# **University of Exeter**

# **College of Engineering, Mathematics and Physical Sciences**

ECM3420 - Learning From Data

Coursework 2 - Clustering

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## Task 1

```
In [3]:
        Calculate Euclidean distance between point 1 and point 2.
         .....
        def euclidian distance(point 1, point 2):
            # return np.sqrt(sum([np.square(point_1[x] - point_2[x]) for x in range(length)]))
            return sum((p1 - p2) ** 2 for p1, p2 in zip(point 1, point 2)) ** 0.5
In [4]:
        Find the closest centroid to a given point.
         .....
        def choose best cluster(point, centroids):
            distances = {}
            # Construct index to distance mapping
            key = 0
            for centroid in centroids:
                distances[key] = euclidian distance(point, centroid)
                key += 1
            # Return index with shortest distnace
            return min(distances, key=distances.get)
         n n n
In [5]:
         Return the cluster index that a given point belongs to.
        def obtain cluster(point, clusters):
            # Unpack the dictionary
            for key, points in clusters.items():
                # Check if the point belongs to the cluster
                for p in points:
                    if np.array equal(p, point):
                         return key
```

```
In [7]:
         Incremental KMeans Algorithm.
         .....
        def incremental_kmeans(x, k, max_itr=100, random_state=None):
            full iterations = 1
            clusters = {}
            cluster labels = []
            centroid updated = True
            # Choose random centroids, initialise clusters
            centroids = initialise_centroids(x, k, random_state)
            # For each data point, find nearest cluster and update centroid
            for point in x:
                # Find nearest cluster
                best cluster key = choose best cluster(point, centroids)
                # Update nearest cluster
                if best cluster key not in clusters:
                     clusters.update({best_cluster_key:[point]})
                else:
                     clusters[best_cluster_key].append(point)
                update_centroid(best_cluster_key, centroids, clusters)
                # Update output
                cluster labels.append(best cluster key)
            full iterations += 1
            # Remaining iterations
            while centroid_updated and full_iterations < max_itr:</pre>
                 centroid updated = False
                original_centroids = centroids.copy()
                index = 0
                for point in x:
```

```
# Obtain current cluster
        current cluster key = obtain cluster(point, clusters)
        # Calculate nearest cluster
        best cluster key = choose best cluster(point, centroids)
        # If the clusters are different, re-assign
        if current cluster key != best cluster key:
            # Remove from current cluster and update its centroid
            i = 0
            size = len(clusters[current cluster key])
            while i < size:</pre>
                if np.array_equal(clusters[current_cluster_key][i], point):
                    del clusters[current cluster key][i]
                    break
                i += 1
            update_centroid(current_cluster_key, centroids, clusters)
            # Add to new cluster and update its centroid
            clusters[best cluster key].append(point)
            update centroid(best cluster key, centroids, clusters)
            # Update output
            cluster labels[index] = best cluster key
        index += 1
   # Update stopping condition
   if not np.array equal(original centroids, centroids):
        centroid updated = True
   full iterations += 1
cluster labels = np.array(cluster labels)
return cluster labels, full iterations
```

```
In [8]: %matplotlib inline
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import pandas as pd
    import time
    from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
    from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

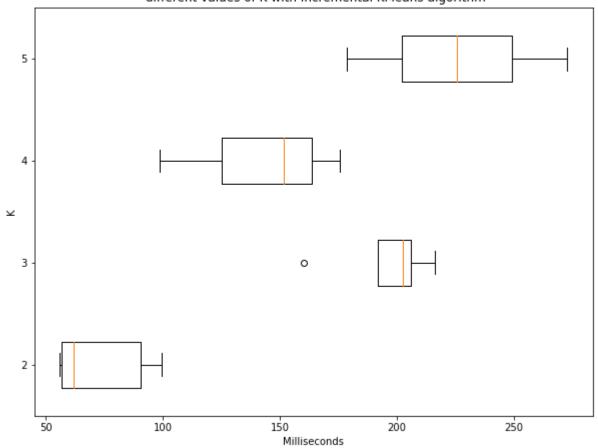
```
In [9]:
         Perform runtime analysis.
         Returns a Dataframe for each KMeans Algorithm, and data for the Incremental KMeans boxplot (runtime distribut
         ions).
         .....
         def runtime analysis(data, k values, m):
            # Preprocessing
            sc = StandardScaler()
            sc.fit(data)
            data = sc.transform(data)
            # Prepare dataframes and boxplot data
            kmeans_df = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Standard KMeans','K=2','K=3','K=4','K=5'], index=['Average Time','Aver
         age Iterations'])
            kmeans incr df = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Incremental KMeans','K=2','K=3','K=4','K=5'], index=['Average Tim
         e','Average Iterations'])
            boxplot data = []
            # Perform experiment and store results...
            random state = 0
            kmeans avg times = []
            kmeans avg iters = []
            kmeans incr avg times = []
            kmeans incr avg iters = []
            for k in k values:
                kmeans time = []
                kmeans iter = []
                kmeans incr time = []
                kmeans incr iter = []
                for m in range(m):
                     # Standard KMeans
                     kmeans = KMeans(n clusters = k, random state = random state)
                    start time = time.time()
                     kmeans.fit(data)
                     end time milliseconds = (time.time() - start time) * 1000
```

```
kmeans time.append(end time milliseconds)
            kmeans iter.append(kmeans.n iter )
            # Incremental KMeans
            start time = time.time()
            cluster labels, full iterations = incremental kmeans(data, k, random state = random state)
            end time milliseconds = (time.time() - start time) * 1000
            kmeans incr time.append(end time milliseconds)
            kmeans incr iter.append(full iterations)
            # Change state for next iteration
            random state += 1
       # Store results
       kmeans avg times.append(np.mean(kmeans time))
       kmeans avg iters.append(np.mean(kmeans iter))
       kmeans incr avg times.append(np.mean(kmeans incr time))
       kmeans incr avg iters.append(np.mean(kmeans incr iter))
       boxplot data.append(kmeans_incr_time)
   # Populate dataframes with results
   kmeans df.loc['Average Time'] = pd.Series({'Standard KMeans':'Average Time', 'K=2':kmeans avg times[0],
'K=3':kmeans avg times[1], 'K=4':kmeans avg times[2], 'K=5':kmeans avg times[3]})
   kmeans df.loc['Average Iterations'] = pd.Series({'Standard KMeans':'Average Iterations', 'K=2':kmeans avg
iters[0], 'K=3':kmeans avg iters[1], 'K=4':kmeans avg iters[2], 'K=5':kmeans avg iters[3]})
   kmeans incr df.loc['Average Time'] = pd.Series({'Incremental KMeans':'Average Time', 'K=2':kmeans incr av
g times[0], 'K=3':kmeans incr avg times[1], 'K=4':kmeans incr avg times[2], 'K=5':kmeans incr avg times[3]})
   kmeans incr df.loc['Average Iterations'] = pd.Series({'Incremental KMeans':'Average Iterations', 'K=2':km
eans incr avg iters[0], 'K=3':kmeans incr avg iters[1], 'K=4':kmeans incr avg iters[2], 'K=5':kmeans incr avg
_iters[3]})
   return kmeans df, kmeans incr df, boxplot data
```

```
n m m
In [10]:
          Runtime Analysis
          x = load_iris().data
          k_{values} = [2, 3, 4, 5]
          m = 5
          # Obtain the data
          kmeans_df, kmeans_incr_df, boxplot_data = runtime_analysis(x, k_values, m)
In [11]:
          # Show the results for Standard KMeans
          kmeans_df.style.hide_index()
Out[11]:
           Standard KMeans
                                K=2
                                          K=3
                                                    K=4
                                                             K=5
               Average Time 23.730183 27.924359 33.702691 36.608696
           Average Iterations
                            3.200000
                                     6.000000
                                                5.000000
                                                         7.500000
In [12]: # Show the results for Incremental KMeans
          kmeans incr df.style.hide index()
Out[12]:
           Incremental KMeans
                                  K=2
                                             K=3
                                                        K=4
                                                                  K=5
                 Average Time 73.004055 195.456028 141.962449 225.689292
              Average Iterations
                              3.400000
                                         5.750000
                                                    4.666667
                                                              6.000000
```

```
In [13]:
         Drawing chart to show the runtime distributions of the Incremental KMeans algorithm.
          .....
         # Create figure and axes
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         fig.set_figheight(7.5)
         fig.set_figwidth(10)
         # Build boxplot with the runtime distributions data
         ax.boxplot(boxplot_data, showmeans=False, vert=False)
         # Set title and axes labels
         ax.set_title('Box plot showing runtime distributions of\n different values of K with Incremental KMeans algor
         ithm')
         ax.set_xlabel('Milliseconds')
         ax.set_ylabel('K')
         # Add y-tick labels
         ax.set yticks(range(1, len(k values) + 1))
         ax.set_yticklabels([str(k) for k in k_values])
         # Show the plot
         plt.show()
```

# Box plot showing runtime distributions of different values of K with Incremental KMeans algorithm



Task 3

```
n n n
In [14]:
         Calculate the Jaccard Index as demonstrated in Week 8, Video 3.
          .....
         def jaccard_index_cw2(y_true, y_pred):
             if len(y_true) != len(y_pred):
                 raise Error #TODO: handle this
             scores = [0, 0, 0]
             for i in range(len(y true)):
                 for j in range(i + 1, len(y_pred)):
                      # SS
                     if y_true[i] == y_true[j] and y_pred[i] == y_pred[j]:
                          scores[0] += 1
                      # SD
                      elif y_true[i] == y_true[j] and y_pred[i] != y_pred[j]:
                          scores[1] += 1
                      # DS
                      elif y_true[i] != y_true[j] and y_pred[i] == y_pred[j]:
                          scores[2] += 1
             return scores[0] / sum(scores)
```

## Task 4

```
mmm
In [15]:
         Compare true output labels to predicted output labels, and return a 3x3 list of values for the Q4 Dataframe.
          .....
         def get_cluster_values_q4(y_true, y_pred):
             cluster_values = [[0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0]]
             for index in range(len(y_true)):
                 cluster = y_pred[index]
                 label = y_true[index]
                 if cluster == 0:
                      if label == 0:
                          cluster_values[0][0] += 1
                      elif label == 1:
                          cluster_values[0][1] += 1
                      elif label == 2:
                          cluster_values[0][2] += 1
                 if cluster == 1:
                      if label == 0:
                          cluster_values[1][0] += 1
                      elif label == 1:
                          cluster_values[1][1] += 1
                      elif label == 2:
                          cluster_values[1][2] += 1
                 if cluster == 2:
                      if label == 0:
                          cluster_values[2][0] += 1
                      elif label == 1:
                          cluster_values[2][1] += 1
                      elif label == 2:
                          cluster_values[2][2] += 1
             return cluster_values
```

```
In [17]:
         KMeans Cluster Analysis.
          .....
         data = load_iris()
         x = data.data
         y_true = data.target
         # Preprocessing
         sc = StandardScaler()
         sc.fit(x)
         x = sc.transform(x)
         # Standard KMeans
         kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 3, random_state = 10)
         kmeans.fit(x)
         y_kmeans = kmeans.predict(x)
         # Analysis
         cluster_values_kmeans = get_cluster_values_q4(y_true, y_kmeans)
         df_kmeans = get_dataframe_q4('Standard K-Means', cluster_values_kmeans)
         # Show the results
         df_kmeans.style.hide_index()
```

#### Out[17]:

Standard K-Means	Label 1	Label 2	Label 3
Cluster 1	0	50	0
Cluster 2	39	0	11
Cluster 3	14	0	36

```
In [18]: # Incremental KMeans
    y_kmeans_incr, _ = incremental_kmeans(x, k = 3, random_state = 10)

# Analysis
    cluster_values_kmeans_incr = get_cluster_values_q4(y_true, y_kmeans_incr)
    df_kmeans_incr = get_dataframe_q4('Incremental K-Means', cluster_values_kmeans_incr)

# Show the results
    df_kmeans_incr.style.hide_index()
```

### Out[18]:

Incremental K-Means	Label 1	Label 2	Label 3
Cluster 1	1	49	0
Cluster 2	37	0	13
Cluster 3	8	0	42

```
In [19]:
          Jaccard Index comparison.
          .....
          from sklearn.metrics import jaccard score
          # Calculate Jaccard Index (cw2, sklearn) for KMeans results (standard, incremental)
                                      = jaccard_index_cw2(y_true, y_kmeans)
          jaccard kmeans cw2
          jaccard_kmeans_sklearn = jaccard_score(y_true, y_kmeans, average = jaccard_index_cw2(y_true, y_kmeans_incr)
                                      = jaccard score(y true, y kmeans, average = "micro")
          jaccard kmeans incr sklearn = jaccard score(y true, y kmeans incr, average = "micro")
          # Build Dataframe for output
          jaccard data = {'Jaccard Index': ['jaccard index cw2', 'sklearn.metrics.jaccard score'],
                           'Standard KMeans': [jaccard kmeans cw2, jaccard kmeans sklearn],
                           'Incremental KMeans': [jaccard kmeans incr cw2, jaccard kmeans incr sklearn]
          df = pd.DataFrame(jaccard data, columns = ['Jaccard Index', 'Standard KMeans', 'Incremental KMeans'])
          # Show the results
          df.style.hide index()
```

#### Out[19]:

jaccard_index_cw2	0.593892	0.615739
sklearn.metrics.jaccard score	0.136364	0.167315

Jaccard Index Standard KMeans Incremental KMeans

```
In [20]:
          Figure comparing KMeans clustering on two input attributes.
          .....
          from matplotlib.lines import Line2D
          # Create figure and axes
         fig = plt.figure()
         fig.set figheight(15)
         fig.set figwidth(15)
         ax1 = fig.add subplot(221)
         ax2 = fig.add subplot(222)
          # Set title and labels for each graph
         ax1.set title('Standard K-Means Clustering')
         ax1.set xlabel(data.feature names[0])
          ax1.set ylabel(data.feature names[1])
          ax2.set title('Incremental K-Means Clustering')
         ax2.set xlabel(data.feature names[0])
         ax2.set ylabel(data.feature names[1])
          # Create Legend
         legend elements = [Line2D([0], [0], marker='o', color = '#28a4a4', label='Cluster 1', markerfacecolor='#28a4a
          4', markersize=10, lw=0),
                             Line2D([0], [0], marker='o', color = '#ffff00', label='Cluster 2', markerfacecolor='#e6e60
         0', markersize=10, lw=0),
                             Line2D([0], [0], marker='o', color = '#660066', label='Cluster 3', markerfacecolor='#66006
          6', markersize=10, lw=0)]
         # Draw Legend
         ax2.legend(handles=legend_elements, loc='upper right', fontsize="medium")
          # Scatter input attributes, and colour points by cluster
         ax1.scatter(x[:, 0], x[:, 1], c=y_kmeans, s=50, cmap='viridis')
         ax2.scatter(x[:, 0], x[:, 1], c=y kmeans incr, s=50, cmap='viridis')
          # Set main title
          plt.subplots adjust(top=0.9)
```

```
plt.gcf().suptitle('Comparison of Standard and Incremental K-Means\nclustering algorithms against two input a
ttributes', fontsize=12)

# Show the figure
plt.show()
```

Comparison of Standard and Incremental K-Means clustering algorithms against two input attributes

