## Sheet 5

Solutions to be handed in before class on Friday November 15.

**Problem 22.** Show that  $(G = S_n, B = S_1 \times S_{n-1}, N = S_2 \times S_{n-2}, W \cong S_2)$  is a Tits' system.

(2 points)

**Problem 23.** Let  $s \in S = \{\text{simple transpositions}\}\$ . Show that  $B \cup C(s)$  is a minimal proper (i.e. not equal to B) parabolic subgroup of  $GL_n(\mathbb{C})$ .

**Hint** Consider first the case n = 2.

(3 points)

Problem 24. Show that

$$GL_n(k) = \bigcup_{w \in W(P, P')} PwP'$$
(5)

for an appropriately chosen set W(P, P') of permutation matrices (specify it!), where P and P' are standard parabolics.

(3 points)

**Problem 25.** Construct an action of the Hecke algebra  $H_n(q)$  on the vector space

$$\{f \colon B \setminus G/P \to \mathbb{C}\} = \{f \colon G \to \mathbb{C} \mid \forall b \in B, \forall \in P \colon f(g) = f(bg) = f(gp)\}\$$
(6)

where  $G = GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$ , B is the standard Borel subgroup and P is a standard parabolic subgroup. Give a basis of this vector space, and describe the action in terms of this basis.

(3 points)

**Problem 26.** We wish to prove that two length functions for the (Weyl) group  $W = S_n$  are the same. Here we define for  $w \in W$ 

$$\ell(w) := \min\{k \mid w = s_1 \cdots s_k \text{ where } s_1, \dots, s_k \text{ are simple transpositions}\},\ \ell'(w) := \#\{\alpha \in R^+ \mid w(\alpha) \in R^-\}.$$

We set  $\ell(e) = 0$  here.

1. Let  $s = s_{\alpha}$  be a simple transposition. Show that

$$\ell'(sw) = \begin{cases} \ell'(w) + 1 & \text{if } w^{-1}(\alpha) \in R^+ \\ \ell'(w) - 1 & \text{if } w^{-1}(\alpha) \in R^- \end{cases}$$

$$\ell'(ws) = \begin{cases} \ell'(w) + 1 & \text{if } w(\alpha) \in R^+ \\ \ell'(w) - 1 & \text{if } w(\alpha) \in R^-. \end{cases}$$
(8)

2. Let  $s_1, \ldots, s_k$  and  $s = s_\alpha$  be simple transpositions. Denote  $w = s_1 \cdots s_k$ , and assume that  $w(\alpha) \in R^-$ . Show that there exists  $j \in \{1, \ldots, k\}$  such that

$$w = s_1 \cdots \widehat{s_j} \cdots s_k s. \tag{9}$$

3. Let  $s_1, \ldots, s_k$  be simple transpositions. Assume that  $\ell'(s_1 \cdots s_k) < k$ . Show that there exists  $i, j \in \{1, \ldots, k\}$  with i < j such that

$$s_1 \cdots s_k = s_1 \cdots \widehat{s_i} \cdots \widehat{s_j} \cdots s_k. \tag{10}$$

4. Show that  $\ell(w) = \ell'(w)$  for all  $w \in W$ .

(5 points)

For extra credit you can do the following exercise.

**Optional problem 2.** Show that the derivative of Ad:  $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{C}) \to \mathrm{Aut}(\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}))$  at the unit element is ad:  $\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}) \to \mathrm{End}(\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}))$ .