

2017-18 Common Data Set

Norman Campus

The College Board, in cooperation with several publishers and colleges, has developed specifications for a Common Data Set [CDS] for colleges and universities that can be used for analysis and comparison of institutions. The CDS contains data on such topics as admissions, enrollment, retention, classes, activities, policies, and costs for each contributing institution. This data is collected by survey, and is used in numerous publications and rankings.

For information on current admission requirements: <u>Admissions, Records & Registration</u> or to estimate costs for you or your student: <u>Bursar Office</u>

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

Name: Susannah Livingood

Title: Associate Provost and Director

Office: Institutional Research and Reporting Mailing Address: 640 Parrington Oval, Room 310

City: Norman State: Oklahoma Zip: 73019

Country: United States Phone: 405-325-3681 Fax: 405-325-8199

E-mail Address: slivingood@ou.edu

Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? \square Yes \square No

If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: http://www.ou.edu/irr/data-center/common-data-

sets.html

A1. Address Information

Name of College or University: University of Oklahoma

Mailing Address: 660 Parrington Oval

City: Norman State: Oklahoma Zip: 73019-0390 Country: United States

Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip:

Main Phone: 405-325-0311

WWW Home Page Address: http://www.ou.edu/ Admissions Phone Number: 405-325-2252 Admissions Toll-free Phone Number: 800-234-6868 Admissions Office Mailing Address: 1000 Asp Avenue

City: Norman State: Oklahoma Zip: 73019-4076

Admissions E-mail Address: admrec@ou.edu Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify: http://www.go2.ou.edu A2. Source of institutional control **☑** Public ☐ Private (nonprofit) Proprietary A3. Classify your undergraduate institution: ✓ Coeducational college Men's college Women's college A4. Academic year calendar **✓** Semester □ 4-1-4 Quarter Continuous ☐ Trimester Differs by program (describe): Other (describe): A5. Degrees offered by your institution ☐ Certificate \mathbf{V} Postbachelor's certificate ☐ Diploma $\sqrt{}$ Master's ☐ Associate Post-master's certificate Transfer \checkmark Doctoral-Research/Scholarship Terminal $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ **Doctoral- Professional Practice**

Admissions Fax number: 405-325-7124

Doctoral- Other

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$

Bachelor's

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—**Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1,904	2,081	230	258
Other first-year, degree-seeking	280	193	81	52
All other degree-seeking	7,265	7,118	1,145	929
Total degree-seeking	9,449	9,392	1,456	1,239
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	83	130	124	159
Total undergraduates	9,532	9,522	1,580	1,398
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time				
All other degree-seeking				
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses				
Total graduate	1,487	1,548	1,634	1,826

Total all undergraduates: 22,032

Total all graduate and professional students: 6,495 GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 28,527

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking first-time first year	Degree-seeking undergraduates (include first- time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	146	911	1,115
Hispanic	423	2,067	2,098
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	170	1,011	1,020
White, non-Hispanic	2,827	13,112	13,292
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	150	838	848
Asian, non-Hispanic	267	1,363	1,385
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	4	22	23
Two or more races, non- Hispanic	421	1,802	1,834
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	65	410	417
Total	4,473	21,536	22,032

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2017.

Certificate/diploma
Associate degrees
Bachelor's degrees 4,347
Postbachelor's certificates 96
Master's degrees 1,719
Post-master's certificates
Doctoral degrees- Research/scholarship 213
Doctoral degrees- Professional practice 158
Doctoral degrees- Other
GRAND TOTAL ALL DEGREES: 6,533

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2017-18 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2010 and Fall 2011 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs:

Please provide data for the Fall 2011 cohort if available. If Fall 2011 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2010 cohort.

Fall 2010 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2010 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students	931	474	2,268	3,673 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	2	0	0	2 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	929	474	2,268	3,671 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2014)	260	172	1,023	1,455 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2014 and by Aug. 31, 2015)	201	102	553	856 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	48	13	105	166 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	509	287	1,681	2,477 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2010 cohort (G divided by C)	54.8 %	60.5 %	74.1 %	67.5 % (formerly B11)

^{*}Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

Fall 2011 Cohort

ran 2011 Conort	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2011 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students	968	573	2,452	3,993 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	0	1	2	3 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	968	572	2,450	3,990 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2015)	287	225	1,137	1,649 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2014 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	173	112	570	855 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2017)	54	28	98	180 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	514	365	1,805	2,684 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2011 cohort (G divided by C)	53.1 %	63.8 %	73.7 %	67.3 % (formerly B11)

For Two-Year Institutions:

Please provide data for the 2014 cohort if available. If 2014 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2013 cohort.

<u>2013 Cohort</u>	<u>2014 Cohort</u>
B12 . Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time	B12. Initial 2014 cohort, total of first-time, full-time
degree/certificate-seeking students:	degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B13. Of the initial 2014 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable	B14. Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting for allowable
exclusions	exclusions
(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):

B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2016 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2016 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2017? **92.1%**

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2017. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied 7,201	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied 8,543	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted 5,241	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted 6,311	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled 1,904	
Total part-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled 230	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled 2,081	
Total part-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled 258	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)	
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes: ☑ No: □	
If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2017 admissions:	
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on a waiting list 1,929	
Number accepting a place on the waiting list 1,929	
Number of wait-listed students admitted 163	
Is your waiting list ranked? Yes: ☐ No: ☑	
If yes, do you release that information to students? Yes: ☐ No: ☐	
Admission Requirements	
C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:	lem
☑ High school diploma is required and GED is accepted – (at the discretion of the admissions committee)	
☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	
☐ High school diploma or equivalent is not required	
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?	
☑ Require	
□ Recommend	
☐ Neither require nor recommend	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units required	Units recommended
Total academic units	15	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	4
Science	3	4
Of these, units that must be lab	3	
Foreign language		2
Social studies / Citizenship	1	
History	2	
Academic electives	2	
Computer Science		1
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: N/A

Open admission policy as described above for all students
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students
selective admission to some programs
other (explain)

$C7. \ Relative \ importance \ of \ each \ of \ the \ following \ academic \ and \ nonacademic \ factors \ in \ your \ first-time, \ first-year, \ degree-seeking \ (freshman) \ admission \ decisions.$

	Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	Ø			
Class rank				
Academic GPA				
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay				
Recommendation(s)				
	Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Nonacademic				
Interview			\checkmark	
Extracurricular activities				
Talent/ability				
Character/personal qualities			\checkmark	
First generation				
Alumni/ae relation			\checkmark	
Geographical residence				
State residency				
Religious affiliation/commitment				Ø
Racial/ethnic status				
Volunteer work				
Work experience				
Level of applicant's interest				

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? ☑Yes ☐No

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for **Fall 2019**.

			ADMISSION		
	Require	Recommend	Require for some	Considered if submitted	Not used
SAT or ACT	\square				
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					
for Fall 2019, please indicate which ONE of the admissions process): ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommended X ACT with or without writing act. If your institution will make use of the SAT. Fall 2019 please indicate which ONE of the admissions process):	ed ccepted in admissions	decision for first-	time, first-year, c	legree-seeking ap	plicants for
SAT with Essay component red SAT with Essay component red X SAT with or without Essay cor	commended	oted			
C. Please indicate how your institution will u	use the SAT o	r ACT writing co	omponent; check	all that apply:	
☐ For admission ☐ For placement ☐ For advising ☐ In place of an application essa ☐ As a validity check on an app ☐ No college policy as of now ☑ Not using essay component	-				

D. In addition, does your instit	ution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?
Yes ☑ No□	
E. Latest date by which SAT or	ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission February 1
Latest date by which SAT Subje	ect Test scores must be received for fall-term admission N/A
not required of some students): or are active duty military	o clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are ACT or SAT not required for first-time entering freshmen who are 21 years or older our institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
G. Flease indicate which tests yo	our institution uses for piacement (e.g., state tests) :
SAT	☑
ACT	
SAT Subject Tests	
AP	
CLEP	
Institutional Exam	☑

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled degree-seeking full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2017, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2017 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, first-time, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. Do convert Old SAT scores to New SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance). The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores 28% Number submitting SAT scores 1,267
Percent submitting ACT scores 88% Number submitting ACT scores 3,932

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	580	690
SAT Math	570	690
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	23	29
ACT Math	22	28
ACT English	23	30
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Evidence- Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	25%	25%	
600-699	41%	38%	
500-599	30%	33%	
400-499	4%	4%	
300-399	0%	0%	
200-299	0%	0%	
	100%	100%	

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	23%	28%	15%
24-29	50%	39%	53%
18-23	27%	30%	28%
12-17	0%	3%	4%
6-11	0%	0%	0%
Below 6	0%	0%	0%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class 36%
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class 65%
Percent in top half of high school graduating class 92%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class 8%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class 1%

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: 71%

whom	you collected high school GPA.
	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher 44%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 26%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 16%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 10%
	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 3%
	Percent who had GPA between 2.00 and 2.49 1%
	Percent who had GPA between 1.00 and 1.99 0%
	Percent who had GPA below 1.0 0%
C12. A	verage high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: 99%
Admi	ssion Policies
C13. A	pplication fee
	Does your institution have an application fee?
	Amount of application fee \$40 U.S. citizens and permanent residents, \$90 international applicants
	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? ✓ Yes □No
If you a	an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line: Same fee: X Free: Reduced:
Can on	-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? ☑ Yes □No
	Online applications must be paid or a waiver requested when the application is submitted.
C14. A	pplication closing date
	Does your institution have an application closing date? ☑Yes □No
	Application closing date (fall) 2/1
	Priority date 12/15
C15. A	re first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? ☑ Yes □No
C16. N	otification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
	On a rolling basis beginning (date) August 1
	By (date)
	Other
	Other

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date)
No set date More than 1 and
Must reply by May 1 or within3 weeks if notified thereafter Other Financial commitment is not refundable after May 1
Other Financial commitment is not refundable after May 1
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): N/A Amount of housing deposit: N/A
Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full
Yes, in part
No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ✓ Yes ☐ No If yes, maximum period of postponement: one academic year, must make a formal request of update prior to the new term's deadline
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?□Yes ☑ No
C20. Common application: Question removed from CDS.
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?□Yes ☑No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date
First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date
Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2017 entering class: Number of early decision applications received by your institution
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?□Yes ☑No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action notification date Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?□Yes □No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students?							
			arned from course work completed at ✓ Yes □No				
D2. Provide the nu 2017.	umber of students who applied	l, were admitted, and enrolled as de	egree-seeking transfer students in Fall				
	Applicants	Admitted applicants	Enrolled applicants				
Men	1,258	857	531				
Women	1,334	891	546				
Total	2,592	1,748	1,077				
Application for Admission D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll: ☐ Fall ☐ Winter ☐ Spring ☐ Summer							
D4. Must a transf freshman?		m number of credits completed o	or else must apply as an entering				
If yes, what is the school graduation		nd the unit of measure? 7 semester	hours of college-level work after high				
D.F. Y. H							

 $\boldsymbol{D5.}$ Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of all	Recommended of all	Recommended of some	Required of some	Not required
High school transcript				X	
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				X	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)				X	

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

Applicants with fewer than 24 semester hours of college level transfer work must meet OU's direct from high school performance requirements in addition to the required GPA on college work. See http://www.ou.edu/content/admissions/apply/freshman/requirements-factors.html

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

For grade point average requirements for transfer students, please go to http://www.ou.edu/content/admissions/apply/transfer/transfer-performance-requirements.html

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

\$40 application fee is required; application deadline is April 1 for Summer, June 1 for Fall, November 1 for Spring.

International applicants pay a required \$90 application fee; application deadline is February 1 for Summer, June 1 for Fall and September 1 for Spring.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority date	Closing date	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					X
Summer					X

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? □Yes ☑	D10.	Does an ope	en admission poli	cy, if reported,	apply to transfer students?		□Yes 5	$\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{N}_0}$
---	------	-------------	-------------------	------------------	-----------------------------	--	--------	-----------------------------

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Transfer applicants with fewer than 24 college level semester hours must also meet freshman admission requirements in addition to a prescribed minimum grade point average on all college work attempted. For specific information, see http://www.ou.edu/content/admissions/apply/transfer.html

Transfer Credit Policies

- D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: D
- D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution and applied toward a degree- based on standard 120 degree program:

Number 60 Unit type Semester Hours

- D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number 90 Unit type Semester Hours
- D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: N/A
- D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 30

D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

Credits earned at an institution accredited by a regional accrediting agency or the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education will be accepted for transfer at face value into like programs at institutions in The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education and at other colleges and universities accredited by the State, consistent with the State Regents' *Policy Statement on Undergraduate Degree Requirements and Articulation*. Credits earned at an institution accredited by a recognized national accrediting agency may be reviewed, on a course-by-course basis, for possible transfer to the University of Oklahoma.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution.						
	Accelerated program	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Honors program			
\checkmark	Cooperative education program	\checkmark	Independent study			
	Cross-registration	\checkmark	Internships			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Distance learning	\checkmark	Liberal arts/career combination			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Double major	\checkmark	Student-designed major			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Dual enrollment	\checkmark	Study abroad			
\checkmark	English as a Second Language (ESL)	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Teacher certification program			
	Exchange student program (domestic)	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Weekend college			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	External degree program		Other (specify):			
E2. Has	been removed from the CDS.					
E3. Are	as in which all or most students are required to	com	plete some course work prior to graduation:			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Arts/fine arts	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Humanities			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Computer literacy	\checkmark	Mathematics			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	English (including composition)		Philosophy			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Foreign languages	\checkmark	Sciences (biological or physical)			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	History	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Social science			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Other (describe): U.S. Government					

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2017 who fit the following categories:

017 who fit the following categories:		
	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	<u>Undergraduates</u>
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	42%	36%
Percent of men who join fraternities	29%	26%
Percent of women who join sororities	40%	33%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	86%	32%
Percent who live off campus or commute	14%	68%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	10%
Average age of full-time students	18	21
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	21
2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.		

F2

\checkmark	Campus Ministries	\checkmark	Literary magazine	\checkmark	Radio station
\checkmark	Choral groups	\checkmark	Marching band	\checkmark	Student government
\checkmark	Concert band	\checkmark	Model UN	\checkmark	Student newspaper
\checkmark	Dance	\checkmark	Music ensembles	\checkmark	Student-run film society
\checkmark	Drama/theater	\checkmark	Musical theater	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Symphony orchestra
\checkmark	International Student Organization	\checkmark	Opera	\checkmark	Television station
	Jazz band	\checkmark	Pep band	\checkmark	Yearbook

F3.	ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)
Arm	ny ROTC is offered:
\checkmark	On campus
	At cooperating institution (name):
Nav	al ROTC is offered
$ \sqrt{} $	On campus
	At cooperating institution (name):
Air l	Force ROTC is offered
\checkmark	On campus
	At cooperating institution (name):

F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.					
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Coed dorms	\checkmark	Special housing for international students		
	Men's dorms	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Fraternity/sorority housing		
	Women's dorms		Cooperative housing		
	Apartments for married students		Theme housing		
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Apartments for single students		Wellness housing		
V	Special housing for disabled students		Other housing options (specify): Honors House, ural Housing, National Merit, scholastics floors and t lifestyle communities.		

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: http://netprice.ou.edu/

Provide 2018-2019 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

☑ Check here if your institution's 2018-2019 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2018-2019 academic year costs of attendance will be available: July 2018

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL **2018-2019** academic year (**30** semester hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:			
In-state (out-of-district):			
Out-of-state:			
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:			
REQUIRED FEES:			
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)			
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)			
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)			
Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (Other: G2. Number of credits per term a stud			
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year o	f study (e.g., sophomore, ju	unior, senior)?	□Yes ☑No
G4. Do tuition and fees vary by under	graduate instructional pro	gram?	

G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, what percentage of full-time undergraduates
pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1? NA

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:			
Room only:			
Board only:			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:			

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2016-2017 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2016-2017 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:				
☐ 2017-2018 estimated or	☑ 2016-2017 final			
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)				
X Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM				

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$ 21,023,409	\$ 72,654
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$ 14,012,781	\$ 4,411,975
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$ 11,441,852	\$ 6,096,003
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$ 6,404,663	\$ 3,410,915
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$ 52,882,705	\$ 13,991,547
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources(excluding parent loans)	\$ 54,206,915	\$ 13,320,272
Federal Work-Study	\$ 2,459,632	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work- Study captured above.)	\$ 559,507	\$ 328,207
Total Self-Help	\$ 57,226,054	\$ 13,648,479

Parent Loans	\$ 17,759,765	\$ 5,729,488
Tuition waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$ 22,229,538	\$ 27,282,949
Athletic awards	\$ 4,488,922	\$ 8,065,812

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less than Full-Time Undergrad
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2016 cohort)	3,669	18,198	2,885
b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	2,763	10,648	1,585
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1,861	8,230	1,300
d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1,821	8,035	1,152
e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	843	4,603	714
f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,182	5,660	768
g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,170	4,535	373
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	1,406	6,721	1,050
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	77%	84%	91%
j) The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 13,004	\$ 13,031	\$ 9,348

k) Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line ${\bf e}$	\$ 6,946	\$ 6,142	\$ 4,073
l) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 4,180	\$ 4,789	\$ 4,100
m) Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,790	\$ 4,427	\$ 3,983

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full- time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less than Full- time Undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	584	2,478	113
o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 2,896	\$ 2,464	\$ 1,728
p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	51	163	27
q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 10,291	\$ 17,214	\$ 24,988

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5.

Include:

Exclude:

- * students who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- * parent loans.
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).

^{* 2017} undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017.

^{*} only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

^{*} co-signed loans.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2017 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017. Exclude students who transfer into your institution. 2,715

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/I	Гуре of Loans	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,210	45%	\$ 29,283
b)	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	1,158	43%	\$ 29,136
c)	Institutional loan programs.	142	5%	\$ 8,102
d)	State loan programs.	0	0%	\$ 0
	Private alternative loans made by a bank or lender.	227	8%	\$ 34,662

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

	icate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree- nonresident aliens:
	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 47
	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: $\$5,067$
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$238,163

H7. Che submit:	eck off all financial aid forms international (nonresident alien) first-year financial aid applicants must
 	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other:
Proces	ss for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. Che	eck off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
H9. Ind	icate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
H10 In	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: March 1 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): dicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
1110. 111	a.) Students notified on or about (date):
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: Yes If yes, starting date: January 15
H11. In	dicate reply dates:
Students	s must reply within weeks of notification.
	of Aid Available heck off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Lo	oans
FEDER	AL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans

	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. So	cholarships and Grants
	Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

Non-Need- Based	Need-Based		Non-Need- Based	Need-Based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics	X		Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institutions more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2017. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions.

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non- clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian; Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: : includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formally designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	1,206	248	1,454
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	244	59	303
c.) Total number who are women	457	116	573
d.) Total number who are men	749	132	881
e.) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	95	5	100
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	1,068	111	1,179
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	94	78	172
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	38	57	95
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	7	2	9
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	32	29	61

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2017 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2017 Student to Faculty ratio: 18.4 to 1 (based on 22,929 students and 1,247 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2017 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course.

Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2017. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	430	945	656	456	222	196	132	3,037
CY A GG GVID	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	42	134	336	77	12	6	4	611

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

	Diploma/			CIP 2010 Categories to
Category Agriculture	certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	Include 1
Natural resources/environmental science			1.04.0/	
			1.04 %	3
Architecture			0.58 %	4
Area and ethnic studies			0.62 %	5
Communications/journalism			9.59 %	9
Communications technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			1.22 %	11
Personal and miscellaneous services				12
Education			3.36 %	13
Engineering/engineering technologies			14.08 %	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages and literature			2.28 %	16
Family and Consumer Sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			0.90 %	23
Liberal arts/general studies			7.96 %	24
Library science			İ	25
Biological/life sciences			5.24 %	26
Mathematics			1.08 %	27
Military science and technologies				28 & 29
Interdisciplinary studies			4.21 %	30
Parks and recreation			3.31 %	31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.44 %	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			2.55 %	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			3.47 %	42
Security and protective services			1.38 %	43
Public administration and social services			1.29 %	44
Social sciences			6.90 %	45
Construction trades			0.50 70	46
Mechanic and repair technologies			 	47
Precision Production				48
Transportation and materials moving			0.78 %	49
Visual and performing arts			3.93 %	50
Health professions and related sciences			0.12 %	51
Business/marketing			22.54 %	52
•				54
History			1.13 %	34
Other			1000/	
TOTAL			100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (**for program enrollment**): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded

after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an

A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- *Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.