

Prac 2

Neural Networks and Deep Learning, 2020

August 17, 2020

1. Which of the following sets of points are linearly separable?
 - (a) Class1: $p_1 = (0, 0, 0), p_2 = (1, 1, 1), p_3 = (2, 2, 2)$
Class2: $n_1 = (3, 3, 3), n_2 = (4, 4, 4), n_3 = (5, 5, 5)$
 - (b) Class1: $p_1 = (0, 0, 0), p_2 = (1, 1, 1), p_3 = (4, 4, 4)$
Class2: $n_1 = (2, 2, 2), n_2 = (3, 3, 3)$
 - (c) Class1: $p_1 = (0, 0, 0, 0), p_2 = (1, 0, 1, 0), p_3 = (0, 1, 0, 1)$
Class2: $n_1 = (1, 1, 1, 1), n_2 = (1, 1, 1, 2), n_3 = (1, 2, 1, 1)$
 - (d) Class1: $p_1 = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0), p_2 = (0, 1, 0, 1, 0), p_3 = (1, 0, 1, 0, 1)$
Class2: $n_1 = (1, 1, 1, 1, 1), n_2 = (1, 1, 1, 1, 2), n_3 = (0, 1, 2, 1, 1)$
2. For a specific problem in \mathbb{R}^2 , assume that we know that available data can be completely separated into two classes using an ellipsoid instead of a straight line. Suggest a modification of the perceptron algorithm that determines the equation of the appropriate circle.
3. we want to learn an “OR” gate for a 2 dimensional input using a perceptron. Obtain the perceptron learning rule.