

jupyter-labs-eda-sql-course

SpaceX DataSet

```
[2]: !pip install sqlalchemy==1.3.9
```

Collecting sqlalchemy==1.3.9
Downloading SQLAlchemy-1.3.9.tar.gz (6.0 MB)
6.0/6.0 MB 76.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00:0100:01
Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Building wheels for collected packages: sqlalchemy
Building wheel for sqlalchemy (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for sqlalchemy: filename=SQLAlchemy-1.3.9-cp37m-linux_x86_64.whl size=1159121 sha256=e0685760a84e21407882a1e45458cd139f7bbff7dcf302f8e8fd516a79e45e85
Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/03/71/13/010faf12246f72dc76b4150e6e599d13a85b4435e06fb9e51f
Successfully built sqlalchemy
Installing collected packages: sqlalchemy
Attempting uninstall: sqlalchemy
Found existing installation: SQLAlchemy 1.3.24
Uninstalling SQLAlchemy-1.3.24:
Successfully uninstalled SQLAlchemy-1.3.24
Successfully installed sqlalchemy-1.3.9

Connect to the database

Let us first load the SQL extension and establish a connection with the database

```
[3]: %load_ext sql
```

```
[4]: import csv, sqlite3  
  
con = sqlite3.connect("my_data1.db")  
cur = con.cursor()
```

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news?
Please read the privacy policy.
[Open privacy policy](#) Yes No

jupyter-labs-eda-sql-course

```
[3]: %load_ext sql
```

```
[4]: import csv, sqlite3  
  
con = sqlite3.connect("my_data1.db")  
cur = con.cursor()
```

```
[5]: !pip install -q pandas==1.1.5
```

```
[6]: %sql sqlite:///my_data1.db
```

```
[6]: 'Connected: @my_data1.db'
```

```
[7]: import pandas as pd  
df = pd.read_csv("https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-QS0321EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/module_2/data/SpaceX.csv")  
df.to_sql("SPACEXTBL", con, if_exists='replace', index=False, method="multi")
```

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/core/generic.py:2882: UserWarning: The spaces in these column names will not be changed. In pandas versions < 0.14, spaces were converted to underscores.
both result in 0.1234 being formatted as 0.12.

Note: This below code is added to remove blank rows from table

```
[8]: %sql create table SPACEXTABLE as select * from SPACEXTBL where Date is not null
```

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
(sqlite3.OperationalError) table SPACEXTABLE already exists
[SQL: create table SPACEXTABLE as select * from SPACEXTBL where Date is not null]
(Background on this error at: <http://sqlalche.me/e/e3q8>)

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news?
Please read the privacy policy.
[Open privacy policy](#) Yes No

Tasks

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news? ×
Please read the privacy policy.
[Open privacy policy.](#)

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news? ✕
Please read the privacy policy.
[Open privacy policy](#)

Task 5

List the date when the first succesful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.

Hint: Use min function

```
[19]: %sql select min(Date) from SPACEXTABLE where "Landing_Outcome" = "Success (ground pad)"
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
[19]: min(Date)
2015-12-22
```

Task 6

List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

```
[21]: 1 select "Booster_Version" from SPACEXTABLE where "Landing_Outcome" = "Success (drone ship)" and "PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_" > 4000 and "PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_" < 6000
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
[21]: Booster_Version
F9 FT B1029.1
F9 FT B1036.1
F9 B4 B1041.1
```

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news?
Please read the privacy policy.

[Open privacy policy](#)

Task 7

List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

```
[24]: %sql select count(Mission_Outcome), "Mission_Outcome" from SPACEXTABLE group by "Mission_Outcome"
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
[24]: count(Mission_Outcome)  Mission_Outcome
1                        Failure (in flight)
98                       Success
1                        Success
1  Success (payload status unclear)
```

Task 8

List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass. Use a subquery

```
[25]: %sql select BOOSTER_VERSION as boosterversion from SPACEXTBL where PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_=(select max(PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_) from SPACEXTBL);
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
[25]: boosterversion
F9 B5 B1048.4
F9 B5 B1049.4
F9 B5 B1051.3
```

Would you like to receive official Jupyter news?
Please read the privacy policy.

[Open privacy policy](#)

