Solution 10: Bootstrap

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Applying bootstrap

The following code generates (X_i, Y_i) pairs.

```
library(MASS)
generate_pairs <- function(n) {</pre>
  # Generate n pairs of financial returns.
  muY <- -1
  CovMx \leftarrow matrix(c(1, -.25, -.25, 2), nrow = 2)
  data <- mvrnorm(n = 100, mu = c(muX,muY), Sigma = CovMx)
  return(data.frame('X' = data[, 1],
                     'Y' = data[, 2]))
fin_pairs <- generate_pairs(100) # Generate 100 (X,Y) pairs.</pre>
head(fin_pairs)
##
            Х
```

```
## 1 2.323555 -1.0531925
## 2 1.964620 -0.3393673
## 3 2.329704 -1.1327973
## 4 2.280469 2.4914304
## 5 1.542727 -3.1420485
## 6 2.720465 -4.2027715
```

We are interested in

$$\hat{\alpha} = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_Y^2 - \hat{\sigma}_{XY}}{\hat{\sigma}_X^2 + \hat{\sigma}_Y^2 - 2\hat{\sigma}_{XY}}$$

```
Sigmahat <- cov(fin_pairs)</pre>
Sigmahat
```

```
## X 0.8855347 -0.2280832
## Y -0.2280832 1.9191582
sigma2hatXX <- Sigmahat[1,1]</pre>
sigma2hatYY <- Sigmahat[2,2]</pre>
sigmahatXY <- Sigmahat[1,2]</pre>
```

```
alphahat <- (sigma2hatYY - sigmahatXY)/(sigma2hatXX + sigma2hatYY -2*sigmahatXY)
alphahat
```

[1] 0.6584894

While the true value of alpha is

```
sigma2XX <- 1
sigma2YY <- 2
sigmaXY <- -0.25
alpha_true <-(sigma2YY - sigmaXY)/(sigma2XX + sigma2YY -2*sigmaXY)
alpha_true</pre>
```

[1] 0.6428571

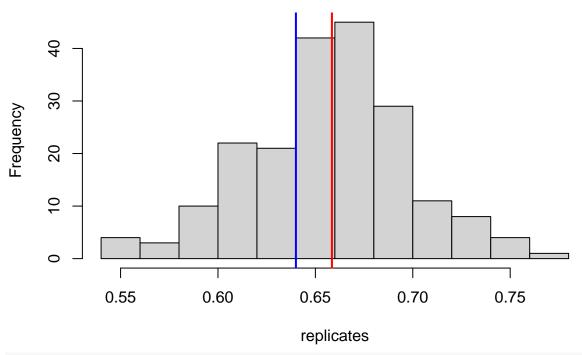
Now, again, we're going to resample with replacement from our data, and compute our statistic $\hat{\alpha}$ on each resample. The hope is that these resampled versions of the statistic will resemble the distribution of the statistic evaluated on the original data.

- 1. Create a function to compute alphabat from a given data set.
- 2. Resample the data B=200 times, evaluating $\hat{\alpha}$ on each resample. Then, we'll use those resampled values to estimate the variance.
- 3. Create the confidence interval at the estimate.

Solution

```
compute_alphahat <- function(data) {</pre>
  # We're assuming that data is a data frame with two columns.
  Sigmahat <- cov( data )</pre>
  # Extract the variance and covariance estimates from the sample covariance
  sigma2hatXX <- Sigmahat[1,1]</pre>
  sigma2hatYY <- Sigmahat[2,2]</pre>
  sigmahatXY <- Sigmahat[1,2]</pre>
  # plug these into the definition of alpha.
  alphahat <- (sigma2hatYY - sigmahatXY)/(sigma2hatXX + sigma2hatYY -2*sigmahatXY)
  return(alphahat)
alphahat <- compute_alphahat(fin_pairs)</pre>
B <- 200
replicates <- rep(NA, B)
# number of observations in our data set.
n <- nrow( fin_pairs )</pre>
for( i in 1:B ) {
  # To resample the data, we will sample indices, and then grab those rows.
  resample indices <- sample(1:n, n, replace=TRUE )</pre>
  resampled_data <- fin_pairs[resample_indices, ]</pre>
  replicates[i] <- compute_alphahat(resampled_data)</pre>
hist(replicates)
abline(v=alphahat, col='red', lwd=2) # alpha of true data.
abline(v=0.64, col='blue', lwd=2) # True alpha
```

Histogram of replicates



Estimate the variance of alphahat from our bootstrap replicates.
sd_alphahat <- sd(replicates) # estimate of the std dev of alphahat
CI <- c(alphahat - 1.96*sd_alphahat, alphahat + 1.96*sd_alphahat)
CI</pre>

[1] 0.5778626 0.7391163