

FORM ONE MONTHLY TEST SEPTEMBER, 2021
HISTORY

TIME: 2½ HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper consists of section A , B and C
2. Answer all questions in section A and B and any two(2) questions from section C
3. Write your name in every page of your answer sheet(s)

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

1. Choose the correct answer and write its letter in the space provided
 - (i) A millennium is a duration of how many years?
A. 10 B. 100 C. 10,000 D. 1000
 - (ii) The theory of evolution was introduced by
A. Charles Darwin B. Mary Leakey
C. Louis Leakey D. Sultan Said Said
 - (iii) Kaole and Kilwa are know for
A. rock points B. Historical ruins
C. Iron working D. Slave trade
 - (iv) The first animal to be domesticated was
A. cat B. dog C. cow D. chicken
 - (v) Different between homo sapiens and the earliest man was
A. Homo sapiens lived in caves
B. Homo sapiens kept animals and practice cultivation
C. Homo sapiens was the old stone man
D. Homo sapiens could walk by four limbs
 - (vi) In the early agricultural societies the basic social organization was
A. extended family B. clan C. chief D. the family
 - (vii) History is about
A. mans activities through various stages of development
B. how colonialist came to Africa
C. the action of great men in the society
D. the study of future events
 - (viii) Long distance trade was
A. trade for profit making
B. trade contact between people of Kenya
C. system of exchange among the people of East Africa
D. system of exchange developed within a community
 - (ix) Which of the following is the characteristics of pastoralism
A. common in arid areas or semi-desert
B. common in area with heavy rainfall

- C. common in equatorial areas
 D. involves keeping of animal and cultivation
- (x) In pre-colonial Africa societies there were two types of trade which are
 A. long distance trade and Trans-Saharan Trade
 B. local trade and Regional trade
 C. short distance trade and long distance trade
 D. local trade and Trans-Saharan Trade

N0	i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	x
Answer										

2. Match the items in List A with the response in List B by write the letter of the correct response beside the item number

LIST A	LIST B
(i) Communalism (ii) Carbon 14 (iii) Mtemi (iv) Homo Sapiens (v) Mirambo, Msiri, Mataka I, Tippu Tip (vi) Zimbabwe, Meroe, Ghana (vii) Nomadic pastoralism (viii) The discovery of agriculture (ix) Origin of man (x) Mansa	A. Industrial activities B. The immediate ancestors of present man C. The title of the rulers of Mali empire D. The study of societies culture E. A system where the economic resources are shared by all members of a society F. Creation theory and Evolution theory G. A scientific method used by historians to determine data H. The ruler of political unit among the Nyamwezi people I. Dr. Leakey J. Sites of Gold mining in ancient Africa K. Late stone age L. Participated in the long distance trade M. Participated in the local trade N. Kind of pastoralism were pastoralist staying in the same place O. The title of the rule of Ghana empire

LIST A	i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	x
LIST B										

3. Write "TRUE" if the statement is correct and "FALSE" if the statement is wrong.
- (i) Technology is the application of scientific knowledge to practical use ____
- (ii) Increased use of iron technology led to the development of agriculture and industry in Africa ____
- (iii) The Buganda Kingdom was one of the centralized state in the interlacustine region ____

- (iv) Sedentary refers to the seasonal movement of people with their livestock in search of water and pasture _____
- (v) Oral tradition is one way of obtaining written records about pre-colonial Uganda _____
- (vi) Ntemiship was the system of political organization among the Massai _____
- (vii) Late stone age painting can be found in Ismila _____
- (viii) The discovery of Iron increases mans' ability to master the environment _____
- (ix) The long distance trade in East Africa known as Local Trade _____
- (x) Homo erectus was the first human ancestors to walk upright and could communicate through speech _____

4. Briefly explain the meaning of the following historical terms

- (a) Trade _____

- (b) Museums _____

- (c) Non-centralized state _____

- (d) Evolution _____

- (e) Crop rotation _____

SECTION B (30 MARKS)

5. Rearrange the following sentences in chronological order

- (i) As the seasons change they moved from place to place in search of water and pasture
- (ii) The kwavi Maasai grew some crops like miller and sorghum

- (iii) The Maasai where mainly nomadic pastoralist
- (iv) They also gathered vegetables, root and fruits from forest
- (v) They kept large herds of cattle, goat and sheep.

NO	i	ii	iii	iv	v
Answer					

6. Fill in the blanks

- (a) Kabaka Mutesa I ruled _____ from 1856 to 1884
- (b) In the 19th Century chief _____ of the Yao became wealth due to regional trade
- (c) The _____ in Africa is the largest desert in the world
- (d) Homo erectus discovery _____ during the 500,000 and 50,000BC
- (e) In _____ Darwin wrote a book called the origin of species

7. Read careful the map provided below the answer the questions that follows

- (i) Provide the title of the map _____
- (ii) Name the trading routes marked by letter A to F
- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____
- D. _____
- E. _____
- F. _____

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

8. Elaborate six major changes in man's way of life during the late stone age.
9. Explain six negative consequences (impacts) of the Trans – Saharan Trade
10. Analyse advantages of the discovery of Iron technology in man's life. Give six points)