

- [illegible]

| <b>PRESIDENT'S OFFICE</b><br><b>KIBAHIA DISTRICT COUNCIL</b><br><b>FOR TWO MOCK EXAMINATION</b><br><b>SUBJECT: CIVICS</b>   |        |                      |
|---|--------|----------------------|
|   |        |                      |
| <b>TIME: 2:30 HOURS</b> <b>MONDAY, 28<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 2020</b>  |        |                      |
| <b>Instructions</b>   |        |                      |
| 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of seven (7) questions<br>2. Answer all questions in sections A and B and only <b>one (1)</b> question from section C.<br>3. All answers must be written in the space provided.<br>4. All writing must be in <b>blue or black ink.</b><br>5. All communication devices, calculators and any unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room.<br>6. Write your examination number at the top right corner of every page. |        |                      |
| <b>FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY</b>  |        |                      |
| QUESTION NUMBER   | SCORES | INITIALS OF EXAMINER |
| 1.  |        |                      |
| 2.  |        |                      |
| 3.  |        |                      |
| 4.  |        |                      |
| 5.  |        |                      |
| 6.  |        |                      |
| 7.  |        |                      |
| 8.  |        |                      |
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| 10.   |        |                      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>  |        |                      |
| <b>Checker's initials</b>   |        |                      |


**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE**

**REGIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

**KIBAHIA DISTRICT COUNCIL**

**FORM TWO MOCK EXAMINATION**

**SUBJECT: CIVICS**



**CODE: 001**

**TIME: 2:30 HOURS**

**MONDAY, 28<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 2020**

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| 1.                        |        |                      |
| 2.                        |        |                      |
| 3.                        |        |                      |
| 4.                        |        |                      |
| 5.                        |        |                      |
| 6.                        |        |                      |
| 7.                        |        |                      |
| 8.                        |        |                      |
| 9.                        |        |                      |
| 10.                       |        |                      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>              |        |                      |
| <b>Checker's initials</b> |        |                      |

*This paper consists of 8 printed pages*

**SECTION A (35 Marks)****Answer all questions in this section**

1. For each of the following items (i) – (xx), choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the box provided.
  - (i) Which of the following in the official seal or stamp of the government of Tanzania?
 

|                      |                      |   |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| A. Coat of arms      | B. National Identity | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. National currency | D. National Anthem   |   |
  - (ii) A type of citizenship acquired when one of the applicants parents is a citizen of Tanzania is known as:-
 

|                                  |                                |   |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| A. Citizenship by descent        | B. Citizenship by registration | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Citizenship by naturalization | D. Citizenship by birth        |   |
  - (iii) The independence constitution of Tanganyika of 1961 was based on :-
 

|                                 |                      |   |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| A. Westminster system           | B. Republic model    | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Federal system of Government | D. Absolute monarchy |   |
  - (iv) Equal access to the mass media to all competing political parties in election is an important element of :-
 

|                           |                       |   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| A. Freedom of association | B. Freedom of worship | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Free and fair election | D. Direct democracy   |   |
  - (v) The smallest unit of Tanzania Local Government administrative structure is :-
 

|                       |                      |   |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---|
| A. Village government | B. Village assembly  | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Village council    | D. village committee |   |
  - (vi) A public holiday marked every year on the 7<sup>th</sup> April in Tanzania is known as:-
 

|                 |                |   |
|-----------------|----------------|---|
| A. Karume day   | B. Nyerere day | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Farmer's day | D. Union day   |   |
  - (vii) Road accident can be avoided in Tanzania through:-
 

|  |                                  |   |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| A. Construction of tarmac road           | B. Observing traffic regulations | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Employing well trained traffic police | D. Employing more magistrates    |   |
  - (viii) The head of the village council is called
 

|                                  |                               |   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| A. The village executive officer | B. The village chairperson    | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. The village director          | D. The ward executive officer |   |
  - (ix) Effective communication involves the following except
 

|              |            |   |
|--------------|------------|---|
| A. Reading   | B. Leading | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| B. Listening | D. Writing |   |
  - (x) The traffic sign which enables pedestrians to move across the road safely is called
 

|                   |                     |   |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|
| A. Zebra crossing | B. Hazard sign      | <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> |
| C. Triangle sign  | D. Traffic jam sign |   |

- (xi) A law originates from  
A. An appeal  
C. A bill  
B. A by law  
D. Judiciary ☐
- (xii) The non-payable external source of government revenue is called  
A. A debt  
C. Foreign exchange  
B. Foreign borrowing  
D. Grant ☐
- (xiii) The constitutional amendment of 1962 in Tanganyika put the foundation of  
A. The federal government  
C. The fuderal government  
B. The dominion of government  
D. The republic government ☐
- (xiv) The parliament is also known as  
A. The executive  
B. Legislature  
B. The judiciary  
D. Cabinet ☐
- (xv) Violation of human rights can be caused by the following except  
A. Ignorance  
C. Selfishness  
B. Corruption  
D. Globalization ☐
- (xvi) The ability to think and come up with new ideas and ways of doing things is referred as  
A. Negotiation skills  
C. Critical thinking  
B. Creative thinking  
D. Decision making ☐
- (xvii) A unification form of government is called  
A. Federal government  
C. An absolute monarch  
B. Communist government  
D. Revolution government ☐
- (xviii) A refundable kind of income from outside the country is recognized as  
A. Grant  
C. Loan  
B. Direct tax  
D. Indirect tax ☐
- (xix) Which of the following is a ruling party  
A. CHADEMA  
B. ACT WAZALENDO  
C. CCM  
D. NCCR MAGEUZI ☐
- (xx) One of the following is not the factor affecting national sovereignty  
A. Civil wars  
B. Pressure groups  
C. Conflicts  
D. Natural calamities ☐

2. Match the Constitution Chapters in LIST A with corresponding explanations in LIST B by writing the letter of the correct response below the corresponding item number in the table provided.

| LIST A             | LIST B   |
|--------------------|--|
| i. Chapter one     | a) It deals with the executive arm of the United Republic of Tanzania.                                       |
| ii. Chapter two    | b) It deals with the establishment and function of Local Government Authorities.                             |
| iii. Chapter three | c) It deals with basic rights and duties of citizens.  |
| iv. Chapter four   | d) It deals with Judiciary.  |
| v. Chapter five    | e) It deals with Parliament.   |
|                    | f) It deals with Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar and the President of Zanzibar                          |
|                    | g) It deals with the finances of the United Republic in the areas of contribution and allocation of revenue. |

#### Answers

| LIST A | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (v) |
|--------|-----|------|-------|------|-----|
| LIST B |     |      |       |      |     |

3. For each of the statements (i) – (ix), write **TRUE** if the statement is correct or **FALSE** if the statement is not correct
- Tanzania money is in form of notes and pound \_\_\_\_\_
  - A youth who engage in unsafe sex responsible lack responsible decision making skills\_\_\_\_\_
  - Corruption is one of the human right abuse\_\_\_\_\_
  - Direct democracy can only be practiced in countries with large population\_\_\_\_\_
  - Multiparty system promotes government accountability\_\_\_\_\_
  - Refugee are good examples of special groups\_\_\_\_\_
  - The mayor of municipal council is a presidential appointee\_\_\_\_\_
  - Positive peer pressure can lead to good performance in school\_\_\_\_\_
  - Female Genital Mutilation promotes child spacing\_\_\_\_\_
  - Love, peace, insecurity and conflicts are the pillars of family stability\_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION B (50 MARKS)**

4. Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

Gender refers to the difference in social roles and relations between males and females. Gender roles are learned through socialization and vary widely within and between cultures. Gender discrimination refers to unequal treatment between males and females whereby one gender is given more priority in different opportunities.

Some of the customs which lead to gender discrimination in our societies include food taboos. These are practices of restricting a certain group of people from eating certain types of food, for example, some Tanzania societies do not allow pregnant women to eat eggs or fish.

Another custom that lead to gender discrimination of women and children id decision making. Women and children are discriminated even in issues that concern their life, for example, marriage and property ownership. Young girls have been forced to be married while widows are forced to marry brothers of their deceased husbands.

**Questions**

- a) Suggest a suitable title for this passage

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- b) According to the passage, what is gender discrimination?

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- c) How do people learn gender roles?

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- d) From the passage list down two customs that lead to gender discrimination.

i. 

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ii. 

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- e) How are food taboos carried out in a society?

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5. Define the following concepts and for each give two points on its importance.

- a) Polling station

Definition

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Importance

i. 

---

ii. 

---

b) Proper behavior

Definition

---

---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

c) Parliament

Definition

---

---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

d) Rule of law

Definition

---

---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

e) Union government

Definition

---

---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

f) National constitution

Definition

---

---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

g) A political party

Definition

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---

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

h) Citizenship  
Definition

\_\_\_\_\_

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

i) Problem solving techniques  
Definition

\_\_\_\_\_

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

j) Central government  
Definition

\_\_\_\_\_

Importance

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

### SECTION C (15 MARKS)

**Answer one (1) question from this section**

6. Explain six features of multiparty democracy in Tanzania.

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7. Identify six sources of the Central Government Revenue in Tanzania

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\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue or grey ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are approximately 20 lines visible. The paper has a slight shadow on its right side, suggesting it's resting on a surface.