

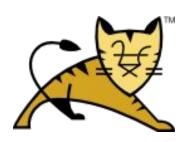


# Hands-on session 4: Jakarta EE - Part 2 Servlets & JSP

Distributed Systems and Middleware Technologies 2023/2024

#### Agenda

- 1. Jakarta EE evolution
- 2. Creating a Maven Java Web Application
- The web.xml file for Jakarta EE 10
- 4. JSP Why?
- 5. JSP scriptlet tag
- 6. JSP expression tag
- 7. JSP dynamic HTML generation
- 8. Servlet & JSP
- 9. Exercises





#### Jakarta EE evolution



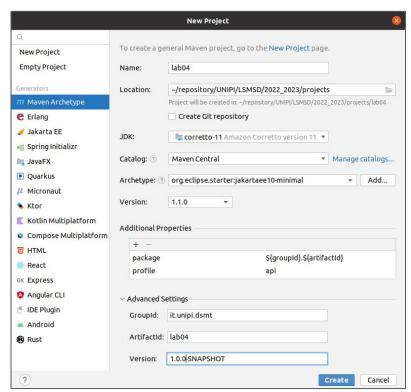
#### Java enterprise platform history

Platform version	Released	Specification	Java SE Support	Important	t Changes
Jakarta EE 10	2022-09-13 <sup>[9]</sup>	10₫	Java SE 17 Java SE 11	Removal of deprecated items in Servlet, Faces, CDI and EJE	3 (Entity Beans and Embeddable Container). CDI-Build Time.
Jakarta EE 9.1	2021-05-25 <sup>[10]</sup>	9.14	Java SE 11 Java SE 8	JDK 11 support	In this lab session, we
Jakarta EE 9	2020-12-08 <sup>[11]</sup>	9년	Java SE 8	API namespace move from javax to jakarta	are going to work with
Jakarta EE 8	2019-09-10 <sup>[12]</sup>	8년	Java SE 8	Full compatibility with Java EE 8	this version
Java EE 8	2017-08-31	JSR 366 ₺	Java SE 8	HTTP/2 and CDI based Security	
Java EE 7	2013-05-28	JSR 342₺	Java SE 7	WebSocket, JSON and HTML5 support	
Java EE 6	2009-12-10	JSR 316₺	Java SE 6	CDI managed Beans and REST	
Java EE 5	2006-05-11	JSR 24412	Java SE 5	Java annotations	
J2EE 1.4	2003-11-11	JSR 151₺	J2SE 1.4	WS-I interoperable web services <sup>[13]</sup>	
J2EE 1.3	2001-09-24	JSR 58 ₺	J2SE 1.3	Java connector architecture <sup>[14]</sup>	
J2EE 1.2	1999-12-17	1.2년	J2SE 1.2	Initial specification release	

Source: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jakarta\_EE">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jakarta\_EE</a>

# Creating a Maven Java Web Application (1)

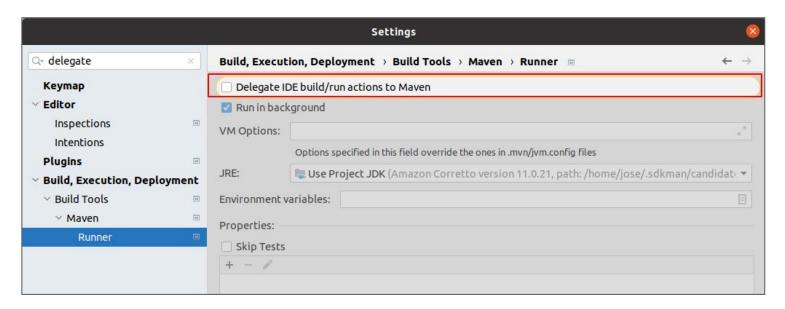




 Same steps as in the previous hands-on session

#### Creating a Maven Java Web Application (2)





Do not forget to delegate build/run actions to Apache Maven

# Creating a Maven Java Web Application (3)



Once your project is created, create a file **src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/web.xml** with the following content:

Servlet 6.0 Specification.

In addition to this, please add a new index.jsp file.

Jakarta Specifications for each version: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jakarta\_EE#Web\_profile

#### Creating a Maven Java Web Application (4)



Also, modify the file **pom.xml** by updating the maven compiler source/target to 11.

# Running our first Maven Java Web Application Jakarta EE

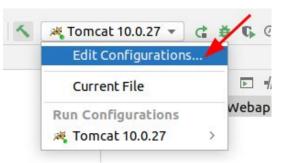


Please download Apache Tomcat 10.0.27. After downloading and uncomprezing Apache Tomcat 10.0.27 zip file, grant execution permission to all sh files inside the bin directory:

cd bin chmod +x \*.sh

Finally, create a "configuration" to run this new Web Application and make sure to register and select Apache Tomcat 10.0.27 with this configuration (same steps as we did in our previous hands-on

session).



#### JSP - Why? (1)



So far in the previous exercises we generated the HTML content inside the Servlet code. Handling the HTML code generation at that level is difficult to maintain.

```
@WebServlet(name = "CalculatorServlet", value = "/CalculatorServlet")
public class CalculatorServlet extends HttpServlet {
   protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException
       int a = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("a"));
       int b = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("b"));
       String action = request.getParameter("action");
       double result = 0;
       switch(action){
           case "add":
               result = a + b;
               break:
           case "sub":
               result = a - b;
               break:
           case "mul":
               result = a * b;
               break;
           case "div":
               result = a * 1.0 / b:
               break:
       StringBuilder html = new StringBuilder();
       html.append("<html>");
       html.append("<body>");
       html.append("<h1>"):
       html.append("You sent: a = ").append(a).append(", b = ").append(b).append("<br/>");
       html.append("Action: ").append(action).append("<br>");
       html.append("Result: ").append(result);
       html.append("</h1>");
       html.append("</body>");
       html.append("</html>");
       response.setContentType("text/html");
       response.getWriter().write(html.toString());
       response.getWriter().flush();
       response.getWriter().close():
```

Small piece of HTML code generation.

#### JSP - Why? (2)



JavaServer Pages technology allow us to combine Java code, HTML and JSP tags to generate HTML dynamically. An example of JSP:

#### JSP - scriptlet tag



This tag is used to include Java code inside a JSP file.

#### Each instruction is delimited by a;

#### JSP - expression tag



This tag is used to "print" a string value into the HTML content.

					Begin	End
<h1>Welcome,</h1>	the	current	time	is	<%= currentDate	Time %>

There is no need to end the expression with;

Very used operator: ternary operator -> condition ? expression1 : expression2

# JSP - dynamic HTML generation (1)

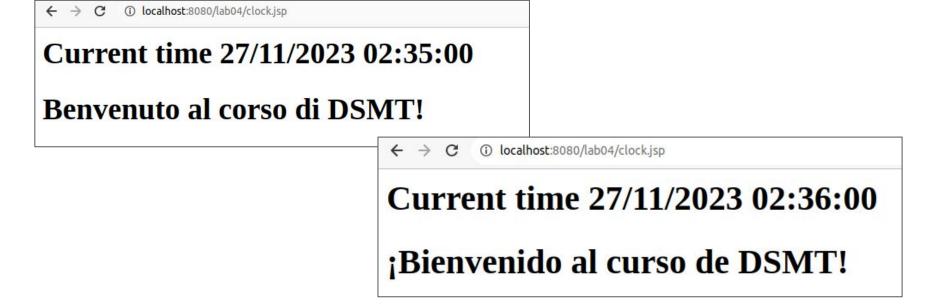


We can combine Java code with HTML to generate content dynamically.

#### JSP - Coding time! - 10 min



Creates a JSP that prints "Benvenuto al corso di DSMT!" when the minutes of the current clock is odd or "¡Bienvenido al curso de DSMT!" when it is even.



### JSP - Coding time! - 10 min



Create a JSP page that prints N times an Input text as it is show in the next image:

# **Example of HTML dynamic generation**

Input 0	Value here 0	
Input 1	Value here 1	
Input 2	Value here 2	
Input 3	Value here 3	
Input 4	Value here 4	
Input 5	Value here 5	
Input 6	Value here 6	
Input 7	Value here 7	
Input 8	Value here 8	
Input 9	Value here 9	

#### JSP - Coding time! - 3 min



Modify the previous example to receive the number of times the HTML Input element is printed as HTTP request parameter. In case this value is not sent, print 10 times this element.

### JSP - dynamic HTML generation (2)



We can hide/show content based on some conditions.

```
List<String> people = (List<String>) session.getAttribute("people");
boolean notEmptyPeople = people != null && !people.isEmpty();

if (notEmptyPeople) {

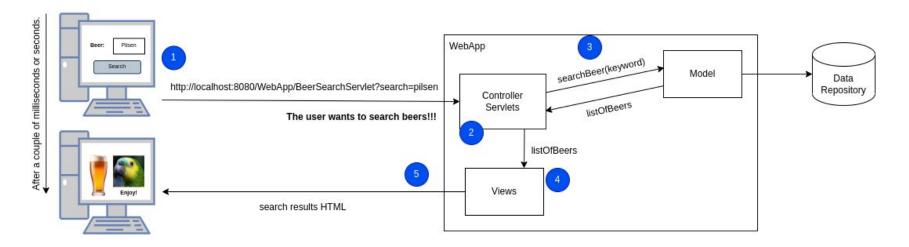
     There are <%= people.size() + "" %> people registered.

 lse { %>
     No people found.
```

#### Servlets & JSP (1)



In the MVC model, a request (1) is sent and received by a **Controller**. This is in charge of determining what functionality a user wants to execute (2). Usually, it is required to perform some operations (i.e. CRUD) on the **Model (DAO, Entities, DTOs, etc.) (3)**. Finally, a **view** is used to generate the response (4) to be sent to the requester (5).



#### Servlets & JSP (2)



So far we know that in the JSP, we have access to the following variables: request, session, response, application, pageContext, etc. Once a request arrives to the Controller, we can determine what functionality a user wants. In the code below, it is obvious that the user want to perform a search on beers. As next step, it is required to fetch the list of beers and forward that list to a JSP page in order to generate the final HTML to be sent as response.

#### Servlets & JSP (3)



In the JSP side, we just need to get from the request the list of beers and generate the HTML content by iterating that list.

```
< %
                                                                                                                    Retrieve the list of
       List<BeerDTO> beerDTOList = (List<BeerDTO>) request.getAttribute("beers");
                                                                                                                   beers from the
응>
                                                                                                                   request.
<% for(BeerDTO beer: beerDTOList) { %>
<div class="col">
  <div class="card shadow-sm">
    <img class="product img" src="<%= beer.getImageUrl()%>" />
    <div class="card-body">
      <%= beer.getName() %>
      <div class="d-flex justify-content-between align-items-center">
                                                                                                Generating the
        <div class="btn-group">
          <button type="button" class="btn btn-sm btn-outline-secondary">View</button>
                                                                                                HTML content.
          <button type="button" class="btn btn-sm btn-outline-secondary">Add to cart</button>
        <small class="text-muted">Rating: <%= beer.getRating() %></small>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
 </div>
 <% } %>
```

#### Exercise 01: Search beer filter



Implement the logic to support the search beer functionality. Currently there exists a method in the model that allows filtering by a keyword, modify it. In case no results found, a message "No results found." should be displayed in the web page.

Search 10 mp. nec	Search	From price	To Price	Search
-------------------	--------	------------	----------	--------

#### Exercise 02: Registering a new beer



Implement the logic to register a new beer. When a user clicks on the "Add new beer" button, a new web page is displayed and a user can enter the information of the following fields: name, imageUrl and rating. After submitting that information, the new beer is registered. Make the needed changes to complete this functionality.

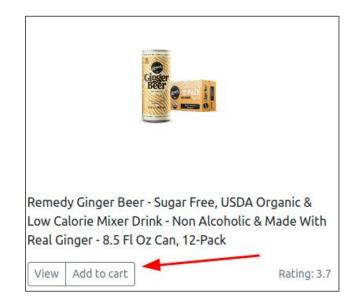
Note that, this new beer will be displayed in the search page.



#### Exercise 03: Adding a beer to a shopping cart



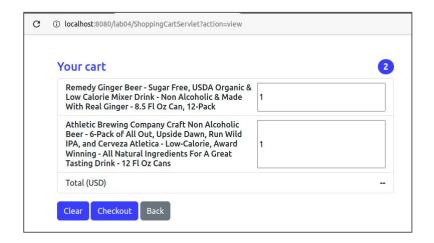
Implement the logic to support the functionality of adding a beer to a shopping cart. When you click on the button "Add to cart", one unit of that product is added. When the user navigates to the "Shopping cart web page", all the added products must be displayed. Make the needed changes to complete this functionality.



#### Exercise 04: Checkout



Implement the functionality of the clear button in the shopping cart page. This button will remove all products that have been added to the cart.





After

Before

#### Exercise 05: Checkout



When the user click in the shopping cart button, the following page will appear. This page allows users to modify/specify the quantity of products before placing an order. When a user clicks on the Checkout button, another web page will be shown and it will display the information of the order (for each product

their quantity will be displayed).

Your cart	
Remedy Ginger Beer - Sugar Free, USDA Organic & Low Calorie Mixer Drink - Non Alcoholic & Made With Real Ginger - 8.5 Fl Oz Can, 12-Pack	1
Athletic Brewing Company Craft Non Alcoholic Beer - 6-Pack of All Out, Upside Dawn, Run Wild IPA, and Cerveza Atletica - Low-Calorie, Award Winning - All Natural Ingredients For A Great Tasting Drink - 12 Fl Oz Cans	1
Total (USD)	

#### References

- https://www.javatpoint.com/jsp-tutorial
- https://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-10.0-doc/index.html
- <a href="https://stackoverflow.com/questions/72845243/the-cause-of-resubmit-form-in-browser">https://stackoverflow.com/questions/72845243/the-cause-of-resubmit-form-in-browser</a>