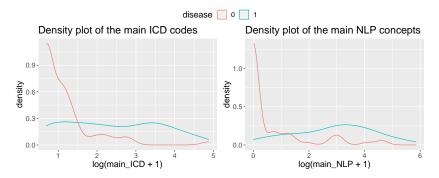
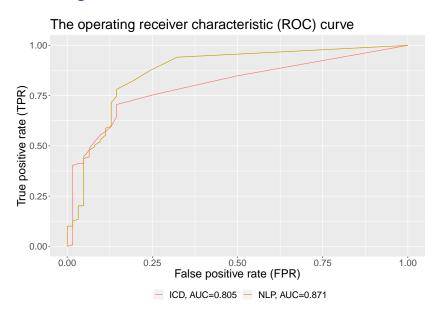
Module 3: Semi-supervised learning (PheCAP)

Surrogates for CAD



The more the disease-related codes and NLP mentions, the more **likely** the patient has the disease.

ROC Surrogates



Step 1: SAFE

```
surrogates <- list(
PhecapSurrogate(
   variable_names = "main_ICD",
   lower_cutoff = 1, upper_cutoff = 10),
PhecapSurrogate(
   variable_names = "main_NLP",
   lower_cutoff = 1, upper_cutoff = 10)
)

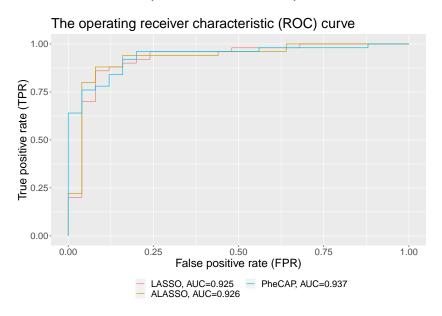
feature_selected <- phecap_run_feature_extraction(data, surrogates)
feature_selected</pre>
```

```
## Feature(s) selected by surrogate-assisted feature extraction (SAFE)
## [1] "main_ICD" "main_NLP" "NLP56" "NLP93" "NLP274" "NLP306"
```

Step 2: Orthogonalization + supervised learning

```
phecap_lasso <- phecap train phenotyping model(
 data, surrogates, feature selected,
 method = "lasso cv"
phecap_lasso
## Phenotyping model:
## $lasso_cv
##
              (Intercept)
                                        main ICD
                                                                main NLP
##
                1.9258667
                                       0.2157399
                                                               1.1666409
## healthcare_utilization
                                           NLP56
                                                                   NLP93
##
              -0.9772753
                                       0.0000000
                                                              -0.3242900
##
                   NI.P274
                                           NI.P306
                0.0000000
                                       0.0000000
##
##
## AUC on training data: 0.93
## Average AUC on random splits: 0.889
```

Supervised learning (LASSO, ALASSO) vs. PheCAP



Supervised learning (LASSO, ALASSO) vs. PheCAP at FPR = 0.10

```
get roc parameter(0.1, roc_full_lasso)
      cutoff pos.rate FPR TPR PPV
                                                F1
## 1 0 6637589 0 6066667 0 1 0 86 0 9450549 0 7627119 0 9005236
get roc parameter(0.1, roc_full_alasso)
      cutoff pos.rate FPR TPR PPV
roc full_phecap <- get roc(y_true = test_y, y_score = y_hat_phecap) %% data.frame()
get roc parameter(0.1, roc full phecap)
    cutoff pos.rate FPR TPR PPV
```

1 0.8342308 0.5533333 0.1 0.78 0.939759 0.6716418 0.852459

Supervised learning vs. PheCAP for different training size

- ► Randomly sample training size = 50, 70, 90
- ▶ Use the remaining data as the test set
- ► Repeat 600 times

```
auc_phecap <- validate_phecap(
  dat = labeled_data,
   surrogates = surrogates,
  feature_selected = feature_selected,
   nsim = 600,
   ntrain = c(50, 70, 90)
)</pre>
```

Supervised learning vs. PheCAP for different training size

