# Supporting Data Quality Assessment in eScience

Postdoctoral fellow: Joana Gonzales Malaverri Supervisor: Prof. Claudia Bauzer Medeiros

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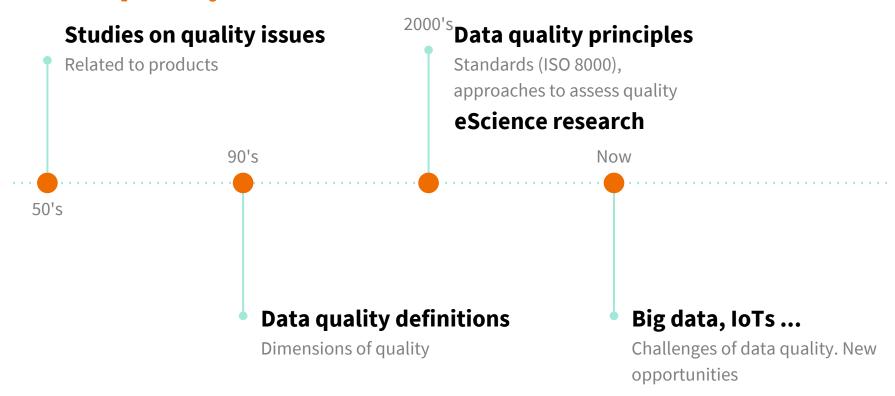




## **Outline**

- Foundations
- Our research
  - ProvenFrame
  - Quality Flow
  - o w2Share
- Conclusions
- Ongoing work

## Data quality research



### **Problems**

- Different formats, standards and scales.
  - data from primary to secondary sources, raw or derived.
  - o domain requirements and the intended use of the data.
- Data submitted to different transformation processes.
- Out-of-date data expressed as 'current'.

## **Issues of quality**

- Attributes to represent a particular characteristic of quality.
  - Context-based
- Classification:
  - Qualitatives: reputation, completeness.
  - Quantitatives: consistency, timeliness.
  - Qualitatives & Quantitatives: accuracy.



Extracted from https://wq.io/research/quality

## **Example**

#### Health data

- Temporally and geographically distributed.
- Stored in files (digital or not) and (research) databases.
- Data are fragmented.
- Data in an electronic record should be accurate, up-to-date and complete.
  - o clear understanding of the meaning, context and intent of the data.
  - unambiguous and standardized.

## **Example**

#### Health data

- Accurate:
  - odata or values well reflects the true state of the source information.
  - data or values will not cause ambiguity.
- Up-to-date:
  - data are regularly updated.
  - the time interval from data collection and processing to release meets requirements.

#### How to assess these (and others) quality dimensions?

## **Issues of quality**

- Different assessment approaches:
  - Attribute-based
    - Manual: user experience, crowdsourcing...
    - Automatic: parsing, validations rules, functions...
  - Provenance-based



Extracted from https://wq.io/research/quality

## **Quality assessment**

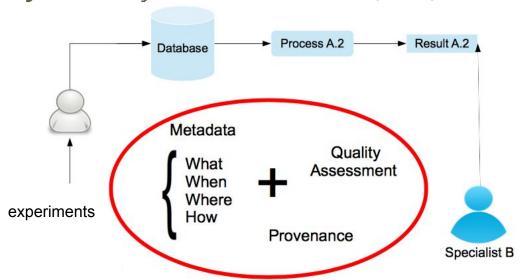
- Dimensions?
  - o Timeliness, accuracy, reputation...
- Domain requirements?
- Models?
  - o attribute or provenance-based?

## **Quality assessment**

- Dimensions?
  - Timeliness, accuracy, reputation...
- Domain requirements?
- Models?
  - attribute or provenance-based?
- Research:
  - **Provenance** inducing quality assessment

### **Provenance**

Provenance is information about **entities**, **activities**, and **people** involved in **producing** a piece of **data** or **thing**, which can be **used** to form **assessments** about its **quality**, reliability or trustworthiness (W3C).



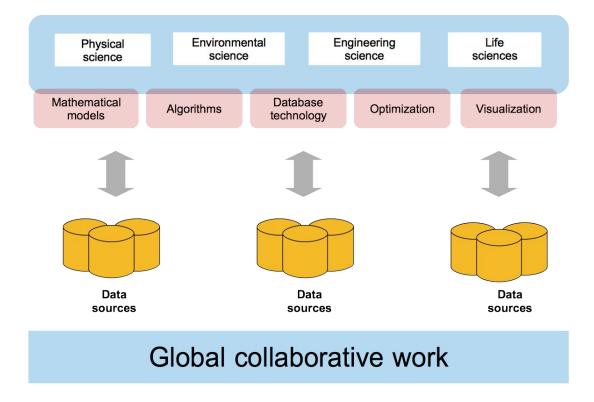
## **Our research**

## Supporting Data Quality Assessment in eScience

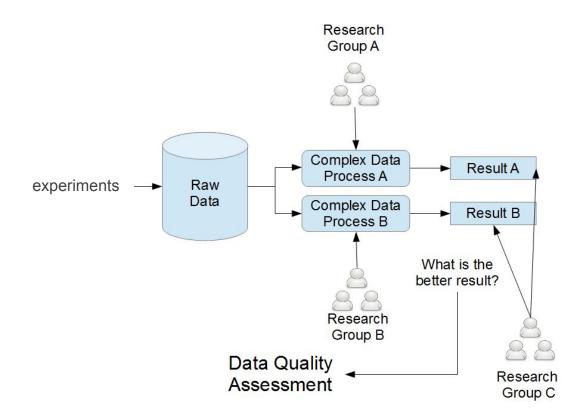
- ProvenFrame
- Quality Flow
- w2Share

## What is eScience?

## **eScience**



## eScience - Example of a typical scenario



## eScience - Challenges

- How to lead with data heterogeneity issues?
- How to support the integration and sharing of data?
- How to evaluate and ensure the quality of data?
- How to ensure the reuse and reproducibility of experiments?

## What is scientific data?

- Any (digital) input to experiments.
- Any (digital) result of scientific experiments.

# Scientific Workflow Management Systems (SFMSs)?

Taverna www.taverna.org.uk





#### Workflow

 a set of inter-dependent steps needed to complete a certain task.

#### Scientific workflows

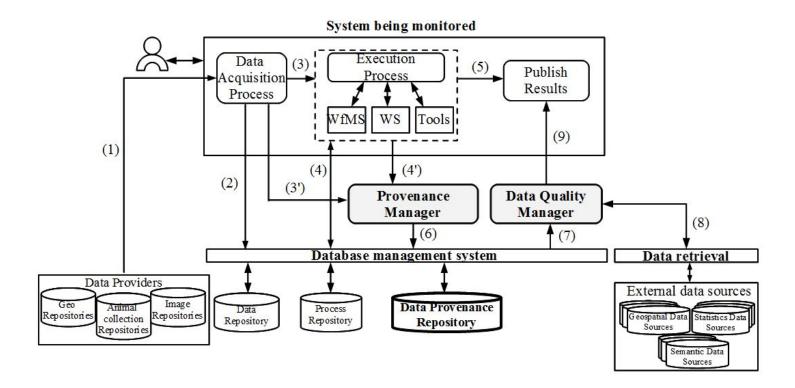
 specification of design, data capture, integration, processing, and analysis that leads to scientific discovery.

#### SWfMS

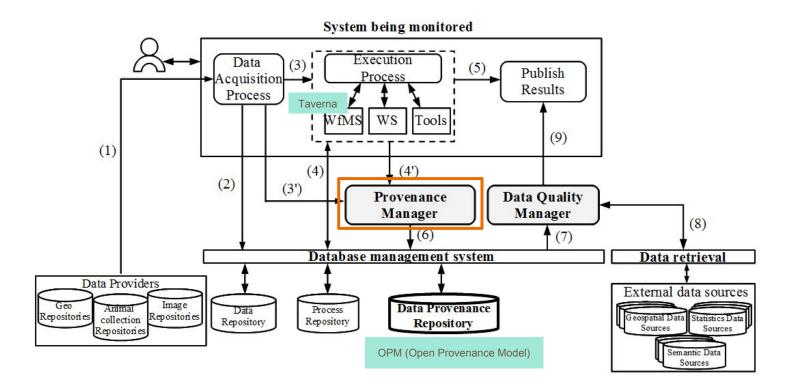
- computational tool to model, execute and monitor scientific processes.
- generation of provenance information of scientific processes.

## **ProvenFrame**

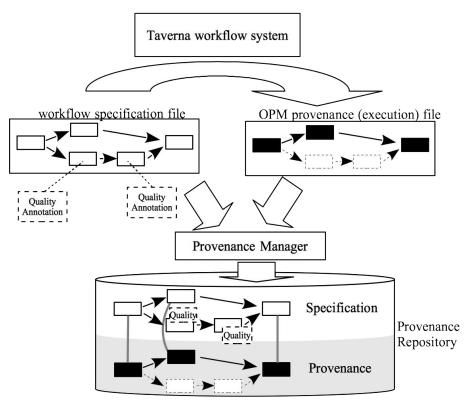
### **ProvenFrame - architecture**



### **ProvenFrame - architecture**



# ProvenFrame interacting with the Taverna WfMS

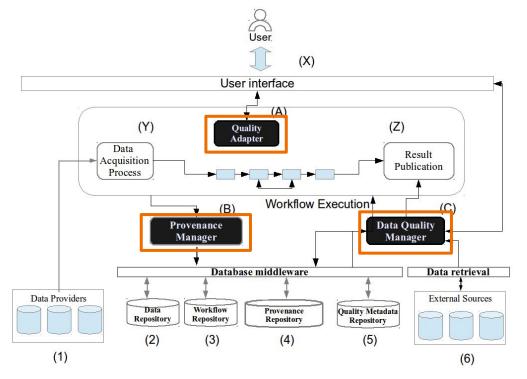


# **Quality Flow Sousa, Renato B. Master thesis**

## Quality Flow (Sousa, Renato B. Master thesis)

- Improvement and instantiation of ProvenFrame.
- A workflow-based system for data quality assessment of scientific experiments.
- Case study: Long term data preservation and curation.
  - Why? It requires ensuring (meta)data quality.

# **Quality Flow - architecture**



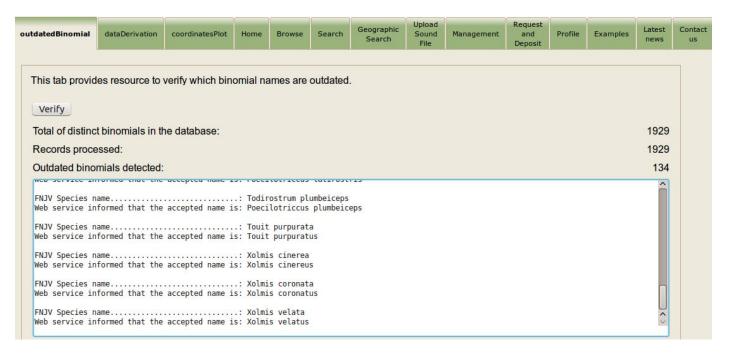
## **Quality Flow - web prototype**



# Case study: Long term data preservation and curation

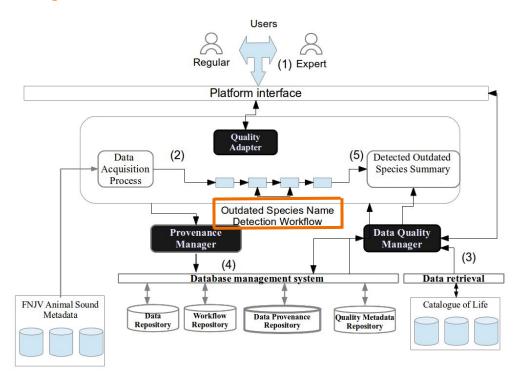


# Animal sound recording metadata system

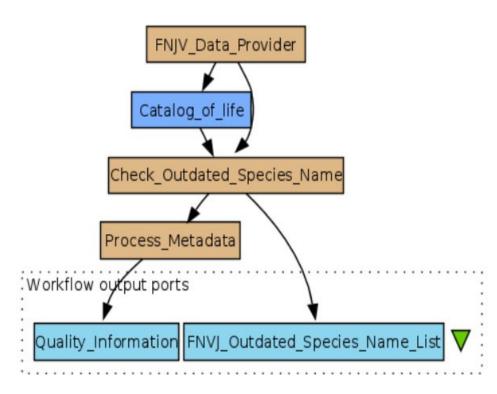


Outdated names – 7% (134 species)

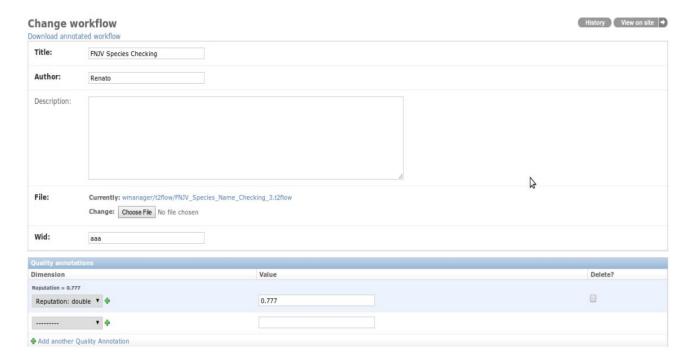
# **Using Quality Flow**



# **Abstract workflow: Quality Processing**



# **Quality Adapter**



# **Quality Adapter**

- Insert quality information to a workflow specification
- No changes to workflow model

## **Provenance Manager**

Extraction of provenance information from trace logs

```
<a:Used xmlns:a="http://www.ipaw.info/2007/opm#" rdf:about="tag:tupelog</pre>
org, 2006: 4389f22258f6eb8db4d419b6c9625e26e7b68055">
                                                                         Process ID
  <a:eventAccount rdf:resource="http://ns.taverna.org.uk/2011/run/fead+2
 41b8-ba43-3d30df37cdd3/"/>
 <a:usedArtifact rdf:resource="http://ns.taverna.org.uk/2011/data/fead4/21-4b25-</pre>
  41b8-ba43-3d30df37cdd3/ref/d143736f-dbe9-4543-82d8-4e4a0cad0171"/>
  <a:usedByProcess rdf:resource="http://ns.taverna.org.uk/2010/workflow/235b7208-</p>
 alee-423f-b852-2fba9d8ecf4b/processor/Simple Processor/"/>
  <a:usedRole>
    <a:Role rdf:about="http://ns.taverna.org.uk/2011/run/fead4921-4b2
                                                                            3-ba43-
    3d30df37cdd3/workflow/235b7208-a1ee-423f-b852-
    2fba9d8ecf4b/processor/Simple Processor/iteration/">
                 >http://ns.taverna.org.uk/2011/run/fead4921-4b25-41b8-ba43-
      3d30df37cdd3/workflow/235b7208-alee-423f-b852-
      2fba9d8ecf4b/processor/Simple Processor/iteration/</rdfs:label>
```

# **Quality Manager**

#### Data quality assessment:

- From provenance.
- From annotations quality attributes generated by Quality Adapter.

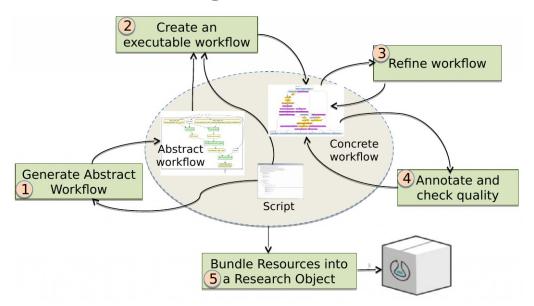
#### Papers:

• 2017. A User-Sensitive Quality Assessment Approach for Experiments in eScience. Journal of Data and Information Quality (JDIQ). (under review)

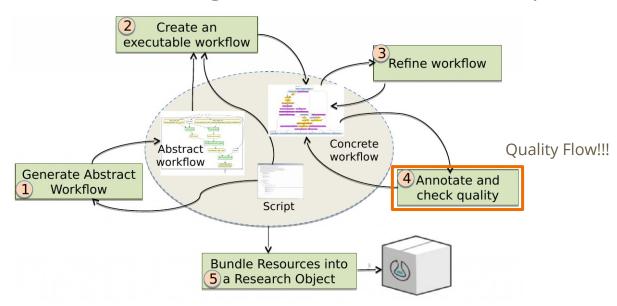
# w2Share Carvalho, Lucas PhD (ongoing)

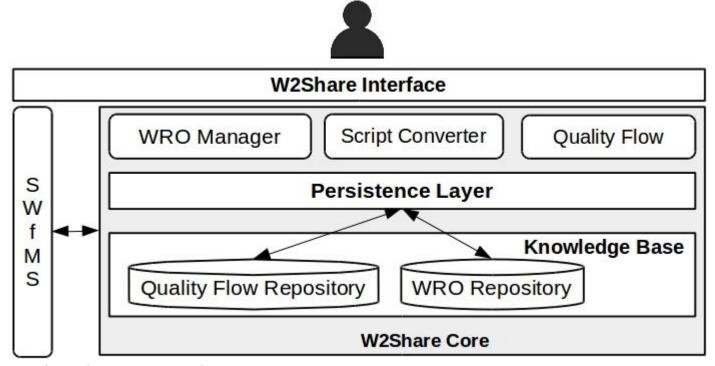
# w2Share (Carvalho, Lucas PhD (ongoing))

Reproducibility and workflow management across scientific disciplines

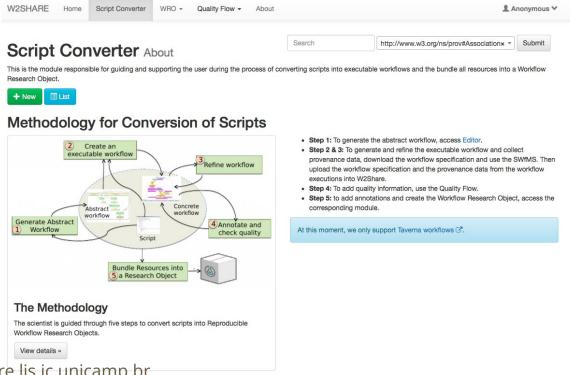


Reproducibility and workflow management across scientific disciplines





Available at w2share.lis.ic.unicamp.br



Available at w2share.lis.ic.unicamp.br

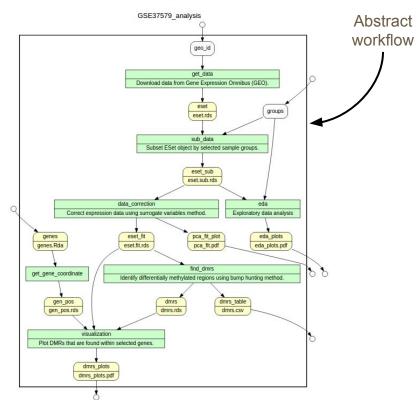
# **Case study: DNA Methylation Microarray Analysis**

# w2Share: Generating the abstract workflow

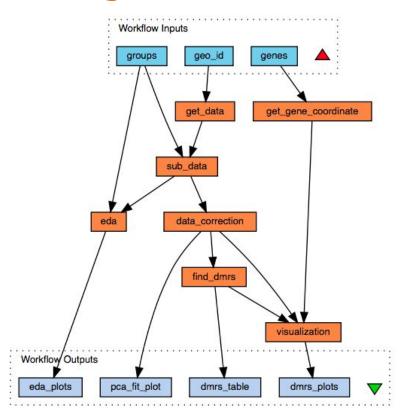
```
1 # @begin GSE37579_analysis @desc Identification of differentially methylated genes potentially as:
                                            # Oparam geo id Odesc GEO accession number.
                                            # Oparam groups Odesc List of sample groups.
       Script
                                        4 # @in genes @URI genes.Rda @desc Names of genes related to epilepsy and stroke diseases
5 # @out eda_plots @URI eda_plots.pdf @desc Document with graphic charts from EDA.
                                            # @out pca_fit_plot @URI pca_fit.pdf @desc Document containg PCA grachic chart of corrected data.
annotations
                                            # Mout dmrs table MURI dmrs.csv Mdesc CSV file containing DMRs found
                                            # @out dmrs_plots @URI dmrs_plots.pdf Document containing graphic charts of DMRs.
                                           # Obegin get data Odesc Download data from Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO).
                                        # Operam geo id Odesc GEO accession number.
                                       13 # @out eset @URI eset.rds @desc RDS file containing serialized ExpressionSet object.
                                           library(GEOquery)
eset <- getGEO("GSE37579", GSEMatrix=TRUE)[[1]]</pre>
                                       16 saveRDS(eset, "eset.rds")
                                       17 # @end get data
                                            # @begin sub_data @desc Subset ESet object by selected sample groups.
                                       21  # @param groups @desc List of sample groups. Example: control, treatent
22  # @in eset @URI eset.rds @desc RDS file containing serialized ExpressionSet object.
                                       23 # @out eset sub @URI eset.sub.rds @desc RDS file containg serialized ESet object (subset).
                                       24 library(Biobase)
                                       25 eset <- readRDS("eset.rds")
                                       26 groups <- c("white blood cells, control", "prefrontal cortex, control")
                                       27 idx = which(fData(eset)$SPOT_ID == "CONTROL")
                                       28 eset.sub <- eset[-idx, which(eset$source_name_ch1 %in% groups)]
                                       29 eset.sub$source_name_ch1 <- droplevels(eset.sub$source_name_ch1)
30 eset.sub <- eset.sub[fData(eset.sub)[["Genome_Location"]]] != "",]
                                       31 saveRDS(eset.sub, "eset_sub.rds")
                                       32 # @end sub data
                                       33
                                       34 ## ------
                                       35 # Obegin eda Odesc Exploratory data analysis
                                       36 # @param groups @desc List of sample groups.
                                       37 # Min eset sub MURI eset.sub.rds Mdesc RDS file containg serialized ESet object (subset).
                                       38 # @out eda plots @URI eda plots.pdf @desc Document with graphic charts from EDA.
                                       39 library(Biobase)
                                       40 library(quantro)
                                       41 library(ggplot2)
                                       42 eset.sub <- readRDS("eset.sub.rds")
                                            groups <- c("white blood cells, control", "prefrontal cortex, control")
                                            meth <- exprs(eset.sub)
                                            pdf("eda_plots.pdf")
                                            hist(meth)
                                            matboxplot(exprs(eset.sub), groupFactor = eset.sub$source_name_ch1,
                                       48
                                                xaxt = "n", main = "Beta Values")
                                       51
                                            matdensity(exprs(eset.sub), groupFactor = eset.sub$source_name_ch1,
                                            xlab = " ", ylab = "density", main = "Beta Values")
legend('top', groups, col = c(1,2), lty= 1, lwd = 3)
                                       53
                                       55
                                            pc <- prcomp(t(meth))$x
                                           pt = ptcomp(rest)/sar()
fd < data.frame(PC1 = pc[,1], PC2 = pc[,2],
    Tissue = sub(pattern = ', +$'' "', eset.sub$source_name_ch1),
    Origin= sub("\s.+", "", pData(eset.sub)$title))
qplot(data = df, PC1, PC2, colour = Tissue, shape = Origin, geom = "point") +</pre>
                                                theme bw()
                                       61
                                            dev.off()
                                           # @end eda
```

# w2Share: Generating the abstract workflow

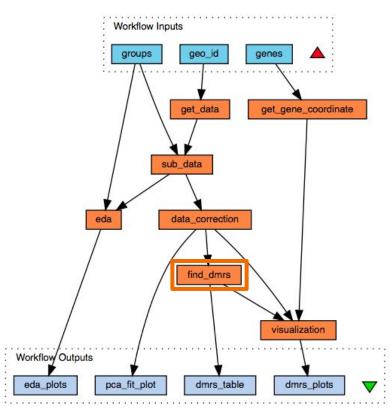
1 # @begin GSE37579\_analysis @desc Identification of differentially methylated genes potentially as: # Oparam geo id Odesc GEO accession number. # Oparam groups Odesc List of sample groups. Script 4 # @in genes @URI genes.Rda @desc Names of genes related to epilepsy and stroke diseases
5 # @out eda\_plots @URI eda\_plots.pdf @desc Document with graphic charts from EDA. # @out pca\_fit\_plot @URI pca\_fit.pdf @desc Document containg PCA grachic chart of corrected data. annotations # Mout dmrs table MURI dmrs.csv Mdesc CSV file containing DMRs found. # @out dmrs\_plots @URI dmrs\_plots.pdf Document containing graphic charts of DMRs. # Obegin get data Odesc Download data from Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO). # Operam geo id Odesc GEO accession number. 13 # @out eset @URI eset.rds @desc RDS file containing serialized ExpressionSet object. library(GEOquery)
eset <- getGEO("GSE37579", GSEMatrix=TRUE)[[1]]</pre> saveRDS(eset, "eset.rds") # @end get data # @begin sub\_data @desc Subset ESet object by selected sample groups. # Oparam groups Odesc List of sample groups. Example: control, treatent
# Oin eset OURI eset.rds Odesc RDS file containing serialized ExpressionSet object. 23 # @out eset sub @URI eset.sub.rds @desc RDS file containg serialized ESet object (subset). 24 library(Biobase) eset <- readRDS("eset.rds") 26 groups <- c("white blood cells, control", "prefrontal cortex, control")
27 idx = which(fData(eset)\$SPOT\_ID == "CONTROL") 28 eset.sub <- eset[-idx, which(eset\$source\_name\_ch1 %in% groups)] 29 eset.sub\$source\_name\_ch1 <- droplevels(eset.sub\$source\_name\_ch1)
30 eset.sub <- eset.sub[fData(eset.sub)[["Genome\_Location"]]] != "",] 31 saveRDS(eset.sub, "eset\_sub.rds") 32 # @end sub data 33 34 ## ------35 # Obegin eda Odesc Exploratory data analysis 36 # @param groups @desc List of sample groups. 37 # Min eset sub MURI eset.sub.rds Mdesc RDS file containg serialized ESet object (subset). 38 # @out eda plots @URI eda plots.pdf @desc Document with graphic charts from EDA. library(Biobase) library(quantro) 41 library(ggplot2) eset.sub <- readRDS("eset.sub.rds") groups <- c("white blood cells, control", "prefrontal cortex, control") meth <- exprs(eset.sub) pdf("eda\_plots.pdf") hist(meth) matboxplot(exprs(eset.sub), groupFactor = eset.sub\$source\_name\_ch1, 48 xaxt = "n", main = "Beta Values") matdensity(exprs(eset.sub), groupFactor = eset.sub\$source\_name\_ch1, 51 xlab = " ", ylab = "density", main = "Beta Values")
legend('top', groups, col = c(1,2), lty= 1, lwd = 3) 53 55 pc <- prcomp(t(meth))\$x pt = ptcomp(train)sa ff <- data.frame(PC1 = pc[,1], PC2 = pc[,2], Tissue = sub(pattern = ", +\$", "", eset.sub\$source\_name\_ch1), Origin= sub("\\s.+", "", pData(eset.sub)\$title)) qplot(data = df, PC1, PC2, colour = Tissue, shape = Origin, geom = "point") + theme bw() dev.off() # @end eda



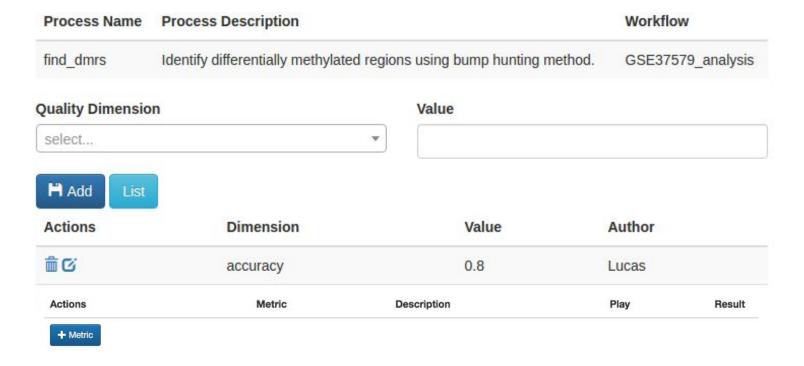
### w2Share: Generating the executable workflow



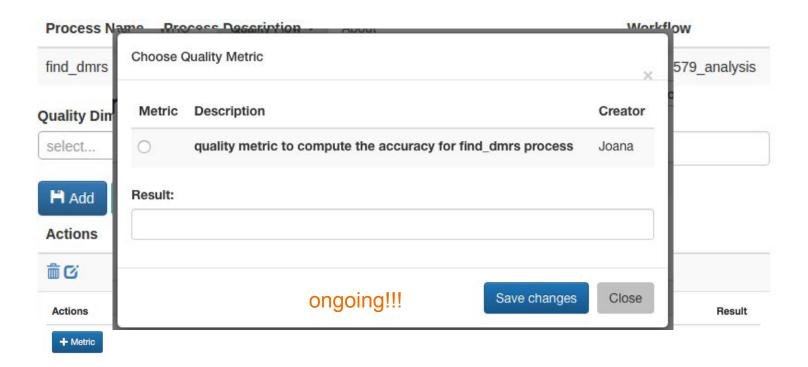
# w2Share: Annotating with quality information



# Annotating with quality information



# Annotating with quality information



# w2Share: Generating the WRO

#### Converting Scripts into Reproducible Workflow Research Object

This page shows supplementary resources used to demonstrate how our methodology works. Below we show the Reproducible Workflow Research Object Bundle created following our methodological steps defined in the article submitted to the 2016 IEEE 12th International Conference on eScience.

The bundle was created using the Research Object Bundle specification 1.0 and RO Manager. We created a script to define the resources to be aggregated in the bundle and invoke RO Manager.

#### Download the Reproducible Workflow Research Object Bundle

A Research Object Bundle provides a way to collect the resources that are aggregated in a research object, represented as files in a ZIP archive, in addition to their metadata and annotations. The ZIP archive thus becomes a single representation of a research object and which can be exported, archived, published and transferred like a regular file or resource.

#### Permanent URL to this page

https://w3id.org/w2share/s2rwro/

#### Case Study - Molecular Dynamics

Our case study is based on a molecular dynamics simulation defined in the following article:

Silveira, R.L. and Skaf, M. S. Molecular Dynamics Simulations of Family 7 Cellobiohydrolase Mutants Aimed at Reducing Product Inhibition. J. Phys. Chem. B 119, 9295-9303 (2015). DOI: https://doi.org/10.1021/jp509911m

#### Manifest

File	Description	
build/structure.pdb	crystal structure of the protein	
build/water.pdb	coordinates of water molecules present in the crystal structure	
build/protein.pdb	coordinates of the protein atoms	
build/cal.pdb	coordinates of calcium ions present in the crystal structure	
toppar/par_all22_prot.prm	force field parameter for the non-standard residue PCA	
toppar/par_all36_carb.prm	force field parameters for carbohydrates	
toppar/pca.prm	force field parameter for the non-standard residue PCA	
toppar/pca.rtf	topology file for the non-standard residue PCA	
toppar/top_all36_prot.rtf	topology file for proteins	
toppar/top_all36_carb.rtf	topology file for carbohydrates	
build/hyd.pdb	crystal structure with hydrogen atoms added	

### Papers:

 2017. Implementing W2Share: Supporting Reproducibility and Quality Assessment in eScience. XI Brazilian e-Science Workshop (BreSci). (under review)

### **Contributions**

- A solution to explore the assessment of quality in the context of scientific experiments:
  - scientific workflows systems + provenance + (semantic) models + standards
  - Enrichment of provenance to provide a greater amount of information
- Quality-aware workflows
  - o provide user-dependent quality assessment

### What's next?

# **Ongoing work**

- How to combine the information from workflow executions to feed and compute the quality metrics
- (Semantic) rules to derive quality
  - Minim model for defining checklists (must/should/may requirements, associated with rules)

### **Acknowledgements**

- Laboratory of Information Systems (LIS)
  - Carvalho, Lucas (PhD student) & Sousa, Renato B. (Master in Computer Science)
- IC infrastructure and staff
- Financial support:
  - CAPES
  - Microsoft Research FAPESP Virtual Institute (NavScales Project)
  - CNPq (MuZOO Project)
  - FAPESP-PRONEX (eScience project)
  - FAPESP/CEPID
  - INCT in Web Science
  - CNPq

# Thanks...

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IC - Unicamp



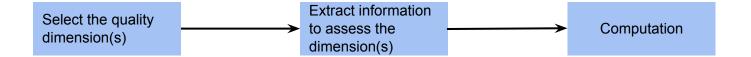


### **Research on Data Quality**

- 50s: researchers began to study quality issues related to products
- 90s: different definitions of data quality and division methods of quality dimensions.
  - o 96 (Wang & Strong): MIT data quality group fitness for use and data quality judgment depends on data consumers.
  - data quality dimension a set of data quality attributes.
- 2000:
  - o data quality principles, ISO 8000
  - Approaches to assess quality: mathematical models, cleansing techniques, user feedback...

### **Extras:**

### Methodology



### w2Share: Annotating with quality information

### **Quality Metrics**



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