# Working with JSON, XML, and HTML Files

## Jose Rodriguez

#### 2022-10-17

### Overview

knitr::kable(xml\_df, "pipe")

In this document we explore way to load three different types of files into R; JSON, XML, and HTML. In addition to loading the files we will tidy the information within these files to portray a flat file. In other words, we will transform them into data frames.

For each file type we first load the data from the github url. We then parse the information. Lastly, we transform it into a data frame class type.

```
url_json = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jlixander/DATA607/main/Assignment5/Assignment5.json"
json_df = jsonlite::fromJSON((url_json), simplifyDataFrame = TRUE) %>%
    as.data.frame()
knitr::kable(json_df, "pipe")
```

Books. TopBooks. TopBooks. Au Bhoks. TopBook BASIRNID Books. Publis Ber ks. TopBooks. Language						
Beautiful	Kami Garcia,	0316077038	978-	Little, Brown Books	English	
Creatures	Margaret Stohl		0316077033	for Young Readers		
The Five People	Mitch Albom,	978140130858	82978-	Hachette Books	English	
You Meet in	NA		1401308582			
Heaven						
The Alchemist	Paulo Coelho,	0062315005	978-	HarperOne	English	
	NA		0062315007			

```
url_xml = GET("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jlixander/DATA607/main/Assignment5/assignment5.xml") #
xml_doc <- xmlParse(url_xml) #parse xml file
xml_df <- xmlToDataFrame(xml_doc, nodes=getNodeSet(xml_doc, "//TopBooks")) #Select which level to unlis</pre>
```

Title	Authors	ISBN-10	ISBN-13	Publisher	Language
Beautiful Creatures	Kami GarciaMargaret Stohl	0316077038		Little, Brown Books for Young Readers	English
The Five People You Meet in Heaven	Mitch AlbomNA	9781401308	5 <b>%7</b> 8- 1401308582	Hachette Books	English

Title	Authors	ISBN-10	ISBN-13	Publisher	Language
The Alchemist	Paulo CoelhoNA	0062315005	978-	HarperOne	English
			0062315007	7	

```
html_url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jlixander/DATA607/main/Assignment5/Assignment5.html"
html_doc <- xml2::read_html(html_url)
tables = html_doc |> html_table()
table_one = tables[[1]]
html_df <- head(table_one, - 1) #Remove extra blank row.
knitr::kable(html_df, "pipe")</pre>
```

Books. TopBooks. TopBooks. A Robbins Top					
Beautiful	Kami Garcia ,	3.160770e + 08	978-	Little, Brown Books	English
Creatures	Margaret Stohl		0316077033	for Young Readers	
The Five People	Mitch Albom,	9.781401e + 12	978-	Hachette Books	English
You Meet in	NA		1401308582		
Heaven					

## **Differences**

There are some distinguishable differences when looking at all three tables. On table one we can see that this parser created the column names by taking the full hierarchy of where the information is found. In a sense we can say that its given us the XML directory of the objects. Another difference is that the lists of authors were placed together in the same cell, delimited by a comma. If we take a closer look at our dataframe in our environment, we will find that we have data frames within a data frame.

On table 2 we have clean column names. One major difference is that the lists of authors were concatenated together in one single string.

On table 3 we also have clean column names. The difference in this table is that we have the list of author names delimited by pipes.