Database - Setting up a Database

- Create a .yaml file to apply to the cluster.
 (This is needed for the Postgresql service to run on Kubernetes)
- 2. Copy and paste this into a file named postgresql on your ubuntu home directory
- 3. Change the database name, user, and password accordingly

Yaml Code:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: postgresql
  selector:
    matchLabels:
     app: postgresql
  replicas: 1
  template:
     metadata:
     labels:
     app: postgresql
     spec:
     containers:
     - name: postgresql
     image: postgres:13
     env:
     - name: POSTGRES DB
          value:
     - name: POSTGRES USER
          value:
     - name: POSTGRES PASSWORD
           value:
     ports:
     - containerPort: 5432
```

Apply the changes made:

```
kubectl apply -f postgresql-deployment.yaml
```

Check that the service is running with:

```
kubectl get service
```

```
NAME
                   TYPE
                                CLUSTER-IP
                                                  EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                PORT(S)
kubernetes
                   ClusterIP
                                10.100.0.1
                                                  <none>
                                                                443/TCP
                                                                            11d
                   ClusterIP
                                10.100.241.200
                                                                5432/TCP
                                                                            19h
postgres-service
                                                 <none>
```

Postgres-service should show up

Run: kubectl get pod

It should show that the pod is up and running

```
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE postgres-deployment-5d7f678d5c-b74cz 1/1 Running 0 18h
```

This is an example script to connect and put entries in a database to test connections

Use the cluster-ip running the postgres-service and the database name, user, and password to connect to the created database

```
import pandas as pd
from sqlalchemy import create_engine, text
# Example preprocessed DataFrame
data = {
     'column1': ['value1', 'value2', 'value3'],
     'column2': ['value4', 'value5', 'value6']
}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# PostgreSQL connection details
db details = {
     'dbname': ',
     'user': ,
     'password': ',
     'host': '',
     'port': 5432
}
# Connection string
conn string =
f"postgresql+psycopg2://{db details['user']}:{db details['password']}
@{db_details['host']}:{db_details['port']}/{db_details['dbname']}"
# Create an engine
engine = create engine(conn string)
# Write the DataFrame to PostgreSQL
table name = 'data'
```

```
# Create table if it does not exist and insert data
df.to_sql(table_name, engine, if_exists='replace', index=False)

print(f"DataFrame stored in table '{table_name}' successfully.")

try:
    with engine.connect() as connection:
        df_fetched = pd.read_sql_table(table_name, con=connection)
        print("Data fetched successfully.")
        print(df_fetched)

except Exception as e:
        print(f"An error occurred while fetching data: {e}")
```

To see a UI overview of the database you can install pgadmin on the cluster.

This is the official page for pgadmin install: <u>Installing pgAdmin 4 on Ubuntu 22.04 or 20.04 or 18.04 | ComputingForGeeks</u>

The install links used may vary based on ubuntu version

You need to launch it through RDP because it has a UI component, you will get an error from launching in the terminal