Psychology

Electroconvulsive Therapy		
Safety	No absolute contraindications Increased risk: severe cardiovascular disease, recent MI, space-occupying brain lesion, recent stroke, unstable aneurysm	
Side effects	<u>Most common</u> : amnesia (anterograde or retrograde → anterograde resolves rapidly, retrograde persists rare w/ uni-lateral ECT and many experts think repeated gen anesthesia may be major contributor	

Capacity Assessment			
Patient (18+)/Family Must	Assessment		
Communicate a clear and stable choice	Ask patient to indicate a choice. Frequent reversals may indicate lack of capacity.		
Understand relevant information	Ask patient to explain understanding of information given by physician (diagnosis, prognosis, proposed intervention, risks/		
Appreciate the situation and its consequences	benefits of intervention and alternatives, including no intervention)		
Manage the information in a rational manner	Does patient weigh risks/benefits logically?		
Is there true imminent risk?	EX: patient indicating they are suicidal but meet all 4 criteria above.		
Capacity vs competency capacity is a one-time assessment by a clinician, competency is a legal decision based on accumulated evidence that requires court hearing/proceeding			