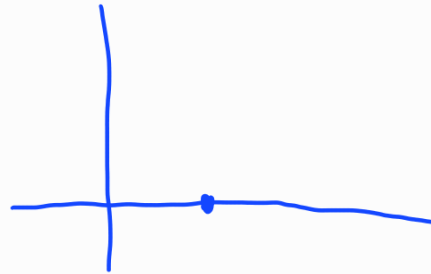


14.2

(12) $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,0)} \frac{xy - x}{(x-1)^2 + y^2}$



Dado $\varepsilon > 0$, escolha $\delta > 0$ tal que

~~$$\|(x,y) - (1,0)\| < \delta \Rightarrow \left\| \frac{xy - x}{(x-1)^2 + y^2} - L \right\| < \varepsilon$$~~

$$y = 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{xy - x}{(x-1)^2 + y^2} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-x}{(x-1)^2} = -\infty \Rightarrow \nexists \text{ lim.}$$

(14) $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2} =$

$$= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} x^2 - y^2 = 0$$

Dado $\varepsilon > 0$, escolha $\delta = \sqrt{\varepsilon} > 0$ tal que

$$\|(x,y) - (0,0)\| < \delta \Rightarrow |x^2 - y^2 - 0| < \varepsilon$$

$$\|(x,y)\| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < \delta \Rightarrow |x^2 - y^2| < \varepsilon$$

$$|x^2 - y^2| = \sqrt{(x^2 - y^2)^2}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 < \delta^2$$

$$\underbrace{x^2 - y^2}_{> 0} < x^2 + y^2 < \delta^2$$

$$x^2 - y^2 < \varepsilon$$

$$\delta^2 = \varepsilon$$

$$\delta = \sqrt{\varepsilon}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < \sqrt{\varepsilon} \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 < \varepsilon \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} |x^2 - y^2| < \varepsilon$$

Caso $x \geq y$: $|x^2 - y^2| = x^2 - y^2 < x^2 + y^2 < \varepsilon$

$$\Rightarrow |x^2 - y^2| < \varepsilon \quad (\checkmark)$$

Caso $x < y$: $|x^2 - y^2| = y^2 - x^2 < x^2 + y^2 < \varepsilon \quad (\checkmark)$

$$\therefore \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$

14.4 (12) $f(x,y) = x^3 y^4$, $(1,1)$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= y^4 \cdot 3x^2 = 3x^2 y^4 \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= x^3 \cdot 4y^3 = 4x^3 y^3 \end{aligned} \right\} f \text{ est de classe } C^1$$

Plano t_g :

$$f_x(1,1) = 3, \quad f_y(1,1) = 4$$

$$z - z_0 = 3(x-1) + 4(y-1)$$

$$(1,1,1) \in \text{plano} \Rightarrow 1 - z_0 = 0 \Rightarrow z_0 = 1$$

$$z - 1 = 3(x-1) + 4(y-1)$$

$$L(x,y) = f(1,1) + f_x(1,1) \cdot (x-1) + f_y(1,1) \cdot (y-1)$$

$$L(x,y) = 1 + 3(x-1) + 4(y-1)$$

$$f(1,01; 0,99)$$

$$dz = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot dx + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot dy = \underset{\uparrow}{3} dx + \underset{\uparrow}{4} dy$$

$$\Delta x = 0,07 = dx$$

$$\Delta y = -0,02 = dy$$

$$\Delta z \cong dz = 3dx + 4dy$$