# coder — code inlined in a LaTeX document*

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**Abstract**

Usually, documentation is put inside the code, coder allows to work the other way round by putting code inside the documentation. This is particularly interesting when different code files share some logic and should be documented all at once.
The file `coder-manual.pdf` gives different examples. Here is the implementation of the package.
This LaTeX package requires LuaTeX and may use syntax coloring based on the pygments[1] package.

## 1 Package dependencies

datetime2, xcolor, fancyvrb and dependencies of these packages.

## 2 Similar technologies

The docstrip utility offers similar features, it is on some respect more powerful than coder at the cost of more technicality and less practicality,

The ydoc.cls and skdoc.cls are full document classes with similar features but many more that are unrelated. coder focuses on code inlining and interfaces very well with pygments for a smart and efficient syntax hilighting.

The pygmentex and minted packages were somehow a source of inspiration.

## 3 Known bugs and limitations

- coder does not play well with docstrip.
- coder exportation does not play well with beamer.

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[1]The coder package has been tested with pygments version 2.11.2

# 4 Presentation

coder is a triptych of three complementary components

1. coder.sty, on the LaTeX side,
2. coder-util.lua, to manage some data and call coder-tool.py,
3. coder-tool.py, to color code with the help of pygments.

coder.sty mainly declares the `\CDRCode` command and the `CDRBlock` environment. The former allows to insert code chunks as running text whereas the latter allows to insert code snippets as blocks. Moreover, block code chunks can be exported to files, once declared with `\CDRExport` command. The `\CDRSet` command is used to set various parameters, including display engines declared with either `\CDRCodeEngineNew` or `\CDRBlockEngineNew`[2].

## 4.1 Code flow

The normal code flow is

1. from coder.sty, LaTeX parses a code snippet as `\CDRCode` argument of `CDRBlock` environment body, somehow stores it, and calls `CDR:hilight_source`,
2. coder-util.lua reads the content of some command, and stores it in a `json` file, together with informations to process this code snippet properly,
3. coder-tool.py is then asked by coder-util.lua to read the `json` file and eventually uses pygments to translate the code snippet into dedicated LaTeX coloring commands. These are stored in a `*.pyg.tex` file named after the md5 digest of the original code chunck, a `*.pyg.sty` LaTeX style file is recorded as well. On return, coder.sty is able to input both the `*.pyg.sty` and the `*.pyg.tex` file, which are finally executed and the code is displayed with colors. coder-tool.py is also partially responsible of code line numbering in conjunction with coder.sty.

The package coder.sty only exchanges with coder-util.lua using `\directlua`, `tex.print` and `token.get_macro`. coder-tool.py in turn only exchanges with coder-util.lua: we put in coder-tool.py as few LaTeX logic as possible. It receives instructions from coder.sty as command line arguments, LaTeX options, pygments options and fancyvrb options.

## 4.2 File exportation

1. The `\CDRExport` command declares a file path, a list of tags and other usefull informations like a coding language. These data are saved as export records by coder-util.lua.
2. When some `tags={...}` have been given to the `CDRBlock` environment, the coder-util.lua records the corresponding code chunk and its associate tags for later save.
3. Once the typesetting process is complete, coder-util.lua's `CDR_export_...` methods are called to save all the files externally. For each export record, coder-util.lua collects all the chunks with the same tag and save them at the proper location.

[2] Work in progress

### 4.3 Display engine

The display management is partly delegated to other packages. coder.sty provides default engines for running code and code blocks, and new engines can be declared with `\CDRCodeEngineNew` and `\CDRBlockEngineNew`.

### 4.4 LaTeX user interface

The first required argument of both commands and environment is a ⟨*key[=value] controls*⟩ list managed by l3keys. Each command requires its own l3keys module but some ⟨*key[=value] controls*⟩ are shared between modules.

### 4.5 Properties and inheritance

Properties cover various informations, from the language of the code, to the color and font. They are uniquely identified by a path component, the *tag*, which is used for inheritance. All tags starting with two leading underscore characters are reserved by the package. Other tags are at the user disposal.

Each processed code chunk has a list of associate tags. Most tag inherits from default ones.

## 5 Namespace and conventions

LaTeX identifiers related to coder start with `CDR`, including both commands and evironment. expl3 identifiers also start with `CDR`, after and eventual leading `c_`, `l_` or `g_`. l3keys module path's first component is either `CDR` or starts with `CDR@`.

lua objects (functions and variables) are collected in the `CDR` table automatically created while loading coder-util.lua from coder.sty.

The `c` argument specifier is used here in a more general acception. Normaly , it means that the argument is turned to a command sequence name. Here, it means that the argument is part of something bigger which is turned to a command sequence name. As such, there is no need to explictly expand such an argument.

## 6 Options

Key-value options allow the user, coder.sty, coder-util.lua and coder-tool.py to exchange data. What the user is allowed to do is illustrated in `coder-manual.pdf`.

### 6.1 fancyvrb

These are fancyvrb options verbatim. The fancyvrb manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

- `formatcom=`⟨*command*⟩ execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in `code` mode.
- `fontfamily=`⟨*family name*⟩ font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are predefined. Initially `tt`.

- `fontsize=`⟨*font size*⟩ size of the font to use. If you use the relsize package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: `fontsize=\relsize{-2}`). Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.
- `fontshape=`⟨*font shape*⟩ font shape to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.
- `showspaces[=true|false]` print a special character representing each space. Initially `false`: spaces not shown.
- `showtabs=true|false` explicitly show tab characters. Initially `false`: tab characters not shown.
- `obeytabs=true|false` position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.
- `tabsize=`⟨*integer*⟩ number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).
- `defineactive=`⟨*macro*⟩ to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.
- ✅ `reflabel=`⟨*label*⟩ define a label to be used with `\pageref`. Initially empty.
- `commentchar=`⟨*character*⟩ lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.
- `gobble=`⟨*integer*⟩ number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only `block` mode.
- `frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single` type of frame around the verbatim environment. With `leftline` and `single` modes, a space of a length given by the LaTeX `\fboxsep` macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially `none`: no frame.
- `label={[`⟨*top string*⟩`]`⟨*string*⟩`}` label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional ⟨*top string*⟩ is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and ⟨*string*⟩ for the bottom line. Otherwise, ⟨*string*⟩ is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the `frame` parameter is one of `topline`, `bottomline`, `lines` or `single`. Initially empty: no label.
- `labelposition=none|topline|bottomline|all` position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like `frame=topline` and `labelposition=bottomline`, nothing is displayed. Initially `none` when no labels are defined, `topline` for one label and `all` otherwise.
- `numbers=none|left|right` numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially none: no numbering.
- `numbersep=`⟨*dimension*⟩ gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

- `firstnumber=auto|last|⟨integer⟩` number of the first line. `last` means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially `auto`: numbering starts from 1.
- `stepnumber=⟨integer⟩` interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.
- `numberblanklines[=true|false]` to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially `true`: all lines are numbered.
- `firstline=⟨integer⟩` first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.
- `lastline=⟨integer⟩` last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.
- `baselinestretch=auto|⟨dimension⟩` value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` LaTeX parameter. Initially `auto`: its current value just before the verbatim command.
- `commandchars=⟨three characters⟩` characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to coder, unavailable to users.
- `xleftmargin=⟨dimension⟩` indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially `0pt`: no left margin.
- `xrightmargin=⟨dimension⟩` right margin to add after each line. Initially `0pt`: no right margin.
- `resetmargins[=true|false]` reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially `true`.
- `hfuzz=⟨dimension⟩` value to give to the TeX `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.
- `samepage[=true|false]` in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the samepage parameter to `true`. Initially `false`.

## 6.2 pygments options

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, used only by coder-util.lua to communicate with coder-tool.py.

- `style=⟨name⟩` the pygments style to use. Initially `default`.
- `full` Tells the formatter to output a `full` document, i.e. a complete self-contained document (default: `false`). Forbidden.
- `title` If `full` is true, the title that should be used to caption the document (default empty). Forbidden.

- **encoding** If given, must be an encoding name. This will be used to convert the Unicode token strings to byte strings in the output. If it is or None, Unicode strings will be written to the output file, which most file-like objects do not support (default: None).
- **outencoding** Overrides **encoding** if given.
- **docclass** If the **full** option is enabled, this is the document class to use (default: **article**). Forbidden.
- **preamble** If the **full** option is enabled, this can be further preamble commands, e.g. "\usepackage" (default **empty**). Forbidden.
- **linenos[=true|false]** If set to **true**, output line numbers. Initially **false**: no numbering. Ignored in **code** mode.
- **linenostart=⟨*integer*⟩** The line number for the first line. Initially 1: numbering starts from 1. Ignored in **code** mode.
- **linenostep=⟨*integer*⟩** If set to a number n > 1, only every nth line number is printed. Ignored in **code** mode. Additional options given to the Verbatim environment (see the fancyvrb docs for possible values). Initially empty.
- **verboptions** Forbidden.
- **commandprefix=⟨*text*⟩** The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially **PY**.
- **texcomments[=true|false]** If set to **true**, enables LaTeX comment lines. That is, LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LaTeX can render it. Initially **false**. Ignored in code mode.
- **mathescape[=true|false]** If set to **true**, enables LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, **$...$** inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially **false**.
- **escapeinside=⟨*before*⟩⟨*after*⟩** If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LaTeX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if **texcomments** or **mathescape** is set. Initially empty.
- **envname=⟨*name*⟩** Allows you to pick an alternative environment name replacing **Verbatim**. The alternate environment still has to support **Verbatim**'s option syntax. Initially **Verbatim**.

## 6.3 LaTeX

These are options used by coder.sty to pass data to coder-tool.py. All values are required, possibly empty.

- **tags** **clist** of tag names, used for line numbering.
- **inline** **true** when inline code is concerned, false otherwise.
- **sty_template** LaTeX source text where **<placeholder:style_defs>** must be replaced by the style definitions provided by pygments. It may include the style name.

All the line templates below are LaTeX source text where `<placeholder:number>` should be replaced by a line number and `<placeholder:line>` should be replaced by the hilighted line code provided by pygments. They should not include a trailing newline char. The ⟨*type*⟩ is used to describe the line more precisely.

- `First` When the block consists of more than one line. If the tag information is required or new, display only the tag. Display the number if required, otherwise.
- `Second` If the first line did not, display the line number, but only when required.
- `Black` for numbered lines,
- `White` for unnumbered lines,

# File I
# coder-util.lua implementation

## 1 Usage

This `lua` library is loaded by coder.sty with the instruction `CDR=require(coder-util)`. In the sequel, the syntax to call class methods and instance methods are presented with either a `CDR.` or a `CDR:` prefix. This is what is used in the library for convenience. Of course either a `self.` or a `self:` prefix would be possible.

## 2 Declarations

```
%<*lua>
local lfs   = _ENV.lfs
local tex   = _ENV.tex
local token = _ENV.token
local md5   = _ENV.md5
local kpse  = _ENV.kpse
local rep   = string.rep
local lpeg  = require("lpeg")
local P, Cg, Cp, V = lpeg.P, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cp, lpeg.V
local json  = require('lualibs-util-jsn')
```

## 3 General purpose material

`CDR_PY_PATH` Location of the coder-tool.py utility. This will cause an error if `kpsewhich` is not available. The `PATH` must be properly set up.

```
local CDR_PY_PATH = kpse.find_file('coder-tool.py')
```

(*End definition for* `CDR_PY_PATH`*. This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`set_python_path` `CDR:set_python_path(`⟨*path var*⟩`)`

Set manually the path of the `python` utility with the contents of the ⟨*path var*⟩. If the given path does not point to a file or a link then an error is raised. On return, print `true` or `false` in the TeX stream to indicate whether pygments is available.

```
local function set_python_path(self, path_var)
  local path, mode, _, __
  if path_var then
    path = assert(token.get_macro(path_var))
    mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(path,'mode')
    print('**** CDR mode', path, mode)
  end
  if not mode then
    path = io.popen([[which python]]):read('a'):match("^%s*(.-)%s*$")
    mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(path,'mode')
    print('**** CDR mode', path, mode)
  end
  if mode == 'file' or mode == 'link' then
    self.PYTHON_PATH = path
            print('**** CDR python path', self.PYTHON_PATH)
           path = path:match("^(.+/)")..'pygmentize'
           mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(path,'mode')
           print('**** CDR path, mode', path, mode)
    if mode == 'file' or mode == 'link' then
             tex.print('true')
    else
             tex.print('false')
    end
  else
    self.PYTHON_PATH = nil
  end
end
```

`JSON_boolean_true`
`JSON_boolean_false`

Special marker to encode booleans in `JSON` files. These are table which `__cls__` field is either `BooleanTrue` or `BooleanFalse`.

(*End definition for* `JSON_boolean_true` *and* `JSON_boolean_false`. *These variables are documented on page* ??.)

```
local JSON_boolean_true = {
  __cls__ = 'BooleanTrue',
}
local JSON_boolean_false = {
  __cls__ = 'BooleanFalse',
}
```

`is_truthy`

`if CDR.is_truthy(`⟨*what*⟩`) then`
⟨*true code*⟩
`else`
⟨*false code*⟩
`end`

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ if ⟨*what*⟩ is `JSON_boolean_true` or the string "true", ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
local function is_truthy(s)
  return s == JSON_boolean_true or s == 'true'
end
```

escape ⟨*variable*⟩ = CDR.escape(⟨*string*⟩)

Escape the given string to be used by the shell.

```
local function escape(s)
  s = s:gsub(' ','\\ ')
  s = s:gsub('\\','\\\\')
  s = s:gsub('\r','\\r')
  s = s:gsub('\n','\\n')
  s = s:gsub('"','\\"')
  s = s:gsub("'","\\'")
  return s
end
```

make_directory ⟨*variable*⟩ = CDR.make_directory(⟨*string path*⟩)

Make a directory at the given path.

```
local function make_directory(path)
  local mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
  if mode == "directory" then
    return true
  elseif mode ~= nil then
    return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
  end
  if os["type"] == "windows" then
    path = path:gsub("/", "\\")
    _,_,__ = os.execute(
      "if not exist "  .. path .. "\\nul " .. "mkdir " .. path
    )
  else
    _,_,__ = os.execute("mkdir -p " .. path)
  end
  mode = lfs.attributes(path,"mode")
  if mode == "directory" then
    return true
  end
  return nil,path.." exist and is not a directory",1
end
```

dir_p The directory where the auxiliary pygments related files are saved, in general ⟨*jobname*⟩.pygd/.

(*End definition for* dir_p. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

json_p The path of the JSON file used to communicate with coder-tool.py, in general ⟨*jobname*⟩.pygd/⟨*jobname*⟩

(*End definition for* json_p. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

```
local dir_p, json_p
local jobname = tex.jobname
dir_p = './'..jobname..'.pygd/'
if make_directory(dir_p) == nil then
  dir_p = './'
  json_p = dir_p..jobname..'.pyg.json'
else
  json_p = dir_p..'input.pyg.json'
end
```

print_file_content `CDR.print_file_content(⟨macro name⟩)`

The command named ⟨*macro name*⟩ contains the path to a file. Read the content of that file and print the result to the TEX stream.

```
local function print_file_content(name)
  local p = token.get_macro(name)
  local fh = assert(io.open(p, 'r'))
  local s = fh:read('a')
  fh:close()
  tex.print(s)
end
```

safe_equals ⟨*variable*⟩ `= safe_equals(`⟨*string*⟩`)`

Class method. Returns an ⟨=...=⟩ string as ⟨*ans*⟩ exactly composed of sufficently many = signs such that ⟨*string*⟩ contains neither sequence `[`⟨*ans*⟩`[` nor `]`⟨*ans*⟩`]`.

```
local eq_pattern = P({ Cp() * P('=')^1 * Cp() + P(1) * V(1) })
local function safe_equals(s)
  local i, j = 0, 0
  local max = 0
  while true do
    i, j = eq_pattern:match(s, j)
    if i == nil then
      return rep('=', max + 1)
    end
    i = j - i
    if i > max then
      max = i
    end
  end
end
```

load_exec `CDR:load_exec(`⟨*lua code chunk*⟩`)`

Class method. Loads the given ⟨*lua code chunk*⟩ and execute it. On error, messages are printed.

```
local function load_exec(self, chunk)
  local env = setmetatable({ self = self, tex = tex }, _ENV)
  local func, err = load(chunk, 'coder-tool', 't', env)
  if func then
    local ok
    ok, err = pcall(func)
    if not ok then
      print("coder-util.lua Execution error:", err)
      print('chunk:', chunk)
    end
  else
    print("coder-util.lua Compilation error:", err)
    print('chunk:', chunk)
  end
end
```

load_exec_output `CDR:load_exec_output(⟨lua code chunk⟩)`

Instance method to parse the ⟨*lua code chunk*⟩ sring for commands and execute them. The patterns being searched are enclosed within opening `<<<<<` and closing `>>>>>`, each containing 5 characters,

`?TEX:`⟨***TeX instructions***⟩ the ⟨*TeX instructions*⟩ are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to TEX.

`!LUA:`⟨***!Lua instructions***⟩ the ⟨*!Lua instructions*⟩ are executed synchronously. When not properly designed, these instruction may cause a forever loop on execution, for example, they must not use `CDR:if_code_ngn`.

`?LUA:`⟨***?Lua instructions***⟩ these ⟨*?Lua instructions*⟩ are executed asynchronously once the control comes back to TEX through a call to `\directlua`, which means that they will wait until any previous asynchronous ⟨*?TeX instructions*⟩ or ⟨*?Lua instructions*⟩ completes.

```
124 local parse_pattern
125 do
126   local tag = P('!') + '*' + '?'
127   local stp = '>>>>>'
128   local cmd = (P(1) - stp)^0
129   parse_pattern = P({
130     P('<<<<<') * Cg(tag) * 'LUA:' * Cg(cmd) * stp * Cp() + 1 * V(1)
131   })
132 end
133 local function load_exec_output(self, s)
134   local i, tag, cmd
135   i = 1
136   while true do
137     tag, cmd, i = parse_pattern:match(s, i)
138     if tag == '!' then
139       self:load_exec(cmd)
140     elseif tag == '*' then
141       local eqs = safe_equals(cmd)
142       cmd = '['..eqs..'['..cmd..']'..eqs..']'
143       tex.print([[%
144 \directlua{CDR:load_exec(]]..cmd..[[)}%
145 ]])
146     elseif tag == '?' then
147       print('\nDEBUG/coder: '..cmd)
148     else
149       return
150     end
151   end
152 end
```

# 4 Properties

This is one of the channels from coder.sty to coder-util.lua.

# 5 Hiligting

## 5.1 Common

hilight_set  CDR:hilight_set(...)

Hilight the currently entered block. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```
153 local function hilight_set(self, key, value)
154   local args = self['.arguments']
155   local t = args
156   if t[key] == nil then
157     t = args.pygopts
158     if t[key] == nil then
159       t = args.texopts
160       if t[key] == nil then
161         t = args.fv_opts
162         assert(t[key] ~= nil)
163       end
164     end
165   end
166   if t[key] == JSON_boolean_true or t[key] == JSON_boolean_false then
167     t[key] = value == true and JSON_boolean_true or JSON_boolean_false
168   else
169     t[key] = value
170   end
171 end
172
173 local function hilight_set_var(self, key, var)
174   self:hilight_set(key, assert(token.get_macro(var or 'l_CDR_tl')))
175 end
```

hilight_source  CDR:hilight_source(⟨*src*⟩, ⟨*sty*⟩)

Hilight the currently entered block if ⟨*src*⟩ is `true`, build the style definitions if ⟨*sty*⟩ is `true`. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a JSON file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments. Set the `\l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl` and `\l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl` macros on return, depending on ⟨*src*⟩ and ⟨*sty*⟩.

```
176 local function hilight_source(self, sty, src)
177   if not self.PYTHON_PATH then
178     return
179   end
180   local args = self['.arguments']
181   local texopts = args.texopts
182   local pygopts = args.pygopts
183   local inline = self.is_truthy(texopts.is_inline)
184   local use_cache = self.is_truthy(args.cache)
185   local use_py = false
186   local cmd = self.PYTHON_PATH..' '..self.CDR_PY_PATH
187   local debug = args.debug
```

```
188  local pyg_sty_p
189  if sty then
190    pyg_sty_p = self.dir_p..pygopts.style..'.pyg.sty'
191    token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl', pyg_sty_p)
192    texopts.pyg_sty_p = pyg_sty_p
193    local mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(pyg_sty_p, 'mode')
194    if not mode or not use_cache then
195      use_py = true
196      if debug then
197        print('PYTHON STYLE:')
198      end
199      cmd = cmd..(' --create_style')
200    end
201    self:cache_record(pyg_sty_p)
202  end
203  local pyg_tex_p
204  if src then
205    local source
206    if inline then
207      source = args.source
208    else
209      local ll = self['.lines']
210      source = table.concat(ll, '\n')
211    end
212    local hash = md5.sumhexa( ('%s:%s:%s'
213      ):format(
214        source,
215        inline and 'code' or 'block',
216        pygopts.style
217      )
218    )
219    local base = self.dir_p..hash
220    pyg_tex_p = base..'.pyg.tex'
221    token.set_macro('l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl', pyg_tex_p)
222    local mode,_,__ = lfs.attributes(pyg_tex_p,'mode')
223    if not mode or not use_cache then
224      use_py = true
225      if debug then
226        print('PYTHON SOURCE:', inline)
227      end
228      if not inline then
229        local tex_p = base..'.tex'
230        local f = assert(io.open(tex_p, 'w'))
231        local ok, err = f:write(source)
232        f:close()
233        if not ok then
234          print('File error('..tex_p..'): '..err)
235        end
236        if debug then
237          print('OUTPUT: '..tex_p)
238        end
239      end
240      cmd = cmd..(' --base=%q'):format(base)
241    end
```

```
  end
  if use_py then
    local json_p = self.json_p
    local f = assert(io.open(json_p, 'w'))
    local ok, err = f:write(json.tostring(args, true))
    f:close()
    if not ok then
      print('File error('..json_p..'): '..err)
    end
    cmd = cmd..(' %q'):format(json_p)
    if debug then
      print('CDR>'..cmd)
    end
    local o = io.popen(cmd):read('a')
    self:load_exec_output(o)
    if debug then
      print('PYTHON', o)
    end
  end
  self:cache_record(
    sty and pyg_sty_p or nil,
    src and pyg_tex_p or nil
  )
end
```

## 5.2 Code

hilight_code_setup

`CDR:hilight_code_setup()`

Hilight the code in `str` variable named ⟨*code var name*⟩. Build a configuration table with all data necessary for the processing, save it as a `JSON` file and launch coder-tool.py with the proper arguments.

```
local function hilight_code_setup(self)
  self['.arguments'] = {
    __cls__ = 'Arguments',
    source  = '',
    cache   = JSON_boolean_true,
    debug   = JSON_boolean_false,
    pygopts = {
      __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
      lang    = 'tex',
      style   = 'default',
      mathescape   = JSON_boolean_false,
      escapeinside = '',
    },
    texopts = {
      __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
      tags    = '',
      is_inline = JSON_boolean_true,
      pyg_sty_p = '',
    },
    fv_opts = {
```

```
      __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
    }
  }
  self.hilight_json_written = false
end
```

## 5.3 Block

hilight_block_setup `CDR:hilight_block_setup(⟨tags clist var⟩)`

Records the contents of the ⟨*tags clist var*⟩ LaTeX variable to prepare block hilighting.

```
local function hilight_block_setup(self, tags_clist_var)
  local tags_clist = assert(token.get_macro(assert(tags_clist_var)))
  self['.tags clist'] = tags_clist
  self['.lines'] = {}
  self['.arguments'] = {
    __cls__ = 'Arguments',
    cache   = JSON_boolean_false,
    debug   = JSON_boolean_false,
    source  = nil,
    pygopts = {
      __cls__ = 'PygOpts',
      lang = 'tex',
      style = 'default',
      texcomments  = JSON_boolean_false,
      mathescape   = JSON_boolean_false,
      escapeinside = '',
    },
    texopts = {
      __cls__ = 'TeXOpts',
      tags    = tags_clist,
      is_inline = JSON_boolean_false,
      pyg_sty_p = '',
    },
    fv_opts = {
      __cls__ = 'FVOpts',
      firstnumber = 1,
      stepnumber  = 1,
    }
  }
  self.hilight_json_written = false
end
```

record_line `CDR:record_line(⟨line variable name⟩)`

Store the content of the given named variable. It will be used for colorization and exportation.

```
local function record_line(self, line_variable_name)
  local line = assert(token.get_macro(assert(line_variable_name)))
  local ll = assert(self['.lines'])
  ll[#ll+1] = line
end
```

hilight_block_teardown `CDR:hilight_block_teardown()`

Records the contents of the ⟨*tags clist var*⟩ LaTeX variable to prepare block hilighting.

```
local function hilight_block_teardown(self)
  local ll = assert(self['.lines'])
  if #ll > 0 then
    local records = self['.records'] or {}
    self['.records'] = records
    local t = {
      already = {},
      code = table.concat(ll,'\n')
    }
    for tag in self['.tags clist']:gmatch('([^,]+)') do
      local tt = records[tag] or {}
      records[tag] = tt
      tt[#tt+1] = t
    end
  end
end
```

# 6 Exportation

For each file to be exported, coder.sty calls `export_file` to initialize the exportation. Then it calls `export_file_info` to share the `tags`, `raw`, `preamble`, `postamble` data. Finally, `export_complete` is called to complete the exportation.

export_file `CDR:export_file(`⟨*file name var*⟩`)`

This is called at export time. ⟨*file name var*⟩ is the name of an str variable containing the file name.

```
local function export_file(self, file_name_var)
  self['.name'] = assert(token.get_macro(assert(file_name_var)))
  self['.export'] = {}
end
```

export_file_info `CDR:export_file_info(`⟨*key*⟩`, `⟨*value name var*⟩`)`

This is called at export time. ⟨*value name var*⟩ is the name of an str variable containing the value.

```
local function export_file_info(self, key, value)
  local export = self['.export']
  value = assert(token.get_macro(assert(value)))
  export[key] = value
end
```

export_complete `CDR:export_complete()`

This is called at export time.

```
local function export_complete(self)
  local name    = self['.name']
  local export  = self['.export']
  local records = self['.records']
  local raw = export.raw == 'true'
  local tt = {}
  local s
  if not raw then
    s = export.preamble
    if s and #s>0  then
      tt[#tt+1] = s
    end
  end
  for tag in string.gmatch(export.tags, '([^,]+)') do
    local Rs = records[tag]
    if Rs then
      for _,R in ipairs(Rs) do
        if not R.already[name] or not once then
          tt[#tt+1] = R.code
        end
        if once then
          R.already[name] = true
        end
      end
    end
  end
  if not raw then
    s = export.postamble
    if s and #s>0  then
      tt[#tt+1] = s
    end
  end
  if #tt>0 then
    local fh = assert(io.open(name,'w'))
    fh:write(table.concat(tt, '\n'))
    fh:close()
  end
  self['.name'] = nil
  self['.export'] = nil
end
```

# 7 Caching

We save some computation time by pygmentizing files only when necessary. The coder-tool.py is expected to create a `*.pyg.sty` file for a style and a `*.pyg.tex` file for hilighted code. These files are cached during one whole LaTeX run and possibly between different LaTeX runs. Lua keeps track of both the style files created and hilighted code files created.

| | |
|---|---|
| cache_clean_all | CDR:cache_clean_all() |
| cache_record | CDR:cache_record(⟨*style name.pyg.sty*⟩, ⟨*digest.pyg.tex*⟩) |
| cache_clean_unused | CDR:cache_clean_unused() |

Instance methods. `cache_clean_all` removes any file in the cache directory named ⟨*jobname*⟩`.pygd`. This is automatically executed at the beginning of the document processing when there is no aux file. This can also be executed on demand with `\directlua{CDR:cache_clean_all()}`. The `cache_record` method stores both ⟨*style name.pyg.sty*⟩ and ⟨*digest.pyg.tex*⟩. These are file names relative to the ⟨*jobname*⟩`.pygd` directory. `cache_clean_unused` removes any file in the cache directory ⟨*jobname*⟩`.pygd` except the ones that were previously recorded. This is executed at the end of the document processing.

```
392 local function cache_clean_all(self)
393   local to_remove = {}
394   for f in lfs.dir(self.dir_p) do
395     to_remove[f] = true
396   end
397   for k,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
398     os.remove(self.dir_p .. k)
399   end
400 end
401 local function cache_record(self, pyg_sty_p, pyg_tex_p)
402   if pyg_sty_p then
403     self['.style_set']  [pyg_sty_p] = true
404   end
405   if pyg_tex_p then
406     self['.colored_set'][pyg_tex_p] = true
407   end
408 end
409 local function cache_clean_unused(self)
410   local to_remove = {}
411   for f in lfs.dir(self.dir_p) do
412     f = self.dir_p .. f
413     if not self['.style_set'][f] and not self['.colored_set'][f] then
414       to_remove[f] = true
415     end
416   end
417   for f,_ in pairs(to_remove) do
418     os.remove(f)
419   end
420 end
```

`_DESCRIPTION` Short text description of the module.

```
421 local _DESCRIPTION = [[Global coder utilities on the lua side]]
```

(*End definition for* `_DESCRIPTION`. *This variable is documented on page* **??**.)

# 8 Return the module

```
422 return {
```

Known fields are

```
423   _DESCRIPTION       = _DESCRIPTION,
```

**_VERSION** to store ⟨*version string*⟩,

```
424   _VERSION           = token.get_macro('fileversion'),
```

**date** to store ⟨*date string*⟩,

```
425   date               = token.get_macro('filedate'),
```

**Various paths** ,

```
426   CDR_PY_PATH        = CDR_PY_PATH,
427   set_python_path    = set_python_path,
```

**is_truthy**

```
428   is_truthy          = is_truthy,
```

**escape**

```
429   escape             = escape,
```

**make_directory**

```
430   make_directory     = make_directory,
```

**load_exec**

```
431   load_exec          = load_exec,

432   load_exec_output   = load_exec_output,
```

**record_line**

```
433   record_line        = record_line,
```

**hilight common**

```
434   hilight_set        = hilight_set,
435   hilight_set_var    = hilight_set_var,
436   hilight_source     = hilight_source,
```

**hilight code**

```
437   hilight_code_setup = hilight_code_setup,
```

**hilight_block_setup**

```
438   hilight_block_setup    = hilight_block_setup,
439   hilight_block_teardown = hilight_block_teardown,
```

cache

```
  cache_clean_all    = cache_clean_all,
  cache_record       = cache_record,
  cache_clean_unused = cache_clean_unused,
```

Internals

```
  ['.style_set']     = {},
  ['.colored_set']   = {},
  ['.options']       = {},
  ['.export']        = {},
  ['.name']          = nil,
```

**already** false at the beginning, true after the first call of coder-tool.py

```
  already            = false,
```

Other

```
  dir_p              = dir_p,
  json_p             = json_p,
```

Exportation

```
  export_file        = export_file,
  export_file_info   = export_file_info,
  export_complete    = export_complete,

}
%</lua>
```

# File II
# coder-tool.py implementation

The standard header is managed specially because of the way docstrip automatically adds some header when extracting stuff from an archive. The next two lines are added by docstrip at the top of the preamble.

```
%<*py>
#! /usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
%</py>
```

## 1 Usage

Run: coder-tool.py -h.

# 2 Header and global declarations

```
%<*py>
__version__ = '0.10'
__YEAR__  = '2022'
__docformat__ = 'restructuredtext'

import sys
import os
import argparse
import re
from pathlib import Path
import json
from pygments import highlight as hilight
from pygments.formatters.latex import LatexEmbeddedLexer, LatexFormatter
from pygments.lexers import get_lexer_by_name
from pygments.util import ClassNotFound
```

# 3 `Options` classes

`Object` is used to turn a dictionary into a full fledged object. The real class is given by the `__cls__` key.

```
class BaseOpts(object):

  def __init__(self, d={}):
    for k, v in d.items():
      setattr(self, k, v)
```

## 3.1 `TeXOpts` class

```
class TeXOpts(BaseOpts):
  tags      = ''
  is_inline  = True
  pyg_sty_p = None
```

The templates are provided by coder.sty. The style template wraps the style definitions provided by pygments. It may include the style name

```
  sty_template=r'''% !TeX root=...
\makeatletter
\CDR@StyleDefine{<placeholder:style_name>} {%
  <placeholder:style_defs>}%
\makeatother'''
  def __init__(self, *args, **kvargs):
    super().__init__(*args, **kvargs)
    self.pyg_sty_p = Path(self.pyg_sty_p or '')
```

## 3.2 `PygOptsclass`

pygments `LaTeXFormatter` options. Some of them may be deliberately unused. In particular, line numbering is governed by fancyvrb options. The description of these options is in a forthcoming section.

```
class PygOpts(BaseOpts):
  style = 'default'
  nobackground = False
  linenos = False
  linenostart = 1
  linenostep = 1
  commandprefix = 'Py'
  texcomments = False
  mathescape =  False
  escapeinside = ""
  envname = 'Verbatim'
  lang = 'tex'
  def __init__(self, *args, **kvargs):
    super().__init__(*args, **kvargs)
    self.linenostart = abs(int(self.linenostart))
    self.linenostep  = abs(int(self.linenostep))
```

### 3.3 FVclass

```
class FVOpts(BaseOpts):
  gobble = 0
  tabsize = 4
  linenosep = '0pt'
  commentchar = ''
  frame = 'none'
  framerule = '0.4pt',
  framesep = r'\fboxsep',
  rulecolor = 'black',
  fillcolor = '',
  label = ''
  labelposition = 'none'
  numbers = 'left'
  numbersep = '1ex'
  firstnumber = 'auto'
  stepnumber = 1
  numberblanklines = True
  firstline = ''
  lastline = ''
  baselinestretch = 'auto'
  resetmargins = True
  xleftmargin = '0pt'
  xrightmargin = '0pt'
  hfuzz = '2pt'
  vspace = r'\topsep'
  samepage = False
  def __init__(self, *args, **kvargs):
    super().__init__(*args, **kvargs)
    self.gobble  = abs(int(self.gobble))
    self.tabsize = abs(int(self.tabsize))
    if self.firstnumber != 'auto':
      self.firstnumber = abs(int(self.firstnumber))
    self.stepnumber = abs(int(self.stepnumber))
```

### 3.4 `Argumentsclass`

```
class Arguments(BaseOpts):
  cache  = False
  debug  = False
  source = ""
  style  = "default"
  json   = ""
  directory = "."
  texopts = TeXOpts()
  pygopts = PygOpts()
  fv_opts = FVOpts()
```

## 4 `Controller` main class

```
class Controller:
```

### 4.1 Static methods

`object_hook` Helper for json parsing.

```
  @staticmethod
  def object_hook(d):
    __cls__ = d.get('__cls__', 'Arguments')
    if __cls__ == 'PygOpts':
      return PygOpts(d)
    elif __cls__ == 'FVOpts':
      return FVOpts(d)
    elif __cls__ == 'TeXOpts':
      return TeXOpts(d)
    elif __cls__ == 'BooleanTrue':
      return True
    elif __cls__ == 'BooleanFalse':
      return False
    else:
      return Arguments(d)
```

`lua_command` `self.lua_command(⟨asynchronous lua command⟩)`
`lua_command_now` `self.lua_command_now(⟨synchronous lua command⟩)`
`lua_debug`
Wraps the given command between markers. It will be in the output of the coder-tool.py, further captured by coder-util.lua and either forwarded to TEX ot executed synchronously.

```
  @staticmethod
  def lua_command(cmd):
    print(f'<<<<<*LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
  @staticmethod
  def lua_command_now(cmd):
    print(f'<<<<<!LUA:{cmd}>>>>>')
  @staticmethod
  def lua_debug(msg):
    print(f'<<<<<?LUA:{msg}>>>>>')
```

lua_text_escape `self.lua_text_escape(⟨text⟩)`

Wraps the given command between `[=...=[` and `]=...=]` with as many equal signs as necessary to ensure a correct `lua` syntax.

```
120   @staticmethod
121   def lua_text_escape(s):
122     k = 0
123     for m in re.findall('=+', s):
124       if len(m) > k: k = len(m)
125     k = (k + 1) * "="
126     return f'[{k}[{s}]{k}]'
```

## 4.2 Computed properties

`self.json_p` The full path to the `json` file containing all the data used for the processing.

(*End definition for* `self.json_p`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

```
127   _json_p = None
128   @property
129   def json_p(self):
130     p = self._json_p
131     if p:
132       return p
133     else:
134       p = self.arguments.json
135       if p:
136         p = Path(p).resolve()
137     self._json_p = p
138     return p
```

`self.parser` The correctly set up `argarse` instance.

(*End definition for* `self.parser`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

```
139   @property
140   def parser(self):
141     parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
142       prog=sys.argv[0],
143       description='''
144 Writes to the output file a set of LaTeX macros describing
145 the syntax hilighting of the input file as given by pygments.
146 '''
147     )
148     parser.add_argument(
149       "-v", "--version",
150       help="Print the version and exit",
151       action='version',
152       version=f'coder-tool version {__version__},'
153       ' (c) {__YEAR__} by Jérôme LAURENS.'
154     )
155     parser.add_argument(
156       "--debug",
157       action='store_true',
```

```
158       default=None,
159       help="display informations useful for debugging"
160     )
161     parser.add_argument(
162       "--create_style",
163       action='store_true',
164       default=None,
165       help="create the style definitions"
166     )
167     parser.add_argument(
168       "--base",
169       action='store',
170       default=None,
171       help="the path of the file to be colored, with no extension"
172     )
173     parser.add_argument(
174       "json",
175       metavar="<json data file>",
176       help="""
177 file name with extension, contains processing information.
178 """
179     )
180     return parser
181
```

## 4.3 Methods

### 4.3.1 __init__

__init__ Constructor. Reads the command line arguments.

```
182   def __init__(self, argv = sys.argv):
183     argv = argv[1:] if re.match(".*coder\-tool\.py$", argv[0]) else argv
184     ns = self.parser.parse_args(
185       argv if len(argv) else ['-h']
186     )
187     with open(ns.json, 'r') as f:
188       self.arguments = json.load(
189         f,
190         object_hook = Controller.object_hook
191       )
192     args = self.arguments
193     args.json = ns.json
194     self.texopts = args.texopts
195     pygopts = self.pygopts = args.pygopts
196     fv_opts = self.fv_opts = args.fv_opts
197     self.formatter = LatexFormatter(
198       style = pygopts.style,
199       nobackground = pygopts.nobackground,
200       commandprefix = pygopts.commandprefix,
201       texcomments = pygopts.texcomments,
202       mathescape = pygopts.mathescape,
```

```
      escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside,
      envname = 'CDR@Pyg@Verbatim',
    )

    try:
      lexer = self.lexer = get_lexer_by_name(pygopts.lang)
    except ClassNotFound as err:
      sys.stderr.write('Error: ')
      sys.stderr.write(str(err))

    escapeinside = pygopts.escapeinside
    # When using the LaTeX formatter and the option `escapeinside` is
    # specified, we need a special lexer which collects escaped text
    # before running the chosen language lexer.
    if len(escapeinside) == 2:
      left  = escapeinside[0]
      right = escapeinside[1]
      lexer = self.lexer = LatexEmbeddedLexer(left, right, lexer)

    gobble = fv_opts.gobble
    if gobble:
      lexer.add_filter('gobble', n=gobble)
    tabsize = fv_opts.tabsize
    if tabsize:
      lexer.tabsize = tabsize
    lexer.encoding = ''
    args.base = ns.base
    args.create_style = ns.create_style
    if ns.debug:
      args.debug = True
    # IN PROGRESS: support for extra keywords
    # EXTRA_KEYWORDS = set(('foo', 'bar', 'foobar', 'barfoo', 'spam', 'eggs'))
    # def over(self, text):
    #   for index, token, value in lexer.__class__.get_tokens_unprocessed(self, text):
    #     if token is Name and value in EXTRA_KEYWORDS:
    #       yield index, Keyword.Pseudo, value
    #   else:
    #       yield index, token, value
    # lexer.get_tokens_unprocessed = over.__get__(lexer)

```

### 4.3.2 create_style

`self.create_style` `self.create_style()`

Where the ⟨*style*⟩ is created. Does quite nothing if the style is already available.

```
 def create_style(self):
    args = self.arguments
    if not args.create_style:
      return
    texopts = args.texopts
    pyg_sty_p = texopts.pyg_sty_p
    if args.cache and pyg_sty_p.exists():
```

```
      return
    texopts = self.texopts
    style = self.pygopts.style
    formatter = self.formatter
    style_defs = formatter.get_style_defs() \
      .replace(r'\makeatletter', '') \
      .replace(r'\makeatother', '') \
      .replace('\n', '%\n')
    sty = self.texopts.sty_template.replace(
      '<placeholder:style_name>',
      style,
    ).replace(
      '<placeholder:style_defs>',
      style_defs,
    ).replace(
      '{}%',
      '{%}\n}%{'
    ).replace(
      '[}%',
      '[%]\n}%'
    ).replace(
      '{]}%',
      '{%[\n]}%'
    )
    with pyg_sty_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
      f.write(sty)
    if args.debug:
      print('STYLE', os.path.relpath(pyg_sty_p))
```

### 4.3.3 pygmentize

self.pygmentize ⟨*code variable*⟩ = self.pygmentize(⟨*code*⟩[, inline=⟨*yorn*⟩])

Where the ⟨*code*⟩ is hilighted by pygments.

```
  def pygmentize(self, source):
    source = hilight(source, self.lexer, self.formatter)
    m = re.match(
      r'\\begin{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}.*?\n(.*?)\n\\end{CDR@Pyg@Verbatim}\s*\Z',
      source,
      flags=re.S
    )
    assert(m)
    hilighted = m.group(1)
    texopts = self.texopts
    if texopts.is_inline:
      return hilighted.replace(' ', r'\CDR@Sp ')+r'\ignorespaces'
    lines = hilighted.split('\n')
    ans_code = []
    last = 1
    for line in lines[1:]:
      last += 1
      ans_code.append(rf'''\CDR@Line{{{last}}}{{{line}}}''')
    if len(lines):
```

```
297       ans_code.insert(0, rf'''\CDR@Line[last={last}]{{{1}}}{{{lines[0]}}}''')
298     hilighted = '\n'.join(ans_code)
299     return hilighted
```

### 4.3.4 create_pygmented

self.create_pygmented

```
self.create_pygmented()
```

Call `self.pygmentize` and save the resulting pygmented code at the proper location.

```
300   def create_pygmented(self):
301     args = self.arguments
302     base = args.base
303     if not base:
304       return False
305     source = args.source
306     if not source:
307       tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.tex')
308       with open(tex_p, 'r') as f:
309         source = f.read()
310     pyg_tex_p = Path(base).with_suffix('.pyg.tex')
311     hilighted = self.pygmentize(source)
312     with pyg_tex_p.open(mode='w',encoding='utf-8') as f:
313       f.write(hilighted)
314     if args.debug:
315       print('HILIGHTED', os.path.relpath(pyg_tex_p))
```

## 4.4 Main entry

```
316 if __name__ == '__main__':
317   try:
318     ctrl = Controller()
319     x = ctrl.create_style() or ctrl.create_pygmented()
320     print(f'{sys.argv[0]}: done')
321     sys.exit(x)
322   except KeyboardInterrupt:
323     sys.exit(1)
324 %</py>
```

# File III
# coder.sty implementation

```
1 %<*sty>
2 \makeatletter
```

# 1 Setup

## 1.1 Utilities

\CDR_set_conditional:Nn  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn ⟨*core name*⟩ {⟨*condition*⟩}

Wrapper over \prg_set_conditional:Nnn.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_set_conditional:Nn #1 #2 {
  \bool_if:nTF { #2 } {
    \prg_set_conditional:Nnn #1 { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
  } {
    \prg_set_conditional:Nnn #1 { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
  }
}
```

\CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn  \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nnnn ⟨*core name*⟩ {⟨*condition*⟩}

Wrapper over \prg_set_conditional:Nnn.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn #1 #2 {
  \prg_set_conditional:Nnn #1 { p, T, F, TF } {
    \bool_if:nTF { #2 } { \prg_return_true: } { \prg_return_false: }
  }
}
```

\CDR_has_pygments_p: ⋆
\CDR_has_pygments:TF ⋆  \CDR_has_pygments:TF {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when pygments is available, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. *Implementation detail*: we define the conditionals to raise and set them later by a call to \CDR_pygments_setup:n.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
  \PackageError { coder } { Internal~error(pygments~path) } { Please~report~error }
}
```

\CDR_pygments_setup:n  \CDR_pygments_setup:n {⟨*boolean string*⟩}

Set up the conditional set \CDR_has_pygments... according to ⟨*boolean string*⟩. When this string is true, then coder has pygments, it has not otherwise.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_pygments_setup:n #1 {
  \cs_undefine:N \CDR_has_pygments:T
  \cs_undefine:N \CDR_has_pygments:F
  \cs_undefine:N \CDR_has_pygments:TF
  \cs_undefine:N \CDR_has_pygments_p:
  \str_if_eq:nnTF { #1 } { true } {
    \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
      \prg_return_true:
    }
  } {
    \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
```

```
      \prg_return_false:
    }
  }
}
\lua_now:n { CDR = require("coder-util") }
\exp_args:Nx \CDR_pygments_setup:n {
  \lua_now:n { CDR:set_python_path() }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_pygments_setup: {
  \sys_get_shell:nnNTF {which~pygmentize} { \cc_select:N \c_str_cctab } \l_CDR_tl {
    \tl_if_in:NnTF \l_CDR_tl { pygmentize } {
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
        \prg_return_true:
      }
    } {
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_has_pygments: { p, T, F, TF } {
        \prg_return_false:
      }
    }
  } {
    \typeout {Shell~escape~is~not~available}
  }
}

\NewDocumentCommand \CDRTest {} {
  \par\noindent
  Path~to~\textsf{python}:~\texttt{\directlua{tex.print(CDR.PYTHON_PATH)}}
  \par\noindent
  Path~to~\textsf{pygmentize}:~\texttt{\directlua{tex.print(CDR.PYGMENTIZE_PATH)}}
  \par\noindent
  \CDR_has_pygments:TF { Pygments~is~available } { Pygments~is~not~available
}:~%\CDRCode[lang=tex]|\textit{text}|
  \par\noindent
}
```

# 2 Messages

```
\msg_new:nnn { coder } { unknown-choice } {
  #1~given~value~‘#3’~not~in~#2
}
```

# 3 Constants

`\c_CDR_tags` Paths of L3keys modules.
`\c_CDR_Tag` These are root path components used throughout the pakage. The latter is a subpath of the former.

```
\str_const:Nn \c_CDR_Tag { CDR@Tag }
\str_const:Nx \c_CDR_tags { \c_CDR_Tag / tags }
```

(*End definition for* `\c_CDR_tags` *and* `\c_CDR_Tag`. *These variables are documented on page* ??.)

\c_CDR_tag_get Root identifier for tag properties, used throughout the pakage.

```
\str_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_get { CDR@tag@get }
```

(*End definition for* `\c_CDR_tag_get`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

# 4 Implementation details

As far as possible, macro making assignments to variables are protected. All variables following expl3 naming conventions are implementation details and therefore must be considered private.

Many functions have useful hooks for debugging or testing.

\CDR@Debug `\CDR@Debug {`⟨*argument*⟩`}`

The default implementation just gobbles its argument. During development or testing, this may call `\typeout`.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@Debug { \use_none:n }
```

# 5 Variables

## 5.1 Internal scratch variables

These local variables are used in a very limited scope.

\l_CDR_bool Local scratch variable.

```
\bool_new:N \l_CDR_bool
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_bool`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\l_CDR_tl Local scratch variable.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\l_CDR_str Local scratch variable.

```
\str_new:N \l_CDR_str
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_str`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\l_CDR_seq Local scratch variable.

```
\seq_new:N \l_CDR_seq
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_seq`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\l_CDR_prop Local scratch variable.

```
\prop_new:N \l_CDR_prop
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_prop`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\l_CDR_clist The comma separated list of current chunks.

```
\clist_new:N \l_CDR_clist
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_clist`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

## 5.2 Files

`\l_CDR_ior` Input file identifier

```
\ior_new:N \l_CDR_ior
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_ior`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_iow` Output file identifier

```
\iow_new:N \l_CDR_iow
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_iow`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

## 5.3 Global variables

Line number counter for the source code chunks.

`\g_CDR_source_int` Chunk number counter.

```
\int_new:N \g_CDR_source_int
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_source_int`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\g_CDR_source_prop` Global source property list.

```
\prop_new:N \g_CDR_source_prop
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_source_prop`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\g_CDR_chunks_tl` `\l_CDR_chunks_tl` The comma separated list of current chunks. If the next list of chunks is the same as the current one, then it might not display.

```
\tl_new:N \g_CDR_chunks_tl
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_chunks_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_chunks_tl` *and* `\l_CDR_chunks_tl`. *These variables are documented on page* ??.)

`\g_CDR_vars` Tree storage for global variables.

```
\prop_new:N \g_CDR_vars
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_vars`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\g_CDR_hook_tl` Hook general purpose.

```
\tl_new:N \g_CDR_hook_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_hook_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>` List of chunk keys for given named code.

(*End definition for* `\g/CDR/Chunks/<name>`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

## 5.4 Local variables

`\l_CDR_kv_clist` keyval storage.

```
\clist_new:N \l_CDR_kv_clist
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_kv_clist`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_opts_tl` options storage.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_opts_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_opts_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_recorded_tl` Full verbatim body of the `CDR` environment.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_recorded_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_recorded_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_count_tl` Contains the number of lines processed by pygments as tokens.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_count_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_count_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\g_CDR_int` Global integer to store linenos locally in time.

```
\int_new:N \g_CDR_int
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_int`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_line_tl` Token list for one line.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_line_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_line_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_lineno_tl` Token list for lineno display.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_lineno_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_lineno_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_name_tl` Token list for chunk name display.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_name_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_name_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_info_tl` Token list for the info of line.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_info_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_info_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

## 5.5 Counters

\CDR_int_new:cn `\CDR_int_new:cn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨value⟩}`

Create an integer after ⟨*tag name*⟩ and set it globally to ⟨*value*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_new:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_new:c { CDR@int.#1 }
  \int_gset:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
```

`default` Generic and named line number counter.

```
\CDR_int_new:cn { default } { 1 }
\CDR_int_new:cn { __n } { 1 }
\CDR_int_new:cn { __i } { 1 }
\CDR_int_new:cn { __line } { 1 }
```

(*End definition for* `default`, `__`, *and* `__line`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

\CDR_int:c ⋆ `\CDR_int:c {⟨tag name⟩}`

Use the integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int:c #1 {
  \use:c { CDR@int.#1 }
}
```

\CDR_int_use:c ⋆ `\CDR_int_use:n {⟨tag name⟩}`

Use the value of the integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_use:c #1 {
  \int_use:c { CDR@int.#1 }
}
```

\CDR_int_if_exist_p:c ⋆
\CDR_int_if_exist:cTF ⋆ `\CDR_int_if_exist:cTF {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when an integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩ exists, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_if_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \int_if_exist:cTF { CDR@int.#1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_int_compare_p:cNn ⋆
\CDR_int_compare:cNn*TF* ⋆

\CDR_int_compare:cNnTF {⟨*tag name*⟩} ⟨*operator*⟩ {⟨*intexpr*$_2$⟩} {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

Forwards to \int_compare... with \CDR_int_use:c { #1 }.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_int_compare:cNn { p, T, F, TF } {
  \int_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_int:c { #1 } } #2 { #3 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_int_set:cn
\CDR_int_gset:cn

\CDR_int_set:cn {⟨*tag name*⟩} {⟨*value*⟩}

Set the integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩ to the ⟨*value*⟩. \CDR_int_gset:cn makes a global change.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_set:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_gset:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
```

\CDR_int_set:cc
\CDR_int_gset:cc

\CDR_int_set:cc {⟨*tag name*⟩} {⟨*other tag name*⟩}

Set the integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩ to the value of the integer named after ⟨*other tag name*⟩. \CDR_int_gset:cc makes a global change.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_set:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_int_set:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gset:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_int_gset:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
}
```

\CDR_int_add:cn
\CDR_int_gadd:cn

\CDR_int_add:cn {⟨*tag name*⟩} {⟨*value*⟩}

Add the ⟨*value*⟩ to the integer named after ⟨*tag name*⟩. \CDR_int_gadd:cn makes a global change.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_add:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_gadd:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
```

\CDR_int_add:cc
\CDR_int_gadd:cc

\CDR_int_add:cn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨other tag name⟩}

Add to the integer named after ⟨tag name⟩ the value of the integer named after ⟨other tag name⟩. \CDR_int_gadd:cc makes a global change.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_add:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_int_add:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gadd:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_int_gadd:cn { #1 } { \CDR_int:c { #2 } }
}
```

\CDR_int_sub:cn
\CDR_int_gsub:cn

\CDR_int_sub:cn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨value⟩}

Substract the ⟨value⟩ from the integer named after ⟨tag name⟩. \CDR_int_gsub:n makes a global change.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_sub:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_sub:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_int_gsub:cn #1 #2 {
  \int_gsub:cn { CDR@int.#1 } { #2 }
}
```

### 5.6 Utilities

\g_CDR_tags_clist
\g_CDR_all_tags_clist
\g_CDR_last_tags_clist

Store the current list of tags used by \CDRCode and the CDRBlock environment, or declared by \CDRExport. All the tags are recorded, if there is an only one, it is not shown in block code chunks. The \g_CDR_last_tags_clist variable contains the last list of tags that was displayed.

```
\clist_new:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
\clist_new:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
\clist_new:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
\AddToHook { shipout/before } {
  \clist_gclear:N \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
}
```

(*End definition for* \g_CDR_tags_clist, \g_CDR_all_tags_clist, *and* \g_CDR_last_tags_clist. *These variables are documented on page* ??.)

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_clist_if_eq:NN { p, T, F, TF } {
  \tl_if_eq:NNTF #1 #2 {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

## 6 Tag properties

The tag properties concern the code chunks. They are set from different paths, such that \l_keys_path_str must be properly parsed for that purpose. Commands in this section and the next ones contain CDR_tag.

The ⟨tag names⟩ starting with a double underscore are reserved by the package.

## 6.1 Helpers

\CDR_tag_get_path:cc ⋆ `\CDR_tag_get_path:cc {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩}`
\CDR_tag_get_path:c ⋆ `\CDR_tag_get_path:c {⟨relative key path⟩}`

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided and set to `__local`.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
  \c_CDR_tag_get @ #1 / #2
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_path:c {
  \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { __local }
}
```

## 6.2 Set

\CDR_tag_set:ccn `\CDR_tag_set:ccn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨value⟩}`
\CDR_tag_set:ccV

Store ⟨*value*⟩, which is further retrieved with the instruction `\CDR_tag_get:cc {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩}`. Only ⟨*tag name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩ containing no `@` character are supported. All the affectations are made at the current TEX group level. *Nota Bene:* `\cs_generate_variant:Nn` is buggy when there is a 'c' argument.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
  \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
}
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:ccV #1 #2 #3 {
  \exp_args:NnnV
  \CDR_tag_set:ccn { #1 } { #2 } #3
}
```

\c_CDR_tag_regex To parse a l3keys full key path.

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^/]*)/(.*)$ } \use_none:n { $ }
\tl_put_left:NV \l_CDR_tl \c_CDR_tags
\tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
\exp_args:NNV
\regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_tag_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\c_CDR_tag_regex`. *This variable is documented on page* **??**.)

\CDR_tag_set:n `\CDR_tag_set:n {⟨value⟩}`

The value is provided but not the ⟨*dir*⟩ nor the ⟨*relative key path*⟩, both are guessed from `\l_keys_path_str`. More precisely, `\l_keys_path_str` is expected to read something like `\c_CDR_tags/`⟨*tag name*⟩`/`⟨*relative key path*⟩, an error is raised on the contrary. This is meant to be called from `\keys_define:nn` argument. Implementation detail: the last argument is parsed by the last command.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set:n {
  \exp_args:NnV
  \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
      \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
```

```
    \CDR_tag_set:ccn
      { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
      { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
  } {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { Unexpected~key~path~‘\l_keys_path_str’ }
    \use_none:n
  }
}
```

\CDR_tag_set: `\CDR_tag_set:`

None of ⟨*dir*⟩, ⟨*relative key path*⟩ and ⟨`value`⟩ are provided. The latter is guessed from `\l_keys_value_tl`, and `CDR_tag_set:n` is called. This is meant to be call from `\keys_define:nn` argument.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_set: {
  \exp_args:NV
  \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_value_tl
}
```

\CDR_tag_set:cn `\CDR_tag_set:cn {`⟨*key path*⟩`} {`⟨*value*⟩`}`

When the last component of `\l_keys_path_str` should not be used to store the ⟨*value*⟩, but ⟨*key path*⟩ should be used instead. This last component is replaced and `\CDR_tag_set:n` is called afterwards. Implementation detail: the second argument is parsed by the last command of the expansion.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_set:cn #1 {
  \exp_args:NnV
  \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_tag_regex
      \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
    \CDR_tag_set:ccn
      { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2 }
      { #1 }
  } {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { Unexpected~key~path~‘\l_keys_path_str’ }
    \use_none:n
  }
}
```

\CDR_tag_choices: `\CDR_tag_choices:`

Ensure that the `\l_keys_path_str` is set properly. This is where a syntax like `\keys_set:nn {...} { choice/a }` is managed.

```
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { Vn } { p, T, F, TF }

\regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_root_regex { ^(.*)/.*$ } \use_none:n { $ }
```

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_choices: {
  \str_if_eq:nnT \l_keys_key_tl \l_keys_choice_tl {
    \exp_args:NnV
    \regex_extract_once:NnNT \c_CDR_root_regex
        \l_keys_path_str \l_CDR_seq {
      \str_set:Nx \l_keys_path_str {
        \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
      }
    }
  }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_choices_set:` `\CDR_tag_choices_set:`

Calls `\CDR_tag_set:n` with the content of `\l_keys_choice_tl` as value. Before, ensure that the `\l_keys_path_str` is set properly.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_choices_set: {
  \CDR_tag_choices:
  \exp_args:NV
  \CDR_tag_set:n \l_keys_choice_tl
}
```

`\CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:cc` ⋆ `\CDR_if_tag_truthy:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`
`\CDR_if_tag_truthy:ccTF` ⋆
`\CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c` ⋆ `\CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`
`\CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF` ⋆

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when the property for ⟨*tag name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is a truthy value, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. A truthy value is a text which is not "false" in a case insensitive comparison. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided and set to `__local`.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cc { p, T,  F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Ne
  \str_compare:nNnTF {
    \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
  } = { true } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_truthy:c { p, T,  F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Ne
  \str_compare:nNnTF {
    \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { \CDR_tag_get:c { #1 } }
  } = { true } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_if_tag_eq_p:ccn ⋆ \CDR_if_tag_eq:ccnTF {⟨*tag name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩} {⟨*value*⟩} {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}
\CDR_if_tag_eq:ccnTF ⋆ \CDR_if_tag_eq:cnTF {⟨*relative key path*⟩} {⟨*value*⟩} {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}
\CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn ⋆
\CDR_if_tag_eq:cnTF ⋆

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when the property for ⟨*tag name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is equal to {⟨*value*⟩}, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. The comparison is based on `\str_compare:....` In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided and set to `__local`.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_eq:ccn { p, T,  F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } } = { #3 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_eq:cn { p, T,  F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \str_compare:nNnTF { \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local } { #1 } } = { #2 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_if_truthy_p:n ⋆ \CDR_if_truthy:nTF {⟨*token list*⟩} {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}
\CDR_if_truthy:nTF ⋆

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when ⟨*token list*⟩ is a truthy value, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. A truthy value is a text which leading character, if any, is none of "fFnN".

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_truthy:n { p, T,  F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Ne
  \str_compare:nNnTF { \exp_args:Ne \str_lowercase:n { #1 } } = { true } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_tag_boolean_set:n \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n {⟨*choice*⟩}

Calls `\CDR_tag_set:n` with `true` if the argument is truthy, `false` otherwise.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n #1 {
  \CDR_if_truthy:nTF { #1 } {
    \CDR_tag_set:n { true }
  } {
    \CDR_tag_set:n { false }
  }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_boolean_set:n { x }
```

## 6.3 Retrieving tag properties

Internally, all tag properties are collected with a full key path like `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩`. When typesetting some code with either the `\CDRCode` command or the `CDRBlock` environment, all properties defined locally are collected under the reserved `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local/⟨relative path⟩` full key paths. The l3keys module `\c_CDR_tag_get/__local` is modified in TEX groups only. For running text code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨tag name⟩` for the provided ⟨*tag name*⟩,
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.code`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using pygments

For text block code chunks, this module inherits from

1. `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name_1⟩`, ..., `\c_CDR_tag_get/⟨name_n⟩` for each tag name of the ordered tags list
2. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default.block`
3. `\c_CDR_tag_get/default`
4. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments`
5. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__pygments.block`
6. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb`
7. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.block`
8. `\c_CDR_tag_get/__fancyvrb.all` when no using pygments

---

`\CDR_if_tag_exist_here_p:cc` ⋆ `\CDR_if_tag_exist_here:ccTF {⟨tag name⟩} ⟨relative key path⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`
`\CDR_if_tag_exist_here:cc`*TF* ⋆

---

If the ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is known within ⟨*tag name*⟩, the ⟨*true code*⟩ is executed, otherwise, the ⟨*false code*⟩ is executed. No inheritance.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_exist_here:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_if_tag_exist_p:cc ⋆ \CDR_if_tag_exist:ccTF {⟨*tag name*⟩} ⟨*relative key path*⟩ {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}
\CDR_if_tag_exist:cc*TF* ⋆
\CDR_if_tag_exist_p:c ⋆ \CDR_if_tag_exist:cTF ⟨*relative key path*⟩ {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}
\CDR_if_tag_exist:c*TF* ⋆

If the ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is known within ⟨*tag name*⟩, the ⟨*true code*⟩ is executed, otherwise, the ⟨*false code*⟩ is executed if none of the parents has the ⟨*relative key path*⟩ on its own. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided and set to `__local`.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
      \seq_map_tokens:cn
        { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
        { \CDR_if_tag_exist_f:cn { #2 } }
    } {
      \prg_return_false:
    }
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tag_exist:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_get_path:c { #1 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \seq_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } } {
      \seq_map_tokens:cn
        { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { __local } }
        { \CDR_if_tag_exist_f:cn { #1 } }
    } {
      \prg_return_false:
    }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_if_tag_exist_f:cn #1 #2 {
  \quark_if_no_value:nTF { #2 } {
    \seq_map_break:n {
      \prg_return_false:
    }
  } {
    \CDR_if_tag_exist:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
      \seq_map_break:n {
        \prg_return_true:
      }
    }
  }
}
```

\CDR_tag_get:cc ⋆ \CDR_tag_get:cc {⟨*tag name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩}
\CDR_tag_get:c ⋆ \CDR_tag_get:c {⟨*relative key path*⟩}

The property value stored for ⟨*tag name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩. Takes care of inheritance. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided an set to `__local`.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_if_tag_exist_here:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
    \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
  } {
    \seq_if_exist:cT { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
      \seq_map_tokens:cn
        { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } }
        { \CDR_tag_get_f:cn { #2 } }
    }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get_f:cn #1 #2 {
  \quark_if_no_value:nF { #2 } {
    \CDR_if_tag_exist_here:ccT { #2 } { #1 } {
      \seq_map_break:n {
        \use:c { \CDR_tag_get_path:cc { #2 } { #1 } }
      }
    }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_get:c {
  \CDR_tag_get:cc { __local }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_get:ccN` `\CDR_tag_get:ccN {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨tl variable⟩}`
`\CDR_tag_get:cN` `\CDR_tag_get:cN {⟨relative key path⟩} {⟨tl variable⟩}`

Put in ⟨*tl variable*⟩ the property value stored for the `__local` ⟨*tag name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided an set to `__local`.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:ccN #1 #2 #3 {
  \tl_set:Nf #3 { \CDR_tag_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
}
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_get:cN {
  \CDR_tag_get:ccN { __local }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF` `\CDR_tag_get:ccNTF {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨relative key path⟩} ⟨tl var⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`
`\CDR_tag_get:cNTF` `\CDR_tag_get:cNTF {⟨relative key path⟩} ⟨tl var⟩ {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Getter with branching. If the ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is knwon, save the value into ⟨*tl var*⟩ and execute ⟨*true code*⟩. Otherwise, execute ⟨*false code*⟩. In the second version, the ⟨*tag name*⟩ is not provided an set to `__local`.

```
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
  \CDR_if_tag_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
    \CDR_tag_get:ccN { #1 } { #2 } #3
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
```

```
}
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_get:cN { T, F, TF } {
  \CDR_if_tag_exist:cTF { #1 } {
    \CDR_tag_get:cN { #1 } #2
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

## 6.4 Inheritance

When a child inherits from a parent, all the keys of the parent that are not inherited are made available to the child (inheritance does not jump over generations).

`\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c` ⋆ `\CDR_tag_parent_seq:c {⟨tag name⟩}`

Return the name of the sequence variable containing the list of the parents. Each child has its own sequence of parents assigned locally.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c #1 {
  l_CDR:parent.tag @ #1 _seq
}
```

`\CDR_get_inherit:cn` `\CDR_get_inherit:cf` `\CDR_get_inherit:n` `\CDR_get_inherit:f`

`\CDR_get_inherit:cn {⟨child name⟩} {⟨parent names comma list⟩}`

Set the parents of ⟨*child name*⟩ to the given list. When the ⟨*child name*⟩ is not provided, it defaults to `__local`.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_get_inherit:cn #1 #2 {
  \seq_set_from_clist:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } { #2 }
  \seq_remove_duplicates:c \l_CDR_tl
  \seq_remove_all:cn \l_CDR_tl {}
  \seq_put_right:cn \l_CDR_tl { \q_no_value }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_get_inherit:cf {
  \exp_args:Nnf \CDR_get_inherit:cn
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_parents:c #1 {
  \seq_map_inline:cn { \CDR_tag_parent_seq:c { #1 } } {
    \quark_if_no_value:nF { ##1 } {
      ##1,
    }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_get_inherit:n {
  \CDR_get_inherit:cn { __local }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_get_inherit:f {
  \CDR_get_inherit:cf { __local }
}
```

# 7 Cache management

If there is no ⟨*jobname*⟩`.aux` file, there should be no cached files either, coder-util.lua is asked to clean all of them, if any.

```
\AddToHook { begindocument/before } {
  \IfFileExists {./\jobname.aux} {} {
   \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_all()}
  }
}
```

At the end of the document, coder-util.lua is asked to clean all unused cached files that could come from a previous process.

```
\AddToHook { enddocument/end } {
  \lua_now:n {CDR:cache_clean_unused()}
}
```

# 8 Utilities

`\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn` `\CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn` ⟨*clist var*⟩ {⟨*empty code*⟩} {⟨*non empty code*⟩}

Execute ⟨*empty code*⟩ when the list is empty, otherwise call `\clist_map_inline:Nn` with ⟨*non empty code*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_clist_map_inline:Nnn #1 #2 {
  \clist_if_empty:NTF #1 {
    #2
    \use_none:n
  } {
    \clist_map_inline:Nn #1
  }
}
```

`\CDR_if_block_p:` ⋆
`\CDR_if_block:`*TF* ⋆

`\CDR_if_block:TF` {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when inside a code block, ⟨*false code*⟩ when inside an inline code. Raises an error otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
  \PackageError
    { coder }
    { Conditional~not~available }
    { Internal~error:~report~bug }
}
```

`\CDR_process_record:`

Record the current line or not. The default implementation does nothing and is meant to be defines locally.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_process_record: {}
```

# 9 l3keys modules for code chunks

All these modules are initialized at the beginning of the document using the `__initialize` meta key.

## 9.1 Utilities

`\CDR_tag_module:n` ⋆ `\CDR_tag_module:n {⟨module base⟩}`

The ⟨*module*⟩ is uniquely based on ⟨*module base*⟩. This should be `f` expanded when used as `n` argument of l3keys functions.

```
\cs_set:Npn \CDR_tag_module:n #1 {
  \str_if_eq:nnTF { #1 } { .. } {
    \c_CDR_Tag
  } {
    \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } { \c_CDR_tags } { \c_CDR_tags / #1 }
  }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn` `\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}`

The ⟨*module*⟩ is uniquely based on ⟨*module base*⟩ before forwarding to `\keys_define:nn`.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn #1 {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \keys_define:nn { \CDR_tag_module:n { #1 } }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_keys_if_exist:nnTF` ⋆ `\CDR_tag_keys_if_exist:nnTF {⟨module base⟩} {⟨key⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ if there is a ⟨*key*⟩ for the given ⟨*module base*⟩, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. If ⟨*module base*⟩ is empty, {⟨*key*⟩} is the module base used.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_tag_keys_if_exist:nn { p, T, F, TF } {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \keys_if_exist:nnTF { \CDR_tag_module:n { #1 } } { #2 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

`\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn` `\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}`

The ⟨*module*⟩ is uniquely based on ⟨*module base*⟩ before forwarding to `\keys_set:nn`.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn #1 {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \keys_set:nn { \CDR_tag_module:n { #1 } }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { nV }
```

\CDR_tag_keys_set:nn  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn {⟨module base⟩} {⟨keyval list⟩}

The ⟨module⟩ is uniquely based on ⟨module base⟩ before forwarding to \keys_set:nn.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_local_set:n {
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __local }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_local_set:n { V }
```

### 9.1.1 Handling unknown tags

While using \keys_set:nn and variants, each time a full key path matching the pattern \c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨relative key path⟩ is not recognized, we assume that the client implicitly wants a tag with the given ⟨tag name⟩ to be defined. For that purpose, we collect unknown keys with \keys_set_known:nnnN then process them to find each ⟨tag name⟩ and define the new tag accordingly. A similar situation occurs for display engine options where the full key path reads \c_CDR_tag/⟨tag name⟩/⟨engine name⟩ engine options where ⟨engine name⟩ is not known in advance.

\CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn  \CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨parents comma list⟩}

Set the inheritance: ⟨tag name⟩ inherits from each parent, which is a tag name.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_inherit__:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
  \keys_define:nn { #1 } { #2 .inherit:n = { #1 / #3 } }
}
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_inherit_:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
  \exp_args:Nnx
  \use:n { \CDR_tag_keys_inherit__:nnn { #1 } { #2 } } {
    \clist_use:nn { #3 } { ,#1/ }
  }
}
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \CDR_tag_keys_inherit_:nnn { \CDR_tag_module:n { } }
}
```

\CDR_local_inherit:n  Wrapper over \CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn where ⟨tag name⟩ is given by \CDR_tag_module:n{__local}.

Set the inheritance: ⟨tag name⟩ inherits from each parent, which is a tag name.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_local_inherit:n {
  \CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn { __local }
}
```

\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN {⟨tag name⟩} {⟨key[=value] items⟩} ⟨clist var⟩
\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN {⟨tag name⟩} ⟨clist var⟩
\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN
\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:N

Wrappers over \keys_set_known:nnnN where the module is given by \CDR_tag_module:n{⟨tag name⟩}. *Implementation detail* the remaining arguments are absorbed by the last macro. When ⟨key[=value] items⟩ is omitted, it is the content of ⟨clist var⟩.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known__:nnN #1 #2 {
  \keys_set_known:nnnN { #1 } { #2 } { #1 }
}
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN #1 {
  \exp_args:Nf
  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known__:nnN { \CDR_tag_module:n { #1 } }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { nV }
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN #1 #2 {
  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN { #1 } #2 #2
}
```

---

`\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN` `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nVN` `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN` `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:N`

`\CDR_local_set_known:nN {`⟨*key[=value] items*⟩`}` ⟨*clist var*⟩
`\CDR_local_set_known:N` ⟨*clist var*⟩

---

Wrappers over `\CDR_tag_keys_set_known:...` where the module is given by `\CDR_tag_module:n{__local}`. When ⟨*key[=value] items*⟩ is omitted, it is the content of ⟨*clist var*⟩.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_local_set_known:nN {
  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nnN { __local }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_local_set_known:nN { V }
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_local_set_known:N #1 {
  \CDR_local_set_known:VN #1 #1
}
```

`\c_CDR_provide_regex` To parse a l3keys full key path.

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { /([^/]*)(?:/(.*))?$ } \use_none:n { $ }
\exp_args:NNf
\tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { \CDR_tag_module:n {} }
\tl_put_left:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ^ }
\exp_args:NNV
\regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_provide_regex \l_CDR_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\c_CDR_provide_regex`*. This variable is documented on page* **??**.)

---

`\@CDR@TEST` `\CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n`

`\CDR_tag_provide:n {`⟨*deep comma list*⟩`}`
`\CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {`⟨*key-value list*⟩`}`

---

⟨*deep comma list*⟩ has format `tag/`⟨*tag name comma list*⟩. Parse the ⟨*key-value list*⟩ for full key path matching `tag/`⟨*tag name*⟩`/`⟨*relative key path*⟩, then ensure that `\c_CDR_tag/`⟨*tag name*⟩ is a known full key path. For that purpose, we use `\keyval_parse:nnn` with two `\CDR_tag_provide:` helper.

Notice that a tag name should contain no '/'. Implementation detail: uses `\l_CDR_tl`.

```
\regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_engine_regex { ^[^/]+\sengine\soptions$ } \use_none:n { $ }
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDR_tag_provide:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug { \string\CDR_tag_provide:n: #1 }
  \exp_args:NNf
  \regex_extract_once:NnNTF \c_CDR_provide_regex {
```

```
    \CDR_tag_module:n { .. } / #1
  } \l_CDR_seq {
    \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 3 }
    \exp_args:Nx
    \clist_map_inline:nn {
      \seq_item:Nn \l_CDR_seq 2
    } {
      \CDR_tag_keys_if_exist:nnF { } { ##1 } {
        \CDR_tag_keys_inherit:nn { ##1 } {
          __pygments, __pygments.block,
          default.block, default.code, default, __tags, __engine,
          __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.frame,
          __fancyvrb.number, __fancyvrb.all,
        }
        \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { } {
          ##1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { ##1 } { ####1 },
          ##1 .value_required:n = true,
        }
\CDR@Debug{\string\CDR_tag_provide:n \CDR_tag_module:n {##1} = ...}
      }
      \exp_args:NnV
      \CDR_tag_keys_if_exist:nnF { ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
        \exp_args:NNV
        \regex_match:NnT \c_CDR_engine_regex
            \l_CDR_tl {
          \exp_args:Nnf
          \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { ##1 } {
            \use:n { \l_CDR_tl } .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ####1 },
          }
          \exp_args:Nnf
          \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { ##1 } {
            \use:n { \l_CDR_tl } .value_required:n = true,
          }
\CDR@Debug{\string\CDR_tag_provide:n: \CDR_tag_module:n { ##1 } / \l_CDR_tl = ...}
        }
      }
    }
  } {
    \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_engine_regex { #1 } {
      \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
        #1 .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:n { ##1 },
        #1 .value_required:n = true,
      }
\CDR@Debug{\string\CDR_tag_provide:n.C:\CDR_tag_module:n { default } / #1 = ...}
    } {
\CDR@Debug{\string\CDR_tag_provide:n\space did~nothing~new.}
    }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide:nn #1 #2 {
  \CDR_tag_provide:n { #1 }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n {
  \keyval_parse:nnn {
```

```
    \CDR_tag_provide:n
  } {
    \CDR_tag_provide:nn
  }
}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:n { V }
```

## 9.2 pygments

These are pygments's `LatexFormatter` options, that are not covered by `__fancyvrb`. They are made available at the end user level, but may not be relevant when pygments is nor used.

### 9.2.1 `__pygments` l3keys module

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments } {
```

**`lang=`⟨*language name*⟩** where ⟨*language name*⟩ is recognized by `pygments`, including a void string,

```
  lang .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  lang .value_required:n = true,
```

**`pygments[=true|false]`** whether pygments should be used for syntax coloring. Initially `true` if pygments is available, `false` otherwise.

```
  pygments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  pygments .default:n = true,
```

**`style=`⟨*style name*⟩** where ⟨*style name*⟩ is recognized by `pygments`, including a void string,

```
  style .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  style .value_required:n = true,
```

**`commandprefix=`⟨*text*⟩** The LaTeX commands used to produce colored output are constructed using this prefix and some letters. Initially `Py`.

```
  commandprefix .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  commandprefix .value_required:n = true,
```

**`mathescape[=true|false]`** If set to `true`, enables LaTeX math mode escape in comments. That is, `$...$` inside a comment will trigger math mode. Initially `false`.

```
  mathescape .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  mathescape .default:n = true,
```

**`escapeinside=`⟨*before*⟩⟨*after*⟩** If set to a string of length 2, enables escaping to LaTeX. Text delimited by these 2 characters is read as LaTeX code and typeset accordingly. It has no effect in string literals. It has no effect in comments if `texcomments` or `mathescape` is set. Initially empty.

```
  escapeinside .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  escapeinside .value_required:n = true,
```

**__initialize** Initializer.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    lang = tex,
    pygments = \CDR_has_pygments:TF { true } { false },
    style = default,
    commandprefix = PY,
    mathescape = false,
    escapeinside = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.2.2 `__pygments.block` l3keys module

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __pygments.block } {
```

**texcomments[=true|false]** If set to `true`, enables LaTeX comment lines. That is, LaTeX markup in comment tokens is not escaped so that LaTeX can render it. Initially `false`.

```
  texcomments .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  texcomments .default:n = true,
```

**__initialize** Initializer.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    texcomments = false,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __pygments.block } { __initialize }
}
```

## 9.3 Specifc to coder

### 9.3.1 `default` l3keys module

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default } {
```

Keys are:

**format=⟨*format commands*⟩** the format used to display the code (mainly font, size and color), after the font has been selected. Initially empty.

```
  format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  format .value_required:n = true,
```

**cache** Set to `true` if coder-tool.py should use already existing files instead of creating new ones. Initially true.

```
  cache .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  cache .default:n = true,
```

**debug** Set to `true` if various debugging messages should be printed to the console . Initially false.

```
  debug .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  debug .default:n = true,
```

**post processor=⟨*command*⟩** the command for pygments post processor. This is a string where every occurrence of "`%%file%%`" is replaced by the full path of the `*.pyg.tex` file to be post processed and then executed as terminal instruction. Initially empty.

```
  post~processor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  post~processor .value_required:n = true,
```

**default engine options=⟨*default engine options*⟩** to specify the corresponding options,

```
  default~engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  default~engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

**default options=⟨*default options*⟩** to specify the coder options that should apply when the default engine is selected.setup__tags

```
  default~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  default~options .value_required:n = true,
```

⟨*engine name*⟩ **engine options=⟨*engine options*⟩** to specify the options for the named engine,

⟨*engine name*⟩ **options=⟨*coder options*⟩** to specify the coder options that should apply when the named engine is selected.

**__initialize** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use `.initial:n` actions because the `\l_keys_path_str` is not set up properly.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    format = ,
    cache = true,
    debug = false,
    post~processor = ,
    default~engine~options = ,
    default~options = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.3.2 `default.code` l3keys module

Void for the moment.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.code } {
```

Known keys include:

**`mbox[=true|false]`** When set to `true`, put the argument inside a LaTeX `mbox` to prevent the code chunk to spread over different lines. Initially `true`.

```
  mbox .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  mbox .default:n = true,
```

**`__initialize`** to initialize storage properly. We cannot use `.initial:n` actions because the `\l_keys_path_str` is not set up properly.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    mbox = true,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.code } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.3.3 `__tags` l3keys module

The only purpose is to catch only the `tags` key very early.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __tags } {
```

Known keys include:

**`tags=`**⟨***comma list of tag names***⟩ to enable/disable the display of the code chunks tags, setup some style, export. Initially `empty`. to export and display.

```
  tags .code:n = {
    \clist_set:Nx \l_CDR_clist { #1 }
    \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist
    \exp_args:NV
    \CDR_tag_set:n \l_CDR_clist
  },
  tags .value_required:n = true,
```

**`__initialize`** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    tags = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __tags } { __initialize }
}
```

There is a compagnion module to catch unexpected `tags` key. Used for coder options when defining engines.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __no_tags } {
  tags .code:n = {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { Key~'tags'~is~forbidden~for~engines }
      { See~the~coder~manual }
  }
}
```

### 9.3.4 `__engine` l3keys module

The only purpose is to catch only the `engine` key very early, just after the `tags` key.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __engine } {
```

Known keys include:

**`engine=`**⟨***`engine name`***⟩ to specify the engine used to display inline code or blocks. Initially `default`.

```
  engine .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  engine .value_required:n = true,
```

**`__initialize`** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    engine = default,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __engine } { __initialize }
}
```

There is a compagnion module to catch unexpected `tags` key. Used for coder options when defining engines.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __no_engine } {
  engine .code:n = {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { Key~'engine'~is~forbidden~for~engines }
      { See~the~coder~manual }
  }
}
```

### 9.3.5 `default.block` l3keys module

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { default.block } {
```

Known keys include:

**`tags format=`**⟨***`format commands`***⟩ , where ⟨*format*⟩ is used the format used to display the tag names (mainly font, size and color), after it is appended to the `numbers format`. Initially empty.

```
  tags~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  tags~format .value_required:n = true,
```

**`numbers format=`**⟨***`format commands`***⟩ the format used to display line numbers (mainly font, size and color).

```
  numbers~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  numbers~format .value_required:n = true,
```

**`show tags=[=true|false]`** whether tags should be displayed.

```
  show~tags .choices:nn =
    { none, left, right, numbers, mirror, dry }
    { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
  show~tags .default:n = numbers,
```

**`only top[=true|false]`** to avoid chunk tags repetitions, if on the same page, two consecutive code chunks have the same tag names, the second names are not displayed.

```
  only~top .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  only~top .default:n = true,
```

**`use margin[=true|false]`** to use the magin to display line numbers and tag names, or not, UNUSED

```
  use~margin .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  use~margin .default:n = true,
```

**`__initialize`** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    show~tags = numbers,
    only~top = true,
    use~margin = true,
    numbers~format = {
      \sffamily
      \scriptsize
      \color{gray}
    },
    tags~format = {
      \bfseries
    },
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { default.block } { __initialize }
}
```

## 9.4 fancyvrb

These are fancyvrb options verbatim. The fancyvrb manual has more details, only some parts are reproduced hereafter. All of these options may not be relevant for all situations. Some of them make no sense in `code` mode, whereas others may not be compatible with the display engine.

### 9.4.1 `__fancyvrb` l3keys module

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb } {
```

**`formatcom=`**⟨***`command`***⟩ execute before printing verbatim text. Initially empty.

```
  formatcom .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  formatcom .value_required:n = true,
```

**`fontfamily=`**⟨***`family name`***⟩ font family to use. `tt`, `courier` and `helvetica` are predefined. Initially `tt`.

```
  fontfamily .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  fontfamily .value_required:n = true,
```

**`fontsize=`**⟨***`font size`***⟩ size of the font to use. If you use the relsize package as well, you can require a change of the size proportional to the current one (for instance: `fontsize=\relsize{-2}`). Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
  fontsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  fontsize .value_required:n = true,
```

**`fontshape=`**⟨***`font shape`***⟩ font shape to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
  fontshape .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  fontshape .value_required:n = true,
```

**`fontseries=`**⟨***`series name`***⟩ LaTeX font series to use. Initially `auto`: the same as the current font.

```
  fontseries .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  fontseries .value_required:n = true,
```

**`showspaces[=true|false]`** print a special character representing each space. Initially `false`: spaces not shown.

```
  showspaces .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  showspaces .default:n = true,
```

**`showtabs=true|false`** explicitly show tab characters. Initially `false`: tab characters not shown.

```
  showtabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  showtabs .default:n = true,
```

🛑 **obeytabs=true|false** position characters according to the tabs. Initially false: tab characters are added to the current position.

```
719  obeytabs .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
720  obeytabs .default:n = true,
```

🛑 **tabsize=⟨*integer*⟩** number of spaces given by a tab character, Initially 2 (8 for fancyvrb).

```
721  tabsize .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
722  tabsize .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **defineactive=⟨*macro*⟩** to define the effect of active characters. This allows to do some devious tricks, see the fancyvrb package. Initially empty.

```
723  defineactive .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
724  defineactive .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **reflabel=⟨*label*⟩** define a label to be used with **\pageref**. Initially empty.

```
725  reflabel .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
726  reflabel .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
727  __initialize .meta:n = {
728    formatcom = ,
729    fontfamily = tt,
730    fontsize = auto,
731    fontseries = auto,
732    fontshape = auto,
733    showspaces = false,
734    showtabs = false,
735    obeytabs = false,
736    tabsize = 2,
737    defineactive = ,
738    reflabel = ,
739  },
740  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

741 }
742 \AtBeginDocument{
743  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb } { __initialize }
744 }
```

### 9.4.2 __fancyvrb.frame l3keys module

Block specific options, frame related.

```
745 \CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.frame } {
```

🛑 **frame=none|leftline|topline|bottomline|lines|single** type of frame around the verbatim environment. With **leftline** and **single** modes, a space of a length given by the LaTeX **\fboxsep** macro is added between the left vertical line and the text. Initially **none**: no frame.

```
  frame .choices:nn =
    { none, leftline, topline, bottomline, lines, single }
    { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

🛑 **framerule=⟨*dimension*⟩** width of the rule of the frame if any. Initially 0.4pt.

```
  framerule .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  framerule .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **framesep=⟨*dimension*⟩** width of the gap between the frame (if any) and the text. Initially `\fboxsep`.

```
  framesep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  framesep .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **rulecolor=⟨*color command*⟩** color of the frame rule, expressed in the standard LaTeX way. Initially black.

```
  rulecolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  rulecolor .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **rulecolor=⟨*color command*⟩** color used to fill the space between the frame and the text (its thickness is given by `framesep`). Initially empty.

```
  fillcolor .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  fillcolor .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **labelposition=none|topline|bottomline|all** position where to print the label(s) when defined. When options happen to be contradictory, like `frame=topline` and `labelposition=bottomline`, nothing is displayed. Initially `none` when no labels are defined, `topline` for one label and `all` otherwise.

```
  labelposition .choices:nn =
    { none, topline, bottomline, all }
    { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    frame = none,
    framerule = 0.4pt,
    framesep = \fboxsep,
    rulecolor = black,
    fillcolor = ,
    labelposition = none,% auto?
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.frame } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.4.3 `__fancyvrb.block` l3keys module

Block specific options, except numbering.

```
\regex_const:Nn \c_CDR_integer_regex { ^(+|-)?\d+$ } \use_none:n { $ }
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.block } {
```

`commentchar=`⟨*character*⟩ lines starting with this character are ignored. Initially empty.

```
  commentchar .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  commentchar .value_required:n = true,
```

`gobble=`⟨*integer*⟩ number of characters to suppress at the beginning of each line (from 0 to 9), mainly useful when environments are indented. Only `block` mode.

```
  gobble .choices:nn = {
    0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
  } {
    \CDR_tag_choices_set:
  },
```

`baselinestretch=auto|`⟨*dimension*⟩ value to give to the usual `\baselinestretch` LaTeX parameter. Initially `auto`: its current value just before the verbatim command.

```
  baselinestretch .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  baselinestretch .value_required:n = true,
```

`commandchars=`⟨*three characters*⟩ characters which define the character which starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; thus lets us introduce escape sequences in verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters which are not used in the verbatim text. Private to coder, unavailable to users.

`xleftmargin=`⟨*dimension*⟩ indentation to add at the start of each line. Initially `0pt`: no left margin.

```
  xleftmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  xleftmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

`xrightmargin=`⟨*dimension*⟩ right margin to add after each line. Initially `0pt`: no right margin.

```
  xrightmargin .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  xrightmargin .value_required:n = true,
```

`resetmargins[=true|false]` reset the left margin, which is useful if we are inside other indented environments. Initially `true`.

```
  resetmargins .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  resetmargins .default:n = true,
```

`hfuzz=`⟨*dimension*⟩ value to give to the TeX `\hfuzz` dimension for text to format. This can be used to avoid seeing some unimportant overfull box messages. Initially 2pt.

```
  hfuzz .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  hfuzz .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **vspace=⟨*dimension*⟩** the amount of vertical space added to `\parskip` before and after blocks. Initially `\topsep`.

```
  vspace .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  vspace .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **samepage[=true|false]** in very special circumstances, we may want to make sure that a verbatim environment is not broken, even if it does not fit on the current page. To avoid a page break, we can set the samepage parameter to `true`. Initially `false`.

```
  samepage .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  samepage .default:n = true,
```

🛑 **label={[⟨*top string*⟩]⟨*string*⟩}** label(s) to print on top, bottom or both, frame lines. If the label(s) contains special characters, comma or equal sign, it must be placed inside a group. If an optional ⟨*top string*⟩ is given between square brackets, it will be used for the top line and ⟨*string*⟩ for the bottom line. Otherwise, ⟨*string*⟩ is used for both the top or bottom lines. Label(s) are printed only if the `frame` parameter is one of `topline`, `bottomline`, `lines` or `single`. Initially empty: no label.

```
  label .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  label .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    commentchar = ,
    gobble = 0,
    baselinestretch = auto,
    resetmargins = true,
    xleftmargin = 0pt,
    xrightmargin = 0pt,
    hfuzz = 2pt,
    vspace = \topset,
    samepage = false,
    label = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.block } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.4.4 `__fancyvrb.number` l3keys module

Block line numbering.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.number } {
```

**numbers=none|left|right** numbering of the verbatim lines. If requested, this numbering is done outside the verbatim environment. Initially none: no numbering.

```
numbers .choices:nn =
  { none, left, right }
  { \CDR_tag_choices_set: },
```

**numbersep=⟨*dimension*⟩** gap between numbers and verbatim lines. Initially 12pt.

```
numbersep .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
numbersep .value_required:n = true,
```

**firstnumber=auto|last|⟨*integer*⟩** number of the first line. `last` means that the numbering is continued from the previous verbatim environment. If an integer is given, its value will be used to start the numbering. Initially `auto`: numbering starts from 1.

```
firstnumber .code:n = {
  \regex_match:NnTF \c_CDR_integer_regex { #1 } {
    \CDR_tag_set:
  } {
    \str_case:nnF { #1 } {
      { auto } { \CDR_tag_set: }
      { last } { \CDR_tag_set: }
    } {
      \PackageWarning
        { CDR }
        { Value~‘#1’~not~in~auto,~last. }
    }
  }
},
firstnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

**stepnumber=⟨*integer*⟩** interval at which line numbers are printed. Initially 1: all lines are numbered.

```
stepnumber .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
stepnumber .value_required:n = true,
```

**numberblanklines[=true|false]** to number or not the white lines (really empty or containing blank characters only). Initially `true`: all lines are numbered.

```
numberblanklines .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
numberblanklines .default:n = true,
```

**firstline=⟨*integer*⟩** first line to print. Initially empty: all lines from the first are printed.

```
firstline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
firstline .value_required:n = true,
```

**lastline=⟨*integer*⟩** last line to print. Initially empty: all lines until the last one are printed.

```
  lastline .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  lastline .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    numbers = left,
    numbersep = 1ex,
    firstnumber = auto,
    stepnumber = 1,
    numberblanklines = true,
    firstline = ,
    lastline = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.number } { __initialize }
}
```

### 9.4.5 __fancyvrb.all l3keys module

Options available when pygments is not used.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __fancyvrb.all } {
```

🛑 **commandchars=⟨*three characters*⟩** characters that define the character that starts a macro and marks the beginning and end of a group; allows to introduce escape sequences in the verbatim code. Of course, it is better to choose special characters that are not used in the verbatim text! Initially `none`. Ignored in pygments mode.

```
  commandchars .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  commandchars .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **codes=⟨*macro*⟩** to specify catcode changes. For instance, this allows us to include formatted mathematics in verbatim text. Initially empty. Ignored in pygments mode.

```
  codes .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  codes .value_required:n = true,
```

✅ **__initialize** Initialization.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    commandchars = ,
    codes = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
\AtBeginDocument{
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __fancyvrb.all } { __initialize }
}
```

# 10 \CDRSet

\CDRSet `\CDRSet {⟨key[=value] list⟩}`

```
\CDRSet {only description=true, font family=tt}
\CDRSet {tag/default.code/font family=sf}
```

To set up the package. This is executed at least once at the end of the preamble. The unique mandatory argument of `\CDRSet` is a list of ⟨*key*⟩[=⟨*value*⟩] items defined by the `CDR@Set` l3keys module.

## 10.1 `CDR@Set` l3keys module

```
\keys_define:nn { CDR@Set } {
```

**only description** to typeset only the description section and ignore the implementation section.

```
  only~description .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
    \int_compare:nNnTF \l_keys_choice_int = 1 {
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_true: }
    } {
      \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_only_description: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
    }
  },
  only~description .initial:n = false,
```

**python path** if automatic processing is not available, manually setting the path to the `python` utility is required. Giving a void path forces an automatic guess using `which`.

```
  python~path .code:n = {
    \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { #1 }
    \exp_args:Nx \CDR_pygments_setup:n {
      \lua_now:n { CDR:set_python_path('l_CDR_str') }
    }
  },

}
```

## 10.2 Branching

\CDR_if_only_description_p: ⋆ `\CDR_if_only_description:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`
\CDR_if_only_description:*TF* ⋆

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when only the description is expected, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. *Implementation detail*: the functions are defined as part of the `CDR@Set` l3keys module.

### 10.3 Implementation

\CDRBlock_preflight:n  \CDR_set_preflight:n {⟨*CDR@Set kv list*⟩}

This is a prefligh hook intended for testing. The default implementation does nothing.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_set_preflight:n #1 { }

\NewDocumentCommand \CDRSet { m } {
\CDR@Debug{\string\CDRSet}
  \CDR_set_preflight:n { #1 }
  \keys_set_known:nnnN { CDR@Set } { #1 } { CDR@Set } \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \clist_map_inline:nn {
    __pygments, __pygments.block,
    __tags, __engine, default.block, default.code, default,
    __fancyvrb, __fancyvrb.frame, __fancyvrb.block, __fancyvrb.number, __fancyvrb.all
  } {
    \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN { ##1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
\CDR@Debug{ Debug.CDRSet.1:##1/\l_CDR_kv_clist/ }
  }
  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN { .. } \l_CDR_kv_clist
\CDR@Debug{ Debug.CDRSet.2:\CDR_tag_module:n { .. }//\l_CDR_kv_clist/ }
  \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
\CDR@Debug{ Debug.CDRSet.2a:\CDR_tag_module:n { .. }//\l_CDR_kv_clist/ }
  \CDR_tag_keys_set_known:nN { .. } \l_CDR_kv_clist
\CDR@Debug{ Debug.CDRSet.3:\CDR_tag_module:n { .. }//\l_CDR_kv_clist/ }
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nV { default } \l_CDR_kv_clist
\CDR@Debug{ Debug.CDRSet.4:\CDR_tag_module:n { default } /\l_CDR_kv_clist/ }
  \keys_define:nn { CDR@Set@tags } {
    tags .code:n = {
      \clist_set:Nx \g_CDR_tags_clist { ##1 }
      \clist_remove_duplicates:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
    },
  }
  \keys_set_known:nn { CDR@Set@tags } { #1 }
  \ignorespaces
}
```

# 11 \CDRExport

\CDRExport  \CDRExport {⟨*key[=value] controls*⟩}

The ⟨*key*⟩[=⟨*value*⟩] controls are defined by CDR@Export l3keys module.

### 11.1 Storage

\CDR_export_get_path:cc ⋆  \CDR_tag_export_path:cc {⟨*file name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩}

Internal: return a unique key based on the arguments. Used to store and retrieve values.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get_path:cc #1 #2 {
  CDR @ export @ get @ #1 / #2
}
```

\CDR_export_set:ccn
\CDR_export_set:Vcn
\CDR_export_set:VcV

\CDR_export_set:ccn {⟨*file name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩} {⟨*value*⟩}

Store ⟨*value*⟩, which is further retrieved with the instruction \CDR_get_get:cc {⟨*file name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩}. All the affectations are made at the current TEX group level.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 #2 #3 {
  \cs_set:cpn { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } { \exp_not:n { #3 } }
}
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:Vcn #1 {
  \exp_args:NV
  \CDR_export_set:ccn { #1 }
}
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR_export_set:VcV #1 #2 #3 {
  \exp_args:NnV
  \use:n {
    \exp_args:NV \CDR_export_set:ccn #1 { #2 }
  } #3
}
```

\CDR_export_if_exist:cc*TF* ⋆

\CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF {⟨*file name*⟩} ⟨*relative key path*⟩ {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

If the ⟨*relative key path*⟩ is known within ⟨*file name*⟩, the ⟨*true code*⟩ is executed, otherwise, the ⟨*false code*⟩ is executed.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_if_exist:cc { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDR_export_get:cc ⋆

\CDR_export_get:cc {⟨*file name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩}

The property value stored for ⟨*file name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_export_get:cc #1 #2 {
  \CDR_export_if_exist:ccT { #1 } { #2 } {
    \use:c { \CDR_export_get_path:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
  }
}
```

\CDR_export_get:ccN*TF*

\CDR_export_get:ccNTF {⟨*file name*⟩} {⟨*relative key path*⟩} ⟨*tl var*⟩ {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

Get the property value stored for ⟨*file name*⟩ and ⟨*relative key path*⟩, copy it to ⟨*tl var*⟩. Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ on success, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \CDR_export_get:ccN { T, F, TF } {
  \CDR_export_if_exist:ccTF { #1 } { #2 } {
    \tl_set:Nx #3 { \CDR_export_get:cc { #1 } { #2 } }
```

```
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

## 11.2 Storage

`\g_CDR_export_seq` Global list of all the files to be exported.

```
\seq_new:N \g_CDR_export_seq
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_export_seq`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_file_tl` Store the file name used for exportation, used as key in the above property list.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_file_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_file_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\l_CDR_export_prop` Used by `CDR@Export` l3keys module to temporarily store properties.

```
\prop_new:N \l_CDR_export_prop
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_export_prop`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

## 11.3 `CDR@Export` l3keys module

No initial value is given for every key. An `__initialize` action will set the storage with proper initial values.

```
\keys_define:nn { CDR@Export } {
```

**`file=`**⟨***`name`***⟩ the output file name, must be provided otherwise an error is raised.

```
  file .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_file_tl,
  file .value_required:n = true,
```

**`tags=`**⟨***`tags comma list`***⟩ the list of tags. No exportation when this list is void. Initially empty.

```
  tags .code:n = {
    \clist_set:Nx \l_CDR_clist { #1 }
    \clist_remove_duplicates:N \l_CDR_clist
    \prop_put:NVV \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str \l_CDR_clist
  },
  tags .value_required:n = true,
```

**`lang`** one of the languages pygments is aware of. Initially `tex`.

```
  lang .code:n = {
    \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
  },
  lang .value_required:n = true,
```

**`preamble`** the added preamble. Initially empty.

```
  preamble .code:n = {
    \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
  },
  preamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **postamble** the added postamble. Initially empty.

```
  postamble .code:n = {
    \prop_put:NVn \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str { #1 }
  },
  postamble .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **raw[=true|false]** true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially false.

```
  raw .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
    \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str {
      \int_compare:nNnTF
        \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
    }
  },
```

🛑 **once[=true|false]** true to remove any additional material, false otherwise. Initially true.

```
  once .choices:nn = { false, true, {} } {
    \prop_put:NVx \l_CDR_export_prop \l_keys_key_str {
      \int_compare:nNnTF
        \l_keys_choice_int = 1 { false } { true }
    }
  },
```

✅ **__initialize** Meta key to properly initialize all the variables.

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    __initialize_prop = #1,
    file =,
    tags =,
    lang = tex,
    preamble =,
    postamble =,
    raw = false,
    once = true,
  },
  __initialize .default:n = \l_CDR_export_prop,
```

✅ **__initialize_prop** Goody: properly initialize the local property storage.

```
  __initialize_prop .code:n = \prop_clear:N #1,
  __initialize_prop .value_required:n = true,

}
```

## 11.4 Implementation

```
\NewDocumentCommand \CDRExport { m } {
  \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { __initialize }
  \keys_set:nn { CDR@Export } { #1 }
  \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_file_tl {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { Missing~export~key~‘file’ }
  } {
    \CDR_export_set:VcV \l_CDR_file_tl { file } \l_CDR_file_tl
    \prop_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_export_prop {
      \CDR_export_set:Vcn \l_CDR_file_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
    }
```

The list of tags must not be empty, raise an error otherwise. Records the list in `\g_CDR_tags_clist`, it will be the default list of forthcoming code blocks.

```
    \prop_get:NnNTF \l_CDR_export_prop { tags } \l_CDR_clist {
      \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_CDR_clist {
        \PackageWarning
          { coder }
          { Missing~export~key~‘tags’ }
      } {
        \clist_set_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
        \clist_remove_duplicates:N \g_CDR_tags_clist
        \clist_put_left:NV \g_CDR_all_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
        \clist_remove_duplicates:N \g_CDR_all_tags_clist
```

If a `lang` is given, forwards the declaration to all the code chunks tagged within `\g_CDR_tags_clist`.

```
        \exp_args:NV
        \CDR_export_get:ccNT \l_CDR_file_tl { lang } \l_CDR_tl {
          \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
            \CDR_tag_set:ccV { ##1 } { lang } \l_CDR_tl
          }
        }
      }
      \seq_put_left:NV \g_CDR_export_seq \l_CDR_file_tl
    } {
      \PackageWarning
        { coder }
        { Missing~export~key~‘tags’ }
    }
  }
  \ignorespaces
}
```

Files are created at the end of the typesetting process.

```
\AddToHook { enddocument / end } {
  \seq_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_export_seq {
    \str_set:Nx \l_CDR_str { #1 }
    \lua_now:n { CDR:export_file('l_CDR_str') }
    \clist_map_inline:nn {
```

```
      tags, raw, once, preamble, postamble
    } {
      \CDR_export_get:ccNT { #1 } { ##1 } \l_CDR_tl {
        \exp_args:NNx
        \str_set:Nn \l_CDR_str { \l_CDR_tl }
        \lua_now:n {
          CDR:export_file_info('##1','l_CDR_str')
        }
      }
    }
    \lua_now:n { CDR:export_complete() }
  }
}
```

# 12 Style

pygments, through coder-tool.py, creates style commands, but the storage is managed on the LaTeX side by coder.sty. This is a LaTeX style API.

\CDR@StyleDefine `\CDR@StyleDefine {⟨pygments style name⟩} {⟨definitions⟩}`

Define the definitions for the given ⟨*pygments style name*⟩.

```
\cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleDefine #1 {
  \tl_gset:cn { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
}
```

\CDR@StyleUse `\CDR@StyleUse {⟨pygments style name⟩}`
CDR@StyleUseTag `\CDR@StyleUseTag`

Use the definitions for the given ⟨*pygments style name*⟩. No safe check is made. The `\CDR@StyleUseTag` version finds the ⟨*pygments style name*⟩ from the context.

```
\cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUse #1 {
  \tl_use:c { g_CDR@Style/#1 }
}
\cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
  \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
}
```

\CDR@StyleExist `\CDR@StyleExist {⟨pygments style name⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}`

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ if a style exists with that given name, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR@StyleIfExist:c { TF } {
  \tl_if_exist:cTF { g_CDR@Style/#1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleIfExist \CDR@StyleIfExist:cTF
```

# 13 Creating display engines

## 13.1 Utilities

\CDRCode_engine:c ⋆
\CDRCode_engine:V ⋆
\CDRBlock_engine:c ⋆
\CDRBlock_engine:V ⋆

\CDRCode_engine:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}
\CDRBlock_engine:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}

\CDRCode_engine:c builds a command sequence name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩. \CDRBlock_engine:c builds an environment name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_engine:c #1 {
  CDR@colored/code/#1:nn
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_engine:c #1 {
  CDR@colored/block/#1
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_engine:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRCode_engine:c
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_engine:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRBlock_engine:c
}
```

\CDRCode_options:c ⋆
\CDRCode_options:V ⋆
\CDRBlock_options:c ⋆
\CDRBlock_options:V ⋆

\CDRCode_options:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}
\CDRBlock_options:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}

\CDRCode_options:c builds a command sequence name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩ used to store the comma list of key value options. \CDRBlock_options:c builds a command sequence name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩ used to store the comma list of key value options.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_options:c #1 {
  CDR@colored/code~options/#1:nn
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_options:c #1 {
  CDR@colored/block~options/#1
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_options:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRCode_options:c
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_options:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRBlock_options:c
}
```

\CDRCode_options_use:c ⋆
\CDRCode_options_use:V ⋆
\CDRBlock_options_use:c ⋆
\CDRBlock_options_use:V ⋆

\CDRCode_options_use:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}
\CDRBlock_options_use:c {⟨*engine name*⟩}

\CDRCode_options_use:c builds a command sequence name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩ and use it. \CDRBlock_options:c builds a command sequence name based on ⟨*engine name*⟩ and use it.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_options_use:c #1 {
  \CDRCode_if_options:cT { #1 } {
    \use:c { \CDRCode_options:c { #1 } }
```

```
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_options_use:c #1 {
  \CDRBlock_if_options:cT { #1 } {
    \use:c { \CDRBlock_options:c { #1 } }
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRCode_options_use:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRCode_options_use:c
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_options_use:V {
  \exp_args:NV \CDRBlock_options_use:c
}
```

`\l_CDR_engine_tl` Storage for an engine name.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_engine_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_engine_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\CDRGetOption` `\CDRGetOption {`⟨*relative key path*⟩`}`

Returns the value given to `\CDRCode` command or `CDRBlock` environment for the ⟨*relative key path*⟩. This function is only available during `\CDRCode` execution and inside `CDRBlock` environment.

## 13.2 Implementation

`\CDRCodeEngineNew` `\CDRCodeEngineNew {`⟨*engine name*⟩`}{`⟨*engine body*⟩`}`
`\CDRCodeEngineRenew` `\CDRCodeEngineRenew{`⟨*engine name*⟩`}{`⟨*engine body*⟩`}`

⟨*engine name*⟩ is a non void string, once expanded. The ⟨*engine body*⟩ is a list of instructions which may refer to the first argument as `#1`, which is the value given for key ⟨*engine name*⟩ `engine options`, and the second argument as `#2`, which is the colored code.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_forbidden:n #1 {
  \group_begin:
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __no_tag, __no_engine }
  \CDR_local_set_known:nN { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \group_end:
}
\NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineNew { mO{}m } {
  \exp_args:Nx
  \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
  } {
    \CDR_forbidden:n { #2 }
    \cs_set:cpn { \CDRCode_options:c { #1 } } { \exp_not:n { #2 } }
    \cs_new:cpn { \CDRCode_engine:c {#1} } ##1 ##2 {
      \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
      #3
```

```
    }
    \ignorespaces
  }
}
```

\CDR_forbidden_keys:n  \CDR_forbidden_keys:n {⟨*key[=value] items*⟩}

Raise an error if one of `tags` and `engine` keys is provided in ⟨*key[=value] items*⟩. These keys are forbidden for the coder options associate to an engine.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_forbidden_keys:n #1 {
  \group_begin:
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __no_tags, __no_engine }
  \CDR_local_set_known:nN { #1 } \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \group_end:
}

\NewDocumentCommand \CDRCodeEngineRenew { mO{}m } {
  \exp_args:Nx
  \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
      \use_none:n
  } {
    \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRCode_engine:c { #1 } } {
      \CDR_forbidden:n { #2 }
      \cs_set:cpn { \CDRCode_options:c { #1 } } { \exp_not:n { #2 } }
      \cs_set:cpn { \CDRCode_engine:c { #1 } } ##1 ##2 {
        \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
        #3
      }
    } {
      \PackageWarning
        { coder }
        { No~code~engine~#1.}
    }
    \ignorespaces
  }
}
```

\CDR@CodeEngineApply  \CDR@CodeEngineApply {⟨*source*⟩}

Get the code engine and apply it to the given ⟨*source*⟩. When the code engine is not recognized, an error is raised. *Implementation detail*: the argument is parsed by the last macro.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
  \CDRCode_if_engine:cF { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine } } {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine }~code~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~‘default’ }
      { See~\CDRCodeEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual }
```

```
    \CDR_tag_set:cn { engine } { default }
  }
  \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
  \exp_args:Nnx
  \use:c { \CDRCode_engine:c { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine } } } {
    \CDR_tag_get:c { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine }~engine~options },
    \CDR_tag_get:c { engine~options }
  }
}
```

\CDRBlockEngineNew
\CDRBlockEngineRenew

\CDRBlockEngineNew {⟨*engine name*⟩} [⟨*options*⟩] {⟨*begin instructions*⟩} {⟨*end instructions*⟩}
\CDRBlockEngineRenew {⟨*engine name*⟩} [⟨*options*⟩] {⟨*begin instructions*⟩} {⟨*end instructions*⟩}

Create a LaTeX environment uniquely named after ⟨*engine name*⟩, which must be a non void string once expanded. The ⟨*begin instructions*⟩ and ⟨*end instructions*⟩ are lists of instructions which may refer to the name as `#1`, which is the value given to `CDRBlock` environment for key ⟨*engine name*⟩ `engine options`. Various options are available with the `\CDRGetOption` function. *Implementation detail*: the fourth argument is parsed by `\NewDocumentEnvironment`.

```
\NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineNew { mO{}m } {
  \CDR_forbidden:n { #2 }
  \cs_set:cpn { \CDRBlock_options:c { #1 } } { \exp_not:n { #2 } }
  \NewDocumentEnvironment { \CDRBlock_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
    \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
    #3
  }
}

\NewDocumentCommand \CDRBlockEngineRenew { mO{}m } {
  \tl_if_empty:nTF { #1 } {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { The~engine~cannot~be~void. }
      { See~\string\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual }
      \use_none:n
  } {
    \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRBlock_engine:c { #1 } } {
      \CDR_forbidden:n { #2 }
      \cs_set:cpn { \CDRBlock_options:c { #1 } } { \exp_not:n { #2 } }
      \RenewDocumentEnvironment { \CDRBlock_engine:c { #1 } } { m } {
        \cs_set_eq:NN \CDRGetOption \CDR_tag_get:c
        #3
      }
    } {
      \PackageError
        { coder }
        { No~block~engine~#1.}
        { See~\string\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual }
    }
  }
}
```

\CDRBlock_engine_begin:
\CDR@Block_engine_end:

\CDRBlock_engine_begin:
\CDRBlock_engine_end:

After some checking, begin the engine display environment with the proper options. The second command closes the environment. This does not start a new group.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_engine_begin: {
  \CDRBlock_if_engine:cF { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine } } {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine }~block~engine~unknown,~replaced~by~‘default’ }
      {See~\CDRBlockEngineNew~in~the~coder~manual}
    \CDR_tag_set:cn { engine } { default }
  }
  \exp_args:Nnx
  \use:c { \CDRBlock_engine:c \CDR_tag_get:c { engine } } {
    \CDR_tag_get:c { \CDR_tag_get:c { engine }~engine~options },
    \CDR_tag_get:c { engine~options },
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_engine_end: {
  \use:c { end \CDRBlock_engine:c \CDR_tag_get:c { engine } }
}
%    \begin{MacroCode}
%
% \subsection{Conditionals}
%
% \begin{function}[EXP,TF]{\CDRCode_if_engine:c}
% \begin{syntax}
% \cs{CDRCode_if_engine:cTF} \Arg{engine name} \Arg{true code} \Arg{false code}
% \end{syntax}
% If there exists a code engine with the given \metatt{engine name},
% execute \metatt{true code}.
% Otherwise, execute \metatt{false code}.
% \end{function}
%    \begin{MacroCode}[OK]
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRCode_if_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRCode_engine:c { #1 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRCode_if_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRCode_engine:V #1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

\CDRBlock_if_engine:c*TF* ⋆

\CDRBlock_if_engine:c {⟨*engine name*⟩} {⟨*true code*⟩} {⟨*false code*⟩}

If there exists a block engine with the given ⟨*engine name*⟩, execute ⟨*true code*⟩, otherwise, execute ⟨*false code*⟩.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRBlock_if_engine:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRBlock_engine:c { #1 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRBlock_if_engine:V { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRBlock_engine:V #1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

`\CDRCode_if_options:c`*TF* ⋆ `\CDRCode_if_options:cTF {`⟨*engine name*⟩`} {`⟨*true code*⟩`} {`⟨*false code*⟩`}`

If there exists a code options with the given ⟨*engine name*⟩, execute ⟨*true code*⟩. Otherwise, execute ⟨*false code*⟩.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRCode_if_options:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRCode_options:c { #1 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRCode_if_options:V { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRCode_options:V #1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

`\CDRBlock_if_options:c`*TF* ⋆ `\CDRBlock_if_options:c {`⟨*engine name*⟩`} {`⟨*true code*⟩`} {`⟨*false code*⟩`}`

If there exists a block options with the given ⟨*engine name*⟩, execute ⟨*true code*⟩, otherwise, execute ⟨*false code*⟩.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRBlock_if_options:c { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRBlock_options:c { #1 } } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDRBlock_if_options:V { p, T, F, TF } {
  \cs_if_exist:cTF { \CDRBlock_options:V #1 } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

### 13.3 Default code engine

The default code engine does nothing special and forwards its argument as is.

```
\CDRCodeEngineNew { default } { #2 }
```

### 13.4 efbox code engine

```
\AtBeginDocument {
  \@ifpackageloaded{efbox} {
    \CDRCodeEngineNew {efbox} {
      \efbox[#1]{#2}
    }
  } {}
}
```

### 13.5 Block mode default engine

```
\CDRBlockEngineNew {default} {
} {
}
```

### 13.6 tcolorbox related engine

If the tcolorbox is loaded, related code and block engines are available.

## 14 \CDRCode function

### 14.1 API

\CDR@Sp `\CDR@Sp`

Private method to eventually make the space character visible using `\FancyVerbSpace` base on `showspaces` value.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@DefinePygSp {
  \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cTF { showspaces } {
    \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Sp {{\FancyVerbSpace}}
  } {
    \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@Sp \space
  }
}
```

\CDRCode `\CDRCode{`⟨*key[=value]*⟩`}`⟨*delimiter*⟩⟨*code*⟩⟨*same delimiter*⟩

Public method to declare inline code.

### 14.2 Storage

\l_CDR_tag_tl To store the tag given.

```
\tl_new:N \l_CDR_tag_tl
```

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_tag_tl`. *This variable is documented on page* **??**.)

## 14.3 `__code` l3keys module

This is the module used to parse the user interface of the `\CDRCode` command.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __code } {
```

✅ **tag=⟨*name*⟩** to use the settings of the already existing named tag to display.

```
  tag .tl_set:N = \l_CDR_tag_tl,
  tag .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **engine options=⟨*engine options*⟩** options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key ⟨*engine name*⟩ `engine options`.

```
  engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

🛑 **__initialize** initialize

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    tag = default,
    engine~options = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,
}
```

## 14.4 Implementation

```
\NewDocumentCommand \CDRCode { O{} } {
  \group_begin:
  \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
  \clist_set:Nn \l_CDR_kv_clist { #1 }
  \CDRCode_tags_setup:N \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDRCode_engine_setup:N \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDR_local_inherit:n {
    __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
  }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDR_local_set_known:N \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDR_local_inherit:n {
    __fancyvrb,
  }
  \CDR_local_set:V \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \CDRCode:n
}
```

---

`\CDRCode_tags_setup:N`
`\CDRCode_engine_setup:N`

`\CDRCode_tags_setup:N {`⟨*clist var*⟩`}`
`\CDRCode_engine_setup:N {`⟨*clist var*⟩`}`

Utility to setup the tags, the tag inheritance tree and the engine. When not provided explicitly with the `tags=...` user interface, a code chunk will have the list of tags stored in `\g_CDR_tags_clist` by last `\CDRExport`, `\CDRSet` or `\CDRBlock` environment. At least one tag must be provided, either implicitly or explicitly.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRCode_tags_setup:N #1 {
\CDR@Debug{\string \CDRCode_tags_setup:N, \string #1 }
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __tags }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N #1
  \CDR_if_tag_exist_here:ccT { __local } { tags } {
    \CDR_tag_get:cN { tags } \l_CDR_clist
    \clist_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_clist {
      \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
    }
  }
  \clist_if_empty:NT \g_CDR_tags_clist {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
  }
\CDR@Debug {CDRCode_tags_setup:N\space\g_CDR_tags_clist}
```

Setup the inheritance tree for the `\CDR_tag_get:...` related functions.

```
  \CDR_get_inherit:f {
    \g_CDR_tags_clist,
    __tags, __engine, __code, default.code, __pygments, default,
  }
}
```

Now setup the engine options if any.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRCode_engine_setup:N #1 {
\CDR@Debug{\string \CDRCode_engine_setup:N, \string #1}
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __engine }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N #1
  \CDR_tag_get:cNT { engine } \l_CDR_tl {
    \clist_put_left:Nx #1 { \CDRCode_options_use:V \l_CDR_tl }
  }
}
```

`\CDRCode:n` `\CDRCode:n` ⟨*delimiter*⟩

Main utility used by `\CDRCode`. The main tricky part is that we must collect the ⟨*key[=value]*⟩ items and feed `\FV@KeyValues` with them in the `aftersave` handler.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRCode:n #1 {
  \bool_if:nTF { \CDR_has_pygments_p: && \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c {pygments}} {
    \cs_set:Npn \CDR@StyleUseTag {
      \CDR@StyleUse { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } }
      \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@StyleUseTag \prg_do_nothing:
    }
    \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
    \SaveVerb [
      aftersave = {
        \exp_args:Nx \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_code_setup() }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('lang') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
```

```
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('cache') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('debug') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {escapeinside} \l_CDR_tl
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('escapeinside') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {mathescape} \l_CDR_tl
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('mathescape') }
        \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('style') }
        \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('source', 'FV@SV@CDR@Source') }
        \clist_set_eq:NN \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
        \FV@UseKeyValues
        \frenchspacing
        \FV@BaseLineStretch
        \FV@FontSize
        \FV@FontFamily
        \FV@FontSeries
        \FV@FontShape
        \selectfont
        \FV@DefineWhiteSpace
        \FancyVerbDefineActive
        \FancyVerbFormatCom
        \CDR@DefinePygSp
        \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
        \CDR@CodeEngineApply {
          \CDR@StyleIfExist { \CDR_tag_get:c { style } } { } {
            \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(true, false) }
            \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
          }
          \CDR@StyleUseTag
          \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(false, true) }
          \makeatletter
          \lua_now:n {
            CDR.synctex_tag = tex.get_synctex_tag();
            CDR.synctex_line = tex.inputlineno;
            tex.set_synctex_mode(1)
          }
          \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cT { mbox } { \mbox } {
            \input { \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }\ignorespaces
          }
          \lua_now:n {
            tex.set_synctex_mode(0)
          }
          \makeatother
        }
        \group_end:
      }
    ] { CDR@Source } #1
  } {
    \DefineShortVerb { #1 }
    \SaveVerb [
      aftersave = {
        \UndefineShortVerb { #1 }
        \cs_set_eq:NN \CDR@FormattingPrep \FV@FormattingPrep
```

```
        \cs_set:Npn \FV@FormattingPrep {
          \CDR@FormattingPrep
          \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
        }
        \CDR@CodeEngineApply { \CDR_if_tag_truthy:cT { mbox } { \mbox } {
          \clist_set_eq:NN \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
          \FV@UseKeyValues
          \FV@FormattingPrep
          \FV@SV@CDR@Code
        } }
        \group_end:
      }
    ] { CDR@Code } #1
  }
}
```

# 15 CDRBlock environment

CDRBlock `\begin{CDRBlock}{`⟨*key[=value] list*⟩`} ... \end{CDRBlock}`

## 15.1 `__block` l3keys module

This module is used to parse the user interface of the `CDRBlock` environment.

```
\CDR_tag_keys_define:nn { __block } {
```

**`no export[=true|false]`** to ignore this code chunk at export time.

```
  no~export .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  no~export .default:n = true,
```

**`no export format=`**⟨***format commands***⟩ a format appended to `format`, `tags format` and `numbers format` when `no export` is `true`.. Initially empty.

```
  no~export~format .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
```

**`dry numbers[=true|false]`** Initially `false`.

```
  dry~numbers .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  dry~numbers .default:n = true,
```

**`test[=true|false]`** whether the chunk is a test,

```
  test .code:n = \CDR_tag_boolean_set:x { #1 },
  test .default:n = true,
```

**`engine options=`**⟨***engine options***⟩ options forwarded to the engine. They are appended to the options given with key ⟨***engine name***⟩ `engine options`. Mainly a convenient user interface shortcut.

```
  engine~options .code:n = \CDR_tag_set:,
  engine~options .value_required:n = true,
```

__initialize initialize

```
  __initialize .meta:n = {
    no~export = false,
    no~export~format = ,
    dry~numbers = false,
    test = false,
    engine~options = ,
  },
  __initialize .value_forbidden:n = true,

}
```

## 15.2 Implementation

### 15.2.1 Storage

__start
__step
__last

For the line numbering, these are loop integer controls.

**__start** for the first index

**__step** for the step, defaults to 1

**__last** for the last index, included

```
\CDR_int_new:cn { __start } { 0 }
\CDR_int_new:cn { __step  } { 0 }
\CDR_int_new:cn { __last  } { 0 }
```

(*End definition for* `__start`, `__step`, *and* `__last`.)

### 15.2.2 Preparation

We start by saving some fancyvrb macros that we further want to extend. The unique mandatory argument of these macros will eventually be recorded to be saved later on.

```
\clist_map_inline:nn { i, ii, iii, iv } {
  \cs_set_eq:cc { CDR@ListProcessLine@ #1 } { FV@ListProcessLine@ #1 }
}
```

\CDRBlock_preflight:n

\CDRBlock_preflight:n {⟨*CDR@Block kv list*⟩}

This is a prefligh hook intended for testing. The default implementation does nothing.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRBlock_preflight:n #1 { }
```

### 15.2.3 Main environment

\l_CDR_vrb_seq

All the lines are scanned and recorded before they are processed.

(*End definition for* `\l_CDR_vrb_seq`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

```
\seq_new:N \l_CDR_vrb_seq
```

`\FVB@CDRBlock` fancyvrb helper to begin the `CDRBlock` environment.

```
\cs_new:Npn \FVB@CDRBlock {
  \@bsphack
  \exp_args:NV \CDRBlock_preflight:n \FV@KeyValues
  \begingroup
  \lua_now:n {
    CDR.synctex_tag = tex.get_synctex_tag();
    CDR.synctex_line = tex.inputlineno;
    tex.set_synctex_mode(1)
  }
  \seq_clear:N \l_CDR_vrb_seq
  \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \FV@ProcessLine ##1 {
    \seq_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_vrb_seq { ##1 }
  }
  \FV@Scan
}
```

`\FVE@CDRBlock` fancyvrb helper to end the `CDRBlock` environment.

```
\cs_new:Npn \FVE@CDRBlock {
  \CDRBlock_setup:
  \CDR_if_no_export:F {
    \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_CDR_vrb_seq {
      \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { ##1 }
      \lua_now:n { CDR:record_line('l_CDR_tl') }
    }
  }
  \CDRBlock_engine_begin:
  \tl_clear:N \FV@ListProcessLastLine
  \CDR_if_pygments:TF {
    \CDRBlock@Pyg
  } {
    \CDRBlock@FV
  }
  \lua_now:n {
    tex.set_synctex_mode(0);
    CDR.synctex_line = 0;
  }
  \CDRBlock_engine_end:
  \CDRBlock_teardown:
  \endgroup
  \@esphack
  \noindent
}
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{CDRBlock}{CDRBlock}{}
%    \begin{MacroCode}
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRBlock_setup: {
\CDR@Debug { \string \CDRBlock_setup: , \FV@KeyValues }
  \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_block: { p, T, F, TF } {
    \prg_return_true:
```

```
  }
  \CDR_tag_keys_set:nn { __block } { __initialize }
```

Read and catch the key value arguments, except the ones related to fancyvrb. Then build the dynamic keys matching ⟨*engine name*⟩ `engine options` for appropriate engine names.

```
  \CDRBlock_tags_setup:N \FV@KeyValues
  \CDRBlock_engine_setup:N \FV@KeyValues
  \CDR_local_inherit:n {
    __block, __pygments.block, default.block,
    __pygments, default
  }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N \FV@KeyValues
  \CDR_tag_provide_from_kv:V \FV@KeyValues
  \CDR_local_set_known:N \FV@KeyValues
 \CDR@Debug{\string \CDRBlock_setup:.KV1:\l_CDR_kv_clist}
```

Now `\FV@KeyValues` is meant to contains only keys related to fancyvrb but we still need to filter them out. If the display engine is not the default one, we catch any key related to framing. Anyways, we catch keys related to numbering because line numbering is completely performed by coder.

```
  \CDR_local_inherit:n {
    \CDR_if_tag_eq:cnF { engine } { default } {
      __fancyvrb.frame,
    },
    __fancyvrb.number,
  }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N \FV@KeyValues
```

These keys are read without removing them later and eventually forwarded to fancyvrb through its natural `\FV@UseKeyValues` mechanism.

```
  \CDR_local_inherit:n {
    __fancyvrb.block,
    __fancyvrb,
  }
  \CDR_local_set_known:VN \FV@KeyValues \l_CDR_kv_clist
  \lua_now:n {
    CDR:hilight_block_setup('g_CDR_tags_clist')
  }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_pygments:
    { \CDR_has_pygments_p: && \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c { pygments } }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_no_export:
    { \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c { no~export } }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_numbers_dry:
    { \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c { dry~numbers } }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_dry_tags:
    { \CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn { show~tags } { dry } }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_number_on:
    { ! \CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn { numbers } { none } }
  \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_already_tags: {
    \CDR_if_tag_truthy_p:c { only~top } &&
    \CDR_clist_if_eq_p:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \g_CDR_last_tags_clist
```

```
  }
  \CDR_if_number_on:T {
    \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
      \CDR_int_if_exist:cF { ##1 } {
        \CDR_int_new:cn { ##1 } { 1 }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

`\CDRBlock_teardown:` `\CDRBlock_teardown:`

Update the stored line numbers and send the `hilight_block_teardown` message to `CDR`.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRBlock_teardown: {
  \bool_if:nT { \CDR_if_number_on_p: && !\CDR_if_numbers_dry_p: } {
    \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { \seq_count:N \l_CDR_vrb_seq }
    \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
      \CDR_int_gadd:cn { ##1 } { \l_CDR_tl }
    }
  }
  \lua_now:n {
    CDR:hilight_block_teardown()
  }
  \CDR_if_dry_tags:F {
    \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_last_tags_clist \g_CDR_tags_clist
  }
}
```

### 15.2.4 pygments only

Parts of `CDRBlock` environment specific to pygments.

`\CDRBlock@Pyg` `\CDRBlock@Pyg`

The code chunk is stored line by line in `\l_CDR_vrb_seq`. Use pygments to colorize the code, and use fancyvrb once more to display the colored code.

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn \CDRBlock@Pyg {
\CDR@Debug { \string\CDRBlock@Pyg / \the\inputlineno }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {lang} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('lang') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {cache} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('cache') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {debug} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('debug') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {texcomments} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('texcomments') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {escapeinside} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('escapeinside') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {mathescape} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('mathescape') }
  \CDR_tag_get:cN {style} \l_CDR_tl
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_set_var('style') }
```

```
  \cctab_select:N \c_document_cctab
  \CDR@StyleIfExist { \l_CDR_tl } { } {
    \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(true, false) }
    \input { \l_CDR_pyg_sty_tl }
  }
  \CDR@StyleUseTag
  \CDR@DefinePygSp
  \lua_now:n { CDR:hilight_source(false, true) }
  \fvset{ commandchars=\\\{\} }
  \FV@UseVerbatim {
    \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
    \CDR_if_no_export:T {
      \CDR_tag_get:c { no~export~format }
    }
    \makeatletter
    \input{ \l_CDR_pyg_tex_tl }\ignorespaces
    \makeatother
  }
}
```

### Info

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@NumberFormat {
  \CDR_tag_get:c { numbers~format }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@NumberSep {
  \hspace{ \CDR_tag_get:c { numbersep } }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@TagsFormat {
  \CDR_tag_get:c { tags~format }
}
```

\CDR_info_N_L:n
\CDR_info_N_R:n
\CDR_info_T_L:n
\CDR_info_T_R:n

\CDR_info_N_L:n {⟨*line number*⟩}
\CDR_info_T_L:n {⟨*line number*⟩}

Core methods to display the left and right information. The `T` variants contain tags informations, they are only used on the first line eventually. The `N` variants are for line numbers only.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_info_N_L:n #1 {
  \hbox_overlap_left:n {
    \cs_set:Npn \baselinestretch { 1 }
    { \CDR@NumberFormat
      #1
    }
    \CDR@NumberSep
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_info_T_L:n #1 {
  \hbox_overlap_left:n {
    \cs_set:Npn \baselinestretch { 1 }
    \CDR@NumberFormat
    \smash{
    \parbox[b]{\marginparwidth}{
```

```
      \raggedleft
        { \CDR@TagsFormat \g_CDR_tags_clist :}
      }
      #1
    }
    \CDR@NumberSep
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_info_N_R:n #1 {
  \hbox_overlap_right:n {
    \CDR@NumberSep
    \cs_set:Npn \baselinestretch { 1 }
    \CDR@NumberFormat
    #1
  }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_info_T_R:n #1 {
  \hbox_overlap_right:n {
    \cs_set:Npn \baselinestretch { 1 }
    \CDR@NumberSep
    \CDR@NumberFormat
    \smash {
      \parbox[b]{\marginparwidth}{
        \raggedright
        #1:
        {\CDR@TagsFormat \space \g_CDR_tags_clist}
      }
    }
  }
}
```

`\CDR_number_alt:n` First line.

```
\cs_set:Npn \CDR_number_alt:n #1 {
  \use:c { CDRNumber
    \CDR_if_number_main:nTF { #1 } { Main } { Other }
  } { #1 }
}
\cs_set:Npn \CDR_number_alt: {
\CDR@Debug{ALT: \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
  \CDR_number_alt:n { \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
}
```

`\CDRNumberMain` `\CDRNumberMain {`⟨*integer expression*⟩`}`
`\CDRNumberOther` `\CDRNumberOther {`⟨*integer expression*⟩`}`
`\CDRIfLR` `\CDRIfLR {`⟨*left commands*⟩`} {`⟨*right commands*⟩`}`

This is used when typesseting line numbers. The default `...Other` function just gobble one argument. The ⟨*integer expression*⟩ is exactly what will be displayed. The `\cs{CDRIfLR}` allows to format the numbers differently on the left and on the right.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDRNumberMain {
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDRNumberOther {
                \use_none:n
}
```

`\CDR@NumberMain` `\CDR@NumberMain`
`\CDR@NumberOther` `\CDR@NumberOther`

Respectively apply `\CDR@NumberMain` or `\CDR@NumberOther` on `\CDR_int_use:c { __n }`

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@NumberMain {
                \CDRNumberMain { \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@NumberOther {
                \CDRNumberOther { \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
}
```

**Boxes for lines** The first index is for the tags (`L`, `R`, `N`, `A`, `M`), the second for the numbers (`L`, `R`, `N`). `L` stands for left, `R` stands for right, `N` stands for nothing, `S` stands for same side as numbers, `O` stands for opposite side of numbers.

`\CDR_line_[LRNSO]_[LRN]:nn` `\CDR_line_[LRNSO]_[LRN]:nn {⟨line number⟩} {⟨line content⟩}`

These functions may be called by `\CDR_line:nnn` on each block. `LRNSO` corresponds to the `show tags` options whereas `LRN` corresponds to the `numbers` options. These functions display the first line and setup the next one.

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_N_N:n {
\CDR@Debug {Debug.CDR_line_N_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box_N:n
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_L_N:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {Debug.CDR_line_L_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { \CDR_info_T_L:n { } } { #1 } { }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_R_N:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {Debug.CDR_line_R_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #1 } { \CDR_info_T_R:n { } }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_S_N:n {
\CDR@Debug {Debug.CDR_line_S_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box_N:n
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_O_N:n {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_O_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box_N:n
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_N_L:n #1 {
```

```
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_N_L:n}
  \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
    \CDR_line_box:nnn {
      \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
    } { #1 } {}
  } {
    \CDR_if_number_main:nTF { \CDR_int:c { __n } + 1 } {
      \CDR_line_box_L:n { #1 }
    } {
      \CDR_line_box:nnn {
        \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
      } { #1 } {}
    }
  }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_L_L:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_L_L:n}
  \CDR_if_number_single:TF {
    \CDR_line_box:nnn {
      \CDR_info_T_L:n { \space \CDR@NumberMain }
    } { #1 } {}
  } {
    \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
        \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
          \CDR_line_box_L:nn { \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberOther } }
        }
        \CDR_line_box_L:nn { \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberMain } }
      }
    } {
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
        \CDR_line_box_L:nn { \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR_number_alt: } }
      }
    }
    \CDR_line_box:nnn { \CDR_info_T_L:n { } } { #1 } { }
  }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_R_R:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_R_R:n}
  \CDR_if_number_single:TF {
    \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #1 } {
      \CDR_info_T_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
    }
  } {
    \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
        \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
          \CDR_line_box_R:nn { \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberOther } }
        }
        \CDR_line_box_R:nn { \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain } }
      }
    } {
```

```
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line {
        \CDR_line_box_R:nn { \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR_number_alt: } }
      }
    }
    \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #1 } { \CDR_info_T_R:n { } }
  }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_R_L:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_R_L:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn {
    \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
      \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
    } {
      \CDR_if_number_main:nTF { \CDR_int:c { __n } + 1 } {
        \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR_number_alt: }
      } {
        \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
      }
    }
  } { #1 } {
    \CDR_info_T_R:n { }
  }
}

\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_S_L:n \CDR_line_L_L:n
\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_O_L:n \CDR_line_R_L:n

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_N_R:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_N_R:n}
  \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
    \CDR_line_box:nnn {} { #1 } {
      \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
    }
  } {
    \CDR_if_number_main:nTF { \CDR_int:c { __n } + 1 } {
      \CDR_line_box_R:n { #1 }
    } {
      \CDR_line_box:nnn {} { #1 } {
        \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
      }
    }
  }
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_L_R:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_L_R:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn {
    \CDR_info_T_L:n { }
  } { #1 } {
    \CDR_if_no_number:TF {
      \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
    } {
      \CDR_if_number_main:nTF { \CDR_int:c { __n } + 1 } {
```

```
        \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR_number_alt: }
      } {
        \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR@NumberMain }
      }
    }
  }
}

\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_S_R:n \CDR_line_R_R:n
\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_O_R:n \CDR_line_L_R:n


\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_N:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_box_N:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #1 } {}
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_L:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_box_L:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn {
    \CDR_info_N_L:n { \CDR_number_alt: }
  } { #1 } {}
}

\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_R:n #1 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_box_R:n}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #1 } {
    \CDR_info_N_R:n { \CDR_number_alt: }
  }
}
```

\CDR_line_box:nnn
\CDR_line_box_L:nn
\CDR_line_box_R:nn
\CDR_line_box:nn

```
\CDR_line_box:nnn {⟨left info⟩} {⟨line content⟩} {⟨right info⟩}
\CDR_line_box_L:nn {⟨left info⟩} {⟨line content⟩}
\CDR_line_box_R:nn {⟨right info⟩} {⟨line content⟩}
```

Returns an hbox with the given material. The first `LR` command is the reference, from which are derived the `L`, `R` and `N` commands. At run time the `\CDR_line_box:nn` is defined to call one of the above commands (with the same signarture).

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box:nnn #1 #2 #3 {
\CDR@Debug {\string\CDR_line_box:nnn/\tl_to_str:n{#1}/.../\tl_to_str:n{#3}/}
  \directlua {
    tex.set_synctex_tag( CDR.synctex_tag )
  }

  \lua_now:e {
    tex.set_synctex_line(CDR.synctex_line +( \CDR_int_use:c { __i }) )
  }
  \hbox to \hsize {
    \kern \leftmargin
    {
      \let\CDRIfLR\use_i:nn
      #1
    }
```

```
    \hbox to \linewidth {
      \FV@LeftListFrame
      #2
      \hss
      \FV@RightListFrame
    }
    {
      \let\CDRIfLR\use_ii:nn
      #3
    }
  }
  \ignorespaces
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_L:nn #1 #2 {
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { #1 } { #2 } {}
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_R:nn #1 #2 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_box_R:nn}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { } {#2} { #1 }
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line_box_N:nn #1 #2 {
\CDR@Debug {STEP:CDR_line_box_N:nn}
  \CDR_line_box:nnn { } { #2 } {}
}
```

### Lines

```
\cs_new:Npn \CDR@Line {
\CDR@Debug {\string\CDR@Line}
  \peek_meaning_ignore_spaces:NTF [%]
  { \CDR_line:nnn } {
    \PackageError
      { coder }
      { Missing~`[`% }
        ~at~first~\string\CDR@Line~call }
      { See~the~coder~developper~manual }
  }
}
```

---

`\CDR_line:nnn` `\CDR_line:nnn {⟨CDR@Line kv list⟩} {⟨line index⟩} {⟨line content⟩}`

This is the very first command called when typesetting. Some setup are made for line numbering, in particular the `\CDR_if_visible_at_index:n...` family is set here. The first line must read `\CDR@Line[last=...]{1}{...}`, be it input from any `...pyg.tex` files or directly, like for fancyvrb usage. The line index refers to the lines in the source, what is displayed is a line number.

```
\keys_define:nn { CDR@Line } {
  last .code:n = \CDR_int_set:cn { __last } { #1 },
}
\cs_new:Npn \CDR_line:nnn [ #1 ] #2 {
\CDR@Debug {\string\CDR_line:nnn}
  \keys_set:nn { CDR@Line } { #1 }
```

```
  \CDR_if_number_on:TF {
    \CDR_int_set:cn { __n } { 1 }
    \CDR_int_set:cn { __i } { 1 }
```

Set the first line number.

```
     \CDR_int_set:cn { __start } { 1 }
    \CDR_if_tag_eq:cnTF { firstnumber } { last } {
      \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
        \clist_map_break:n {
          \CDR_int_set:cc { __start } { ##1 }
\CDR@Debug {START: ##1=\CDR_int_use:c { ##1 } }
        }
      }
    } {
      \CDR_if_tag_eq:cnF { firstnumber } { auto } {
        \CDR_int_set:cn { __start } { \CDR_tag_get:c { firstnumber } }
      }
    }
```

Make `__last` absolute only after defining the `\CDR_if_number_single...` conditionals.

```
    \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_number_single: {
      \CDR_int_compare_p:cNn { __last } = 1
    }
\CDR@Debug{****** TEST: \CDR_if_number_single:TF { SINGLE } { MULTI } }
    \CDR_int_add:cn { __last } { \CDR_int:c { __start } - 1 }
    \CDR_int_set:cn { __step } { \CDR_tag_get:c { stepnumber } }
\CDR@Debug {CDR_line:nnn:START/STEP/LAST=\CDR_int_use:c { __start }/\CDR_int_use:c { __step } /\
```

---

`\CDR_if_visible_at_index_p:n` ⋆ `\CDR_if_visible_at_index:nTF {`⟨*relative line number*⟩`} {`⟨*true code*⟩`}`
`\CDR_if_visible_at_index:n`*TF* ⋆ `{`⟨*false code*⟩`}`

---

The ⟨*relative line number*⟩ is the first braced token after `\CDR@Line` in the various colored `...pyg.tex` files. Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ if the ⟨*relative line number*⟩ is visible, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise. The ⟨*relative line number*⟩ visibility depends on the value relative to first number and the step. This is relavant only when line numbering is enabled. Some setup are made for line numbering, in particular the `\CDR_if_visible_at_index:n...` family is set here.

```
    \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn \CDR_if_visible_at_index:n {
      \CDR_if_number_visible_p:n { ##1 + \CDR_int:c { __start } - (#2) }
    }
    \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn \CDR_if_number_visible:n {
      ! \CDR_int_compare_p:cNn { __last } < { ##1 }
    }
    \CDR_int_compare:cNnTF { __step } < 2 {
      \CDR_int_set:cn { __step } { 1 }
      \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn \CDR_if_number_main:n {
        \CDR_if_number_visible_p:n { ##1 }
      }
    } {
      \CDR_set_conditional_alt:Nn \CDR_if_number_main:n {
        \int_compare_p:nNn {
```

```
          ( ##1 ) / \CDR_int:c { __step }  * \CDR_int:c { __step }
        } = { ##1 }
        && \CDR_if_number_visible_p:n { ##1 }
      }
    }
\CDR@Debug {CDR_line:nnn:1}
    \CDR_set_conditional:Nn \CDR_if_no_number: {
      \CDR_int_compare_p:cNn { __start } > {
        \CDR_int:c { __last } / \CDR_int:c { __step } * \CDR_int:c { __step }
      }
    }
    \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Line ##1 {
\CDR@Debug {\string\CDR@Line(A), \the\inputlineno}
      \CDR_int_set:cn { __i } { ##1 }
      \CDR_int_set:cn { __n } { ##1 + \CDR_int:c { __start } - (#2) }
      \tl_set:Nx \@currentlabel { \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
      {
        \advance\interlinepenalty\widowpenalty
        \bool_if:nT {
          \CDR_int_compare_p:cNn { __n } = { 2 }
         || \CDR_int_compare_p:cNn { __n } = { \CDR_int:c { __last } }
        } {
          \advance\interlinepenalty\clubpenalty
        }
        \penalty\interlinepenalty
      }
      \CDR@@Line
    }
    \CDR_int_set:cn { __n } { 1 + \CDR_int:c { __start } - (#2) }
    \tl_set:Nx \@currentlabel { \CDR_int_use:c { __n } }
  } {
\CDR@Debug {NUMBER~OFF}
    \cs_set:Npn \CDR@Line ##1 {
\CDR@Debug {\string\CDR@Line(B), \the\inputlineno}
      \CDR@@Line
    }
  }
\CDR@Debug {STEP_S, \CDR_int_use:c {__step}, \CDR_int_use:c {__last} }
```

Convenient method to branch whether one line number will be displayed or not, considering the stepping. When numbering is on, each code chunk must have at least one number. One solution is to allways display the first one but it is not satisfying when lines are numbered stepwise, moreover when the tags should be displayed.

```
  \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_tl
  \CDR_if_already_tags:TF {
    \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _N }
  } {
    \exp_args:Nx
    \str_case:nnF { \CDR_tag_get:c { show~tags } } {
      { left  } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _L } }
      { right } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _R } }
      { none  } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _N } }
      { dry   } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _N } }
```

```
      { numbers } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _S } }
      { mirror  } { \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _O } }
    } { \PackageError
        { coder }
        { Unknown~show~tags~options~:~ \CDR_tag_get:c { show~tags } }
        { See~the~coder~manual }
    }
  }
```

By default, the next line is displayed with no tag, but the real content may change to save space.

```
  \exp_args:Nx
  \str_case:nnF { \CDR_tag_get:c { numbers } } {
    { left  } {
      \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _L }
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line { \CDR_line_box_L:n }
    }
    { right } {
      \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _R }
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line { \CDR_line_box_R:n }
    }
    { none  } {
      \tl_put_right:Nn \l_CDR_tl { _N }
      \cs_set:Npn \CDR@@Line { \CDR_line_box_N:n }
    }
  } { \PackageError
      { coder }
      { Unknown~numbers~options~:~ \CDR_tag_get:c { numbers } }
      { See~the~coder~manual }
  }
\CDR@Debug {BRANCH:CDR_line \l_CDR_tl :n}
  \use:c { CDR_line \l_CDR_tl :n }
}
```

### 15.2.5 fancyvrb only

pygments is not used, fall back to fancyvrb features.

CDRBlock@FV  \CDRBlock@Fv

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \CDRBlock@FV {
\CDR@Debug {DEBUG.Block.FV}
  \FV@UseKeyValues
  \FV@UseVerbatim {
    \CDR_tag_get:c { format }
    \CDR_if_no_export:T {
      \CDR_tag_get:c { no~export~format }
    }
    \tl_set:Nx \l_CDR_tl { [ last=%]
      \seq_count:N \l_CDR_vrb_seq %[
    ] }
    \seq_map_indexed_inline:Nn \l_CDR_vrb_seq {
      \exp_last_unbraced:NV \CDR@Line \l_CDR_tl { ##1 } { ##2 }
```

```
      \tl_clear:N \l_CDR_tl
    }
  }
}
```

### 15.2.6 Utilities

This is put aside for better clarity.

`\CDR_if_middle_column:` `\CDR_if_right_column:`

```
\CDR_int_if_middle_column:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
\CDR_int_if_right_column:TF {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
```

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when in the middle or right column, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_middle_column: { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_right_column:  { p, T, F, TF } { \prg_return_false: }
```

Various utility conditionals: their purpose is to clarify the code. They are available in the `CDRBlock` environment only.

`\CDR_if_tags_visible_p:n` ⋆ `\CDR_if_tags_visible:nTF` ⋆

```
\CDR_if_tags_visible:nTF {⟨left|right⟩} {⟨true code⟩} {⟨false code⟩}
```

Whether the tags should be visible, at the left or at the right.

```
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_tags_visible:n { p, T, F, TF } {
  \bool_if:nTF {
    ( \CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn { show~tags } { ##1 } ||
      \CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn { show~tags } { numbers } &&
      \CDR_if_tag_eq_p:cn { numbers } { ##1 }
    ) && ! \CDR_if_already_tags_p:
  } {
    \prg_return_true:
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  }
}
```

`\CDRBlock_tags_setup:N` `\CDRBlock_engine_setup:N`

Utility to setup the tags, the tag inheritance tree and the engine. When not provided explicitly with the `tags=...` user interface, a code chunk will have the list of tags stored in `\g_CDR_tags_clist` by last `\CDRExport`, `\CDRSet` or `\CDRBlock` environment. At least one tag must be provided, either implicitly or explicitly.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRBlock_tags_setup:N #1 {
\CDR@Debug{ \string \CDRBlock_tags_setup:N, \string #1 }
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __tags }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N #1
  \CDR_if_tag_exist_here:ccT { __local } { tags } {
    \CDR_tag_get:cN { tags } \l_CDR_clist
    \clist_if_empty:NF \l_CDR_clist {
      \clist_gset_eq:NN \g_CDR_tags_clist \l_CDR_clist
    }
  }
```

```
  \clist_if_empty:NT \g_CDR_tags_clist {
    \PackageWarning
      { coder }
      { No~(default)~tags~provided. }
  }
\CDR@Debug {CDRBlock_tags_setup:N\space\g_CDR_tags_clist}
```

Setup the inheritance tree for the `\CDR_tag_get:...` related functions.

```
  \CDR_get_inherit:f {
    \g_CDR_tags_clist,
    __block, __tags, __engine, default.block, __pygments.block,
    __fancyvrb.block __fancyvrb.frame, __fancyvrb.number,
    __pygments, default, __fancyvrb,
  }
```

For each ⟨*tag name*⟩, create an l3int variable and initialize it to 1.

```
  \clist_map_inline:Nn \g_CDR_tags_clist {
    \CDR_int_if_exist:cF { ##1 } {
      \CDR_int_new:cn { ##1 } { 1 }
    }
  }
}
```

Now setup the engine options if any.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \CDRBlock_engine_setup:N #1 {
\CDR@Debug{ \string \CDRBlock_engine_setup:N, \string #1 }
  \CDR_local_inherit:n { __engine }
  \CDR_local_set_known:N #1
  \CDR_tag_get:cNT { engine } \l_CDR_tl {
    \clist_put_left:Nx #1 { \CDRBlock_options_use:V \l_CDR_tl }
  }
}
```

# 16 Management

`\g_CDR_in_impl_bool` Whether we are currently in the implementation section.

```
\bool_new:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_in_impl_bool`. *This variable is documented on page* ??.)

`\CDR_if_show_code_p:` ⋆
`\CDR_if_show_code:`*TF* ⋆

`\CDR_if_show_code:TF {`⟨*true code*⟩`} {`⟨*false code*⟩`}`

Execute ⟨*true code*⟩ when code should be printed, ⟨*false code*⟩ otherwise.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \CDR_if_show_code: { p, T, F, TF } {
  \bool_if:nTF {
    \g_CDR_in_impl_bool && !\g_CDR_with_impl_bool
  } {
    \prg_return_false:
  } {
    \prg_return_true:
  }
}
```

\g_CDR_with_impl_bool

```
\bool_new:N \g_CDR_with_impl_bool
```

(*End definition for* `\g_CDR_with_impl_bool`. *This variable is documented on page* **??**.)

`\CDRPreamble` `\CDRPreamble {⟨variable⟩} {⟨file name⟩}`

Store the content of ⟨*file name*⟩ into the variable ⟨*variable*⟩. This is currently unstable.

```
\DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRPreamble { m m } {
  \msg_info:nnn
    { coder }
    { :n }
    { Reading~preamble~from~file~"#2". }
  \tl_set:Nn \l_CDR_tl { #2 }
  \exp_args:NNx
  \tl_set:Nx #1 { \lua_now:n {CDR.print_file_content('l_CDR_tl')} }
}
```

# 17 Section separators

`\CDRImplementation` `\CDRImplementation`
`\CDRFinale` `\CDRFinale`

`\CDRImplementation` start an implementation part where all the sectioning commands do nothing, whereas `\CDRFinale` stop an implementation part.

# 18 Finale

```
\newcounter{CDR@impl@page}
\DeclareDocumentCommand \CDRImplementation {} {
  \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
    \clearpage
    \bool_gset_true:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
    \let\CDR@old@part\part
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\part{som}{}
    \let\CDR@old@section\section
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\section{som}{}
    \let\CDR@old@subsection\subsection
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsection{som}{}
    \let\CDR@old@subsubsection\subsubsection
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\subsubsection{som}{}
    \let\CDR@old@paragraph\paragraph
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\paragraph{som}{}
    \let\CDR@old@subparagraph\subparagraph
    \DeclareDocumentCommand\subparagraph{som}{}
    \cs_if_exist:NT \refsection{ \refsection }
    \setcounter{ CDR@impl@page }{ \value{page} }
  }
}
\DeclareDocumentCommand\CDRFinale {} {
  \bool_if:NF \g_CDR_with_impl_bool {
```

```
    \clearpage
    \bool_gset_false:N \g_CDR_in_impl_bool
    \let\part\CDR@old@part
    \let\section\CDR@old@section
    \let\subsection\CDR@old@subsection
    \let\subsubsection\CDR@old@subsubsection
    \let\paragraph\CDR@old@paragraph
    \let\subparagraph\CDR@old@subparagraph
    \setcounter { page } { \value{ CDR@impl@page } }
  }
}
%\cs_set_eq:NN \CDR_line_number: \prg_do_nothing:
```

# 19 Finale

```
%\AddToHook { cmd/FancyVerbFormatLine/before } {
%  \CDR_line_number:
%}


\ExplSyntaxOff

```

Input a configuration file named `coder.cfg`, if any.

```
\AtBeginDocument{
  \InputIfFileExists{coder.cfg}{}{}
}
%</sty>
```