Exercise 2: Reporting, Data Wrangling and Graphing

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Please don't panic if you don't know how to do the exercises. Always ask Dr. Google when you are coding. Here are a list of resources for Rstudio.

- Quick R
- Rstudio cheatsheet
- Rstudio for beginners

Part 1: Analyze NYC flight delays.

Install the "nycflits13" package. The data comes from the US Bureau of Transportation Statistics. Using the data, complete the following tasks:

- 1. Find all flights that had an arrival delay of >4 hours, i.e. return all variables related to the flight.
- 2. Find all flight names that flew from JFK to IAH, i.e. return only unique values of "flight" variable after filtering. Hint: unique() would help.
- 3. Find how many flights were operated by UA.
- 4. Find how many unique flights were operated by UA.
- 5. Sort flight that have the most delayed flights.
- 6. Generate a scatter plot with x-axis dist and y-axis delay, where each dot is a unique flights and destination, dist is the average distance of each destination dest, and delay is the average delay time arr_delay, with the size of dot equals to the count of delay records.

library(nycflights13) head(flights)

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 19
##
      year month
                     day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
##
     <int> <int> <int>
                             <int>
                                              <int>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                   <int>
                                                                                    <int>
## 1
     2013
                                                515
                                                             2
                                                                     830
                                                                                      819
                1
                       1
                               517
      2013
                                                529
                                                                     850
                                                                                      830
## 2
                1
                       1
                               533
                                                             4
                                                             2
## 3
      2013
                1
                       1
                               542
                                                540
                                                                     923
                                                                                      850
## 4
      2013
                1
                       1
                               544
                                                545
                                                            -1
                                                                    1004
                                                                                    1022
## 5
      2013
                1
                       1
                               554
                                                600
                                                            -6
                                                                     812
                                                                                      837
                1
                       1
                               554
                                                558
                                                            -4
                                                                     740
                                                                                      728
     ... with 11 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,
```

^{## #} tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,

^{## #} hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour <dttm>

Part 2: LaTeX.

- 1. Finish the Markdown tutorial: https://www.markdowntutorial.com/
- 2. (Tossing for a head, C&B Example 1.5.4) Suppose we do an experiment that consists of tossing a coin until a head appears. Let p = probability of a head on any given toss, and define a random variable X = number of tosses required to get a head. Use Rmarkdown to type the the solution.
- (i) For any x = 1, 2, ..., calculate P(X = x).
- (ii) For any positive integer x, calculate $P(X \le x)$.
- (iii) Calculate the cdf $F_X(x)$.
- (iv) What is $\lim_{x\to\infty} F_X(x)$?