## coder — code inlined in a LATEX document\*

### Jérôme LAURENS<sup>†</sup>

### Released 2022/02/07

#### Abstract

Usually, documentation is put inside the code, coder allows to work the other way round by putting code inside the documentation. This is particularly interesting when different code files share some logic and should be documented all at once. The file coder-manual.pdf gives different examples. Here is the implementation of the package.

This  $\LaTeX$  package requires LuaTeX and may use syntax coloring based on pygments.

## 1 Package dependencies

luacode, datetime2, xcolor, fancyvrb and dependencies of these packages.

## 2 Similar technologies

The docstrip utility offers similar features, it is somehow more powerful than coder at the cost of more technicality and less practicality,

The ydoc.cls and skdoc.cls are full document classes with similar features but many more that are unrelated. coder focuses on code inlining and interfaces very well with pygments for a smart and efficient syntax hilighting.

The pygmentex and minted packages were somehow a source of inspiration.

## 3 Known bugs and limitations

• coder does not play well with docstrip.

<sup>\*</sup>This file describes version 2022/02/07, last revised 2022/02/07.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}\mbox{E-mail: jerome.laurens@u-bourgogne.fr}$ 

## 4 Namespace and conventions

LATEX identifiers related to coder start with CDR, including both commands and evironments. expl3 identifiers also start with CDR, after and eventual leading c\_, l\_ or g\_. l3keys module path's first component is either CDR or starts with CDR@.

lua objects (functions and variables) are collected in the CDR table automatically created while loading coder-util.lua from coder.sty.

The c argument specifier is used here in a more general acception. Normaly , it means that the argument is turned to a command sequence name. Here, it means that the argument is part of something bigger which is turned to a command sequence name. As such, there is no need to explictly expand such an argument.

### 5 Presentation

coder is a triptych of three complementary components

- 1. coder.sty, on the LATEX side,
- 2. coder-util.lua, to store data and call coder-tool.py,
- 3. coder-tool.py, to color code with the help of pygments.

coder.sty mainly declares the \CDRCode command and the CDRBlock environment. The former allows to insert code chunks as running text whereas the latter allows to instert code snippets as blocks. Moreover, block code chunks can be exported to files, once declared with \CDRExport command. The \CDRSet command is used to set various parameters, including display engines declared with either \CDRCodeEngineNew or \CDRBlockEngineNew.

### 5.1 Code flow

The normal code flow is

- 1. from coder.sty, LATEX parses a code snippet as \CDRCode argument of CDRBlock environment body, somehow stores it, and calls either CDR:hilight\_source,
- 2. coder-util.lua reads the content of some command, and stores it in a json file, together with informations to process this code snippet properly,
- 3. coder-tool.py is asked by coder-util.lua to read the json file and eventually uses pygments to translate the code snippet into dedicated LATEX coloring commands. These are stored in a \*.pyg.tex file named after the md5 digest of the original code chunck, a \*.pyg.sty LATEX style file is recorded as well. On return, coder-tool.py gives to coder-util.lua some LATEX instructions to both input the \*.pyg.sty and the \*.pyg.tex file, these are finally executed and the code is displayed with colors. coder-tool.py is also partially responsible of code line numbering.

The package coder.sty only exchanges with coder-util.lua using \directlua and tex.print. coder-tool.py in turn only exchanges with coder-util.lua: we put in coder-tool.py as few LATEX logic as possible. It receives instructions from coder.sty as command line arguments, LATEX options, pygments options and fancyvrb options.

### 5.2 File exports

- The \CDRExport command declares a file path, a list of tags and other usefull
  information like a coding language. These data are saved as export records by
  coder-util.lua.
- 2. When some tags={...} have been given to the CDRBlock environment, the coderutil.lua records the corresponding code chunk and its associate tags for later save.
- 3. Once the typesetting process is complete, coder-util.lua's CDR\_export\_... methods are called to save all the files externally. For each export record, coder-util.lua collects all the chunks with the same tag and save them at the proper location.

### 5.3 Display engine

The display management is partly delegated to other packages. coder.sty provides default engines for running code and code blocks, and new engines can be declared with \CDRCodeEngineNew and \CDRBlockEngineNew.

### 5.4 LATEX user interface

The first required argument of both commands and environment is a \( \frac{\key[=value]}{\controls} \) list managed by |3keys. Each command requires its own |3keys module but some \( \frac{\key[=value]}{\controls} \) are shared between modules.

### 5.5 Properties and inheritance

Properties cover various informations, from the language of the code, to the color and font. They are uniquely identified by a path component, the tag, which is used for inheritance. All tags starting with two leading underscore characters are reserved by the package. Other tags are at the user disposal.

Each processed code chunk has a list of associate tags. Most tag inherits from default ones.

## 6 Options

Key-value options allow the user, coder.sty, coder-util.lua and CDRPy to exchange data. What the user is allowed to do is detailed in coder-manual.pdf.

### 6.1 fancyvrb

These are fancyvrb options verbatim. The fancyvrb manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in code mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

- formatcom=(command) execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in code mode.
- fontfamily=\(\frac{family name}\) font family to use. tt, courier and helvetica are predefined. Initially tt.

- fontsize=\( font size \) size of the font to use. If you use the relsize package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: fontsize=\relsize{-2}). Initially auto: the same as the current font.
- fontshape=\langle font shape \rangle font shape to use. Initially auto: the same as the current font.
- showspaces[=true|false] print a special character representing each space. Initially false: spaces not shown.
- showtabs=true|false explicitly show tab characters. Initially false: tab characters not shown.
- obeytabs=true|false position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.
- tabsize=(integer) number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).
- defineactive=\langle macro \rangle to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.
- **▼** reflabel=(label) define a label to be used with \pageref. Initially empty.
- commentchar=(character) lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.
- **gobble=**(integer) number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only block mode.
- frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single type of frame around the verbatim environment. With leftline and single modes, a space of a length given by the LATEX \fboxsep macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially none: no frame.
- label={[⟨top string⟩] ⟨string⟩} label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional ⟨top string⟩ is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and ⟨string⟩ for the bottom line. Otherwise, ⟨string⟩ is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the frame parameter is one of topline, bottomline, lines or single. Initially empty: no label.
- labelposition=none|topline|bottomline|all position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like frame=topline and labelposition=bottomline, nothing is displayed. Initially none when no labels are defined, topline for one label and all otherwise.
- numbers=none|left|right numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially none: no numbering.
- numbersep=(dimension) gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

- firstnumber=auto|last|⟨integer⟩ number of the first line. last means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially auto: numbering starts from
- stepnumber=(integer) interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.
- numberblanklines[=true|false] to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially true: all lines are numbered.
- firstline=\(\(\int\) integer\\ \) first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.
- lastline=(integer) last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.
- baselinestretch=auto|\dimension\) value to give to the usual \baselinestretch IATEX parameter. Initially auto: its current value just before the verbatim command.
- **©** commandchars=\langle three characters \rangle characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to coder, unavailable to users.
- xleftmargin=(dimension) indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially Opt: no left margin.
- xrightmargin=(dimension) right margin to add after each line. Initially Opt: no right margin.
- resetmargins [=true|false] reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially true.
- hfuzz=\(dimension\) value to give to the TeX \hfuzz dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.
- samepage[=true|false] in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the samepage parameter to true. Initially false.

### 6.2 pygments options

These are pygments's LatexFormatter options, used only by coder-util.lua to communicate with coder-tool.py.

- $\blacksquare$  style= $\langle name \rangle$  the pygments style to use. Initially default.
- **Solution** full Tells the formatter to output a full document, i.e. a complete self-contained document (default: false). Forbidden.
- **\Omega title** If **full** is true, the title that should be used to caption the document (default empty). Forbidden.

- or noting If given, must be an encoding name. This will be used to convert the Unicode token strings to byte strings in the output. If it is or None, Unicode strings will be written to the output file, which most file-like objects do not support (default: None).
- outencoding Overrides encoding if given.
- Odocclass If the full option is enabled, this is the document class to use (default: article). Forbidden.
- opreamble If the full option is enabled, this can be further preamble commands, e.g. "\usepackage" (default empty). Forbidden.
- O linenos[=true|false] If set to true, output line numbers. Initially false: no numbering. Ignored in code mode.
- O linenostart=(integer) The line number for the first line. Initially 1: numbering starts from 1. Ignored in code mode.
- **O** linenostep= $\langle integer \rangle$  If set to a number n > 1, only every nth line number is printed. Ignored in code mode. Additional options given to the Verbatim environment (see the fancyvrb docs for possible values). Initially empty.
- verboptions Forbidden.
- commandprefix=\langle text \rangle The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially PY.
- texcomments[=true|false] If set to true, enables LATEX comment lines. That is, LATEX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LATEX can render it. Initially false. Ignored in code mode.
- mathescape[=true|false] If set to true, enables LATEX math mode escape in comments.

  That is, \$...\$ inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially false.
- escapeinside=\langle before \rangle \langle after \rangle If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LATEX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if texcomments or mathescape is set. Initially empty.
- envname=(name) Allows you to pick an alternative environment name replacing Verbatim.
  The alternate environment still has to support Verbatim's option syntax. Initially Verbatim.

### 6.3 LATEX

These are options used by coder.sty to pass data to coder-tool.py. All values are required, possibly empty.

- tags clist of tag names, used for line numbering.
- inline true when inline code is concerned, false otherwise.
- **sty\_template** LATEX source text where <placeholder:style\_defs> must be replaced by the style definitions provided by pygments. It may include the style name.

All the line templates below are LaTeX source text where <placeholder:number> should be replaced by a line number and <placeholder:line> should be replaced by the hilighted line code provided by pygments. They should not include a trailing newline char. The  $\langle type \rangle$  is used to describe the line more precisely.

- Single It may contain tag related information and number as well. When the block consists of only one line.
- First When the block consists of more than one line. If the tag information is required or new, display only the tag. Display the number if required, otherwise.
- Second If the first line did not, display the line number, but only when required.
- Black for numbered lines,
- White for unnumbered lines,

### File I

# coder-util.lua implementation

## 1 Usage

This lua library is loaded by coder.sty with the instruction CDR=require(coder-util). In the sequel, the syntax to call class methods and instance methods are presented with either a CDR. or a CDR: prefix. This is what is used in the library for convenience. Of course either a self. or a self: prefix would be possible.

### 2 Declarations

```
1 %<*lua>
2 local lfs = _ENV.lfs
3 local tex = _ENV.tex
4 local token = _ENV.token
5 local md5 = _ENV.md5
6 local kpse = _ENV.kpse
7 local rep = string.rep
8 local lpeg = require("lpeg")
9 local P, Cg, Cp, V = lpeg.P, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cp, lpeg.V
10 local json = require('lualibs-util-jsn')
```

## 3 General purpose material

CDR\_PY\_PATH Location of the coder-tool.py utility. This will cause an error if kpsewhich is not available. The PATH must be properly set up.

```
11 local CDR_PY_PATH = kpse.find_file('coder-tool.py')
(End definition for CDR_PY_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

PYTHON\_PATH Location of the python utility, defaults to 'python'.

```
12 local PYTHON_PATH = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-)%s*$")
                   (End definition for PYTHON_PATH. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                   CDR:set_python_path(\langle path \ var \rangle)
set_python_path
                   Set manually the path of the python utility with the contents of the (path var). If the
                   given path does not point to a file or a link then an error is raised.
                13 local function set_python_path(self, path_var)
                     local path = assert(token.get_macro(assert(path_var)))
                15
                     if #path>0 then
                       local mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(self.PYTHON_PATH,'mode')
                16
                       assert(mode == 'file' or mode == 'link')
                17
                       path = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-)%s*$")
                19
                20
                     end
                     self.PYTHON_PATH = path
                21
                22 end
      is_truthy
                   if CDR.is_truthy(\langle string \rangle) then
                   ⟨true code⟩
                   else
                   ⟨false code⟩
                   Execute \( \false \) code \( \) if \( \string \) is the string "false", \( \tau \) code \( \) otherwise.
                23 local function is_truthy(s)
                24 return s ~= 'false'
                25 end
                   \langle variable \rangle = CDR.escape(\langle string \rangle)
          escape
                   Escape the given string to be used by the shell.
                26 local function escape(s)
                27 s = s:gsub(' ','\\ ')
                    s = s:gsub('\\','\\\')
                29 s = s:gsub('\r','\\r')
                    s = s:gsub('\n','\\n')
                30
                    s = s:gsub('"','\\"')
                31
```

make\_directory ⟨variable⟩ = CDR.make\_directory(⟨string path⟩)

Make a directory at the given path.

s = s:gsub("',","\\',")

return s

32

33 re 34 end

```
35 local function make_directory(path)
                       local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(path, "mode")
                        if mode == "directory" then
                   37
                          return true
                   38
                        elseif mode ~= nil then
                   39
                          return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
                   40
                   41
                        if os["type"] == "windows" then
                   42
                          path = path:gsub("/", "\\")
                   43
                   44
                          _,_,_ = os.execute(
                            "if not exist " .. path .. "\\nul " .. "mkdir " .. path
                   45
                   46
                   47
                        else
                          _,_,_ = os.execute("mkdir -p " .. path)
                   48
                   49
                        mode = lfs.attributes(path, "mode")
                   50
                        if mode == "directory" then
                   51
                         return true
                   52
                   53
                        return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
                   54
                   55 end
              dir_p The directory where the auxiliary pygments related files are saved, in general (jobname).pygd/.
                      (End definition for dir_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                     The path of the JSON file used to communicate with coder-tool.py, in general \langle jobname \rangle.pygd/\langle jobname \rangle
                      (End definition for json_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                   56 local dir_p, json_p
                   57 local jobname = tex.jobname
                   58 dir_p = './'..jobname..'.pygd/'
                   59 if make_directory(dir_p) == nil then
                       dir_p = './'
                        json_p = dir_p..jobname..'.pyg.json'
                   62 else
                       json_p = dir_p..'input.pyg.json'
                   63
                   64 end
print_file_content
                      CDR.print_file_content(\langle macro name \rangle)
                      The command named (macro name) contains the path to a file. Read the content of that
                      file and print the result to the TEX stream.
                   65 local function print_file_content(name)
                   66 local p = token.get_macro(name)
                        local fh = assert(io.open(p, 'r'))
                      local s = fh:read('a')
```

69 fh:close()
70 tex.print(s)

71 end

 $safe_equals \langle variable \rangle = safe_equals(\langle string \rangle)$ 

Class method. Returns an  $\langle = ... = \rangle$  string as  $\langle ans \rangle$  exactly composed of sufficiently many = signs such that  $\langle string \rangle$  contains neither sequence  $[\langle ans \rangle[$  nor  $]\langle ans \rangle]$ .

```
72 local eq_pattern = P({ Cp() * P('=')^1 * Cp() + P(1) * V(1) })
73 local function safe_equals(s)
    local i, j = 0, 0
74
    local max = 0
75
    while true do
76
77
      i, j = eq_pattern:match(s, j)
      if i == nil then
78
        return rep('=', max + 1)
79
       end
80
81
      i = j - i
      if i > max then
83
        max = i
84
       end
    end
85
86 end
```

load\_exec

CDR:load\_exec((lua code chunk))

Class method. Loads the given  $\langle lua\ code\ chunk \rangle$  and execute it. On error, messages are printed.

```
87 local function load_exec(self, chunk)
     local env = setmetatable({ self = self, tex = tex }, _ENV)
     local func, err = load(chunk, 'coder-tool', 't', env)
 89
 90
     if func then
       local ok
 91
       ok, err = pcall(func)
 92
       if not ok then
 93
         print("coder-util.lua Execution error:", err)
 94
         print('chunk:', chunk)
 95
 96
       end
 97
     else
       print("coder-util.lua Compilation error:", err)
98
       print('chunk:', chunk)
99
100
     end
101 end
```

load\_exec\_output

```
CDR:load_exec_output(\langle lua code chunk\rangle)
```

Instance method to parse the  $\langle \textit{lua code chunk} \rangle$  sring for commands and execute them. The patterns being searched are enclosed within opening <<<< and closing >>>>, each containing 5 characters,

- ?TEX: $\langle TeX \ instructions \rangle$  the  $\langle TeX \ instructions \rangle$  are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to  $T_FX$ .
- !LUA:(!Lua instructions) the (!Lua instructions) are executed synchronously. When not properly designed, these instruction may cause a forever loop on execution, for example, they must not use CDR:if\_code\_engine.
- ?LUA:(?Lua instructions) these (?Lua instructions) are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to TeX through a call to \directlua, which means that they will wait until any previous asynchronous (?TeX instructions) or (?Lua instructions) completes.

```
102 local parse_pattern
103 do
     local tag = P('!') + '*' + '?'
104
     local stp = '>>>>'
105
     local cmd = (P(1) - stp)^0
106
     parse_pattern = P({
107
108
       P('<<<') * Cg(tag) * 'LUA:' * Cg(cmd) * stp * Cp() + 1 * V(1)
109
110 end
111 local function load_exec_output(self, s)
     local i, tag, cmd
     i = 1
113
     while true do
114
       tag, cmd, i = parse_pattern:match(s, i)
115
       if tag == '!' then
116
         self:load_exec(cmd)
117
       elseif tag == '*' then
118
         local eqs = safe_equals(cmd)
119
         cmd = '['..eqs..'['..cmd..']'..eqs..']'
         tex.print([[%
121
122 \directlua{CDR:load_exec(]]..cmd..[[)}%
123 11)
       elseif tag == '?' then
124
         print('\nDEBUG/coder: '..cmd)
125
126
       else
127
         return
128
       end
129
     end
130 end
```

## 4 Properties

This is one of the channels from coder.sty to coder-util.lua.

## 5 Hiligting

### 5.1 Common

```
hilight_set CDR:hilight_set(...)
```

Hilight the currently entered block. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```
131 local function hilight_set(self, key, value)
     local args = self['.arguments']
132
     local t = args
133
     if t[key] == nil then
134
       t = args.pygopts
135
136
       if t[key] == nil then
137
         t = args.texopts
         assert(t[key] ~= nil)
140
     end
     t[key] = value
141
142 end
143
144 local function hilight_set_var(self, key, var)
     self:hilight_set(key, assert(token.get_macro(var or 'l_CDR_tl')))
146 end
```

hilight\_source

CDR:hilight\_source( $\langle src \rangle$ ,  $\langle sty \rangle$ )

Hilight the currently entered block if  $\langle src \rangle$  is true, build the style definitions if  $\langle sty \rangle$  is true. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments. Set the \l\_CDR\_pyg\_sty\_tl and \l\_CDR\_pyg\_tex\_tl macros on return, depending on  $\langle src \rangle$  and  $\langle sty \rangle$ .

```
147 local function hilight_source(self, sty, src)
     local args = self['.arguments']
149
     local texopts = args.texopts
     local pygopts = args.pygopts
150
     local inline = texopts.is_inline
151
     local use_cache = self.is_truthy(args.cache)
152
     local use_py = false
153
     local cmd = self.PYTHON_PATH..; '..self.CDR_PY_PATH
154
     local debug = args.debug
155
     local pyg_sty_p
156
157
     if sty then
       pyg_sty_p = dir_p..pygopts.style..'.pyg.sty'
158
       token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl', pyg_sty_p)
159
160
       texopts.pyg_sty_p = pyg_sty_p
       local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_sty_p, 'mode')
161
       if not mode or not use_cache then
162
         use_py = true
163
         if debug then
164
165
           print('PYTHON STYLE:')
```

```
166
         end
         cmd = cmd..(' --create_style')
167
168
       end
       self:cache_record(pyg_sty_p)
169
170
     end
     local pyg_tex_p
171
     if src then
172
173
       local source
174
       if inline then
175
         source = args.source
176
         local 11 = self['.lines']
177
         source = table.concat(ll, '\n')
178
179
       end
       local hash = md5.sumhexa( ('%s:%s:%s'
180
         ):format(
181
182
            source,
            inline and 'code' or 'block',
183
           pygopts.style
184
185
       )
186
       local base = dir_p..hash
187
       pyg_tex_p = base..'.pyg.tex'
188
       token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl', pyg_tex_p)
189
       local mode,_,_ = lfs.attributes(pyg_tex_p,'mode')
190
       if not mode or not use_cache then
191
         use_py = true
192
         if debug then
193
           print('PYTHON SOURCE:', inline)
194
195
         end
         if not inline then
196
           local tex_p = base..'.tex'
197
           local f = assert(io.open(tex_p, 'w'))
198
           local ok, err = f:write(source)
199
           f:close()
200
           if not ok then
201
             print('File error('..tex_p..'): '..err)
202
203
204
            if debug then
             print('OUTPUT: '..tex_p)
205
206
            end
207
         cmd = cmd..(' --base=%q'):format(base)
208
209
       end
210
     end
211
     if use_py then
       local json_p = self.json_p
212
       local f = assert(io.open(json_p, 'w'))
213
       local ok, err = f:write(json.tostring(args, true))
214
215
       f:close()
216
       if not ok then
         print('File error('..json_p..'): '..err)
217
218
       end
       cmd = cmd..(' %q'):format(json_p)
219
```

```
if debug then
220
         print('CDR>'..cmd)
221
        end
222
        local o = io.popen(cmd):read('a')
223
        self:load_exec_output(o)
224
        if debug then
225
         print('PYTHON', o)
226
227
228
     end
     self:cache_record(
229
        sty and pyg_sty_p or nil,
230
        src and pyg_tex_p or nil
231
     )
232
233 end
```

### **5.2** Code

hilight\_code\_setup

CDR:hilight\_code\_setup()

Hilight the code in str variable named  $\langle code\ var\ name \rangle$ . Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```
234 local function hilight_complete(self, count)
235 token.set_macro('1_CDR_count_tl', count)
236 end
```

### **5.3** Code

hilight\_code\_setup

CDR:hilight\_code\_setup()

Hilight the code in str variable named  $\langle code\ var\ name \rangle$ . Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```
237 local function hilight_code_setup(self)
     self['.arguments'] = {
238
       __cls__ = 'Arguments',
239
       source = '',
240
       cache = true,
241
       debug
242
              = false,
       pygopts = {
243
         __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
244
                  = 'tex',
         lang
245
                = 'default',
246
         style
247
       texopts = {
248
         __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
249
                = '',
         tags
250
         is_inline = true,
251
         pyg_sty_p = ","
252
253
```

### 5.4 Block

hilight\_block\_setup

```
CDR:hilight_block_setup(\langle tags clist var \rangle)
```

Records the contents of the \(\lambda tags \) clist var\\\\\\lambda \) LATEX variable to prepare block hilighting.

```
261 local function hilight_block_setup(self, tags_clist_var)
     local tags_clist = assert(token.get_macro(assert(tags_clist_var)))
262
     local t = {}
263
     for tag in string.gmatch(tags_clist, '([^{\hat{}},]+)') do
264
265
       t[#t+1]=tag
266
     self['.tags clist'] = tags_clist
267
     self['.block tags']
268
269
     self['.lines'] = {}
     self['.arguments'] = {
270
       __cls__ = 'Arguments',
271
       cache = false,
272
       debug = false,
273
       source = nil,
274
       pygopts = {
275
          __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
276
         lang = 'tex',
277
278
         style = 'default',
279
280
       texopts = {
          __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
281
                = tags_clist,
282
         tags
         is_inline = false,
283
         pyg_sty_p = ","
284
       },
285
       fv_opts = {
286
          __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
287
288
289
     }
290
     self.hilight_json_written = false
291 end
292
```

record\_line CDR:record\_line(\langle line variable name \rangle)

Store the content of the given named variable.

```
293 local function record_line(self, line_variable_name)
294 local line = assert(token.get_macro(assert(line_variable_name)))
```

```
local 11 = assert(self['.lines'])
               295
                     11[#11+1] = line
               296
                     local lt = self['lines by tag'] or {}
               297
                     self['lines by tag'] = lt
               298
                     for _,tag in ipairs(self['.block tags']) do
               299
                       11 = lt[tag] or {}
               300
                       lt[tag] = 11
               301
                       ll[#ll+1] = line
               302
               303
                     end
               304 end
                   {\tt CDR:hilight\_advance}(\langle count \rangle)
hilight_advance
                   ⟨count⟩ is the number of line hilighted.
               305 local function hilight_advance(self, count)
               306 end
```

## 6 Exportation

For each file to be exported, coder.sty calls export\_file to initialte the exportation. Then it calls export\_file\_info to share the tags, raw, preamble, postamble data. Finally, export\_complete is called to complete the exportation.

```
export_file
```

```
{\tt CDR:export\_file}(\langle {\tt file name var} \rangle)
```

This is called at export time.  $\langle file\ name\ var \rangle$  is the name of an str variable containing the file name.

```
307 local function export_file(self, file_name)
308    self['.name'] = assert(token.get_macro(assert(file_name)))
309    self['.export'] = {}
310 end
```

```
export_file_info
```

```
CDR:export_file_info(\langle key \rangle, \langle value\ name\ var \rangle)
```

This is called at export time.  $\langle value\ name\ var \rangle$  is the name of an str variable containing the value.

```
311 local function export_file_info(self, key, value)
312 local export = self['.export']
313 value = assert(token.get_macro(assert(value)))
314 export[key] = value
315 end
```

export\_complete

CDR:export\_complete()

This is called at export time.

```
316 local function export_complete(self)
     local name = self['.name']
317
     local export = self['.export']
318
     local records = self['.records']
319
     local tt = {}
320
     local s = export.preamble
321
     if s then
322
       tt[#tt+1] = s
323
324
     for _,tag in ipairs(export.tags) do
325
       s = records[tag]:concat('\n')
326
       tt[#tt+1] = s
327
       records[tag] = { [1] = s }
328
329
     end
     s = export.postamble
330
     if s then
331
       tt[#tt+1] = s
332
     end
333
334
     if #tt>0 then
       local fh = assert(io.open(name,'w'))
335
       fh:write(tt:concat('\n'))
336
       fh:close()
337
338
     self['.file'] = nil
339
     self['.exportation'] = nil
340
341 end
```

## 7 Caching

We save some computation time by pygmentizing files only when necessary. The codertool.py is expected to create a \*.pyg.sty file for a style and a \*.pyg.tex file for hilighted code. These files are cached during one whole LATEX run and possibly between different LATEX runs. Lua keeps track of both the style files created and hilighted code files created.

cache\_clean\_all
cache\_record
cache\_clean\_unused

```
\label{eq:cond} \begin{split} & \texttt{CDR:cache\_clean\_all()} \\ & \texttt{CDR:cache\_record}(\langle style\ name.pyg.sty \rangle,\ \langle digest.pyg.tex \rangle) \\ & \texttt{CDR:cache\_clean\_unused()} \end{split}
```

Instance methods. cache\_clean\_all removes any file in the cache directory named \( \lambda jobname \rangle .pygd \). This is automatically executed at the beginning of the document processing when there is no aux file. This can also be executed on demand with \directlua{CDR:cache\_clean\_all()}. The cache\_record method stores both \( \style name.pyg.sty \rangle \) and \( \lambda digest.pyg.tex \rangle \). These are file names relative to the \( \lambda jobname \rangle .pygd \) directory. cache\_clean\_unused removes any file in the cache directory \( \lambda jobname \rangle .pygd \) except the ones that were previously recorded. This is executed at the end of the document processing.

```
342 local function cache_clean_all(self)
343    local to_remove = {}
344    for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
345    to_remove[f] = true
346    end
347    for k,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
```

```
os.remove(dir_p .. k)
           348
           349
                end
           350 end
           351 local function cache_record(self, pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
                if pyg_sty_p then
           352
                  self['.style_set'] [pyg_sty_p] = true
           353
           354
           355
                if pyg_tex_p then
                  self['.colored_set'][pyg_tex_p] = true
           356
           357
           358 end
           359 local function cache_clean_unused(self)
                local to_remove = {}
           360
                for f in lfs.dir(dir_p) do
           361
           362
                  f = dir_p ... f
                  if not self['.style_set'][f] and not self['.colored_set'][f] then
           363
                     to_remove[f] = true
           364
           365
                  end
           366
                end
                for f,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
           367
                  os.remove(f)
           368
                end
           369
           370 end
_DESCRIPTION Short text description of the module.
           371 local _DESCRIPTION = [[Global coder utilities on the lua side]]
              (End definition for _DESCRIPTION. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                    Return the module
           372 return {
              Known fields are
                _DESCRIPTION
                                    = _DESCRIPTION,
```

```
is_truthy
                       = is_truthy,
379
   escape
    escape
                       = escape,
   make_directory
    make_directory
                       = make_directory,
   load_exec
    load_exec
                       = load_exec,
382
   load_exec_output
                      = load_exec_output,
383
   record_line
384 record_line
                       = record_line,
  hilight common
385 hilight_set
                       = hilight_set,
386 hilight_set_var
                       = hilight_set_var,
   hilight_source
                       = hilight_source,
387
388
    hilight_advance
                       = hilight_advance,
   hilight_complete
                            = hilight_complete,
  hilight code
    hilight_code_setup = hilight_code_setup,
   hilight_block_setup
391 hilight_block_setup = hilight_block_setup,
   cache_clean_all
392 cache_clean_all
                       = cache_clean_all,
   cache_record
393 cache_record
                       = cache_record,
   cache_clean_unused
   cache_clean_unused = cache_clean_unused,
   Internals
```

```
= {},
      ['.style_set']
395
     ['.colored_set']
                        = {},
396
     ['.options']
                          = {},
397
     ['.export']
                          = {},
398
     ['.name']
                          = nil,
399
   already false at the beginning, true after the first call of coder-tool.py
                          = false,
   Other
     json_p
                          = json_p,
401
402 }
403 %</lua>
```

## File II

# coder-tool.py implementation

The standard header is managed specially because of the way docstrip automatically adds some header when extracting stuff from an archive. The next two lines are added by docstrip at the top of the preamble.

```
1 %<*py>
2 #! /usr/bin/env python3
3 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
4 %</py>
```

## 1 Usage

 $\operatorname{Run}$ : coder-tool.py -h.

## 2 Header and global declarations

```
5 %<*py>
6 __version__ = '0.10'
7 __YEAR__ = '2022'
8 __docformat__ = 'restructuredtext'
9

10 import sys
11 import os
12 import argparse
13 import re
14 from pathlib import Path
15 import json
16 from pygments import highlight as hilight
17 from pygments.formatters.latex import LatexEmbeddedLexer, LatexFormatter
18 from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
```

## 3 Options classes

Object is used to turn a dictionary into a full fledged object. The real class is given by the \_\_cls\_\_ key.

```
20 class BaseOpts(object):
    @staticmethod
    def ensure_bool(x):
      if x == True or x == False: return x
23
      x = x[0:1]
24
      return x == 'T' or x == 't'
25
    def __init__(self, d={}):
26
27
      for k, v in d.items():
28
        if type(v) == str:
           if v.lower() == 'true':
29
             setattr(self, k, True)
30
31
             continue
           elif v.lower() == 'false':
32
             setattr(self, k, False)
33
             continue
34
35
        setattr(self, k, v)
```

### 3.1 TeXOpts class

The templates are provided by coder.sty. The style template wraps the style definitions provided by pygments. It may include the style name

### 3.2 PygOptsclass

pygments LaTeXFormatter options. Some of them may be deliberately unused. In particular, line numbering is governed by fancyvrb options. The description of these options is in a forthcoming section.

```
50 class PygOpts(BaseOpts):
51    style = 'default'
52    nobackground = False
53    linenos = False
```

```
linenostart = 1
    linenostep = 1
55
   commandprefix = 'Py'
56
    texcomments = False
57
    mathescape = False
58
    escapeinside = ""
59
    envname = 'Verbatim'
60
    lang = 'tex'
    def __init__(self, *args, **kvargs):
62
      super().__init__(*args, **kvargs)
63
      self.linenos = self.ensure_bool(self.linenos)
64
      self.linenostart = abs(int(self.linenostart))
65
      self.linenostep = abs(int(self.linenostep))
66
      self.texcomments = self.ensure_bool(self.texcomments)
67
      self.mathescape = self.ensure_bool(self.mathescape)
  3.3 FVclass
69 class FVOpts(BaseOpts):
    gobble = 0
71
    tabsize = 4
    linenosep = 'Opt'
    commentchar = ''
74
    frame = 'none'
    label = ''
75
    labelposition = 'none'
76
    numbers = 'left'
77
   numbersep = '1ex'
78
    firstnumber = 'auto'
79
    stepnumber = 1
80
    numberblanklines = True
81
   firstline = ''
   lastline = ''
83
    baselinestretch = 'auto'
85
    resetmargins = True
    xleftmargin = 'Opt'
86
    xrightmargin = 'Opt'
87
    hfuzz = '2pt'
88
    samepage = False
89
    def __init__(self, *args, **kvargs):
90
91
      super().__init__(*args, **kvargs)
      self.gobble = abs(int(self.gobble))
92
      self.tabsize = abs(int(self.tabsize))
93
      if self.firstnumber != 'auto':
95
        self.firstnumber = abs(int(self.firstnumber))
96
      self.stepnumber = abs(int(self.stepnumber))
```

### 3.4 Argumentsclass

97

98

99

```
100 class Arguments(BaseOpts):
101   cache = False
```

self.numberblanklines = self.ensure\_bool(self.numberblanklines)

self.resetmargins = self.ensure\_bool(self.resetmargins)

self.samepage = self.ensure\_bool(self.samepage)

```
debug = False
102
     source = ""
103
     style = "default"
104
            = ""
     json
105
     directory = "."
106
     texopts = TeXOpts()
107
     pygopts = PygOpts()
108
     fv_opts = FVOpts()
```

### 4 Controller main class

110 class Controller:

### 4.1 Static methods

```
object_hook
              Helper for json parsing.
                @staticmethod
          111
                def object_hook(d):
          112
                   __cls__ = d.get('__cls__', 'Arguments')
          113
                  if __cls__ == 'PygOpts':
          114
                    return PygOpts(d)
          115
                  elif __cls__ == 'FVOpts':
          116
                    return FVOpts(d)
          117
          118
                  elif __cls__ == 'TeXOpts':
          119
                    return TeXOpts(d)
          120
                  else:
          121
                    return Arguments(d)
```

lua\_command
lua\_command\_now
lua\_debug

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} self.lua\_command(\langle asynchronous\ lua\ command \rangle) \\ self.lua\_command\_now(\langle synchronous\ lua\ command \rangle) \\ \end{tabular}
```

Wraps the given command between markers. It will be in the output of the coder-tool.py, further captured by coder-util.lua and either forwarded to TeX of executed synchronously.

```
@staticmethod
122
     def lua_command(cmd):
123
       print(f'<<<<*LUA:{cmd}>>>>')
124
     @staticmethod
125
     def lua_command_now(cmd):
126
       print(f'<<<<!LUA:{cmd}>>>>')
127
     @staticmethod
128
     def lua_debug(msg):
       print(f'<<<<?LUA:{msg}>>>>')
130
```

lua\_text\_escape

```
self.lua\_text\_escape(\langle text \rangle)
```

Wraps the given command between [=...=[ and ]=...=] with as many equal signs as necessary to ensure a correct lua syntax.

### 4.2 Computed properties

self.json\_p The full path to the json file containing all the data used for the processing.

(End definition for self.json\_p. This variable is documented on page ??.)

```
_json_p = None
138
     @property
139
     def json_p(self):
140
       p = self._json_p
141
142
       if p:
143
          return p
       else:
144
         p = self.arguments.json
         if p:
           p = Path(p).resolve()
147
148
       self._json_p = p
       return p
149
```

self.parser The correctly set up argarse instance.

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ self.parser}.\ \mathit{This \ variable \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:parser}.)}$ 

```
150
     @property
     def parser(self):
151
152
       parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
         prog=sys.argv[0],
153
         description=','
155 Writes to the output file a set of LaTeX macros describing
156 the syntax hilighting of the input file as given by pygments.
157 ,,,
158
       parser.add_argument(
159
         "-v", "--version",
160
         help="Print the version and exit",
161
         action='version',
162
         version=f'coder-tool version {__version__},'
163
          ' (c) {__YEAR__} by Jérôme LAURENS.'
164
165
166
       parser.add_argument(
167
         "--debug",
168
         action='store_true',
         default=None,
169
         help="display informations useful for debugging"
170
171
       parser.add_argument(
172
173
         "--create_style",
```

```
action='store_true',
174
         default=None,
175
         help="create the style definitions"
176
177
178
       parser.add_argument(
          "--base",
179
         action='store',
180
181
         default=None,
         help="the path of the file to be colored, with no extension"
182
183
       parser.add_argument(
184
          "json",
185
         metavar="<json data file>",
186
         help="""
187
188 file name with extension, contains processing information.
189
191
       return parser
192
```

### 4.3 Methods

### 4.3.1 \_\_init\_\_

\_\_init\_\_ Constructor. Reads the command line arguments.

```
def __init__(self, argv = sys.argv):
193
       argv = argv[1:] if re.match(".*coder\-tool\.py$", argv[0]) else argv
194
       ns = self.parser.parse_args(
195
         argv if len(argv) else ['-h']
196
197
       with open(ns.json, 'r') as f:
198
         self.arguments = json.load(
199
           f,
200
            object_hook = Controller.object_hook
201
202
       args = self.arguments
203
       args.json = ns.json
204
205
       self.texopts = args.texopts
206
       pygopts = self.pygopts = args.pygopts
       fv_opts = self.fv_opts = args.fv_opts
207
       self.formatter = LatexFormatter(
208
         style = pygopts.style,
209
         nobackground = pygopts.nobackground,
210
211
         commandprefix = pygopts.commandprefix,
212
         texcomments = pygopts.texcomments,
         mathescape = pygopts.mathescape,
213
         escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside,
214
215
         envname = 'CDR@Pyg@Verbatim',
       )
216
217
218
       try:
```

```
lexer = self.lexer = get_lexer_by_name(pygopts.lang)
219
       except ClassNotFound as err:
220
         sys.stderr.write('Error: ')
221
         sys.stderr.write(str(err))
222
223
       escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside
224
       # When using the LaTeX formatter and the option 'escapeinside' is
225
       # specified, we need a special lexer which collects escaped text
226
227
       # before running the chosen language lexer.
228
       if len(escapeinside) == 2:
         left = escapeinside[0]
229
         right = escapeinside[1]
230
         lexer = self.lexer = LatexEmbeddedLexer(left, right, lexer)
231
232
233
       gobble = fv_opts.gobble
       if gobble:
234
         lexer.add_filter('gobble', n=gobble)
235
       tabsize = fv_opts.tabsize
236
237
       if tabsize:
238
         lexer.tabsize = tabsize
       lexer.encoding = ''
239
       args.base = ns.base
240
       args.create_style = ns.create_style
241
       if ns.debug:
242
243
         args.debug = True
244
       # IN PROGRESS: support for extra keywords
       # EXTRA_KEYWORDS = set(('foo', 'bar', 'foobar', 'barfoo', 'spam', 'eggs'))
245
       # def over(self, text):
246
          for index, token, value in lexer.__class__.get_tokens_unprocessed(self, text):
247
248
             if token is Name and value in EXTRA_KEYWORDS:
249
               yield index, Keyword.Pseudo, value
250
          else:
251
               yield index, token, value
       # lexer.get_tokens_unprocessed = over.__get__(lexer)
252
253
```

### 4.3.2 create\_style

self.create\_style self.create\_style()

Where the  $\langle style \rangle$  is created. Does quite nothing if the style is already available.

```
def create style(self):
254
       args = self.arguments
255
256
       if not args.create_style:
257
         return
       texopts = args.texopts
258
       pyg_sty_p = texopts.pyg_sty_p
259
260
       if args.cache and pyg_sty_p.exists():
261
         return
       texopts = self.texopts
262
       style = self.pygopts.style
263
       formatter = self.formatter
264
265
       style_defs = formatter.get_style_defs() \
```

```
.replace(r'\makeatother', '') \
               267
                          . \texttt{replace('\n', '\%\n')}
               268
                       sty = self.texopts.sty_template.replace(
               269
                          '<placeholder:style_name>',
               270
                          style,
               271
                       ).replace(
               272
                          '<placeholder:style_defs>',
               273
               274
                          style_defs,
                       ).replace(
               275
                          '{}%',
               276
                          '{%}\n}%{'
               277
                       ).replace(
               278
               279
                          'E}%',
                          '[%]\n}%'
               280
                       ).replace(
               281
                          '{]}%',
               282
                          '{%[\n]}%'
               283
               284
                       with pyg_sty_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
               285
               286
                          f.write(sty)
                       if args.debug:
               287
                          print('STYLE', os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p))
               288
                   4.3.3 pygmentize
self.pygmentize
                   \langle code\ variable \rangle = self.pygmentize(\langle code \rangle[, inline=\langle yorn \rangle])
                   Where the \langle code \rangle is hilighted by pygments.
                     def pygmentize(self, source):
               289
                       source = hilight(source, self.lexer, self.formatter)
               290
                       m = re.match(
               291
                           r'\begin{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}.*?\n(.*?)\n\end{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}\s*\Z', 
               292
               293
                          source,
                          flags=re.S
               294
               295
               296
                       assert(m)
                       hilighted = m.group(1)
               297
                       texopts = self.texopts
               298
                       if texopts.is_inline:
               299
                          return hilighted.replace(' ', r'\CDR@Sp '), 0
               300
                       fv_opts = self.fv_opts
               301
                       lines = hilighted.split('\n')
               302
               303
                       ans_code = []
               304
                       try:
                          firstnumber = abs(int(fv_opts.firstnumber))
               305
               306
                       except ValueError:
               307
                          firstnumber = 1
                       number = firstnumber
               308
                       stepnumber = fv_opts.stepnumber
               309
                       numbering = fv_opts.numbers != 'none'
               310
                       def more(type, line):
               311
                         nonlocal number
               312
```

.replace(r'\makeatletter', '') \

266

```
ans_code.append(texopts.line_template.replace(
313
              '<placeholder:type>', f'{type}',
314
            ).replace(
315
              '<placeholder:number>', f'{number}',
316
317
            ).replace(
              '<placeholder:line>', line,
318
319
         number += 1
320
       if len(lines) == 1:
321
         more('Single', lines.pop(0))
322
       elif len(lines):
323
         more('First', lines.pop(0))
324
         more('Second', lines.pop(0))
325
         if stepnumber < 2:
326
            def template():
327
              return 'Black'
328
          elif stepnumber % 5 == 0:
329
            def template():
              return 'Black' if number %\
331
332
                stepnumber == 0 else 'White'
333
          else:
           def template():
334
              return 'Black' if (number - firstnumber) %\
335
                stepnumber == 0 else 'White'
336
337
         for line in lines:
338
           more(template(), line)
339
       hilighted = '\n'.join(ans_code)
341
342
       return hilighted, number-firstnumber
```

### 4.3.4 create\_pygmented

 ${\tt self.create\_pygmented}$ 

self.create\_pygmented()

Call self.pygmentize and save the resulting pygmented code at the proper location.

```
def create_pygmented(self):
343
       args = self.arguments
344
       base = args.base
345
       if not base:
346
         return False
347
       source = args.source
348
       if not source:
349
         tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.tex')
350
         with open(tex_p, 'r') as f:
351
352
           source = f.read()
353
       pyg_tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.pyg.tex')
       hilighted, count = self.pygmentize(source)
354
       with pyg_tex_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
355
         f.write(hilighted)
356
       if args.debug:
357
         print('HILIGHTED', os.path.relpath(pyg_tex_p))
358
       self.lua_command_now(f'self:hilight_complete({count})')
359
```

### 4.4 Main entry

```
360 if __name__ == ',_main__':
361    try:
362    ctrl = Controller()
363    x = ctrl.create_style() or ctrl.create_pygmented()
364    print(f'{sys.argv[0]}: done')
365    sys.exit(x)
366    except KeyboardInterrupt:
367    sys.exit(1)
368 %</py>
```

## File III

# coder.sty implementation

```
1 %<*sty>
2 \makeatletter
```

### 1 Installation test

```
3 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRTest {} {
    \sys_if_shell:TF {
      \CDR_has_pygments:F {
        \msg_warning:nnn
6
          { coder }
           { :n }
8
           { No~"pygmentize"~found. }
9
10
11
      \msg_warning:nnn
        { coder }
13
        \{ :n \}
        { No~unrestricted~shell~escape~for~"pygmentize".}
15
    }
16
17 }
```

## 2 Messages

```
18 \msg_new:nnn { coder } { unknown-choice } {
19  #1~given~value~'#3'~not~in~#2
20 }
```

## 3 Constants

```
\c_CDR_tag Paths of L3keys modules.
\c_CDR_Tags These are root path components used throughout the pakage.

21 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_Tags { CDR@Tags }

22 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_tag { \c_CDR_Tags/tag }
```

```
(End definition for \c_CDR_tag and \c_CDR_Tags. These variables are documented on page ??.)
\c_CDR_tag_get Root identifier for tag properties, used throughout the pakage.
\c_CDR_slash

23 \str_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_get { CDR@tag@get }

24 \str_const:Nx \c_CDR_slash { \tl_to_str:n {/} }

(End definition for \c_CDR_tag_get and \c_CDR_slash. These variables are documented on page ??.)
```

## 4 Implementation details

As far as possible, macro making assignments to variables are protected. All variables following expl3 naming conventions are implementation details and therefore must be considered private.

### 5 Variables

### 5.1 Internal scratch variables

These local variables are used in a very limited scope.

```
\1_CDR_bool Local scratch variable.
             25 \bool_new:N \l_CDR_bool
                (End definition for \1_CDR_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)
   \1_CDR_tl Local scratch variable.
             26 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tl
                (End definition for \1 CDR t1. This variable is documented on page ??.)
  \1_CDR_str Local scratch variable.
             27 \str_new:N \l_CDR_str
                (End definition for \l_CDR_str. This variable is documented on page ??.)
  \1_CDR_seq Local scratch variable.
             28 \seq_new:N \1_CDR_seq
                (End definition for \l_CDR_seq. This variable is documented on page ??.)
 \1_CDR_prop Local scratch variable.
             29 \prop_new:N \1_CDR_prop
                (End definition for \l_CDR\_prop. This variable is documented on page \ref{eq:condition}.)
\l_CDR_clist The comma separated list of current chunks.
             30 \clist_new:N \l_CDR_clist
                (End definition for \1_CDR_clist. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

```
5.2 Files
```

```
\1_CDR_ior Input file identifier
                     31 \ior_new:N \l_CDR_ior
                        (End definition for \l_CDR_ior. This variable is documented on page ??.)
          \1_CDR_iow Output file identifier
                     32 \iow_new:N \l_CDR_iow
                        (End definition for \l_CDR_iow. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                                Global variables
                        5.3
                        Line number counter for the source code chunks.
   \g_CDR_source_int Chunk number counter.
                     33 \int_new:N \g_CDR_source_int
                        (End definition for \g_CDR_source_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)
 \g_CDR_source_prop Global source property list.
                     34 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_source_prop
                        (End definition for \g_CDR_source_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)
    \g_CDR_chunks_t1 The comma separated list of current chunks. If the next list of chunks is the same as the
    \l_CDR_chunks_tl current one, then it might not display.
                     35 \tl_new:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
                     36 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl
                         (End definition for \g_CDR_chunks_t1 and \l_CDR_chunks_t1. These variables are documented on page
         \g_CDR_vars Tree storage for global variables.
                     37 \prop_new:N \g_CDR_vars
                        (End definition for \g_CDR_vars. This variable is documented on page \ref{eq:condition}.)
      \g_CDR_hook_tl Hook general purpose.
                     38 \tl_new:N \g_CDR_hook_tl
                        (End definition for \g_CDR_hook_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                       List of chunk keys for given named code.
\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>
                        (End definition for \g/CDR/Chunks/<name>. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

### 5.4 Local variables

```
\1_CDR_keyval_tl keyval storage.
                   39 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_keyval_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_keyval_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
 \1_CDR_options_tl options storage.
                    40 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_options_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_options_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
\l_CDR_recorded_tl Full verbatim body of the CDR environment.
                   41 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_recorded_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
         \g_CDR_int Global integer to store linenos locally in time.
                    42 \int_new:N \g_CDR_int
                      (End definition for \g_CDR_int. This variable is documented on page ??.)
    \l_CDR_line_tl Token list for one line.
                   43 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_line_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_line_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
  \1_CDR_lineno_tl Token list for lineno display.
                    44 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_lineno_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_lineno_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
    \ll_CDR_name_tl Token list for chunk name display.
                    45 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_name_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_name_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
    \l_CDR_info_tl Token list for the info of line.
                    46 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_info_tl
                      (End definition for \l_CDR_info_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

## 6 Tag properties

The tag properties concern the code chunks. They are set from different path, such that \l\_keys\_path\_str must be properly parsed for that purpose. Commands in this section and the next ones contain CDR tag.

The \(\lambda \tag \text{names}\rangle\) starting with a double underscore are reserved by the package.

#### 6.1Helpers

\g\_CDR\_tag\_path\_seq

Global variable to store relative key path. Used for automatic management to know what has been defined explicitly.

```
47 \seq_new:N \g_CDR_tag_path_seq
                                (End definition for \g_CDR_tag_path_seq. This variable is documented on page ??.)
                                \label{local_condition} $$\CDR_{tag\_get\_path:cc} {\langle tag\ name \rangle} {\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle}$
\CDR_tag_get_path:cc *
\CDR_tag_get_path:c
                                \CDR_tag_get_path:c {\( relative key path \) \}
                                Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.
                                In the second version, the \(\lambda \tag \text{name}\) is not provided and set to \(_\text{local}\).
```

```
48 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
    \c_CDR_tag_get @ #1 / #2
49
50 }
51 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:c {
    \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { __local }
53 }
```

#### 6.2Set

\CDR\_tag\_set:ccn \CDR\_tag\_set:ccV

```
\verb|\CDR_tag_set:ccn {$\langle tag name \rangle$} {\langle relative key path \rangle} {\langle value \rangle$}
```

Store (value), which is further retrieved with the instruction \CDR\_tag\_get:cc {\langle tag\_ name \} {\langle relative key path \rangle }. Only \langle tag name \rangle and \langle relative key path \rangle containing no @ character are supported. Record the relative key path (the part after the tag name) of the current full key path in g\_CDR\_tag\_path\_seq. All the affectations are made at the current TEX group level. Nota Bene: \cs\_generate\_variant: Nn is buggy when there is a 'c' argument.

```
54 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
                    \seq_put_left:Nx \g_CDR_tag_path_seq { #2 }
                55
                    \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
                56
                57 }
                58 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccV #1 #2 #3 {
                    \exp_args:NnnV
                    \CDR_tag_set:ccn { #1 } { #2 } #3
                61 }
\c_CDR_tag_regex To parse a l3keys full key path.
```

```
62 \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^/]*)/(.*)$ } \use_none:n { $ }
63 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
64 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
65 \exp_args:NNV
66 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

(End definition for \c\_CDR\_tag\_regex. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\CDR\_tag\_set:n

```
\CDR_tag_set:n {\langle value \rangle}
```

The value is provided but not the  $\langle dir \rangle$  nor the  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$ , both are guessed from  $\l_keys_path_str$ . More precisely,  $\l_keys_path_str$  is expected to read something like  $\c_CDR_tag/\langle tag\ name \rangle/\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$ , an exception is raised on the contrary. This is meant to be call from  $\ensuremath{\cline{keys_define:nn}}$  argument. Implementation detail: the last argument is parsed by the last command.

```
67 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:n {
68
     \exp_args:NnV
     \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
69
         \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
70
       \CDR_tag_set:ccn
71
         { \seq_item: Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
72
         { \seq_item: Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
73
    } {
74
       \PackageWarning
75
         { coder }
76
         { Unexpected~key~path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
77
78
       \use_none:n
79
    }
80 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_set:

\CDR\_tag\_set:

None of  $\langle dir \rangle$ ,  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  and  $\langle value \rangle$  are provided. The latter is guessed from  $\l_keys\_value\_tl$ , and  $CDR\_tag\_set:n$  is called. This is meant to be call from  $\keys\_define:nn$  argument.

```
81 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set: {
82 \exp_args:NV
83 \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_value_tl
84 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_set:cn

```
\label{eq:cdr} $$ \CDR_{tag_set:cn {\langle key path \rangle} } {\langle value \rangle} $$
```

```
85 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:cn #1 {
     \exp_args:NnV
86
     \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
87
         \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
88
89
       \CDR_tag_set:ccn
         { \seq_item: Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
90
         { #1 }
91
    } {
92
93
       \PackageWarning
94
         { coder }
         { Unexpected~key~path~'\l_keys_path_str' }
95
       \use_none:n
96
97
    }
98 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_choices:

\CDR\_tag\_choices:

Ensure that the \l\_keys\_path\_str is set properly. This is where a syntax like \keys\_set:nn {...} { choice/a } is managed.

```
99 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_root_regex { ^(.*)/.*$ } \use_none:n { $ }
100 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices: {
     \exp_args:NVV
     \str_if_eq:nnT \l_keys_key_tl \l_keys_choice_tl {
102
       \exp args:NnV
       \regex_extract_once:NnNT \c_CDR_root_regex
104
            \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
105
          \str_set:Nx \l_keys_path_str {
            \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
107
108
       }
109
     }
110
111 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_choices\_set:

\CDR\_tag\_choices\_set:

Calls \CDR\_tag\_set:n with the content of \l\_keys\_choice\_tl as value. Before, ensure that the \l\_keys\_path\_str is set properly.

```
112 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices_set: {
113 \CDR_tag_choices:
114 \exp_args:NV
115 \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_choice_tl
116 }
```

\CDR\_if\_tag\_truthy:cc<u>TF</u> \*\CDR\_if\_tag\_truthy:cc<u>TF</u> \*

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \CDR_if_truthy:ccTF {\langle tag\ name \rangle} {\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ code \rangle} $$
```

 $\label{local_code} $$ \CDR_if_truthy:cTF {\code \ensuremath{\code}\)} {\code \ensuremath{\code}\)} $$ $$ {\code \ensuremath{\code}\)} $$$ 

Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when te property for  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  and  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  is a truthy value,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. A truthy value is a text which is not "false" in a case insensitive comparison. In the second version, the  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  is not provided and set to \_\_local.

```
117 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
     \exp_args:Ne
118
119
     \str_compare:nNnTF {
       \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
120
     } = { false } {
121
       \prg_return_false:
122
123
     } {
124
       \prg_return_true:
     }
125
126 }
127 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_truthy:c { p, T, F, TF } {
     \exp_args:Ne
128
     \str_compare:nNnTF {
129
130
       \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:c { #1 } }
```

\CDR\_if\_truthy:n<u>TF</u> \CDR\_if\_truthy:e<u>TF</u>

```
\verb|\CDR_if_truthy:nTF {|\langle token \ list \rangle|} {|\langle true \ code \rangle|} {|\langle false \ code \rangle|}
```

Execute \( \tau \) code \( \) when \( \tau \) when \( \tau \) is a truthy value, \( \tau \) alse \( \tau \) otherwise. A truthy value is a text which leading character, if any, is none of "fFnN".

```
137 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { p, T, F, TF } {
138  \exp_args:Nf
139  \str_compare:nNnTF { \str_lowercase:n { #1 } } = { false } {
140   \prg_return_false:
141      } {
142       \prg_return_true:
143      }
144 }
145 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { e } { p, T, F, TF }
```

\CDR\_tag\_boolean\_set:n

```
\CDR_{tag\_boolean\_set:n} \{\langle choice \rangle\}
```

Calls \CDR tag set:n with true if the argument is truthy, false otherwise.

```
146 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n #1 {
147 \CDR_if_truthy:nTF { #1 } {
148 \CDR_tag_set:n { true }
149 } {
150 \CDR_tag_set:n { false }
151 }
152 }
153 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n { x }
```

### 6.3 Retrieving tag properties

Internally, all tag properties are collected with a full key path like  $\c_CDR_tag_get/\langle tag name \rangle/\langle relative key path \rangle$ . When typesetting some code with either the  $\c CDR_tag_get/$  command or the CDRBlock environment, all properties defined locally are collected under the reserved  $\c_CDR_tag_get/_local/\langle relative path \rangle$  full key paths. The l3keys module  $\c_CDR_tag_get/_local$  is modified in  $\c TEX$  groups only. For running text code chunks, this module inherits from

- 1. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\langle tag\_name \rangle for the provided \langle tag\_name \rangle,
- 2. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/default.code
- 3. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/default
- 4. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_pygments
- 5. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_fancyvrb

6. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_fancyvrb.all when no using pygments

For text block code chunks, this module inherits from

- 1.  $\c_CDR_tag_get/\langle name_1 \rangle$ , ...,  $\c_CDR_tag_get/\langle name_n \rangle$  for each tag name of the ordered tags list
- 2. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/default.block
- 3. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/default
- 4. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_pygments
- 5. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_pygments.block
- 6. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_fancyvrb
- 7. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_fancyvrb.block
- 8. \c\_CDR\_tag\_get/\_\_fancyvrb.all when no using pygments

```
\frac{\color{CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF} \ \color{CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF} \ \color{
```

If the  $\langle relative \ key \ path \rangle$  is known within  $\langle tag \ name \rangle$ , the  $\langle true \ code \rangle$  is executed, otherwise, the  $\langle false \ code \rangle$  is executed. No inheritance.

```
154 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:cc { T, F, TF } {
155   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
156    \prg_return_true:
157    } {
158    \prg_return_false:
159    }
160 }
```

```
\CDR_tag_if_exist:cc<u>TF</u> >\CDR_tag_if_exist:c<u>TF</u> >
```

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF {$\langle tag\ name \rangle$} $$ $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle $$ {\langle true\ code \rangle$} $$ $\langle CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF\ $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle $$ {\langle true\ code \rangle$} $$ $\langle false\ code \rangle$} $$
```

If the  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  is known within  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$ , the  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  is executed, otherwise, the  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  is executed if none of the parents has the  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  on its own. In the second version, the  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  is not provided and set to \_\_local.

```
161 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:cc { T, F, TF } {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
162
163
       \prg_return_true:
164
       \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
165
166
         \seq_map_tokens:cn
           { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
167
           { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #2 } }
168
       } {
169
         \prg_return_false:
170
171
```

```
}
172
173 }
174 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_if_exist:c { T, F, TF } {
      \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:c { #1 } } {
175
        \prg_return_true:
176
     } {
177
        \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } } {
178
          \seq_map_tokens:cn
179
180
            { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } }
            { \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn { #1 } }
181
       } {
182
          \prg_return_false:
183
184
185
     }
186 }
   \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_if_exist_f:cn #1 #2 {
187
      \quark_if_no_value:nTF { #2 } {
188
        \seq_map_break:n {
189
190
          \prg_return_false:
       }
191
     } {
192
        \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
193
          \seq_map_break:n {
194
195
            \prg_return_true:
196
       }
197
     }
198
199 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_get:cc \*
\CDR\_tag\_get:c \*

 $\label{local_tag_get:c} $$ \CDR_tag_get:c {\langle tag name \rangle} {\langle relative key path \rangle} $$ \CDR_tag_get:c {\langle relative key path \rangle} $$$ 

The property value stored for  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  and  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$ . Takes care of inheritance. In the second version, the  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  is not provided an set to \_\_local.

```
200 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cc #1 #2 {
     \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
201
       \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
202
     } {
203
       \seq_if_exist:cT { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
204
          \seq_map_tokens:cn
205
            { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
206
            { \CDR_tag_get_f:cn { #2 } }
207
       }
208
     }
209
210 }
211 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_f:cn #1 #2 {
212
     \quark_if_no_value:nF { #2 } {
        \CDR_tag_if_exist_here:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
213
214
          \seq_map_break:n {
            \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #2 } { #1 } }
215
         }
216
       }
217
218
     }
```

```
219 }
220 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:c {
221 \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local }
222 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_get:ccN \CDR\_tag\_get:cN

```
\label{local_tag_get:cn } $$ \operatorname{con}_{tag_get:cn } {\langle relative \ key \ path \rangle} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} $$ \operatorname{con}_{tag_get:cn } {\langle relative \ key \ path \rangle} {\langle tl \ variable \rangle} $$
```

Put in  $\langle tl \ variable \rangle$  the property value stored for the \_\_local  $\langle tag \ name \rangle$  and  $\langle relative \ key \ path \rangle$ . In the second version, the  $\langle tag \ name \rangle$  is not provided an set to \_\_local.

```
223 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:ccN #1 #2 #3 {
224  \tl_set:Nf #3 { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
225 }
226 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cN {
227  \CDR_tag_get:ccN { __local }
228 }
```

\CDR\_tag\_get:ccN<u>TF</u> \CDR\_tag\_get:cN<u>TF</u>

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \CDR_tag_get:cNTF {\langle tag\ name \rangle} {\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle} \ \langle t1\ var \rangle \ {\langle true\ code \rangle} $$ $$ \CDR_tag_get:cNTF {\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle} \ \langle t1\ var \rangle \ \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false\ code \rangle\} $$
```

Getter with branching. If the  $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$  is knwon, save the value into  $\langle tlvar \rangle$  and execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$ . Otherwise, execute  $\langle false\ code \rangle$ . In the second version, the  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  is not provided an set to \_\_local.

```
229 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
230
      \CDR_tag_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
231
        \CDR_tag_get:ccN { #1 } { #2 } #3
232
        \prg_return_true:
233
     } {
234
        \prg_return_false:
     }
235
236 }
237 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:cN { T, F, TF } {
     \CDR_tag_if_exist:cTF { #1 } {
238
239
        \CDR_tag_get:cN { #1 } #2
240
        \prg_return_true:
241
     } {
242
        \prg_return_false:
243
     }
244 }
```

#### 6.4 Inheritance

When a child inherits from a parent, all the keys of the parent that are not inherited are made available to the child (inheritance does not jump over generations).

\CDR\_tag\_parent\_seq:c \*

```
\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c \{\langle tag name \rangle\}
```

Return the name of the sequence variable containing the list of the parents. Each child has its own sequence of parents.

```
245 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c #1 {
                        246  g_CDR:parent.tag @ #1 _seq
                        247 }
\CDR_tag_inherit:cn
                            \CDR_tag_inherit:cn \{\langle child\ name \rangle\} \{\langle parent\ names\ comma\ list \rangle\}
\CDR_tag_inherit:(cf|cV)
                           Set the parents of (child name) to the given list.
                        248 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cn #1 #2 {
                              \seq_set_from_clist:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } { #2 }
                        250
                              \seq_remove_duplicates:c \l_CDR_tl
                              \seq_remove_all:cn \l_CDR_tl {}
                        251
                              \seq_put_right:cn \l_CDR_tl { \q_no_value }
                        252
                        253 }
                        254 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cf {
                        255
                              \exp_args:Nnf \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
                        256 }
                        257 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_inherit:cV {
                             \exp_args:NnV \CDR_tag_inherit:cn
                        259 }
```

# 7 Cache management

If there is no  $\langle jobname \rangle$ .aux file, there should be no cached files either, coder-util.lua is asked to clean all of them, if any.

```
260 \AddToHook { begindocument/before } {
261  \IfFileExists {./\jobname.aux} {} {
262   \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_all()}
263   }
264 }
```

At the end of the document, coder-util.lua is asked to clean all unused cached files that could come from a previous process.

```
265 \AddToHook { enddocument/end } {
266 \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_unused()}
267 }
```

### 8 Utilities

\CDR\_clist\_map\_inline:Nnn

```
\verb|\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn| \langle clist| var \rangle \ \{\langle empty| code \rangle\} \ \{\langle non| empty| code \rangle\}
```

Execute  $\langle empty\ code \rangle$  when the list is empty, otherwise call  $\langle clist_map_inline:Nn$  with  $\langle non\ empty\ code \rangle$ .

```
\CDR_if_block_p: * \CDR_if_block:TF {\langle code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle}

Execute \langle true code \rangle when inside a code block, \langle false code \rangle when inside an inline code.

Raises an error otherwise.

276 \rangle prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: \{ p, T, F, TF \} \{
277 \rangle packageError
278 \{ coder \}
279 \{ Conditional~not~available \}
280 \}
```

\CDR\_process\_record:

Record the current line or not. The default implementation does nothing and is meant to be defines locally.

```
281 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_record: {}
```

## 9 l3keys modules for code chunks

All these modules are initialized at the beginning of the document using the \_\_initialize meta key.

#### 9.1 Utilities

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn
```

```
\verb|\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn {|       | module base | } {|       | keyval list | }
```

The \(\module\) is uniquely based on \(\module\) before forwarding to \keys\_define:nn.

```
282 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_define:nn { Vn, xn }
283 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn #1 {
284  \keys_define:xn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
285 }
286 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { nx }
```

\CDR\_tag\_keys\_set:nn

```
\verb|\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn| \{ \langle module \ base \rangle \} \ \{ \langle keyval \ list \rangle \}
```

The \( module \) is uniquely based on \( module \) before forwarding to \( keys\_set:nn. \)

```
287 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn #1 {
288 \exp_args:Nx
289 \keys_set:nn { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
290 }
291 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { nV }
```

### 9.1.1 Handling unknown tags

While using  $\ensuremath{\mbox{keys\_set:nn}}$  and variants, each time a full key path matching the pattern  $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{c_CDR\_tag/}\langle\mbox{tag name}\rangle/\langle\mbox{relative key path}\rangle}$  is not recognized, we assume that the client implicitly wants a tag with the given  $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{tag name}}\rangle}$  to be defined. For that

purpose, we collect unknown keys with  $\ensuremath{\mbox{keys\_set\_known:nnnN}}$  then process them to find each  $\langle tag\ name \rangle$  and define the new tag accordingly. A similar situation occurs for display engine options where the full key path reads  $\ensuremath{\mbox{c\_CDR\_tag/\langle tag\ name \rangle}/\langle engine\ name \rangle}$  engine options where  $\langle engine\ name \rangle$  is not known in advance.

```
\label{locality} $$ \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN {\module} } {\module} \ {\module} \ items \} \ \langle tl \ var \rangle $$
\CDR_keys_set_known:nnN
                               Wrappers over \keys_{set_known:nnnN} where the \langle root \rangle is also the \langle module \rangle.
                           292 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN #1 #2 {
                                 \keys_set_known:nnnN { #1 } { #2 } { #1 }
                           293
                           294 }
                           295 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { x, VV }
                               \label{local_commutation} $$ \CDR_{eys_inherit:nnn} {\langle tag\ root \rangle} {\langle tag\ name \rangle} {\langle parents\ comma\ list \rangle} $$
  \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn
                               The \langle tag name \rangle and parents are given relative to \langle tag root \rangle. Set the inheritance.
                           296 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
                                  \keys_define:nn { #1 } { #2 .inherit:n = { #3 } }
                           298 }
                           299 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
                                 \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
                           300
                                    \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { } { #2 } { #3 }
                           301
                                 } {
                           302
                                    \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_clist { #3 }
                           303
                                    \exp_args:Nnnx
                           304
                                    \CDR_keys_inherit__:nnn { #1 } { #2 } {
                           305
                           306
                                      #1 / \clist_use:Nn \l_CDR_clist { ,#1/ }
                           307
                           308
                                 }
                           309 }
                           310 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_keys_inherit:nnn { VnV, Vnn }
   \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN
                                       \label{local_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \cline{CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN {$\langle tag name \rangle$} {\langle key[=value] items \rangle$} {\langle tl var \rangle} \end{tabular}
                               Wrappers over \keys_set_known:nnnN where the module is given by \c_CDR_tag/\langle tag\rangle
                               name). Implementation detail the remaining arguments are absorbed by the last macro.
                           311 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnnN { VVV, nVx }
                           312 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN #1 {
                                 \CDR_keys_set_known:xnN { \c_CDR_tag / \exp_not:n { #1 } }
                           314 }
                           315 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { nV }
   \c_CDR_provide_regex To parse a l3keys full key path.
                           316 tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^/]*)(?:/(.*))?} } \use_none:n { $ }
                           317 \tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tag
                           318 \tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
                           319 \exp_args:NNV
                           320 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_provide_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

```
\label{local_comma} $$ \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n $$ \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n $$ \CDR_tag_provide
```

 $\langle deep\ comma\ list \rangle$  has format tag/ $\langle tag\ name\ comma\ list \rangle$ . Parse the  $\langle key-value\ list \rangle$  for full key path matching tag/ $\langle tag\ name \rangle$ / $\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle$ , then ensure that  $\c_CDR_tag/\langle tag\ name \rangle$  is a known full key path. For that purpose, we use  $\keyval_parse:nnn\ with\ two\ CDR_tag_provide:\ helper.$ 

Notice that a tag name should contain no '/'.

```
321 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_engine_regex { ^[^/]*\sengine\soptions$ } \use_none:n { $ }
322 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n #1 {
     \exp_args:NNx
324
     \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_provide_regex {
325
       \c_CDR_Tags / #1
     } \1_CDR_seq {
326
       \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
327
       \exp_args:Nx
328
       \clist_map_inline:nn {
329
         \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
330
       } {
331
332
         \exp_args:NV
         \keys_if_exist:nnF \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
333
334
           \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { ##1 } {
335
             __pygments, __pygments.block,
336
             default.block, default.code, default,
             __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
337
338
           \keys_define:Vn \c_CDR_tag {
339
             ##1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { ####1 },
340
             ##1 .value_required:n = true,
341
           }
342
343
         \exp_args:NxV
         \keys_if_exist:nnF { \c_CDR_tag / ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
345
346
           \exp_args:NNV
           \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex
347
               \1_CDR_t1 {
348
             \CDR_tag_keys_define:nx { ##1 } {
349
               350
               \l_CDR_tl .value_required:n = true,
351
352
353
           }
         }
354
       }
355
     } {
356
       \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex { #1 } {
357
         \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
358
           #1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ##1 },
359
           #1 .value_required:n = true,
360
361
362
       }
     }
363
```

```
364 }
   \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn #1 #2 {
365
     \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n { #1 }
366
367 }
   \cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n {
368
     \keyval_parse:nnn {
369
       \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:n
370
371
372
       \CDR_tag_provide_from_clist:nn
373
374 }
375 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:n { V }
```

### 9.2 pygments

These are pygments's LatexFormatter options, that are not covered by \_\_fancyvrb. They are made available at the end user level, but may not be relevant when pygments is nor used.

#### 9.2.1 Utilities

```
\CDR_has_pygments_p: \star \CDR_has_pygments: TF \star
```

```
\verb|\CDR_has_pygments:TF {| \langle true \ code \rangle}| \ \{ \langle false \ code \rangle \}|
```

Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when pygments is available,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. Implementation detail: we define the conditionals and set them afterwards.

```
376 \sys_get_shell:nnN {which~pygmentize} {} \l_CDR_tl
377 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } { }
378 \tl_if_in:NnTF \l_CDR_tl { pygmentize } {
    380
      \prg_return_true:
381
    }
382 } {
    \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
383
384
      \prg_return_false:
385
    }
386 }
```

#### 9.2.2 \_\_pygments | I3keys module

```
387 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments } {
```

■ lang=(language name) where (language name) is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```
lang .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
lang .value_required:n = true,
```

pygments[=true|false] whether pygments should be used for syntax coloring. Initially true if pygments is available, false otherwise.

```
pygments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

style=(style name) where (style name) is recognized by pygments, including a void string,

```
style .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
style .value_required:n = true,
```

commandprefix=\langle text \rangle The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially PY.

```
commandprefix .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
commandprefix .value_required:n = true,
```

mathescape [=true|false] If set to true, enables LATEX math mode escape in comments.

That is, \$...\$ inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially false.

```
mathescape .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
mathescape .default:n = true,
```

escapeinside=\langle before \rangle \langle after \rangle If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to IATEX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as IATEX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if texcomments or mathescape is set. Initially empty.

```
397 escapeinside .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
398 escapeinside .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize Initializer.

```
__initialize .meta:n = {
399
       lang = tex,
400
       pygments = \CDR_has_pygments:TF { true } { false },
401
402
       style=default,
       commandprefix=PY,
403
       mathescape=false,
404
       escapeinside=,
405
406
      __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
407
408 }
409 \AtBeginDocument{
      \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments } { __initialize }
411 }
```

9.2.3 \c\_CDR\_tag / \_\_pygments.block  $\,$  I3keys  $\rm module$ 

```
412 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments.block } {
```

texcomments [=true|false] If set to true, enables LATEX comment lines. That is, LATEX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LATEX can render it. Initially false.

```
texcomments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
texcomments .default:n = true,
```

```
__initialize Initializer.
```

```
415   __initialize .meta:n = {
416     texcomments=false,
417   },
418   __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
419 }
420 \AtBeginDocument{
421  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments.block } { __initialize }
422 }
```

### 9.3 Specifc to coder

### 9.3.1 default l3keys module

```
423 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
```

Keys are:

format=\langle format commands \rangle the format used to display the code (mainly font, size and color), after the font has been selected. Initially empty.

```
format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
format .value_required:n = true,
```

**cache** Set to **true** if **coder-tool.py** should use already existing files instead of creating new ones. Initially true.

```
cache .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

debug Set to true if various debugging messages should be printed to the console.
Initially false.

```
debug .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

post processor=\( command \) the command for pygments post processor. This is a string where every occurrence of "%%file%%" is replaced by the full path of the \*.pyg.tex file to be post processed and then executed as terminal instruction. Initially empty.

```
post~processor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
post~processor .value_required:n = true,
```

parskip the value of the \parskip in code blocks,

```
parskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
parskip .value_required:n = true,
```

engine=(engine name) to specify the engine used to display inline code or blocks. Initially default.

```
engine .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
engine .value_required:n = true,
```

default engine options=\langle default engine options \rangle to specify the corresponding options,

```
434 default~engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
435 default~engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

- (engine name) engine options=(engine options) to specify the options for the named engine,
- \_\_initialize to initialize storage properly. We cannot use .initial:n actions because the \l\_keys\_path\_str is not set up properly.

```
__initialize .meta:n = {
436
       format = ,
437
438
       cache = true,
439
       debug = false,
440
       post~processor =
       parskip = \the\parskip,
441
       engine = default,
442
       default~engine~options = ,
443
444
     __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
445
446 }
447 \AtBeginDocument{
     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default } { __initialize }
449 }
```

### 9.3.2 default.code | 13keys module

Void for the moment.

```
450 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.code } {
```

Known keys include:

\_\_initialize to initialize storage properly. We cannot use .initial:n actions because the \l\_keys\_path\_str is not set up properly.

```
451  __initialize .meta:n = {
452  },
453  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
454 }
455 \AtBeginDocument{
456  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.code } { __initialize }
457 }
```

#### 9.3.3 default.block 13keys module

```
458 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.block } {
```

Known keys include:

- show tags[=true|false] to enable/disable the display of the code chunks tags. Initially true.
- tags=(tag name comma list) to export and display.

```
459 tags .code:n = {
460      \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist { #1 }
461      \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_tags_clist
462      \exp_args:NV
463      \CDR_tag_set:n \l_CDR_tags_clist
464      },
465 tags .value_required:n = true,
```

tags format=⟨format commands⟩ , where ⟨format⟩ is used the format used to display the tag names (mainly font, size and color), after it is appended to the numbers format. Initially empty.

```
466 tags~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
467 tags~format .value_required:n = true,
```

• numbers format=\langle format commands \rangle, where \langle format \rangle is used the format used to display line numbers (mainly font, size and color).

```
468    numbers~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
469    numbers~format .value required:n = true,
```

• show tags=[=true|false] whether tags should be displayed.

```
show~tags .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

only top[=true|false] to avoid chunk tags repetitions, if on the same page, two consecutive code chunks have the same tag names, the second names are not displayed.

```
only~top .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

use margin[=true|false] to use the magin to display line numbers and tag names, or not,

```
use~margin .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

blockskip the separation with the surrounding text, above and below. Initially \topsep.

```
473 blockskip .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
474 blockskip .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize the separation with the surrounding text. Initially \topsep.

```
475    __initialize .meta:n = {
476     tags = ,
477     show~tags = true,
478     only~top = true,
479     use~margin = true,
480     numbers~format = {
```

```
\sffamily
481
          \scriptsize
482
          \color{gray}
483
        },
484
        tags~format = {
485
          \bfseries
486
487
        blockskip = \topsep,
488
489
     },
      __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
490
491 }
492 \AtBeginDocument{
     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.block } { __initialize }
494 }
```

### 9.4 fancyvrb

These are fancyvrb options verbatim. The fancyvrb manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in code mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

### 9.4.1 \_\_fancyvrb | I3keys module

```
495 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb } {
```

formatcom=(command) execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty.

```
496 formatcom .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
497 formatcom .value_required:n = true,
```

fontfamily=\(\frac{family name}\) font family to use. tt, courier and helvetica are predefined. Initially tt.

```
498 fontfamily .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
499 fontfamily .value_required:n = true,
```

fontsize=\( font size \) size of the font to use. If you use the relsize package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: fontsize=\relsize{-2}). Initially auto: the same as the current font.

```
fontsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
fontsize .value_required:n = true,
```

• fontshape=\(\langle font shape \rangle \) font shape to use. Initially auto: the same as the current font.

```
fontshape .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
fontshape .value_required:n = true,
```

● fontseries=⟨series name⟩ IATEX font series to use. Initially auto: the same as the current font.

```
fontseries .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
fontseries .value_required:n = true,
```

showspaces[=true|false] print a special character representing each space. Initially false: spaces not shown.

```
showspaces .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

showtabs=true|false explicitly show tab characters. Initially false: tab characters not shown.

```
showtabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

• obeytabs=true|false position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.

```
obeytabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

tabsize=(integer) number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).

```
509 tabsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
510 tabsize .value_required:n = true,
```

defineactive=\(\pi\macro\) to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.

```
defineactive .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
defineactive .value_required:n = true,
```

**▼** reflabel=(label) define a label to be used with \pageref. Initially empty.

```
reflabel .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
reflabel .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize Initialization.

```
515
      __initialize .meta:n = {
       formatcom = ,
516
       fontfamily = tt,
517
       fontsize = auto,
518
       fontseries = auto,
519
       fontshape = auto,
520
521
       showspaces = false,
       showtabs = false,
522
       obeytabs = false,
524
       tabsize = 2,
525
       defineactive = ,
526
       reflabel = ,
527
      __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
528
529 }
530 \AtBeginDocument{
     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb } { __initialize }
531
532 }
```

#### 9.4.2 \_\_fancyvrb.block | 13keys module

Block specific options, except numbering.

```
533 \regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_integer_regex { ^(+|-)?\d+$ } \use_none:n { $ }
534 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.block } {
```

frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single type of frame around the verbatim environment. With leftline and single modes, a space of a length given by the LATEX \fboxsep macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially none: no frame.

```
frame .choices:nn =
f
```

framerule=(dimension) width of the rule of the frame if any. Initially 0.4pt.

```
framerule .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
framerule .value_required:n = true,
```

framesep=⟨dimension⟩ width of the gap between the frame (if any) and the text. Initially \fboxsep.

```
540 framesep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
541 framesep .value_required:n = true,
```

rulecolor=⟨color command⟩ color of the frame rule, expressed in the standard IATEX
 way. Initially black.

```
rulecolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
rulecolor .value_required:n = true,
```

• rulecolor=\( color command \) color used to fill the space between the frame and the text (its thickness is given by framesep). Initially empty.

```
544 fillcolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
545 fillcolor .value_required:n = true,
```

■ label={[⟨top string⟩]⟨string⟩} label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional ⟨top string⟩ is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and ⟨string⟩ for the bottom line. Otherwise, ⟨string⟩ is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the frame parameter is one of topline, bottomline, lines or single. Initially empty: no label.

```
146 label .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
147 label .value_required:n = true,
```

labelposition=none|topline|bottomline|all position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like frame=topline and labelposition=bottomline, nothing is displayed. Initially none when no labels are defined, topline for one label and all otherwise.

baselinestretch=auto|\(dimension\)\) value to give to the usual \(\baselinestretch\) baselinestretch IMTEX parameter. Initially auto: its current value just before the verbatim command.

```
baselinestretch .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
baselinestretch .value_required:n = true,
```

- commandchars=\langle three characters \rangle characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to coder, unavailable to users.
- xleftmargin=\(dimension\)\) indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially Opt: no left margin.

```
xleftmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
xleftmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

xrightmargin=(dimension) right margin to add after each line. Initially Opt: no right margin.

```
xrightmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
xrightmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

resetmargins[=true|false] reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially true.

```
resetmargins .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

hfuzz=\(dimension\) value to give to the TeX \hfuzz dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.

```
558 hfuzz .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
559 hfuzz .value_required:n = true,
```

samepage[=true|false] in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the samepage parameter to true. Initially false.

```
samepage .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

🔽 \_\_initialize Initialization.

```
561 __initialize .meta:n = {
562    frame = none,
563    label = ,
564    labelposition = none,% auto?
565    baselinestretch = auto,
```

```
566
       resetmargins = true,
       xleftmargin = Opt,
567
       xrightmargin = Opt,
568
       hfuzz = 2pt,
569
       samepage = false,
570
571
     __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
572
573 }
574 \AtBeginDocument{
     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.block } { __initialize }
576
```

#### 9.4.3 \_\_fancyvrb.number | 13keys module

Block line numbering.

```
577 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.number } {
```

commentchar=(character) lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.

```
578 commentchar .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
579 commentchar .value_required:n = true,
```

gobble=(integer) number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only block mode.

```
580 gobble .choices:nn = {
581    0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
582 } {
583    \CDR_tag_choices_set:
584 }.
```

• numbers=none|left|right numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially none: no numbering.

```
numbers .choices:nn =
numbers .choices:
```

numbersep=(dimension) gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

```
numbersep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
numbersep .value_required:n = true,
```

firstnumber=auto|last|⟨integer⟩ number of the first line. last means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially auto: numbering starts from 1.

```
firstnumber .code:n = {
590
        \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_integer_regex { #1 } {
591
          \CDR_tag_set:
592
       } {
593
          \str_case:nnF { #1 } {
594
            { auto } { \CDR_tag_set: }
595
            { last } { \CDR_tag_set: }
596
597
          } {
            \PackageWarning
598
              { CDR }
599
              { Value~'#1'~not~in~auto,~last. }
600
          }
601
       }
602
     },
603
     firstnumber .value_required:n = true,
604
```

stepnumber=(integer) interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.

```
stepnumber .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
stepnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

• numberblanklines[=true|false] to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially true: all lines are numbered.

```
numberblanklines .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
```

firstline=(integer) first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.

```
firstline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
firstline .value_required:n = true,
```

■ lastline=⟨integer⟩ last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.

```
lastline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
lastline .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize Initialization.

```
__initialize .meta:n = {
612
       commentchar = ,
613
       gobble = 0,
614
       numbers = left,
615
616
       numbersep = 1ex,
617
       firstnumber = auto,
618
       stepnumber = 1,
       numberblanklines = true,
619
       firstline = ,
620
       lastline = ,
621
622
     __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
623
```

```
624 }
625 \AtBeginDocument{
626 \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.number } { __initialize }
627 }
```

#### 9.4.4 \_\_fancyvrb.all | I3keys module

Options available when pygments is not used.

```
628 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.all } {
```

commandchars=\langle three characters \rangle characters that define the character that starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; allows to introduce escape sequences in the verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters that are not used in the verbatim text! Initially none. Ignored in pygments mode.

```
commandchars .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
commandchars .value_required:n = true,
```

**codes=**⟨macro⟩ to specify catcode changes. For instance, this allows us to include formatted mathematics in verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in pygments mode.

```
codes .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
codes .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize Initialization.

```
633   __initialize .meta:n = {
634     commandchars = ,
635     codes = ,
636    },
637    __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
638 }
639 \AtBeginDocument{
640    \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.all } { __initialize }
641 }
```

### 10 \CDRSet

\CDRSet

```
\label{lem:correction} $$ \CDRSet {\langle key[=value] \; list \rangle } $$ \CDRSet {only description=true, font family=tt} $$ \CDRSet {tag/default.code/font family=sf} $$
```

To set up the package. This is executed at least once at the end of the preamble. The unique mandatory argument of  $\CDRSet$  is a list of  $\langle key \rangle [=\langle value \rangle]$  items defined by the CDRQSet l3keys module.

### 10.1 CDR@Set l3keys module

```
642 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Set } {
```

only description to typeset only the description section and ignore the implementation section.

```
only~description .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
643
       \int_compare:nNnTF \l_keys_choice_int = 1 {
644
         \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
645
       } {
646
         \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
647
       }
648
649
     },
     only~description .initial:n = false,
650
```

python path if automatic processing is not available, manually setting the path to the python utility is required. Giving a void path forces an automatic guess using which.

## 10.2 Branching

```
\label{local_cont_cond} $$ \CDR_if_only_description:TF {\true code}} {\CDR_if_only_description:TF $$$ $$ \CDR_if_only_description:TF $$$ $$
```

Execute  $\langle true\ code \rangle$  when only the description is expected,  $\langle false\ code \rangle$  otherwise. Implementation detail: the functions are defined as part of the CDR@Set l3keys module.

#### 10.3 Implementation

\CDR\_check\_unknown:N

```
\CDR\_check\_unknown:N \{\langle tl \ variable \rangle\}
```

In normal situation, the argument is expected to be empty. When the argument is not empty, send a package warning for each key.

```
656 \exp_args_generate:n { xV, nnV }
   \cs_new:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:N #1 {
657
     \tl_if_empty:NF #1 {
       \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:n ##1 {
659
660
         \PackageWarning
            { coder }
661
            { Unknow~key~'##1' }
662
663
       \cs_set:Npn \CDR_check_unknown:nn ##1 ##2 {
664
665
         \CDR_check_unknown:n { ##1 }
```

```
}
666
       \exp_args:NnnV
667
       \keyval_parse:nnn {
668
         \CDR_check_unknown:n
669
670
       } {
         \CDR_check_unknown:nn
671
672
     }
673
674 }
675 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRSet { m } {
     \CDR_keys_set_known:nnN { CDR@Set } { #1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
676
677
     \clist_map_inline:nn {
        __pygments, __pygments.block,
679
       default.block, default.code, default,
680
        _fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.all
     }
681
       \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { ##1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
682
683
     \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \1_CDR_keyval_tl \1_CDR_keyval_tl
684
     \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
685
     \CDR_keys_set_known:VVN \c_CDR_Tags \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
686
     \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { default } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
688 }
```

## 11 \CDRExport

\CDRExport

```
\CDRExport {\langle key[=value] controls \rangle}
```

The  $\langle key \rangle [=\langle value \rangle]$  controls are defined by CDR@Export |3keys module.

#### 11.1 Storage

```
\CDR_export_get_path:cc *
```

```
\CDR_tag_export_path:cc {\langle file name \rangle} {\langle relative key path \rangle}
```

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```
\CDR_export_set:ccn
\CDR_export_set:Vcn
\CDR_export_set:VcV
```

```
\verb|\CDR_export_set:ccn {| \langle file name \rangle \}  | {\langle relative key path \rangle }  | {\langle value \rangle }
```

Store  $\langle value \rangle$ , which is further retrieved with the instruction \CDR\_get\_get:cc {\langle file name \rangle} {\langle relative key path \rangle}. All the affectations are made at the current TeX group level

```
692 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
693 \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
694 }
695 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:Vcn #1 {
```

```
\exp_args:NV
                         696
                                \CDR_export_set:ccn { #1 }
                         697
                         698 }
                         699 \cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:VcV #1 #2 #3 {
                         700
                                \exp_args:NVnV
                                \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 { #2 } #3
                         702 }
 \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF *
                                      \verb|\CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF {| \langle file name \rangle \}| | \langle relative key path \rangle | \langle true code \rangle \}|}
                                      \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
                             If the (relative key path) is known within (file name), the (true code) is executed,
                             otherwise, the \( false \) code \( \) is executed.
                         703 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
                                \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
                         704
                                  \prg_return_true:
                         705
                         706
                         707
                                  \prg_return_false:
                         708
                               }
                         709 }
                             \label{local_condition} $$\CDR_{export\_get:cc} {\langle file\ name \rangle} {\langle relative\ key\ path \rangle}$
\CDR_export_get:cc *
                             The property value stored for \( \)file name \( \) and \( \)relative key path \( \).
                         710 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get:cc #1 #2 {
                               \CDR_export_if_exist:ccT { #1 } { #2 } {
                         711
                         712
                                  \use:c { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
                               }
                         713
                         714 }
\CDR_export_get:ccNTF
                             \verb|\CDR_export_get:ccNTF| \{ \langle \textit{file name} \rangle \} \ \{ \langle \textit{relative key path} \rangle \}
                             \langle tl \ var \rangle \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ code \rangle\}
                             Get the property value stored for \( \forall file \) name \( \) and \( \scrip \) altive key path \( \), copy it to \( \tau t \)
                             var). Execute (true code) on success, (false code) otherwise.
                         715 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
                                \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
                         716
                                  \tl_set:Nx #3 { \CDR_export_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
                         717
                         718
                                   \prg_return_true:
                               } {
                         719
                                   \prg_return_false:
                         720
                         721
                               }
                         722 }
                             11.2
                                       Storage
    \g_CDR_export_prop Global storage for \( file name \) = \( file export info \)
```

723 \prop\_new:N \g\_CDR\_export\_prop

```
(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \backslash g\_CDR\_export\_prop. \ \mathit{This \ variable \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:condition}}).
```

\ll\_CDR\_file\_tl Store the file name used for exportation, used as key in the above property list.

```
724 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_file_tl

(End definition for \l_CDR_file_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

\l\_CDR\_tags\_clist Used by CDR@Export | 13keys module to temporarily store tags during the export declara-\g\_CDR\_tags\_clist tion.

```
725 \clist_new:N \l_CDR_tags_clist 726 \clist_new:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
```

(End definition for  $\lower Lags_clist$  and  $\lower Lags_clist$ . These variables are documented on page  $\ref{eq:lower}$ .)

\ll\_CDR\_export\_prop Used by CDR@Export l3keys module to temporarily store properties. *Nota Bene*: nothing similar with \g\_CDR\_export\_prop except the name.

```
727 \prop_new:N \1_CDR_export_prop
```

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_export\_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)

### 11.3 CDR@Export | 3keys module

No initial value is given for every key. An \_\_initialize action will set the storage with proper initial values.

```
728 \keys_define:nn { CDR@Export } {
```

file=(name) the output file name, must be provided otherwise an error is raised.

```
file .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_file_tl,
file .value_required:n = true,
```

tags=⟨tags comma list⟩ the list of tags. No exportation when this list is void. Initially empty.

• lang one of the languages pygments is aware of. Initially tex.

```
737 lang .code:n = {
738    \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
739 },
740 lang .value_required:n = true,
```

preamble the added preamble. Initially empty.

```
preamble .code:n = {
741
        \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
742
743
      preamble .value_required:n = true,
744
    postamble the added postamble. Initially empty.
      postamble .code:n = {
745
        \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
746
747
      postamble .value_required:n = true,
748
    raw[=true|false] true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially
         false.
      raw .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
749
        \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_prop \l_keys_key_str {
750
          \int_compare:nNnTF
751
            \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
752
        }
753
      },
754
    __initialize Meta key to properly initialize all the variables.
      __initialize .meta:n = {
755
        __initialize_prop = #1,
756
        file=,
757
        tags=,
758
        lang=tex,
759
760
        preamble=,
        postamble=,
761
762
        raw=false,
      }.
763
      __initialize .default:n = \l_CDR_export_prop,
764
\overline{\mathsf{V}}
    __initialize_prop Goody: properly initialize the local property storage.
      __initialize_prop .code:n = \prop_clear:N #1,
765
      __initialize_prop .value_required:n = true,
766
767 }
            Implementation
    11.4
768 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRExport { m } {
      \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { __initialize }
769
      \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { #1 }
770
      \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_file_tl {
771
772
        \PackageWarning
773
          { coder }
          { Missing~key~'file' }
774
      } {
775
        \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl
776
        \prop_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_prop {
777
          \CDR_export_set:Vcn \l_CDR_file_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
778
```

779

The list of tags must not be empty, raise an error otherwise. Records the list in \g\_CDR\_tags\_clist, it will be the default list of forthcoming code blocks.

If a lang is given, forwards the declaration to all the code chunks tagged within \l\_CDR\_tags\_clist.

Files are created at the end of the typesetting process.

```
796 \AddToHook { enddocument / end } {
      \prop_map_inline: Nn \g_CDR_export_prop {
797
798
        \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_prop { #2 }
799
        \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
800
          \prop_item:Nn \l_CDR_prop { file }
801
        \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file('l_CDR_str') }
802
803
        \clist_map_inline:nn {
          tags, raw, preamble, postamble
804
       } {
805
          \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str {
806
            \prop_item: Nn \l_CDR_prop { ##1 }
807
808
          \lua_now:n {
809
            CDR:export_file_info('##1','l_CDR_str')
810
811
812
        \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file_complete() }
813
814
     }
815
```

# 12 Style

pygments, through coder-tool.py, creates style commands, but the storage is managed on the IATEX side by coder.sty. This is a IATEX style API.

\CDR@StyleDefine

```
\verb|\CDR@StyleDefine {| \langle pygments style name \rangle}| {| \langle definitions \rangle}|
```

Define the definitions for the given (pygments style name).

```
816 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleDefine #1 {
               817 \tl_gset:cn { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
               818
\CDR@StyleUse
                   \CDR@StyleUse {\langle pygments style name \rangle}
                   \CDR@StyleUseTag
CDR@StyleUseTag
                   Use the definitions for the given (pygments style name). No safe check is made. The
                   \CDR@StyleUseTag version finds the \(\rho\)pygments style name\) from the context.
               819 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUse #1 {
                     \tl_use:c { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
               820
               821 }
               822 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
               823
                     \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
                   \verb|\CDR@StyleExist| \{\langle pygments style name \rangle\} \ \{\langle true code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false code \rangle\} 
\CDR@StyleExist
                   Execute (true code) if a style exists with that given name, (false code) otherwise.
               825 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR@StyleIfExist:c { TF } {
                      \tl_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@Style/#1 } {
               826
               827
                        \prg_return_true:
                     } {
               828
                        \prg_return_false:
               829
                     }
               830
               831 }
               832 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleIfExist \CDR@StyleIfExist:cTF
```

## 13 Creating display engines

#### 13.1 Utilities

```
\CDR_code_engine:c
                         \CDR_code_engine:c {\langle engine name \rangle}
\CDR_code_engine:V
                         \CDR_block_engine:c {\( engine name \) \}
\CDR_block_engine:c *
                         \CDR_code_engine:c builds a command sequence name based on \(\rho engine name\).
\CDR_block_engine:V *
                         \CDR_block_engine: c builds an environment name based on \( \)engine name \( \).
                     833 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_engine:c #1 {
                           CDR@colored/code/#1:nn
                     834
                     835 }
                     836 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_engine:c #1 {
                           CDR@colored/block/#1
                     838 }
                     839 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_engine:V {
                           \exp_args:NV \CDR_code_engine:c
                     840
                     841 }
                     842 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_block_engine:V {
                           \exp_args:NV \CDR_block_engine:c
                     843
                     844 }
```

\1\_CDR\_engine\_tl Storage for an engine name.

```
845 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_engine_tl
```

(End definition for \l\_CDR\_engine\_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)

\CDRGetOption

 $\verb|\CDRGetOption| \{ \langle \textit{relative key path} \rangle \}|$ 

Returns the value given to \CDRCode command or CDRBlock environment for the \(\rho relative key path\). This function is only available during \CDRCode execution and inside CDRBlock environment.

### 13.2 Implementation

\CDRCodeEngineNew \CDRCodeEngineRenew

```
\CDRCodeEngineNew {\(\langle\) engine name\)} {\(\langle\)} \\CDRCodeEngineRenew{\(\langle\) engine name\)} {\(\langle\)} \\
```

\(\left(\text{engine name}\right)\) is a non void string, once expanded. The \(\left(\text{engine body}\right)\) is a list of
instructions which may refer to the first argument as #1, which is the value given for key
\(\left(\text{engine name}\right)\) engine options, and the second argument as #2, which is the colored
code.

```
846 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineNew { mm } {
      \exp args:Nx
847
      \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
848
        \PackageWarning
849
850
          { coder }
851
          { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
852
     } {
        \cs_new:cpn { \CDR_code_engine:c {#1} } ##1 ##2 {
853
          \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
854
855
856
        \ignorespaces
857
858
859 }
860 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineRenew { mm } {
      \exp_args:Nx
861
      \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
862
        \PackageWarning
863
864
          { coder }
          { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
865
          \use_none:n
866
867
     } {
        \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } {
868
          \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } ##1 ##2 {
869
            \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
870
            #2
871
         }
872
       } {
873
          \PackageWarning
874
            { coder }
875
            { No~code~engine~#1.}
```

```
877 }
878 \ignorespaces
879 }
880 }
```

\CDR@CodeEngineApply

 $\verb|\CDR@CodeEngineApply {| \langle source \rangle | \}|}$ 

Get the code engine and apply it to the given  $\langle source \rangle$ . When the code engine is not recognized, an error is raised. *Implementation detail*: the argument is parsed by the last macro.

```
881 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@CodeEngineApply #1 {
882
     \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
     \CDR_if_code_engine:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
883
884
       \PackageError
         { coder }
885
         { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space code~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~'default' }
886
         {See~\CDRCodeEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
887
888
       \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
889
     \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine~options } \l_CDR_options_tl
890
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_options_tl {
891
       \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } \l_CDR_options_tl
892
893
     } {
       \tl_put_left:Nx \l_CDR_options_tl {
894
         \CDR_tag_get:c { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space engine~options } ,
895
       }
896
     }
897
     \exp_args:NnV
898
     \use:c { \CDR_code_engine:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_options_tl {
899
       \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
900
901
902
     }
903 }
```

\CDRBlockEngineNew \CDRBlockEngineRenew

Create a IATEX environment uniquely named after  $\langle engine\ name \rangle$ , which must be a non void string once expanded. The  $\langle begin\ instructions \rangle$  and  $\langle end\ instructions \rangle$  are list of instructions which may refer to the unique argument as #1, which is the value given to CDRBlock environment for key  $\langle engine\ name \rangle$  engine options. Various options are available with the \CDRGetOption function. Implementation detail: the third argument is parsed by \NewDocumentEnvironment.

```
904 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineNew { mm } {
905    \NewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
906    \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
907    #2
908 }
909 }
```

```
910 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineRenew { mm } {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
911
       \PackageWarning
912
          { coder }
913
          { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
914
          \use_none:n
915
916
        \RenewDocumentEnvironment { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
917
          \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
918
919
          #2
920
     }
921
922 }
```

#### 13.3 Conditionals

 $\CDR_if_code_engine:c_{\overline{TF}} \star$ 

```
\verb|\CDR_if_code_engine:cTF {|\langle engine name \rangle|} {|\langle true code \rangle|} {|\langle false code \rangle|}
```

If there exists a code engine with the given  $\langle engine \ name \rangle$ , execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$ . Otherwise, execute  $\langle false \ code \rangle$ .

```
923 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:c { #1 } } {
925
        \prg_return_true:
     } {
926
927
        \prg_return_false:
     }
928
929 }
930 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_code_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_code_engine:V #1 } {
931
932
        \prg_return_true:
933
934
        \prg_return_false:
     }
935
936 }
```

\CDR\_if\_block\_engine:cTF

```
\label{lock_engine} $$ \CDR_if_block_engine:c {\langle engine name \rangle} {\langle true code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle} $$
```

If there exists a block engine with the given  $\langle engine \ name \rangle$ , execute  $\langle true \ code \rangle$ , otherwise, execute  $\langle false \ code \rangle$ .

```
937 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_engine:c { #1 } } {
938
939
       \prg_return_true:
     } {
940
941
       \prg_return_false:
942
     }
943 }
944 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_block_engine:V #1 } {
945
       \prg_return_true:
946
     } {
947
948
       \prg_return_false:
```

```
949 }
950 }
```

## 13.4 Default code engine

The default code engine does nothing special and forwards its argument as is.

```
951 \CDRCodeEngineNew { default } { #2 }
```

### 13.5 Default block engine

The default block engine does nothing.

```
952 \CDRBlockEngineNew { default } { } { }
```

#### 13.6 efbox code engine

```
953 \AtBeginDocument {
954  \@ifpackageloaded{efbox} {
955   \CDRCodeEngineNew {efbox} {
956   \efbox[#1]{#2}%
957   }
958  }
959 }
```

### 13.7 Block mode default engine

```
960 \CDRBlockEngineNew {} {
961 } {
962 }
```

### 13.8 tcolorbox related engine

If the tcolorbox is loaded, related code and block engines are available.

### 14 \CDRCode function

### 14.1 API

\CDR@Sp \

\CDR@Sp

Private method to eventually make the space character visible using \FancyVerbSpace base on showspaces value.

```
963 \cs_new:Npn \CDR@DefineSp {
964 \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF { showspaces } {
965 \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Sp {{\FancyVerbSpace}}}
966 } {
967 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@Sp \space
968 }
969 }
```

\CDRCode

 $\CDRCode{\langle key[=value] \rangle} \langle delimiter \rangle \langle code \rangle \langle same \ delimiter \rangle$ 

Public method to declare inline code.

#### 14.2 Storage

```
\ll_CDR_tag_tl To store the tag given.

970 \tl_new:N \l_CDR_tag_tl

(End definition for \l_CDR_tag_tl. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

### 14.3 \_\_code l3keys module

This is the module used to parse the user interface of the **\CDRCode** command.

```
971 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __code } {
```

**▼** tag=⟨name⟩ to use the settings of the already existing named tag to display.

```
tag .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_tag_tl,
tag .value_required:n = true,
```

engine options=\langle engine options \rangle options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key \langle engine name \rangle engine options.

```
974 engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
975 engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize initialize

```
976   __initialize .meta:n = {
977    tag = default,
978    engine~options = ,
979    },
980    __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
981 }
```

#### 14.4 Implementation

\CDR\_code\_format: \CDR\_code\_format:

Private utility to setup the formatting.

```
982 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n #1 {
     \tl_if_in:nnTF { #1 } { , } { { #1 } } { #1 }
983
984 }
985 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_brace_if_contains_comma:n { V }
986 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code_format: {
     \frenchspacing
     \CDR_tag_get:cN { baselinestretch } \l_CDR_tl
988
     \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
989
       \exp_args:NNV
990
       \def \baselinestretch \l_CDR_tl
991
992
     \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontfamily } \l_CDR_tl
993
     \tl_if_eq:NnT \l_CDR_tl { tt } { \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { lmtt } }
```

```
\fontfamily \l_CDR_tl
                \clist_map_inline:nn { series, shape } {
          997
                  \CDR_tag_get:cN { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
          998
                  \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
          999
         1000
                    \exp_args:NnV
                    \use:c { font##1 } \l_CDR_tl
         1001
         1002
                  }
         1003
                \CDR_tag_get:cN { fontsize } \l_CDR_tl
         1004
                \tl_if_eq:NnF \l_CDR_tl { auto } {
         1005
                  \tl_use:N \l_CDR_tl
         1006
         1007
                \selectfont
         1008
         1009 %
                \Onoligs ?? this is in fancyvrb but does not work here as is
         1010 }
\CDR_code:n
              \CDR_code:n \( delimiter \)
              Main utility used by \CDRCode.
         1011 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
                \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
         1012
                  \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
         1013
                    \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
         1014
         1015
                    \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleUseTag \prg_do_nothing:
         1016
         1017
                  \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
         1018
                    __fancyvrb,
         1019
                  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
         1020
                  \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
         1021
                  \SaveVerb [
         1022
         1023
                    aftersave = {
                      \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
         1024
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_code_setup() }
         1025
         1026
                      \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
         1027
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('lang') }
                      \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
         1028
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('cache') }
         1029
                      \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
         1030
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('debug') }
         1031
                      \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
         1032
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('style') }
         1033
                      \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
         1034
                      \FV@UseKeyValues
         1035
         1036
                      \frenchspacing
         1037
                      % \FV@SetupFont Break
         1038
                      \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
                      \FancyVerbDefineActive
         1039
                      \FancyVerbFormatCom
         1040
                      \CDR_code_format:
         1041
                      \CDR@DefineSp
         1042
         1043
                      \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
```

995

996

\exp\_args:NV

```
\CDR@DefineSp
1044
             \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1045
               \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } {
1046
                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1047
                 \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(false, true) }
1048
               } {
1049
                 \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(true, true) }
1050
                 \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1051
1052
                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
               }
1053
1054
               \makeatletter
               \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1055
               \makeatother
1056
             }
1057
             \group_end:
1058
1059
        ] { CDR@Source } #1
1060
1061
      } {
        \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1062
1063
        \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
        \SaveVerb [
1064
          aftersave = {
1065
             \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1066
             \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1067
             \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1068
               \CDR@FormattingPrep
1069
               \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1070
1071
             \CDR@CodeEngineApply { \mbox {
1072
1073
               \FV@UseKeyValues
               \FV@FormattingPrep
1074
               \FV@SV@CDR@Code
1075
             } }
1076
1077
             \group_end:
1078
1079
        ] { CDR@Code } #1
1080
      }
1081 }
1082 \NewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { O{} } {
1083
      \group_begin:
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1084
1085
        \prg_return_false:
1086
      \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1087
1088
        __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1089
1090
      \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1091
      \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
      \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1092
1093
      \exp_args:NNV
      \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1094
      \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1095
         __fancyvrb,
1096
1097
```

```
\CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1098
      \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1099
        \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1100
          _code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1101
1102
      \CDR_code:n
1103
1104 }
1105 \cs_set:Npn \CDR_code:n #1 {
1106
      \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF {pygments} {
        \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1107
          __fancyvrb,
1108
        }
1109
        \label{local} $$\CDR_{tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \\l_CDR_{keyval_tl}$}
1110
        \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1111
        \SaveVerb [
1112
          aftersave = {
1113
             \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1114
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_code_setup() }
1115
1116
             \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1117
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('lang') }
             \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1118
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('cache') }
1119
             \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1120
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('debug') }
1121
             \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1122
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('style') }
1123
             \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
1124
1125
             \exp_args:NNV
             \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1126
1127
             \FV@UseKeyValues
1128
             \frenchspacing
             % \FV@SetupFont Break
1129
1130
             \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
             \FancyVerbDefineActive
1131
             \FancyVerbFormatCom
1132
             \CDR@DefineSp
1133
             \CDR_code_format:
1134
1135
             \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1136
             \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
1137
               \CDR@StyleIfExist { \CDR_tag_get:c {style} } {
1138
                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1139
                 \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(false, true) }
               } {
1140
                 \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(true, true) }
1141
                 \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
1142
                 \CDR@StyleUseTag
1143
               }
1144
1145
               \makeatletter
               \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }
1146
1147
               \makeatother
1148
             }
             \group_end:
1149
1150
        ] { CDR@Source } #1
1151
```

```
} {
1152
         \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
1153
         \SaveVerb [
1154
          aftersave = {
1155
             \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
1156
             \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
1157
             \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
1158
               \CDR@FormattingPrep
1159
1160
               \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
             }
1161
             \CDR@CodeEngineApply { A \mbox { a
1162
               \exp_args:NNV
1163
               \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1164
               \FV@UseKeyValues
1165
               \FV@FormattingPrep
1166
               \@nameuse{FV@SV@CDR@Code}
1167
             z } Z }
1168
1169
             \group_end:
1170
        ] { CDR@Code } #1
1171
      }
1172
1173 }
1174 \RenewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { O{} } {
      \group_begin:
1175
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1176
1177
         \prg_return_false:
1178
      \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1179
         __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
1180
1181
      \label{local} $$ \CDR_{tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local } { #1 } \\l_CDR_keyval_tl } $$
1182
1183
      \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1184
      \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1185
      \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1186
         __fancyvrb,
1187
      \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1188
      \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
1189
         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_tag_tl { \l_CDR_tag_tl, }
1190
         __code, default.code, __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1191
1192
      \fvset{showspaces}
1193
1194
      \CDR_code:n
1195 }
```

#### 15 CDRBlock environment

```
\label{eq:cdrblock} $$\operatorname{CDRBlock}_{\langle key[=value] \ list} $$ \dots \ \operatorname{CDRBlock}_{\langle key[=value] \ list} $$
```

### 15.1 Storage

\l\_CDR\_block\_prop

```
1196 \prop_new:N \l_CDR_block_prop

(End definition for \l_CDR_block_prop. This variable is documented on page ??.)
```

### 15.2 \_\_block 13keys module

This module is used to parse the user interface of the CDRBlock environment.

```
1197 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __block } {
```

on export[=true|false] to ignore this code chunk at export time.

```
1198    no~export .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1199    no~export .default:n = true,
```

no export format=(format commands) a format appended to tags format and numbers format when no export is true. Initially empty.

```
1200 no~export~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
1201 no~export~format .value_required:n = true,
```

test[=true|false] whether the chunk is a test,

```
1202 test .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
1203 test .default:n = true,
```

engine options=\langle engine options \rangle options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key \langle engine name \rangle engine options. Mainly a convenient user interface shortcut.

```
engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

\_\_initialize initialize

```
1206    __initialize .meta:n = {
1207         no~export = false,
1208         no~export~format = ,
1209         test = false,
1210         engine~options = ,
1211     },
1212     __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
1213 }
```

### 15.3 Context

Inside the CDRBlock environments, some local variables are available:

\l\_CDR\_tags\_clist

#### 15.4 Implementation

We start by saving some fancyvrb macros that we further want to extend. The unique mandatory argument of these macros will eventually be recorded to be saved later on.

```
1214 \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
      \cs_set_eq:cc { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #1 } { FV@ListProcessLine@ #1 }
1216 }
1217 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_line:n #1 {
1218
      \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
      \lua_now:n {CDR:record_line('1_CDR_str')}
1219
1220 }
1221 \def\FVB@CDRBlock #1 {
      \@bsphack
1223
      \group_begin:
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
1224
1225
        \prg_return_true:
      }
1226
      \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __block } { __initialize }
1227
```

Reading the options: we absorb the options available in \FV@KeyValues, first for l3keys modules, then for \fvset.

```
1228 \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1229     __block, __pygments.block, default.block,
1230     __pygments, default,
1231 }
1232 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1233 \CDR_tag_provide_from_keyval:V \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1234 \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
```

By default, this code chunk will have the same list of tags as the last code block or last \CDRExport stored in \g\_CDR\_tags\_clist. This can be overwritten with the tags=... user interface. At least one tag must be provided.

```
\CDR_tag_inherit:cn { __local } { default.block }
      \CDR_tag_get:cN { tags } \l_CDR_tags_clist
      \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1237
        \tl_set_eq:NN \l_CDR_tags_clist \g_CDR_tags_clist
1238
        \clist_if_empty:NT \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1239
          \PackageWarning
1240
            { coder }
1241
            { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
1242
        }
1243
      } {
1244
        \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_tags_clist
1245
1246
1247
      \lua now:n {
1248
        CDR:hilight_block_setup('l_CDR_tags_clist')
1249
```

\l\_CDR\_pygments\_bool is true iff one of the tags needs pygments or there is no tag and pygments=true was given.

```
\bool_set_false:N \l_CDR_pygments_bool
1250
      \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1251
        \bool_set:Nn \l_CDR_pygments_bool {
1252
          \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c { pygments }
1253
1254
      } {
1255
        \bool_if:NF \l_CDR_pygments_bool {
1256
          \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_tags_clist {
1257
1258
            \CDR_if_tag_truthy:ccT { ##1 } { pygments } {
1259
               \clist_map_break:n {
1260
                 \bool_set_true:N \l_CDR_pygments_bool
1261
            }
1262
          }
1263
1264
      }
1265
    Now we setup the full inheritance tree.
      \CDR_tag_inherit:cf { __local } {
        \l_CDR_tags_clist,
        __block, default.block, __pygments.block, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.number,
1268
         __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
1269
      }
1270
      \bool_if:NTF \l_CDR_pygments_bool {
1271
        \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1272
          __fancyvrb.number
1273
1274
        \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1275
        \exp_args:NV \fvset \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1276
        \CDR_keys_inherit:Vnn \c_CDR_tag { __local } {
1277
1278
          __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block
        }
1279
1280
        \exp_args:NnV
1281
        \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __local } \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1282
        \exp_args:NNV
        \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1283
    Get the list of tags and setup coder-util.lua for recording or hilighting.
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
1284
1285
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('lang') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
1286
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('cache') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
1288
1289
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('debug') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
1290
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('style') }
1291
        \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } { } {
1292
          \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(true, false) }
1293
          \input { \l_CR_pyg_sty_tl }
1294
1295
1296
        \CDR@StyleUseTag
1297
        \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF {no~export} {
1298
          \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
```

```
\cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } ####1 {
1299
               \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ####1 }
1300
               \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1301
            }
1302
          }
1303
        } {
1304
          \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1305
            \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } ####1 {
1306
1307
               \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ####1 }
               \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1308
1309
            }
          }
1310
1311
        \CDR_tag_get:cN { engine } \l_CDR_engine_tl
1312
        \CDR_if_code_engine:VF \l_CDR_engine_tl {
1313
          \PackageError
1314
1315
            { coder }
            { \l_CDR_engine_tl\space block~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~'default' }
1316
            {See~\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
1317
          \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_engine_tl { default }
1319
        \CDR_tag_get:cN { \l_CDR_engine_tl~engine~options } \l_CDR_options_tl
1320
1321
        \exp_args:NnV
        \use:c { \CDR_block_engine:V \1_CDR_engine_t1 } \1_CDR_options_t1
1322
1323
        \def\FV@ProcessLine ##1 {
1324
          \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ##1 }
1325
          \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1326
        }
1327
      } {
1328
1329
        \exp_args:NNV
        \def \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_keyval_tl
1330
1331
        \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cF {no~export} {
          \clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
1332
            \cs_set:cpn { FV@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } ####1 {
1333
               \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ####1 }
1334
               \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
1335
1336
               \use:c { CDR@ListProcessLine@ ##1 } { ####1 }
            }
          }
1338
        }
1339
1340
        \exp_args:NnV
        \use:c { \CDR_block_engine:V \l_CDR_engine_tl } \l_CDR_options_tl
1341
        \FV@VerbatimBegin
1342
      }
1343
      \FV@Scan
1344
1345 }
1346 \def\FVE@CDRBlock{
      \bool_if:NT \l_CDR_pygments_bool {
1347
1348
        \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
1349
        \fvset{ commandchars=\\\{\} }
1350
        \CDR@DefineSp
1351
        \FV@VerbatimBegin
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(false, true) }
1352
```

```
\makeatother
                       1355
                               }
                       1356
                               \FV@VerbatimEnd
                       1357
                               \use:c { end \CDR_block_engine:V \l_CDR_engine_tl }
                       1358
                       1359
                               \group_end:
                               \@esphack
                       1360
                       1361 }
                       1362 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRBlock}{CDRBlock}{}
                       1363
                            16
                                     Management
                            Whether we are currently in the implementation section.
  \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
                       1364 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
                            (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \ \ } \underline{\texttt{CDR\_in\_impl\_bool}}.\ \mathit{This \ variable \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:condition}.})
                            \label{local_code} $$ \CDR_if_show_code:TF {\true code} } {\true code} $$
 \CDR_if_show_code: TF
                            Execute \langle true\ code \rangle when code should be printed, \langle false\ code \rangle otherwise.
                       1365 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_show_code: { T, F, TF } {
                               \bool_if:nTF {
                       1366
                                 \g_CDR_in_impl_bool && !\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
                       1367
                       1368
                       1369
                                  \prg_return_false:
                       1370
                       1371
                                  \prs_return_true:
                       1372
                       1373 }
\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
                       1374 \bool_new:N \g_CDR_with_impl_bool
                            (End definition for \g_CDR_with_impl_bool. This variable is documented on page ??.)
           \CDRPreamble
                            \CDRPreamble \{\langle variable \rangle\} \{\langle file name \rangle\}
                            Store the content of \langle file\ name \rangle into the variable \langle variable \rangle.
                       1375 \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRPreamble { m m } {
                       1376
                               \msg_info:nnn
                                 { coder }
                       1377
                       1378
                                 { :n }
                       1379
                                 { Reading~preamble~from~file~"#2". }
                       1380
                               \group_begin:
                               \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #2 }
                       1381
                               \exp_args:NNNx
                       1382
                               \group_end:
                       1383
                       1384
                               \tl_set:Nx #1 { \lua_now:n {CDR.print_file_content('l_tmpa_tl')} }
                       1385 }
```

1353

1354

\makeatletter

## 17 Section separators

\CDRImplementation \CDRFinale

\CDRImplementation \CDRFinale

\CDRImplementation start an implementation part where all the sectioning commands do nothing, whereas \CDRFinale stop an implementation part.

## 18 Finale

```
1386 \newcounter{CDR@impl@page}
    \DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRImplementation {} {
1387
      \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1388
        \clearpage
1389
        \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1390
        \let\CDR@old@part\part
1391
1392
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\part{som}{}
        \let\CDR@old@section\section
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\section{som}{}
        \let\CDR@old@subsection\subsection
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsection{som}{}
        \let\CDR@old@subsubsection\subsubsection
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsubsection{som}{}
1398
        \let\CDR@old@paragraph\paragraph
1399
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\paragraph{som}{}
1400
        \let\CDR@old@subparagraph\subparagraph
1401
        \DeclareDocumentCommand\subparagraph{som}{}
1402
        \cs_if_exist:NT \refsection{ \refsection }
1403
        \setcounter{ CDR@impl@page }{ \value{page} }
1404
1405
      }
1406 }
1407 \DeclareDocumentCommand\CDRFinale {} {
      \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
1408
        \clearpage
1409
        \bool_gset_false:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
1410
        \let\part\CDR@old@part
1411
        \let\section\CDR@old@section
1412
        \let\subsection\CDR@old@subsection
1413
        \let\subsubsection\CDR@old@subsubsection
1414
        \let\paragraph\CDR@old@paragraph
1415
        \let\subparagraph\CDR@old@subparagraph
1416
        \setcounter { page } { \value{ CDR@impl@page } }
1417
      }
1418
1419 }
1420 \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_number: \prg_do_nothing:
```

### 19 Finale

```
1421 %\AddToHook { cmd/FancyVerbFormatLine/before } {
1422 % \CDR_line_number:
1423 %}
1424 \AddToHook { shipout/before } {
```

```
\tl_gclear:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
1426 }
1428 % Auxiliary:
1429 \% finding the widest string in a comma
1430 %
      separated list of strings delimited by parenthesis
1431 % ============
1432
1433 % arguments:
1434 % #1) text: a comma separeted list of strings
1435 % #2) formatter: a macro to format each string
1436 % #3) dimension: will hold the result
1438 \cs_new:Npn \CDRWidest (#1) #2 #3 {
1439
     \group_begin:
      \dim_set:Nn #3 { Opt }
1440
     \clist_map_inline:nn { #1 } {
1441
       \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box { #2{##1} }
1442
       \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim { \dim_eval:n { \box_wd:N \l_tmpa_box } }
1443
       \dim_compare:nNnT { #3 } < { \l_tmpa_dim } {
1444
         \dim_set_eq:NN #3 \l_tm pa_dim
1445
1446
1447
1448
     \exp_args:NNNV
1449
     \group_end:
     \dim_set:Nn #3 #3
1450
1451 }
1452 \ExplSyntaxOff
1453
```

# 20 pygmentex implementation

1471

### 20.1 options key-value controls

We accept any value because we do not know in advance the real target. There are 2 ways to collect options:

# 21 Something else

```
1472
1474 % pygmented commands and environments
1476
1477
1478 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \exp_last_unbraced:NnNo { NxNo }
1479
1480
1481 % ERROR: JL undefined \CDR@alllinenos
1482
1483 \ProvideDocumentCommand\captionof{mm}{}
1484 \def\CDR@alllinenos{(0)}
1485
1486 \def\FormatLineNumber#1{{\rmfamily\tiny#1}}
1488 \newdimen\CDR@leftmargin
1489 \newdimen\CDR@linenosep
1490
1491 %
1492 %\newcommand\CDR@tcbox@more@options{%
1493 % nobeforeafter,%
1494 % tcbox~raise~base,%
1495 % left=0mm,%
1496 % right=0mm,%
1497 % top=0mm,%
1498 % bottom=0mm,%
1499 % boxsep=2pt,%
1500 % arc=1pt,%
1501 % boxrule=0pt,%
1502 % \CDR_options_if_in:nT {colback} {
         colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1503 %
1504 % }
1505 %}
1506 %
1507 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@more@options{%
1508 % leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1509 % frametitlerule=true,%
1510 %
       \CDR_if_in:nT {colback} {
1511 %
         backgroundcolor=\CDR:n {colback}
1512 % }
1513 %}
1514 %
1515 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@more@options{%
1516 % grow~to~left~by=-\CDR@leftmargin,%
1517 % \CDR_if_in:nNT {colback} {
```

```
colback=\CDR:n {colback}
1518 %
1519 % }
1520 %}
1521 %
1522 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@more@options{%
1523 % leftmargin=\CDR@leftmargin,%
1524 % \ifcsname CDR@opt@colback\endcsname
1525 %
         colback=\CDR@opt@colback,%
1526 % \fi
1527 %}
1528 %
1529 %\newcommand\CDR@mdframed@margin{%
1530 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{outerlinewidth}%
       \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{middlelinewidth}%
1531 %
       \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerlinewidth}%
1532 %
1533 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \mdflength{innerleftmargin}%
1534 %}
1535 %
1536 %\newcommand\CDR@tcolorbox@margin{%
1537 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@left@rule
      \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@leftupper
1538 %
       \advance \CDR@linenosep \kvtcb@boxsep
1539 %
1540 %}
1541 %
1542 %\newcommand\CDR@boite@margin{%
1543 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@leftrule
1544 % \advance \CDR@linenosep \boite@boxsep
1545 %}
1546 %
1547 %\def\CDR@global@options{}
1548 %
1549 %\newcommand\setpygmented[1]{%
1550 % \def\CDR@global@options{/CDR.cd,#1}%
1551 %}
1552
```

#### 22 Counters

```
\CDR_int_new:nn \CDR_int_new:n \{\name\} \{\value\}\\
\text{Create an integer after \(\name\)} \and set it globally to \(\value\). \(\name\) is a code name.

1553 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_new:nn #1 #2 \{
1554 \int_new:c \{g/CDR/int/#1\}\\
1555 \int_gset:cn \{g/CDR/int/#1\} \{ #2 \}\\
1556 \}
```

```
\CDR_int_set:n {\langle name \rangle} {\langle value \rangle}
      \CDR_int_set:nn
      \CDR_int_gset:nn
                             Set the integer named after \langle name \rangle to the \langle value \rangle. \CDR_int_gset:n makes a global
                             change. \langle name \rangle is a code name.
                        1557 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:nn #1 #2 {
                                \int_set:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
                        1559 }
                        1560 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:nn #1 #2 {
                                \int_gset:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
                        1561
                        1562 }
      \CDR_int_add:nn
                             \CDR_int_add:n {\langle name \rangle} {\langle value \rangle}
      \CDR_int_gadd:nn
                             Add the \(\langle value \rangle \) to the integer named after \(\langle name \rangle \). \(\mathbb{CDR_int_gadd:n} \) makes a global
                             change. \langle name \rangle is a code name.
                        1563 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:nn #1 #2 {
                                \int_add:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
                        1565 }
                        1566 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:nn #1 #2 {
                                \int \int g dd : cn \{g/CDR/int/#1\} \{ #2 \}
                        1567
                        1568 }
      \CDR_int_sub:nn
                             \CDR_int\_sub:n \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle value \rangle\}
      \CDR_int_gsub:nn
                             Substract the \langle value \rangle from the integer named after \langle name \rangle. \CDR_int_gsub:n makes a
                             global change. \langle name \rangle is a code name.
                        1569 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_sub:nn #1 #2 {
                        1570
                              \int_sub:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
                        1571 }
                        1572 \cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gsub:nn #1 #2 {
                               \int_gsub:cn {g/CDR/int/#1} { #2 }
                        1574 }
\CDR_int_if_exist:nTF
                             \label{local_code} $$ \CDR_int_if_exist:nTF {\langle name \rangle} {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$
                             Execute \langle true\ code \rangle when an integer named after \langle name \rangle exist, \langle false\ code \rangle otherwise.
                        1575 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_if_exist:n { T, F, TF } {
                                \int_if_exist:cTF {g/CDR/int/#1} {
                        1576
                                   \prg_return_true:
                        1577
                        1578
                                } {
                        1579
                                   \prg_return_false:
                        1580
                                }
                        1581 }
                             Generic and named line number counter. \label{local_code_name_t} 1_CDR_code_name_t is used as \langle name \rangle.
```

```
(\textit{End definition for \g/CDR/int/\ and \g/CDR/int/\ ane>}.\ \textit{These variables are documented on page \ref{eq:compare}}.)
```

```
\CDR_int_use:n \( \tangle \) \
```