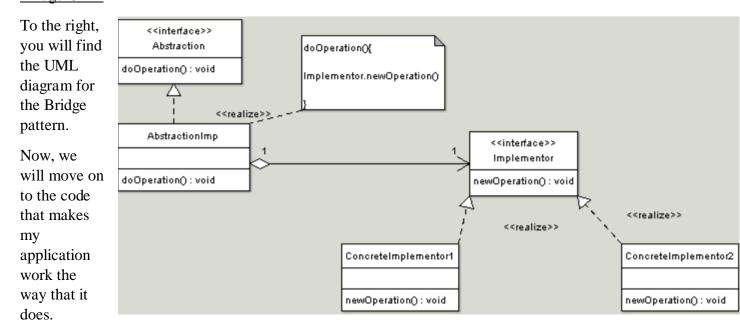
### Introduction

For this project, we were tasked with making an application that demonstrates the Bridge pattern. My application lets you choose between a regular and an admin user and gives you a message to show which user you are currently in.

## Bridge UML



The first line of code shows the abstract class Abstraction.

The next piece of code shows the AbstractionImp class.

```
public class AbstractionImp : Abstraction
{
    public Implementor Imp;

    public AbstractionImp(Implementor imp)
    {
        Imp = imp;
    }

    public override void changeUser()
    {
        Imp.chooseUser();
}
```

### Bridge Pattern

}

The next pieces of code show the abstract class Implementor and the two concreteImplementors, AdminUser and RegularUser.

The piece of code that I needed to add to both of the concreteImplementors in order for them to use the MessageBox command is this.

```
using System.Windows.Forms;
Finally, here is the Form1 code.

public partial class Form1 : Form
{
    AbstractionImp AbsImp;

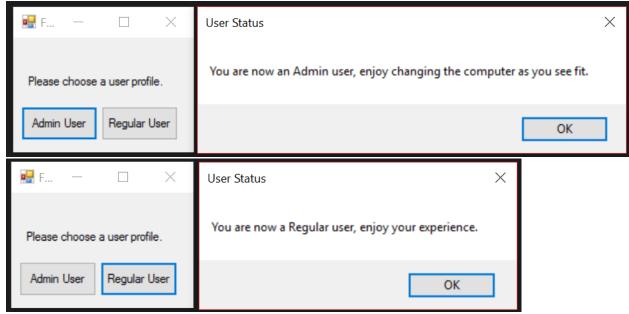
    public Form1()
    {
        InitializeComponent();
    }

    private void m_btnAdmin_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        AbsImp = new AbstractionImp(new AdminUser());
        AbsImp.changeUser();
    }

    private void m_btnRegular_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        AbsImp = new AbstractionImp(new RegularUser());
        AbsImp = new AbstractionImp(new RegularUser());
        AbsImp.changeUser();
    }
}
```

Here are a few screenshots of the application working.

# Bridge Pattern



## Conclusion

Overall, I think that this was a pretty easy pattern to get the concept of. There is probably a lot more that I can do with this pattern in the future and I feel like I've only scratched the surface of what this pattern is truly capable of. The bridge allows us to use multiple classes without having to make a reference to all of them within the main form code.