Common Pediatric Cancers								
Germ Cell Tumors								
Germinoma								
Presentation	Depends on location. Intracranial (increased ICP and cranial nerve compression); suprasellar regions (hypothalamic/pituitary dysfunctions, optic nerve compression)							
Epidemiology	Median age at diagnosis 10-12 yrs. Germinomas account for 60-65% of all pediatric intracranial GCTs.							
High-Risk Features	Risk stratification based on histopathology							

Common Chemotherapies										
				Pharma/	Side effects			Genomic		
Class	Drugs	Mechanism	Used in	Metabolism/ Excretion	Short- term	Long- term	Antidote/ Co-treatment	Bio- marker		
Alkylating agents Cyclophos-phamide Ifosfamide Melphalan Busulfan Procarbazine Dacarbazine Temozolomide		Attaches an alkyl group to guanine in DNA; prevents replication and causes damage	NBL Sarcoma WT BTs Lymphoma	Antagonized by MGMT enzymes; cyclophos via urine, ifos via liver	N/V/D Mucositis Myelo- suppression Hemorrhagic cystitis SIADH	Secondary malignancy Infertility (high doses)	Mesna and hyper-hydration for cystitis	MGMT promoter methylation (gliomas)		
Platinum Analogues Cisplatin Carboplatin Oxaliplatin		"Alkylating- like" (no alkyl group); crosslinks w/ DNA, prevents replication and causes damage	Sarcomas WT BTs GCTs Testicular	Urine excretion	N/V/D Nephro- toxicity Electrolyte wasting (Mag, K)	Sensory neuropathy Ototoxicity	Hyper-hydration for renal protection	·		
Anti-folate agents Methotrexate Pemetrexed		Analog of folic acid, impairs DHFR, thus impairs DNA synthesis	ALL Lymphoma	Hepatic metabolism, but urinary excretion. Elimination is person-specific	Myelo- suppression Mucositis Transaminitis Kidney failure Encephalo- pathy	1	Hyperhydration, urine alkalinization, monitor serum levels, leucovorin	-		
Anti-metabolites 6-Mercapto-purine Cytarabine (Ara-C) Gemcitabine		Nucleoside analogue, incorporated into DNA and interrupts replication	Leukemia Lymphoma IT for CNS disease	Kidney (6MP)  Liver (cytarabine)	Myelosuppre ssion N/V/D Mucositis Bowel necrosis Fevers (AraC) Neurotoxicity Infections (esp strep viridans)	-	-	TPMT genotype (6MP)		
Topoisomerase inhibitors Topo I inhibitors Topotecan Irinotecan Topo II inhibitors Etoposide (VP16)		Inhibits Topo I/ II during S phase, preventing DNA replication	Solid tumors	Liver (etoposide) Urine (topotecan)	Metallic food taste Myelosuppre ssion Hypotension Diarrhea (irinotecan)	Secondary malignancy	Cefixime for irinotecan-induced diarrhea	UGT1A1 genotype (irinotecan)		

Chemotherapies continued on next page  $\,\rightarrow\,$