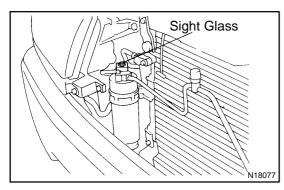
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## ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

### 1. INSPECT REFRIGERANT VOLUME

Observe the sight glass on the liquid tube.

### Test conditions:

- Running engine at 1,500 rpm
- Blower speed control switch at "HI" position
- A/C switch ON
- Temperature control dial at "COOL" position
- Fully open the doors

Item	Symptom	Amount of refrigerant	Remedy
1	Bubbles present in sight glass	Insufficient*	<ul><li>(1) Check for gas leakage with gas leak detector and repair if necessary</li><li>(2) Add refrigerant until bubbles disappear</li></ul>
2	No bubbles present in sight glass	None, sufficient or too much	Refer item 3 and 4
3	No temperature difference between com- pressor inlet and outlet	Empty or nearly empty	<ul><li>(1) Check for gas leakage with gas leak detector and repair if necessary</li><li>(2) Add refrigerant until bubbles disappear</li></ul>
4	Temperature between compressor inlet and outlet is noticeably different	Correct or too much	Refer to items 5 and 6
5	Immediately after air conditioning is turned off, refrigerant in sight glass stays clear	Too much	Discharge refrigerant     Evacuate air and charge proper amount or purified refrigerant
6	When air conditioning is turned off, refrigerant foams and then stays clear	Correct	-

<sup>\*:</sup> Bubbles in the sight glass with ambient temperatures higher than usual can be considered normal if cooling is sufficient.

**Author:** 

Date:

### 2. INSPECT REFRIGERANT PRESSURE WITH MAN-IFOLD GAUGE SET

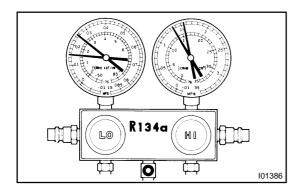
This is a method in witch the trouble is located by using a manifold gauge set. Read the manifold gauge pressure when the these conditions are established.

Test conditions:

- Temperature at the air inlet with the switch set at RECURC is 30 - 35 °C (86 - 95 °F)
- Engine running at 1500 rpm
- Blower speed control switch at "HI" position
- Temperature control dial at "COOL" position

### HINT:

It should be noted that the gauge indications may vary slightly due to ambient temperature conditions.



(1) Normally functioning refrigeration system.

Gauge reading:

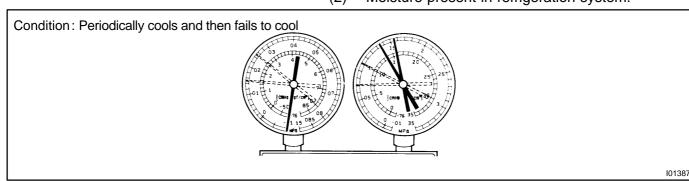
Low pressure side:

0.15 - 0.25 MPa (1.5 - 2.5 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)

High pressure side:

1.37 - 1.57 MPa (14 - 16 kgf/cm<sup>2)</sup>

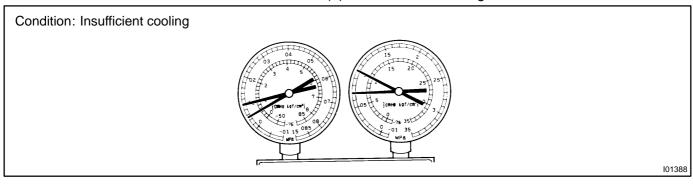
(2) Moisture present in refrigeration system.



Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
	Moisture entered in refrigeration	Drier in oversaturected state	(1) Replace receiver
During operation, pressure on low	system freezes at expansion valve	Moisture in refrigeration system	(2) Remove moisture in cycle
pressure side sometimes become	orifice and temporarily stops cycle,	freezes at expansion valve orifice	through repeatedly evacuating air
a vacuum and sometime normal	but normal state is restored after a	and blocks circulation of refriger-	(3) Charge proper amount of new
	time when the ice melts	ant	refrigerant

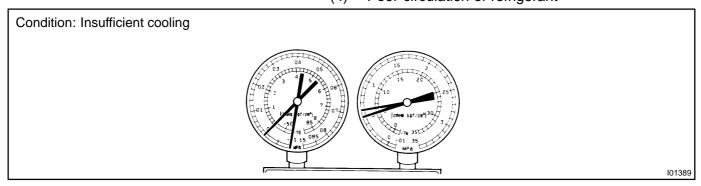
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## (3) Insufficient cooling



Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
<ul> <li>Pressure low on both low and high pressure sides</li> <li>Bubbles seen in sight glass continuously</li> <li>Insufficient cooling performance</li> </ul>	Gas leakage at some place in re- frigeration system	Insufficient refrigerant in system     Refrigerant leaking	(1) Check for gas leakage with gas leak detector and repair if necessary (2) Charge proper amount of refrigerant (3) If indicated pressure value is near 0 when connected to gauge, create the vacuum after inspecting and repairing the location of the leak

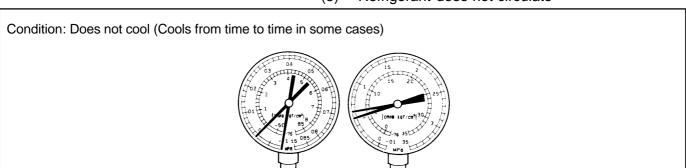
## (4) Poor circulation of refrigerant



Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
Pressure low in both low and high pressure sides     Frost on tube from receiver to unit	Refrigerant flow obstructed by dirt in receiver	Receiver clogged	Replace receiver

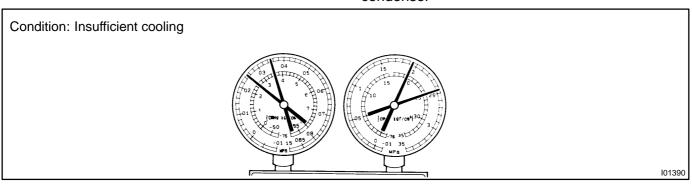
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## (5) Refrigerant does not circulate



Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
Vacuum indicated on low pressure side, very low pressure indicated on high pressure side     Frost or dew seen on piping before and after receiver/ drier or expansion valve	Refrigerant flow obstructed by moisture or dirt in refrigeration system     Refrigerant flow obstructed by gas leakage from expansion valve	Refrigerant does not circulate	<ol> <li>(1) Check expansion valve</li> <li>(2) Clean out dirt in expansion valve by blowing with air</li> <li>(3) Replace receiver</li> <li>(4) Evacuate air and charge new refrigerant to proper amount</li> <li>(5) For gas leakage from expansion valve, replace expansion valve</li> </ol>

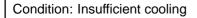
# (6) Refrigerant overcharged or insufficient cooling of condenser



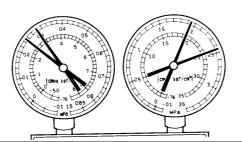
Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
<ul> <li>Pressure too high on both low and high pressure sides</li> <li>No sir bubbles seen through the sight glass even when the engine rpm is lowered</li> </ul>	Unable to develop sufficient performance due to excessive     Insufficient cooling of condenser	Excessive refrigerant in cycle→refrigerant overcharged     Condenser cooling insufficient→condenser fins clogged of cooling fan faulty	<ul><li>(1) Clean condenser</li><li>(2) Check cooling fan with fluid coupling operation</li><li>(3) If (1) and (2) are in normal state, check amount of refrigerant Charge proper amount of refrigerant</li></ul>

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## (7) Air present in refrigeration system



Condition: Insufficient cooling



NOTE: These gauge indications are shown when the refrigeration system has been opens and the refrigerant charged without vacuum purging.

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Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
<ul> <li>Pressure too high on both low and high pressure sides</li> <li>The low pressure piping hot to the touch</li> <li>Bubbles seen in sight glass</li> </ul>	Air entered in refrigeration system	Air present in refrigeration system     Insufficient vacuum purging	(1) Check compressor oil to see if it is see if it is dirty or insufficient (2) Evacuate air and charge new refrigerant

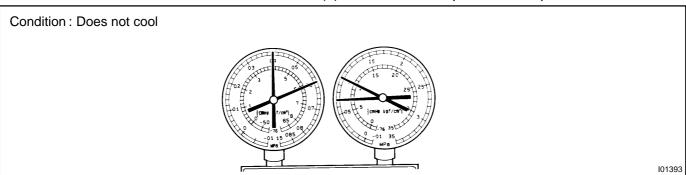
### (8) Expansion valve improperly

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Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
<ul> <li>Pressure too high on both low and high pressure sides</li> <li>Frost or large amount of dew on piping on low pressure side</li> </ul>	Trouble in expansion valve	Excessive refrigerant in low pressure piping     Expansion valve opened too wide	Check expansion valve Replace if defective

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### (9) Defective compression compressor



Symptom seen in refrigeration system	Probable cause	Diagnosis	Remedy
<ul> <li>Pressure too high on low high pressure sides</li> <li>Pressure too low to on high pressure side</li> </ul>	Internal leak in compressor	Compression defective     Valve leaking or broken sliding parts	Repair or replace compressor

### 3. INSPECT IDLE-UP SPEED

- (a) Warm up engine.
- (b) Inspect idle-up speed when the these conditions are established.
  - Warm up engine
  - Blower speed control switch at "HI" position
  - A/C switch ON
  - Temperature control dial at "COOL" position

Magnetic clutch condition	Idle-up speed	
Magnetic clutch not engaged	700 ± 50 rpm	
Magnetic clutch engaged	850 ± 50 rpm	

If idle speed is not as specified, check Idle control system.

### 4. INSPECT FOR LEAKAGE OF REFRIGERANT

- (a) Perform in these conditions:
  - Stop engine.
  - Secure good ventilation (If not the gas leak detector may react to volatile gases witch are not refrigerant, such as evaporated gasoline and exhaust gas.)
  - Repeat the test 2 or 3 times.
  - Make sure that there is some refrigerant remaining in the refrigeration system.

When compressor is OFF: approx. 392 - 588 kPa  $(4 - 6 \text{ kgf/ cm}^2, 57 - 85 \text{ psi})$ 

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(b) Bring the gas leak detector close to the drain hose before performing the test.

### HINT:

- After the blower motor stopped, leave the cooling unit for more than 15 minutes.
- Expose the gas leak detector sensor the under the drain hose.
- When bring the gas leak detector close to the drain hose, make sure that the gas leak detector does not react to the volatile gases.

If such reaction is unavoidable, the vehicle must be lifted up.

- (c) If gas leak is not detected on the drain hose, remove the blower resistor from the cooling unit. Then insert the gas leak detector sensor into the unit and perform the test.
- (d) Disconnect the connector and leave the pressure switch for approx. 20 minutes. Then bring the gas leak detector close to the pressure switch and perform the test.
- (e) Bring the gas leak detector close to the refrigerant lines and perform the test.

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