tugHall version 2.0: USER-GUIDE-tugHall

Requirements for tugHall simulation:

R version 3.3 or later

libraries: stringr

Note that the program has two different procedures in general: the first is the simulation and the second is the analysis of the simulation results. Please, pay attention that the requirements for these procedures are **different**. This User-Guide pertains to the **simulation procedure** alone.

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1. Quick start guide

The simplest way to run tugHall:

- · Save the /tugHall_2_clones/ directory to the working folder;
- Run tugHall_2_clone.R.

The code has its initial input parameters and input files in the /Input/ folder. After the simulation the user can see results of the simulation (please, see User-Guide-Analysis_2 for details) in the dialogue box, which will save to the /Output/ and /Figures/ folders. Note that the analysis procedure requires additional libraries and a higher version of R - 3.6.0.

2. Structure of directories

Root directory:

User-Guide-tugHall_2.Rmd - user guide for simulation in the Rmd format.

User-Guide-tugHall_2.html - user guide for simulation in the html format.

User-Guide-tugHall_2.pdf - user guide for simulation in the pdf format.

User-Guide-Analysis_2.Rmd - user guide for analysis and report generation in the Rmd format.

User-Guide-Analysis_2.html - user guide analysis and report generation in the html format.

User-Guide-Analysis_2.pdf - user guide analysis and report generation in the pdf format.

dir /tugHall_2_clones/ - directory that contains the program.

/tugHall_2_clones/ directory:

tugHall_2_clone.R - program to run a simulation and define the parameters.

dir /Code/ - folder with the code and the function library.

dir /Input/ - folder with the input files.

dir /Output/ - folder with the output files.

dir /Figures/ - folder with the plot figures.

/Code/ directory:

 $\textbf{CanSim.bib, pic_lic.jpg} \ - \ \text{files necessary files for the user guide}.$

tugHall_clone_functions.R - file that contains the functions for the simulation / core of program.

Analysis_clones.R - file to analyze the results of a simulation and plot figures.

Functions_clones.R - file with the functions for the analysis of results.

/Input/ directory:

cloneinit.txt - file with a list of initial cells with/without destroyed genes.

gene_cds2.txt - file with hallmark variables and weights.

/Output/ directory:

cloneout.txt - file with simulation output.

geneout.txt - file with information about hallmark variables and the weights.

log.txt - file with information about all parameters.

Weights.txt - file with information about weights between hallmarks and genes.

Order_of_dysfunction.txt - see USER-GUIDE-Analysis.

VAF.txt - see USER-GUIDE-Analysis.

/Figures/ directory

In the /Figures/ directory there are figures in *.jpg format, which appear after the analysis of the simulation results. See USER-GUIDE-Analysis_2. :

3. Inputs

Input of hallmark variables and gene weights

The file **tugHall/Input/gene_cds2.txt** defines the halmark variables and weights (only first 10 lines are presented here):

Table 1. Input file for genes. Example of input file for hallmarks and weights in the file **tugHall_2 clones/Input/gene_cds2.txt**.

| Genes | s length CDS Hallmark S | | Suppressor or Oncogene | Weights |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| APC | 8532 | apoptosis | S | 0.2616483 |
| APC | 8532 | growth | s | 0.3285351 |
| APC | 8532 | invasion | s | 0.3746081 |
| KRAS | 567 | apoptosis | 0 | 0.2099736 |
| KRAS | 567 | growth | 0 | 0.2881968 |
| KRAS | 567 | immortalization | 0 | 0.4735684 |
| KRAS | 567 | angiogenesis | 0 | 0.3525394 |
| KRAS | 567 | invasion | 0 | 0.0446472 |
| TP53 | 1182 | apoptosis | s | 0.2543523 |
| TP53 | 1182 | growth | 0.3076387 | |

- 1. **Genes** name of gene, e.g., TP53, KRAS. The names must be typed carefully. The program detects all the unique gene names.
- 2. length CDS length of CDS for each gene, e.g., 2724, 10804.
- 3. Hallmark hallmark name, e.g., "apoptosis". Available names:
- apoptosis
- immortalization
- growth
- anti-growth
- angiogenesis
- invasion

Note that "growth" and "anti-growth" are related to the single hallmark "growth/anti-growth". Note that "invasion" is related to "invasion/metastasis" hallmark.

- 4. Suppressor or oncogene. Distinction of oncogene/suppressor:
- o o: oncogene
- o s: suppressor
- ?: unknown (will be randomly assigned)
- 5. **Weights** Hallmark weights for genes, e.g., 0.333 and 0.5. For each hallmark, the program checks the summation of all the weights. If it is not equal to 1, then the program normalizes it to reach unity. Note that, if the gene belongs to more than one hallmark type, it must be separated into separate lines.

After that, the program defines all the weights, and all the **unknown weights** are set equal to 0. Program performs normalization so that the sum of all weights should be equal to 1 for each column. The **tugHall/Output/Weights.txt** file saves these final input weights for the simulation. Only the first 10 lines are presented here:

| Genes | Apoptosis, H_{θ} | Anglogenesis, H_b | Growth / Anti-growth, $H_{\ell\ell}$ | Immortalization, H_i | Invasion / Metastasis, H_{im} |
|--------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| APC | 0.2565501 | 0.0000000 | 0.2709912 | 0.0000000 | 0.4445540 |
| KRAS | 0.2058822 | 0.3264502 | 0.2377183 | 0.4735684 | 0.0529836 |
| TP53 | 0.2493962 | 0.3715365 | 0.2537549 | 0.5264316 | 0.0765560 |
| PIK3CA | 0.2881715 | 0.3020133 | 0.2375356 | 0.0000000 | 0.4259064 |

- 1. Genes name of genes.
- 2. **Apoptosis,** H_a weights of hallmark "Apoptosis".
- 3. **Angiogenesis,** H_b weights of hallmark "Angiogenesis".
- 4. **Growth / Anti-growth,** H_d weights of hallmark "Growth / Anti-growth".
- 5. **Immortalization,** H_i weights of hallmark "Immortalization".
- 6. Invasion / Metastasis, $H_{\it im}$ weights of hallmark "Invasion / Metastasis".

Input the probabilities

The input of the probabilities used in the model is possible in the code for parameter value settings, "tugHall_2_clones.R":

| Probability variable and value | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| E0 <- 2E-4 | Parameter $E0$ in the division probability |
| F0 <- 1E0 | Parameter $F0$ in the division probability |
| m <- 1E-6 | Mutation probability m^\prime |
| uo <- 0.5 | Oncogene mutation probability u_o |
| us <- 0.5 | Suppressor mutation probability u_s |
| s <- 10 | Parameter in the sigmoid function \boldsymbol{s} |
| k <- 0.1 | Environmental death probability k^\prime |
| | |

Filename input

Also in the code "tugHall_2_clones.R" user can define names of input and output files, and additional parameters of simulation:

| Variables and file names | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| genefile <- 'gene_cds2.txt' | File with information about weights |
| clonefile <- 'cloneinit.txt' | Initial Cells |
| geneoutfile <- 'geneout.txt' | Gene Out file with hallmarks |
| cloneoutfile <- 'cloneout.txt' | Output information of simulation |
| logoutfile <- 'log.txt' | Log file to save the input information of simulation |
| censore_n <- 30000 | Max cell number where the program forcibly stops |
| censore_t <- 200 | Max time where the program forcibly stops |
| | |

Input of the initial clones

The initial states of cells are defined in "tugHall_2_clones/Input/cloneinit.txt" file:

| Clone ID | List of mutated genes | Number of cells |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | un | 1000 |
| 2 | "APC" | 10 |
| 3 | "APC, KRAS" | 100 |
| 4 | "KRAS" | 1 |
| 5 | "TP53, KRAS" | 1 |
| | | |

| Clone ID | List of mutated genes | Number of cells |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | | 100 |
| 1000 | un | 10 |
| | | |

- 1. Clone ID ID of cell, e.g., 1, 324.
- 2. **List of mutated genes** list of mutated genes for each cell, e.g. "", "KRAS, APC". The values are comma separated. The double quotes ("") indicate a cell without mutations.
- 3. Number of cells number of cells in each clone, e.g., 1, 1000.

4. Outputs

The output data consists of several files after the simulation. The "log.txt" and "geneout.txt" files contain the input information about variables and gene names. "Weights.txt" has information about the weights of genes for hallmarks (Please refer the section "Inputs"). "Cellout.txt" has information about the dynamics of cell evolution and all variables.

"log.txt" file

The file "log.txt" contains information about probabilities and file names. These variables are explained in the "Inputs".

Table 3. log.txt file. Example of log.txt file.

| Variable | Value |
|--------------|---------------------|
| genefile | Input/gene_cds2.txt |
| clonefile | Input/cloneinit.txt |
| geneoutfile | Output/geneout.txt |
| cloneoutfile | Output/cloneout.txt |
| logoutfile | Output/log.txt |
| E | 0.001 |
| F | 10 |
| m | 1e-05 |
| uo | 0.5 |
| us | 0.5 |
| s | 10 |
| k | 0.2 |
| censore_n | 30000 |
| censore_t | 100 |

"geneout.txt" file

The file "geneout.txt" contains input information about the weights that connect the hallmarks and genes, which are defined by the user. These variables also are explained in the "Inputs".

Table 4. geneout.txt file. Given below is an example of the geneout.txt file.

| Gene_name | Hallmark_name | Weight | Suppressor_or_oncogene |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| APC | apoptosis | 0.2565501 | s |
| KRAS | apoptosis | 0.2058822 | 0 |
| TP53 | apoptosis | 0.2493962 | s |
| PIK3CA | apoptosis | 0.2881715 | 0 |
| KRAS | immortalization | 0.4735684 | 0 |
| TP53 | immortalization | 0.5264316 | s |
| APC | growth anti-growth | 0.2709912 | s |
| KRAS | growth anti-growth | 0.2377183 | 0 |
| TP53 | growth anti-growth | 0.2537549 | s |
| PIK3CA | growth anti-growth | 0.2375356 | 0 |

"cloneout.txt" file

The file "cloneout.txt" contains the results of the simulation and includes the evolution data: all the output data for each clone at each timestep (only the first 10 lines are presented):

Table 5. Output data. Example of output data for all clones. The names of

| Time | N_cells | AvgOrIndx | ID | ParentID.Birthday | c. | d. | i. | im. | a. | k. | E. | N | Nmax. | М | На | Him | Hi | Hd | Hb | type |
|------|---------|-----------|----|-------------------|----|----|----|-----|-----------|-----|-------|------|-------|---|----|-----|----|----|----|------|
| 0 | - | avg | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 1000 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1000 | 1 | 1 | 0:0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 1000 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | - | avg | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 794 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 794 | 1 | 1 | 0:0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 794 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | - | avg | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 626 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 626 | 1 | 1 | 0:0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 626 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | - | avg | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 483 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 483 | 1 | 1 | 0:0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 483 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | - | avg | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 388 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 388 | 1 | 1 | 0:0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.0066929 | 0.2 | 0.001 | 388 | 1000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

- 1. **Time** the time step, e.g., 1, 50.
- 2. N_cells the number of cells in this clone, e.g. 1000, 2.
- 3. **AvgOrIndx** "avg" or "index": "avg" is for a line with averaged values across different (index) lines at the same time step; "index" shows the cell's index at the current time step, e.g., avg, 4,7.
- 4. ID the unique ID of clone, e.g., 1, 50.
- 5. **ParentID.Birthday** the first number is the parent ID, the second number is the birthday time step, e.g., 0:0, 45:5.
- 6. c the counter of cell divisions for the clone.
- 7. d the probability of division for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.8.
- 8. i the probability of immortalization for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.8.
- 9. im the probability of invasion/metastasis for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.8.
- 10. a the probability of apoptosis for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.8.
- 11. k the probability of death due to the environment, e.g., 0.1, 0.8.
- 12. **E** the E coefficient for the function of the division probability, e.g., 10^4, 10^5.
- 13. N the number of primary tumor cells at this time step, e.g., 134, 5432.
- 14. Nmax the theoretically maximal number of primary tumor cells, e.g., 10000, 5000.
- 15. M the number of metastasis cells at this time step, e.g., 16, 15439.
- 16. **Ha** the value of the hallmark "Apoptosis" for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.4444.
- 17. Him the value of the hallmark "Invasion / Metastasis" for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.4444.
- 18. \mbox{Hi} the value of the hallmark "Immortalization" for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.4444.
- 19. \mbox{Hd} - the value of the hallmark "Growth / Anti-growth" for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.4444 .
- 20. **Hb** - the value of the hallmark "Angiogenesis" for the cell, e.g., 0.1, 0.4444 .
- 21. type the type of the cell: "0" is primary tumor cell, "1" is the metastatic cell, e.g., 0, 1.
- 22. mut_den the density of mutations (tumor mutation burden) for the cell, e.g., 0, 0.32.

The columns from 23 to 26 are related to names in the form **PosDriver**. *gene name*, where *gene name* is related to user defined genes. The number of columns equals the number of the genes. These columns show the position(s) of driver mutation(s) in a gene: the first number is the mutational site on the gene and the second number is the time step of the mutation, e.g., 3493:4, 4531:34.

- 23. PosDriver.(Gene_1="APC") for the first gene.
- 24. PosDriver.(Gene_2="KRAS") for the second gene.
- 25. PosDriver.(Gene_...) ..
- 26. PosDriver.(Gene_last="PIK3CA") for the last gene.

The columns from 27 to 30 are related to names in the form **PosPassngr.** *gene name*, where *gene name* is related to user defined genes. The number of columns equals the number of the genes. These columns show the position(s) of **passenger** mutation(s) in a gene: the first number is the mutational site on the gene and the second number is the time step of the mutation, e.g., 8952:43, 531:4.

- 27. PosPassngr.(Gene_1="APC") for the first gene.
- 28. PosPassngr.(Gene_2="KRAS") for the second gene.
- 29. PosPassngr.(Gene_...) ..
- 30. PosPassngr.(Gene_last="PIK3CA") for the last gene.

5. How to run

In order to make the simulation, please follow the procedure:

- 1. Copy /tugHall_2_clones/ directory into the working directory.
- 2. CD to the /tugHall_2_clones/ directory.
- 3. Run the tugHall_2_clone.R file, using the command line like

R --vanilla < tugHall.R

or using the line by line procedure in R Studio. In this case we have:

- load library(stringr) and source(file = "Code/tugHall_clone_functions.R");
- create the Output and Figures directories, if needed;
- define the simulation parameters;
- make the input file for initial cells, if needed;
- run the model() function to simulate;
- run source("Code/Analysis_clone.R") in order to analyze the results and plot the figures in the dialogue box (see User-Guide-Analysis_2).
- 4. To obtain analysis reports of the simulation, please refer to User-Guide-Analysis_2.RMD. In User-Guide-Analysis_2.RMD, commands are embeded to include files under Output/ and Figure/. So, after analysis with tugHall, you can generate analysis reports automatically from User-Guide-Analysis_2.RMD. For more details, please refer to "Writing reproducible reports in R" on the github (https://nicercode.github.io/guides/reports/).