Project 4: Part 2

Friday, April 15, 2016 12:04 PM

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- Used to make a new file
- Testing:
 - Need to use: echo " " > newfile.ext
- Step 1:
 - Scanff --> dir, file, ext
- Step 2: check for errors
 - ENAMETOOLONG: when strlen(filename) > 8 | | strlen(ext) > 3
 - EPERM: if strlen(filename) = 0
 - EEXIST: root --> subdir --> if the file exists
- Step 3:
 - Create new file
 - □ Update fields of subdirectory
 - ☐ Find a free block for the inode
 - ☐ Find a free block for the first data block; store it in list of pointers

Write

- Testing: Need to use: echo "string" > f1.ext
 - Echo "string" >> f1.ext (>> will append)'
- Step 1:
 - Scanff --> dir, file, ext
- Step 2: check for errors
 - -EFBIG: offset > file size
- Step 3: write: block to start = offset/BLOCK SIZE + starting block of file
 - Position in block = offset % BLOCK SIZE
 - Fwrite and shit, transfer data into data field of cs150_disk_block
 - Increase fsize in file_directory

Read

- Testing: cat filename.ext
- Step 1:
 - Scanff --> dir, file, ext
- Sten 2: check for errors

- O Step 2. Check for chors
 - -EISDIR: strlen(filename) == 0 (trying to read for directory, which isn't possible
- Step 3:
 - Need to make sure that offset < filesize</p>
- Step 4:
 - Read from offset (which is generally 0) to end of file
- Unlink
 - o Test: rm filename.ext
 - Step 1:
 - Scanff --> dir, file, ext
 - Step 2: check for errors
 - -EISDIR: strlen(filename) == 0
 - -ENOENT: !fileExists()
 - Step 3:
 - Removing:
 - ☐ Go through list of files inside the subdirectory. If filename matches:
 - Bit map:
 - ♦ inode block:
 - ▶ List of pointers: remove pointer
 - ◆ Files[pos] = files[pos + 1] (shift to the left); or copy last element to file[pos] and delete last element