

Question 1

Light energy produced = Total power input \times Efficiency = $25 \text{ W} \times 0.20 = 5 \text{ W}$

$$\text{Energy of a Photon} = \frac{h \cdot c}{\lambda}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34}) \cdot (3 \times 10^8)}{500 \times 10^{-9}} \approx 3.98 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

1 Watt = 1 Joule per second (1 W = 1 J/s)

$$\text{Total number of Photon per Second} = \frac{5}{3.98 \times 10^{-19}} \approx 1.26 \times 10^{19}$$

Question 2

The Radiant flux, (ϕ) can be calculated by:

$$\phi = 2.4 \text{ V} \times 0.7 \text{ A}$$

$$\phi = 1.68 \text{ W}$$

The Radiant intensity, (I) can be calculated by:

$$I = \phi / 4\pi$$

$$I = 0.133 \text{ W/sr}$$

The Radiant exitance, (M) can be calculated by:

$$M = \phi / \text{Area}$$

$$\text{Area} = 4\pi (0.005)^2$$

$$\text{Area} = 3.142 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$M = 5347 \text{ W/m}^2$$

Energy emitted in 5min can be obtained by multiplying the power (energy per second) by 300 seconds (5mins). The final answer is 504, J

Question 3

$$\text{Irradiance (E)} = \frac{\text{Radiant Flux}}{4\pi \cdot \text{eye-distance}^2 \cdot \text{aperture-area}}$$

Now, we can calculate the aperture area:

$$A = \pi (0.003 \text{ m})^2 \approx 2.827 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

Now, we can calculate the irradiance at the eye:

$$E = \frac{1.68}{4\pi \cdot 2.827 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$E = 4729 \text{ W/m}^2$$

Question 4

$$\text{Total Power Emitted} = \frac{P}{e} = \frac{200}{0.20} = 1000 \text{ W}$$

Now, calculate the irradiance (I) at the table using the formula:

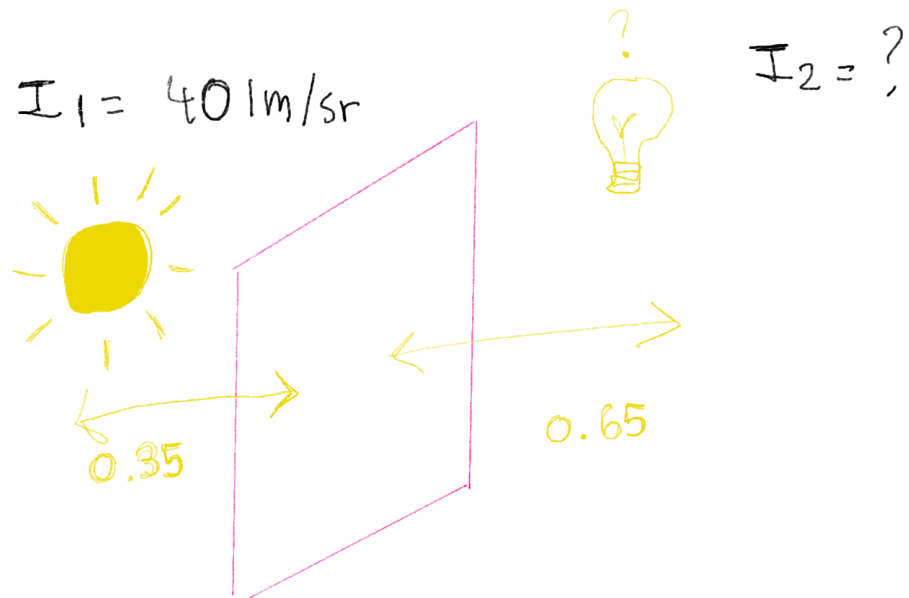
$$I = \frac{P}{4\pi r^2}$$

$$I = \frac{1000}{16\pi}$$

$$I \approx 19.98 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{illuminance} \approx 685 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 19.98 \approx 1369 \text{ lux}$$

Question 5



$$\frac{40}{0.35^2} = \frac{I_2}{0.65^2}$$

$$\underline{I_2 = 138 \text{ lm/sr}}$$

Question 6

$$\text{Radiosity} = 5000 \times \pi \approx 15708 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{Energy emitted} = 15708 \times 0.01 = 157.1 \text{ W}$$