

`coder` — code inlined in a \LaTeX document^{*}

Jérôme LAURENS[†]

Released 2022/02/07

Abstract

Usually, documentation is put inside the code, `coder` allows to work the other way round by putting code inside the documentation. This is particularly interesting when different code files share some logic and should be documented all at once. The file `coder-manual.pdf` gives different examples. Here is the implementation of the package.

This \LaTeX package requires `LuaTeX` and may use syntax coloring based on `pygments`.

1 Package dependencies

`luacode`, `datetime2`, `xcolor`, `fancyvrb` and dependencies of these packages.

2 Similar technologies

The `docstrip` utility offers similar features, it is somehow more powerful than `coder` at the cost of more technicality and less practicality,

The `ydoc.cls` and `skdoc.cls` are full document classes with similar features but many more that are unrelated. `coder` focuses on code inlining and interfaces very well with `pygments` for a smart and efficient syntax highlighting.

The `pygmentex` and `minted` packages were somehow a source of inspiration.

3 Known bugs and limitations

- `coder` does not play well with `docstrip`.

^{*}This file describes version 2022/02/07, last revised 2022/02/07.

[†]E-mail: jerome.laurens@u-bourgogne.fr

4 Namespace and conventions

\LaTeX identifiers related to `coder` start with `CDR`, including both commands and environment. `expl3` identifiers also start with `CDR`, after and eventual leading `c_`, `l_` or `g_`. `l3keys` module path's first component is either `CDR` or starts with `CDR@`.

`lua` objects (functions and variables) are collected in the `CDR` table automatically created while loading `coder-util.lua` from `coder.sty`.

The `c` argument specifier is used here in a more general acception. Normally, it means that the argument is turned to a command sequence name. Here, it means that the argument is part of something bigger which is turned to a command sequence name. As such, there is no need to explicitly expand such an argument.

5 Presentation

`coder` is a triptych of three complementary components

1. `coder.sty`, on the \LaTeX side,
2. `coder-util.lua`, to manage some data and call `coder-tool.py`,
3. `coder-tool.py`, to color code with the help of `pygments`.

`coder.sty` mainly declares the `\CDRCode` command and the `CDRBlock` environment. The former allows to insert code chunks as running text whereas the latter allows to insert code snippets as blocks. Moreover, block code chunks can be exported to files, once declared with `\CDRExport` command. The `\CDRSet` command is used to set various parameters, including display engines declared with either `\CDRCodeEngineNew` or `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

5.1 Code flow

The normal code flow is

1. from `coder.sty`, \LaTeX parses a code snippet as `\CDRCode` argument of `CDRBlock` environment body, somehow stores it, and calls `CDR:highlight_source`,
2. `coder-util.lua` reads the content of some command, and stores it in a `json` file, together with informations to process this code snippet properly,
3. `coder-tool.py` is asked by `coder-util.lua` to read the `json` file and eventually uses `pygments` to translate the code snippet into dedicated \LaTeX coloring commands. These are stored in a `*.pyg.tex` file named after the md5 digest of the original code chunk, a `*.pyg.sty` \LaTeX style file is recorded as well. On return, `coder-tool.py` gives to `coder-util.lua` some information, to allow the input of both the `*.pyg.sty` and the `*.pyg.tex` file, which are finally executed and the code is displayed with colors. `coder-tool.py` is also partially responsible of code line numbering in conjunction with `coder.sty`.

The package `coder.sty` only exchanges with `coder-util.lua` using `\directlua` and `tex.print`. `coder-tool.py` in turn only exchanges with `coder-util.lua`: we put in `coder-tool.py` as few \LaTeX logic as possible. It receives instructions from `coder.sty` as command line arguments, \LaTeX options, `pygments` options and `fancyvrb` options.

5.2 File exports

1. The `\CDRExport` command declares a file path, a list of tags and other useful information like a coding language. These data are saved as export records by `coder-util.lua`.
2. When some `tags={...}` have been given to the `CDRBlock` environment, the `coder-util.lua` records the corresponding code chunk and its associate tags for later save.
3. Once the typesetting process is complete, `coder-util.lua`'s `CDR_export_...` methods are called to save all the files externally. For each export record, `coder-util.lua` collects all the chunks with the same tag and save them at the proper location.

5.3 Display engine

The display management is partly delegated to other packages. `coder.sty` provides default engines for running code and code blocks, and new engines can be declared with `\CDRCodeEngineNew` and `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

5.4 L^AT_EX user interface

The first required argument of both commands and environment is a `<key[=value] controls>` list managed by `l3keys`. Each command requires its own `l3keys` module but some `<key[=value] controls>` are shared between modules.

5.5 Properties and inheritance

Properties cover various informations, from the language of the code, to the color and font. They are uniquely identified by a path component, the *tag*, which is used for inheritance. All tags starting with two leading underscore characters are reserved by the package. Other tags are at the user disposal.

Each processed code chunk has a list of associate tags. Most tag inherits from default ones.

6 Options

Key-value options allow the user, `coder.sty`, `coder-util.lua` and `CDRPy` to exchange data. What the user is allowed to do is detailed in [coder-manual.pdf](#).

6.1 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

- **formatcom**=`<command>` execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `code` mode.
- **fontfamily**=`<family name>` font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

- **fontsize**= \langle *font size* \rangle size of the font to use. If you use the **relsize** package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: **fontsize**=**\relsize**{-2}). Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **fontshape**= \langle *font shape* \rangle font shape to use. Initially **auto**: the same as the current font.
- **showspaces**[=**true**|**false**] print a special character representing each space. Initially **false**: spaces not shown.
- **showtabs**=**true**|**false** explicitly show tab characters. Initially **false**: tab characters not shown.
- **obeytabs**=**true**|**false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially **false**: tab characters are added to the current position.
- **tabsize**= \langle *integer* \rangle number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for **fancyvrb**).
- **defineactive**= \langle *macro* \rangle to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the **fancyvrb** package. Initially empty.
- ✓ **relabel**= \langle *label* \rangle define a label to be used with **\pageref**. Initially empty.
- **commentchar**= \langle *character* \rangle lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.
- **gobble**= \langle *integer* \rangle number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only **block** mode.
- **frame**=**none**|**leftline**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**lines**|**single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the L^AT_EX **\fboxsep** macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.
- **label**={ [**top string**] \langle *string* \rangle } label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional \langle *top string* \rangle is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and \langle *string* \rangle for the bottom line. Otherwise, \langle *string* \rangle is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.
- **labelposition**=**none**|**topline**|**bottomline**|**all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame**=**topline** and **labelposition**=**bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.
- **numbers**=**none**|**left**|**right** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially **none**: no numbering.
- **numbersep**= \langle *dimension* \rangle gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

- **firstnumber=auto|last| $\langle integer \rangle$** number of the first line. **last** means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially **auto**: numbering starts from 1.
- **stepnumber= $\langle integer \rangle$** interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.
- **numberblanklines[=true|false]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially **true**: all lines are numbered.
- **firstline= $\langle integer \rangle$** first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.
- **lastline= $\langle integer \rangle$** last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.
- **baselinestretch=auto| $\langle dimension \rangle$** value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` L^AT_EX parameter. Initially **auto**: its current value just before the verbatim command.
- ⊘ **commandchars= $\langle three\ characters \rangle$** characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to **coder**, unavailable to users.
- **xleftmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$** indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially **0pt**: no left margin.
- **xrightmargin= $\langle dimension \rangle$** right margin to add after each line. Initially **0pt**: no right margin.
- **resetmargins[=true|false]** reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially **true**.
- **hfuzz= $\langle dimension \rangle$** value to give to the T_EX `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially **2pt**.
- **samepage[=true|false]** in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the **samepage** parameter to **true**. Initially **false**.

6.2 pygments options

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, used only by `coder-util.lua` to communicate with `coder-tool.py`.

- **style= $\langle name \rangle$** the pygments style to use. Initially **default**.
- ⊘ **full** Tells the formatter to output a **full** document, i.e. a complete self-contained document (default: **false**). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **title** If **full** is true, the title that should be used to caption the document (default empty). Forbidden.

- ⊘ **encoding** If given, must be an encoding name. This will be used to convert the Unicode token strings to byte strings in the output. If it is `or None`, Unicode strings will be written to the output file, which most file-like objects do not support (default: `None`).
- ⊘ **outencoding** Overrides **encoding** if given.
- ⊘ **docclass** If the **full** option is enabled, this is the document class to use (default: `article`). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **preamble** If the **full** option is enabled, this can be further preamble commands, e.g. `"\usepackage"` (default `empty`). Forbidden.
- ⊘ **linenos**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, output line numbers. Initially `false`: no numbering. Ignored in `code` mode.
- ⊘ **linenostart**`=<integer>` The line number for the first line. Initially 1: numbering starts from 1. Ignored in `code` mode.
- ⊘ **linenostep**`=<integer>` If set to a number $n > 1$, only every n th line number is printed. Ignored in `code` mode. Additional options given to the `Verbatim` environment (see the `fancyvrb` docs for possible values). Initially `empty`.
- ⊘ **verboptions** Forbidden.
- **commandprefix**`=<text>` The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `PY`.
- **texcomments**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, enables LaTeX comment lines. That is, LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LaTeX can render it. Initially `false`. Ignored in `code` mode.
- **mathescape**`[=true|false]` If set to `true`, enables LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially `false`.
- **escapeinside**`=<before><after>` If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LaTeX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if **texcomments** or **mathescape** is set. Initially `empty`.
- ⚙ **envname**`=<name>` Allows you to pick an alternative environment name replacing `Verbatim`. The alternate environment still has to support `Verbatim`'s option syntax. Initially `Verbatim`.

6.3 LaTeX

These are options used by `coder.sty` to pass data to `coder-tool.py`. All values are required, possibly empty.

- **tags** `clist` of tag names, used for line numbering.
- **inline** `true` when inline code is concerned, `false` otherwise.
- **sty_template** LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:style_defs>` must be replaced by the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name.

All the line templates below are L^AT_EX source text where `<placeholder:number>` should be replaced by a line number and `<placeholder:line>` should be replaced by the highlighted line code provided by `pygments`. They should not include a trailing newline char. The *<type>* is used to describe the line more precisely.

- **First** When the block consists of more than one line. If the tag information is required or new, display only the tag. Display the number if required, otherwise.
- **Second** If the first line did not, display the line number, but only when required.
- **Black** for numbered lines,
- **White** for unnumbered lines,

File I

coder-util.lua implementation

1 Usage

This lua library is loaded by `coder.sty` with the instruction `CDR=require(coder-util)`. In the sequel, the syntax to call class methods and instance methods are presented with either a `CDR.` or a `CDR:` prefix. This is what is used in the library for convenience. Of course either a `self.` or a `self:` prefix would be possible.

2 Declarations

```

1 %<*lua>
2 local lfs    = _ENV.lfs
3 local tex    = _ENV.tex
4 local token  = _ENV.token
5 local md5    = _ENV.md5
6 local kpse   = _ENV.kpse
7 local rep    = string.rep
8 local lpeg   = require("lpeg")
9 local P, Cg, Cp, V = lpeg.P, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cp, lpeg.V
10 local json  = require('lualibs-util-jsn')
```

3 General purpose material

CDR_PY_PATH Location of the `coder-tool.py` utility. This will cause an error if `kpsewhich` is not available. The PATH must be properly set up.

```

11 local CDR_PY_PATH = kpse.find_file('coder-tool.py')
```

(End definition for CDR_PY_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)


PYTHON_PATH Location of the `python` utility, defaults to `'python'`.

```

12 local PYTHON_PATH = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-)%s*$")
```

(End definition for PYTHON_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)

set_python_path CDR:set_python_path(<path var>)

 Set manually the path of the python utility with the contents of the <path var>. If the given path does not point to a file or a link then an error is raised.

```

13 local function set_python_path(self, path_var)
14   local path = assert(token.get_macro(assert(path_var)))
15   if #path>0 then
16     local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(self.PYTHON_PATH,'mode')
17     assert(mode == 'file' or mode == 'link')
18   else
19     path = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-%s*$")
20   end
21   self.PYTHON_PATH = path
22 end

```

is_truthy if CDR.is_truthy(<string>) then
 <true code>
 else
 <false code>
 end


Execute <true code> if <string> is the string "true", <false code> otherwise.

```

23 local function is_truthy(s)
24   return s == 'true'
25 end

```

escape <variable> = CDR.escape(<string>)

 Escape the given string to be used by the shell.

```

26 local function escape(s)
27   s = s:gsub(' ','\\ ')
28   s = s:gsub('\\','\\\\')
29   s = s:gsub('\\r','\\r')
30   s = s:gsub('\\n','\\n')
31   s = s:gsub('"','\\"')
32   s = s:gsub("'",'"')
33   return s
34 end

```

make_directory <variable> = CDR.make_directory(<string path>)

Make a directory at the given path.

```

35 local function make_directory(path)
36   local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
37   if mode == "directory" then
38     return true
39   elseif mode ~= nil then

```



```

40     return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
41 end
42 if os["type"] == "windows" then
43     path = path:gsub("/", "\\")
44     _,... = os.execute(
45         "if not exist " .. path .. "\\nul " .. "mkdir " .. path
46     )
47 else
48     _,... = os.execute("mkdir -p " .. path)
49 end
50 mode = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
51 if mode == "directory" then
52     return true
53 end
54 return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
55 end

```

dir_p The directory where the auxiliary `pygments` related files are saved, in general `<jobname>.pygd/`.

(End definition for dir_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

json_p The path of the JSON file used to communicate with `coder-tool.py`, in general `<jobname>.pygd/<jobname>`

(End definition for json_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```

56 local dir_p, json_p
57 local jobname = tex.jobname
58 dir_p = './'..jobname..'pygd/'
59 if make_directory(dir_p) == nil then
60     dir_p = './'
61     json_p = dir_p..jobname..'pyg.json'
62 else
63     json_p = dir_p..'input.pyg.json'
64 end

```

print_file_content `CDR.print_file_content(<macro name>)`

The command named `<macro name>` contains the path to a file. Read the content of that file and print the result to the `TEX` stream.

```

65 local function print_file_content(name)
66     local p = token.get_macro(name)
67     local fh = assert(io.open(p, 'r'))
68     local s = fh:read('a')
69     fh:close()
70     tex.print(s)
71 end

```

safe_equals `<variable> = safe_equals(<string>)`

Class method. Returns an `<...=>` string as `<ans>` exactly composed of sufficiently many `=` signs such that `<string>` contains neither sequence `[<ans>[` nor `]<ans>]`.

```

72 local eq_pattern = P({ Cp() * P('=')^1 * Cp() + P(1) * V(1) })
73 local function safe_equals(s)
74   local i, j = 0, 0
75   local max = 0
76   while true do
77     i, j = eq_pattern:match(s, j)
78     if i == nil then
79       return rep('=', max + 1)
80     end
81     i = j - i
82     if i > max then
83       max = i
84     end
85   end
86 end

```

load_exec CDR:load_exec(*lua code chunk*)

Class method. Loads the given *lua code chunk* and execute it. On error, messages are printed.

```

87 local function load_exec(self, chunk)
88   local env = setmetatable({ self = self, tex = tex }, _ENV)
89   local func, err = load(chunk, 'coder-tool', 't', env)
90   if func then
91     local ok
92     ok, err = pcall(func)
93     if not ok then
94       print("coder-util.lua Execution error:", err)
95       print('chunk:', chunk)
96     end
97   else
98     print("coder-util.lua Compilation error:", err)
99     print('chunk:', chunk)
100   end
101 end

```

load_exec_output CDR:load_exec_output(*lua code chunk*)

Instance method to parse the *lua code chunk* string for commands and execute them. The patterns being searched are enclosed within opening <<<<< and closing >>>>>, each containing 5 characters,

?TEX:*TeX instructions* the *TeX instructions* are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to \TeX .

!LUA:*!Lua instructions* the *!Lua instructions* are executed synchronously. When not properly designed, these instruction may cause a forever loop on execution, for example, they must not use CDR:if_code_ngn.

?LUA:*?Lua instructions* these *?Lua instructions* are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to \TeX through a call to `\directlua`, which means that they will wait until any previous asynchronous *?TeX instructions* or *?Lua instructions* completes.

```

102 local parse_pattern
103 do
104   local tag = P('!'') + '*' + '?'
105   local stp = '>>>>'
106   local cmd = (P(1) - stp)^0
107   parse_pattern = P({
108     P('<<<<') * Cg(tag) * 'LUA:' * Cg(cmd) * stp * Cp() + 1 * V(1)
109   })
110 end
111 local function load_exec_output(self, s)
112   local i, tag, cmd
113   i = 1
114   while true do
115     tag, cmd, i = parse_pattern:match(s, i)
116     if tag == '!' then
117       self:load_exec(cmd)
118     elseif tag == '*' then
119       local eqs = safe_equals(cmd)
120       cmd = '[' .. eqs .. '[' .. cmd .. ']' .. eqs .. ']'
121       tex.print([[
122 \directlua{CDR:load_exec[]..cmd..[]}%
123 ]])
124     elseif tag == '?' then
125       print('\nDEBUG/coder: ' .. cmd)
126     else
127       return
128     end
129   end
130 end

```

4 Properties

This is one of the channels from coder.sty to coder-util.lua.

5 Hiligting

5.1 Common

highlight_set CDR:highlight_set(...)

Highlight the currently entered block. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```

131 local function highlight_set(self, key, value)
132   local args = self['.arguments']
133   local t = args
134   if t[key] == nil then
135     t = args.pygopts
136     if t[key] == nil then
137       t = args.texopts
138       if t[key] == nil then
139         t = args.fv_opts

```

```

140         assert(t[key] ~= nil)
141     end
142 end
143 end
144 t[key] = value
145 end
146
147 local function hilight_set_var(self, key, var)
148     self:hilight_set(key, assert(token.get_macro(var or 'l_CDR_tl'))))
149 end

```

hilight_source CDR:hilight_source(<src>, <sty>)

Hilight the currently entered block if <src> is true, build the style definitions if <sty> is true. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments. Set the \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl and \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl macros on return, depending on <src> and <sty>.

```

150 local function hilight_source(self, sty, src)
151     local args = self['.arguments']
152     local texopts = args.texopts
153     local pygopts = args.pygopts
154     local inline = texopts.is_inline
155     local use_cache = self.is_truthy(args.cache)
156     local use_py = false
157     local cmd = self.PYTHON_PATH..' '..self.CDR_PY_PATH
158     local debug = args.debug
159     local pyg_sty_p
160     if sty then
161         pyg_sty_p = dir_p..pygopts.style..'pyg.sty'
162         token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl', pyg_sty_p)
163         texopts.pyg_sty_p = pyg_sty_p
164         local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_sty_p, 'mode')
165         if not mode or not use_cache then
166             use_py = true
167             if debug then
168                 print('PYTHON STYLE:')
169             end
170             cmd = cmd..' --create_style'
171         end
172         self:cache_record(pyg_sty_p)
173     end
174     local pyg_tex_p
175     if src then
176         local source
177         if inline then
178             source = args.source
179         else
180             local ll = self['.lines']
181             source = table.concat(ll, '\n')
182         end
183         local hash = md5.sumhexa(('%s:%s:%s'

```

```

184         ):format(
185             source,
186             inline and 'code' or 'block',
187             pygopts.style
188         )
189     )
190     local base = dir_p..hash
191     pyg_tex_p = base..'pyg.tex'
192     token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl', pyg_tex_p)
193     local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_tex_p,'mode')
194     if not mode or not use_cache then
195         use_py = true
196         if debug then
197             print('PYTHON SOURCE:', inline)
198         end
199         if not inline then
200             local tex_p = base..'tex'
201             local f = assert(io.open(tex_p, 'w'))
202             local ok, err = f:write(source)
203             f:close()
204             if not ok then
205                 print('File error('..tex_p..'): '..err)
206             end
207             if debug then
208                 print('OUTPUT: '..tex_p)
209             end
210         end
211         cmd = cmd..(' --base=%q'):format(base)
212     end
213 end
214 if use_py then
215     local json_p = self.json_p
216     local f = assert(io.open(json_p, 'w'))
217     local ok, err = f:write(json.tostring(args, true))
218     f:close()
219     if not ok then
220         print('File error('..json_p..'): '..err)
221     end
222     cmd = cmd..(' %q'):format(json_p)
223     if debug then
224         print('CDR>'..cmd)
225     end
226     local o = io.popen(cmd):read('a')
227     self:load_exec_output(o)
228     if debug then
229         print('PYTHON', o)
230     end
231 end
232 self:cache_record(
233     sty and pyg_sty_p or nil,
234     src and pyg_tex_p or nil
235 )
236 end

```

5.2 Code

5.3 Code

`highlight_code_setup` CDR:highlight_code_setup()

Highlight the code in `str` variable named `<code var name>`. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch `coder-tool.py` with the proper arguments.

```
237 local function highlight_code_setup(self)
238   self['.arguments'] = {
239     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
240     source = '',
241     cache = true,
242     debug = false,
243     pygopts = {
244       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
245       lang = 'tex',
246       style = 'default',
247     },
248     texopts = {
249       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
250       tags = '',
251       is_inline = true,
252       pyg_sty_p = '',
253     },
254     fv_opts = {
255       __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
256     }
257   }
258   self.highlight_json_written = false
259 end
260
```

5.4 Block

`highlight_block_setup` CDR:highlight_block_setup(`<tags clist var>`)

Records the contents of the `<tags clist var>` L^AT_EX variable to prepare block highlighting.

```
261 local function highlight_block_setup(self, tags_clist_var)
262   local tags_clist = assert(token.get_macro(assert(tags_clist_var)))
263   local t = {}
264   for tag in string.gmatch(tags_clist, '([~,]+)') do
265     t[#t+1]=tag
266   end
267   self['.tags clist'] = tags_clist
268   self['.block tags'] = t
269   self['.lines'] = {}
270   self['.arguments'] = {
271     __cls__ = 'Arguments',
272     cache = false,
```

```

273     debug    = false,
274     source   = nil,
275     pygopts  = {
276       __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
277       lang    = 'tex',
278       style   = 'default',
279     },
280     texopts  = {
281       __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
282       tags    = tags_clist,
283       is_inline = false,
284       pyg_sty_p = '',
285     },
286     fv_opts  = {
287       __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
288       firstnumber = 1,
289       stepnumber  = 1,
290     }
291   }
292   self.highlight_json_written = false
293 end
294

```

record_line CDR:record_line(*<line variable name>*)

Store the content of the given named variable.

```

295 local function record_line(self, line_variable_name)
296   local line = assert(token.get_macro(assert(line_variable_name)))
297   local ll = assert(self['.lines'])
298   ll[#ll+1] = line
299   local lt = self['lines by tag'] or {}
300   self['lines by tag'] = lt
301   for _,tag in ipairs(self['.block tags']) do
302     ll = lt[tag] or {}
303     lt[tag] = ll
304     ll[#ll+1] = line
305   end
306 end

```

highlight_advance CDR:highlight_advance(*<count>*)

<count> is the number of line highlighted.

```

307 local function highlight_advance(self, count)
308 end

```

6 Exportation

For each file to be exported, `coder.sty` calls `export_file` to initialte the exportation. Then it calls `export_file_info` to share the tags, raw, preamble, postamble data. Finally, `export_complete` is called to complete the exportation.

export_file CDR:export_file(*<file name var>*)

This is called at export time. *<file name var>* is the name of an str variable containing the file name.

```
309 local function export_file(self, file_name)
310   self['.name'] = assert(token.get_macro(assert(file_name)))
311   self['.export'] = {}
312 end
```

export_file_info CDR:export_file_info(*<key>*, *<value name var>*)

This is called at export time. *<value name var>* is the name of an str variable containing the value.

```
313 local function export_file_info(self, key, value)
314   local export = self['.export']
315   value = assert(token.get_macro(assert(value)))
316   export[key] = value
317 end
```

export_complete CDR:export_complete()

This is called at export time.

```
318 local function export_complete(self)
319   local name      = self['.name']
320   local export    = self['.export']
321   local records   = self['.records']
322   local tt        = {}
323   local s         = export.preamble
324   if s then
325     tt[#tt+1] = s
326   end
327   for _,tag in ipairs(export.tags) do
328     s = records[tag]:concat('\n')
329     tt[#tt+1] = s
330     records[tag] = { [1] = s }
331   end
332   s = export.postamble
333   if s then
334     tt[#tt+1] = s
335   end
336   if #tt>0 then
337     local fh = assert(io.open(name,'w'))
338     fh:write(tt:concat('\n'))
339     fh:close()
340   end
341   self['.file'] = nil
342   self['.exportation'] = nil
343 end
```


7 Caching

We save some computation time by pygmentizing files only when necessary. The `codertool.py` is expected to create a `*.pyg.sty` file for a style and a `*.pyg.tex` file for highlighted code. These files are cached during one whole L^AT_EX run and possibly between different L^AT_EX runs. Lua keeps track of both the style files created and highlighted code files created.

<code>cache_clean_all</code>
<code>cache_record</code>
<code>cache_clean_unused</code>

```
CDR:cache_clean_all()
CDR:cache_record(<style name.pyg.sty>, <digest.pyg.tex>)
CDR:cache_clean_unused()
```

Instance methods. `cache_clean_all` removes any file in the cache directory named *<jobname>.pygd*. This is automatically executed at the beginning of the document processing when there is no aux file. This can also be executed on demand with `\directlua{CDR:cache_clean_all()}`. The `cache_record` method stores both *<style name.pyg.sty>* and *<digest.pyg.tex>*. These are file names relative to the *<jobname>.pygd* directory. `cache_clean_unused` removes any file in the cache directory *<jobname>.pygd* except the ones that were previously recorded. This is executed at the end of the document processing.

```
344 local function cache_clean_all(self)
345     local to_remove = {}
346     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
347         to_remove[f] = true
348     end
349     for k,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
350         os.remove(dir_p .. k)
351     end
352 end
353 local function cache_record(self, pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
354     if pyg_sty_p then
355         self['.style_set'] [pyg_sty_p] = true
356     end
357     if pyg_tex_p then
358         self['.colored_set'] [pyg_tex_p] = true
359     end
360 end
361 local function cache_clean_unused(self)
362     local to_remove = {}
363     for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
364         f = dir_p .. f
365         if not self['.style_set'] [f] and not self['.colored_set'] [f] then
366             to_remove[f] = true
367         end
368     end
369     for f,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
370         os.remove(f)
371     end
372 end
```

`_DESCRIPTION` Short text description of the module.

```
373 local _DESCRIPTION = [[Global coder utilities on the lua side]]

(End definition for _DESCRIPTION. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

8 Return the module

```
374 return {  
  
    Known fields are  
  
375     _DESCRIPTION          = _DESCRIPTION,  
  
    _VERSION to store <version string>,  
  
376     _VERSION              = token.get_macro('fileversion'),  
  
    date to store <date string>,  
  
377     date                  = token.get_macro('filedate'),  
  
    Various paths ,  
  
378     CDR_PY_PATH           = CDR_PY_PATH,  
379     PYTHON_PATH           = PYTHON_PATH,  
380     set_python_path       = set_python_path,  
  
    is_truthy  
  
381     is_truthy             = is_truthy,  
  
    escape  
  
382     escape                = escape,  
  
    make_directory  
  
383     make_directory        = make_directory,  
  
    load_exec  
  
384     load_exec             = load_exec,  
  
385     load_exec_output      = load_exec_output,  
  
    record_line  
  
386     record_line           = record_line,  
  
    highlight common  
  
387     highlight_set         = highlight_set,  
388     highlight_set_var     = highlight_set_var,  
389     highlight_source      = highlight_source,  
390     highlight_advance     = highlight_advance,  
  
    highlight code
```

```

391 highlight_code_setup = highlight_code_setup,

    highlight_block_setup

392 highlight_block_setup = highlight_block_setup,

    cache_clean_all

393 cache_clean_all      = cache_clean_all,

    cache_record

394 cache_record         = cache_record,

    cache_clean_unused

395 cache_clean_unused = cache_clean_unused,

Internals

396 ['.style_set']      = {},
397 ['.colored_set']    = {},
398 ['.options']        = {},
399 ['.export']         = {},
400 ['.name']           = nil,

    already false at the beginning, true after the first call of coder-tool.py

401 already              = false,

    Other

402 json_p              = json_p,

403 }

404 %</lua>

```

File II

coder-tool.py implementation

The standard header is managed specially because of the way docstrip automatically adds some header when extracting stuff from an archive. The next two lines are added by docstrip at the top of the preamble.

```

1 %<*py>
2 #! /usr/bin/env python3
3 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
4 %</py>

```

1 Usage

Run: `coder-tool.py -h`.

2 Header and global declarations

```
5 %<*py>
6 __version__ = '0.10'
7 __YEAR__ = '2022'
8 __docformat__ = 'restructuredtext'
9
10 import sys
11 import os
12 import argparse
13 import re
14 from pathlib import Path
15 import json
16 from pygments import highlight as hilight
17 from pygments.formatters.latex import LatexEmbeddedLexer, LatexFormatter
18 from pygments.lexers import get_lexer_by_name
19 from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
```

3 Options classes

Object is used to turn a dictionary into a full fledged object. The real class is given by the `__cls__` key.

```
20 class BaseOpts(object):
21     @staticmethod
22     def ensure_bool(x):
23         if x == True or x == False: return x
24         x = x[0:1]
25         return x == 'T' or x == 't'
26
27     def __init__(self, d={}):
28         for k, v in d.items():
29             if type(v) == str:
30                 if v.lower() == 'true':
31                     setattr(self, k, True)
32                 elif v.lower() == 'false':
33                     setattr(self, k, False)
34                 continue
35             setattr(self, k, v)
```

3.1 TeXOpts class

```
36 class TeXOpts(BaseOpts):
37     tags = ''
38     is_inline = True
39     pyg_sty_p = None
```

The templates are provided by `coder.sty`. The style template wraps the style definitions provided by `pygments`. It may include the style name

```

40 sty_template=r'''% !TeX root=...
41 \makeatletter
42 \CDR@StyleDefine{<placeholder:style_name>} {%
43   <placeholder:style_defs>}%
44 \makeatother'''
45 def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
46     super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
47     self.inline_p = self.ensure_bool(self.is_inline)
48     self.pyg_sty_p = Path(self.pyg_sty_p or '')

```

3.2 PygOptsclass

`pygments LaTeXFormatter` options. Some of them may be deliberately unused. In particular, line numbering is governed by `fancyvrb` options. The description of these options is in a forthcoming section.

```

49 class PygOpts(BaseOpts):
50     style = 'default'
51     nobackground = False
52     linenos = False
53     linenostart = 1
54     linenostep = 1
55     commandprefix = 'Py'
56     texcomments = False
57     mathescape = False
58     escapeinside = ""
59     envname = 'Verbatim'
60     lang = 'tex'
61     def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
62         super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
63         self.linenos = self.ensure_bool(self.linenos)
64         self.linenostart = abs(int(self.linenostart))
65         self.linenostep = abs(int(self.linenostep))
66         self.texcomments = self.ensure_bool(self.texcomments)
67         self.mathescape = self.ensure_bool(self.mathescape)

```

3.3 FVclass

```

68 class FVOpts(BaseOpts):
69     gobble = 0
70     tabsize = 4
71     linenosep = '0pt'
72     commentchar = ''
73     frame = 'none'
74     label = ''
75     labelposition = 'none'
76     numbers = 'left'
77     numbersep = '1ex'
78     firstnumber = 'auto'
79     stepnumber = 1
80     numberblanklines = True

```

```

81 firstline = ''
82 lastline = ''
83 baselinestretch = 'auto'
84 resetmargins = True
85 xleftmargin = '0pt'
86 xrightmargin = '0pt'
87 hfuzz = '2pt'
88 samepage = False
89 def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
90     super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)
91     self.gobble = abs(int(self.gobble))
92     self.tabsize = abs(int(self.tabsize))
93     if self.firstnumber != 'auto':
94         self.firstnumber = abs(int(self.firstnumber))
95     self.stepnumber = abs(int(self.stepnumber))
96     self.numberblanklines = self.ensure_bool(self.numberblanklines)
97     self.resetmargins = self.ensure_bool(self.resetmargins)
98     self.samepage = self.ensure_bool(self.samepage)

```

3.4 Argumentsclass

```

99 class Arguments(BaseOpts):
100     cache = False
101     debug = False
102     source = ""
103     style = "default"
104     json = ""
105     directory = "."
106     texopts = TeXOpts()
107     pygopts = PygOpts()
108     fv_opts = FVOpts()

```

4 Controller main class

```

109 class Controller:

```

4.1 Static methods

object_hook Helper for json parsing.

```

110 @staticmethod
111 def object_hook(d):
112     __cls__ = d.get('__cls__', 'Arguments')
113     if __cls__ == 'PygOpts':
114         return PygOpts(d)
115     elif __cls__ == 'FVOpts':
116         return FVOpts(d)
117     elif __cls__ == 'TeXOpts':
118         return TeXOpts(d)
119     else:
120         return Arguments(d)

```

lua_command	self.lua_command(<i>(asynchronous lua command)</i>)
lua_command_now	self.lua_command_now(<i>(synchronous lua command)</i>)
lua_debug	Wraps the given command between markers. It will be in the output of the <code>coder-tool.py</code> , further captured by <code>coder-util.lua</code> and either forwarded to <code>TEX</code> or executed synchronously.

```

121     @staticmethod
122     def lua_command(cmd):
123         print(f'<<<<<*LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
124     @staticmethod
125     def lua_command_now(cmd):
126         print(f'<<<<<!LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
127     @staticmethod
128     def lua_debug(msg):
129         print(f'<<<<<?LUA:{msg}>>>>>')

```

lua_text_escape	self.lua_text_escape(<i>(text)</i>)
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Wraps the given command between [=...=[and]=...=] with as many equal signs as necessary to ensure a correct lua syntax.

```

130     @staticmethod
131     def lua_text_escape(s):
132         k = 0
133         for m in re.findall('+=', s):
134             if len(m) > k: k = len(m)
135         k = (k + 1) * "="
136         return f'[{k}][{s}]{k}']

```

4.2 Computed properties

self.json_p The full path to the `json` file containing all the data used for the processing.

(End definition for self.json_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```

137     _json_p = None
138     @property
139     def json_p(self):
140         p = self._json_p
141         if p:
142             return p
143         else:
144             p = self.arguments.json
145             if p:
146                 p = Path(p).resolve()
147             self._json_p = p
148             return p

```

self.parser The correctly set up `argparse` instance.

(End definition for self.parser. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```

149 @property
150 def parser(self):
151     parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
152         prog=sys.argv[0],
153         description='''
154 Writes to the output file a set of LaTeX macros describing
155 the syntax hilighting of the input file as given by pygments.
156 '''
157     )
158     parser.add_argument(
159         "-v", "--version",
160         help="Print the version and exit",
161         action='version',
162         version=f'coder-tool version {__version__},'
163         ' (c) {__YEAR__} by Jérôme LAURENS.'
164     )
165     parser.add_argument(
166         "--debug",
167         action='store_true',
168         default=None,
169         help="display informations useful for debugging"
170     )
171     parser.add_argument(
172         "--create_style",
173         action='store_true',
174         default=None,
175         help="create the style definitions"
176     )
177     parser.add_argument(
178         "--base",
179         action='store',
180         default=None,
181         help="the path of the file to be colored, with no extension"
182     )
183     parser.add_argument(
184         "json",
185         metavar="<json data file>",
186         help=""
187         file name with extension, contains processing information.
188         ""
189     )
190     return parser
191

```

4.3 Methods

4.3.1 __init__

__init__ Constructor. Reads the command line arguments.

```

192 def __init__(self, argv = sys.argv):
193     argv = argv[1:] if re.match(".*coder\-\tool\.py$", argv[0]) else argv

```



```

194 ns = self.parser.parse_args(
195     argv if len(argv) else ['-h']
196 )
197 with open(ns.json, 'r') as f:
198     self.arguments = json.load(
199         f,
200         object_hook = Controller.object_hook
201     )
202 args = self.arguments
203 args.json = ns.json
204 self.texopts = args.texopts
205 pygopts = self.pygopts = args.pygopts
206 fv_opts = self.fv_opts = args.fv_opts
207 self.formatter = LatexFormatter(
208     style = pygopts.style,
209     nobackground = pygopts.nobackground,
210     commandprefix = pygopts.commandprefix,
211     texcomments = pygopts.texcomments,
212     mathescape = pygopts.mathescape,
213     escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside,
214     envname = 'CDR@Pyg@Verbatim',
215 )
216
217 try:
218     lexer = self.lexer = get_lexer_by_name(pygopts.lang)
219 except ClassNotFound as err:
220     sys.stderr.write('Error: ')
221     sys.stderr.write(str(err))
222
223 escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside
224 # When using the LaTeX formatter and the option 'escapeinside' is
225 # specified, we need a special lexer which collects escaped text
226 # before running the chosen language lexer.
227 if len(escapeinside) == 2:
228     left = escapeinside[0]
229     right = escapeinside[1]
230     lexer = self.lexer = LatexEmbeddedLexer(left, right, lexer)
231
232 gobble = fv_opts.gobble
233 if gobble:
234     lexer.add_filter('gobble', n=gobble)
235 tabsize = fv_opts.tabsize
236 if tabsize:
237     lexer.tabsize = tabsize
238 lexer.encoding = ''
239 args.base = ns.base
240 args.create_style = ns.create_style
241 if ns.debug:
242     args.debug = True
243 # IN PROGRESS: support for extra keywords
244 # EXTRA_KEYWORDS = set(('foo', 'bar', 'foobar', 'barfoo', 'spam', 'eggs'))
245 # def over(self, text):
246 #     for index, token, value in lexer.__class__.get_tokens_unprocessed(self, text):
247 #         if token is Name and value in EXTRA_KEYWORDS:

```

```

248     #         yield index, Keyword.Pseudo, value
249     #     else:
250     #         yield index, token, value
251     # lexer.get_tokens_unprocessed = over.__get__(lexer)
252

```

4.3.2 create_style

```
self.create_style self.create_style()
```

Where the *<style>* is created. Does quite nothing if the style is already available.

```

253 def create_style(self):
254     args = self.arguments
255     if not args.create_style:
256         return
257     texopts = args.texopts
258     pyg_sty_p = texopts.pyg_sty_p
259     if args.cache and pyg_sty_p.exists():
260         return
261     texopts = self.texopts
262     style = self.pygopts.style
263     formatter = self.formatter
264     style_defs = formatter.get_style_defs() \
265         .replace(r'\makeatletter', '') \
266         .replace(r'\makeatother', '') \
267         .replace('\n', '%\n')
268     sty = self.texopts.sty_template.replace(
269         '<placeholder:style_name>',
270         style,
271     ).replace(
272         '<placeholder:style_defs>',
273         style_defs,
274     ).replace(
275         '{}%',
276         '%}\n{%',
277     ).replace(
278         '[]%',
279         '%[\n]%',
280     ).replace(
281         '{}}%',
282         '%{[\n]}%',
283     )
284     with pyg_sty_p.open(mode='w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
285         f.write(sty)
286     if args.debug:
287         print('STYLE', os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p))

```

4.3.3 pygmentize

```
self.pygmentize <code variable> = self.pygmentize(<code>[, inline=<yorn>])
```

Where the *<code>* is highlighted by pygments.

```

288 def pygmentize(self, source):
289     source = highlight(source, self.lexer, self.formatter)
290     m = re.match(
291         r'\begin{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}.*?\n(?:\n\\end{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}\s*\Z',
292         source,
293         flags=re.S
294     )
295     assert(m)
296     highlighted = m.group(1)
297     texopts = self.texopts
298     if texopts.is_inline:
299         return highlighted.replace(' ', r'\CDR@Sp '), 0
300     lines = highlighted.split('\n')
301     ans_code = []
302     last = 1
303     for line in lines[1:]:
304         last += 1
305         ans_code.append(rf'''\CDR@Line{{{last}}}{{{line}}}'')
306     if len(lines):
307         ans_code.insert(0, rf'''\CDR@Line[last={last}]{{{1}}}{{{lines[0]]}}'')
308     highlighted = '\n'.join(ans_code)
309     return highlighted

```

4.3.4 create_pygmented

`self.create_pygmented`

`self.create_pygmented()`

Call `self.pygmentize` and save the resulting pygmented code at the proper location.

```

310 def create_pygmented(self):
311     args = self.arguments
312     base = args.base
313     if not base:
314         return False
315     source = args.source
316     if not source:
317         tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.tex')
318         with open(tex_p, 'r') as f:
319             source = f.read()
320     pyg_tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.pyg.tex')
321     highlighted = self.pygmentize(source)
322     with pyg_tex_p.open(mode='w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
323         f.write(highlighted)
324     if args.debug:
325         print('HIGHLIGHTED', os.path.relpath(pyg_tex_p))

```

4.4 Main entry

```

326 if __name__ == '__main__':
327     try:
328         ctrl = Controller()
329         x = ctrl.create_style() or ctrl.create_pygmented()
330         print(f'{sys.argv[0]}: done')

```

```

331     sys.exit(x)
332 except KeyboardInterrupt:
333     sys.exit(1)
334 %</py>

```

File III

coder.sty implementation

```

1 %<*sty>
2 \makeatletter

```

1 Installation test

```

3 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRTest {} {
4   \sys_if_shell:TF {
5     \CDR_has_pygments:F {
6       \msg_warning:nnn
7         { coder }
8         { :n }
9         { No~"pygmentize"~found. }
10    }
11  } {
12    \msg_warning:nnn
13      { coder }
14      { :n }
15      { No~unrestricted-shell-escape~for~"pygmentize".}
16  }
17 }

```

2 Messages

```

18 \msg_new:nnn { coder } { unknown-choice } {
19   #1~given~value~'#3'~not~in~#2
20 }

```

3 Constants

`\c_CDR_tag` Paths of L3keys modules.

`\c_CDR_Tags` These are root path components used throughout the package. The latter is a subpath of the former.

```

21 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_Tags { CDR@Tags }
22 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_tag { \c_CDR_Tags/tag }

```

(End definition for \c_CDR_tag and \c_CDR_Tags. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\c_CDR_tag_get` Root identifier for tag properties, used throughout the package.

```

23 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_get { CDR@tag@get }

```

(End definition for \c_CDR_tag_get. This variable is documented on page ??.)

4 Implementation details

As far as possible, macro making assignments to variables are protected. All variables following expl3 naming conventions are implementation details and therefore must be considered private.

5 Variables

5.1 Internal scratch variables

These local variables are used in a very limited scope.

`\l_CDR_bool` Local scratch variable.

24 `\bool_new:N \l_CDR_bool`

(End definition for \l_CDR_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_tl` Local scratch variable.

25 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_str` Local scratch variable.

26 `\str_new:N \l_CDR_str`

(End definition for \l_CDR_str. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_seq` Local scratch variable.

27 `\seq_new:N \l_CDR_seq`

(End definition for \l_CDR_seq. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_prop` Local scratch variable.

28 `\prop_new:N \l_CDR_prop`

(End definition for \l_CDR_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_clist` The comma separated list of current chunks.

29 `\clist_new:N \l_CDR_clist`

(End definition for \l_CDR_clist. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.2 Files

`\l_CDR_ior` Input file identifier

30 `\ior_new:N \l_CDR_ior`

(End definition for \l_CDR_ior. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_iow` Output file identifier

31 `\iow_new:N \l_CDR_iow`

(End definition for \l_CDR_iow. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.3 Global variables

Line number counter for the source code chunks.

`\g_CDR_source_int` Chunk number counter.

32 `\int_new:N \g_CDR_source_int`

(End definition for \g_CDR_source_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_source_prop` Global source property list.

33 `\prop_new:N \g_CDR_source_prop`

(End definition for \g_CDR_source_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_chunks_tl` The comma separated list of current chunks. If the next list of chunks is the same as the
`\l_CDR_chunks_tl` current one, then it might not display.

34 `\tl_new:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl`

35 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl`

(End definition for \g_CDR_chunks_tl and \l_CDR_chunks_tl. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_vars` Tree storage for global variables.

36 `\prop_new:N \g_CDR_vars`

(End definition for \g_CDR_vars. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_hook_tl` Hook general purpose.

37 `\tl_new:N \g_CDR_hook_tl`

(End definition for \g_CDR_hook_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>` List of chunk keys for given named code.

(End definition for \g/CDR/Chunks/<name>. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.4 Local variables

`\l_CDR_kv_clist` keyval storage.

38 `\clist_new:N \l_CDR_kv_clist`

(End definition for \l_CDR_kv_clist. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_opts_tl` options storage.

39 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_opts_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_opts_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_recorded_tl` Full verbatim body of the CDR environment.

40 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_recorded_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_count_tl` Contains the number of lines processed by `pygments` as tokens.

41 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_count_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_count_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_int` Global integer to store linenos locally in time.

42 `\int_new:N \g_CDR_int`

(End definition for \g_CDR_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_line_tl` Token list for one line.

43 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_line_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_line_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_lineno_tl` Token list for lineno display.

44 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_lineno_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_lineno_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_name_tl` Token list for chunk name display.

45 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_name_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_name_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_info_tl` Token list for the info of line.

46 `\tl_new:N \l_CDR_info_tl`

(End definition for \l_CDR_info_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

5.5 Counters

\CDR_int_new:cn \CDR_int_new:cn {<tag name>} {<value>}

Create an integer after <tag name> and set it globally to <value>.

```

47 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_new:cn #1 #2 {
48   \int_new:c { g_CDR@int.#1 }
49   \int_gset:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
50 }
```

\g_CDR@int.default Generic and named line number counter.
 \g_CDR@int.<tag_name>

```

51 \CDR_int_new:cn { default } { 1 }
52 \CDR_int_new:cn { __ } { 1 }
```

(End definition for \g_CDR@int.default and \g_CDR@int.<tag name>. These variables are documented on page ??.)

\CDR_int:c ★ \CDR_int:c {<tag name>}

Use the integer named after <tag name>.

```

53 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int:c #1 {
54   \use:c { g_CDR@int.#1 }
55 }
```

\CDR_int_use:c ★ \CDR_int_use:n {<tag name>}

Use the value of the integer named after <tag name>.

```

56 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_use:c #1 {
57   \int_use:c { g_CDR@int.#1 }
58 }
```

\CDR_int_if_exist_p:c ★ \CDR_int_if_exist:cTF {<tag name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

\CDR_int_if_exist:cTF ★

Execute <true code> when an integer named after <tag name> exists, <false code> otherwise.

```

59 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_if_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
60   \int_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@int.#1 } {
61     \prg_return_true:
62   } {
63     \prg_return_false:
64   }
65 }
```

<code>\CDR_int_compare:p:cNn</code> ★ <code>\CDR_int_compare:cNnTF</code> ★	<code>\CDR_int_compare:cNnTF {<tag name>} <operator> {<intexpr2>} {<true code>} {<false code>}</code>
--	---

Forwards to `\int_compare...` with `\CDR_int_use:c { #1 }`.

```

66 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_compare:cNn { p, T, F, TF } {
67   \int_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_int:c { #1 } } #2 { #3 } {
68     \prg_return_true:
69   } {
70     \prg_return_false:
71   }
72 }

```

<code>\CDR_int_set:cn</code> <code>\CDR_int_gset:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_set:cn {<tag name>} {<value>}</code>
---	---

Set the integer named after `<tag name>` to the `<value>`. `\CDR_int_gset:cn` makes a global change.

```

73 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cn #1 #2 {
74   \int_set:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
75 }
76 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cn #1 #2 {
77   \int_gset:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
78 }

```

<code>\CDR_int_set:cc</code> <code>\CDR_int_gset:cc</code>	<code>\CDR_int_set:cc {<tag name>} {<other tag name>}</code>
---	--

Set the integer named after `<tag name>` to the value of the integer named after `<other tag name>`. `\CDR_int_gset:cc` makes a global change.

```

79 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cc #1 #2 {
80   \CDR_int_set:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
81 }
82 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cc #1 #2 {
83   \CDR_int_gset:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
84 }

```

<code>\CDR_int_add:cn</code> <code>\CDR_int_gadd:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cn {<tag name>} {<value>}</code>
---	---

Add the `<value>` to the integer named after `<tag name>`. `\CDR_int_gadd:cn` makes a global change.

```

85 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cn #1 #2 {
86   \int_add:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
87 }
88 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cn #1 #2 {
89   \int_gadd:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
90 }

```

<code>\CDR_int_add:cc</code> <code>\CDR_int_gadd:cc</code>	<code>\CDR_int_add:cn {<tag name>} {<other tag name>}</code> Add to the integer named after <code><tag name></code> the value of the integer named after <code><other tag name></code> . <code>\CDR_int_gadd:cc</code> makes a global change.
---	--

```

91 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cc #1 #2 {
92   \CDR_int_add:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
93 }
94 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cc #1 #2 {
95   \CDR_int_gadd:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
96 }

```

<code>\CDR_int_sub:cn</code> <code>\CDR_int_gsub:cn</code>	<code>\CDR_int_sub:cn {<tag name>} {<value>}</code> Subtract the <code><value></code> from the integer named after <code><tag name></code> . <code>\CDR_int_gsub:cn</code> makes a global change.
---	--

```

97 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_sub:cn #1 #2 {
98   \int_sub:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
99 }
100 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gsub:cn #1 #2 {
101   \int_gsub:cn { g_CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
102 }

```

6 Tag properties

The tag properties concern the code chunks. They are set from different paths, such that `\l_keys_path_str` must be properly parsed for that purpose. Commands in this section and the next ones contain `CDR_tag`.

The `<tag names>` starting with a double underscore are reserved by the package.

6.1 Helpers

<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:cc *</code> <code>\CDR_tag_get_path:c *</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_get_path:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}</code> <code>\CDR_tag_get_path:c {<relative key path>}</code>
---	--

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values. In the second version, the `<tag name>` is not provided and set to `__local`.

```

103 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
104   \c_CDR_tag_get @ #1 / #2
105 }
106 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:c {
107   \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { __local }
108 }

```

6.2 Set

<code>\CDR_tag_set:ccn</code> <code>\CDR_tag_set:ccV</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_set:ccn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨value⟩}</code> Store $\langle value \rangle$, which is further retrieved with the instruction <code>\CDR_tag_get:cc {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩}</code> . Only $\langle tag name \rangle$ and $\langle relative key path \rangle$ containing no @ character are supported. All the affectations are made at the current T _E X group level. <i>Nota Bene:</i> <code>\cs_generate_variant:Nn</code> is buggy when there is a ‘c’ argument.
--	---

```

109 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
110   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
111 }
112 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccV #1 #2 #3 {
113   \exp_args:NnnV
114   \CDR_tag_set:ccn { #1 } { #2 } #3
115 }

```

`\c_CDR_tag_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```

116 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([~/]*)/(.*)$ } \use_none:n { $ }
117 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
118 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
119 \exp_args:NNV
120 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_regex \l_CDR_tl

```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_tag_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

<code>\CDR_tag_set:n</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_set:n {⟨value⟩}</code> The value is provided but not the $\langle dir \rangle$ nor the $\langle relative key path \rangle$, both are guessed from <code>\l_keys_path_str</code> . More precisely, <code>\l_keys_path_str</code> is expected to read something like <code>\c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩</code> , an error is raised on the contrary. This is meant to be called from <code>\keys_define:nn</code> argument. Implementation detail: the last argument is parsed by the last command.
-----------------------------	---

```

121 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:n {
122   \exp_args:NnV
123   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
124   \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
125     \CDR_tag_set:ccn
126     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
127     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
128   } {
129     \PackageWarning
130     { coder }
131     { Unexpected~key~path~‘\l_keys_path_str’ }
132     \use_none:n
133   }
134 }

```

<code>\CDR_tag_set:</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_set:</code> None of $\langle dir \rangle$, $\langle relative key path \rangle$ and $\langle value \rangle$ are provided. The latter is guessed from <code>\l_keys_value_tl</code> , and <code>\CDR_tag_set:n</code> is called. This is meant to be call from <code>\keys_define:nn</code> argument.
----------------------------	--

```

135 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set: {
136   \exp_args:NV
137   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_value_tl
138 }

```

\CDR_tag_set:cn \CDR_tag_set:cn {<key path>} {<value>}

When the last component of `\l_keys_path_str` should not be used to store the `<value>`, but `<key path>` should be used instead. This last component is replaced and `\CDR_tag_set:n` is called afterwards. Implementation detail: the second argument is parsed by the last command of the expansion.

```

139 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:cn #1 {
140   \exp_args:NnV
141   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
142   \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
143     \CDR_tag_set:ccn
144     { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
145     { #1 }
146   } {
147     \PackageWarning
148     { coder }
149     { Unexpected~key~path~‘\l_keys_path_str’ }
150     \use_none:n
151   }
152 }

```

\CDR_tag_choices: \CDR_tag_choices:

Ensure that the `\l_keys_path_str` is set properly. This is where a syntax like `\keys_set:nn {...} { choice/a }` is managed.

```

153 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { fn, VV } { p, T, F, TF }
154
155 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_root_regex { ^(.*)/.*$ } \use_none:n { $ }
156 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices: {
157   \str_if_eq:nnT \l_keys_key_tl \l_keys_choice_tl {
158     \exp_args:NnV
159     \regex_extract_once:NnNT \c_CDR_root_regex
160     \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
161       \str_set:Nx \l_keys_path_str {
162         \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
163       }
164     }
165   }
166 }

```

\CDR_tag_choices_set: \CDR_tag_choices_set:

Calls `\CDR_tag_set:n` with the content of `\l_keys_choice_tl` as value. Before, ensure that the `\l_keys_path_str` is set properly.

```

167 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_choices_set: {
168   \CDR_tag_choices:
169   \exp_args:NV
170   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_choice_tl
171 }

```

<pre> \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccTF * \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:c * \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF * </pre>	<pre> \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<true code>} {<false code>} \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {<relative key path>} {<true code>} {<false code>} </pre> <p>Execute <i><true code></i> when the property for <i><tag name></i> and <i><relative key path></i> is a truthy value, <i><false code></i> otherwise. A truthy value is a text which is not “false” in a case insensitive comparison. In the second version, the <i><tag name></i> is not provided and set to <code>__local</code>.</p>
---	---

```

172 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
173   \exp_args:Ne
174   \str_compare:nNnTF {
175     \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
176   } = { true } {
177     \prg_return_true:
178   } {
179     \prg_return_false:
180   }
181 }
182 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_truthy:c { p, T, F, TF } {
183   \exp_args:Ne
184   \str_compare:nNnTF {
185     \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:c { #1 } }
186   } = { true } {
187     \prg_return_true:
188   } {
189     \prg_return_false:
190   }
191 }

```

<pre> \CDR_tag_if_eq_p:ccn * \CDR_tag_if_eq:ccnTF * \CDR_tag_if_eq_p:cn * \CDR_tag_if_eq:cnTF * </pre>	<pre> \CDR_tag_if_eq:ccnTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<value>} {<true code>} {<false code>} \CDR_tag_if_eq:cnTF {<relative key path>} {<value>} {<true code>} {<false code>} </pre> <p>Execute <i><true code></i> when the property for <i><tag name></i> and <i><relative key path></i> is equal to <i><value></i>, <i><false code></i> otherwise. The comparison is based on <code>\str_compare:....</code>. In the second version, the <i><tag name></i> is not provided and set to <code>__local</code>.</p>
---	---

```

192 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_eq:ccn { p, T, F, TF } {
193   \exp_args:Nf
194   \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } } = { #3 } {
195     \prg_return_true:
196   } {
197     \prg_return_false:
198   }
199 }
200 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_eq:cn { p, T, F, TF } {

```

```

201 \exp_args:Nf
202 \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local } { #1 } } = { #2 } {
203   \prg_return_true:
204 } {
205   \prg_return_false:
206 }
207 }

```

`\CDR_if_truthy_p:n` ★ `\CDR_if_truthy:nTF` {*<token list>*} {*<true code>*} {*<false code>*}

`\CDR_if_truthy:nTF` ★ Execute *<true code>* when *<token list>* is a truthy value, *<false code>* otherwise. A truthy value is a text which leading character, if any, is none of “fFnN”.

```

208 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { p, T, F, TF } {
209   \exp_args:Ne
210   \str_compare:nNnTF { \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { #1 } } = { true } {
211     \prg_return_true:
212   } {
213     \prg_return_false:
214   }
215 }

```

`\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n` `\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n` {*<choice>*}

Calls `\CDR_tag_set:n` with true if the argument is truthy, false otherwise.

```

216 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n #1 {
217   \CDR_if_truthy:nTF { #1 } {
218     \CDR_tag_set:n { true }
219   } {
220     \CDR_tag_set:n { false }
221   }
222 }
223 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n { x }

```

6.3 Retrieving tag properties

Internally, all tag properties are collected with a full key path like `\c_CDR_tag_get/<tag name>/<relative key path>`. When typesetting some code with either the `\CDRCode` command or the `CDRBlock` environment, all properties defined locally are collected under the reserved `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local/<relative path>` full key paths. The `l3keys` module `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local` is modified in \TeX groups only. For running text code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/<tag name>` for the provided *<tag name>*,
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.code`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`

6. \c_CDR_tag_get/___fancyvrb.all when no using pygments

For text block code chunks, this module inherits from

1. \c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name₁⟩, ..., \c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name_n⟩ for each tag name of the ordered tags list
2. \c_CDR_tag_get/default.block
3. \c_CDR_tag_get/default
4. \c_CDR_tag_get/___pygments
5. \c_CDR_tag_get/___pygments.block
6. \c_CDR_tag_get/___fancyvrb
7. \c_CDR_tag_get/___fancyvrb.block
8. \c_CDR_tag_get/___fancyvrb.all when no using pygments

```
\CDR_tag_if_exist_here:p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} ⟨relative key path⟩ {⟨true
\CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF * code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
```

If the ⟨relative key path⟩ is known within ⟨tag name⟩, the ⟨true code⟩ is executed, otherwise, the ⟨false code⟩ is executed. No inheritance.

```
224 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
225   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
226     \prg_return_true:
227   } {
228     \prg_return_false:
229   }
230 }
```

```
\CDR_tag_if_exist_p:cc * \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} ⟨relative key path⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false
\CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF * code⟩}
\CDR_tag_if_exist_p:c * \CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF ⟨relative key path⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
\CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF * 
```

If the ⟨relative key path⟩ is known within ⟨tag name⟩, the ⟨true code⟩ is executed, otherwise, the ⟨false code⟩ is executed if none of the parents has the ⟨relative key path⟩ on its own. In the second version, the ⟨tag name⟩ is not provided and set to `__local`.

```
231 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
232   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
233     \prg_return_true:
234   } {
235     \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
236       \seq_map_tokens:cn
237         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
238         { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #2 } }
239     } {
240       \prg_return_false:
241     }
242   }
```

```

242 }
243 }
244 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
245   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:c { #1 } } {
246     \prg_return_true:
247   } {
248     \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } } {
249       \seq_map_tokens:cn
250         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } }
251         { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #1 } }
252     } {
253       \prg_return_false:
254     }
255   }
256 }
257 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn #1 #2 {
258   \quark_if_no_value:nTF { #2 } {
259     \seq_map_break:n {
260       \prg_return_false:
261     }
262   } {
263     \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
264       \seq_map_break:n {
265         \prg_return_true:
266       }
267     }
268   }
269 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:cc *	\CDR_tag_get:cc {<tag name>} {<relative key path>}
\CDR_tag_get:c *	\CDR_tag_get:c {<relative key path>}

The property value stored for <tag name> and <relative key path>. Takes care of inheritance. In the second version, the <tag name> is not provided an set to __local.

```

270 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cc #1 #2 {
271   \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
272     \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
273   } {
274     \seq_if_exist:cT { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
275       \seq_map_tokens:cn
276         { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
277         { \CDR_tag_get_f:cn { #2 } }
278     }
279   }
280 }
281 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_f:cn #1 #2 {
282   \quark_if_no_value:nF { #2 } {
283     \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
284       \seq_map_break:n {
285         \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #2 } { #1 } }
286       }
287     }
288   }

```



```

289 }
290 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:c {
291   \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local }
292 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:ccN	\CDR_tag_get:ccN {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<tl variable>}
\CDR_tag_get:cN	\CDR_tag_get:cN {<relative key path>} {<tl variable>}

Put in *<tl variable>* the property value stored for the *__local* *<tag name>* and *<relative key path>*. In the second version, the *<tag name>* is not provided an set to *__local*.

```

293 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:ccN #1 #2 #3 {
294   \tl_set:Nf #3 { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
295 }
296 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cN {
297   \CDR_tag_get:ccN { __local }
298 }

```

\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF	\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF {<tag name>} {<relative key path>} {<tl var>} {<true code>}
\CDR_tag_get:cNTF	{<false code>}
	\CDR_tag_get:cNTF {<relative key path>} {<tl var>} {<true code>} {<false code>}

Getter with branching. If the *<relative key path>* is known, save the value into *<tl var>* and execute *<true code>*. Otherwise, execute *<false code>*. In the second version, the *<tag name>* is not provided an set to *__local*.

```

299 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
300   \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
301     \CDR_tag_get:ccN { #1 } { #2 } #3
302     \prg_return_true:
303   } {
304     \prg_return_false:
305   }
306 }
307 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:cN { T, F, TF } {
308   \CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF { #1 } {
309     \CDR_tag_get:cN { #1 } #2
310     \prg_return_true:
311   } {
312     \prg_return_false:
313   }
314 }

```

6.4 Inheritance

When a child inherits from a parent, all the keys of the parent that are not inherited are made available to the child (inheritance does not jump over generations).

\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c *	\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c {<tag name>}
-------------------------	------------------------------------

Return the name of the sequence variable containing the list of the parents. Each child has its own sequence of parents.

```

315 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c #1 {
316   g_CDR:parent.tag @ #1 _seq
317 }

```

<code>\CDR_tag_inherit:cn</code> <code>\CDR_tag_inherit:(cf cV)</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_inherit:cn {<child name>} {(parent names comma list)}</code> Set the parents of <code><child name></code> to the given list.
---	--

```

318 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cn #1 #2 {
319   \seq_set_from_clist:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } { #2 }
320   \seq_remove_duplicates:c \l_CDR_tl
321   \seq_remove_all:cn \l_CDR_tl {}
322   \seq_put_right:cn \l_CDR_tl { \q_no_value }
323 }
324 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cf {
325   \exp_args:Nnf \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
326 }
327 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cV {
328   \exp_args:NnV \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
329 }

```

7 Cache management

If there is no `<jobname>.aux` file, there should be no cached files either, `coder-util.lua` is asked to clean all of them, if any.

```

330 \AddToHook { begindocument/before } {
331   \IfFileExists {./\jobname.aux} {} {
332     \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_all()}
333   }
334 }

```

At the end of the document, `coder-util.lua` is asked to clean all unused cached files that could come from a previous process.

```

335 \AddToHook { enddocument/end } {
336   \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_unused()}
337 }

```

8 Utilities

<code>\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn</code>	<code>\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn <clist var> {(empty code)} {(non empty code)}</code> Execute <code><empty code></code> when the list is empty, otherwise call <code>\clist_map_inline:Nn</code> with <code><non empty code></code> .
--	---

```

338 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn #1 #2 {
339   \clist_if_empty:NTF #1 {
340     #2
341     \use_none:n
342   } {
343     \clist_map_inline:Nn #1
344   }
345 }

```

<code>\CDR_if_block_p: *</code> <code>\CDR_if_block:<i>TF</i> *</code>	<code>\CDR_if_block:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}</code> Execute <code>⟨true code⟩</code> when inside a code block, <code>⟨false code⟩</code> when inside an inline code. Raises an error otherwise.
---	--

```

346 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
347   \PackageError
348     { coder }
349     { Conditional~not~available }
350 }

```

<code>\CDR_process_record:</code>	Record the current line or not. The default implementation does nothing and is meant to be defines locally.
-----------------------------------	---

```

351 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_record: {}

```

9 l3keys modules for code chunks

All these modules are initialized at the beginning of the document using the `__initialize` meta key.

9.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}</code>
--------------------------------------	--

The `⟨module⟩` is uniquely based on `⟨module base⟩` before forwarding to `\keys_define:nn`.

```

352 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_define:nn { Vn, xn }
353 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn #1 {
354   \keys_define:xn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
355 }
356 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { nx }

```

<code>\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn</code>	<code>\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}</code>
-----------------------------------	---

The `⟨module⟩` is uniquely based on `⟨module base⟩` before forwarding to `\keys_set:nn`.

```

357 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn #1 {
358   \exp_args:Nx
359   \keys_set:nn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
360 }
361 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { nV }

```

9.1.1 Handling unknown tags

While using `\keys_set:nn` and variants, each time a full key path matching the pattern `\c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩` is not recognized, we assume that the client implicitly wants a tag with the given `⟨tag name⟩` to be defined. For that

purpose, we collect unknown keys with `\keys_set_known:nnnN` then process them to find each `<tag name>` and define the new tag accordingly. A similar situation occurs for display engine options where the full key path reads `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>/<engine name>` engine options where `<engine name>` is not known in advance.

`\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN` `\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN {<module>} {<key[=value] items>} <t1 var>`

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the `<root>` is also the `<module>`.

```

362 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN #1 #2 {
363   \keys_set_known:nnnN { #1 } { #2 } { #1 }
364 }
365 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { x, VV }

```

`\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn` `\CDR_keys_inherit:nnn {<tag root>} {<tag name>} {<parents comma list>}`

The `<tag name>` and parents are given relative to `<tag root>`. Set the inheritance.

```

366 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
367   \keys_define:nn { #1 } { #2 .inherit:n = { #3 } }
368 }
369 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
370   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
371     \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { } { #2 } { #3 }
372   } {
373     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #3 }
374     \exp_args:Nnnx
375     \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { #1 } { #2 } {
376       #1 / \clist_use:Nn \l_CDR_clist { ,#1/ }
377     }
378   }
379 }
380 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn { VnV, Vnn }

```

`\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN` `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN {<tag name>} {<key[=value] items>} <t1 var>`

Wrappers over `\keys_set_known:nnnN` where the module is given by `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>`. *Implementation detail* the remaining arguments are absorbed by the last macro.

```

381 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnnN { VVV, nVx }
382 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN #1 {
383   \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
384 }
385 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { nV }

```

`\c_CDR_provide_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```

386 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^\/*])(?:/(.*))?$ } \use_none:n { $ }
387 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
388 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
389 \exp_args:NNV
390 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_provide_regex \l_CDR_tl

```

(End definition for `\c_CDR_provide_regex`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```
\CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n {<deep comma list>}
\CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {<key-value list>}
```

`<deep comma list>` has format `tag/<tag name comma list>`. Parse the `<key-value list>` for full key path matching `tag/<tag name>/<relative key path>`, then ensure that `\c_CDR_tag/<tag name>` is a known full key path. For that purpose, we use `\keyval_parse:nnn` with two `\CDR_tag_provide:` helper.

Notice that a tag name should contain no `'`.

```
391 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_engine_regex { ^[~/]*\sengine\soptions$ } \use_none:n { $ }
392 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n #1 {
393   \exp_args:NNx
394   \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_provide_regex {
395     \c_CDR_Tags / #1
396   } \l_CDR_seq {
397     \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
398     \exp_args:Nx
399     \clist_map_inline:nn {
400       \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
401     } {
402       \exp_args:NV
403       \keys_if_exist:nnF \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
404         \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
405           __pygments, __pygments.block,
406           default.block, default.code, default,
407           __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
408         }
409         \keys_define:Vn \c_CDR_tag {
410           ##1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { #####1 },
411           ##1 .value_required:n = true,
412         }
413       }
414       \exp_args:NxV
415       \keys_if_exist:nnF { \c_CDR_tag / ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
416         \exp_args:NNV
417         \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex
418         \l_CDR_tl {
419           \CDR_tag_keys_define:nx { ##1 } {
420             \l_CDR_tl .code:n = \exp_not:n { \CDR_tag_set:n { #####1 } },
421             \l_CDR_tl .value_required:n = true,
422           }
423         }
424       }
425     }
426   } {
427     \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex { #1 } {
428       \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
429         #1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ##1 },
430         #1 .value_required:n = true,
431       }
432     }
433   }
```

```

434 }
435 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn #1 #2 {
436   \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n { #1 }
437 }
438 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {
439   \keyval_parse:nnn {
440     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n
441   } {
442     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn
443   }
444 }
445 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n { V }

```

9.2 pygments

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, that are not covered by `__fancyvrb`. They are made available at the end user level, but may not be relevant when pygments is not used.

9.2.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_has_pygments_p: *</code> <code>\CDR_has_pygments:TF *</code>	<code>\CDR_has_pygments:TF {(true code)} {(false code)}</code> Execute <i><true code></i> when pygments is available, <i><false code></i> otherwise. <i>Implementation detail:</i> we define the conditionals and set them afterwards.
--	---

```

446 \sys_get_shell:nnN {which-pygmentize} {} \l_CDR_tl
447 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } { }
448 \tl_if_in:NnTF \l_CDR_tl { pygmentize } {
449   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
450     \prg_return_true:
451   }
452 } {
453   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
454     \prg_return_false:
455   }
456 }


```

9.2.2 `__pygments` `l3keys` module

```

457 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments } {


```

 `lang=<language name>` where *<language name>* is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```

458   lang .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
459   lang .value_required:n = true,

```

 `pygments[=true|false]` whether pygments should be used for syntax coloring. Initially true if pygments is available, false otherwise.

```

460   pygments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
461   pygments .default:n = true,

```

● **style**=*<style name>* where *<style name>* is recognized by `pygments`, including a void string,

```
462 style .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
463 style .value_required:n = true,
```

● **commandprefix**=*<text>* The \LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `Py`.

```
464 commandprefix .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
465 commandprefix .value_required:n = true,
```

● **mathescape**[*=true|false*] If set to `true`, enables \LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially `false`.

```
466 mathescape .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
467 mathescape .default:n = true,
```

● **escapeinside**=*<before>**<after>* If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to \LaTeX . Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as \LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if `texcomments` or `mathescape` is set. Initially empty.

```
468 escapeinside .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
469 escapeinside .value_required:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** Initializer.

```
470 __initialize .meta:n = {
471   lang = tex,
472   pygments = \CDR_has_pygments:TF { true } { false },
473   style=default,
474   commandprefix=PY,
475   mathescape=false,
476   escapeinside=,
477 },
478 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

479 }
480 \AtBeginDocument{
481   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments } { __initialize }
482 }
```

9.2.3 `\c_CDR_tag / __pygments.block l3keys` module

```
483 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments.block } {
```

● **texcomments**[*=true|false*] If set to `true`, enables \LaTeX comment lines. That is, \LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that \LaTeX can render it. Initially `false`.

```
484 texcomments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
485 texcomments .default:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** Initializer.

```
486 __initialize .meta:n = {
487     texcomments=false,
488 },
489 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

490 }
491 \AtBeginDocument{
492     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments.block } { __initialize }
493 }
```

9.3 Specific to coder

9.3.1 default l3keys module

```
494 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
```

Keys are:

● **format**=*(format commands)* the format used to display the code (mainly font, size and color), after the font has been selected. Initially empty.

```
495 format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
496 format .value_required:n = true,
```

● **cache** Set to true if coder-tool.py should use already existing files instead of creating new ones. Initially true.

```
497 cache .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
498 cache .default:n = true,
```

● **debug** Set to true if various debugging messages should be printed to the console . Initially false.

```
499 debug .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
500 debug .default:n = true,
```

● **post processor**=*(command)* the command for pygments post processor. This is a string where every occurrence of “%%file%%” is replaced by the full path of the *.pyg.tex file to be post processed and then executed as terminal instruction. Initially empty.

```
501 post~processor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
502 post~processor .value_required:n = true,
```

● **parskip** the value of the \parskip in code blocks,

```
503 parskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
504 parskip .value_required:n = true,
```

● **engine**=*(engine name)* to specify the engine used to display inline code or blocks. Initially default.


```

505 engine .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
506 engine .value_required:n = true,

```

● **default engine options**=*(default engine options)* to specify the corresponding options,

```

507 default~engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
508 default~engine~options .value_required:n = true,

```

● **(engine name) engine options**=*(engine options)* to specify the options for the named engine,

● **__initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use **.initial:n** actions because the **\l_keys_path_str** is not set up properly.

```

509 __initialize .meta:n = {
510   format = ,
511   cache = true,
512   debug = false,
513   post~processor = ,
514   parskip = \the\parskip,
515   engine = default,
516   default~engine~options = ,
517 },
518 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
519 }
520 \AtBeginDocument{
521   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default } { __initialize }
522 }

```

9.3.2 default.code l3keys module

Void for the moment.

```

523 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.code } {

```

Known keys include:

● **__initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use **.initial:n** actions because the **\l_keys_path_str** is not set up properly.

```

524 __initialize .meta:n = {
525 },
526 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
527 }
528 \AtBeginDocument{
529   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.code } { __initialize }
530 }

```

9.3.3 default.block l3keys module

```
531 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.block } {
```

Known keys include:

● **show tags**=[true|false] to enable/disable the display of the code chunks tags. Initially true. Set it to false when there happens to be only one tag.

● **tags**=*<tag name comma list>* to export and display.

```
532 tags .code:n = {  
533   \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #1 }  
534   \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist  
535   \exp_args:NV  
536   \CDR_tag_set:n \l_CDR_clist  
537 },  
538 tags .value_required:n = true,
```

● **tags format**=*<format commands>* , where *<format>* is used the format used to display the tag names (mainly font, size and color), after it is appended to the numbers format. Initially empty.

```
539 tags~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,  
540 tags~format .value_required:n = true,
```

● **numbers format**=*<format commands>* , where *<format>* is used the format used to display line numbers (mainly font, size and color).

```
541 numbers~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,  
542 numbers~format .value_required:n = true,
```

● **show tags**=[true|false] whether tags should be displayed.

```
543 show~tags .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },  
544 show~tags .default:n = true,
```

● **only top**=[true|false] to avoid chunk tags repetitions, if on the same page, two consecutive code chunks have the same tag names, the second names are not displayed.

```
545 only~top .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },  
546 only~top .default:n = true,
```

● **use margin**=[true|false] to use the margin to display line numbers and tag names, or not, UNUSED

```
547 use~margin .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },  
548 use~margin .default:n = true,
```

● **blockskip** the separation with the surrounding text, above and below. Initially \topsep.

```
549 blockskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,  
550 blockskip .value_required:n = true,
```

● **__initialize** the separation with the surrounding text. Initially `\topsep`.

```
551 __initialize .meta:n = {
552   tags = ,
553   show-tags = true,
554   only-top = true,
555   use-margin = true,
556   numbers-format = {
557     \sffamily
558     \scriptsize
559     \color{gray}
560   },
561   tags-format = {
562     \bfseries
563   },
564   blockskip = \topsep,
565 },
566 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
567 }
568 \AtBeginDocument{
569   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.block } { __initialize }
570 }
```

9.4 fancyvrb

These are `fancyvrb` options verbatim. The `fancyvrb` manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

9.4.1 __fancyvrb l3keys module

```
571 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb } {
```

● **formatcom**=*<command>* execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty.

```
572   formatcom .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
573   formatcom .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontfamily**=** font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are pre-defined. Initially `tt`.

```
574   fontfamily .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
575   fontfamily .value_required:n = true,
```

● **fontsize**=** size of the font to use. If you use the `relsize` package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: `fontsize=\relsize{-2}`). Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
576   fontsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
577   fontsize .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **fontshape**=** font shape to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
578 fontshape .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
579 fontshape .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **fontseries**=*<series name>* L^AT_EX font series to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
580 fontseries .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
581 fontseries .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **showspaces**[*=true|false*] print a special character representing each space. Initially `false`: spaces not shown.

```
582 showspaces .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
583 showspaces .default:n = true,
```

🔴 **showtabs**=*true|false* explicitly show tab characters. Initially `false`: tab characters not shown.

```
584 showtabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
585 showtabs .default:n = true,
```

🔴 **obeytabs**=*true|false* position characters according to the tabs. Initially `false`: tab characters are added to the current position.

```
586 obeytabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
587 obeytabs .default:n = true,
```

🔴 **tabsize**=*<integer>* number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for `fancyvrb`).

```
588 tabsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
589 tabsize .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **defineactive**=*<macro>* to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the `fancyvrb` package. Initially empty.

```
590 defineactive .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
591 defineactive .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **relabel**=*<label>* define a label to be used with `\pageref`. Initially empty.

```
592 relabel .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
593 relabel .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

594 __initialize .meta:n = {
595     formatcom = ,
596     fontfamily = tt,
597     fontsize = auto,
598     fontseries = auto,
599     fontshape = auto,
600     showspace = false,
601     showtabs = false,
602     obeytabs = false,
603     tabsize = 2,
604     defineactive = ,
605     rellabel = ,
606 },
607 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

608 }
609 \AtBeginDocument{
610     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb } { __initialize }
611 }

```

9.4.2 __fancyvrb.block l3keys module

Block specific options, except numbering.

```

612 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_integer_regex { ^(+|-)?\d+$ } \use_none:n { $ }
613 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.block } {

```

- **frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the \LaTeX `\fboxsep` macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.

```

614     frame .choices:nn =
615         { none, leftline, topline, bottomline, lines, single }
616         { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },

```

- **framerule=<dimension>** width of the rule of the frame if any. Initially 0.4pt.

```

617     framerule .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
618     framerule .value_required:n = true,

```

- **framesep=<dimension>** width of the gap between the frame (if any) and the text. Initially `\fboxsep`.

```

619     framesep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
620     framesep .value_required:n = true,

```

- **rulecolor=<color command>** color of the frame rule, expressed in the standard \LaTeX way. Initially black.

```

621     rulecolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
622     rulecolor .value_required:n = true,

```

- **rulecolor**=*<color command>* color used to fill the space between the frame and the text (its thickness is given by **framesep**). Initially empty.

```
623 fillcolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
624 fillcolor .value_required:n = true,
```

- **label**=[*<top string>*]*<string>* label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional *<top string>* is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and *<string>* for the bottom line. Otherwise, *<string>* is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the **frame** parameter is one of **topline**, **bottomline**, **lines** or **single**. Initially empty: no label.

```
625 label .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
626 label .value_required:n = true,
```

- **labelposition**=*none|topline|bottomline|all* position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like **frame=topline** and **labelposition=bottomline**, nothing is displayed. Initially **none** when no labels are defined, **topline** for one label and **all** otherwise.

```
627 labelposition .choices:nn =
628 { none, topline, bottomline, all }
629 { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

- **baselinestretch**=*auto|<dimension>* value to give to the usual **\baselinestretch** L^AT_EX parameter. Initially **auto**: its current value just before the verbatim command.

```
630 baselinestretch .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
631 baselinestretch .value_required:n = true,
```

- ⊗ **commandchars**=*<three characters>* characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to **coder**, unavailable to users.

- **xleftmargin**=*<dimension>* indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially **Opt**: no left margin.

```
632 xleftmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
633 xleftmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

- **xrightmargin**=*<dimension>* right margin to add after each line. Initially **Opt**: no right margin.

```
634 xrightmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
635 xrightmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

- **resetmargins**[*=true|false*] reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially **true**.

```

636 resetmargins .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
637 resetmargins .default:n = true,

```

🔴 **hfuzz**=*<dimension>* value to give to the T_EX \hfuzz dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.

```

638 hfuzz .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
639 hfuzz .value_required:n = true,

```

🔴 **samepage**[=true|false] in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the samepage parameter to **true**. Initially **false**.

```

640 samepage .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
641 samepage .default:n = true,

```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

642 __initialize .meta:n = {
643   frame = none,
644   label = ,
645   labelposition = none,% auto?
646   baselinestretch = auto,
647   resetmargins = true,
648   xleftmargin = 0pt,
649   xrightmargin = 0pt,
650   hfuzz = 2pt,
651   samepage = false,
652 },
653 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
654 }
655 \AtBeginDocument{
656   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.block } { __initialize }
657 }

```

9.4.3 **__fancyvrb.number l3keys** module

Block line numbering.

```

658 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.number } {

```

🔴 **commentchar**=*<character>* lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.

```

659 commentchar .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
660 commentchar .value_required:n = true,

```

🔴 **gobble**=*<integer>* number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only **block** mode.

```

661 gobble .choices:nn = {
662   0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
663 } {
664   \CDR_tag_choices_set:
665 },

```

- **numbers=none|left|right** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially none: no numbering.

```
666 numbers .choices:nn =
667   { none, left, right }
668   { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

- **numbersep=<dimension>** gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

```
669 numbersep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
670 numbersep .value_required:n = true,
```

- **firstnumber=auto|last|<integer>** number of the first line. **last** means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially **auto**: numbering starts from 1.

```
671 firstnumber .code:n = {
672   \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_integer_regex { #1 } {
673     \CDR_tag_set:
674   } {
675     \str_case:nnF { #1 } {
676       { auto } { \CDR_tag_set: }
677       { last } { \CDR_tag_set: }
678     } {
679       \PackageWarning
680         { CDR }
681         { Value~'#1'~not~in~auto,~last. }
682     }
683   }
684 },
685 firstnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

- **stepnumber=<integer>** interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.

```
686 stepnumber .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
687 stepnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

- **numberblanklines[=true|false]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially **true**: all lines are numbered.

```
688 numberblanklines .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
689 numberblanklines .default:n = true,
```

- **firstline=<integer>** first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.

```
690 firstline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
691 firstline .value_required:n = true,
```

- **lastline=<integer>** last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.


```

692 lastline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
693 lastline .value_required:n = true,

```

✓ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

694 __initialize .meta:n = {
695     commentchar = ,
696     gobble = 0,
697     numbers = left,
698     numbersep = 1ex,
699     firstnumber = auto,
700     stepnumber = 1,
701     numberblanklines = true,
702     firstline = ,
703     lastline = ,
704 },
705 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
706 }
707 \AtBeginDocument{
708   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.number } { __initialize }
709 }

```

9.4.4 **__fancyvrb.all** l3keys module

Options available when `pygments` is not used.

```

710 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.all } {

```

● **commandchars**=*(three characters)* characters that define the character that starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; allows to introduce escape sequences in the verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters that are not used in the verbatim text! Initially `none`. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```

711 commandchars .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
712 commandchars .value_required:n = true,

```

● **codes**=*(macro)* to specify catcode changes. For instance, this allows us to include formatted mathematics in verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `pygments` mode.

```

713 codes .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
714 codes .value_required:n = true,

```

✓ **__initialize** Initialization.

```

715 __initialize .meta:n = {
716     commandchars = ,
717     codes = ,
718 },
719 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
720 }
721 \AtBeginDocument{
722   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.all } { __initialize }
723 }

```


10 \CDRSet

\CDRSet \CDRSet {<key[=value] list>}
 \CDRSet {only description=true, font family=tt}
 \CDRSet {tag/default.code/font family=sf}


To set up the package. This is executed at least once at the end of the preamble. The unique mandatory argument of \CDRSet is a list of <key>[=<value>] items defined by the CDR@Set l3keys module.

10.1 CDR@Set l3keys module

```
724 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Set } {
```

 **only description** to typeset only the description section and ignore the implementation section.

```
725   only~description .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
726     \int_compare:nNnTF \l_keys_choice_int = 1 {
727       \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
728     } {
729       \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
730     }
731   },
732   only~description .initial:n = false,
```

 **python path** if automatic processing is not available, manually setting the path to the python utility is required. Giving a void path forces an automatic guess using which.

```
733   python-path .code:n = {
734     \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
735     \lua_now:n { CDR:set_python_path('l_CDR_str') }
736   },
737 }
```

10.2 Branching

\CDR_if_only_description_p: ★ \CDR_if_only_description:TF {<true code>} {<false code>}
\CDR_if_only_description: *TF* ★

Execute <true code> when only the description is expected, <false code> otherwise.
Implementation detail: the functions are defined as part of the CDR@Set l3keys module.

10.3 Implementation

\CDR_check_unknown: N \CDR_check_unknown:N {<tl variable>}

In normal situation, the argument is expected to be empty. When the argument is not empty, send a package warning for each key.

```

738 \exp_args_generate:n { xV, nnV }
739 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:N #1 {
740   \tl_if_empty:NF #1 {
741     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:n ##1 {
742       \PackageWarning
743         { coder }
744         { Unknow~key~'##1' }
745     }
746     \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:nn ##1 ##2 {
747       \CDR_check_unknown:n { ##1 }
748     }
749     \exp_args:NnnV
750     \keyval_parse:nnn {
751       \CDR_check_unknown:n
752     } {
753       \CDR_check_unknown:nn
754     } #1
755   }
756 }

757 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRSet { m } {
758   \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { CDR@Set } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
759   \clist_map_inline:nn {
760     __pygments, __pygments.block,
761     default.block, default.code, default,
762     __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
763   } {
764     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { ##1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
765   }
766   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
767   \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
768   \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
769   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { default } \l_CDR_kv_clist
770 }

```

11 \CDRExport

\CDRExport \CDRExport {<key[=value] controls>}

The <key>[=<value>] controls are defined by CDR@Export l3keys module.

11.1 Storage

\CDR_export_get_path:cc ★ \CDR_tag_export_path:cc {<file name>} {<relative key path>}

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```

771 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
772   CDR @ export @ get @ #1 / #2
773 }

```

\backslash CDR_export_set:ccn \backslash CDR_export_set:Vcn \backslash CDR_export_set:VcV	\backslash CDR_export_set:ccn $\{ \langle \text{file name} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{relative key path} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{value} \rangle \}$ Store $\langle \text{value} \rangle$, which is further retrieved with the instruction \backslash CDR_get_get:cc $\{ \langle \text{file name} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{relative key path} \rangle \}$. All the affectations are made at the current T _E X group level.
---	---

```

774 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
775   \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
776 }
777 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:Vcn #1 {
778   \exp_args:NV
779   \CDR_export_set:ccn { #1 }
780 }
781 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:VcV #1 #2 #3 {
782   \exp_args:NVnV
783   \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 { #2 } #3
784 }

```

\backslash CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF *	\backslash CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF $\{ \langle \text{file name} \rangle \} \langle \text{relative key path} \rangle \{ \langle \text{true code} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{false code} \rangle \}$
---	--

If the $\langle \text{relative key path} \rangle$ is known within $\langle \text{file name} \rangle$, the $\langle \text{true code} \rangle$ is executed, otherwise, the $\langle \text{false code} \rangle$ is executed.

```

785 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
786   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
787     \prg_return_true:
788   } {
789     \prg_return_false:
790   }
791 }

```

\backslash CDR_export_get:cc *	\backslash CDR_export_get:cc $\{ \langle \text{file name} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{relative key path} \rangle \}$
----------------------------------	--

The property value stored for $\langle \text{file name} \rangle$ and $\langle \text{relative key path} \rangle$.

```

792 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get:cc #1 #2 {
793   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccT { #1 } { #2 } {
794     \use:c { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
795   }
796 }

```

\backslash CDR_export_get:ccNTF	\backslash CDR_export_get:ccNTF $\{ \langle \text{file name} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{relative key path} \rangle \}$ $\langle \text{tl var} \rangle \{ \langle \text{true code} \rangle \} \{ \langle \text{false code} \rangle \}$
-----------------------------------	---

Get the property value stored for $\langle \text{file name} \rangle$ and $\langle \text{relative key path} \rangle$, copy it to $\langle \text{tl var} \rangle$. Execute $\langle \text{true code} \rangle$ on success, $\langle \text{false code} \rangle$ otherwise.

```

797 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
798   \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
799     \tl_set:Nx #3 { \CDR_export_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
800     \prg_return_true:
801   } {
802     \prg_return_false:
803   }
804 }

```

11.2 Storage

`\g_CDR_export_prop` Global storage for $\langle file\ name \rangle = \langle file\ export\ info \rangle$

```
805 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_file_tl` Store the file name used for exportation, used as key in the above property list.

```
806 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_file_tl
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_file_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\g_CDR_tags_clist` Store the current list of tags used by `\CDRCODE` and the `CDRBlock` environment, or declared
`\g_CDR_all_tags_clist` by `\CDRExport`. All the tags are recorded, if there is an only one, it is not shown in block
`\g_CDR_last_tags_clist` code chunks. The `\g_CDR_last_tags_clist` variable contains the last list of tags that
was displayed.

```
807 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
808 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
809 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
810 \AddToHook { shipout/before } {
811   \clist_gclear:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
812 }
```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, `\g_CDR_all_tags_clist`, and `\g_CDR_last_tags_clist`. These variables are documented on page ??.)

`\l_CDR_export_prop` Used by `CDR@Export l3keys` module to temporarily store properties. *Nota Bene*: nothing similar with `\g_CDR_export_prop` except the name.


```
813 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_export_prop`. This variable is documented on page ??.)


11.3 CDR@Export l3keys module

No initial value is given for every key. An `__initialize` action will set the storage with proper initial values.

```
814 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Export } {
```

 **file**= $\langle name \rangle$ the output file name, must be provided otherwise an error is raised.

```
815   file .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_file_tl,
816   file .value_required:n = true,
```

 **tags**= $\langle tags\ comma\ list \rangle$ the list of tags. No exportation when this list is void. Initially empty.

```
817   tags .code:n = {
818     \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #1 }
819     \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist
820     \prop_put:NVV \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str \l_CDR_clist
821   },
822   tags .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **lang** one of the languages pygments is aware of. Initially `tex`.

```
823 lang .code:n = {
824     \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
825 },
826 lang .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **preamble** the added preamble. Initially empty.

```
827 preamble .code:n = {
828     \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
829 },
830 preamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **postamble** the added postamble. Initially empty.

```
831 postamble .code:n = {
832     \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
833 },
834 postamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🔴 **raw[=true|false]** true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially false.

```
835 raw .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
836     \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str {
837         \int_compare:nNnTF
838             \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
839     }
840 },
```

✅ **__initialize** Meta key to properly initialize all the variables.

```
841 __initialize .meta:n = {
842     __initialize_prop = #1,
843     file=,
844     tags=,
845     lang=tex,
846     preamble=,
847     postamble=,
848     raw=false,
849 },
850 __initialize .default:n = \l_CDR_export_prop,
```

✅ **__initialize_prop** Goody: properly initialize the local property storage.

```
851 __initialize_prop .code:n = \prop_clear:N #1,
852 __initialize_prop .value_required:n = true,
853 }
```

11.4 Implementation

```

854 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRExport { m } {
855   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { __initialize }
856   \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { #1 }
857   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_file_tl {
858     \PackageWarning
859       { coder }
860       { Missing-key~'file' }
861   } {
862     \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl
863     \prop_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_export_prop {
864       \CDR_export_set:Vcn \l_CDR_file_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
865     }

```

The list of tags must not be empty, raise an error otherwise. Records the list in `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, it will be the default list of forthcoming code blocks.

```

866   \prop_get:NnNTF \l_CDR_export_prop { tags } \l_CDR_clist {
867     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
868       \PackageWarning
869         { coder }
870         { Missing-key~'tags' }
871     } {
872       \clist_set_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
873       \clist_put_left:NV \g_CDR_all_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
874       \clist_remove_duplicates:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
875       \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl

```

If a `lang` is given, forwards the declaration to all the code chunks tagged within `\g_CDR_tags_clist`.

```

876       \exp_args:NV
877       \CDR_export_get:ccNT \l_CDR_file_tl { lang } \l_CDR_tl {
878         \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
879           \CDR_tag_set:ccV { ##1 } { lang } \l_CDR_tl
880         }
881       }
882     }
883   } {
884     \PackageWarning
885       { coder }
886       { Missing-key~'tags' }
887   }
888 }
889 }

```

Files are created at the end of the typesetting process.

```

890 \AddToHook { enddocument / end } {
891   \prop_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_export_prop {
892     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_prop { #2 }
893     \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
894       \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { file }
895     }
896     \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file('l_CDR_str') }

```

```

897 \clist_map_inline:nn {
898   tags, raw, preamble, postamble
899 } {
900   \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
901     \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { ##1 }
902   }
903   \lua_now:n {
904     CDR:export_file_info('##1', 'l_CDR_str')
905   }
906 }
907 \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file_complete() }
908 }
909 }

```

12 Style

pygments, through `coder-tool.py`, creates style commands, but the storage is managed on the L^AT_EX side by `coder.sty`. This is a L^AT_EX style API.

<code>\CDR@StyleDefine</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleDefine {<pygments style name>} {<definitions>}</code>
-------------------------------	---

Define the definitions for the given *<pygments style name>*.

```

910 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleDefine #1 {
911   \tl_gset:cn { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
912 }

```

<code>\CDR@StyleUse</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleUse {<pygments style name>}</code>
<code>CDR@StyleUseTag</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleUseTag</code>

Use the definitions for the given *<pygments style name>*. No safe check is made. The `\CDR@StyleUseTag` version finds the *<pygments style name>* from the context.

```

913 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUse #1 {
914   \tl_use:c { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
915 }
916 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
917   \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
918 }

```

<code>\CDR@StyleExist</code>	<code>\CDR@StyleExist {<pygments style name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}</code>
------------------------------	---

Execute *<true code>* if a style exists with that given name, *<false code>* otherwise.

```

919 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR@StyleIfExist:c { TF } {
920   \tl_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@Style/#1 } {
921     \prg_return_true:
922   } {
923     \prg_return_false:
924   }
925 }
926 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleIfExist \CDR@StyleIfExist:cTF

```


13 Creating display engines

13.1 Utilities

<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c</code>	<code>*</code>	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c {⟨engine name⟩}</code>
<code>\CDR_code_ngn:V</code>	<code>*</code>	<code>\CDR_block_ngn:c {⟨engine name⟩}</code>
<code>\CDR_block_ngn:c</code>	<code>*</code>	<code>\CDR_code_ngn:c</code> builds a command sequence name based on <code>⟨engine name⟩</code> . <code>\CDR_block_ngn:c</code>
<code>\CDR_block_ngn:V</code>	<code>*</code>	builds an environment name based on <code>⟨engine name⟩</code> .

```

927 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_ngn:c #1 {
928   CDR@colored/code/#1:nn
929 }
930 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_ngn:c #1 {
931   CDR@colored/block/#1
932 }
933 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_ngn:V {
934   \exp_args:NV \CDR_code_ngn:c
935 }
936 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_ngn:V {
937   \exp_args:NV \CDR_block_ngn:c
938 }
```

`\l_CDR_engine_tl` Storage for an engine name.

```
939 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_engine_tl
```

(End definition for `\l_CDR_engine_tl`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

<code>\CDRGetOption</code>	<code>\CDRGetOption {⟨relative key path⟩}</code>
----------------------------	--

Returns the value given to `\CDRCode` command or `CDRBlock` environment for the `⟨relative key path⟩`. This function is only available during `\CDRCode` execution and inside `CDRBlock` environment.

13.2 Implementation

<code>\CDRCodeEngineNew</code>	<code>\CDRCodeEngineNew {⟨engine name⟩}{⟨engine body⟩}</code>
<code>\CDRCodeEngineRenew</code>	<code>\CDRCodeEngineRenew{⟨engine name⟩}{⟨engine body⟩}</code>

`⟨engine name⟩` is a non void string, once expanded. The `⟨engine body⟩` is a list of instructions which may refer to the first argument as `#1`, which is the value given for key `⟨engine name⟩` engine options, and the second argument as `#2`, which is the colored code.

```

940 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineNew { mm } {
941   \exp_args:Nx
942   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
943     \PackageWarning
944       { coder }
945       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
946   } {
947     \cs_new:cpn { \CDR_code_ngn:c {#1} } ##1 ##2 {
948       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
```

```

949     #2
950   }
951   \ignorespaces
952 }
953 }

954 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineRenew { mm } {
955   \exp_args:Nx
956   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
957     \PackageWarning
958       { coder }
959       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
960     \use_none:n
961   } {
962     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } {
963       \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } ##1 ##2 {
964         \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
965         #2
966       }
967     } {
968       \PackageWarning
969         { coder }
970         { No~code~engine~#1.}
971     }
972     \ignorespaces
973   }
974 }

```

\CDR@CodeEngineApply \CDR@CodeEngineApply {<source>}

Get the code engine and apply it to the given <source>. When the code engine is not recognized, an error is raised. *Implementation detail:* the argument is parsed by the last macro.

```

975 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@CodeEngineApply #1 {
976   \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
977   \CDR_if_code_ngn:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
978     \PackageError
979       { coder }
980       { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space code~engine~unknown,~replaced-by~'default' }
981       { See~\CDRCodeEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual }
982     \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
983   }
984   \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
985   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_opts_tl {
986     \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
987   } {
988     \tl_put_left:Nx \l_CDR_opts_tl {
989       \CDR_tag_get:c { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } ,
990     }
991   }
992   \exp_args:NnV
993   \use:c { \CDR_code_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl {
994     \CDR_tag_get:c { format }

```

```

995     #1
996   }
997 }

```

<code>\CDRBlockEngineNew</code> <code>\CDRBlockEngineRenew</code>	<code>\CDRBlockEngineNew {<engine name>} {<begin instructions>} {<end instructions>}</code> <code>\CDRBlockEngineRenew {<engine name>} {<begin instructions>} {<end instructions>}</code>
--	--

Create a L^AT_EX environment uniquely named after *<engine name>*, which must be a non void string once expanded. The *<begin instructions>* and *<end instructions>* are list of instructions which may refer to the unique argument as #1, which is the value given to CDRBlock environment for key *<engine name>* engine options. Various options are available with the \CDRGetOption function. *Implementation detail:* the third argument is parsed by \NewDocumentEnvironment.

```

998 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineNew { mm } {
999   \NewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } { m } {
1000     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
1001     #2
1002   }
1003 }

1004 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineRenew { mm } {
1005   \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
1006     \PackageWarning
1007       { coder }
1008       { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
1009     \use_none:n
1010   } {
1011     \RenewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } { m } {
1012       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
1013       #2
1014     }
1015   }
1016 }

```

13.3 Conditionals

<code>\CDR_if_code_ngn:cTF</code> ★	<code>\CDR_if_code_ngn:cTF {<engine name>} {<true code>} {<false code>}</code>
-------------------------------------	--

If there exists a code engine with the given *<engine name>*, execute *<true code>*. Otherwise, execute *<false code>*.

```

1017 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_ngn:c { p, T, F, TF } {
1018   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:c { #1 } } {
1019     \prg_return_true:
1020   } {
1021     \prg_return_false:
1022   }
1023 }
1024 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_ngn:V { p, T, F, TF } {
1025   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_ngn:V #1 } {
1026     \prg_return_true:
1027   } {

```

```

1028     \prg_return_false:
1029   }
1030 }

```

```

\CDR_if_block_ngn:cTF ★ \CDR_if_block_ngn:c {⟨engine name⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}

```

If there exists a block engine with the given *⟨engine name⟩*, execute *⟨true code⟩*, otherwise, execute *⟨false code⟩*.

```

1031 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_ngn:c { p, T, F, TF } {
1032   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_ngn:c { #1 } } {
1033     \prg_return_true:
1034   } {
1035     \prg_return_false:
1036   }
1037 }
1038 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_ngn:V { p, T, F, TF } {
1039   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_ngn:V #1 } {
1040     \prg_return_true:
1041   } {
1042     \prg_return_false:
1043   }
1044 }

```

13.4 Default code engine

The default code engine does nothing special and forwards its argument as is.

```

1045 \CDRCodeEngineNew { default } { #2 }

```

13.5 Default block engine

The default block engine does nothing.

```

1046 \CDRBlockEngineNew { default } { } { }

```

13.6 efbox code engine

```

1047 \AtBeginDocument {
1048   \@ifpackageloaded{efbox} {
1049     \CDRCodeEngineNew {efbox} {
1050       \efbox[#1]{#2}%
1051     }
1052   }
1053 }

```

13.7 Block mode default engine

```

1054 \CDRBlockEngineNew {} {
1055 } {
1056 }

```

13.8 tcolorbox related engine

If the tcolorbox is loaded, related code and block engines are available.

14 \CDRCode function

14.1 API

\CDR@Sp

\CDR@Sp

Private method to eventually make the space character visible using \FancyVerbSpace base on `showspaces` value.

```
1057 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@DefineSp {
1058   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF { showspaces } {
1059     \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Sp {{\FancyVerbSpace}}
1060   } {
1061     \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@Sp \space
1062   }
1063 }
```

\CDRCode

\CDRCode{<key[=value]>}<delimiter><code><same delimiter>

Public method to declare inline code.

14.2 Storage

\l_CDR_tag_tl To store the tag given.


```
1064 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tag_tl
```

(End definition for \l_CDR_tag_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)


14.3 __code l3keys module

This is the module used to parse the user interface of the \CDRCode command.


```
1065 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __code } {
```

 **tag=<name>** to use the settings of the already existing named tag to display.

```
1066   tag .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_tag_tl,
1067   tag .value_required:n = true,
```

 **engine options=<engine options>** options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key **<engine name>** engine options.

```
1068   engine-options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1069   engine-options .value_required:n = true,
```

 **__initialize** initialize

```

1070 __initialize .meta:n = {
1071     tag = default,
1072     engine~options = ,
1073 },
1074 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1075 }

```

14.4 Implementation

\CDR_code_format: \CDR_code_format:

Private utility to setup the formatting.

```

1076 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n #1 {
1077     \tl_if_in:nnTF { #1 } { , } { { #1 } } { #1 }
1078 }
1079 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n { V }
1080 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_format: {
1081     \frenchspacing
1082     \CDR_tag_get:cN { baselinestretch } \l_CDR_tl
1083     \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1084         \exp_args:NNV
1085         \def \baselinestretch \l_CDR_tl
1086     }
1087     \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontfamily } \l_CDR_tl
1088     \str_if_eq:NnT \l_CDR_tl { tt } { \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { lmtt } }
1089     \exp_args:NV
1090     \fontfamily \l_CDR_tl
1091     \clist_map_inline:nn { series, shape } {
1092         \CDR_tag_get:cN { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
1093         \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1094             \exp_args:NnV
1095             \use:c { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
1096         }
1097     }
1098     \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontsize } \l_CDR_tl
1099     \str_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
1100         \tl_use:N \l_CDR_tl
1101     }
1102     \selectfont
1103 % \@noligs ?? this is in fancyvrb but does not work here as is
1104 }

```

\CDR_code:n \CDR_code:n <delimeter>

Main utility used by \CDRCode.

```

1105 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
1106     \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
1107         \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
1108             \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
1109             \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleUseTag \prg_do_nothing:

```

```

1110 }
1111 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1112     __fancyvrb,
1113 }
1114 \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1115 \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1116 \SaveVerb [
1117     aftersave = {
1118         \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1119         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code_setup() }
1120         \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1121         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1122         \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1123         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1124         \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1125         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1126         \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1127         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
1128         \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
1129         \FV@UseKeyValues
1130         \frenchspacing
1131         % \FV@SetupFont Break
1132         \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
1133         \FancyVerbDefineActive
1134         \FancyVerbFormatCom
1135         \CDR_code_format:
1136         \CDR@DefineSp
1137         \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1138         \CDR@DefineSp
1139         \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1140             \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } {
1141                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1142                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1143             } {
1144                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, true) }
1145                 \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1146                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1147             }
1148             \makeatletter
1149             \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1150             \makeatother
1151         }
1152     } \group_end:
1153 }
1154 ] { CDR@Source } #1
1155 } {
1156     \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_kv_clist
1157     \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1158     \SaveVerb [
1159         aftersave = {
1160             \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1161             \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1162             \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1163                 \CDR@FormattingPrep

```

```

1164         \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1165     }
1166     \CDR@CodeEngineApply { \mbox {
1167         \FV@UseKeyValues
1168         \FV@FormattingPrep
1169         \FV@SV@CDR@Code
1170     } }
1171     \group_end:
1172 }
1173 ] { CDR@Code } #1
1174 }
1175 }

1176 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { 0{ } } {
1177     \group_begin:
1178     \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1179         \prg_return_false:
1180     }
1181     \CDR_keys_inherit:Nnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1182         __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1183     }
1184     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1185     \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1186     \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1187     \exp_args:NNV
1188     \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1189     \CDR_keys_inherit:Nnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1190         __fancyvrb,
1191     }
1192     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1193     \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1194         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1195         __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1196     }
1197     \CDR_code:n
1198 }
1199 \cs_set:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
1200     \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
1201         \CDR_keys_inherit:Nnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1202             __fancyvrb,
1203         }
1204         \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1205         \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1206         \SaveVerb [
1207             aftersave = {
1208                 \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1209                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_code_setup() }
1210                 \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1211                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1212                 \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1213                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1214                 \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1215                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1216                 \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1217                 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }

```



```

1218 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
1219 \exp_args:NNV
1220 \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1221 \FV@UseKeyValues
1222 \frenchspacing
1223 % \FV@SetupFont Break
1224 \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
1225 \FancyVerbDefineActive
1226 \FancyVerbFormatCom
1227 \CDR@DefineSp
1228 \CDR_code_format:
1229 \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1230 \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1231   \CDR@StyleIfExist { \CDR_tag_get:c {style} } {
1232     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1233     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1234   } {
1235     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, true) }
1236     \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1237     \CDR@StyleUseTag
1238   }
1239   \makeatletter
1240   \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1241   \makeatother
1242 }
1243 \group_end:
1244 }
1245 ] { CDR@Source } #1
1246 } {
1247   \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1248   \SaveVerb [
1249     aftersave = {
1250       \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1251       \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1252       \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1253         \CDR@FormattingPrep
1254         \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1255       }
1256       \CDR@CodeEngineApply { A \mbox { a
1257         \exp_args:NNV
1258         \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1259         \FV@UseKeyValues
1260         \FV@FormattingPrep
1261         \@nameuse{FV@SV@CDR@Code}
1262         z } Z }
1263       \group_end:
1264     }
1265   ] { CDR@Code } #1
1266 }
1267 }
1268 \RenewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { 0{} } {
1269   \group_begin:
1270   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1271     \prg_return_false:

```

```

1272 }
1273 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1274   __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1275 }
1276 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1277 \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1278 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1279 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1280   __fancyvrb,
1281 }
1282 \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1283 \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1284   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1285   __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1286 }
1287 \fvset{showspaces}
1288 \CDR_code:n
1289 }

```

15 CDRBlock environment

`CDRBlock` `\begin{CDRBlock}{<key[=value] list>} ... \end{CDRBlock}`

15.1 Storage

`\l_CDR_block_prop`

```

1290 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_block_prop

```

(End definition for \l_CDR_block_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

15.2 __block l3keys module

This module is used to parse the user interface of the CDRBlock environment.

```

1291 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __block } {


```

 **no export**[=true|false] to ignore this code chunk at export time.

```

1292   no-export .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1293   no-export .default:n = true,


```

 **no export format**=<format commands> a format appended to tags format and numbers format when no export is true.. Initially empty.

```

1294   no-export~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1295   no-export~format .value_required:n = true,

```

 **test**[=true|false] whether the chunk is a test,

```

1296   test .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1297   test .default:n = true,

```

- **engine options=***<engine options>* options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key *<engine name>* engine options. Mainly a convenient user interface shortcut.

```
1298 engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1299 engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

- **__initialize** initialize

```
1300 __initialize .meta:n = {
1301     no~export = false,
1302     no~export~format = ,
1303     test = false,
1304     engine~options = ,
1305 },
1306 __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1307 }
```

15.3 Implementation

We start by saving some fancyvrb macros that we further want to extend. The unique mandatory argument of these macros will eventually be recorded to be saved later on.

```
1308 \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1309     \cs_set_eq:cc { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #1 } { FV@ListProcessLine@ #1 }
1310 }
1311 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_line:n #1 {
1312     \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
1313     \lua_now:n {CDR:record_line('l_CDR_str')}
1314 }
1315 \def\FVB@CDRBlock {
1316     \@bsphack
1317     \group_begin:
1318     \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1319         \prg_return_true:
1320     }
1321     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __block } { __initialize }
```

Reading the options: we absorb the options available in `\FV@KeyValues`, first for `l3keys` modules, then for `\fvset`.

```
1322 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1323     __block, __pygments.block, default.block,
1324     __pygments, default,
1325 }
1326 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1327 \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
1328 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
```

By default, this code chunk will have the same list of tags as the last code block or last `\CDRExport` stored in `\g_CDR_tags_clist`. This can be overwritten with the `tags=...` user interface. At least one tag must be provided.

```

1329 \CDR_tag_inherit:cn { __local } { default.block }
1330 \CDR_tag_get:cn { tags } \l_CDR_clist
1331 \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
1332   \clist_if_empty:NT \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1333     \PackageWarning
1334       { coder }
1335     { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
1336   }
1337 } {
1338   \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
1339 }
1340 \lua_now:n {
1341   CDR:highlight_block_setup('g_CDR_tags_clist')
1342 }

```

\l_CDR_pyg_bool is true iff one of the tags needs pygments or there is no tag and pygments=true was given.

```

1343 \bool_set_false:N \l_CDR_pyg_bool
1344 \clist_if_empty:NTF \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1345   \bool_set:Nn \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1346     \CDR_tag_if_truthy_p:c { pygments }
1347   }
1348 } {
1349   \bool_if:NF \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1350     \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
1351       \CDR_tag_if_truthy:ccT { ##1 } { pygments } {
1352         \clist_map_break:n {
1353           \bool_set_true:N \l_CDR_pyg_bool
1354         }
1355       }
1356     }
1357   }
1358 }

```

Now we setup the full inheritance tree.

```

1359 \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1360   \g_CDR_tags_clist,
1361   __block, default.block, __pygments.block, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.number,
1362   __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1363 }
1364 \bool_if:NTF \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1365   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1366     __fancyvrb.number
1367   }
1368   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist \l_CDR_kv_clist
1369   \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_kv_clist
1370   \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1371     __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block
1372   }
1373   \exp_args:NnV
1374   \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __local } \l_CDR_kv_clist
1375   \exp_args:NNV
1376   \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist

```

Get the list of tags and setup coder-util.lua for recording or highlighting.

```

1377 \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1378 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('lang') }
1379 \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1380 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('cache') }
1381 \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1382 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('debug') }
1383 \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1384 \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_set_var('style') }
1385 \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } { } {
1386   \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(true, false) }
1387   \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1388 }
1389 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1390 \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cTF {no-export} {
1391   \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1392     \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1393       \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1394       \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1395     }
1396   }
1397 } {
1398   \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1399     \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1400       \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1401       \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1402     }
1403   }
1404 }
1405 \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
1406 \CDR_if_code_ngn:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
1407   \PackageError
1408     { coder }
1409     { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space block~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~'default' }
1410     {See~\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
1411   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
1412 }
1413 \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl~engine~options } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1414 \exp_args:NnV
1415 \use:c { \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1416
1417 \def\FV@ProcessLine ##1 {
1418   \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ##1 }
1419   \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1420 }
1421 } {
1422   \exp_args:NNV
1423   \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
1424   \CDR_tag_if_truthy:cF {no-export} {
1425     \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1426       \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } #####1 {
1427         \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #####1 }
1428         \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1429         \use:c { CDR@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } { #####1 }

```

```

1430     }
1431   }
1432 }
1433 \exp_args:NnV
1434 \use:c { \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_opts_tl
1435 \FV@VerbatimBegin
1436 }
1437 \FV@Scan
1438 }
1439 \def\FVE@CDRBlock {
1440   \bool_if:NT \l_CDR_pyg_bool {
1441     \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1442     \fvset{ commandchars=\\{\} }
1443     \CDR@DefineSp
1444     \FV@VerbatimBegin
1445     \lua_now:n { CDR:highlight_source(false, true) }
1446     \makeatletter
1447     \input{ \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1448     \makeatother
1449   }
1450   \FV@VerbatimEnd
1451   \use:c { end \CDR_block_ngn:V \l_CDR_engine_tl }
1452   \group_end:
1453   \@esphack
1454 }
1455 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRBlock}{CDRBlock}{}
1456

```

16 Management

`\g_CDR_in_impl_bool` Whether we are currently in the implementation section.

```

1457 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool

```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_in_impl_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

`\CDR_if_show_code:TF` `\CDR_if_show_code:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute *⟨true code⟩* when code should be printed, *⟨false code⟩* otherwise.

```

1458 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_show_code: { T, F, TF } {
1459   \bool_if:nTF {
1460     \g_CDR_in_impl_bool && !\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
1461   } {
1462     \prg_return_false:
1463   } {
1464     \prg_return_true:
1465   }
1466 }

```

`\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`

```

1467 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_with_impl_bool

```

(End definition for `\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`. This variable is documented on page ??.)

<code>\CDRPreamble</code>	<code>\CDRPreamble {<variable>} {<file name>}</code> Store the content of <code><file name></code> into the variable <code><variable></code> .
---------------------------	---

```

1468 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRPreamble { m m } {
1469   \msg_info:nnn
1470     { coder }
1471     { :n }
1472     { Reading-preamble-from-file-"#2". }
1473   \group_begin:
1474   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #2 }
1475   \exp_args:NNNx
1476   \group_end:
1477   \tl_set:Nx #1 { \lua_now:n {CDR.print_file_content('l_tmpa_tl')} }
1478 }

```

17 Section separators

<code>\CDRImplementation</code>	<code>\CDRImplementation</code>
<code>\CDRFinale</code>	<code>\CDRFinale</code>

`\CDRImplementation` start an implementation part where all the sectioning commands do nothing, whereas `\CDRFinale` stop an implementation part.

18 Finale

```

1479 \newcounter{CDR@impl@page}
1480 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRImplementation {} {
1481   \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1482     \clearpage
1483     \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1484     \let\CDR@old@part\part
1485     \DeclareDocumentCommand\part{som}{}
1486     \let\CDR@old@section\section
1487     \DeclareDocumentCommand\section{som}{}
1488     \let\CDR@old@subsection\subsection
1489     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsection{som}{}
1490     \let\CDR@old@subsubsection\subsubsection
1491     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsubsection{som}{}
1492     \let\CDR@old@paragraph\paragraph
1493     \DeclareDocumentCommand\paragraph{som}{}
1494     \let\CDR@old@subparagraph\subparagraph
1495     \DeclareDocumentCommand\subparagraph{som}{}
1496     \cs_if_exist:NT \refsection{ \refsection }
1497     \setcounter{ CDR@impl@page }{ \value{page} }
1498   }
1499 }
1500 \DeclareDocumentCommand\CDRFinale {} {
1501   \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1502     \clearpage

```

```

1503 \bool_gset_false:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1504 \let\part\CDR@old@part
1505 \let\section\CDR@old@section
1506 \let\subsection\CDR@old@subsection
1507 \let\subsubsection\CDR@old@subsubsection
1508 \let\paragraph\CDR@old@paragraph
1509 \let\subparagraph\CDR@old@subparagraph
1510 \setcounter { page } { \value{ CDR@impl@page } }
1511 }
1512 }
1513 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_number: \prg_do_nothing:

```

19 Finale

```

1514 %\AddToHook { cmd/FancyVerbFormatLine/before } {
1515 % \CDR_line_number:
1516 %}

1517 % =====
1518 % Auxiliary:
1519 % finding the widest string in a comma
1520 % separated list of strings delimited by parenthesis
1521 % =====
1522
1523 % arguments:
1524 % #1) text: a comma separated list of strings
1525 % #2) formatter: a macro to format each string
1526 % #3) dimension: will hold the result
1527
1528 \cs_new:Npn \CDRWidest (#1) #2 #3 {
1529 \group_begin:
1530 \dim_set:Nn #3 { 0pt }
1531 \clist_map_inline:nn { #1 } {
1532 \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box { #2{##1} }
1533 \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim { \dim_eval:n { \box_wd:N \l_tmpa_box } }
1534 \dim_compare:nNnT { #3 } < { \l_tmpa_dim } {
1535 \dim_set_eq:NN #3 \l_tm pa_dim
1536 }
1537 }
1538 \exp_args:NNNV
1539 \group_end:
1540 \dim_set:Nn #3 #3
1541 }
1542 \ExplSyntaxOff
1543

```

20 pygmentex implementation

```

1544 % =====
1545 % fancyvrb new commands to append to a file
1546 % =====
1547

```



```

1548 % See http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/47462/inputenc-error-with-unicode-chars-and-verbati
1549
1550 \ExplSyntaxOn
1551
1552 \seq_new:N \l_CDR_records_seq
1553
1554 % =====
1555 % Main options
1556 % =====
1557
1558 \newif\ifCDR@left
1559 \newif\ifCDR@right
1560
1561

```

20.1 options key-value controls

We accept any value because we do not know in advance the real target. There are 2 ways to collect options:

21 Something else

```

1562
1563 % =====
1564 % pygmented commands and environments
1565 % =====
1566
1567
1568 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \exp_last_unbraced:NnNo { NxNo }
1569
1570
1571 % ERROR: JL undefined \CDR@alllinenos
1572
1573 \ProvideDocumentCommand\captionof{mm}{-}{-}
1574 \def\CDR@alllinenos{(0)}
1575
1576 \def\FormatLineNumber#1{{\rmfamily\tiny#1}}
1577
1578 \newdimen\CDR@leftmargin
1579 \newdimen\CDR@linenosep
1580
1581 %
1582 %\newcommand\CDR@tcbox@more@options{%
1583 % nobeforeafter,%
1584 % tcbox-raise~base,%
1585 % left=0mm,%
1586 % right=0mm,%
1587 % top=0mm,%
1588 % bottom=0mm,%
1589 % boxsep=2pt,%
1590 % arc=1pt,%
1591 % boxrule=0pt,%
1592 % \CDR_opts_if_in:nT {colback} {

```

```

1593 %    colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1594 %  }
1595 %}
1596 %
1597 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@more@options{%
1598 %  leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1599 %  frametitlerule=true,%
1600 %  \CDR_if_in:nT {colback} {
1601 %    backgroundcolor=\CDR:n {colback}
1602 %  }
1603 %}
1604 %
1605 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@more@options{%
1606 %  grow~to~left~by=-\CDR@leftmargin,%
1607 %  \CDR_if_in:nNT {colback} {
1608 %    colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1609 %  }
1610 %}
1611 %
1612 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@more@options{%
1613 %  leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1614 %  \ifcsname CDR@opt@colback\endcsname
1615 %    colback=\CDR@opt@colback,%
1616 %  \fi
1617 %}
1618 %
1619 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@margin{%
1620 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{outerlinewidth}%
1621 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{middlelinewidth}%
1622 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerlinewidth}%
1623 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerleftmargin}%
1624 %}
1625 %
1626 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@margin{%
1627 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@left@rule
1628 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@leftupper
1629 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@boxsep
1630 %}
1631 %
1632 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@margin{%
1633 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@leftrule
1634 %  \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@boxsep
1635 %}
1636 %
1637 %\def\CDR@global@options{}
1638 %
1639 %\newcommand\setpygmented[1]{%
1640 %  \def\CDR@global@options{/CDR.cd,#1}%
1641 %}
1642
1643 \ExplSyntaxOff
1644 %</sty>

```