 **Talend User Component tFileInputTextFlat**

**Purpose**

This component extracts field from flat text files with two different methods:

1. Separate fields between delimiters
2. Separate fields at absolute position

The advantages are:

* Configure field position according to the names in the header line (also by regex)
* Read only the fields needed (unlike tFileInputDelimited)
* Tolerant against enclosure chars within the content
* All error messages contains the line number and the field name or index
* After extracting field content you can use regex to do some post processing
* Can load the value extraction configuration from an external file.

**Talend-Integration**

This component can be found in the palette under File->Input

This component provides an output and a reject flow and several return values.

**Parameters**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Property** | **Content** |
| File name | Full path of the file to import. |
| Encoding | File encoding |
| Lines to Skip at Start | Number of lines to skip (In case you specify later you have an header line, don't count it here) |
| Skip empty lines | Detect empty lines and skip them |
| Schema | The schema. For date and timestamps you should specify here the pattern. |
| Has Column Header | Check it if your file provides a column header. This enables following options. The header will be skipped in the main output flow. |
| Use Header line to find position | The position of a delimited field will be set according to the position of the field name in the header line. |
| Find column position in header by regex | This option enables you to use a regularly expression in the field configuration “Name in Header”. |
| Load configuration from file | Allows loading the field configuration from a external file. |
| Configuration file (.importconfig) | The file containing the configuration. See the paragraph below. |
| Ignore Not Null Constraints | Avoid throwing Exceptions if a value is null but the schema defines it as not null. This works for all columns. |
| Field Extraction | See explaining below |
| Field Separator | Char to separate the fields (only for field extracting by method Delimited Fields) |
| Text Enclosure | Char to enclosure the field content. It is helpful to read fields with line break as content. Don't escape double quotas here!  E.g. for a double quoted field set “”” here.  It works even if not all fields are putted in quotas. |
| Split Row before Field | If it is not allowed to have line breaks in field content, check this. This option helps to check the correct file structure. The performance of the line separation can be increased. |
| Allow Enclosure within Content | If the enclosure char can occurs in the content (not as enclosure) check this to avoid parsing problems.  If switched off the file structure can be checked strict. |
| Locale For Number Format | To parse the number different then the local pattern, specify here the locale. The default is the English format.  E.g. in German we have the following pattern: 999.999,99  In this case set the locale to “de”. Quotation required! |
| Default Date Pattern | For all date schema column without a defined pattern, this pattern here will be applied.  If none of the provided date formats are matching, the component performs a self-test typical for English, French and German formats and applying them. Only if this last attempt fails, the component throws and exception. |
| Die On Error | If true all errors stops the processing. If false all malformed data sets are send to the reject output flow (if added). |

**Field Extraction**

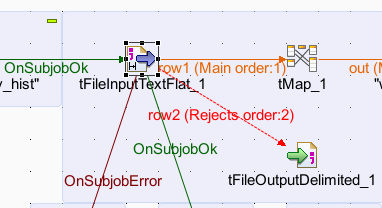
| Column | Meaning |
| --- | --- |
| Column | Schema column name |
| Positioning | Field positioning method (extraction method) |
| Position | Position within delimiters or absolute position (depends on the chosen Positioning method)  **If blank for Delimited**:  Field position comes from field index in schema  **If blank for Absolute Positioning**:  Field position is the next after the last (it is a relative position to the previous field) |
| Length | Length of the field. It is required for absolute positioning.  If a length is provided, the content will be trimmed to this length. |
| Regex | Regularly expression to post processing the field content. (No quotation needed) |
| Name in Header | Specify a different name for the column in the header. Field names often are not given according to the Java identifier naming rules. Therefore, you can specify the real name here (without quotation).  If the option “Find column position in header by regex” is switch on you can write here regex (case insensitive). The regex expression must describe the whole possible column name in the header. It is not enough to declare only a pattern like contains. The regex expression will be surrounded from the component with ^ and $.  Example:  column name in the header line can vary from: Payment\_Product to P\_Product. To match a schema column you can write as Name in Header this regex:  P[a-z]\*\_Product to match both (and more) possibilities |
| Ignore If Missing | Sometimes we get fields which does not have all columns expected. You can specify here this column can be missed without problems. If missing the values remains blank. |

**Return values**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Return value** | **Content** |
| ERROR\_MESSAGE | Last error message |
| NB\_LINE | Number of delivered lines |
| NB\_REJECTED | Number of rejected lines |

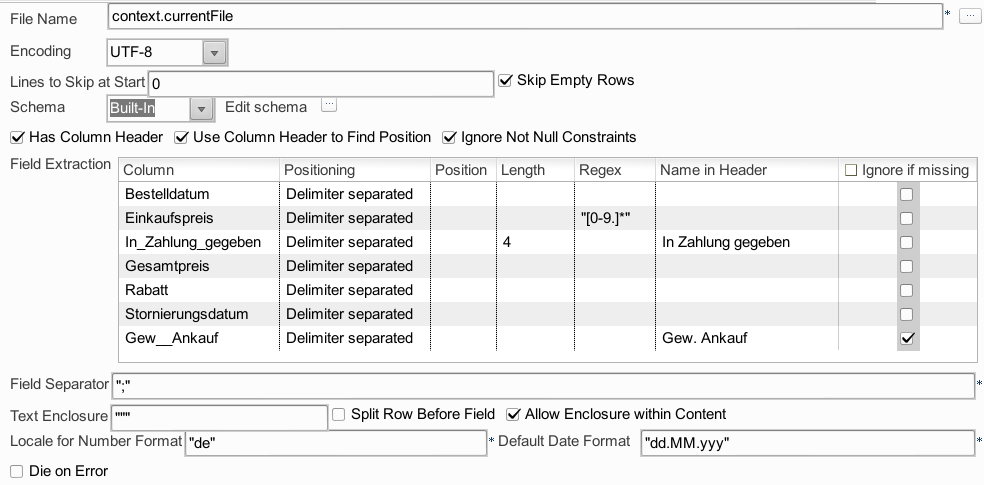
**Scenario 1:**

Reading a delimited file and write malformed line into a file.



Configuration with examples of different header names.

It is an example of a file, which has as first line a header line.

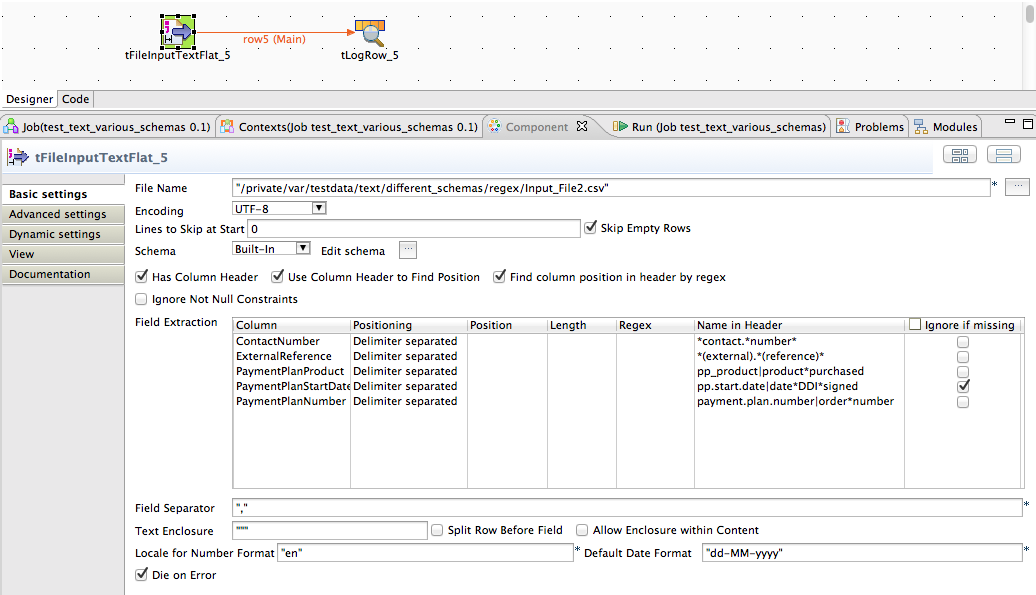


It is not necessary to specify the position if the position is identical to the schema column index.

**Scenario 2:**

Using regularly expression to find the correct field position by the header line of the file.

In case the input files are provided by a system or organization, which cannot be motivated to a more fixed interface design. This should be avoided but sometimes it happens.



The current example as a header line like this:

ContactNumber,ExternalReference,Source,DateDDISigned,Title,ProductPurchased,InterestedInBeingACampaigner,PaymentFrequency,ChangeOfPaymentFrequency,StartDate,NextPaymentDue,AutoPaymentMethodStartDate,MailingDate,CallOutcome,WelcomeCallDate,PaymentMethod,AccountName,PaymentPlanDetailBalance,OrderNumber

Only 4 columns are needed and the names can be vary from file to file.

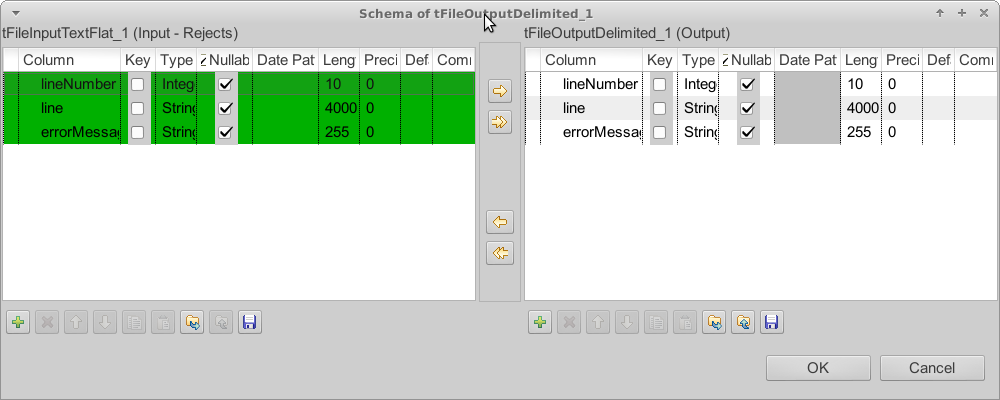
This matching can only be done by regex – see the screenshot above.

**Reject flow:**

The reject flow will only be filled if the option “Die On Error” is switched off.

If you add the reject flow, at first it contains all columns from the schema and these additional

columns. Only the green columns will be filled, all other columns can be erased here.



The line number is the number of the extracted lines and can differ from the number in the file if fields contain line breaks.

The line is the input for the field extraction. You can find here the probably malformed content.

The error message contains the description of the problem occurred while parsing the line.

**Possible error messages:**

If a column is missing in the header line (assuming we digger for it) an exception will be thrown which says the missing column.

If a column matches to the an already used delimiter position the read of the first line fails with exceptions like this:

java.lang.Exception: nextDataRow failed in line 0:Extract field pp.start.date|date\*DDI\*signed failed:Current field index 8 is lower then last field index:9

This is a failed check of the parser to avoid reading the content with a wrong configuration.

The component sorts all extractions internal by the position. It is a design decision to avoid reading content unwanted twice.

**Loading the column configuration from a file**

The component has the capability to load the column configuration from a file with the extension .importconfig .

Typical use case is there are many different files which contains the same information but in different columns and positions. Instead of writing different jobs you can write one and describe every file with an import configuration.

The configuration file contains key value pairs. Do not quote (“) the values!

It contains keys to describe the columns and keys to define delimiters and enclosures.

The column index must match to the column index of the schema.

The basic type describes the principle type of the column and can be leaf out as long as the data class in the key CLASS is set.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Key** | **Type** | **Description** |
| COLUMN\_x\_BASICTYPE | Integer | See table below |
| COLUMN\_x\_CLASS | String | See table below |
| COLUMN\_x\_DEFAULT | String | This is the textual replacement for an empty value. Take as a replacement text in the file. |
| COLUMN\_x\_DELIMITERCOUNT | Integer | The position of the field in the row. It starts with 0 and allows gaps. |
| COLUMN\_x\_ENABLED | Boolean | Set it to false of you do not want to read this field |
| COLUMN\_x\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID | Boolean | Allow continuing with the next rows if this field has an invalid value. |
| COLUMN\_x\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN | Boolean | If the column position will be find in the header line this flag allows this column to be missing. |
| COLUMN\_x\_LOCALE | String | To interpret numbers correctly the component needs to know the country or language.  Set here the ISO 2-letter or 5-letter country code.  Examples: en or en\_UK or de\_DE |
| COLUMN\_x\_NAME | String | The name of the column in the header. Also if no header search in intended the name is mandatory.  As name is also possible a regex expression if the component have to search the column in the header by the help of regularly expressions. |
| COLUMN\_x\_NULL\_ENABLED | Boolean | Null value allowed of not |
| COLUMN\_x\_POSITIONTYPE | Integer | Absolute position = 0  Delimited = 2  Delimited with max. length = 3 |
| COLUMN\_x\_TRIM | Boolean | Trim the value if true.  Regardless of this setting empty values (number white spaces == 0) will always returned as null! |
| CHARSET | String | The charset of the file. Typical values are:  UTF-8, UTF-16, Cp-1252, ISO-8859-15, ASCII |
| ALLOW\_ENCLUSURE\_IN\_TEXT | Boolean | If enclosures are used this flag allows enclosures also in the text it self. |
| DELIMITER | char | The delimiter character |
| ENCLOSURE | char | The character used to enclose the field content. Especially useful of the delimiter can also be part of the content or if the content contains line breaks. |
| IGNORE\_ENCLOSED\_LINE\_BREAK | Boolean | If the content can contains line breaks and is enclosed, set this true |
| IGNORE\_NOT\_NULL\_CONSTRAINTS | Boolean | true = switch off the check of nullable or not. |
| SKIP\_EMPTY\_LINES | Boolean | Empty lines will be skipped |
| SKIP\_ROWS | Integer | Skip number of lines in the file before start parsing it. The header-line will be taken after skipping lines. |

These are the possible classes:

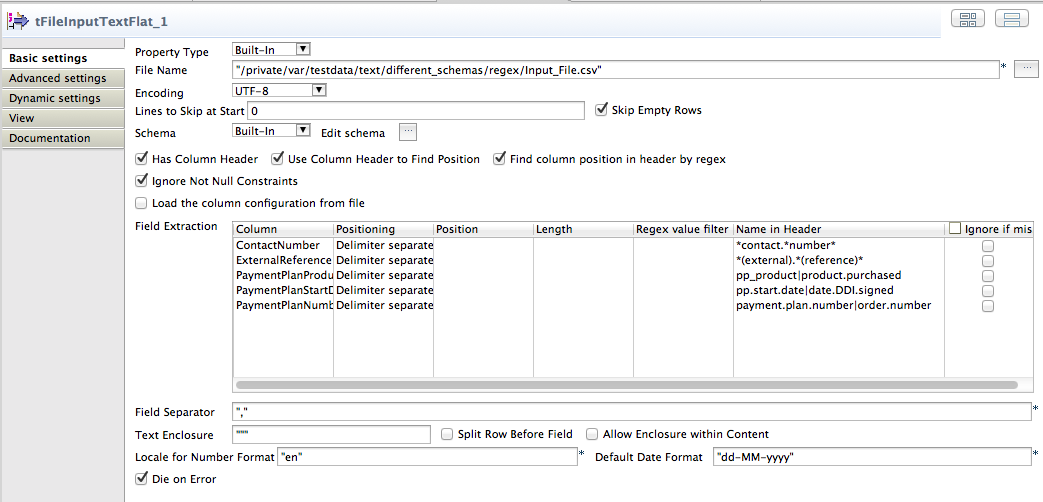
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Data class** | **Corresponding basic type** |
| String | 0 |
| Date | 1 |
| BigDecimal | 2 |
| Long | 2 |
| Integer | 2 |
| Double (default) | 2 |
| Float | 2 |
| Short | 2 |
| Boolean | 8 |

**Scenario for loading the configuration from an external file**

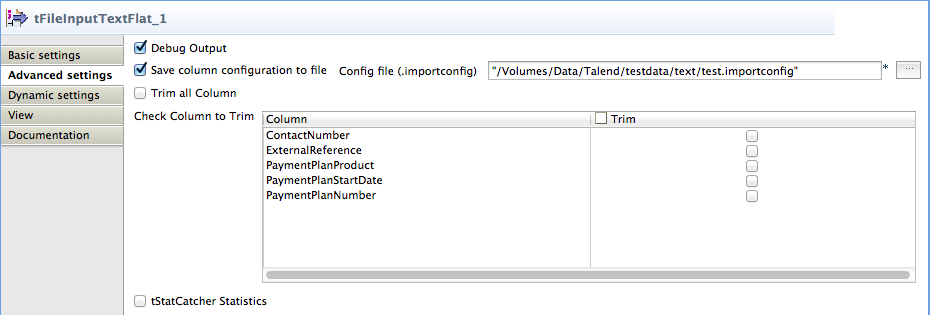
At first to create the configuration file (as an template for your own changes) you can use the component with a job specific field configuration and if it works you can save it in the advanced settings.

The configuration file can be created in the advanced settings (only if the Load-option is switched off).

The manual configuration of the field extraction:



Save the configuration file:



Here the configuration file matching to the manual configuration above.

ALLOW\_ENCLUSURE\_IN\_TEXT=false

CHARSET=UTF-8

COLUMN\_0\_BASICTYPE=0

COLUMN\_0\_CLASS=String

COLUMN\_0\_DEFAULT=99

COLUMN\_0\_DELIMITERCOUNT=0

COLUMN\_0\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_0\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_0\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_0\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_0\_NAME=\*contact.\*number\*

COLUMN\_0\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_0\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_0\_TRIM=false

COLUMN\_1\_BASICTYPE=0

COLUMN\_1\_CLASS=String

COLUMN\_1\_DELIMITERCOUNT=1

COLUMN\_1\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_1\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_1\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_1\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_1\_NAME=\*(external).\*(reference)\*

COLUMN\_1\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_1\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_1\_TRIM=false

COLUMN\_2\_BASICTYPE=1

COLUMN\_2\_CLASS=Date

COLUMN\_2\_DELIMITERCOUNT=8

COLUMN\_2\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_2\_FORMAT=dd.MM.yyyy

COLUMN\_2\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_2\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_2\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_2\_NAME=pp.start.date|date.DDI.signed

COLUMN\_2\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_2\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_2\_TRIM=false

COLUMN\_3\_BASICTYPE=2

COLUMN\_3\_CLASS=Long

COLUMN\_3\_DELIMITERCOUNT=71

COLUMN\_3\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_3\_FORMAT=en

COLUMN\_3\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_3\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_3\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_3\_NAME=payment.plan.number|order.number

COLUMN\_3\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_3\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_3\_TRIM=false

COLUMN\_4\_BASICTYPE=0

COLUMN\_4\_CLASS=String

COLUMN\_4\_DELIMITERCOUNT=45

COLUMN\_4\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_4\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_4\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_4\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_4\_NAME=pp\_product|product.purchased

COLUMN\_4\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_4\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_4\_TRIM=false

COLUMN\_5\_BASICTYPE=0

COLUMN\_5\_CLASS=String

COLUMN\_5\_DELIMITERCOUNT=4

COLUMN\_5\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_5\_IGNORE\_DATASET\_IF\_INVALID=false

COLUMN\_5\_IGNORE\_MISSING\_COLUMN=false

COLUMN\_5\_LOCALE=en\_US

COLUMN\_5\_NAME=Fundraiser

COLUMN\_5\_NULL\_ENABLED=true

COLUMN\_5\_POSITIONTYPE=2

COLUMN\_5\_TRIM=false

DELIMITER=,

ENCLOSURE="

IGNORE\_BOM=false

IGNORE\_ENCLOSED\_LINE\_BREAK=true

IGNORE\_NOT\_NULL\_CONSTRAINTS=false

SKIP\_EMPTY\_LINES=true

SKIP\_ROWS=0

Now switch on the Load option (as in the screenshot above) and it should work in the same way.

