Final Project (Group 2)

Group 2

2024-05-09

- Research Question/Hypothesis: What variable in the world happiness report (family, health, trust, generosity, and economics) has the greatest effect on a nation's happiness score?
- Hypothesis: Economics plays the largest role in a nation's happiness score.

```
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
data <- read_excel("2019.xls")</pre>
colnames(data)
## [1] "Overall rank"
                                        "Country or region"
                                        "GDP per capita"
## [3] "Score"
## [5] "Social support"
                                        "Healthy life expectancy"
## [7] "Freedom to make life choices" "Generosity"
## [9] "Perceptions of corruption"
library(readxl)
data <- read_excel("2019.xls")</pre>
print(colnames(data))
## [1] "Overall rank"
                                        "Country or region"
## [3] "Score"
                                        "GDP per capita"
## [5] "Social support"
                                        "Healthy life expectancy"
## [7] "Freedom to make life choices" "Generosity"
```

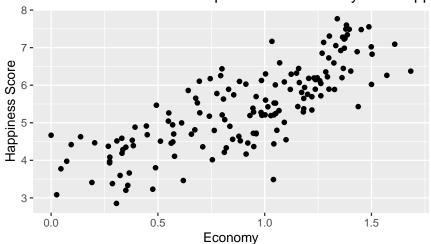
[9] "Perceptions of corruption"

```
data <- data %>%
 rename(
    Economy = `GDP per capita`,
    Social = 'Social support',
   Health = `Healthy life expectancy`,
   Freedom = `Freedom to make life choices`,
    Corruption = 'Perceptions of corruption',
   Happiness_Score = `Score`
print(colnames(data))
## [1] "Overall rank"
                           "Country or region" "Happiness_Score"
## [4] "Economy"
                           "Social"
                                                "Health"
## [7] "Freedom"
                           "Generosity"
                                                "Corruption"
 head(
    select(data, Economy, Social, Health, Freedom, Corruption, Happiness_Score)
```

Economy	Social	Health	Freedom	Corruption	Happiness_Score
1.340	1.587	0.986	0.596	0.393	7.769
1.383	1.573	0.996	0.592	0.410	7.600
1.488	1.582	1.028	0.603	0.341	7.554
1.380	1.624	1.026	0.591	0.118	7.494
1.396	1.522	0.999	0.557	0.298	7.488
1.452	1.526	1.052	0.572	0.343	7.480

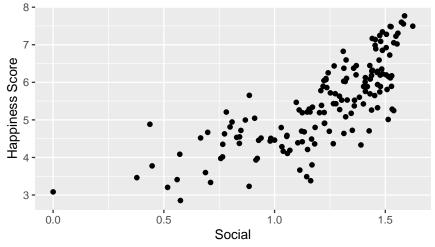
[Module 2: Junhyung Kim, Jiho Lee]

Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Economy and Happi

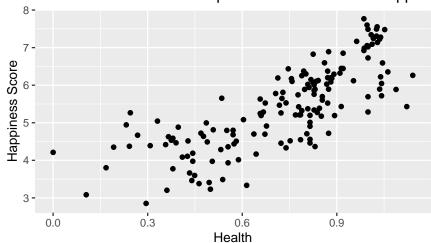


```
data %>%
ggplot() +
geom_point(mapping = aes (x = Social, y= Happiness_Score)) +
labs(title =
          "Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Social and Happiness Score",
x = "Social", y = "Happiness Score")
```

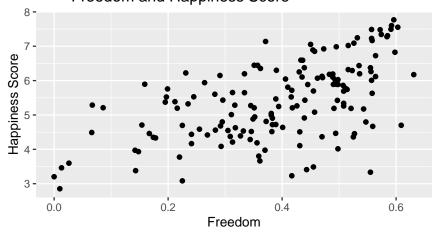
Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Social and Happines



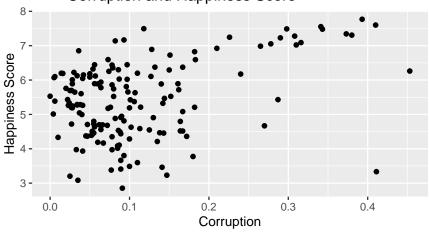
Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Health and Happines



Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Freedom and Happiness Score



Scatter Plot of Relationship Between Corruption and Happiness Score



[Module 4: Eugene Kim, - Explanatory Data Analysis]

```
str(data)
```

```
## tibble [156 x 9] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
   $ Overall rank
                      : num [1:156] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
   $ Country or region: chr [1:156] "Finland" "Denmark" "Norway" "Iceland" ...
##
   $ Happiness_Score : num [1:156] 7.77 7.6 7.55 7.49 7.49 ...
##
   $ Economy
                       : num [1:156] 1.34 1.38 1.49 1.38 1.4 ...
##
   $ Social
                       : num [1:156] 1.59 1.57 1.58 1.62 1.52 ...
##
   $ Health
##
                       : num [1:156] 0.986 0.996 1.028 1.026 0.999 ...
   $ Freedom
                       : num [1:156] 0.596 0.592 0.603 0.591 0.557 0.572 0.574 0.585 0.584 0.5
##
   $ Generosity
                       : num [1:156] 0.153 0.252 0.271 0.354 0.322 0.263 0.267 0.33 0.285 0.24
                       : num [1:156] 0.393 0.41 0.341 0.118 0.298 0.343 0.373 0.38 0.308 0.226
   $ Corruption
```

```
head(
    select(data, Economy, Social, Health, Freedom, Corruption, Happiness_Score)
)
```

Economy	Social	Health	Freedom	Corruption	Happiness_Score
1.340	1.587	0.986	0.596	0.393	7.769
1.383	1.573	0.996	0.592	0.410	7.600
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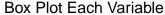
```
tail(select(data, Economy, Social, Health, Freedom, Corruption, Happiness_Score)
)
```

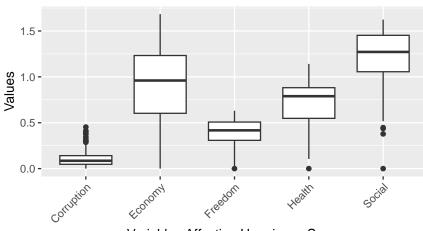
Economy	Social	Health	Freedom	Corruption	Happiness_Score
0.287	1.163	0.463	0.143	0.077	3.380
0.359	0.711	0.614	0.555	0.411	3.334
0.476	0.885	0.499	0.417	0.147	3.231
0.350	0.517	0.361	0.000	0.025	3.203
0.026	0.000	0.105	0.225	0.035	3.083
0.306	0.575	0.295	0.010	0.091	2.853

^{*}Summary statistics

```
data_long <- data %>%
  gather(key = "Variable", value = "Score", Economy, Social, Health, Freedom, Corruption)

ggplot(data_long, aes(x = Variable, y = Score)) +
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.7) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
  labs(title = "Box Plot Each Variable", x = "Variables Affecting Happiness Score", y = "Value")
```





Variables Affecting Happiness Score

• Distribution of the values: Corruption variable is narrowly distributed, mostly concentrated near the lower score values.

Economy variable has a broader distribution with more variability in scores.

Freedom variable has a mid-range median and spread in values.

Health variable shows higher median happiness scores.

Social variable has widest range of scores.

^{*}Box Plot

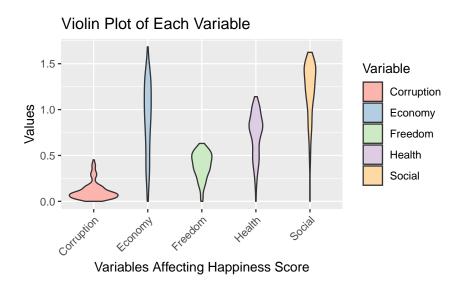
• Outliers: Corruption: Features multiple outliers at the lower end, which might represent instances where perceived corruption is significantly impacting happiness.

Social have a few lower outliers. Economy, freedom and health do not show clear outliers in this plot.

• Inter-quartile Range (IQR): Corruption shows a very tight IQR, close to the lower score limits. Economy, Freedom, and Health have moderately sized IQRs. Social has the largest IQR.

*Violin Plot

```
ggplot(data_long, aes(x = Variable, y = Score, fill = Variable)) +
  geom_violin(trim = TRUE) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
  labs(title = "Violin Plot of Each Variable", x = "Variables Affecting Happiness Score", y =
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Pastel1")
```



- The Social and Health variables seem to have the most highest positive impact on happiness scores. Both variables are located in the upper range.
- Economy and Freedom shows less impact than the social and health variables. The variability in economic and freedom seems to impact the happiness score per situation.
- Corruption has high negative impact on happiness score, as the values are concentrated at the lower end of the plot. "'