

*[INITIAL RELEASE]*

# Project Design Document

## Team 1a - JSCOPE

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## Project Summary

FundGoodDeeds App (Version 2.0) is a powerful yet user-friendly tool designed to help individuals and families manage their financial needs and funding sources with clarity and precision. By organizing basic needs, bundles of essentials, and funding sources in simple CSV files, the app keeps a daily ledger of fulfilled needs, received funds, and thresholds, making it easy to track spending, income, and net financial impact at a glance. Users can add, edit, or remove needs and funding sources, set daily financial goals, and maintain an accurate record of their financial activity, all through an intuitive interface that ensures data is always up-to-date and error-free.

With FundGoodDeeds, users gain the ability to plan and optimize their finances effortlessly. The app automatically calculates total costs of expenses, tracks income, and net balances, while alerting when expenses exceed predefined thresholds. Bundles of essential items, recurring funding sources, and historical logs provide valuable insights for budgeting and decision-making. Whether you're managing monthly expenses, tracking income sources, or ensuring your essential needs are met efficiently, FundGoodDeeds empowers users to stay organized, financially informed, and confident in their daily financial decisions.

## Design Overview

The Design evolved from simple class sketches and noun verb analysis of project requirements to a structured multi-subsystem architecture emphasizing separation of concerns, high cohesion, and low coupling.

## Architecture

**Model–View–Controller (MVC)** separates presentation, business logic, and data.

## Patterns

**Composite Pattern** models *Bundles of Needs* uniformly, enabling recursive operations such as total cost or fulfillment status.

**Observer Pattern** allows the UI and reporting components to react automatically to updates in the data model.

**Repository Pattern (custom pattern)** allows for abstraction of stored data access. All CRUD (Create, Read, Update, and Delete) operations are handled in one place, to keep our code organized, easier to maintain, and output back to a data store upon request.

**Command Pattern** allows for our app to invoke common commands for multiple views (or receivers) in the system to pave the way for a CLI and GUI to work synchronously.

## Principles

**DIP via Dependency Injection** allows for extensibility, since all of the objects being passed in any constructor will depend on the same interface, we can interchange the objects without any conflicts.

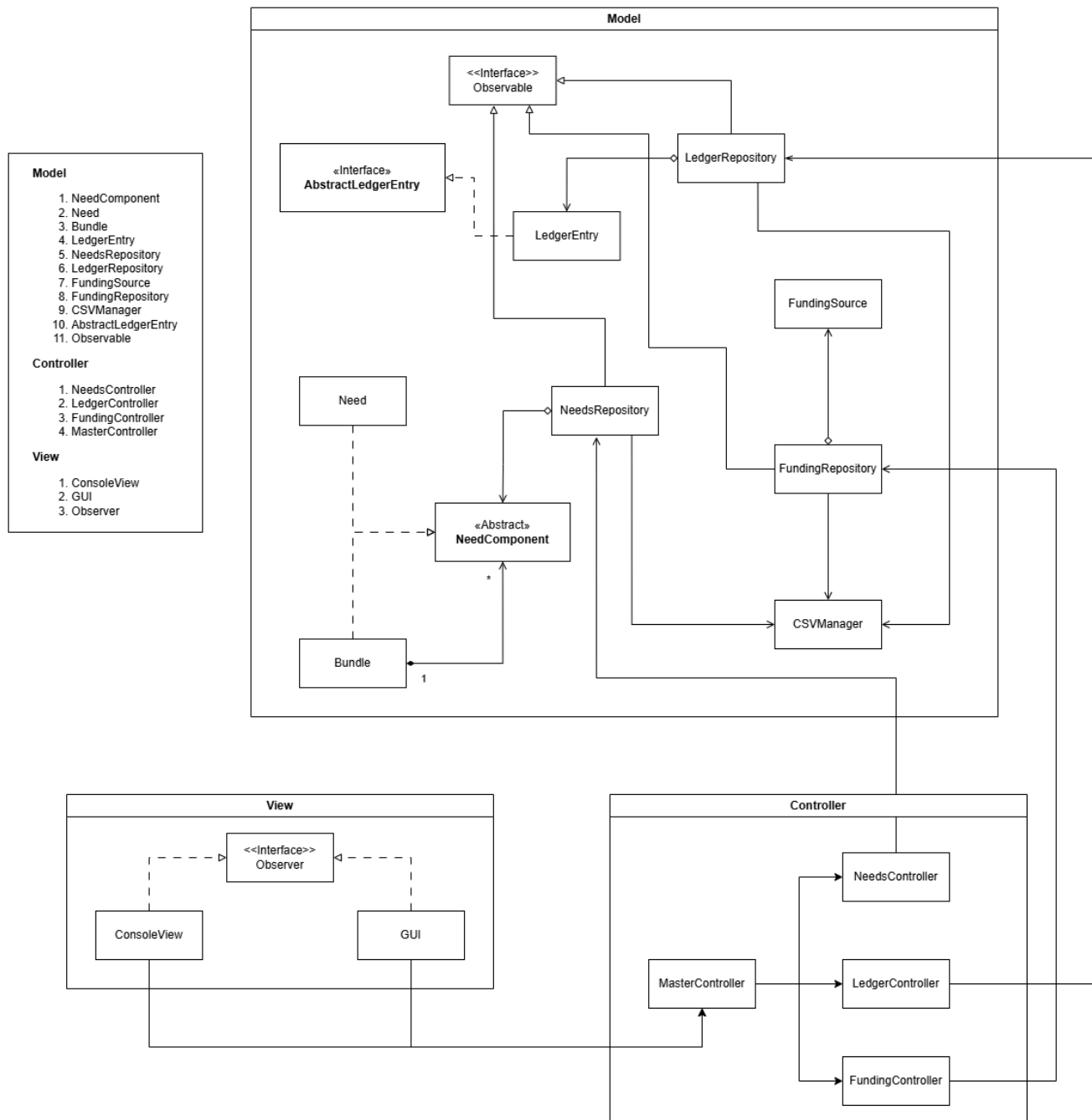
Early prototypes revealed tight coupling between UI and logic, these were then handled through interface abstractions. Dependency inversion was applied to allow testing and future integrations with external API's or databases.

Rejected alternatives include direct database coupling in controllers and hard-coded UI bindings. Assumptions are 1 active donor per session and stable in memory data storage.

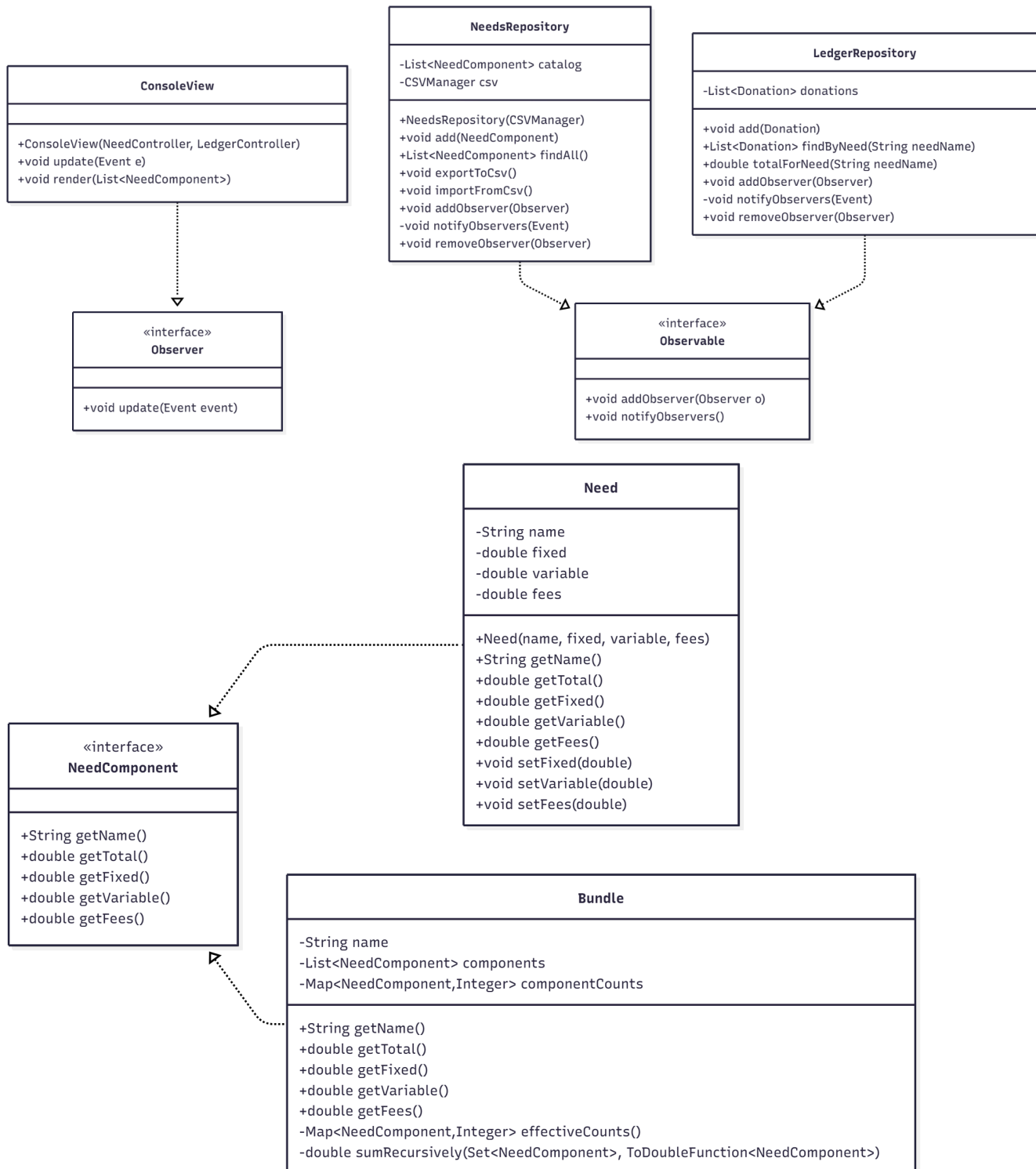
**DRY Principle** allows for functionality that is expected to be repeated to exist as an abstraction instead of repeated code. Our design holds a csv parser as multiple entities in the system are derived from data files and not always created by the user.

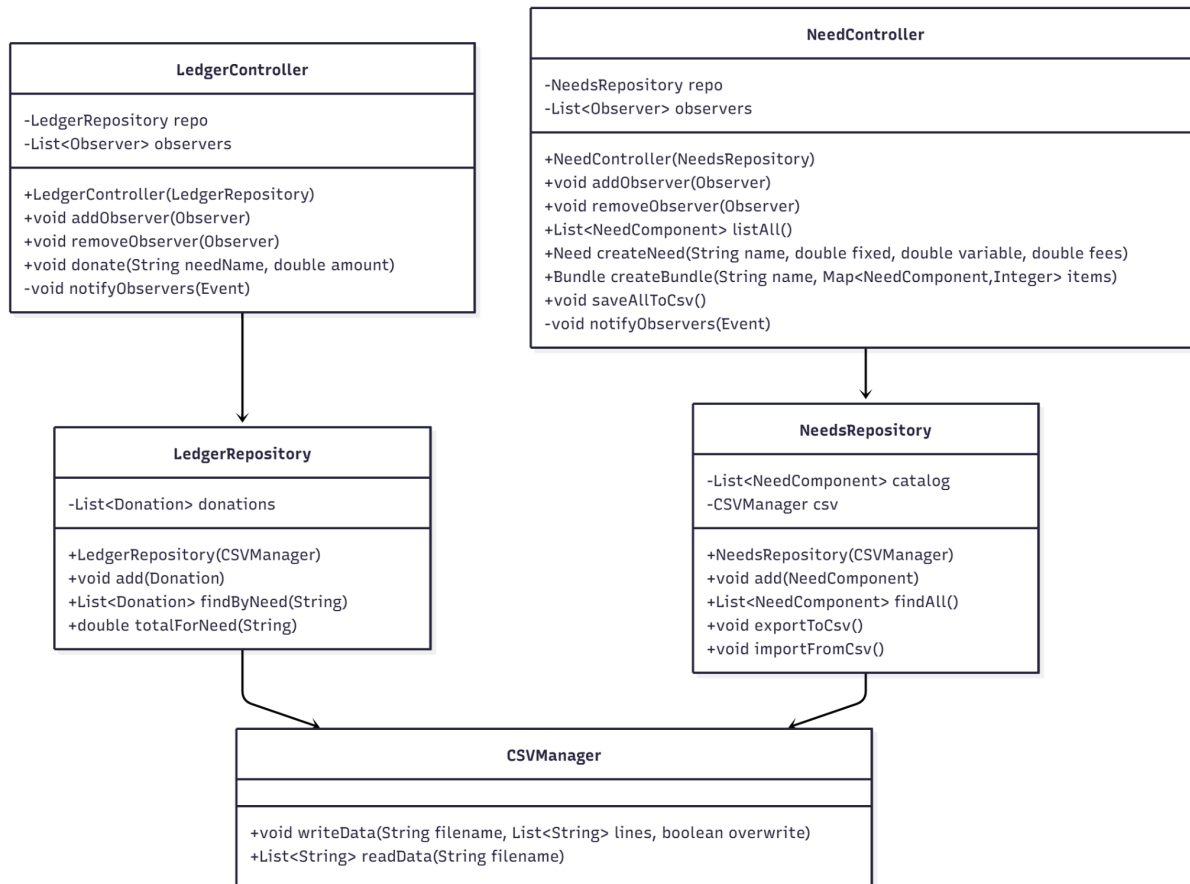
**SRP (Single Responsibility Principle)** unlike our first iteration, we will ensure our classes in our view are only responsible for displaying information and sending user input to the controllers. We do not want extra processing logic in the view but maintained in our controllers.

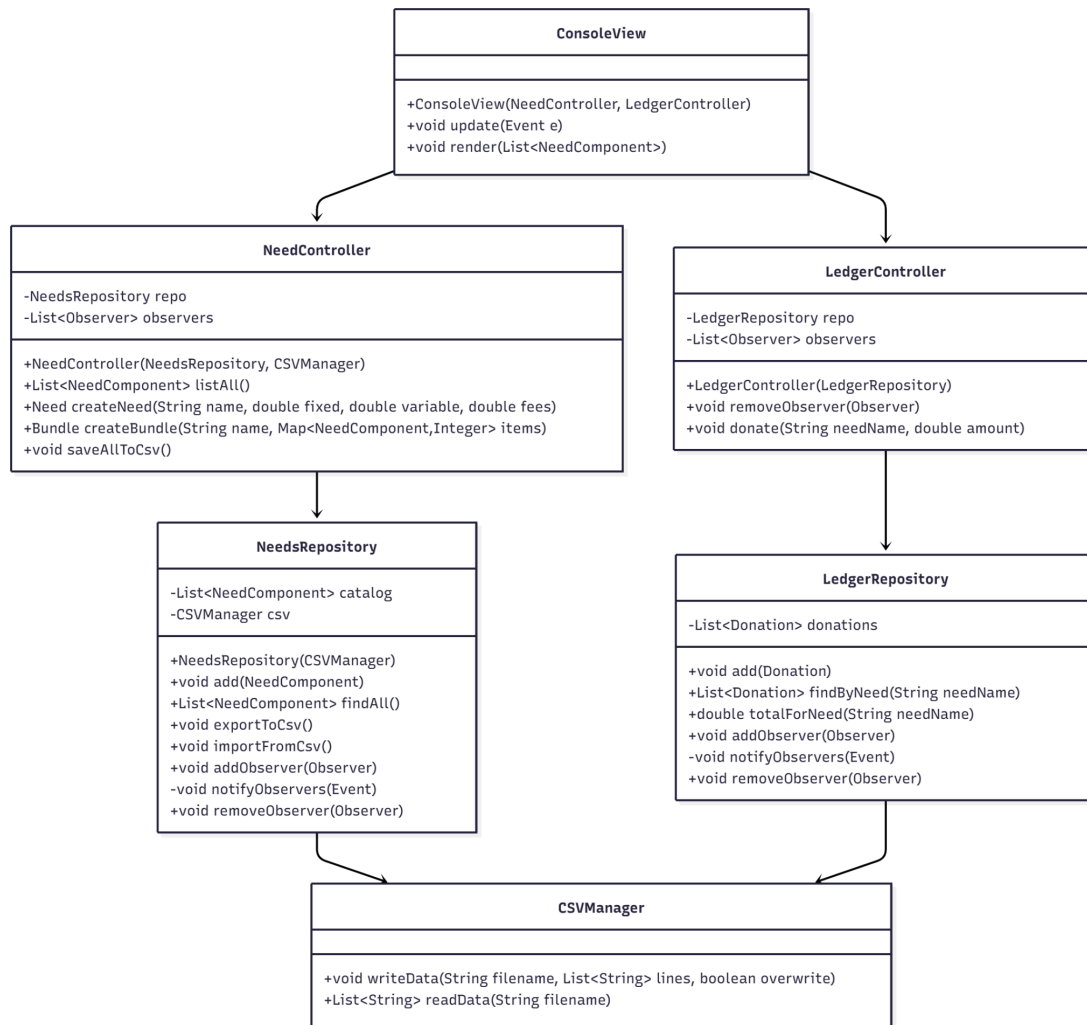
## System Architecture (MVC)



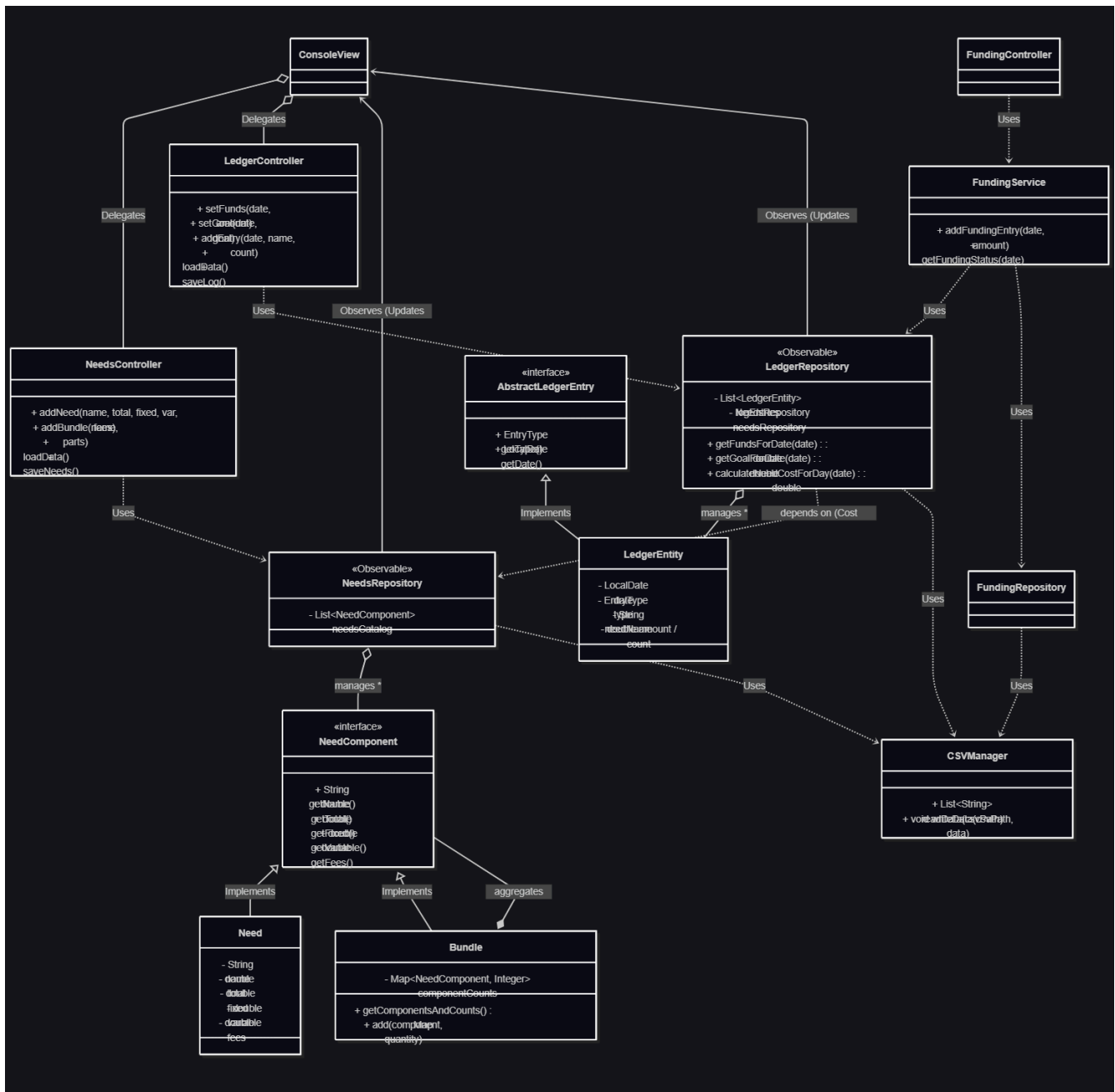
## V1



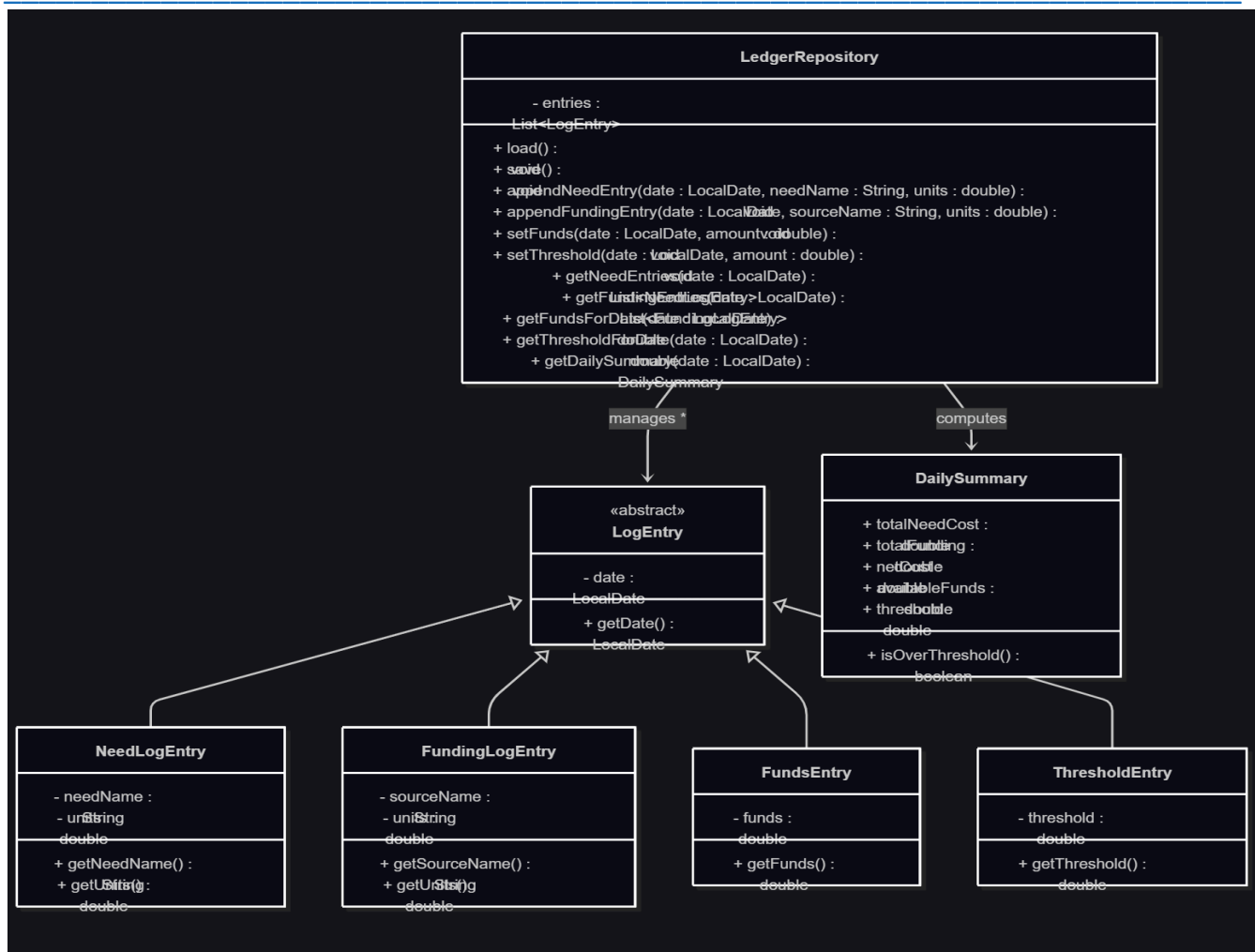




## V2







- **Need Management Subsystem** – manages creation, retrieval, and status of Needs.
- **Bundle Management Subsystem** – groups related Needs using the Composite pattern.
- **Ledger Subsystem** – records donations, calculates totals, and ensures transaction integrity.
- **Funding Subsystem** – manages the definition, storage, and recording of financial income sources and received funds.
- **User Subsystem** – handles Donor, Admin, and general user operations.
- **UI / Controller Subsystem** – manages user interactions, events, and display updates.

## Subsystems

### 1.1 Need Management

<b>Class Need</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Represents a single item of aid (description, cost, status).
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	LedgerEntity, Bundle, NeedRepository

<b>Class NeedComponent</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Common interface for Need and Bundle to support Composite operations.

<b>Class NeedRepository</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of Needs/Bundle data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsController, LedgerController

<b>Class CSVManager</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository

### 1.2 Bundle Management

<b>Class Bundle</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Composite that aggregates multiple NeedComponents. Calculates totals recursively.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	NeedComponent, Need

<b>Class NeedRepository</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of Needs/Bundle data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsController, LedgerController, CSVManager

<b>Class CSVManager</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository

### 1.3 Ledger subsystem

<b>Class AbstractLedgerEntity</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	An abstraction layer for all Ledger entries to ensure all concrete entries share common methods.

<b>Class LedgerEntity</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Records all Donation entries and computes totals.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	Need, Bundle, AbstractLedgerEntity

<b>Class LedgerRepository</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of LedgerEntity data into the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	LedgerController, CSVManager

<b>Class CSVManager</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.

<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository
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## 1.4 Funding Subsystem

<b>Class</b> FundingSource	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Represents a single definable source of income (name, amount per unit). Tracks the base value for one unit of funding.

<b>Class</b> FundingRepository	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles loading, retrieving, and saving of FundingSource data into the CSV file. Ensures data integrity and access control for funding sources.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	FundingController

<b>Class</b> CSVManager	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles the reading and writing of CSV data to the CSV file.
<b>Collaborators (inheritance)</b>	NeedsRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository

## 1.5 User Subsystem

<b>Class</b> User	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Base class with shared info for all our users.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	ConsoleView

<b>Class</b> Admin	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Extend user management of system data.
<b>Collaborators</b>	NeedRepository, LedgerRepository

## 1.6 UI/Controller Subsystem

<b>Class FundGoodDeedsApp</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Entry Point, initialize UI and subsystems.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	NeedController, LedgerController, ConsoleView

<b>Class NeedController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view Need and Bundle actions.
<b>Collaborators</b>	NeedRepository, NeedComponent, ConsoleView

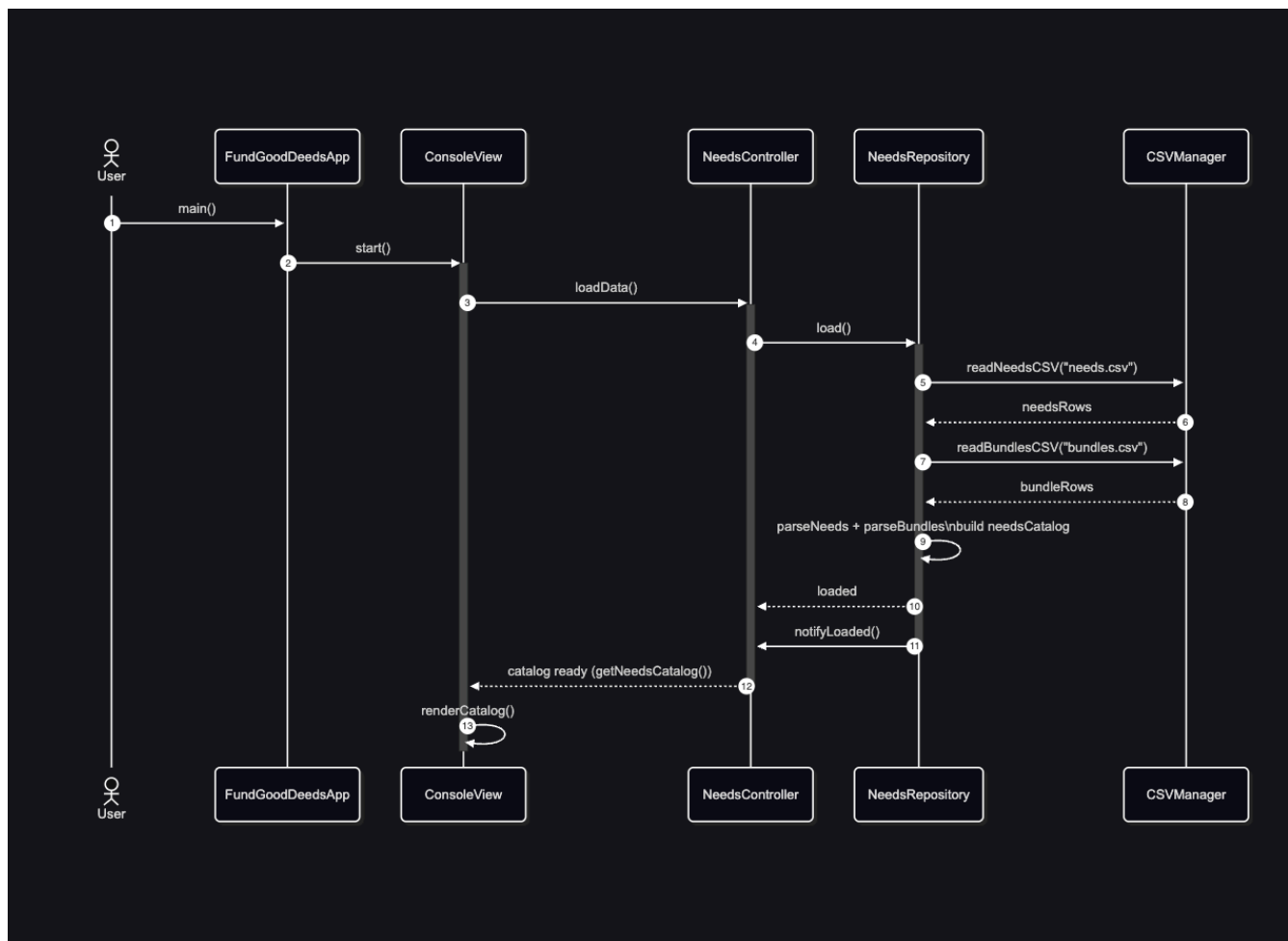
<b>Class LedgerController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view LedgerEntity actions.
<b>Collaborators</b>	LedgerRepository, ConsoleView

<b>Class FundingController</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Handles add/update/view FundingSource actions.
<b>Collaborators (uses)</b>	FundingRepository, LedgerController, ConsoleView

<b>Class ConsoleView</b>	
<b>Responsibilities</b>	Observes data model changes to refresh the interface.
<b>Collaborators</b>	NeedController, LedgerController, FundingController

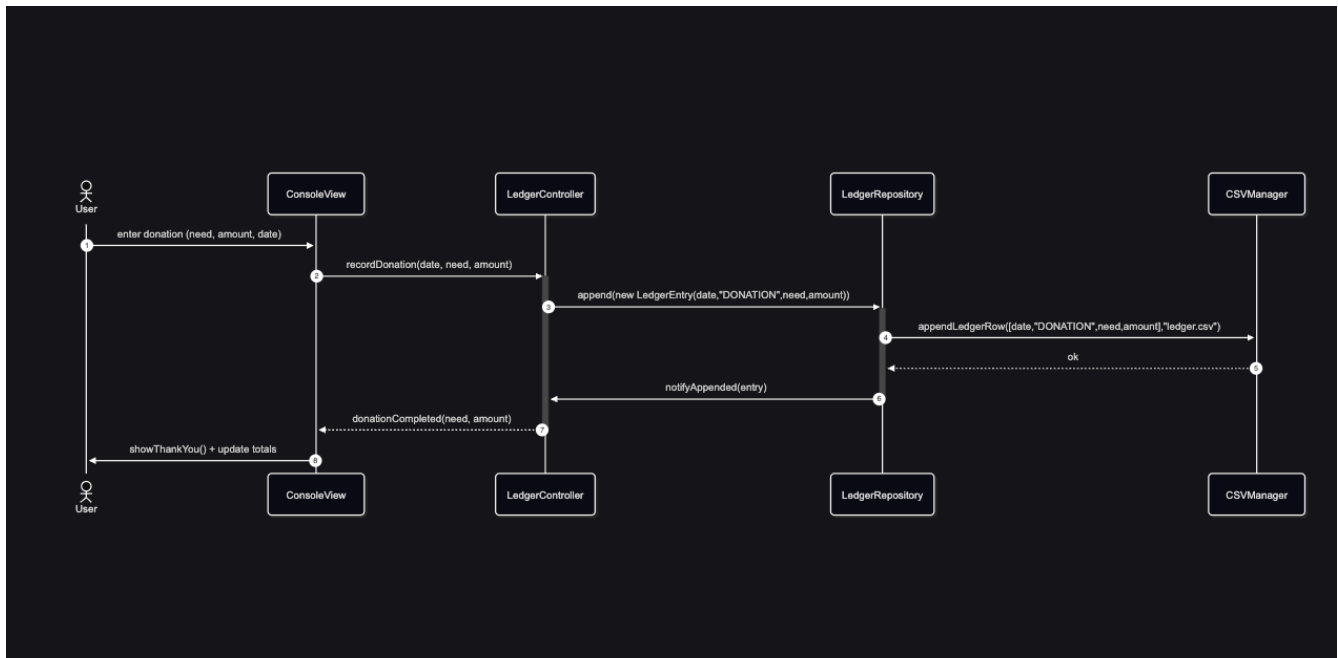
## Sequence Diagrams

### 1.7 Description of labeled Sequence diagram #1 and (what feature / operation / scenario the diagram shows).



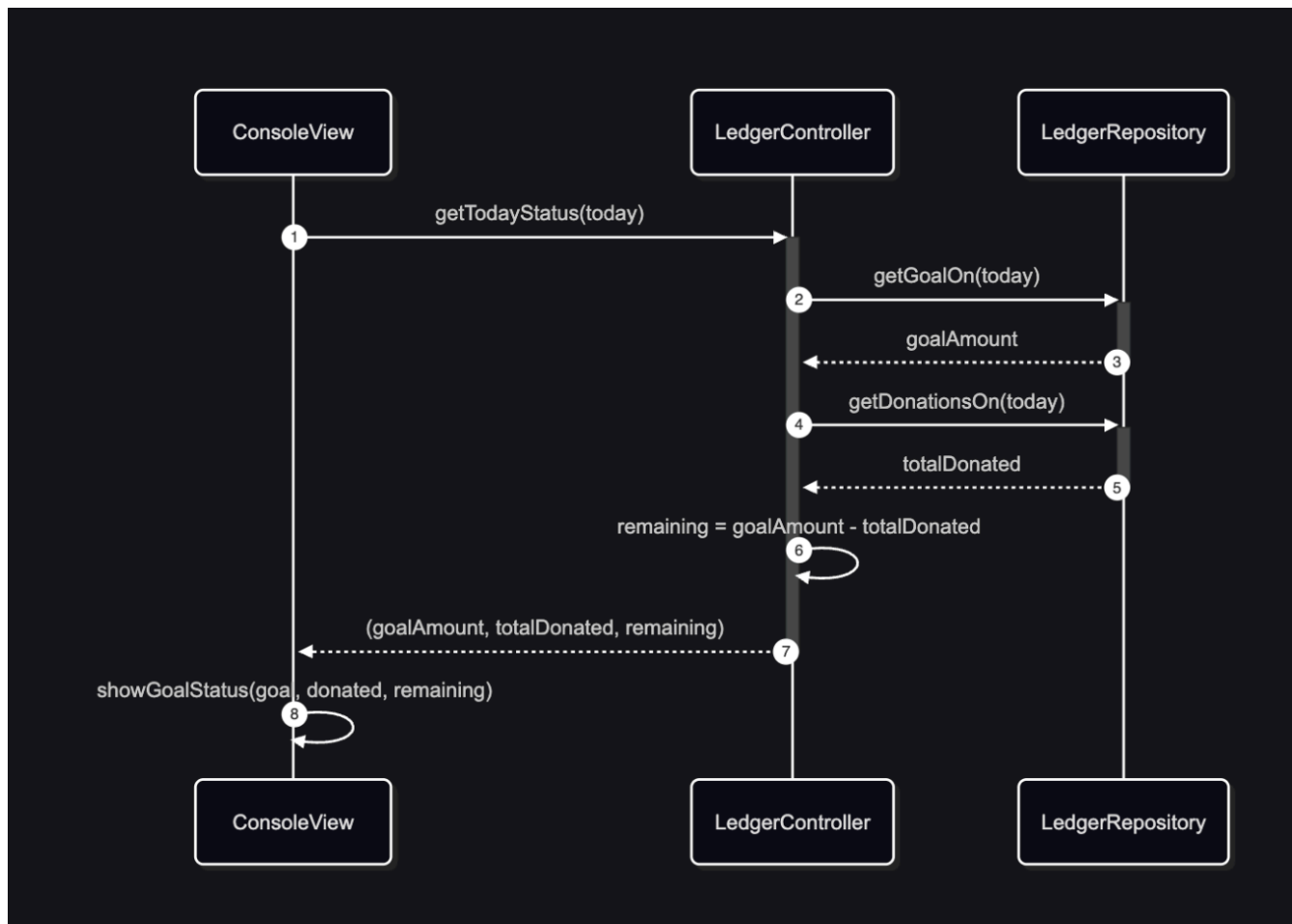
On startup the user launches the app; `ConsoleView.start()` asks `NeedsController.loadData()`. The **controller** delegates to `NeedsRepository.load()`, which uses `CSVManager` to load needs and bundles, converts rows into objects, and refreshes the in-memory catalog. When loading completes, the **controller** returns control and the view renders the catalog.

## 1.8 Description of labeled Sequence diagram #2 (what feature / operation / scenario the diagram shows).



When the user enters a donation, ConsoleView calls LedgerController.recordDonation(date, need, amount). The **controller** constructs a LedgerEntity(type="DONATION") and appends it through LedgerRepository, which persists the row with CSVManager. Once appended, the **controller** notifies the view; the UI renders a thank-you and updated totals.

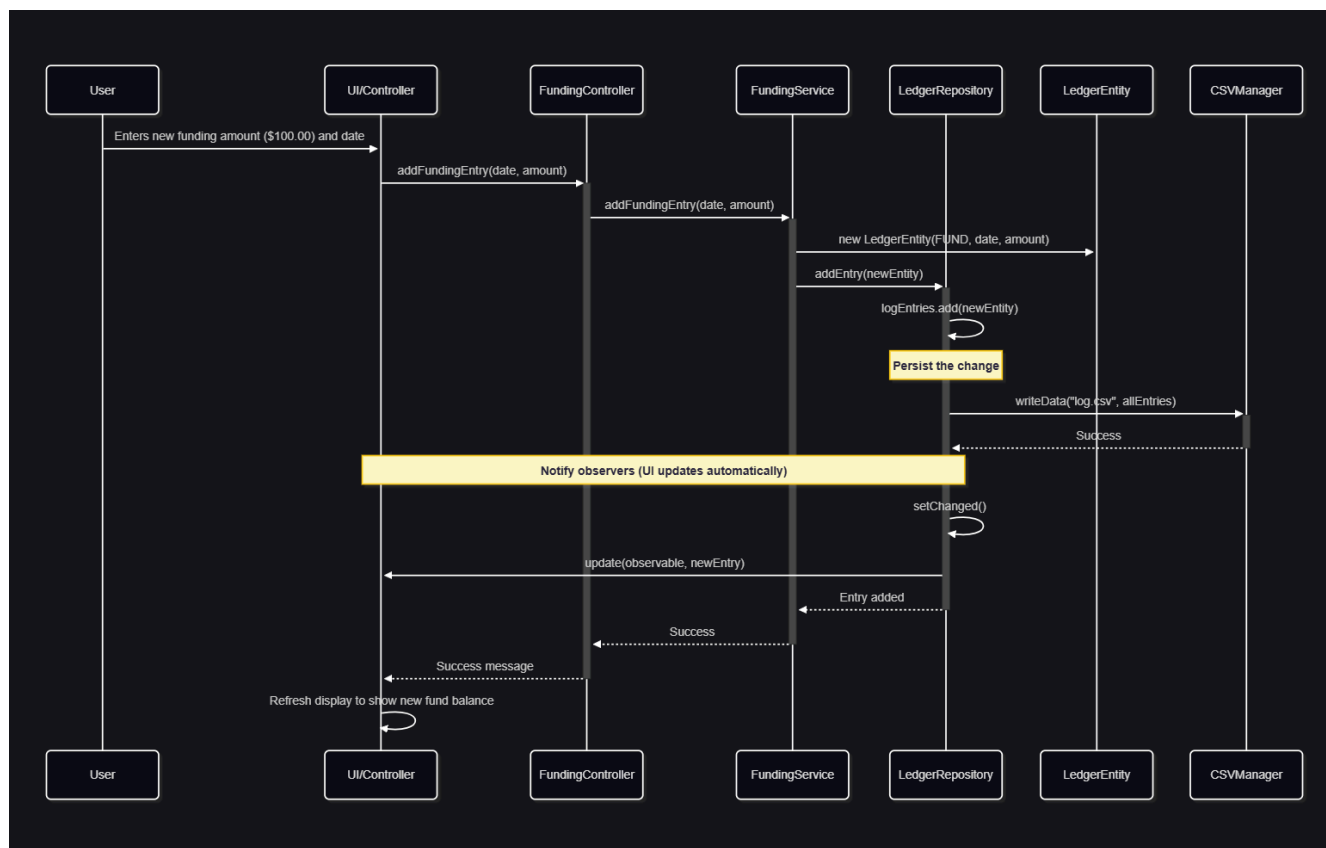
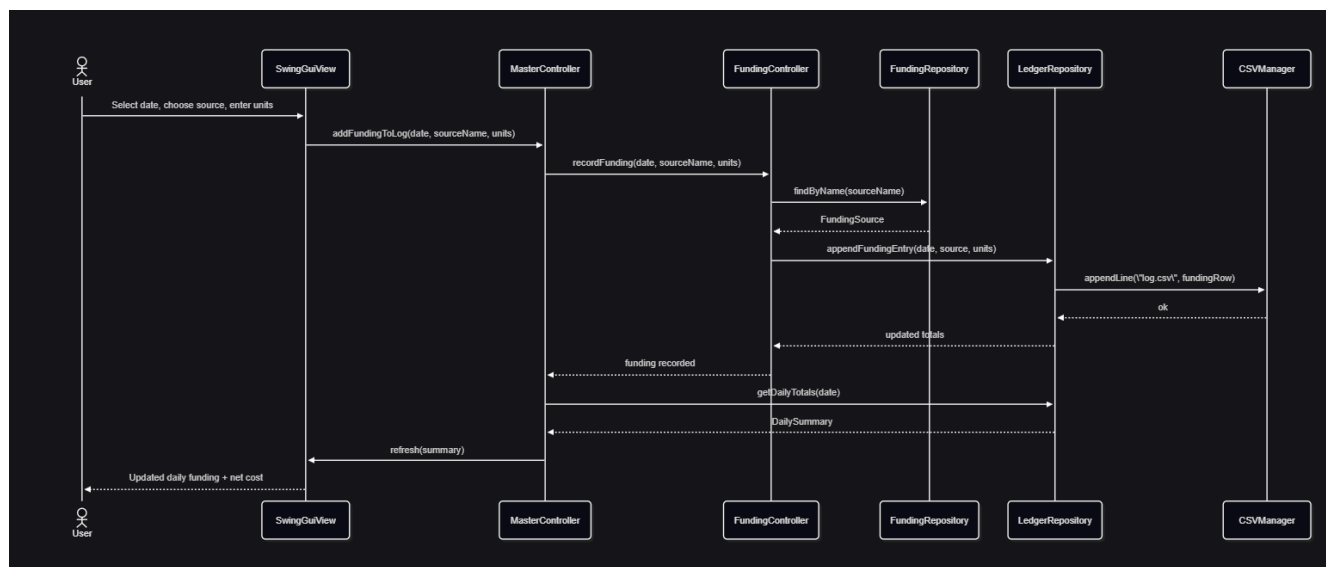
## 1.9 Description of labeled Sequence diagram #3 (what feature / operation / scenario the diagram shows).

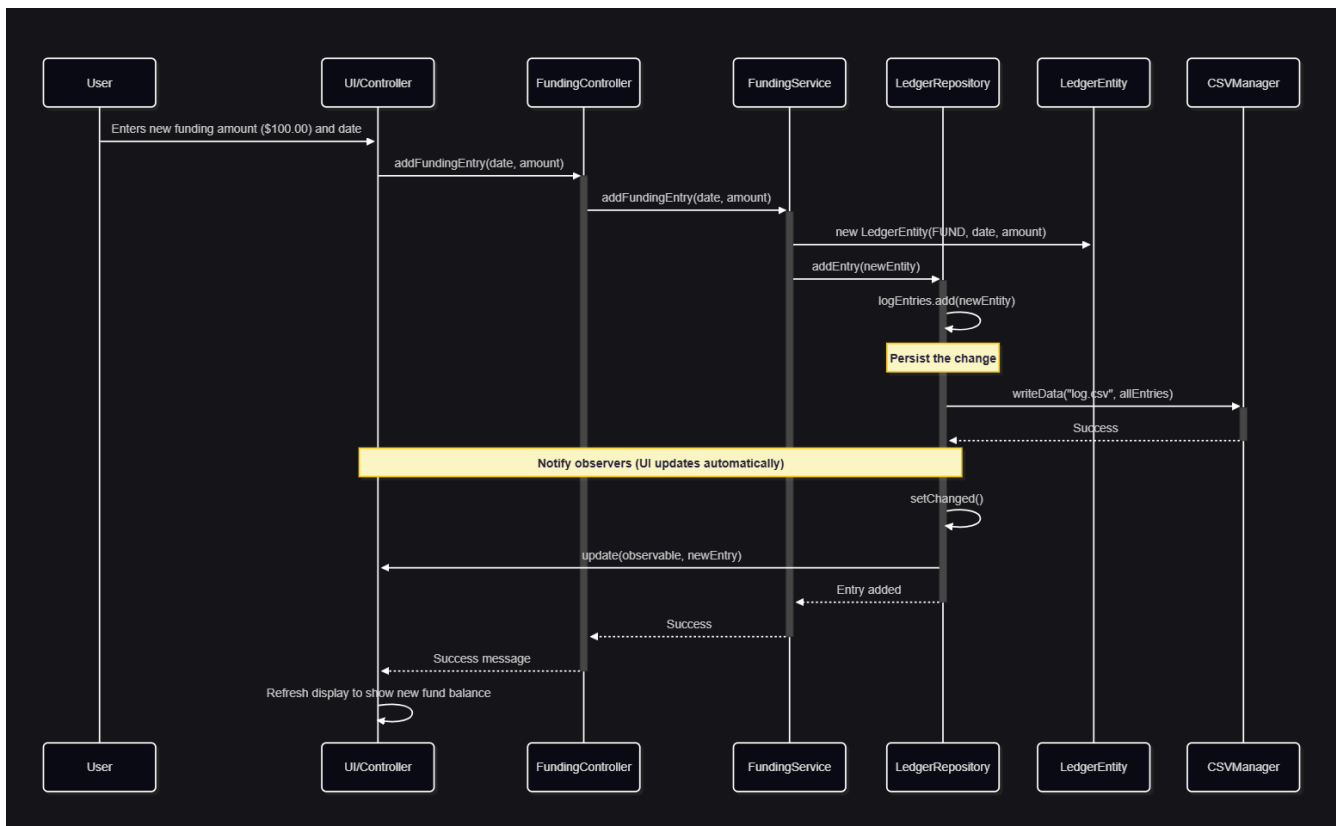
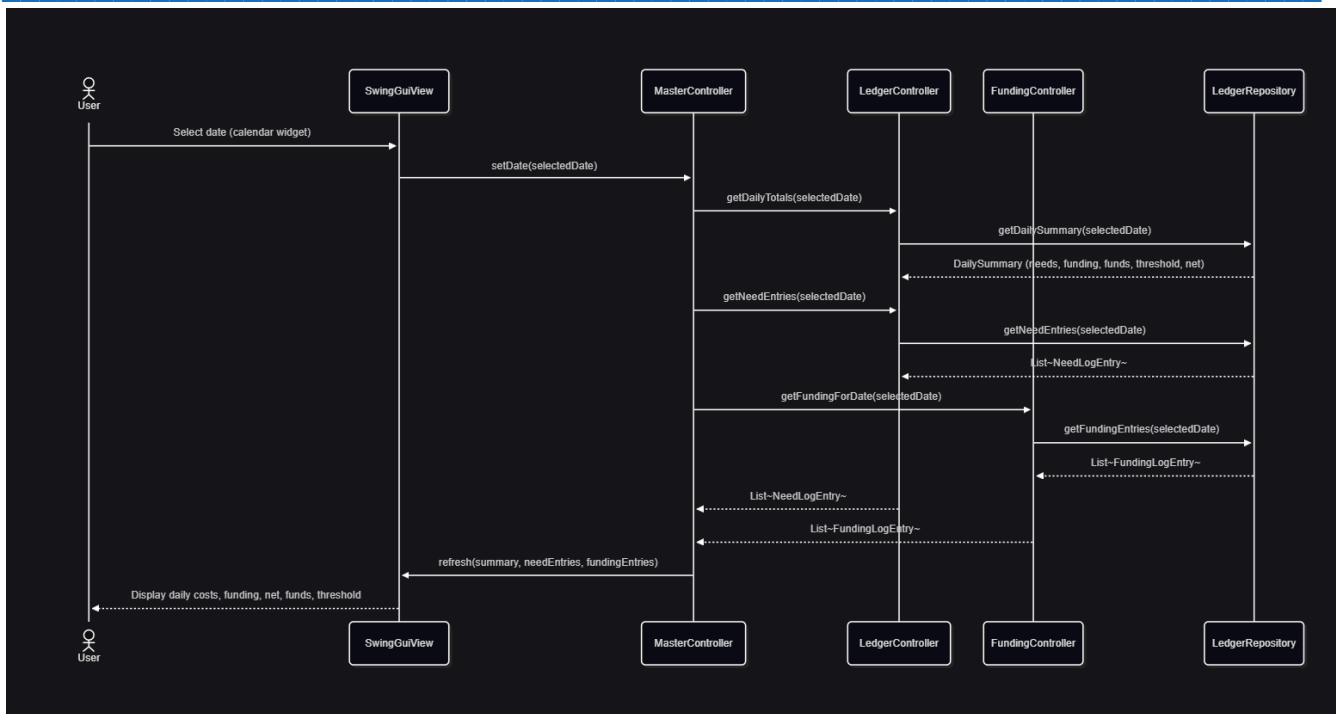


When the user enters a donation, ConsoleView calls LedgerController.recordDonation(date, need, amount). The **controller** constructs a LedgerEntity(type="DONATION") and appends it through LedgerRepository, which persists the row with CSVManager. Once appended, the **controller** notifies the view; the UI renders a thank-you and updated totals.



## V2





## Pattern Usage

### 1.10 Observer Pattern

Observer Pattern	
<b>Observer(s)</b>	ConsoleView(view layer), ReportView (optional)
<b>Observable(s)</b>	NeedRepository, Ledger
<b>Notification Method</b>	notifyObservers(), update()
<b>Event Sources</b>	Need status changes, Donation recorded

### 1.11 Composite Pattern

Composite Pattern	
<b>Component</b>	NeedComponent
<b>Leaf</b>	Need
<b>Composite</b>	Bundle
<b>Client(s)</b>	NeedController, FundGoodDeedsApp

### 1.12 MVC

MVC	
<b>Model</b>	Need, Bundle, LedgerEntity, FundingSource, LedgerRepository, NeedRepository, FundingRepository
<b>View</b>	ConsoleView, FundGoodDeedsApp display components

<b>Controller</b>	NeedController, LedgerController, FundingController
<b>Glue/Contracts</b>	Simple view models, using NeedComponent interface

### 1.13 Dependency Injection / Inversion (DI/IoC)

<b>DI / DIP</b>	
<b>Abstractions</b>	NeedComponent, (optionally ILedger, IRepository<T>)
<b>Concrete Implementations</b>	Need, Bundle, LedgerEntity, NeedRepository
<b>Composition Root</b>	FundGoodDeedsApp (wires controllers, repos, observers)
<b>Consumers</b>	Controllers, views using interfaces rather than concretes

### 1.14 Repository Pattern

<b>Repository Pattern</b>	
<b>Repository</b>	NeedRepository, LedgerRepository, FundingRepository (in-memory R1; DB later)
<b>Aggregate Root</b>	NeedComponent, LedgerEntity, FundingSource
<b>Clients</b>	NeedController, Admin workflows

## System Rationale

The system is organized using the Model–View–Controller (MVC) architecture, the Composite pattern, the Observer pattern, the Repository pattern, and Dependency Injection, with clear separation of responsibilities among classes and concurrent updates across various interfaces.

Benefits, a huge separation of concerns. The Model layer includes classes such as NeedComponent, BasicNeed, Bundle, NeedsRepository, LedgerEntity, and LedgerRepository, which manage all data and business logic. The Composite relationship between Bundle and NeedComponent allows bundles to contain both basic needs and other bundles, providing a flexible way to represent complex financial structures without duplicating logic. Repositories isolate file storage and retrieval, allowing other components to focus on logic and presentation. The Controllers (NeedsController and LedgerController) coordinate data flow and enforce rules between the Model and the user-facing View. Importantly, the NeedsController manages the creation and validation of BasicNeed and Bundle objects.

Drawbacks, the MVC architecture requires a controller to be made for each view. In this case, if we add another logging element to the system, we would need to build a controller for it. The repository classes must contain lots of data validation from the CSV files, as the logs are the main source of truth. If they contain errors, then the system fails. The main drawback is that this design introduces more classes and relationships, which increases complexity and coordination effort.

### 10/10/2025 – Component vs. Composite

Chose Composite (NeedComponent → Need/Bundle) so totals and fulfillment logic work identically for single needs and groups. This avoids duplicate code and simplifies UI/controllers.

**10/12/2025 – Central Ledger**

Introduced LedgerEntity as the single source of truth for donations/transactions. Keeps financial logic cohesive and auditable. This hopes to prevent scattering donation math across controllers.

**10/13/2025 – MVC Separation**

Refactored to MVC where controllers handle orchestration, views only render, models encapsulate rules. This reduced coupling and made unit tests for business rules straightforward.

**10/14/2025 – Observer for Live Updates**

Added Observer so UI auto-refreshes on Need/LedgerEntity changes. This removed manual refresh calls from controllers and clarified responsibilities.

**10/15/2025 – Repository Abstraction**

Adopted Repository (NeedRepository) to isolate storage concerns. R1 uses in-memory lists; R2 can switch to DB without controller changes.

**10/16/2025 – DI at Composition Root**

Applied Dependency Inversion by wiring interfaces in FundGoodDeedsApp. Enables mocking NeedRepository/LedgerEntity in tests and future strategy swaps.

**10/17/2025 – Donation Allocation Strategies (Future-proofing)**

Defined a Strategy interface for bundle allocation. R1 defaults to Equal Split; left hooks for Priority/Single-Need strategies required by stakeholders.

**10/18/2025 – Rejected Alternatives**

Rejected controller-direct DB calls (tight coupling), and view-driven business logic (violates MVC). Also rejected hard-coded allocation rules (blocks future change).

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**10/19/2025 – Subsystems & Contracts**

Locked subsystem boundaries (Need, Bundle, Ledger, User, UI/Controllers) and interfaces (NeedComponent).

**10/20/2025 – CSV Schema v1.** Finalized headers for `needs.csv`, `funding.csv`, and `log.csv`; locked row order and delimiter rules to stabilize parsing.

**10/22/2025 – Error Handling Pass.** Added guard-rails for malformed rows; repository catches/filters bad records and surfaces user-friendly messages to the view.

**10/23/2025 – Controller Split.** Moved view-triggered logic from repositories into `NeedsController` / `LedgerController` to keep MVC boundaries crisp.

**10/24/2025 – Metrics Hook.** Added `getDonationsOn(date)` / `getGoalOn(date)` to support daily goal status without duplicating math in the controller.

**11/03/2025 – R1 Diagram.** Locked Class + 3 Sequence diagrams to match shipped code for submission.