# **Lonely Integer**



### **Problem Statement**

There are *N* integers in an array *A*. All but one integer occur in pairs. Your task is to find out the number that occurs only once.

## **Input Format**

The first line of the input contains an integer N indicating number of integers. The next line contains N space separated integers that form the array A.

#### **Constraints**

```
1 \le N \le 100

N \% 2 = 1 ( N is an odd number )

0 \le A[i] \le 100, \forall i \in [1, N]
```

## **Output Format**

Output *S*, the number that occurs only once.

## Sample Input:1

```
1
1
```

### Sample Output:1

1

## Sample Input:2

3 112

## **Sample Output:2**

2

### Sample Input:3

5 00121

## **Sample Output:3**

2

## **Explanation**

In the first input, we see only 1 element and that element is the answer (1).

In the second input, we see 3 elements, 1 is repeated twice. The element that occurs only once is 2. In the third input, we see 5 elements, 1 and 0 are repeated twice. And the element that occurs only or	nce is
2.	