Data Mining for Big Data: Project

Description of Data

These data describe the interactions between the Groupama company and its customers.

1 Relational Database

The schema of the database is in the file "PPT_Fouille de données.pptx". Only the main fields are described below. You will find information on the other fields in the "PPT_Fouille de données.pptx" file on claroline. These are the most important fields to use in your studies. In the document file "PPT_Fouille de données.pptx", the important fields are tagged by a yellow star.

All tables (except "Structure_Commerciale" are linked by the customer ID (field "ID_GRC"). This Id uniquely identifies each customer in the database. Customer data has been anonymised (no name, address, etc.).

Each customer may have several requests, complaints, actions and advantages.

1.1 BASE_donnees_clients

This is the customer table. It contains one row for each customer, the main fields are:

- ID_GRC: this is the unique identifier of the customer. It is also found in other tables.
- TRANCHE_AGE: the ages of customers are grouped in intervals. For instance "45 64 ANS" means age between 45 and 64.
- NATURE_PERSONNE: category of customer: "PP" means person, "PM" means other (e.g., company, association, etc.)
- MARCHE_PSO: category of customer by activity: e.g., "Particulier" and "Retraité" are people, "collectivité" is local communities, "Agricole" is related to agricultural activities, "Entreprise" is a company and "ACPS" is for small companies with generally just one person (like artisan, storekeeper,...).
- TYPOLOGIE: category of living area (there are 6 categories like rural area, city center, ...)
- CD_COMMERCIAL_CHARGE: ID of the Groupama employee in charge of this customer. This links to the field "CD_POSTE" in table "structure_commerciale".
- MT_IARD_2015: income from this customer for 2015: how much this customer paid for its insurance contracts in 2015.
- \bullet MT_IARD_2016: same for year 2016
- MT_IARD_2017: same for year 2017

1.2 BASE_Structure_Commerciale

This table give information on the employees in charge of customers. Each employee belongs to an agency which belongs to an area which itself belongs to a region.

The main fields in this table are:

- CD_POSTE: the Id of the employee
- REGION_COMMERCIALE: region of the employee
- SECTEUR_COMMERCIAL: area of the employee
- AGENCE_COMMERCIALE: agency of the employee

This table is useful to study the satisfaction of customers in different regions or areas in addition to the TY-POLOGIE field which specifies their living area.

1.3 BASE_Demandes_clients_hors_reclamations

This table contains request from customers (complaints are in another table).

The main fields are:

- ID_GRC: Id of the customer (refers to the same field in the Base_donnees_clients)
- NUM_DEM: Id of the request. Linked to the same field in Base_actions_rattachees_demandes and in the satisfaction surveys.
- DATE_CREATION and DATE_CLOTURE: date of the request and date when the request is closed (i.e., an answer has been given to the request).
- delai_TT and statut_delai_TT: number of days between request and closure.

Each request is linked to an action in the following table.

1.4 BASE_actions_rattachees_demandes

- ID_GRC: id of customer
- NUM_DEM: id of request. Linked with same field in previous table.
- TYPE and SOUS_TYPE: category and sub-category of the action.
- DATE_CREATION: date of action.
- COMMENTAIRES: text comments on action.

1.5 BASE_Reclamations_clients

This table contains the complaints of customers. Once a complaint has been answered it is closed. It can be re-open if the customer is not satisfied with the answer. Then, it is closed a second time after the second answer has been given.

- ID_GRC: id of customer
- NUM_DEM: id of the complaint (linked with the satisfaction survey)
- DATE_CREATION: date of complaint
- DELALTT: total number of days between complaint and final closure of complaint (1st closure or 2nd closure if the complaint was re-opened).
- TYPE and SOUS_TYPE: complaint are grouped into types and sub-types.
- RECLAM_QUAL_CLOT: if the answer is favorable to the customer or not.
- REPONSE_RECLAMATION and REPONSE_RECLAMATION_N2: transcript of the answer given to the customer (and 2nd answer if the complaint was re-opened
- COMMENTAIRE_DEMANDE: transcript of the customer complaint
- MOTIF and SOUS_MOTIF: words in the transcript of the complaint that characterize the complaint.

1.6 BASE_Avantages_clients

A customer can be given several advantages (after a request or a complaint).

- ID_GRC: id of customer.
- CODE_AVG: code of the advantage given to customer.
- STATUT: status of the advantage (used or not by customer).
- CLIENT_FIDELE: fidelity of customer: 1: true; 0: False

It is important to point out that the table BASE_Reclamations_clients concerns customers who are not satisfied since they sent a complaint whereas the table BASE_Demandes_clients_hors_reclamations concerns in majority customers who can be satisfied and, eventually not satisfied if they sent a complaint in addition to the request described in this last table.

2 Satisfaction Surveys

The satisfaction surveys results are in 16 files ("SATISFACTION_XXXX").

Each time a customer send a request or a complaint, it is asked, a few days later, to fill a survey to check if he is satisfied with the way it was handled (there is however a limit on how frequently a particular customer is surveyed). Moreover, the satisfaction survey may also concern customers who do not sent a request or a complaint. Each of these files contains the answer of the customers to these surveys (only if the customer filled the survey). Each file corresponds to a category of insurance contract or to a kind of request.

Each of these file contains:

- Date of survey
- Answers to questions (depends on the file). The first question is always the global evaluation of the customer on the Groupama company. It is an integer between 1 and 10 (higher is better). The next answer is a text where the customer can explain is global evaluation. The choices for other questions are generally in the set "very satisfied", "satisfied", "not satisfied".
- After the questions, there are a number of attributes about the customer and the request / complaint that triggered the survey. The most important one is:
- The Id of the customer (field "IDENTIFIANT"). It corresponds to ID_GRC in the database.
- For the files "RECLAMATION" (complaints) and "DEMANDES" (requests), there is also the request / complaint Id ("numero_reclamation" or "numero_demande") which correspond to the same field in the tables "BASE_Demandes_clients_hors_reclamations" and "BASE_Reclamations_clients".