CSE 2231 – Software 2: Software Development and Design

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Project #5: SortingMachine with Heapsort

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```
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.NoSuchElementException;
import components.queue.Queue;
import components.queue.Queue1L;
import components.sortingmachine.SortingMachine;
import components.sortingmachine.SortingMachineSecondary;
/**
* {@code SortingMachine} represented as a {@code Queue} and an array (using an
* embedding of heap sort), with implementations of primary methods.
* @param <T>
         type of {@code SortingMachine} entries
* @mathdefinitions 
* IS_TOTAL_PREORDER (
* r: binary relation on T
* ): boolean is
* for all x, y, z: T
* ((r(x, y) \text{ or } r(y, x)) \text{ and }
* (if (r(x, y) \text{ and } r(y, z)) then r(x, z)))
* SUBTREE_IS_HEAP (
* a: string of T,
* start: integer,
* stop: integer,
* r: binary relation on T
* ): boolean is
* [the subtree of a (when a is interpreted as a complete binary tree) rooted
* at index start and only through entry stop of a satisfies the heap
* ordering property according to the relation r]
```

```
*
* SUBTREE_ARRAY_ENTRIES (
* a: string of T,
* start: integer,
* stop: integer
* ): finite multiset of T is
* [the multiset of entries in a that belong to the subtree of a
* (when a is interpreted as a complete binary tree) rooted at
* index start and only through entry stop]
* 
* @convention 
* IS_TOTAL_PREORDER([relation computed by $this.machineOrder.compare method] and
* if $this.insertionMode then
* $this.heapSize = 0
* else
* $this.entries = <> and
* for all i: integer
     where (0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |\$ \text{this.heap}|)
   ([entry at position i in $this.heap is not null]) and
* SUBTREE_IS_HEAP($this.heap, 0, $this.heapSize - 1,
* [relation computed by $this.machineOrder.compare method]) and
* 0 <= $this.heapSize <= |$this.heap|
* 
* @correspondence 
* if $this.insertionMode then
* this = (true, $this.machineOrder, multiset_entries($this.entries))
* else
* this = (false, $this.machineOrder, multiset_entries($this.heap[0, $this.heapSize)))
* 
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```

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```
*
*/
public class SortingMachine5a<T> extends SortingMachineSecondary<T> {
  /*
  * Private members -----
  */
  /**
  * Order.
  */
  private Comparator<T> machineOrder;
  /**
  * Insertion mode.
  */
  private boolean insertionMode;
  /**
  * Entries.
  private Queue<T> entries;
  /**
  * Heap.
  */
  private T[] heap;
  /**
  * Heap size.
  private int heapSize;
```

```
/**
* Exchanges entries at indices {@code i} and {@code j} of {@code array}.
* @param <T>
         type of array entries
* @param array
         the array whose entries are to be exchanged
* @param i
         one index
* @param j
         the other index
* @updates array
* @requires 0 \le i < |array| and 0 \le j < |array|
* @ensures array = [#array with entries at indices i and j exchanged]
*/
private static <T> void exchangeEntries(T[] array, int i, int j) {
  assert array != null : "Violation of: array is not null";
  assert 0 \le i: "Violation of: 0 \le i";
  assert i < array.length: "Violation of: i < |array|";
  assert 0 \le j: "Violation of: 0 \le j";
  assert \ j < array.length: "Violation of: j < |array|";
  if (i != j) {
     T k = array[i];
     array[i] = array[j];
     array[j] = k;
  }
}
/**
```

^{*} Given an array that represents a complete binary tree and an index

- * referring to the root of a subtree that would be a heap except for its
- * root, sifts the root down to turn that whole subtree into a heap.

*

- * @param <T>
- * type of array entries
- * @param array
- * the complete binary tree
- * @param top
- * the index of the root of the "subtree"
- * @param last
- * the index of the last entry in the heap
- * @param order
- * total preorder for sorting
- * @updates array
- * @requires
- $*0 \le top and last < |array| and$
- * for all i: integer
- * where $(0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |array|)$
- * ([entry at position i in array is not null]) and
- * [subtree rooted at {@code top} is a complete binary tree] and
- * SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, 2 * top + 1, last,
- * [relation computed by order.compare method]) and
- * SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, 2 * top + 2, last,
- * [relation computed by order.compare method]) and
- * IS_TOTAL_PREORDER([relation computed by order.compare method])
- *
- * @ensures
- * SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, top, last,
- * [relation computed by order.compare method]) and
- * perms(array, #array) and
- * SUBTREE_ARRAY_ENTRIES(array, top, last) =
- * SUBTREE_ARRAY_ENTRIES(#array, top, last) and

```
* [the other entries in array are the same as in #array]
* 
*/
private static <T> void siftDown(T[] array, int top, int last,
     Comparator<T> order) {
  assert array != null : "Violation of: array is not null";
  assert order != null : "Violation of: order is not null";
  assert 0 \le top : "Violation of: 0 \le top";
  assert last < array.length : "Violation of: last < |array|";
  for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
     assert array[i] != null : ""
         + "Violation of: all entries in array are not null";
  }
  assert isHeap(array, 2 * top + 1, last, order): ""
       + "Violation of: SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, 2 * top + 1, last,"
       + " [relation computed by order.compare method])";
  assert isHeap(array, 2 * top + 2, last, order): ""
       + "Violation of: SUBTREE IS HEAP(array, 2 * top + 2, last,"
       + " [relation computed by order.compare method])";
   * Impractical to check last requires clause; no need to check the other
   * requires clause, because it must be true when using the array
   * representation for a complete binary tree.
   */
  int leftChildIndex = 2 * top + 1; // the def. of odd.
  int rightChildIndex = leftChildIndex + 1; // the def. of even.
  if (rightChildIndex <= last) {</pre>
     int index = leftChildIndex;
     if (order.compare(array[leftChildIndex],
          array[rightChildIndex]) > 0) {
```

```
index = rightChildIndex;
    }
    if (order.compare(array[top], array[index]) > 0) {
       exchangeEntries(array, top, index);
       siftDown(array, index, last, order);
    }
  } else if (leftChildIndex <= last
       && order.compare(array[top], array[leftChildIndex]) > 0) {
    exchangeEntries(array, top, leftChildIndex);
     siftDown(array, leftChildIndex, last, order);
  }
}
/**
* Heapifies the subtree of the given array rooted at the given {@code top}.
* @param <T>
         type of array entries
* @param array
         the complete binary tree
* @param top
         the index of the root of the "subtree" to heapify
* @param order
         the total preorder for sorting
* @updates array
* @requires 
*0 \le top and
* for all i: integer
    where (0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |array|)
* ([entry at position i in array is not null]) and
* [subtree rooted at {@code top} is a complete binary tree] and
* IS_TOTAL_PREORDER([relation computed by order.compare method])
```

```
* 
* @ensures 
* SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, top, |array| - 1,
    [relation computed by order.compare method]) and
* perms(array, #array)
* 
private static <T> void heapify(T[] array, int top, Comparator<T> order) {
  assert array != null : "Violation of: array is not null";
  assert order != null : "Violation of: order is not null";
  assert 0 \le top : "Violation of: <math>0 \le top";
  for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
     assert array[i] != null : ""
          + "Violation of: all entries in array are not null";
  }
   * Impractical to check last requires clause; no need to check the other
   * requires clause, because it must be true when using the array
   * representation for a complete binary tree.
   */
  int leftChildIndex = 2 * top + 1; // the def. of odd.
  int rightChildIndex = leftChildIndex + 1; // the def. of even.
  if (leftChildIndex <= array.length) {</pre>
     if (!isHeap(array, leftChildIndex, array.length - 1, order)) {
       heapify(array, leftChildIndex, order);
     }
     if (rightChildIndex <= array.length) {</pre>
       if (!isHeap(array, leftChildIndex, array.length - 1, order)) {
         heapify(array, leftChildIndex, order);
       }
```

```
}
  }
  siftDown(array, top, array.length - 1, order);
/**
* Constructs and returns an array representing a heap with the entries from
* the given {@code Queue}.
* @param <T>
        type of {@code Queue} and array entries
* @param q
        the {@code Queue} with the entries for the heap
* @param order
        the total preorder for sorting
* @return the array representation of a heap
* @clears q
* @requires IS_TOTAL_PREORDER([relation computed by order.compare method])
* @ensures 
* SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(buildHeap, 0, |buildHeap| - 1) and
* perms(buildHeap, #q) and
* for all i: integer
    where (0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |buildHeap|)
* ([entry at position i in buildHeap is not null]) and
* 
@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
private static <T> T[] buildHeap(Queue<T> q, Comparator<T> order) {
  assert q != null : "Violation of: q is not null";
  assert order != null : "Violation of: order is not null";
  /*
```

```
* Impractical to check the requires clause.
   */
   * With "new T[...]" in place of "new Object[...]" it does not compile;
   * as shown, it results in a warning about an unchecked cast, though it
   * cannot fail.
   */
  T[] heap = (T[]) (new Object[q.length()]);
  int i = 0;
  while (q.length() > 0) {
    heap[i] = q.dequeue();
    i++;
  }
  heapify(heap, 0, order);
  return heap;
/**
* Checks if the subtree of the given {@code array} rooted at the given
* {@code top} is a heap.
* @param <T>
         type of array entries
* @param array
         the complete binary tree
* @param top
         the index of the root of the "subtree"
* @param last
         the index of the last entry in the heap
* @param order
```

}

```
total preorder for sorting
* @return true if the subtree of the given {@code array} rooted at the
       given {@code top} is a heap; false otherwise
* @requires 
* 0 \le top and last < |array| and
* for all i: integer
   where (0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |array|)
* ([entry at position i in array is not null]) and
* [subtree rooted at {@code top} is a complete binary tree]
* 
* @ensures 
* isHeap = SUBTREE_IS_HEAP(array, top, last,
    [relation computed by order.compare method])
* 
*/
private static <T> boolean isHeap(T[] array, int top, int last,
    Comparator<T> order) {
  assert array != null : "Violation of: array is not null";
  assert 0 <= top : "Violation of: 0 <= top";
  assert last < array.length : "Violation of: last < |array|";
  for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
    assert array[i] != null : ""
         + "Violation of: all entries in array are not null";
  }
   * No need to check the other requires clause, because it must be true
   * when using the Array representation for a complete binary tree.
   */
  int left = 2 * top + 1;
  boolean isHeap = true;
```

```
if (left <= last) {
     isHeap = (order.compare(array[top], array[left]) <= 0)
          && isHeap(array, left, last, order);
     int right = left + 1;
     if (isHeap && (right <= last)) {
       isHeap = (order.compare(array[top], array[right]) <= 0)
            && isHeap(array, right, last, order);
     }
  return isHeap;
/**
* Checks that the part of the convention repeated below holds for the
* current representation.
* @return true if the convention holds (or if assertion checking is off);
       otherwise reports a violated assertion
* @convention 
* if $this.insertionMode then
* this.heapSize = 0
* else
* $this.entries = <> and
* for all i: integer
      where (0 \le i \text{ and } i \le |\text{\$this.heap}|)
     ([entry at position i in $this.heap is not null]) and
* SUBTREE_IS_HEAP($this.heap, 0, $this.heapSize - 1,
     [relation computed by $this.machineOrder.compare method]) and
* 0 <= $this.heapSize <= |$this.heap|
* 
private boolean conventionHolds() {
```

```
if (this.insertionMode) {
    assert this.heapSize == 0: ""
         + "Violation of: if $this.insertionMode then $this.heapSize = 0";
  } else {
    assert this.entries.length() == 0: ""
         + "Violation of: if not $this.insertionMode then $this.entries = <>";
    assert 0 <= this.heapSize : ""
         + "Violation of: if not $this.insertionMode then 0 <= $this.heapSize";
    assert this.heapSize <= this.heap.length: ""
         + "Violation of: if not $this.insertionMode then"
         + " $this.heapSize <= |$this.heap|";
    for (int i = 0; i < this.heap.length; i++) {
       assert this.heap[i] != null : ""
            + "Violation of: if not $this.insertionMode then"
            + " all entries in $this.heap are not null";
    }
    assert isHeap(this.heap, 0, this.heapSize - 1,
         this.machineOrder): ""
              + "Violation of: if not $this.insertionMode then"
              + " SUBTREE_IS_HEAP($this.heap, 0, $this.heapSize - 1,"
              + " [relation computed by $this.machineOrder.compare"
              + " method])";
  }
 return true;
* Creator of initial representation.
* @param order
        total preorder for sorting
* @requires IS_TOTAL_PREORDER([relation computed by order.compare method]
```

```
* @ensures 
* $this.insertionMode = true and
* $this.machineOrder = order and
* $this.entries = <> and
* $this.heapSize = 0
* 
private void createNewRep(Comparator<T> order) {
  this.insertionMode = true;
  this.machineOrder = order;
  this.entries = new Queue1L<>();
  this.heapSize = 0;
}
/*
* Constructors ------
*/
/**
* Constructor from order.
* @param order
       total preorder for sorting
public SortingMachine5a(Comparator<T> order) {
  this.createNewRep(order);
  assert this.conventionHolds();
}
* Standard methods -----
*/
```

```
@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
@Override
public final SortingMachine<T> newInstance() {
  try {
    return this.getClass().getConstructor(Comparator.class)
         .newInstance(this.machineOrder);
  } catch (ReflectiveOperationException e) {
    throw new AssertionError(
         "Cannot construct object of type " + this.getClass());
  }
}
@Override
public final void clear() {
  this.createNewRep(this.machineOrder);
  assert this.conventionHolds();
}
@Override
public final void transferFrom(SortingMachine<T> source) {
  assert source != null : "Violation of: source is not null";
  assert source != this: "Violation of: source is not this";
  assert source instanceof SortingMachine5a<?>: ""
       + "Violation of: source is of dynamic type SortingMachine5a<?>";
  * This cast cannot fail since the assert above would have stopped
  * execution in that case: source must be of dynamic type
  * SortingMachine5a<?>, and the ? must be T or the call would not have
  * compiled.
   */
```

```
SortingMachine5a<T> localSource = (SortingMachine5a<T>) source;
  this.insertionMode = localSource.insertionMode;
  this.machineOrder = localSource.machineOrder;
  this.entries = localSource.entries;
  this.heap = localSource.heap;
  this.heapSize = localSource.heapSize;
  localSource.createNewRep(localSource.machineOrder);
  assert this.conventionHolds();
  assert localSource.conventionHolds();
}
* Kernel methods -----
*/
@Override
public final void add(T x) {
  assert x != null : "Violation of: x is not null";
  assert this.isInInsertionMode() : "Violation of: this.insertion_mode";
  this.entries.enqueue(x);
  assert this.conventionHolds();
}
@Override
public final void changeToExtractionMode() {
  assert this.isInInsertionMode() : "Violation of: this.insertion_mode";
  this.heap = buildHeap(this.entries, this.machineOrder);
  this.heapSize = this.heap.length;
  this.insertionMode = false;
```

```
assert this.conventionHolds();
}
@Override
public final T removeFirst() {
  assert !this
       .isInInsertionMode() : "Violation of: not this.insertion_mode";
  assert this.size() > 0: "Violation of: this.contents /= {}";
  T removed = this.heap[0];
  this.heap[0] = this.heap[this.heapSize - 1];
  this.heapSize--;
  siftDown(this.heap, 0, this.heapSize, this.machineOrder);
  assert this.conventionHolds();
  return removed;
@Override
public final boolean isInInsertionMode() {
  assert this.conventionHolds();
  return this.insertionMode;
}
@Override
public final Comparator<T> order() {
  assert this.conventionHolds();
  return this.machineOrder;
}
@Override
public final int size() {
  int size = this.heapSize;
```

```
if (this.insertionMode) {
     size = this.entries.length();
  }
  assert this.conventionHolds();
  return size;
}
@Override
public final Iterator<T> iterator() {
  return new SortingMachine5aIterator();
}
/**
* Implementation of {@code Iterator} interface for
* { @code SortingMachine5a}.
*/
private final class SortingMachine5aIterator implements Iterator<T> {
  /**
  * Representation iterator when in insertion mode.
  private Iterator<T> queueIterator;
  * Representation iterator count when in extraction mode.
  private int arrayCurrentIndex;
   * No-argument constructor.
  private SortingMachine5aIterator() {
```

```
if (SortingMachine5a.this.insertionMode) {
     this.queueIterator = SortingMachine5a.this.entries.iterator();
  } else {
    this.arrayCurrentIndex = 0;
  }
  assert SortingMachine5a.this.conventionHolds();
@Override
public boolean hasNext() {
  boolean hasNext;
  if (SortingMachine5a.this.insertionMode) {
    hasNext = this.queueIterator.hasNext();
  } else {
    hasNext = this.arrayCurrentIndex < SortingMachine5a.this.heapSize;
  }
  assert SortingMachine5a.this.conventionHolds();
  return hasNext;
}
@Override
public T next() {
  assert this.hasNext() : "Violation of: ~this.unseen /= <>";
  if (!this.hasNext()) {
    /*
     * Exception is supposed to be thrown in this case, but with
     * assertion-checking enabled it cannot happen because of assert
     * above.
     */
     throw new NoSuchElementException();
```

```
}
       T next;
       if (SortingMachine5a.this.insertionMode) {
         next = this.queueIterator.next();
       } else {
          next = SortingMachine 5a. this.heap[this.arrayCurrentIndex]; \\
         this.arrayCurrentIndex++;
       }
       assert\ Sorting Machine 5a. this. convention Holds ();
       return next;
     }
     @Override
     public void remove() {
       throw new UnsupportedOperationException(
            "remove operation not supported");
     }
}
```