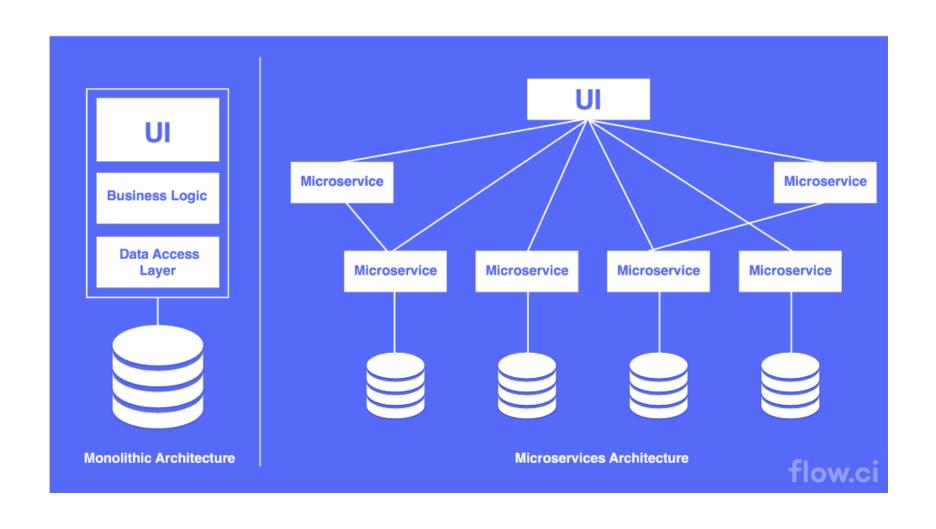
# DBW - APIs

### APIs – Programmatic access

- API = "Application programming interface"
  - 1. Set of routines, functions, or procedures/methods, offered as a library to be used inside other software (API = "software library")
  - 2. Any web service providing remote functionalities to be used inside other software or most usually as data provider (API = "web service")
- In bioinformatics the approach is generally used to access data or to allow communication among application components ("microservices architecture")
- Strategies: SOAP/XML, XML-RPC (remote executions), REST
- Authentication implicit via Oauth2 / openIDConnect

### Microservices architecture



# REST (REpresentational State Transfer)

- REST-ful web services
  - Used primarily to serve data
  - Data can be pre-processed at the server-side (so becoming a kind or RPC)
  - Controlled through HTTP and called using standard URLs
    - /api/{store}/{id}/option.format?option
  - HTTP interfaces to Data repositories
- HTTP based (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE)
  - Allow to GET, PUT (update), POST (insert), and DELETE a resource in the data portal (i.e. a DB)
- Using REST APIs, application components can be independent (and distributed) as long they communicate using HTTP and a known format

# Data exchange languages

- Data exchange formats
  - XML: Most traditionally used by web services (SOAP, RPC)
    - Same structure as HTML, but with no fixed tags
    - Requires XML-schema to specify tags and check coherence

```
<Course id="DBW">
  <Acronym>DBW</Acronym>
  <Title>Databases and Web applications</Title>
</Course>
```

- JSON: Data interchange format replacing XML (most popular)
  - Natively understood by Javascript

```
Course: {Acronym: 'DBW', Title: 'Databases and Web applications'
```

• Both require "schemas" to validate data model





# Programmatic Access (client side)

#### Perl

```
use LWP:Simple;
use JSON;
my $content = decode_json(get('http://...'));
```

#### • PHP

```
$data = json_decode(file_get_contents("http://..."));
```

### Python

```
import requests
data = requests.get('http://...').json()
```

### Web service: server side

- Usual web applications but...
  - Output is not meant to be shown in browsers (no HTML, CSS, JS)
  - Headers required
    - Content-type: text/xml | text/plain | application/json | application/x-gzip | image/png
      - Define the type of data being sent
    - Content-Disposition: attachment; filename=file\_name
      - Force download (when seen from a browser)
    - Access-Control-Allow-Origin: \*
      - Allow access from any client (to avoid security checks on JS/AJAX)
  - Formats can change
    - In theory should be requested via HTTP (Accept...) but normally are included in the URL
  - Error handled via HTTP codes
    - 200 ok, 404 not found, ...
  - Prevent caching
    - Header: Cache-Control: no-cache
- Programming frameworks are very useful here due to the complex routing
- A "quite complex" backend : <a href="http://mmb.pcb.ub.es/gitlab/MMBData/MMBApi">http://mmb.pcb.ub.es/gitlab/MMBData/MMBApi</a>

### RESTful URLs

- No standard
  - A typical schema is /api/{store}/{id}/option.format?options

ex. http://mmb.pcb.ub.es/api/pdb/2ki5/entry.json

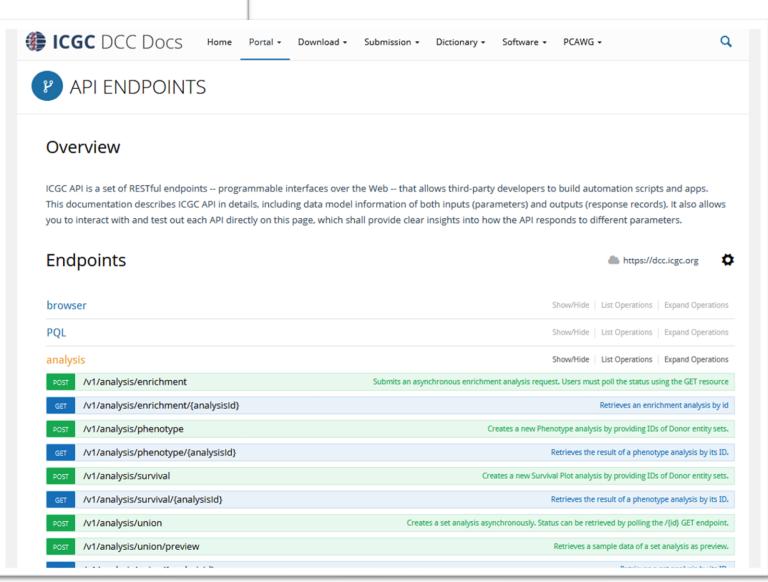
### Documented via

- Ad-hop help pages
- OpenAPI (a.k.a. Swagger) (recommended)





Home	
MMB Data repository API Interface	
Statistics	
/info[.xml .json]	PDB/Uniprot data repository information (default json)
Protein Data Bank	
/pdb/{id}/entry[.xml .json]	PDB full entry metadata: Ascession Date, Experiment type, re chain ids, ligand data, remarks, chain sequences, sequence of json). Individual fields can be recovered, completing the URI
Parameters	
Usage example	/pdb/2ki5/entry?[.xml .json]
	SwissProt Hit on chain 0 (A) sequence.  /pdb/2ki5/entry/chains/0/swpHit/idHit
/pdb/{id}[_bn{n}] /headers[.gz]	Headers from PDB file
Options	{id}_bn{n}: Biounit {n} instead of assymetric unit



# Full entries and sequences

- /api/pdb/{id}/entry/ /api/pdbMonomer/{id}/entry/
  - Full data in XML or JSON

- /api/pdb/{id}.fasta
- /api/uniprot/{id}/entry
- /api/uniprot/{id}.fasta

### PDB search options

- /api/pdb/ Search on PDB
  - resmin=value, resmax=value Min Max for resolution (XRAY only)
  - qcompType=(prot, nuc, prot-nuc, carb, other) Compound types.
  - qexpType=(ELECTRON\_CRYSTALLOGRAPHY, ELECTRON\_MICROSCOPY, FLUORESCENCE\_TRANSFER, INFRARED, NEUTRON\_DIFRACCTION, NMR, SOLID-STATE\_NMR, X-RAY) Type of Experiment.
  - query=txt Text query queryOn=(header, compound, sources, authors)
  - **sequence=seq** Sequence match
    - molTy=(protein | na) Sequence type
       seqType=(exact | regex) Type of sequence match (exact | regular expression )

### PDB options for structures

- /api/pdb/{id}/ /api/pdbMonomers/{id}/
  - Default: standard PDB coordinates(possible .gz)
  - Available filters
    - **bunit={n}** Show Biounit n instead of the Assimetric Unit
    - noheaders=1 Skip PDB headers (implicit in the following filters)
    - group=(ATOM | HETATM) PDB label selection. (HETATM includes CONECT)
    - groupRes=[!](POLAR | APOLAR | NUC | PROT) Residue type selection. "!" negates
    - groupAt=[!](POLAR | APOLAR | NOH | BACK | NABACK) Atom type selection, "!" negates
    - **filter=[!][RES]nres:chain.atom/model** Atom filter using J(s)Mol format ("!" negates selection)