

Manage domain controller connections

ONTAP 9

NetApp August 03, 2023

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/smb-admin/display-discovered-servers-task.html on August 03, 2023. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Manage domain controller connections

Display information about discovered servers

You can display information related to discovered LDAP servers and domain controllers on your CIFS server.

Step

1. To display information related to discovered servers, enter the following command: vserver cifs domain discovered-servers show

Example

The following example shows discovered servers for SVM vs1:

| <pre>cluster1::> vserver cifs domain discovered-servers show</pre> | | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Node: node1 Vserver: vs1 | | | | | |
| Domain Name | Type | Preference | DC-Name | DC-Address | Status |
| example.com | MS-LDAP | adequate | DC-1 | 1.1.3.4 | OK |
| example.com example.com | MS-LDAP MS-DC | adequate adequate | DC-2 DC-1 | 1.1.3.5 | OK OK |
| example.com | MS-DC | adequate | DC-2 | 1.1.3.5 | OK |

Related information

Resetting and rediscovering servers

Stopping or starting the CIFS server

Reset and rediscover servers

Resetting and rediscovering servers on your CIFS server allows the CIFS server to discard stored information about LDAP servers and domain controllers. After discarding server information, the CIFS server reacquires current information about these external servers. This can be useful when the connected servers are not responding appropriately.

Steps

- 1. Enter the following command: vserver cifs domain discovered-servers reset-servers -vserver vserver name
- 2. Display information about the newly rediscovered servers: vserver cifs domain discovered-servers show -vserver vserver name

Example

The following example resets and rediscovers servers for storage virtual machine (SVM, formerly known as Vserver) vs1:

cluster1::> vserver cifs domain discovered-servers reset-servers -vserver
vs1

cluster1::> vserver cifs domain discovered-servers show

Node: node1
Vserver: vs1

| Domain Name | Туре | Preference | DC-Name | DC-Address | Status |
|-------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|--------|
| | | | | | |
| example.com | MS-LDAP | adequate | DC-1 | 1.1.3.4 | OK |
| example.com | MS-LDAP | adequate | DC-2 | 1.1.3.5 | OK |
| example.com | MS-DC | adequate | DC-1 | 1.1.3.4 | OK |
| example.com | MS-DC | adequate | DC-2 | 1.1.3.5 | OK |
| | | | | | |

Related information

Displaying information about discovered servers

Stopping or starting the CIFS server

Manage domain controller discovery

Beginning with ONTAP 9.3, you can modify the default process by which domain controllers (DCs) are discovered. This enables you to limit discovery to your site or to a pool of preferred DCs, which can lead to performance improvements depending on the environment.

About this task

By default, the dynamic discovery process discovers all available DCs, including any preferred DCs, all DCs in the local site, and all remote DCs. This configuration can lead to latency in authentication and accessing shares in certain environments. If you have already determined the pool of DCs that you want to use, or if the remote DCs are inadequate or inaccessible, you can change the discovery method.

In ONTAP 9.3 and later releases, the discovery-mode parameter of the cifs domain discovered-servers command enables you to select one of the following discovery options:

- · All DCs in the domain are discovered.
- · Only DCs in the local site are discovered.

The default-site parameter for the SMB server must be defined to use this mode.

• Server discovery is not performed, the SMB server configuration depends only on preferred DCs.

To use this mode, you must first define the preferred DCs for the SMB server.

Step

 Specify the desired discovery option: vserver cifs domain discovered-servers discoverymode modify -vserver vserver name -mode {all|site|none}

Options for the mode parameter:

 \circ all

Discover all available DCs (default).

° site

Limit DC discovery to your site.

° none

Use only preferred DCs and not perform discovery.

Add preferred domain controllers

ONTAP automatically discovers domain controllers through DNS. Optionally, you can add one or more domain controllers to the list of preferred domain controllers for a specific domain.

About this task

If a preferred domain controller list already exists for the specified domain, the new list is merged with the existing list.

Step

1. To add to the list of preferred domain controllers, enter the following command:

```
vserver cifs domain preferred-dc add -vserver vserver_name -domain domain_name
-preferred-dc IP_address, ...+
```

-vserver vserver name specifies the storage virtual machine (SVM) name.

-domain domain_name specifies the fully qualified Active Directory name of the domain to which the specified domain controllers belong.

-preferred-dc *IP_address*,... specifies one or more IP addresses of the preferred domain controllers, as a comma-delimited list, in order of preference.

Example

The following command adds domain controllers 172.17.102.25 and 172.17.102.24 to the list of preferred domain controllers that the SMB server on SVM vs1 uses to manage external access to the cifs.lab.example.com domain.

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs domain preferred-dc add -vserver vs1 -domain
cifs.lab.example.com -preferred-dc 172.17.102.25,172.17.102.24
```

Commands for managing preferred domain controllers

Commands for managing preferred domain controllers

You need to know the commands for adding, displaying, and removing preferred domain controllers.

| If you want to | Use this command | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Add a preferred domain controller | vserver cifs domain preferred-dc add | | | |
| Display preferred domain controllers | vserver cifs domain preferred-dc show | | | |
| Remove a preferred domain controller | vserver cifs domain preferred-dc remove | | | |

See the man page for each command for more information.

Related information

Adding preferred domain controllers

Enable SMB2 connections to domain controllers

Beginning with ONTAP 9.1, you can enable SMB version 2.0 to connect to a domain controller. Doing so is necessary if you have disabled SMB 1.0 on domain controllers. Beginning with ONTAP 9.2, SMB2 is enabled by default.

About this task

The smb2-enabled-for-dc-connections command option enables the system default for the release of ONTAP you are using. The system default for ONTAP 9.1 is enabled for SMB 1.0 and disabled for SMB 2.0. The system default for ONTAP 9.2 is enabled for SMB 1.0 and enabled for SMB 2.0. If the domain controller cannot negotiate SMB 2.0 initially, it uses SMB 1.0.

SMB 1.0 can be disabled from ONTAP to a domain controller. In ONTAP 9.1, if SMB 1.0 has been disabled, SMB 2.0 must be enabled in order to communicate with a domain controller.

Learn more about:

- · Verifying enabled SMB versions.
- Supported SMB versions and functionality.



If -smb1-enabled-for-dc-connections is set to false while -smb1-enabled is set to true, ONTAP denies SMB 1.0 connections as the client, but continues to accept inbound SMB 1.0 connections as the server.

Steps

1. Before changing SMB security settings, verify which SMB versions are enabled: vserver cifs security show

- 2. Scroll down the list to see the SMB versions.
- 3. Perform the appropriate command, using the smb2-enabled-for-dc-connections option.

| If you want SMB2 to be | Enter the command |
|------------------------|---|
| Enabled | <pre>vserver cifs security modify -vserver vserver_name -smb2-enabled-for-dc -connections true</pre> |
| Disabled | <pre>vserver cifs security modify -vserver vserver_name -smb2-enabled-for-dc -connections false</pre> |

Enable encrypted connections to domain controllers

Beginning with ONTAP 9.8, you can specify that connections to domain controllers be encrypted.

About this task

ONTAP requires encryption for domain controller (DC) communications when the <code>-encryption-required</code> <code>-for-dc-connection</code> option is set to <code>true</code>; the default is <code>false</code>. When the option is set, only the SMB3 protocol will be used for ONTAP-DC connections, because encryption is only supported by SMB3.

When encrypted DC communications are required, the <code>-smb2-enabled-for-dc-connections</code> option is ignored, because ONTAP only negotiates SMB3 connections. If a DC doesn't support SMB3 and encryption, ONTAP will not connect with it.

Step

1. Enable encrypted communication with the DC: vserver cifs security modify -vserver svm_name -encryption-required-for-dc-connection true

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