

**[INITIAL RELEASE]**

# Project Design Document

## Team 1a - JSCOPE

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## Project Summary

FundGoodDeeds App (Version 2.0) is a powerful yet user-friendly tool designed to help individuals and families manage their financial needs and funding sources with clarity and precision. By organizing basic needs, bundles of essentials, and funding sources in simple CSV files, the app keeps a daily ledger of fulfilled needs, received funds, and thresholds, making it easy to track spending, income, and net financial impact at a glance. Users can add, edit, or remove needs and funding sources, set daily financial goals, and maintain an accurate record of their financial activity, all through an intuitive interface that ensures data is always up-to-date and error-free.

With FundGoodDeeds, users gain the ability to plan and optimize their finances effortlessly. The app automatically calculates total costs of expenses, tracks income, and net balances, while alerting when expenses exceed predefined thresholds. Bundles of essential items, recurring funding sources, and historical logs provide valuable insights for budgeting and decision-making. Whether you're managing monthly expenses, tracking income sources, or ensuring your essential needs are met efficiently, FundGoodDeeds empowers users to stay organized, financially informed, and confident in their daily financial decisions.

## Design Overview

The Design evolved from simple class sketches and noun verb analysis of project requirements to a structured multi-subsystem architecture emphasizing separation of concerns, high cohesion, and low coupling.

## Architecture

**Model–View–Controller (MVC)** separates presentation, business logic, and data.

**MasterController Integration Enhancement:** To support Version 2.0's expanded functionality, the architecture now introduces a **MasterController**, which acts as the central orchestration layer for the entire system. While the original V1 architecture connected the ConsoleView directly to multiple controllers, the improved V2 architecture routes all communication through the MasterController. This reduces UI-controller coupling, simplifies initialization, and ensures all subsystems are loaded,

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updated, and saved in a coordinated manner. It holds the current selectedDate and maintains date constraints across subsystems. On shutdown, this controller calls the save method on all repositories. For each user action, it will parse the user command and delegate it to the appropriate controller. It also handles errors that might span across several subsystems.

The MasterController manages:

- System-wide **selected date** logic and enforcement of V2 constraints
- Bootstrapping of all repositories (Needs, Funding Sources, Ledger)
- Coordinated saving of all CSV-backed storage files
- Wiring together of controllers, repositories, and the ConsoleView using dependency injection
- Distribution of observer notifications across Need, Ledger, and Funding subsystems

This architectural addition significantly increases system cohesion while lowering the burden on individual controllers and the view layer.

## Patterns

**Composite Pattern** models *Bundles* of *Needs* uniformly, enabling recursive operations such as total cost or fulfillment status.

**Observer Pattern** allows the UI and reporting components to react automatically to updates in the data model.

**Repository Pattern (custom pattern)** allows for abstraction of stored data access. All CRUD (Create, Read, Update, and Delete) operations are handled in one place, to keep our code organized, easier to maintain, and output back to a data store upon request.

### Strategy Pattern:

Added a Strategy pattern alongside the Command pattern to help with deciding which controller handles any task given to the system, as well as allowing for different rules for how incoming funds are applied to Needs and Bundles, keeping the allocation logic flexible and easily decoupled without changing the rest of the program.

**Command Pattern Refinement for Multi-View Support:** To accommodate both current CLI features and planned GUI extensions, the Command Pattern is reserved as an abstraction for invoking operations across multiple view layers without duplicating business logic. Each user action can be modeled as a “command” object implementing a common interface and executed through the MasterController.

Example commands include:

- AddNeedCommand
- RecordNeedFulfillmentCommand
- AddFundingSourceCommand
- RecordIncomeUsageCommand

Although the full command set is not implemented in V2, the architecture intentionally provides the structure to support reusable action objects that operate identically across ConsoleView, SwingView, or future web interfaces.

## Principles

**DIP via Dependency Injection** allows for extensibility, since all of the objects being passed in any constructor will depend on the same interface, we can interchange the objects without any conflicts.

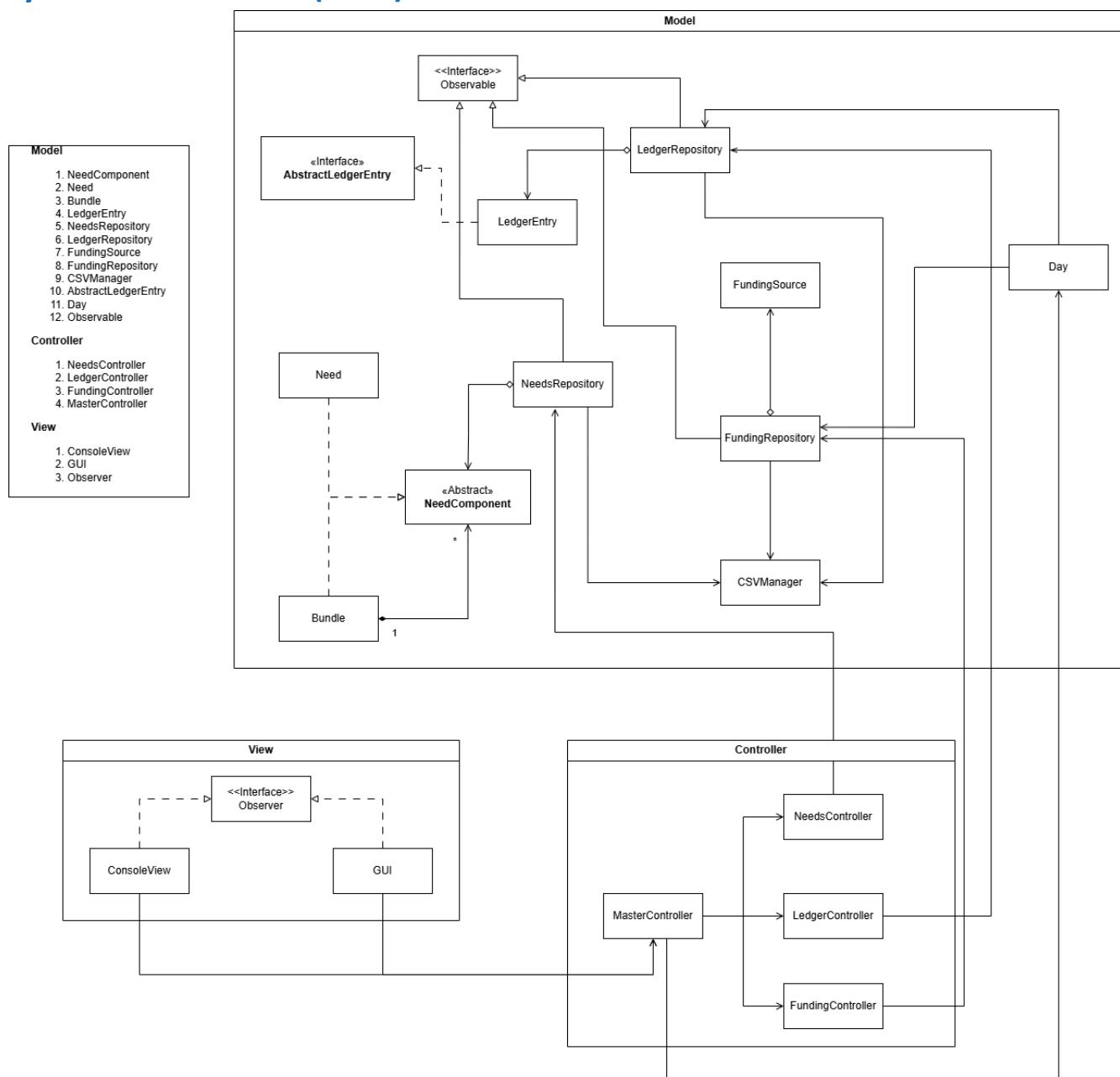
Early prototypes revealed tight coupling between UI and logic, these were then handled through interface abstractions. Dependency inversion was applied to allow testing and future integrations with external API's or databases.

Rejected alternatives include direct database coupling in controllers and hard-coded UI bindings. Assumptions are 1 active donor per session and stable in memory data storage.

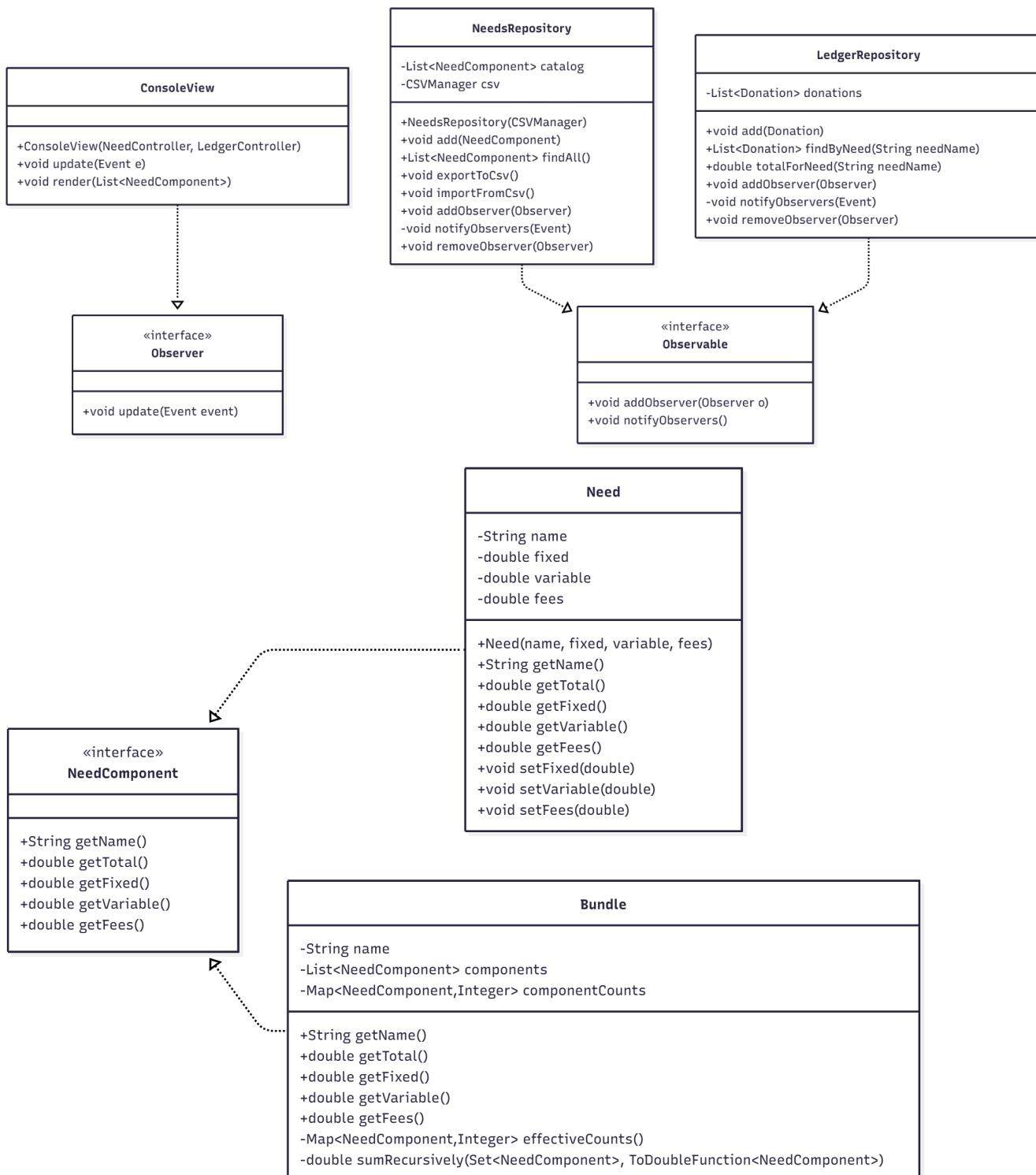
**DRY Principle** allows for functionality that is expected to be repeated to exist as an abstraction instead of repeated code. Our design holds a csv parser as multiple entities in the system are derived from data files and not always created by the user.

**SRP (Single Responsibility Principle)** unlike our first iteration, we will ensure our classes in our view are only responsible for displaying information and sending user input to the controllers. We do not want extra processing logic in the view but maintained in our controllers.

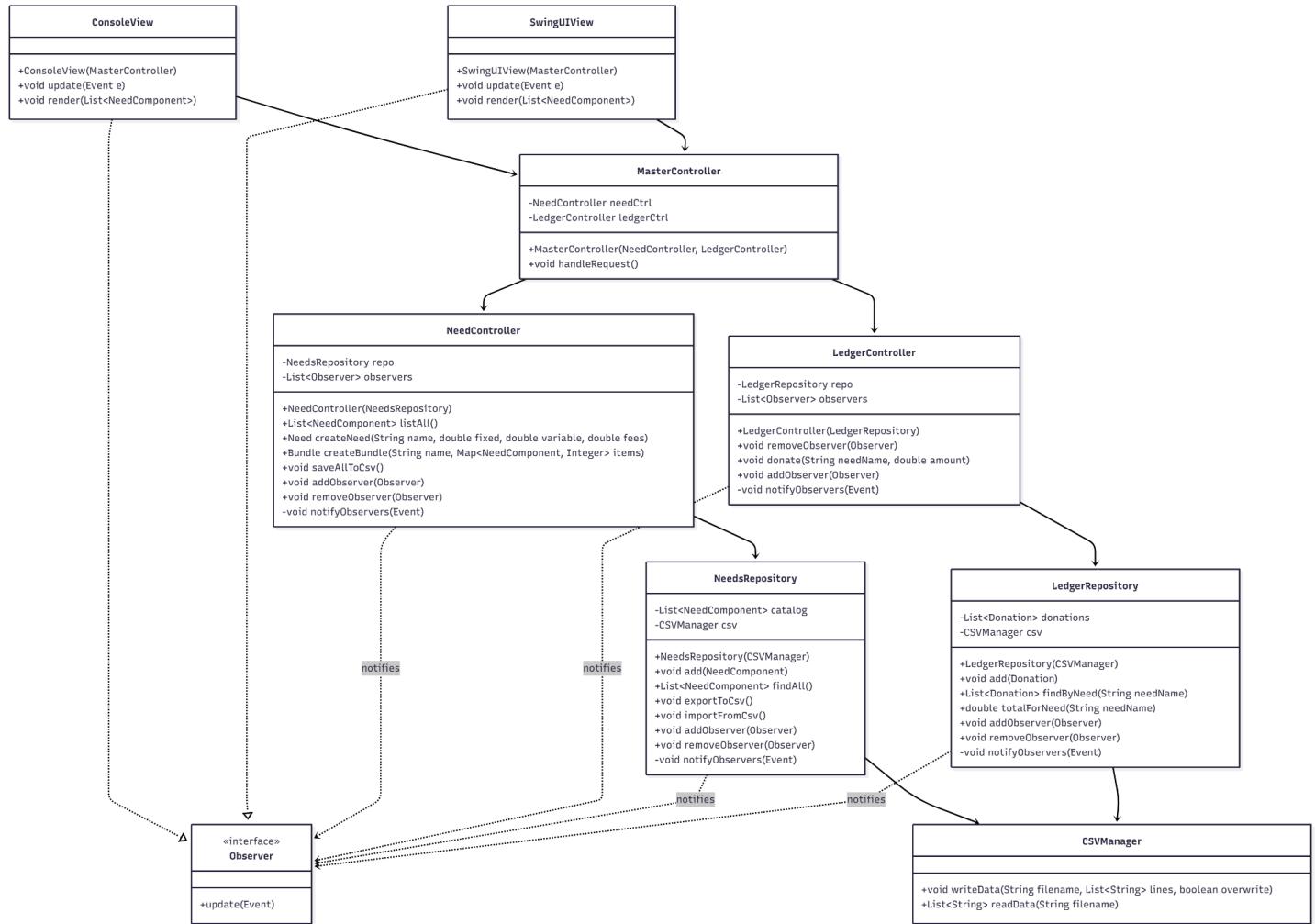
## System Architecture (MVC)



## V2 - Composite & Observer Pattern



## V2 - Views and Master Controller Coordination



## V2

- **Need Management Subsystem** – manages creation, retrieval, and status of Needs.
- **Bundle Management Subsystem** – groups related Needs using the Composite pattern.
- **Ledger Subsystem** – records expenses, calculates totals, and ensures transaction integrity.
- **Funding Subsystem** – manages the definition, storage, and recording of financial income sources and dates.
- **UI / Controller Subsystem** – manages user interactions, events, and display updates.

## Updated V2 System Architecture (with MasterController)

Version 2 introduces an expanded MVC architecture connected through the new MasterController. This controller coordinates all business logic and storage operations across the following subsystems:

- **Need Management Subsystem**
- **Bundle Management Subsystem**
- **Ledger Subsystem**
- **Funding Subsystem**
- **UI / Controller Subsystem**

The MasterController stands between the UI and subsystem controllers, simplifying orchestration, enforcing date constraints, and enabling clean dependency injection. Each subsystem communicates through strongly bounded interfaces and repositories, ensuring scalable growth and clear separation of concerns.

## Subsystems

### *Subsystem Overview (Updated for V2.0)*

The system is decomposed into six major subsystems, each with clearly defined responsibilities and interactions:

#### 1 Need Management Subsystem

Handles creation, editing, and retrieval of basic needs. Implements Composite-compatible Need objects.

#### 2 Bundle Management Subsystem

Groups need recursively via the Composite Pattern using Bundle. Supports hierarchical cost computation.

#### 3 Ledger Subsystem

Maintains daily logs of fulfilled needs, funding sources used, goals, and funds. Ensures that all financial activity obeys Version 2 rules for dates, thresholds, and persistence.

#### 4 Funding Subsystem

Stores and manages definable financial sources, such as Paycheck or Student Loan, tracking the dollar value of each unit received. Provides lookup and validation logic for daily ledger income entries.

#### 5 UI / Controller Subsystem

Contains ConsoleView, all controllers, and the new MasterController. Acts as the coordination interface between user actions and subsystem operations.

### 5.1 Need Management

<b>Class Need</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Represents a single item of aid (description, cost, status).
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	LedgerEntity, Bundle, NeedRepository

<b>Class NeedComponent</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Common interface for Need and Bundle to support Composite operations.

<b>Class</b> NeedRepository	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of Needs/Bundle data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsController, LedgerController

<b>Class</b> CSVManager	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository

## 5.2 Bundle Management

<b>Class</b> Bundle	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Composite that aggregates multiple NeedComponents. Calculates totals recursively.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	NeedComponent, Need

<b>Class</b> NeedRepository	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of Needs/Bundle data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsController, LedgerController, CSVManager

<b>Class</b> CSVManager	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository

### 5.3 Ledger subsystem

<b>Class</b> AbstractLedgerEntity	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	An abstraction layer for all Ledger entries to ensure all concrete entries share common methods.

<b>Class</b> LedgerEntity	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Records all funding entries and computes totals.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	Need, Bundle, AbstractLedgerEntity

<b>Class</b> LedgerRepository	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of LedgerEntity data into the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	LedgerController, CSVManager

### Daily Ledger Entry Types (Updated for V2.0)

The ledger uses a unified CSV format ([log.csv](#)) containing multiple types of financial entries. This expands beyond V1, which only tracked basic donation events.

Prefix	Type	Format	Description
f	Funds	yyyy,mm,dd,f,amount	Sets available funds for the day
t	Threshold	yyyy,mm,dd,t,amount	Sets the financial threshold for the day
n	Need Fulfillment	yyyy,mm,dd,n,needName,conut	Records instances of fulfilled needs

i	Income from Funding Source	yyyy,mm,dd,i,sourceName,units	Records units of income received from a funding source
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The LedgerRepository parses all four entry types, maintains day-by-day calculations, and applies Version 2 rules such as:

- Selected date may not be older than 7 days
- Threshold on the current date can only be changed if no needs or income entries exist
- Funds and threshold changes may not modify past dates

<b>Class CSVManager</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository

## 5.4 Funding Subsystem

<b>Class FundingSource</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Represents a single definable source of income (name, amount per unit). Tracks the base value for one unit of funding.

<b>Class FundingRepository</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of FundingSource data into the CSV file. Ensures data integrity and access control for funding sources.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	FundingController

<b>Class CSVManager</b>	
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<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository

<b>Class Day</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Abstraction for collecting information for a single day (i.e expenses, income, previous day, next day)
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	LedgerRepo, FundingRepo, Master Controller

## Funding Subsystem (Updated for V2.0)

### Class FundingSource

Represents a definable income stream with:

- name
- amountPerUnit — how much money one “unit” of the funding source provides

Examples:

- Paycheck (1 unit = 1800.00)
- Hourly Work (1 unit = 22.50)
- Student Loan Disbursement (1 unit = 5000.00)

### Class FundingSourceRepository

Handles loading, retrieving, and saving funding source data from funding.csv.

Responsibilities include:

- Parsing rows of the form: i,name,amountPerUnit
- Ensuring unique funding source names
- Supporting lookups by name for ledger calculations
- Maintaining synchronized in-memory state and notifying observers

### Class FundingSourceController

Coordinates all operations related to funding sources.

Responsibilities include:

- Adding/editing funding sources
- Delivering read-only lists to the UI
- Enforcing naming rules and data validation
- Notifying views when funding data is updated

## 5.5 UI/Controller Subsystem

<b>Class FundGoodDeedsApp</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Entry Point, initialize UI and subsystems.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	NeedController, LedgerController, ConsoleView

<b>Class NeedController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view Need and Bundle actions.
<b>Collaborators</b>	NeedRepository, NeedComponent, ConsoleView

<b>Class LedgerController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view LedgerEntity actions.
<b>Collaborators</b>	LedgerRepository, ConsoleView

<b>Class FundingController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view FundingSource actions.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	FundingRepository, LedgerController, ConsoleView

<b>Class MasterController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles all incoming requests from the view to call a specific controller

<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	FundingRepository, LedgerController, FundingController, SwingUI View, ConsoleView
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<b>Class</b> ConsoleView	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Observes data model changes to refresh the interface.
<b>Collaborators</b>	Master Controller

<b>Class</b> SwingUIView	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Observes data model changes to refresh the Swing interface.
<b>Collaborators</b>	Master Controller

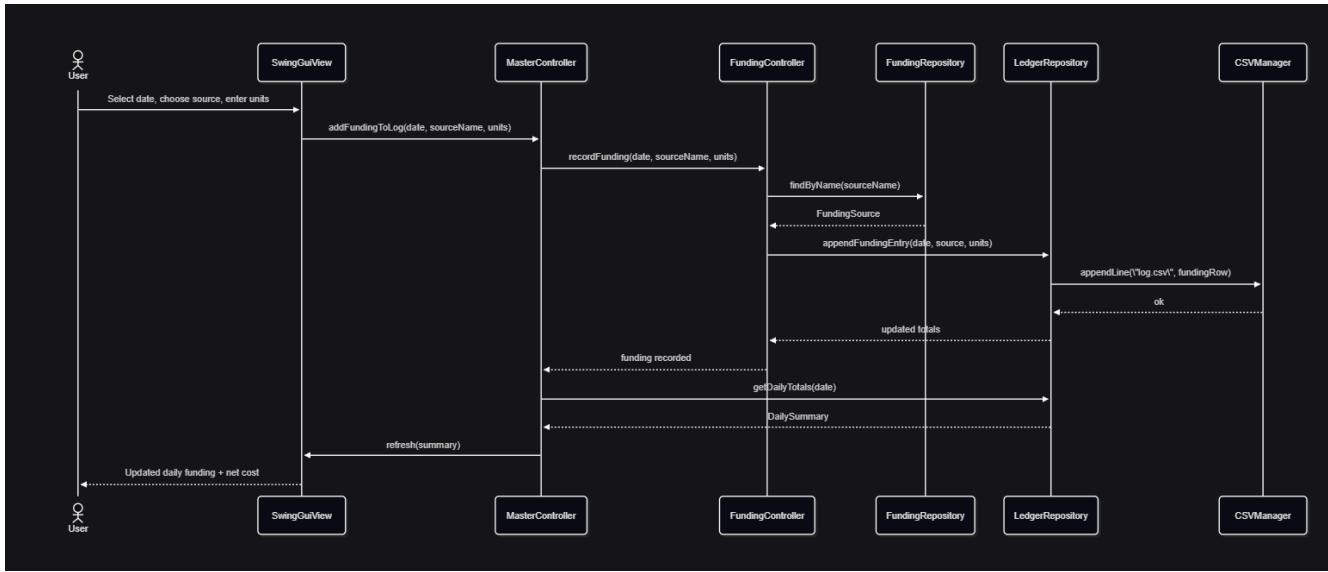
## Sequence Diagrams

### 5.6 Startup Process



On application startup, the user launches the program, which initializes the **MasterController**, the core **GUI** components, and the **SwingUI**. The **MasterController** is responsible for **instantiating the remaining domain-specific controllers**. Each controller then loads its respective system data into the appropriate repository abstractions. Such as those managing needs, bundles, incomes, and dates. Once this initialization phase completes, the user can interact with the fully populated model through the UI, ensuring that all domain objects are ready for manipulation as the session begins.

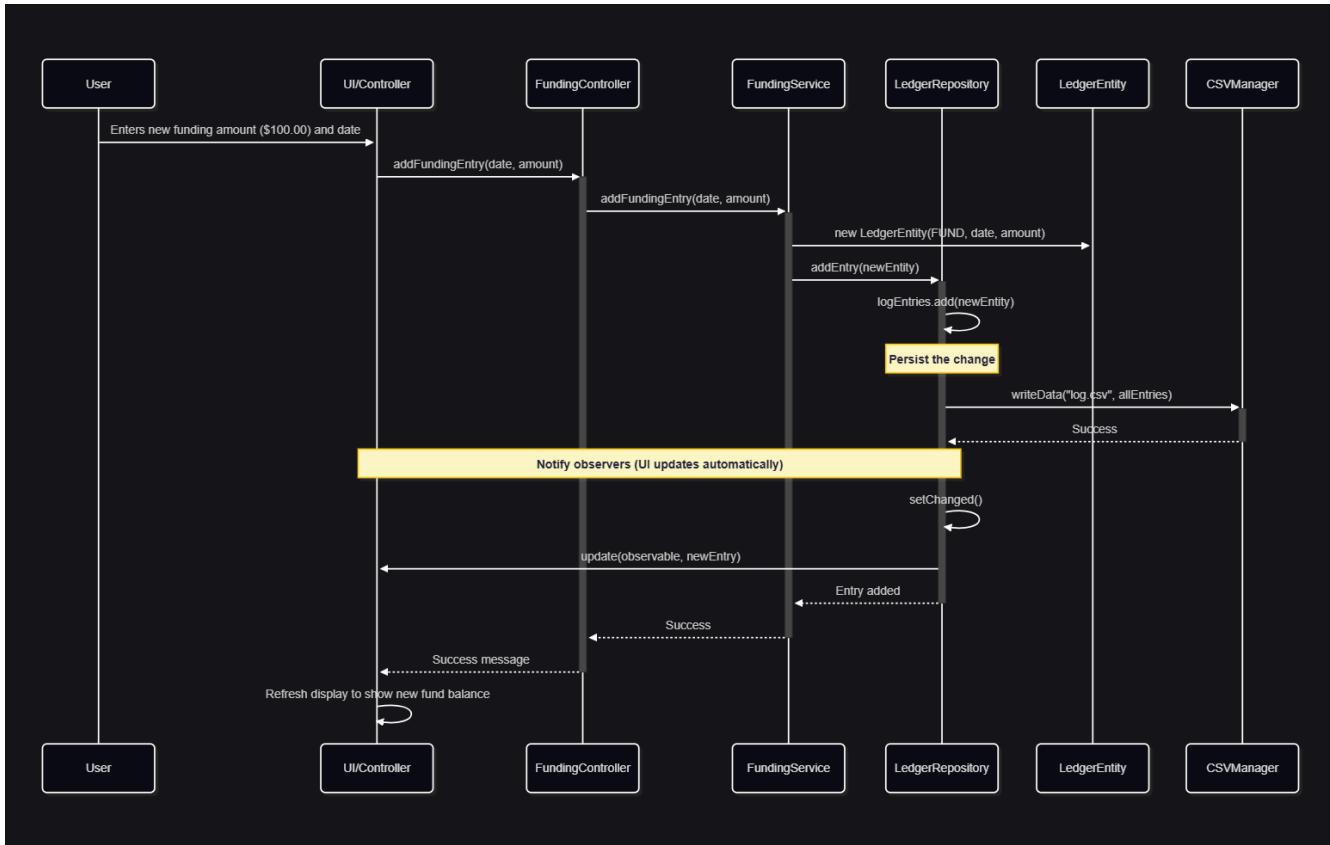
## 5.7 Adding an income source



In this scenario, the user is already authenticated and active within the system. The view layer prompts the user to select a data item, which is then forwarded to the **MasterController**. Based on the request context, the **MasterController** delegates the operation to the **FundingController**, which is responsible for resolving the original income source and applying the necessary updates.

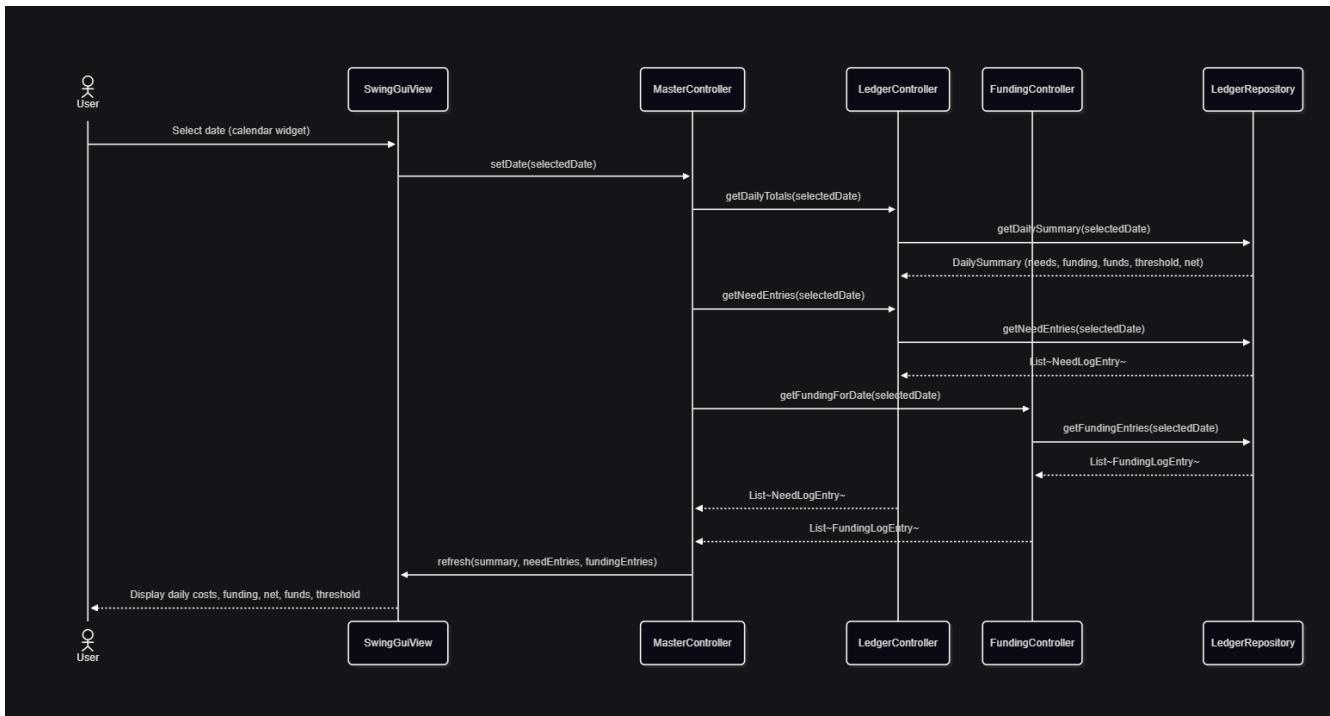
The **FundingController** encapsulates the domain logic related to funding operations and maintains a reference to the **LedgerRepository**. After performing the modification, it persists the updated income source and amounts to the repository. This ensures that application state remains consistent and that the **updated values are available** on subsequent application launches.

## 5.8 New Funding amount



When the user enters a funding amount, the UI layer; whether **CLI**, **GUI**, or the **MasterController** (represented collectively as **UI/Controller** in the diagram for brevity); invokes `LedgerController.addEntry(date, need, amount)`. The **LedgerController** creates a new **LedgerEntity** with type = "FUND" and delegates persistence to the `LedgerRepository`, which writes the entry through the `CSVManager`. After the append operation completes, the controller notifies the view layer so the UI can display a confirmation message and refresh any computed totals.

## 5.9 Date Selector (core feature)



At any point, the **user can view information for the current date** (including income and expenses) and can **navigate backward by one week or forward without limit**. In the illustrated workflow, the user **selects a date through the GUI**, which forwards the selected value to the **MasterController**. The **MasterController** delegates the request to the relevant controllers, invoking **getDailyTotals**, **getNeedEntries**, and **getFundingForDate** on the **LedgerController** and **FundingController**. These controllers, in turn, query the **LedgerRepository** to retrieve the underlying records, enabling the UI to render accurate, date-specific financial data.

## Pattern Usage

### 5.10 Observer Pattern

Observer Pattern	
<b>Observer(s)</b>	ConsoleView(view layer), ReportView (optional)
<b>Observable(s)</b>	NeedRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository,
<b>Notification Method</b>	notifyObservers(), update()
<b>Event Sources</b>	Need status changes, Funding recorded

### 5.11 Composite Pattern

Composite Pattern	
<b>Component</b>	NeedComponent
<b>Leaf</b>	Need
<b>Composite</b>	Bundle
<b>Client(s)</b>	NeedController, FundGoodDeedsApp

### 5.12 Command / Strategy Pattern

Command / Strategy Pattern	
<b>Receiver</b>	Master Controller
<b>Client (to create commands)</b>	FundGoodDeedsApp
<b>Invoker(s)</b>	ConsoleUI, SwingUI

### 5.13 MVC

MVC	
<b>Model</b>	Need, Bundle, LedgerEntity, FundingSource, LedgerRepository, NeedRepository, FundingRepository
<b>View</b>	ConsoleView, SwingUIView
<b>Controller</b>	NeedController, LedgerController, FundingController, MasterController
<b>Glue/Contracts</b>	Simple view models, using NeedComponent interface

### 5.14 Dependency Injection / Inversion (DI/IoC)

DI / DIP	
<b>Abstractions</b>	NeedComponent, (optionally ILedger, IRepository<T>)
<b>Concrete Implementations</b>	Need, Bundle, LedgerEntity, NeedRepository
<b>Composition Root</b>	FundGoodDeedsApp (wires controllers, repos, observers)
<b>Consumers</b>	Controllers, views using interfaces rather than concretes

## 5.15 Repository Pattern

Repository Pattern	
<b>Repository</b>	NeedRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository (in-memory R1; DB later)
<b>Aggregate Root</b>	NeedComponent, LedgerEntity, FundingSource
<b>Clients</b>	NeedController

## System Rationale (V1)

The system is organized using the Model–View–Controller (MVC) architecture, the Composite pattern, the Observer pattern, the Repository pattern, and Dependency Injection, with clear separation of responsibilities among classes and concurrent updates across various interfaces.

Benefits, a huge separation of concerns. The Model layer includes classes such as NeedComponent, Need, Bundle, NeedsRepository, LedgerEntity, and LedgerRepository, which manage all data and business logic. The Composite relationship between Bundle and NeedComponent allows bundles to contain both basic needs and other bundles, providing a flexible way to represent complex financial structures without duplicating logic. Repositories isolate file storage and retrieval, allowing other components to focus on logic and presentation. The Controllers (NeedsController and LedgerController) coordinate data flow and enforce rules between the Model and the user-facing View. Importantly, the NeedsController manages the creation and validation of Need and Bundle objects.

Drawbacks, the MVC architecture requires a controller to be made for each view. In this case, if we add another logging element to the system, we would need to build a controller for it. The repository classes must contain lots of data validation from the CSV files, as the logs are the main source of truth. If they contain errors, then the system fails. The main drawback is that this design introduces more classes and relationships, which increases complexity and coordination effort.

## System Rationale (V2)

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Version 2 replaces donation-based financial tracking with a more general **funding income model**. Instead of entering charitable donations, users now define funding sources (Paycheck, Hourly Job, Loan Disbursement, etc.) and log units of income received each day. This supports real-world budgeting scenarios and allows the system to calculate daily **net cost** (expenses minus income).

The addition integrates naturally into the Composite, MVC, Repository, and Observer patterns and is coordinated by the MasterController to ensure consistency across Need, Ledger, and Funding subsystems.

### Important Dates (V1 and V2):

#### 10/13/2025 – Architectural Realignment to MVC

Shifted the project from a loosely structured controller-driven prototype into a strict **Model–View–Controller** architecture.

Controllers now orchestrate workflows, views only handle user interaction, and models enforce business rules.

This realignment enabled cleaner responsibility boundaries and made future enhancements predictable.

#### 10/14/2025 – Observer-Based UI Synchronization

Introduced the **Observer Pattern** to keep UI components automatically synchronized with model changes.

Need, Ledger, and Funding repositories now notify observers on updates, removing the need for manual refresh triggers and ensuring the UI always reflects accurate system state.

#### 10/15/2025 – Repository Pattern for Persistent Data

Refactored persistence logic into standalone Repository classes for:

- NeedsRepository
- FundingSourceRepository

- LedgerRepository

CSV parsing and validation are now isolated and reusable, making controller logic simpler and storage-agnostic.

### 10/16/2025 – Dependency Injection & Composition Root

Implemented **Dependency Inversion** across the architecture.

All controllers now consume repository abstractions.

MasterController became the new **composition root**, wiring repositories, controllers, and the ConsoleView in a predictable, test-friendly structure.

### 10/17/2025 – Ledger Redesign for Full Financial Modeling

Replaced the previous donation-based model with a **fully financial daily ledger**, defining:

- fulfilled needs (expenses)
- funding source income
- daily funds
- daily thresholds
- net-cost computation

Added ledger entry types f, g, n, and i and centralized all daily calculations.

### 10/18/2025 – Funding Subsystem Introduction

Developed the **Funding Subsystem** with:

- FundingSource model
- FundingSourceRepository
- FundingSourceController

This replaced donation workflows entirely, introducing flexible income modeling (paychecks, hourly work, loans, etc.).

### 10/19/2025 – Composite Pattern Finalization for Bundles

Finalized the Composite structure (NeedComponent → Need / Bundle).

Improved recursive cost computation, bundle composition rules, and validation of

forward references in needs.csv.

Guaranteed that bundles resolve deterministically and without circular definitions.

## 10/20/2025 – CSV Schema Standardization

Standardized Version 2 CSV formats:

- **needs.csv** – Need + Bundle definitions
- **funding.csv** – Funding source definitions
- **log.csv** – Daily funds, thresholds, needs, and income entries

Defined fixed column orders, row prefixes, and delimiter rules to stabilize parsing and future unit testing.

## 10/21/2025 – MasterController Design & Integration

Introduced the **MasterController** to consolidate subsystem orchestration:

- Handles selected date
  - Enforces V2 date constraints (7-day rule, threshold restrictions)
  - Coordinates loading/saving across all CSV files
  - Provides one access point for UI actions
- This eliminated cross-controller coupling and made program execution deterministic.

## 10/22/2025 – Systemwide Error Handling Pass

Added robust validation for malformed CSV rows and inconsistent data states.

Repositories now fail gracefully, skip corrupt entries, and notify the view with clear error messages.

This increased stability during partial or messy data loads.

## 10/23/2025 – Controller Role Refinement

Clarified controller boundaries:

- Repositories = persistence only
- Controllers = rule enforcement and business logic
- Views = input/output only

Rewrote several controller methods to prevent business rules from leaking into repositories.

## 10/24/2025 – Financial Metrics & Daily Summary Hooks

Added helper methods for daily calculation pipelines, including:

- total cost
- total funding income
- net cost
- active funds
- active threshold

These support the ConsoleView's daily summary without duplicating math anywhere in the UI layer.

## 11/01/2025 – Unified Ledger Entry Model

Refined LedgerEntity to represent *any* row in log.csv and formalized EntryType enumeration.

This eliminated prior redundancy between need- and funding-tracking logic.

## 11/03/2025 – V1 Diagram Lock & V2 Diagram Expansion

Completed cleanup of all V1 diagrams and produced V2-aligned diagrams with:

- MasterController
- Funding subsystem
- new CSV schemas
- updated composite interactions
- new sequence flow diagrams

These diagrams set the ground truth for the Version 2 design document.

## 11/05/2025 – Full V2 Integration & Console Stabilization

Connected the ConsoleView to all controllers via MasterController, enforcing proper observer updates and guaranteed consistency between need management, funding sources, and the daily ledger.

This marked the first fully functional V2 skeleton.

## 11/06/2025 – Selected Date Enforcement & Ledger Rule Engine

Implemented core Version 2 calendar rules:

- No selecting dates older than 7 days
- Threshold modification locked if daily activity exists
- Past day financial fields cannot be altered
- Daily funds inherit the most recent prior value

Added a rule engine inside LedgerController to centralize validation logic.

### 11/07/2025 – Funding Source Income Pipeline

Finalized the income workflow with:

- User selection of funding source
- Unit multiplier conversion
- Ledger income entry creation
- Automatic totals recalculation
- Observer-driven UI refresh

This replaced the last remnants of donation-driven V1 behavior.

### 11/08/2025 – Daily Summary Aggregation Layer

Added a presentation-focused financial summary generator that consolidates:

- fulfilled need costs
- income totals
- net cost
- active threshold
- active funds

This provided a stable, reusable object for both UI and testing.

### 11/09/2025 – Composite Edge Case Corrections

Patched several corner cases in Bundle cost evaluation, including:

- recursive bundle-in-bundle lookups
- forward-reference validation
- empty bundle handling
- prevention of circular definitions

All invalid bundle definitions now trigger repository warnings instead of breaking load logic.

## 11/10/2025 – CSV Robustness & Sanitization Pass

Upgraded CSVManager to sanitize whitespace, trim invalid symbols, filter partial rows, and normalize malformed entries.

Improved error messages for corrupted CSV states. Logged recoverable issues without stopping the system.

## 11/11/2025 – Controller-to-View Abstraction Cleanup

Refactored multiple controller return values into small view-model-like structures to simplify ConsoleView rendering. Reduced view logic duplication and removed any lingering business rule leakage from ConsoleView.

## 11/12/2025 – Repository Unit Test Scaffolding

Created mock-based unit test scaffolding for NeedsRepository, FundingSourceRepository, and LedgerRepository. Isolated CSV behavior for repeatable tests and formalized the expected behavior for each row type.

## 11/13/2025 – V2 Class Diagram Expansion

Expanded class diagrams to reflect:

- MasterController orchestration
- FundingSourceRepository
- FundingSourceController
- new LedgerEntity entry types
- refined Composite structure

Prepared these for insertion into the design document.

## 11/14/2025 – CLI Interaction Flow Finalization

Refined ConsoleView menus, adding consistent labeling, input validation, navigation shortcuts, and structured prompts. Ensured all funding, need, and threshold workflows follow a unified user experience.

## 11/15/2025 – UI Observer Behavior Polishing

Resolved race conditions and update timing issues between multiple observers. Ensured that Need, Ledger, and Funding updates propagate in the correct order when multiple subsystems are modified during a single user session.

### **11/16/2025 – User Subsystem Placeholder Stabilization**

Integrated placeholder User and Admin classes with minimal fields to satisfy subsystem completeness. Ensured they do not interfere with V2 functionality but serve as a foundation for possible V3 authentication.

### **11/17/2025 – Documentation Refactor & Pattern Clarification**

Rewrote internal and design documentation to clarify the use of MVC, Composite, Observer, Repository, and DI patterns. Updated terminology to remove all donation references and ensure complete alignment with funding-based modeling.

### **11/18/2025 – V2 Design Document Assembly**

Compiled all diagrams, subsystem definitions, sequence flows, and updated schemas into the unified V2 design document. Ensured formatting uniformity, added MasterController integration details, and finalized all textual edits for submission-ready presentation.