Classifying Ultrasound Images for Breast Cancer Detection Using a Convolutional Neural Network

Jesse St. John and Margaret Barker 2024 | COMP4531

Context

Breast Cancer is the 2nd leading cause of cancer related deaths among women in the United States [1]

What are ultrasounds?

When are ultrasounds used for breast cancer detection?

Ways deep learning models can help:

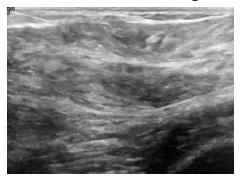
- Reduce wait time
- Minimize human diagnostic error
- Refocus provider resources into patient care

Problem Statement

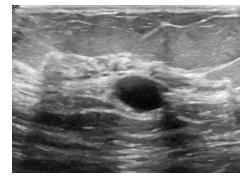
A CNN will be trained to recognize and classify breast ultrasound images into three different categories: normal, benign, or malignant.



Normal: 133 images



Benign: 437 images



About the Data

Kaggle Breast Ultrasound Images Dataset

Malignant: 210 images







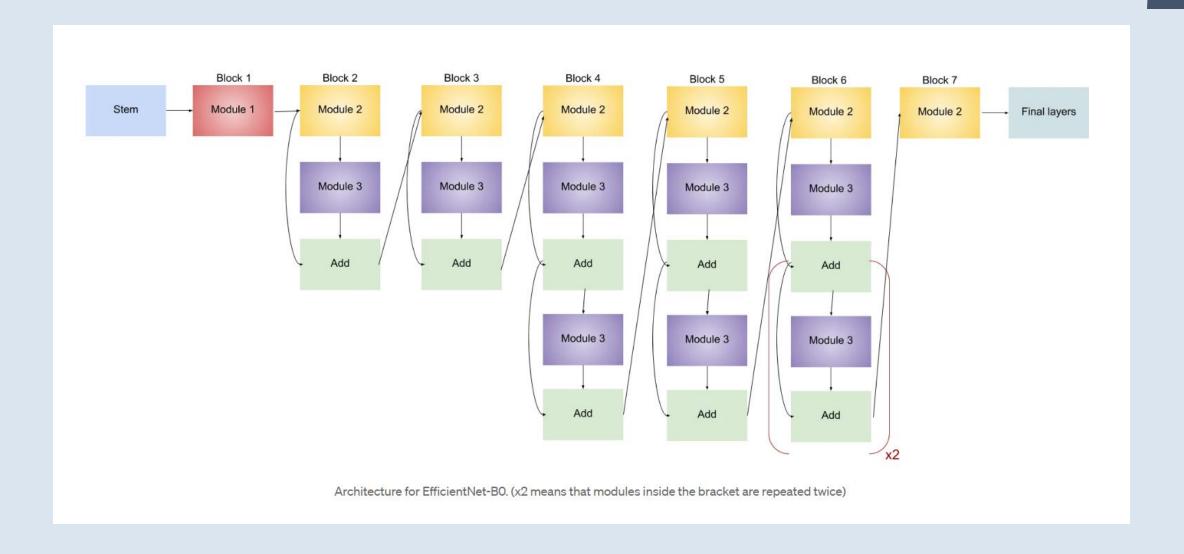
Goal:

To load in a series of single PNG images, resize and normalize them, feed each image through the CNN, and then have the model output the image with its predicted classification compared to true classification (normal, benign, or malignant).

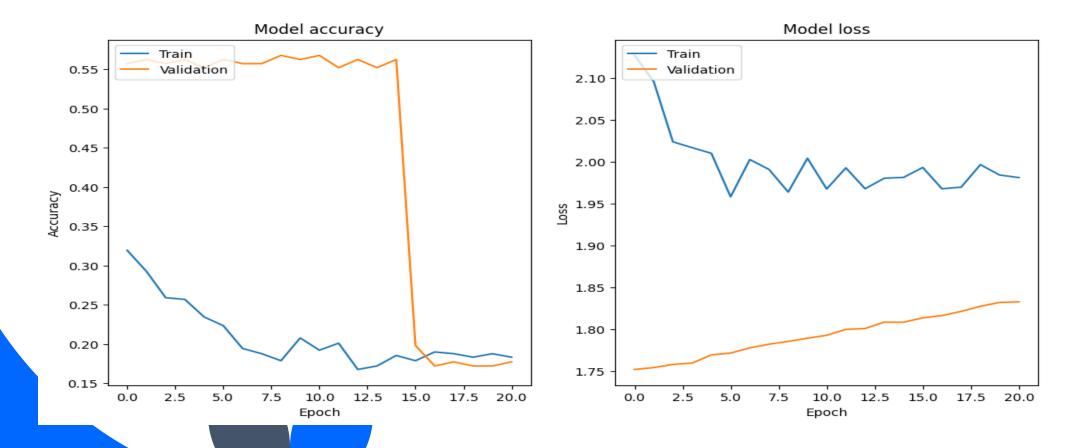
Image Preprocessing

 Resize from 500 x 500 pixels to 224 x 224 pixels

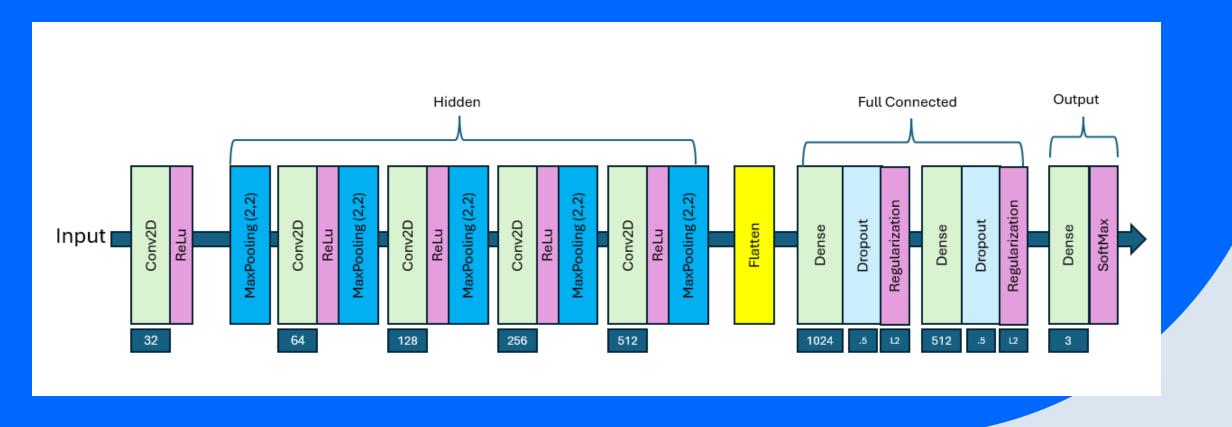
Getting a Benchmark with Pre-Built EfficientNetB0 Model



EfficientNetB0 (cont.)



Customized CNN Architecture



Callbacks

Early Stopping

 Purpose: To stop training early if the validation loss does not improve after a specified number of epochs

Model Checkpoint

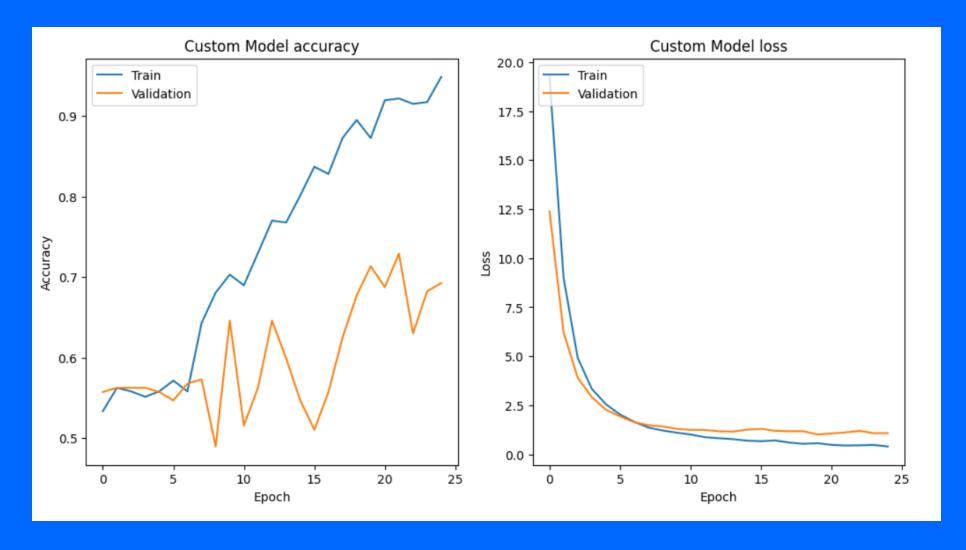
• Purpose: To save the model's weights to a file if the validation loss improves.

ReduceLROnPlateau (Learning Rate Reduction)

• Purpose: To reduce the learning rate when the validation loss plateaus.

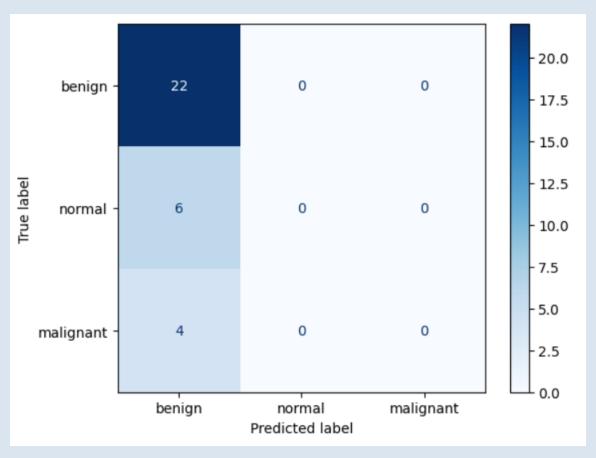


Our CNN Results:



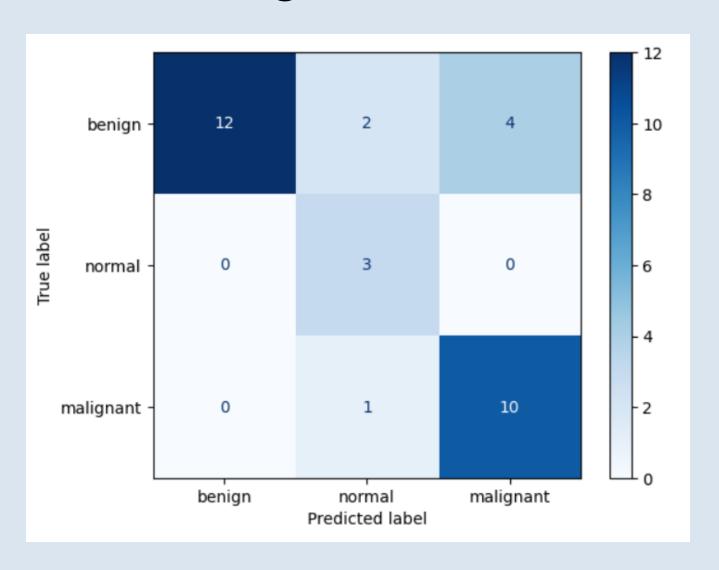
Confusion Matrix for our CNN





- Our model is only predicting cases of benign
- Likely due to imbalance of cases in our dataset
- Fix issue by calculating weights for classes to implement during the training process

Confusion Matrix for Custom CNN w/ Class Weights



- Model has improved
- Now predicting for all cases
- Accuracy on test set: 76%

Observations and Conclusions

Our CNN models are still out performing EfficientNetB0

Our CNN models still have room for improvement

Dataset is small (<800 imgs)

Distribution of classes in dataset is uneven

Benign: 437, Normal: 133, Malignant: 210

Next step options: obtain more data, use augmented data, utilize Transfer Learning

References

- 1. https://www.breastcancer.org/facts-statistics
- 2. https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/treatment-tests-and-therapies/breast-ultrasound
- 3. https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/aryashah2k/breast-ultrasound-images-dataset; Al-Dhabyani W, Gomaa M, Khaled H, Fahmy A. Dataset of breast ultrasound images. Data in Brief. 2020 Feb;28:104863. DOI: 10.1016/j.dib.2019.104863.
- 4. https://towardsdatascience.com/complete-architectural-details-of-all-efficientnet-models-5fd5b736142

Thank you