<true code>} {<false code>}`

Get the property value stored for `<file name>` and `<relative key path>`, copy it to `<tl var>`. Execute `<true code>` on success, `<false code>` otherwise.

```

653 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
654   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
655     \tl_set:Nx #3 { \CDR_export_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
656     \prg_return_true:
657   } {
658     \prg_return_false:
659   }
660 }

```


11.2 Storage

`\g_CDR_export_prop` Global storage for $\langle file\ name \rangle = \langle file\ export\ info \rangle$

```
661 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_file_tl` Store the file name used for exportation, used as key in the above property list.

```
662 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_file_tl
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_file_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_tags_clist` Used by `CDR@Export l3keys` module to temporarily store tags during the export declaration.
`\g_CDR_tags_clist`

```
663 \clist_new:N \l_CDR_tags_clist
```

```
664 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_tags_clist` and `\g_CDR_tags_clist`. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_export_prop` Used by `CDR@Export l3keys` module to temporarily store properties. *Nota Bene*: nothing similar with `\g_CDR_export_prop` except the name.


```
665 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

11.3 CDR@Export l3keys module


No initial value is given for every key. An `__initialize` action will set the storage with proper initial values.

```
666 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Export } {
```

 **file**= $\langle name \rangle$ the output file name, must be provided otherwise an error is raised.

```
667   file .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_file_tl,
```

```
668   file .value_required:n = true,
```

 **tags**= $\langle tags\ comma\ list \rangle$ the list of tags. No exportation when this list is void. Initially empty.

```
669   tags .code:n = {
```


```
670     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist { #1 }
```

```
671     \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_tags_clist
```

```
672     \prop_put:NVV \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str \l_CDR_tags_clist
```

```
673   },
```

```
674   tags .value_required:n = true,
```

 **lang** one of the languages pygments is aware of. Initially `tex`.

```
675   lang .code:n = {
```

```
676     \prop_put:NVN \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
```

```
677   },
```

```
678   lang .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **preamble** the added preamble. Initially empty.

```
679 preamble .code:n = {
680   \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
681 },
682 preamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **postamble** the added postamble. Initially empty.

```
683 postamble .code:n = {
684   \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
685 },
686 postamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **raw[=true|false]** true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially false.

```
687 raw .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
688   \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str {
689     \int_compare:nNnTF
690       \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
691   }
692 },
```

✅ **__initialize** Meta key to properly initialize all the variables.

```
693 __initialize .meta:n = {
694   __initialize_prop = #1,
695   file=,
696   tags=,
697   lang=tex,
698   preamble=,
699   postamble=,
700   raw=false,
701 },
702 __initialize .default:n = \l_CDR_export_prop,
```

✅ **__initialize_prop** Goody: properly initialize the local property storage.

```
703 __initialize_prop .code:n = \prop_clear:N #1,
704 __initialize_prop .value_required:n = true,
705 }
```

11.4 Implementation

```
706 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRExport { m } {
707   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { __initialize }
708   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { #1 }
709   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_file_tl {
710     \PackageWarning
711       { coder }
712       { Missing~key~‘file’ }
713   }
```

```

713 } {
714   \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl
715   \prop_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_prop {
716     \CDR_export_set:Vcn \l_CDR_file_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
717   }

```

The list of tags must not be empty, raise an error otherwise. Records the list in `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, it will be the default list of forthcoming code blocks.

```

718   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_tags_clist {
719     \PackageWarning
720       { coder }
721       { Missing-key~'tags' }
722   } {
723     \clist_set_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_tags_clist
724     \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl

```

If a `lang` is given, forwards the declaration to all the code chunks tagged within `\l_CDR_tags_clist`.

```

725     \exp_args:NV
726     \CDR_export_get:ccNT \l_CDR_file_tl { lang } \l_CDR_tl {
727       \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist {
728         \CDR_tag_set:ccV { ##1 } { lang } \l_CDR_tl
729       }
730     }
731   }
732 }
733 }

```

Files are created at the end of the typesetting process.

```

734 \AddToHook { enddocument / end } {
735   \prop_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_export_prop {
736     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_prop { #2 }
737     \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
738       \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { file }
739     }
740     \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file('l_CDR_str') }
741     \clist_map_inline:nn {
742       tags, raw, preamble, postamble
743     } {
744       \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
745         \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { ##1 }
746       }
747       \lua_now:n {
748         CDR:export_file_info('##1', 'l_CDR_str')
749       }
750     }
751     \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file_complete() }
752   }
753 }

```

12 Style

pygments, through `coder-tool.py`, creates style commands, but the storage is managed on the \LaTeX side by `coder.sty`. This is a \LaTeX style API.

<code>\CDR@StyleDefine</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleDefine {<pygments style name>} {<definitions>}</code>
-------------------------------	---

Define the definitions for the given `<pygments style name>`.

```

754 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleDefine #1 {
755   \tl_gset:cn { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
756 }

```

<code>\CDR@StyleUse</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleUse {<pygments style name>}</code>
----------------------------	--

Use the definitions for the given `<pygments style name>`. No safe check is made.

```

757 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUse #1 {
758   \tl_use:c { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
759 }

```

<code>\CDR@StyleExist</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleExist {<pygments style name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}</code>
------------------------------	---

Execute `<true code>` if a style exists with that given name, `<false code>` otherwise.

```

760 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR@StyleIfExist:c { TF } {
761   \tl_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@Style/#1 } {
762     \prg_return_true:
763   } {
764     \prg_return_false:
765   }
766 }
767 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleIfExist \CDR@StyleIfExist:cTF

```

13 Creating display engines

13.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_code_engine:c</code>	<code>\CDR_code_engine:c {<engine name>}</code>
<code>\CDR_code_engine:V</code>	<code>\CDR_block_engine:c {<engine name>}</code>
<code>\CDR_block_engine:c</code>	<code>\CDR_code_engine:c</code> builds a command sequence name based on <code><engine name></code> .
<code>\CDR_block_engine:V</code>	<code>\CDR_block_engine:c</code> builds an environment name based on <code><engine name></code> .

```

768 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_engine:c #1 {
769   CDR@colored/code/#1:nn
770 }
771 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_engine:c #1 {
772   CDR@colored/block/#1
773 }
774 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_engine:V {
775   \exp_args:NV \CDR_code_engine:c

```

```

776 }
777 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_engine:V {
778   \exp_args:NV \CDR_block_engine:c
779 }

```

`\l_CDR_engine_tl` Storage for an engine name.

```

780 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_engine_tl

```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_engine_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDRGetOption` `\CDRGetOption {<relative key path>}`

Returns the value given to `\CDRCode` command or `CDRBlock` environment for the `<relative key path>`. This function is only available during `\CDRCode` execution and inside `CDRBlock` environment.

13.2 Implementation

`\CDRCodeEngineNew` `\CDRCodeEngineNew {<engine name>}{<engine body>}`
`\CDRCodeEngineRenew` `\CDRCodeEngineRenew{<engine name>}{<engine body>}`

`<engine name>` is a non void string, once expanded. The `<engine body>` is a list of instructions which may refer to the first argument as `#1`, which is the value given for key `<engine name>` engine options, and the second argument as `#2`, which is the colored code.

```

781 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineNew { mm } {
782   \exp_args:Nx
783   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
784     \PackageWarning
785       { coder }
786       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
787   } {
788     \cs_new:cpn { \CDR_code_engine:c {#1} } ##1 ##2 {
789       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
790       #2
791     }
792     \ignorespaces
793   }
794 }

795 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineRenew { mm } {
796   \exp_args:Nx
797   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
798     \PackageWarning
799       { coder }
800       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
801     \use_none:n
802   } {
803     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } {
804       \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } ##1 ##2 {
805         \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
806         #2

```

```

807     }
808   } {
809     \PackageWarning
810     { coder }
811     { No~code~engine~#1.}
812   }
813   \ignorespaces
814 }
815 }

```

`\CDR@CodeEngineApply` `\CDR@CodeEngineApply {<verbatim code>}`

Get the code engine and apply. When the code engine is not recognized, an error is raised. *Implementation detail:* the argument is parsed by the last macro.

```

816 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
817   \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_tl
818   \CDR_if_code_engine:VF \l_CDR_tl {
819     \PackageError
820     { coder }
821     { \l_CDR_tl\space code~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~'default' }
822     {See~\CDRCodeEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
823     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { default }
824   }
825   \tl_set:Nf \l_CDR_options_tl {
826     \CDR_tag_get:c { engine~options }
827   }
828   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_options_tl {
829     \tl_set:Nf \l_CDR_options_tl {
830       \CDR_tag_get:c { \l_CDR_tl\space engine~options }
831     }
832   } {
833     \tl_put_left:Nx \l_CDR_options_tl {
834       \CDR_tag_get:c { \l_CDR_tl\space engine~options } ,
835     }
836   }
837   \exp_args:NnV
838   \use:c { \CDR_code_engine:V \l_CDR_tl } \l_CDR_options_tl
839 }

```

`\CDRBlockEngineNew` `\CDRBlockEngineNew {<engine name>} {<begin instructions>} {<end instructions>}`
`\CDRBlockEngineRenew` `\CDRBlockEngineRenew {<engine name>} {<begin instructions>} {<end instructions>}`

Create a L^AT_EX environment uniquely named after `<engine name>`, which must be a non void string once expanded. The `<begin instructions>` and `<end instructions>` are list of instructions which may refer to the unique argument as #1, which is the value given to CDRBlock environment for key `<engine name>` engine options. Various options are available with the `\CDRGetOption` function. *Implementation detail:* the third argument is parsed by `\NewDocumentEnvironment`.

```

840 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineNew { mm } {
841   \NewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
842     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c

```

```

843     #2
844 }
845 }

846 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineRenew { mm } {
847   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
848     \PackageWarning
849       { coder }
850       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
851     \use_none:n
852   } {
853     \RenewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
854       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
855       #2
856     }
857   }
858 }

```

13.3 Conditionals

\CDR_if_code_engine:cTF ★ \CDR_if_code_engine:cTF {<engine name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

If there exists a code engine with the given <engine name>, execute <true code>. Otherwise, execute <false code>.

```

859 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
860   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } {
861     \prg_return_true:
862   } {
863     \prg_return_false:
864   }
865 }
866 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {
867   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:V #1 } {
868     \prg_return_true:
869   } {
870     \prg_return_false:
871   }
872 }

```

\CDR_has_block_engine:cTF ★ \CDR_has_block_engine:c {<engine name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

If there exists a block engine with the given <engine name>, execute <true code>, otherwise, execute <false code>.

```

873 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_block_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
874   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } {
875     \prg_return_true:
876   } {
877     \prg_return_false:
878   }
879 }
880 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_block_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {

```

```

881 \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_engine:V #1 } {
882   \prg_return_true:
883 } {
884   \prg_return_false:
885 }
886 }

```

13.4 Default code engine

The default code engine does nothing special and forwards its argument as is.

```

887 \CDRCodeEngineNew { default } { #2 }

```

13.5 Default block engine

The default block engine does nothing.

```

888 \CDRBlockEngineNew { default } { } { }

```

13.6 efbox code engine

```

889 \AtBeginDocument {
890   \@ifpackageloaded{efbox} {
891     \CDRCodeEngineNew {efbox} {
892       \efbox[#1]{#2}%
893     }
894   }
895 }

```

13.7 Block mode default engine

```

896 \CDRBlockEngineNew {} {
897 } {
898 }

```

13.8 tcolorbox related engine

If the tcolorbox is loaded, related code and block engines are available.

14 \CDRCode function

14.1 API

<code>\CDRCode</code>	<code>\CDRCode{<key[=value]>}<delimiter><code><same delimiter></code>
-----------------------	---

Public method to declare inline code.

14.2 Storage

`\l_CDR_tag_tl` To store the tag given.

```

899 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tag_tl

```

(End definition for \l_CDR_tag_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

14.3 `__code l3keys` module

This is the module used to parse the user interface of the `\CDRCode` command.

```
900 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __code } {
```

✓ **tag=***<name>* to use the settings of the already existing named tag to display.

```
901   tag .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_tag_tl,
902   tag .value_required:n = true,
```

● **engine options=***<engine options>* options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key *<engine name>* engine options.

```
903   engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
904   engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** initialize

```
905   __initialize .meta:n = {
906     tag = default,
907     engine~options = ,
908   },
909   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
910 }
```

14.4 Implementation

```
\CDR_code_format: \CDR_code_format:
```

Private utility to setup the formatting.

```
911 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n #1 {
912   \tl_if_in:nnTF { #1 } { , } { { #1 } } { #1 }
913 }
914 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n { V }
915 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_format: {
916   \frenchspacing
917   \CDR_tag_get:cN { baselinestretch } \l_CDR_tl
918   \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
919     \exp_args:NNV
920     \def \baselinestretch \l_CDR_tl
921   }
922   \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontfamily } \l_CDR_tl
923   \tl_if_eq:NnT \l_CDR_tl { tt } { \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { lmtt } }
924   \exp_args:NV
925   \fontfamily \l_CDR_tl
926   \clist_map_inline:nn { series, shape } {
927     \CDR_tag_get:cN { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
928     \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
929       \exp_args:NnV
930       \use:c { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
931     }
932   }
```

```

932 }
933 \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontsize } \l_CDR_tl
934 \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
935   \tl_use:N \l_CDR_tl
936 }
937 \selectfont
938 % \@noligs ?? this is in fancyvrb but does not work here as is
939 }

```

\CDR_code:n \CDR_code:n <delimiter>

Main utility used by \CDRCode.

```

940 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
941   \CDR_if_truthy:eTF { \CDR_tag_get:c {pygments} } {
942     \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
943       __fancyvrb,
944     }
945     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
946     \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
947     \SaveVerb [
948       aftersave = {
949         \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
950         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code_prepare() }
951         \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
952         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
953         \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
954         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
955         \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
956         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
957         \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
958         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
959         \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } {
960           \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set('ignore_style', 'true') }
961         } { }
962         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('code', 'FV@SV@CDR@Code') }
963         \CDR_code_format:
964         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code() }
965         \group_end:
966       }
967     ] { CDR@Code } #1
968   } {
969     \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_keyval_tl
970     \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
971     \SaveVerb [
972       aftersave = {
973         \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
974         \CDR@CodeEngineApply { \UseVerb { CDR@Code } }
975         \group_end:
976       }
977     ] { CDR@Code } #1
978   }
979 }

```

```

980 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { 0{ } } {
981   \group_begin:
982   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
983     \prg_return_false:
984   }
985   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
986     __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
987   }
988   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
989   \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
990   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
991   \exp_args:NV
992   \fvset \l_CDR_keyval_tl
993   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
994     __fancyvrb,
995   }
996   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
997   \CDR_tag_inherit:cx { __local } {
998     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
999     __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1000   }
1001   \CDR_code:n
1002 }

```

\CDR_to_lua: \CDR_to_lua:

Retrieve info from the tree storage and forwards to lua.

```

1003 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_to_lua: {
1004   \lua_now:n { CDR:options_reset() }
1005   \seq_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tag_path_seq {
1006     \CDR_tag_get:cNT { ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
1007       \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str { \l_CDR_tl }
1008       \lua_now:n { CDR:option_add('##1', '\l_CDR_str') }
1009     }
1010   }
1011 }

```

15 CDRBlock environment

`CDRBlock` `\begin{CDRBlock}{\langle key [=value] list \rangle} ... \end{CDRBlock}`

15.1 Storage

`\l_CDR_block_prop`

1012 `\prop_new:N \l_CDR_block_prop`

(End definition for \l_CDR_block_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

15.2 __block l3keys module

This module is used to parse the user interface of the CDRBlock environment.

```
1013 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __block } {
```

● **ignore**[**=true|false**] to ignore this code chunk.

```
1014   ignore .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1015   ignore .default:n = true,
```

● **test**[**=true|false**] whether the chunk is a test,

```
1016   test .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1017   test .default:n = true,
```

● **engine options**=**(engine options)** options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key **(engine name)** engine options.

```
1018   engine-options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1019   engine-options .value_required:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** initialize

```
1020   __initialize .meta:n = {
1021     ignore = false,
1022     test = false,
1023     engine-options = ,
1024   },
1025   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1026 }
```

15.3 Context

Inside the CDRBlock environments, some local variables are available:

● **\l_CDR_tags_clist**

15.4 Implementation

We start by saving some fancyvrb macros that we further want to extend. The unique mandatory argument of these macros will eventually be recorded to be saved later on.

```
1027 \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1028   \cs_set_eq:cc { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #1 } { FV@ListProcessLine@ #1 }
1029 }
1030 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_line:n #1 {
1031   \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
1032   \lua_now:n {CDR:process_line('l_CDR_str')}
1033 }
```

```

1034 \def\FVB@CDRBlock #1 {
1035   \@bsphack
1036   \group_begin:
1037   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1038     \prg_return_true:
1039   }
1040   \clist_set:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
1041     __block, default.block, default, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb,
1042   }
1043   \CDR_keys_inherit:VnV \c_CDR_tag { __local } \l_tmpa_clist
1044   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
1045     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { __initialize }
1046   }
1047   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_tl

```

Get the list of tags and setup coder-util.lua for recording or highlighting.

```

1048   \clist_if_empty:NT \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1049     \CDR_tag_get:ccN { default.block } { tags } \l_CDR_tags_clist
1050   \clist_if_empty:NT \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1051     \PackageWarning
1052       { coder }
1053       { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
1054   }
1055 }
1056 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_block_prepare('l_CDR_tags_clist') }

```

\l_CDR_bool is true iff one of the tags needs pygments.

```

1057 \bool_set_false:N \l_CDR_bool
1058 \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1059   \CDR_if_truthy:eT { \CDR_tag_get:cc { ##1 } { pygments } } {
1060     \clist_map_break:n { \bool_set_true:N \l_CDR_bool }
1061   }
1062 }
1063 \bool_if:NF \l_CDR_bool {
1064   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } { __fancyvrb.all }
1065   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_tl \l_CDR_tl
1066 }
1067 \CDR_check_unknown:N \l_CDR_tl
1068 \clist_set:Nx \l_CDR_clist {
1069   __block, default.block, default, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb
1070 }
1071 \bool_if:NF \l_CDR_bool {
1072   \clist_put_right:Nx \l_CDR_clist { __fancyvrb.all }
1073 }
1074 \CDR_keys_inherit:VnV \c_CDR_tag_get { __local } \l_CDR_clist
1075
1076 \CDR_tag_get:cN {relabel} \l_CDR_tl
1077 \exp_args:NV \label \l_CDR_tl
1078 ERROR \bool_if:NF { \clist_if_empty_p:n } {}
1079 \clist_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1080   \cs_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1081     \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ #####1 } ##1 {
1082       \CDR_process_line:n { ##1 }

```

```

1083     \use:c { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #####1 } { ##1 }
1084   }
1085 }
1086 }
1087 \CDR_tag_get:cNF { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl {
1088   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
1089 }
1090 \CDR_tag_get:xNF { \l_CDR_engine_tl~engine~options } \l_CDR_tl {
1091   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_tl
1092 }
1093 \exp_args:NnV
1094 \begin { \CDR_block_engine:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_tl
1095 \FV@VerbatimBegin
1096 \FV@Scan
1097 }
1098 \def\FVE@CDRBlock{
1099   \FV@VerbatimEnd
1100   \end { \CDR_block_engine:V \l_CDR_engine_tl }
1101   \group_end:
1102   \@esphack
1103 }
1104 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRBlock}{CDRBlock}{}
1105

```

16 The CDR@Pyg@Verbatim environment

This is the environment wrapping the pygments generated code when in block mode. It is the sole content of the various *.pyg.tex files.

```

1106 \def\FVB@CDR@Pyg@Verbatim #1 {
1107   \group_begin:
1108   \FV@VerbatimBegin
1109   \FV@Scan
1110 }
1111 \def\FVE@CDR@Pyg@Verbatim{
1112   \FV@VerbatimEnd
1113   \group_end:
1114 }
1115 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}{}
1116

```

17 More

`\CDR_if_record:TF` ★ `\CDR_if_record:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute *⟨true code⟩* when code should be recorded, *⟨false code⟩* otherwise. The code should be recorded for the CDRBlock environment when there is a non empty list of tags and pigments is used. *Implementation details:* we assume that if `\l_CDR_tags_clist` is not empty then we are in a CDRBlock environment.

```

1117 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_record: { T, F, TF } {
1118   \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1119     \prg_return_false:
1120   } {
1121     \CDR_if_use_pigments:TF {
1122       \prg_return_true:
1123     } {
1124       \prg_return_false:
1125     }
1126   }
1127 }

1128 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_recordNO: {
1129   \tl_put_right:Nx \l_CDR_recorded_tl { \the\verbatim@line \iow_newline: }
1130   \group_begin:
1131   \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \the\verbatim@line }
1132   \lua_now:e {CDR.records.append([==[\l_tmpa_tl]==])}
1133   \group_end:
1134 }

```

CDR `\begin{⟨CDR⟩} ... \end{⟨CDR⟩}`
 Private environment.

```

1135 \newenvironment{CDR}{
1136   \def \verbatim@processline {
1137     \group_begin:
1138     \CDR_process_line_code_append:
1139     \group_end:
1140   }
1141   % \CDR_if_show_code:T {
1142   %   \CDR_if_use_minted:TF {
1143   %     \Needspace* { 2\baselineskip }
1144   %   } {
1145   %     \frenchspacing\@vobeyspaces
1146   %   }
1147   % }
1148 } {
1149   \CDR:nNTF { lang } \l_tmpa_tl {
1150     \tl_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_tl {
1151       \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1152         \CDR:nnNT { ##1 } { lang } \l_tmpa_tl {
1153           \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
1154             \clist_map_break:
1155           }

```

```

1156     }
1157   }
1158   \tl_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_tl {
1159     \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { tex }
1160   }
1161 }
1162 } {
1163   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { tex }
1164 }
1165 % NO WAY
1166 \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1167   \CDR_gput:nnV { ##1 } { lang } \l_tmpa_tl
1168 }
1169 }

CDR.M      \begin{<CDR.M>} ... \end{<CDR.N>}
           Private environment when minted.

1170 \newenvironment{CDR_M}{
1171   \setkeys { FV } { firstnumber=last, }
1172   \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1173     \exp_args:Nnx \setkeys { FV } {
1174       firstnumber=\CDR_int_use:n { },
1175     } } {
1176     \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1177       \exp_args:Nnx \setkeys { FV } {
1178         firstnumber=\CDR_int_use:n { ##1 },
1179       }
1180     \clist_map_break:
1181   } }
1182   \iow_open:Nn \minted@code { \jobname.pyg }
1183   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_line_tl {
1184     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \the\verbatim@line }
1185     \exp_args:NNV \iow_now:Nn \minted@code \l_tmpa_tl
1186   }
1187 } {
1188   \CDR_if_show_code:T {
1189     \CDR_if_use_minted:TF {
1190       \iow_close:N \minted@code
1191       \vspace* { \dimexpr -\topsep-\parskip }
1192       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_info_tl {
1193         \tl_use:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1194         \vspace* { \dimexpr -\topsep-\parskip-\baselineskip }
1195         \par\noindent
1196       }
1197       \exp_args:NV \minted@pygmentize \l_tmpa_tl
1198       \DeleteFile { \jobname.pyg }
1199       \vspace* { \dimexpr -\topsep -\partopsep }
1200     } {
1201       \@esphack
1202     }
1203   }
1204 }

CDR.P      \begin{<CDR.P>} ... \end{<CDR.P>}

```


Private pseudo environment. This is just a practical way of declaring balanced actions.

```

1205 \newenvironment{CDR_P}{
1206   \if_mode_vertical:
1207     \noindent
1208   \else
1209     \vspace*{ \topsep }
1210     \par\noindent
1211   \fi
1212   \CDR_gset_chunks:
1213   \tl_if_empty:NTF \g_CDR_chunks_tl {
1214     \CDR_if:nTF {show_lineno} {
1215       \CDR_if_use_margin:TF {

```

No chunk name, line numbers in the margin

```

1216     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1217       \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1218         \CDR:n { format/code }
1219         {
1220           \CDR:n { format/name }
1221           \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1222           \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1223             \CDR_int_use:n { }
1224           } {
1225             \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1226               \CDR_int_use:n { ##1 }
1227             \clist_map_break:
1228           }
1229         }
1230       }
1231       \hspace*{1ex}
1232     }
1233   }
1234 } {

```

No chunk name, line numbers not in the margin

```

1235   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1236     {
1237       \CDR:n { format/code }
1238       {
1239         \CDR:n { format/name }
1240         \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1241         \hspace*{3ex}
1242         \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1243           \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1244             \CDR_int_use:n { }
1245           } {
1246             \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1247               \CDR_int_use:n { ##1 }
1248             \clist_map_break:
1249           }
1250         }

```

```

1251         }
1252         \hspace*{1ex}
1253     }
1254 }
1255 }
1256 }
1257 } {

```

No chunk name, no line numbers

```

1258     \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1259 }
1260 } {
1261     \CDR_if:nTF {show_lineno} {

```

Chunk names, line numbers, in the margin

```

1262     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1263         \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1264             \CDR:n { format/code }
1265             {
1266                 \CDR:n { format/name }
1267                 \g_CDR_chunks_tl :
1268                 \hspace*{1ex}
1269                 \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1270                 \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1271                     \CDR_int_use:n { ####1 }
1272                     \clist_map_break:
1273                 }
1274             }
1275             \hspace*{1ex}
1276         }
1277     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1278         \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1279             \CDR:n { format/code }
1280             {
1281                 \CDR:n { format/name }
1282                 \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1283                 \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1284                     \CDR_int_use:n { ####1 }
1285                     \clist_map_break:
1286                 }
1287             }
1288             \hspace*{1ex}
1289         }
1290     }
1291 }
1292 } {

```

Chunk names, no line numbers, in the margin

```

1293     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1294         \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1295             \CDR:n { format/code }
1296             {
1297                 \CDR:n { format/name }

```

```

1298         \g_CDR_chunks_tl :
1299     }
1300     \hspace*{1ex}
1301 }
1302 \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1303 }
1304 }
1305 }
1306 \CDR_if_use_minted:F {
1307     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_line_tl {
1308         \noindent
1309         \hbox_to_wd:nn { \textwidth } {
1310             \tl_use:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1311             \CDR:n { format/code }
1312             \the\verbatim@line
1313             \hfill
1314         }
1315     }
1316 }
1317 \@bsphack
1318 }
1319 } {
1320     \vspace*{ \topsep }
1321     \par
1322     \@esphack
1323 }

```

18 Management

`\g_CDR_in_impl_bool` Whether we are currently in the implementation section.

```
1324 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_in_impl_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDR_if_show_code:TF` `\CDR_if_show_code:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute *⟨true code⟩* when code should be printed, *⟨false code⟩* otherwise.

```

1325 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_show_code: { T, F, TF } {
1326     \bool_if:nTF {
1327         \g_CDR_in_impl_bool && !\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
1328     } {
1329         \prg_return_false:
1330     } {
1331         \prg_return_true:
1332     }
1333 }

```

`\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`

```
1334 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_with_impl_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

19 minted and pygments

`\g_CDR_minted_on_bool` Whether minted is available, initially set to `false`.

```
1335 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_minted_on_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_minted_on_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_use_minted_bool` Whether minted is used, initially set to `false`.

```
1336 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_use_minted_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_use_minted_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDR_if_use_minted:TF` `\CDR_if_use_minted:TF` `{\true code}` `{\false code}`

Execute `\true code` when using minted, `\false code` otherwise.

```
1337 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_use_minted: { T, F, TF } {
1338   \bool_if:NTF \g_CDR_use_minted_bool
1339     { \prg_return_true: }
1340     { \prg_return_false: }
1341 }
```

`_CDR_minted_on:` `_CDR_minted_on:`

Private function. During the preamble, loads `minted`, sets `\g_CDR_minted_on_bool` to `true` and prepares `pygments` processing.

```
1342 \cs_set:Npn \_CDR_minted_on: {
1343   \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_minted_on_bool
1344   \RequirePackage{minted}
1345   \setkeys{ minted@opt@g } { linenos=false }
1346   \minted@def@opt{post~processor}
1347   \minted@def@opt{post~processor~args}
1348   \pretocmd\minted@inputpyg{
1349     \CDR@postprocesspyg {\minted@outputdir\minted@infile}
1350   }{\fail}
```

In the execution context of `\minted@inputpyg`,

#1 is the name of the python script, e.g., “`process.py`”

#2 is the input “`.pygtex`” file “`\minted@outputdir\minted@infile`”

#3 are more args passed to the python script, possibly empty

```
1351 \newcommand{\CDR@postprocesspyg}[1]{%
1352   \group_begin:
1353   \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\CDR:n { post_processor } }
1354   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
```

Execute ‘`python3 <script.py> <file.pygtex> <more_args>`’

```

1355     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl {\CDR:n { post_processor_args } }
1356     \exp_args:Nx
1357     \sys_shell_now:n {
1358       python3\space
1359       \l_tmpa_tl\space
1360       ##1\space
1361       \l_tmpb_tl
1362     }
1363   }
1364   \group_end:
1365 }
1366 }

1367 %\AddToHook { begindocument / end } {
1368 %   \cs_set_eq:NN \_CDR_minted_on: \prg_do_nothing:
1369 %}

```

Utilities to setup pygments post processing. The pygments post processor marks some code with `\CDREmph`.

```

1370 \ProvideDocumentCommand{\CDREmph}{m}{\textcolor{red}{#1}}

```

<code>\CDRPreamble</code>	<code>\CDRPreamble {<variable>} {<file name>}</code>
---------------------------	--

Store the content of *<file name>* into the variable *<variable>*.

```

1371 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRPreamble { m m } {
1372   \msg_info:nnn
1373   { coder }
1374   { :n }
1375   { Reading-preamble-from-file-"#2". }
1376   \group_begin:
1377   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #2 }
1378   \exp_args:NNNx
1379   \group_end:
1380   \tl_set:Nx #1 { \lua_now:n {CDR.print_file_content('l_tmpa_tl')} }
1381 }

```

20 Section separators

<code>\CDRImplementation</code>	<code>\CDRImplementation</code>
<code>\CDRFinale</code>	<code>\CDRFinale</code>

`\CDRImplementation` start an implementation part where all the sectioning commands do nothing, whereas `\CDRFinale` stop an implementation part.

21 Finale

```

1382 \newcounter{CDR@impl@page}
1383 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRImplementation {} {
1384   \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1385     \clearpage

```

```

1386 \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1387 \let\CDR@old@part\part
1388 \DeclareDocumentCommand\part{som}{-}
1389 \let\CDR@old@section\section
1390 \DeclareDocumentCommand\section{som}{-}
1391 \let\CDR@old@subsection\subsection
1392 \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsection{som}{-}
1393 \let\CDR@old@subsubsection\subsubsection
1394 \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsubsection{som}{-}
1395 \let\CDR@old@paragraph\paragraph
1396 \DeclareDocumentCommand\paragraph{som}{-}
1397 \let\CDR@old@subparagraph\subparagraph
1398 \DeclareDocumentCommand\subparagraph{som}{-}
1399 \cs_if_exist:NT \refsection{ \refsection }
1400 \setcounter{ CDR@impl@page }{ \value{page} }
1401 }
1402 }
1403 \DeclareDocumentCommand\CDRFinale {} {
1404 \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1405 \clearpage
1406 \bool_gset_false:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1407 \let\part\CDR@old@part
1408 \let\section\CDR@old@section
1409 \let\subsection\CDR@old@subsection
1410 \let\subsubsection\CDR@old@subsubsection
1411 \let\paragraph\CDR@old@paragraph
1412 \let\subparagraph\CDR@old@subparagraph
1413 \setcounter { page } { \value{ CDR@impl@page } }
1414 }
1415 }
1416 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_number: \prg_do_nothing:

```

22 Finale

```

1417 \AddToHook { cmd/FancyVerbFormatLine/before } {
1418 \CDR_line_number:
1419 }
1420 \AddToHook { shipout/before } {
1421 \tl_gclear:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
1422 }

1423 % =====
1424 % Auxiliary:
1425 % finding the widest string in a comma
1426 % separated list of strings delimited by parenthesis
1427 % =====
1428
1429 % arguments:
1430 % #1) text: a comma separated list of strings
1431 % #2) formatter: a macro to format each string
1432 % #3) dimension: will hold the result
1433
1434 \cs_new:Npn \CDRWidest (#1) #2 #3 {

```

```

1435 \group_begin:
1436 \dim_set:Nn #3 { Opt }
1437 \clist_map_inline:nn { #1 } {
1438   \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box { #2{##1} }
1439   \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim { \dim_eval:n { \box_wd:N \l_tmpa_box } }
1440   \dim_compare:nNnT { #3 } < { \l_tmpa_dim } {
1441     \dim_set_eq:NN #3 \l_tmpa_dim
1442   }
1443 }
1444 \exp_args:NNNV
1445 \group_end:
1446 \dim_set:Nn #3 #3
1447 }
1448 \ExplSyntaxOff
1449

```

23 pygmentex implementation

```

1450 % =====
1451 % fancyvrb new commands to append to a file
1452 % =====
1453
1454 % See http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/47462/inputenc-error-with-unicode-chars-and-verbatim
1455
1456 \ExplSyntaxOn
1457
1458 \seq_new:N \l_CDR_records_seq
1459
1460 \long\def\unexpanded@write#1#2{\write#1{\unexpanded{#2}}}
1461
1462 \def\CDRAAppend{\FV@Environment{}}{\CDRAAppend}}
1463
1464 \def\FVB@CDRAAppend#1{%
1465   \@bsphack
1466   \begingroup
1467     \seq_clear:N \l_CDR_records_seq
1468     \FV@UseKeyValues
1469     \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
1470     \def\FV@Space{\space}%
1471     \FV@DefineTabOut
1472     \def\FV@ProcessLine{%##1
1473       \seq_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_records_seq { ##1 }%
1474       \immediate\unexpanded@write#1{##1}
1475     }%
1476     \let\FV@FontScanPrep\relax
1477     \let\@noligs\relax
1478     \FV@Scan
1479   }
1480 \def\FVE@CDRAAppend{
1481   \seq_use:Nn \l_CDR_records_seq /
1482   \endgroup
1483   \@esphack
1484 }

```

```

1485 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRAppend}{CDRAppend}{}
1486
1487 \DeclareDocumentEnvironment { Inline } { m } {
1488   \clist_clear:N \l_CDR_clist
1489   \keys_set:nn { CDR_code } { #1 }
1490   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1491     \CDR_int_if_exist:nF { ##1 } {
1492       \CDR_int_new:nn { ##1 } { 1 }
1493       \seq_new:c { g/CDR/chunks/##1 }
1494     }
1495   }
1496   \CDR_if:nT {reset} {
1497     \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn \l_CDR_clist {
1498       \CDR_int_gset:nn { } 1
1499     } {
1500       \CDR_int_gset:nn { ##1 } 1
1501     }
1502   }
1503   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_code_name_tl
1504   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1505     \prop_concat:ccc
1506     {g/CDR/Code/}
1507     {g/CDR/Code/##1/}
1508     {g/CDR/Code/}
1509     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_code_name_tl { ##1 }
1510     \clist_map_break:
1511   }
1512   \int_gset:Nn \g_CDR_int
1513   { \CDR_int_use:n { \l_CDR_code_name_tl } }
1514   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1515   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_name_tl
1516   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl
1517   \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl
1518   \cs_set:Npn \verbatim@processline {
1519     \CDR_process_record:
1520   }
1521   \CDR_if_show_code:TF {
1522     \exp_args:NNx
1523     \skip_set:Nn \parskip { \CDR:n { parskip } }
1524     \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1525       \tl_gclear:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
1526     } {
1527       \clist_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_clist \l_CDR_clist
1528       \clist_sort:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
1529         \str_compare:nNnTF { ##1 } > { ##2 } {
1530           \sort_return_swapped:
1531         } {
1532           \sort_return_same:
1533         }
1534       }
1535       \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \clist_use:Nn \l_tmpa_clist , }
1536       \CDR_if:nT {show_name} {
1537         \CDR_if:nT {use_margin} {
1538           \CDR_if:nT {only_top} {

```



```

1539         \tl_if_eq:NNT \l_tmpa_tl \g_CDR_chunks_tl {
1540             \tl_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_chunks_tl \l_tmpa_tl
1541             \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
1542         }
1543     }
1544     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
1545         \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_chunks_tl {
1546             \clist_use:Nn \l_CDR_clist ,
1547         }
1548         \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_name_tl {
1549             {
1550                 \CDR:n { format/name }
1551                 \l_CDR_chunks_tl :
1552                 \hspace*{1ex}
1553             }
1554         }
1555     }
1556 }
1557 \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
1558     \tl_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_chunks_tl \l_tmpa_tl
1559 }
1560 }
1561 }
1562 \if_mode_vertical:
1563 \else:
1564 \par
1565 \fi:
1566 \vspace{ \CDR:n { sep } }
1567 \noindent
1568 \frenchspacing
1569 \@vobeyspaces
1570 \normalfont\ttfamily
1571 \CDR:n { format/code }
1572 \hyphenchar\font\m@ne
1573 \@noligs
1574 \CDR_if_record:F {
1575     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_process_record: \prg_do_nothing:
1576 }
1577 \CDR_if_use_minted:F {
1578     \CDR_if:nT {show_lineno} {
1579         \CDR_if:nTF {use_margin} {
1580             \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1581                 \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1582                     {
1583                         \l_CDR_name_tl
1584                         \CDR:n { format/name }
1585                         \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1586                         \int_use:N \g_CDR_int
1587                         \int_gincr:N \g_CDR_int
1588                     }
1589                     \hspace*{1ex}
1590                 }
1591             }
1592         } {

```

```

1593     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_info_tl {
1594     {
1595         \CDR:n { format/name }
1596         \CDR:n { format/lineno }
1597         \hspace*{3ex}
1598         \hbox_overlap_left:n {
1599             \int_use:N \g_CDR_int
1600             \int_gincr:N \g_CDR_int
1601         }
1602     }
1603     \hspace*{1ex}
1604 }
1605 }
1606 }
1607 \cs_set:Npn \verbatim@processline {
1608     \CDR_process_record:
1609     \hspace*{\dimexpr \linewidth-\columnwidth}%
1610     \hbox_to_wd:nn { \columnwidth } {
1611         \l_CDR_info_tl
1612         \the\verbatim@line
1613         \color{lightgray}\dotfill
1614     }
1615     \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_name_tl
1616     \par\noindent
1617 }
1618 }
1619 } {
1620     \@bsphack
1621 }
1622 \group_begin:
1623 \g_CDR_hook_tl
1624 \let \do \@makeother
1625 \dospecials \catcode '\^^M \active
1626 \verbatim@start
1627 } {
1628     \int_gsub:Nn \g_CDR_int {
1629         \CDR_int_use:n { \l_CDR_code_name_tl }
1630     }
1631     \int_compare:nNnT { \g_CDR_int } > { 0 } {
1632         \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn \l_CDR_clist {
1633             \CDR_int_gadd:nn { } { \g_CDR_int }
1634         } {
1635             \CDR_int_gadd:nn { ##1 } { \g_CDR_int }
1636         }
1637         \int_gincr:N \g_CDR_code_int
1638         \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl { \int_use:N \g_CDR_code_int }
1639         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_clist {
1640             \seq_gput_right:cV { g/CDR/chunks/##1 } \l_tmpb_tl
1641         }
1642         \prop_gput:NVV \g_CDR_code_prop \l_tmpb_tl \l_CDR_recorded_tl
1643     }
1644     \group_end:
1645     \CDR_if_show_code:T {
1646     }

```

```

1647 \CDR_if_show_code:TF {
1648 \CDR_if_use_minted:TF {
1649 \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_recorded_tl {
1650 \exp_args:Nnx \setkeys { FV } {
1651 firstnumber=\CDR_int_use:n { \l_CDR_code_name_tl },
1652 }
1653 \iow_open:Nn \minted@code { \jobname.pyg }
1654 \exp_args:NNV \iow_now:Nn \minted@code \l_CDR_recorded_tl
1655 \iow_close:N \minted@code
1656 \vspace* { \dimexpr -\topsep-\parskip }
1657 \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_info_tl {
1658 \tl_use:N \l_CDR_info_tl
1659 \skip_vertical:n { \dimexpr -\topsep-\parskip-\baselineskip }
1660 \par\noindent
1661 }
1662 \exp_args:Nnx \minted@pygmentize { \jobname.pyg } { \CDR:n { lang } }
1663 %\DeleteFile { \jobname.pyg }
1664 \skip_vertical:n { -\topsep-\partopsep }
1665 }
1666 } {
1667 \exp_args:Nx \skip_vertical:n { \CDR:n { sep } }
1668 \noindent
1669 }
1670 } {
1671 \@esphack
1672 }
1673 }
1674 % =====
1675 % Main options
1676 % =====
1677
1678 \newif\ifCDR@left
1679 \newif\ifCDR@right
1680
1681

```

23.1 options key-value controls

We accept any value because we do not know in advance the real target. There are 2 ways to collect options:

24 Something else

```

1682
1683 % =====
1684 % pygmented commands and environments
1685 % =====
1686
1687
1688 \newcommand\inputpygmented[2][{}]{%
1689 \beginingroup
1690 \CDR@process@options{#1}%
1691 \immediate\write\CDR@outfile{<@@CDR@input@the\CDR@counter}%

```

```

1692 \immediate\write\CDR@outfile{\exp_args:NV\detokenize\CDR@global@options,\detokenize{#1}}%
1693 \immediate\write\CDR@outfile{#2}%
1694 \immediate\write\CDR@outfile{>@CDR@input@the\CDR@counter}%
1695 %
1696 \csname CDR@snippet@the\CDR@counter\endcsname
1697 \global\advance\CDR@counter by 1\relax
1698 \endgroup
1699 }
1700
1701 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \exp_last_unbraced:NnNo { NxNo }
1702
1703 \newcommand\CDR@snippet@run[1]{%
1704 \group_begin:
1705 \typeout{DEBUG~PY~STYLE:< \CDR:n { style } > }
1706 \use_c:n { PYstyle }
1707 \CDR_when:nT { style } {
1708 \use_c:n { PYstyle \CDR:n { style } }
1709 }
1710 \cs_if_exist:cTF {PY} {PYOK} {PYKO}
1711 \CDR:n {font}
1712 \CDR@process@more@options{ \CDR:n {engine} }%
1713 \exp_last_unbraced:NxNo
1714 \use_c: { \CDR:n {engine} } [ \CDRRemainingOptions ]{#1}%
1715 \group_end:
1716 }
1717
1718 % ERROR: JL undefined \CDR@alllinenos
1719
1720 \ProvideDocumentCommand\captionof{mm}{-}{
1721 \def\CDR@alllinenos{(0)}
1722
1723 \def\FormatLineNumber#1{{\rmfamily\tiny#1}}
1724
1725 \newdimen\CDR@leftmargin
1726 \newdimen\CDR@linenosep
1727
1728 \def\CDR@lineno@do#1{%
1729 \CDR@linenosep Opt%
1730 \use_c: { CDR@ \CDR:n {block_engine} @margin }
1731 \exp_args:NNx
1732 \advance \CDR@linenosep { \CDR:n {linenosep} }
1733 \hbox_overlap_left:n {%
1734 \FormatLineNumber{#1}%
1735 \hspace*{\CDR@linenosep}%
1736 }%
1737 }
1738
1739 \newcommand\CDR@tcbox@more@options{%
1740 nobeforeafter,%
1741 tcbox-raise-base,%
1742 left=0mm,%
1743 right=0mm,%
1744 top=0mm,%
1745 bottom=0mm,%

```

```

1746 boxsep=2pt,%
1747 arc=1pt,%
1748 boxrule=0pt,%
1749 \CDR_options_if_in:nT {colback} {
1750     colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1751 }
1752 }
1753
1754 \newcommand\CDR@mdframed@more@options{%
1755     leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1756     frametitlerule=true,%
1757     \CDR_if_in:nT {colback} {
1758         backgroundcolor=\CDR:n {colback}
1759     }
1760 }
1761
1762 \newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@more@options{%
1763     grow~to~left~by=-\CDR@leftmargin,%
1764     \CDR_if_in:nNT {colback} {
1765         colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1766     }
1767 }
1768
1769 \newcommand\CDR@boite@more@options{%
1770     leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1771     \ifcsname CDR@opt@colback\endcsname
1772         colback=\CDR@opt@colback,%
1773     \fi
1774 }
1775
1776 \newcommand\CDR@mdframed@margin{%
1777     \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{outerlinewidth}%
1778     \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{middlelinewidth}%
1779     \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerlinewidth}%
1780     \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerleftmargin}%
1781 }
1782
1783 \newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@margin{%
1784     \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@left@rule
1785     \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@leftupper
1786     \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@boxsep
1787 }
1788
1789 \newcommand\CDR@boite@margin{%
1790     \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@leftrule
1791     \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@boxsep
1792 }
1793
1794 \def\CDR@global@options{
1795
1796 \newcommand\setpygmented[1]{%
1797     \def\CDR@global@options{/CDR.cd,#1}%
1798 }
1799

```

25 Counters

<code>\CDR_int_new:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_new:n {⟨name⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code>
------------------------------	--

Create an integer after $\langle name \rangle$ and set it globally to $\langle value \rangle$. $\langle name \rangle$ is a code name.

```

1800 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_new:nn #1 #2 {
1801   \int_new:c {g/CDR/int/#1}
1802   \int_gset:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1803 }
```

<code>\CDR_int_set:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_set:n {⟨name⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code>
------------------------------	--

`\CDR_int_gset:nn` Set the integer named after $\langle name \rangle$ to the $\langle value \rangle$. `\CDR_int_gset:n` makes a global change. $\langle name \rangle$ is a code name.

```

1804 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:nn #1 #2 {
1805   \int_set:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1806 }
1807 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:nn #1 #2 {
1808   \int_gset:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1809 }
```

<code>\CDR_int_add:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_add:n {⟨name⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code>
------------------------------	--

`\CDR_int_gadd:nn` Add the $\langle value \rangle$ to the integer named after $\langle name \rangle$. `\CDR_int_gadd:n` makes a global change. $\langle name \rangle$ is a code name.

```

1810 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:nn #1 #2 {
1811   \int_add:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1812 }
1813 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:nn #1 #2 {
1814   \int_gadd:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1815 }
```

<code>\CDR_int_sub:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_sub:n {⟨name⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code>
------------------------------	--

`\CDR_int_gsub:nn` Subtract the $\langle value \rangle$ from the integer named after $\langle name \rangle$. `\CDR_int_gsub:n` makes a global change. $\langle name \rangle$ is a code name.

```

1816 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_sub:nn #1 #2 {
1817   \int_sub:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1818 }
1819 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gsub:nn #1 #2 {
1820   \int_gsub:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
1821 }
```

\CDR_int_if_exist:nTF \CDR_int_if_exist:nTF {<name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

Execute <true code> when an integer named after <name> exist, <false code> otherwise.

```

1822 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_if_exist:n { T, F, TF } {
1823   \int_if_exist:cTF {g/CDR/int/#1} {
1824     \prg_return_true:
1825   } {
1826     \prg_return_false:
1827   }
1828 }
```

\g/CDR/int/ Generic and named line number counter. \l_CDR_code_name_t is used as <name>.

\g/CDR/int/<name>
1829 \CDR_int_new:nn {} { 1 }

(End definition for \g/CDR/int/ and \g/CDR/int/<name>. These variables are documented on page ??.)

\CDR_int_use:n * \CDR_int_use:n {<name>}

<name> is a code name.

```

1830 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_use:n #1 {
1831   \int_use:c {g/CDR/int/#1}
1832 }
```

```

1833 \ExplSyntaxOff
```

```

1834 %</sty>
```