

Bios 6301: Assignment 6

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Due Tuesday, 24 October, 1:00 PM

$5^{n=\text{day}}$ points taken off for each day late.

40 points total.

Submit a single knitr file (named `homework6.rmd`), along with a valid PDF output file. Inside the file, clearly indicate which parts of your responses go with which problems (you may use the original homework document as a template). Add your name as `author` to the file's metadata section. Raw R code/output or word processor files are not acceptable.

Failure to name file `homework6.rmd` or include author name may result in 5 points taken off.

Question 1

16 points

Obtain a copy of the football-values lecture. Save the five 2023 CSV files in your working directory.

Modify the code to create a function. This function will create dollar values given information (as arguments) about a league setup. It will return a data.frame and write this data.frame to a CSV file. The final data.frame should contain the columns 'PlayerName', 'pos', 'points', 'value' and be ordered by value descendingly. Do not round dollar values.

Note that the returned data.frame should have `sum(posReq)*nTeams` rows.

Define the function as such (10 points):

```
# path: directory path to input files
path <- '~/R_projects/statistical_computing'
# file: name of the output file; it should be written to path
# nTeams: number of teams in league
# cap: money available to each team
# posReq: number of starters for each position
# points: point allocation for each category
ffvalues <- function(path, file='outfile.csv', nTeams=12, cap=200, posReq=c(qb=1, rb=2, wr=3, te=1, k=1,
                                points=c(fg=4, xpt=1, pass_yds=1/25, pass_tds=4, pass_ints=-2,
                                rush_yds=1/10, rush_tds=6, fumbles=-2, rec_yds=1/20, rec_tds=6))) {

  ## read in CSV files
  year <- params$year
  positions <- c('k','qb','rb','te','wr')
  csvfile <- paste('proj_', positions, substr(year, 3, 4), '.csv', sep='')
  files <- file.path(year, csvfile)
  names(files) <- positions
  k <- read.csv(files['k'], header=TRUE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
  qb <- read.csv(files['qb'], stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
  rb <- read.csv(files['rb'])
```

```

te <- read.csv(files['te'])
wr <- read.csv(files['wr'])

# generate unique list of column names
cols <- unique(c(names(k), names(qb), names(rb), names(te), names(wr)))

# create a new column in each data.frame
k[, 'pos'] <- 'k'
qb[, 'pos'] <- 'qb'
rb[, 'pos'] <- 'rb'
te[, 'pos'] <- 'te'
wr[, 'pos'] <- 'wr'

# append 'pos' to unique column list
cols <- c(cols, 'pos')

# create common columns in each data.frame
# initialize values to zero
k[, setdiff(cols, names(k))] <- 0
qb[, setdiff(cols, names(qb))] <- 0
rb[, setdiff(cols, names(rb))] <- 0
te[, setdiff(cols, names(te))] <- 0
wr[, setdiff(cols, names(wr))] <- 0

# combine data.frames by row, using consistent column order
x <- rbind(k[, cols], qb[, cols], rb[, cols], te[, cols], wr[, cols])

## calculate points
x[, 'p_fg'] <- x[, 'fg'] * points['fg']
x[, 'p_xpt'] <- x[, 'xpt'] * points['xpt']
x[, 'p_pass_yds'] <- x[, 'pass_yds'] * points['pass_yds']
x[, 'p_pass_tds'] <- x[, 'pass_tds'] * points['pass_tds']
x[, 'p_pass_ints'] <- x[, 'pass_ints'] * points['pass_ints']
x[, 'p_rush_yds'] <- x[, 'rush_yds'] * points['rush_yds']
x[, 'p_rush_tds'] <- x[, 'rush_tds'] * points['rush_tds']
x[, 'p_fumbles'] <- x[, 'fumbles'] * points['fumbles']
x[, 'p_rec_yds'] <- x[, 'rec_yds'] * points['rec_yds']
x[, 'p_rec_tds'] <- x[, 'rec_tds'] * points['rec_tds']

x[, 'points'] <- rowSums(x[, grep("^p_", names(x))])

x2 <- x[order(x[, 'points'], decreasing=TRUE),]

# determine the row indices for each position
k.ix <- which(x2[, 'pos'] == 'k')
qb.ix <- which(x2[, 'pos'] == 'qb')
rb.ix <- which(x2[, 'pos'] == 'rb')
te.ix <- which(x2[, 'pos'] == 'te')
wr.ix <- which(x2[, 'pos'] == 'wr')

# calculate marginal points by subtracting "baseline" player's points
if (posReq['k'] != 0) {
  x2[k.ix, 'marg'] <- x2[k.ix, 'points'] - x2[k.ix[nTeams*posReq['k']], 'points']

```

```

}
if (posReq['qb'] != 0) {
  x2[qb.ix, 'marg'] <- x2[qb.ix, 'points'] - x2[qb.ix[nTeams*posReq['qb']], 'points']
}
if (posReq['rb'] != 0) {
  x2[rb.ix, 'marg'] <- x2[rb.ix, 'points'] - x2[rb.ix[nTeams*posReq['rb']], 'points']
}
if (posReq['te'] != 0) {
  x2[te.ix, 'marg'] <- x2[te.ix, 'points'] - x2[te.ix[nTeams*posReq['te']], 'points']
}
if (posReq['wr'] != 0) {
  x2[wr.ix, 'marg'] <- x2[wr.ix, 'points'] - x2[wr.ix[nTeams*posReq['wr']], 'points']
}

# create a new data.frame subset by non-negative marginal points
x2 = na.omit(x2)
x3 <- x2[x2[, 'marg'] >= 0,]

# re-order by marginal points
x3 <- x3[order(x3[, 'marg'], decreasing=TRUE),]

# reset the row names
rownames(x3) <- NULL

# calculation for player value
x3[, 'value'] <- (nTeams*cap-nrow(x3)) * x3[, 'marg'] / sum(x3[, 'marg']) + 1

## save dollar values as CSV file
dollar_values <- x3[c('PlayerName', 'pos', 'points', 'value')]
write.table(dollar_values, file = "dollar_values.csv", sep = ",", col.names = NA)

## return data.frame with dollar values
return(dollar_values)
}

```

1. Call 'x1 <- ffvalues('.')'

```
x1 <- ffvalues('.')
```

1. How many players are worth more than \$20? (1 point)

```
print(length(which(x1$value > 20)))
```

1. Who is 15th most valuable running back (rb)? (1 point)

```
rbs <- x1[x1$pos == 'rb',] rbs <- rbs[order(rbs[, 'points'], decreasing=TRUE),] print(rbs[15,][ 'PlayerName'])
```

1. Call x2 <- ffvalues(getwd(), '16team.csv', nTeams=16, cap=150)

```
x2 <- ffvalues(getwd(), '16team.csv', nTeams=16, cap=150)
```

1. How many players are worth more than \$20? (1 point)

```
print(length(which(x2$value > 20)))
```

1. How many wide receivers (wr) are in the top 40? (1 point)

```
print(length(which(x2[1:40,]$pos=='wr')))
```

1. Call:

```
x3 <- fvalues('.', 'qbheavy.csv', posReq=c(qb=2, rb=2, wr=3, te=1, k=0),
         points=c(fg=0, xpt=0, pass_yds=1/25, pass_tds=6, pass_ints=-2,
         rush_yds=1/10, rush_tds=6, fumbles=-2, rec_yds=1/20, rec_tds=6))
```

1. How many players are worth more than \$20? (1 point)

```
print(length(which(x3$value > 20)))
```

1. How many quarterbacks (qb) are in the top 30? (1 point)

```
print(length(which(x3[1:40,]$pos=='qb')))
```

Question 2

24 points

Import the HAART dataset (`haart.csv`) from the GitHub repository into R, and perform the following manipulations: (4 points each)

```
haart_df <- read.csv('/Users/jonathanlifferth/R_projects/Bios6301/datasets/haart.csv')
```

1. Convert date columns into a usable (for analysis) format. Use the `table` command to display the counts of the year from `init.date`.

```
names(haart_df)
```

```
## [1] "male"      "age"      "aids"      "cd4baseline" "logv1"
## [6] "weight"    "hemoglobin" "init.reg"   "init.date"   "last.visit"
## [11] "death"     "date.death"
```

```
haart_df$init.date <- as.POSIXct(haart_df$init.date, format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart_df$last.visit <- as.POSIXct(haart_df$last.visit, format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart_df$date.death <- as.POSIXct(haart_df$date.death, format = "%m/%d/%y")
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
## date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
haart_df$init.year <- year(haart_df$init.date)
print(table(haart_df$init.year))
```

```
##
## 1998 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007
##    1    5   17   60  270  292  207  104   44
```

2. Create an indicator variable (one which takes the values 0 or 1 only) to represent death within 1 year of the initial visit. How many observations died in year 1?

```
one_year_survival <- list()

for (i in 1:nrow(haart_df)) {
  if (haart_df[i,"death"] == 1) {
    if (difftime(haart_df[i,"date.death"], haart_df[i,"init.date"], units = "days")[[1]] < 365) {
      # print(1)
      one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(1))
    } else {
      # print(0)
      one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(0))
    }
  } else {
    # print(0)
    one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(0))
  }
}

haart_df$one_year_survival <- unlist(one_year_survival)

table(haart_df$one_year_survival)
```

```
##
##    0    1
## 908   92
```

92 died within 1 year of initial visit

3. Use the `init.date`, `last.visit` and `death.date` columns to calculate a followup time (in days), which is the difference between the first and either the last visit or a death event (whichever comes first). If these times are longer than 1 year, censor them (this means if the value is above 365, set followup to 365). Print the quantile for this new variable.

```
follow_up_days <- list()
haart_df$follow_up_days <- 365
for (i in 1:nrow(haart_df)) {
  # print(i)
  init <- haart_df[i,'init.date']
  last <- haart_df[i,"last.visit"]
  death <- haart_df[i,"death.date"]
```

```

# follow_up <- abs(difftime(haart_df[i, 'init.date'],
#                           min(c(haart_df[i, "last.visit"],
#                                   haart_df[i, "death.date"])))[[1]]))
follow_up <-abs(difftime(haart_df[i, 'init.date'],
                        min(c(haart_df[i, "last.visit"], haart_df[i, "death.date"]), na.rm = TRUE)))[1])
if (follow_up > 365) {
  follow_up <- 365
}
# print(follow_up)
# follow_up_days <- append(follow_up_days, c(follow_up))
haart_df$follow_up_days[i] <- follow_up
}

```

```
## Warning in min.default(structure(NA_real_, class = c("POSIXct", "POSIXt": no
## non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
```

```
## Warning in min.default(structure(NA_real_, class = c("POSIXct", "POSIXt": no
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```

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```

```
## Warning in min.default(structure(NA_real_, class = c("POSIXct", "POSIXt": no
## non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
```

```
quantile(haart_df$follow_up_days)
```

```
##    0%   25%   50%   75%  100%
##    0   342   365   365   365
```

4. Create another indicator variable representing loss to followup; this means the observation is not known to be dead but does not have any followup visits after the first year. How many records are lost-to-followup?

```

haart_df$lost_to_followup <- 0
for (i in 1:nrow(haart_df)) {
  if (haart_df$death[i] != 1) {
    follow_up_delta <- abs(difftime(haart_df$init.date[i], haart_df$last.visit[i]))
    if (follow_up_delta > 365) {
      haart_df$lost_to_followup[i] <- 1
    }
  }
}
table(haart_df$lost_to_followup)

```

```

##
##    0    1
## 290 710

```

710 records are lost to follow-up

- Recall our work in class, which separated the `init.reg` field into a set of indicator variables, one for each unique drug. Create these fields and append them to the database as new columns. Which drug regimen are found over 100 times?

```

init.reg <- as.character(haart_df[, 'init.reg'])
haart_df[['init.reg_list']] <- strsplit(init.reg, ",")
(all_drugs <- unique(unlist(haart_df$init.reg_list)))

```

```

## [1] "3TC" "AZT" "EFV" "NVP" "D4T" "ABC" "DDI" "IDV" "LPV" "RTV" "SQV" "FTC"
## [13] "TDF" "DDC" "NFV" "T20" "ATV" "FPV"

```

```

reg_drugs <- matrix(FALSE, nrow=nrow(haart_df), ncol=length(all_drugs))
for(i in seq_along(all_drugs)) {
  reg_drugs[,i] <- sapply(haart_df$init.reg_list, function(x) all_drugs[i] %in% x)
}
reg_drugs <- data.frame(reg_drugs)
names(reg_drugs) <- all_drugs
head(reg_drugs)

```

```

##    3TC  AZT  EFV  NVP  D4T  ABC  DDI  IDV  LPV  RTV  SQV  FTC  TDF
## 1 TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 TRUE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 6 TRUE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##    DDC  NFV  T20  ATV  FPV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 6 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE

```

```
haart_merged <- cbind(haart_df, reg_drugs)
head(haart_merged)
```

```
##   male age aids cd4baseline logvl  weight hemoglobin  init.reg  init.date
## 1    1  25    0         NA     NA      NA          NA 3TC,AZT,EFV 2003-07-01
## 2    1  49    0        143     NA  58.0608         11 3TC,AZT,EFV 2004-11-23
## 3    1  42    1        102     NA  48.0816          1 3TC,AZT,EFV 2003-04-30
## 4    0  33    0        107     NA  46.0000         NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2006-03-25
## 5    1  27    0         52     4      NA          NA 3TC,D4T,EFV 2004-09-01
## 6    0  34    0        157     NA  54.8856         NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2003-12-02
##   last.visit death date.death init.year one_year_survival follow_up_days
## 1 2007-02-26     0      <NA>      2003             0      365.00000
## 2 2008-02-22     0      <NA>      2004             0      365.00000
## 3 2005-11-21     1 2006-01-11      2003             0      365.00000
## 4 2006-05-05     1 2006-05-07      2006             1      40.95833
## 5 2007-11-13     0      <NA>      2004             0      365.00000
## 6 2008-02-28     0      <NA>      2003             0      365.00000
##   lost_to_followup init.reg_list 3TC  AZT  EFV  NVP  D4T  ABC  DDI  IDV
## 1                1 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2                1 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3                0 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4                0 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5                1 3TC, D4T, EFV TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 6                1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE  TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##   LPV  RTV  SQV  FTC  TDF  DDC  NFV  T20  ATV  FPV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 6 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

```
for (drug in all_drugs) {
  if (table(haart_merged[,drug])[2] >= 100) {
    print(drug)
    print(table(haart_merged[,drug])[2])
  }
}
```

```
## [1] "3TC"
## TRUE
## 973
## [1] "AZT"
## TRUE
## 794
## [1] "EFV"
## TRUE
## 516
## [1] "NVP"
## TRUE
## 358
## [1] "D4T"
## TRUE
```


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6. The dataset `haart2.csv` contains a few additional observations for the same study. Import these and append them to your master dataset (if you were smart about how you coded the previous steps, cleaning the additional observations should be easy!). Show the first five records and the last five records of the complete (and clean) data set.

```
haart2 <- read.csv('/Users/jonathanlifferth/R_projects/Bios6301/datasets/haart2.csv')

haart2$init.date <- as.POSIXct(haart2$init.date, format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart2$last.visit <- as.POSIXct(haart2$last.visit, format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart2$date.death <- as.POSIXct(haart2$date.death, format = "%m/%d/%y")

one_year_survival <- list()

for (i in 1:nrow(haart2)) {
  if (haart2[i,"death"] == 1) {
    if (difftime(haart2[i,"date.death"], haart2[i,"init.date"], units = "days")[[1]] < 365) {
#      print(1)
      one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(1))
    } else {
#      print(0)
      one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(0))
    }
  } else {
#      print(0)
    one_year_survival <- append(one_year_survival, c(0))
  }
}

haart2$one_year_survival <- unlist(one_year_survival)

follow_up_days <- list()
haart2$follow_up_days <- 365
for (i in 1:nrow(haart2)) {
#  print(i)
  init <- haart2[i,'init.date']
  last <- haart2[i,"last.visit"]
  death <- haart2[i,"death.date"]

#  follow_up <- abs(difftime(haart_df[i,'init.date'],
#                           min(c(haart_df[i,"last.visit"],
#                                 haart_df[i,"death.date"]))[[1]]))
  follow_up <- abs(difftime(haart2[i,'init.date'],
                           min(c(haart2[i,"last.visit"], haart2[i,"death.date"], na.rm = TRUE))[[1]]))
  if (follow_up > 365) {
    follow_up <- 365
  }
#  print(follow_up)
#  follow_up_days <- append(follow_up_days, c(follow_up))
  haart2$follow_up_days[i] <- follow_up
}
```

```

haart2$lost_to_followup <- 0
for (i in 1:nrow(haart2)) {
  if (haart2$death[i] != 1) {
    follow_up_delta <- abs(difftime(haart2$init.date[i], haart2$last.visit[i]))[[1]])
    if (follow_up_delta > 365) {
      haart2$lost_to_followup[i] <- 1
    }
  }
}

init.reg <- as.character(haart2[, 'init.reg'])
haart2[['init.reg_list']] <- strsplit(init.reg, ",")
(all_drugs2 <- unique(unlist(haart2$init.reg_list)))

```

```
## [1] "3TC" "AZT" "NVP" "DDI" "EFV" "D4T"
```

```

reg_drugs2 <- matrix(FALSE, nrow=nrow(haart2), ncol=length(all_drugs2))
for(i in seq_along(all_drugs2)) {
  print(i)
  reg_drugs2[,i] <- sapply(haart2$init.reg_list, function(x) all_drugs2[i] %in% x)
}

```

```

## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## [1] 5
## [1] 6

```

```

reg_drugs2 <- data.frame(reg_drugs2)
names(reg_drugs2) <- all_drugs2
head(reg_drugs2)

```

```

##      3TC    AZT    NVP    DDI    EFV    D4T
## 1 TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 TRUE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 TRUE FALSE FALSE  TRUE  TRUE FALSE
## 4 TRUE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE  TRUE

```

```

haart2_merged <- cbind(haart2, reg_drugs2)
head(haart2_merged)

```

```

##      male      age aids cd4baseline      logv1      weight      hemoglobin      init.reg
## 1      0 27.00000      0         232         NA         NA             NA 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 2      1 38.72142      0         170         NA      84.0000      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 3      1 23.00000     NA         154 3.995635 65.5000      14 3TC,DDI,EFV
## 4      0 31.00000      0         236         NA 45.8136      NA 3TC,D4T,NVP
##      init.date last.visit death date.death one_year_survival follow_up_days
## 1 2003-12-01 2004-01-05      0         <NA>              0      35.00000
## 2 2002-09-26 2004-03-29      0         <NA>              0      365.00000
## 3 2007-01-31 2007-04-16      0         <NA>              0      74.95833

```

```
## 4 2003-12-03 2007-10-11 0 <NA> 0 365.00000
## lost_to_followup init.reg_list 3TC AZT NVP DDI EFV D4T
## 1 0 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 0 3TC, DDI, EFV TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE
## 4 1 3TC, D4T, NVP TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE
```

```
# need to add columns for reg drugs in the previous dataset but not the new dataset
missing_drugs <- setdiff(all_drugs, all_drugs2)
missing_drugs
```

```
## [1] "ABC" "IDV" "LPV" "RTV" "SQV" "FTC" "TDF" "DDC" "NFV" "T20" "ATV" "FPV"
```

```
for (drug in missing_drugs) {
  haart2_merged[,drug] <- FALSE
}
haart2_merged
```

```
## male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin init.reg
## 1 0 27.00000 0 232 NA NA NA 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 2 1 38.72142 0 170 NA 84.0000 NA 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 3 1 23.00000 NA 154 3.995635 65.5000 14 3TC,DDI,EFV
## 4 0 31.00000 0 236 NA 45.8136 NA 3TC,D4T,NVP
## init.date last.visit death date.death one_year_survival follow_up_days
## 1 2003-12-01 2004-01-05 0 <NA> 0 35.00000
## 2 2002-09-26 2004-03-29 0 <NA> 0 365.00000
## 3 2007-01-31 2007-04-16 0 <NA> 0 74.95833
## 4 2003-12-03 2007-10-11 0 <NA> 0 365.00000
## lost_to_followup init.reg_list 3TC AZT NVP DDI EFV D4T ABC IDV
## 1 0 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 0 3TC, DDI, EFV TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 1 3TC, D4T, NVP TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE
## LPV RTV SQV FTC TDF DDC NFV T20 ATV FPV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

```
haart1_2_merged <- cbind(haart_df, haart2)
head(haart1_2_merged, 5)
```

```
## male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin init.reg init.date
## 1 1 25 0 NA NA NA NA 3TC,AZT,EFV 2003-07-01
## 2 1 49 0 143 NA 58.0608 11 3TC,AZT,EFV 2004-11-23
## 3 1 42 1 102 NA 48.0816 1 3TC,AZT,EFV 2003-04-30
## 4 0 33 0 107 NA 46.0000 NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2006-03-25
## 5 1 27 0 52 4 NA NA 3TC,D4T,EFV 2004-09-01
## last.visit death date.death init.year one_year_survival follow_up_days
## 1 2007-02-26 0 <NA> 2003 0 365.00000
## 2 2008-02-22 0 <NA> 2004 0 365.00000
## 3 2005-11-21 1 2006-01-11 2003 0 365.00000
```

```

## 4 2006-05-05      1 2006-05-07      2006      1      40.95833
## 5 2007-11-13      0      <NA>      2004      0      365.00000
##   lost_to_followup init.reg_list male      age aids cd4baseline      logvl
## 1      1 3TC, AZT, EFV      0 27.00000      0      232      NA
## 2      1 3TC, AZT, EFV      1 38.72142      0      170      NA
## 3      0 3TC, AZT, EFV      1 23.00000      NA      154 3.995635
## 4      0 3TC, AZT, NVP      0 31.00000      0      236      NA
## 5      1 3TC, D4T, EFV      0 27.00000      0      232      NA
##   weight hemoglobin      init.reg      init.date last.visit death date.death
## 1      NA      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2003-12-01 2004-01-05      0      <NA>
## 2 84.0000      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2002-09-26 2004-03-29      0      <NA>
## 3 65.5000      14 3TC,DDI,EFV 2007-01-31 2007-04-16      0      <NA>
## 4 45.8136      NA 3TC,D4T,NVP 2003-12-03 2007-10-11      0      <NA>
## 5      NA      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2003-12-01 2004-01-05      0      <NA>
##   one_year_survival follow_up_days lost_to_followup init.reg_list
## 1      0      35.00000      0 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 2      0      365.00000      1 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 3      0      74.95833      0 3TC, DDI, EFV
## 4      0      365.00000      1 3TC, D4T, NVP
## 5      0      35.00000      0 3TC, AZT, NVP

```

```
tail(haart1_2_merged, 5)
```

```

##   male age aids cd4baseline      logvl weight hemoglobin      init.reg
## 996      1 42      0      164 5.281029 84.0000      12 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 997      0 39      1      125 4.625312      NA      NA 3TC,AZT,EFV
## 998      0 37      0      122      NA 86.1840      11 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 999      0 31      0      102      NA 61.6896      11 3TC,AZT,NVP
## 1000     0 40      1      131      NA 46.2672      8 3TC,D4T,NVP
##   init.date last.visit death date.death init.year one_year_survival
## 996 2005-04-30 2007-04-13      0      <NA>      2005      0
## 997 2007-04-24      <NA>      1 2007-08-16      2007      1
## 998 2005-01-12 2008-03-19      0      <NA>      2005      0
## 999 2003-05-22 2008-03-07      0      <NA>      2003      0
## 1000 2003-07-03 2008-02-29      0      <NA>      2003      0
##   follow_up_days lost_to_followup init.reg_list male      age aids
## 996      365      1 3TC, AZT, NVP      0 31.00000      0
## 997      365      0 3TC, AZT, EFV      0 27.00000      0
## 998      365      1 3TC, AZT, NVP      1 38.72142      0
## 999      365      1 3TC, AZT, NVP      1 23.00000      NA
## 1000     365      1 3TC, D4T, NVP      0 31.00000      0
##   cd4baseline      logvl weight hemoglobin      init.reg      init.date last.visit
## 996      236      NA 45.8136      NA 3TC,D4T,NVP 2003-12-03 2007-10-11
## 997      232      NA      NA      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2003-12-01 2004-01-05
## 998      170      NA 84.0000      NA 3TC,AZT,NVP 2002-09-26 2004-03-29
## 999      154 3.995635 65.5000      14 3TC,DDI,EFV 2007-01-31 2007-04-16
## 1000     236      NA 45.8136      NA 3TC,D4T,NVP 2003-12-03 2007-10-11
##   death date.death one_year_survival follow_up_days lost_to_followup
## 996      0      <NA>      0      365.00000      1
## 997      0      <NA>      0      35.00000      0
## 998      0      <NA>      0      365.00000      1
## 999      0      <NA>      0      74.95833      0
## 1000     0      <NA>      0      365.00000      1
##   init.reg_list

```

996 3TC, D4T, NVP
997 3TC, AZT, NVP
998 3TC, AZT, NVP
999 3TC, DDI, EFV
1000 3TC, D4T, NVP