



Obligatory Blank Slide

Starbucks Customer Segmentation

Focused Marketing Tactics



Using Customer Behavior to Update Offer Portfolio





Transaction Data



Mining App Usage Data

- Customer Profiles
- Offer Portfolio
- Transaction Details



Demographics

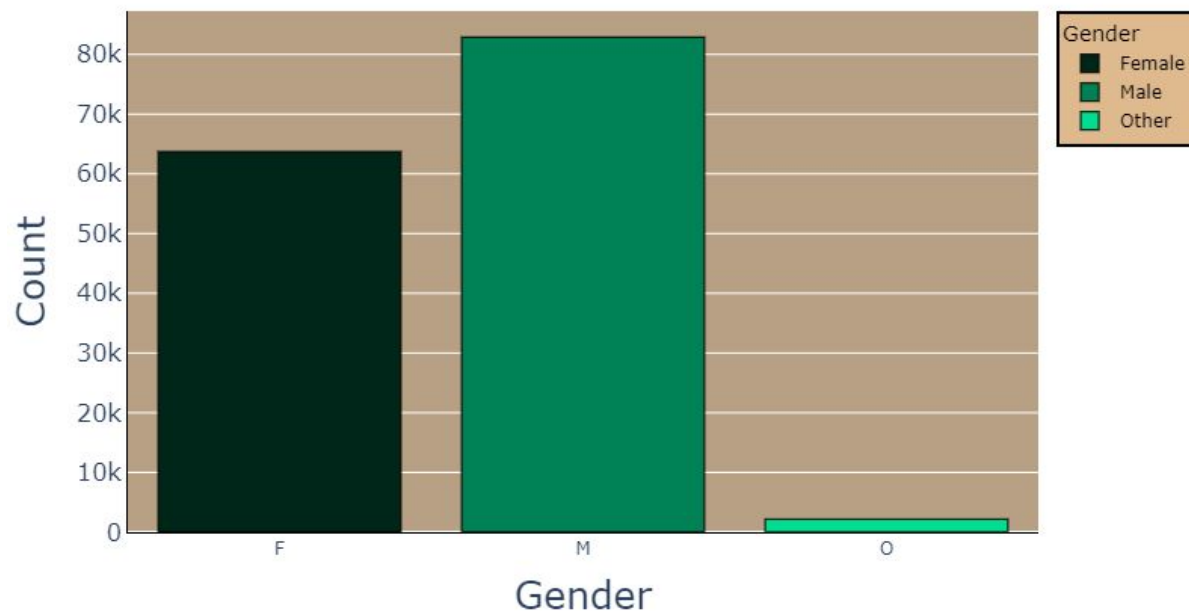
Distributions of Customer Data





Gender

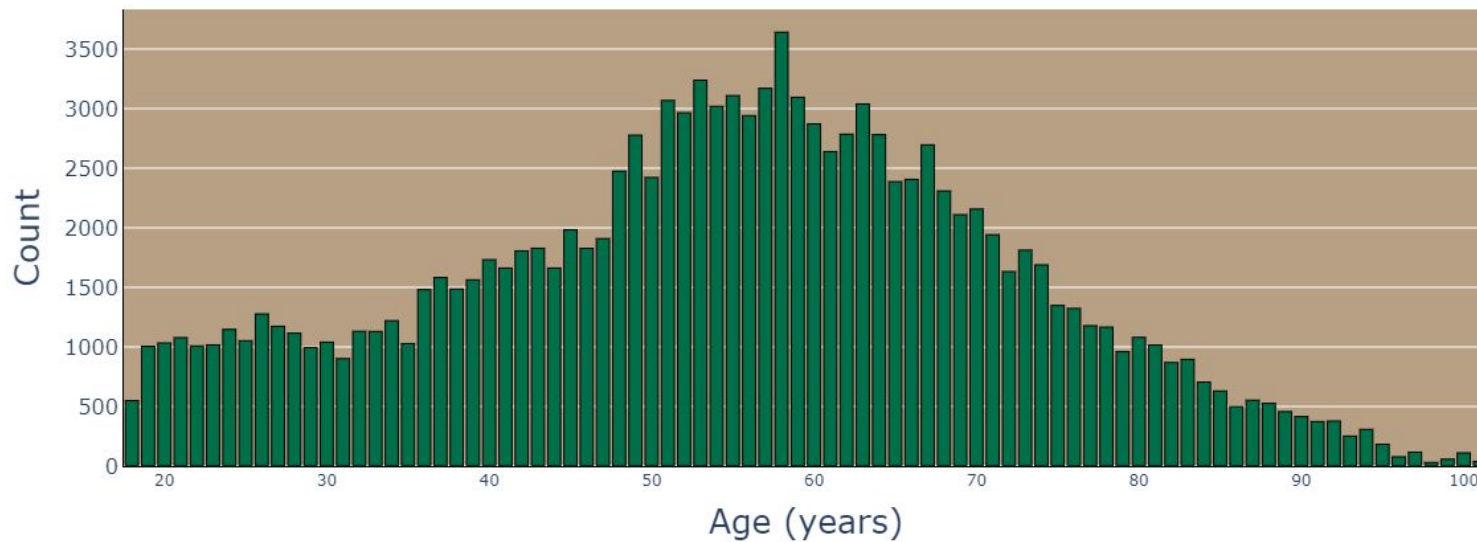
Overall Gender Distribution





Age

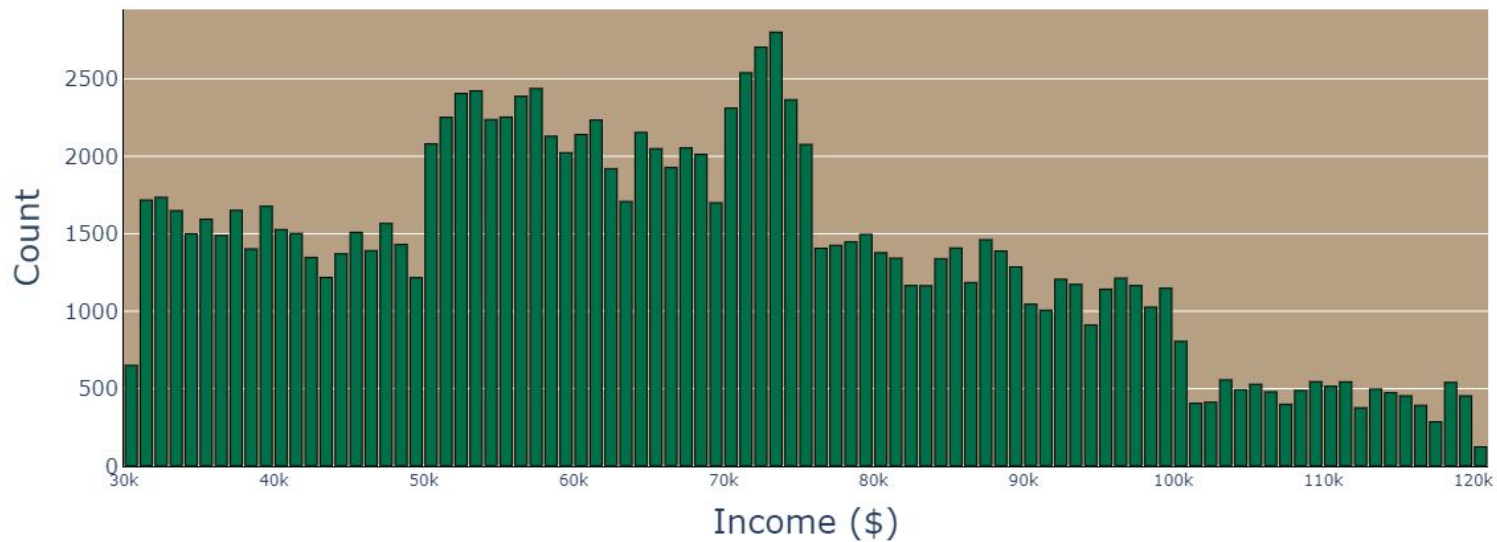
Overall Age Distribution





Income

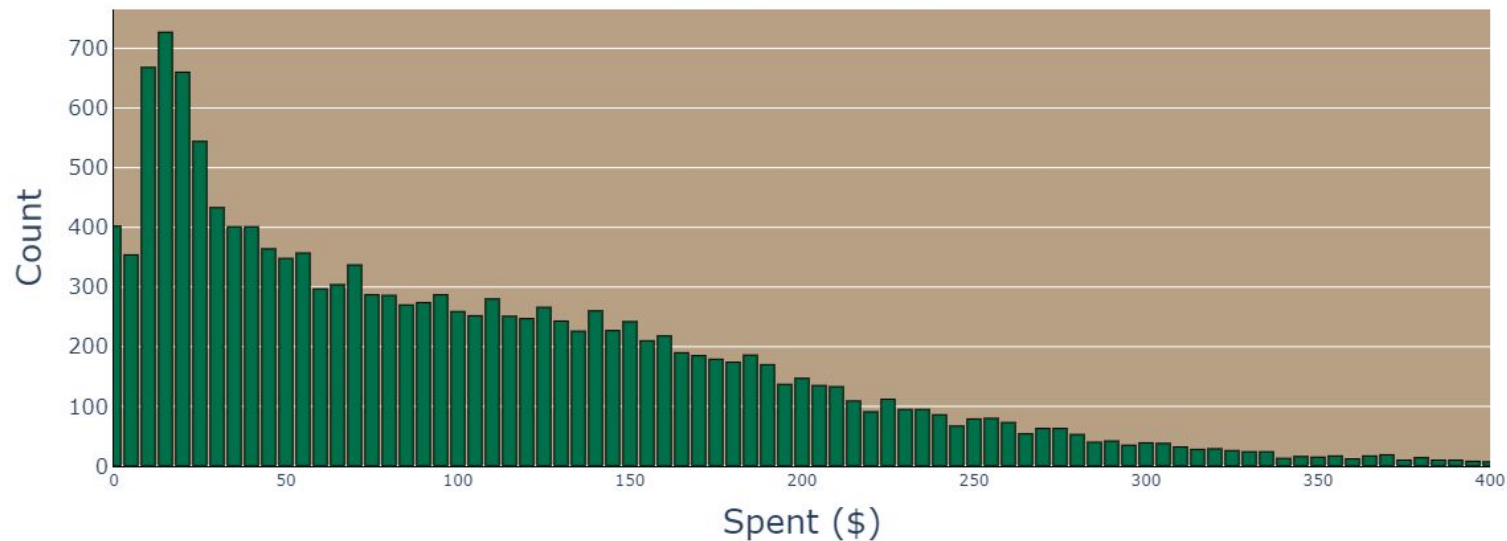
Overall Income Distribution





Spending

Total Spent for Each Customer
Over One Month





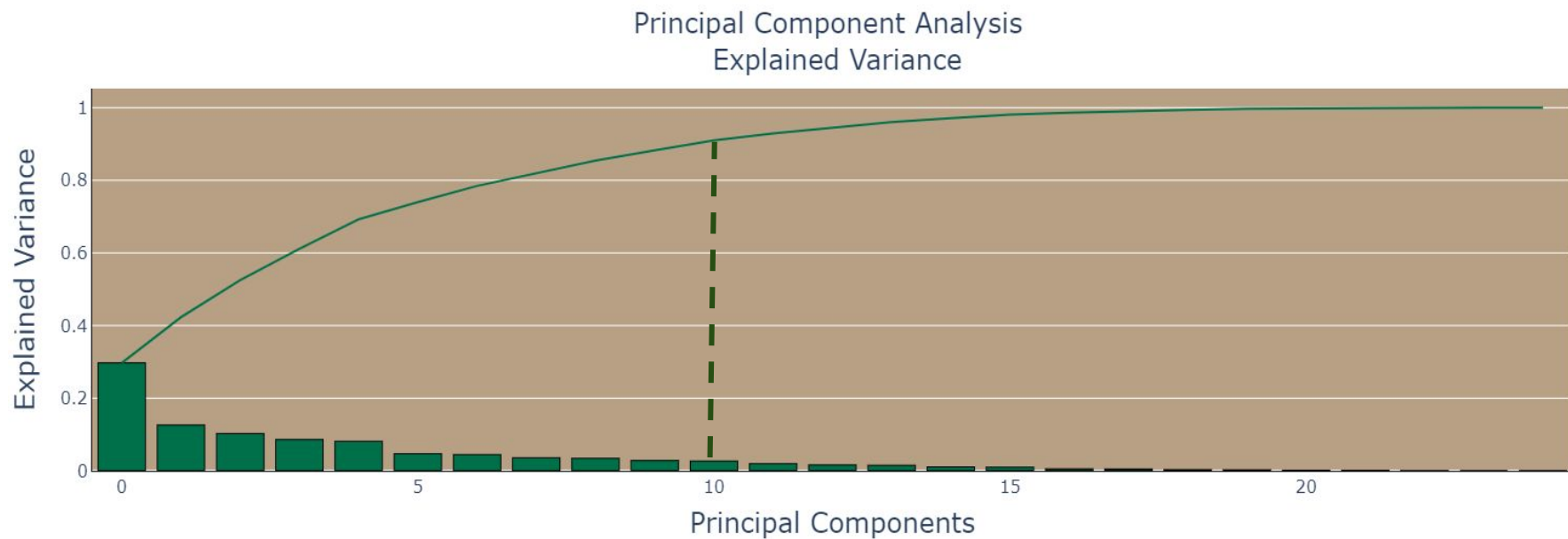
Clustering

Grouping Like Customers for Targeted Marketing





Dimensionality Reduction





Clustering Heuristics

Inertia and Silhouette Scores K-Means Fit
on Transformed PCA Data





Understanding Our Groups

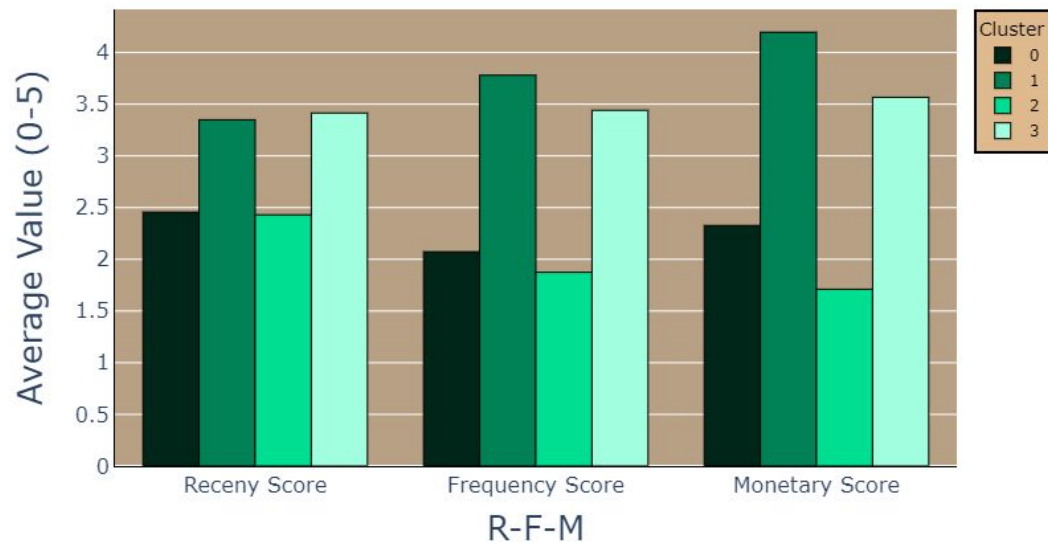
What makes our clusters unique





Recency - Frequency - Monetary

Average RFM Score

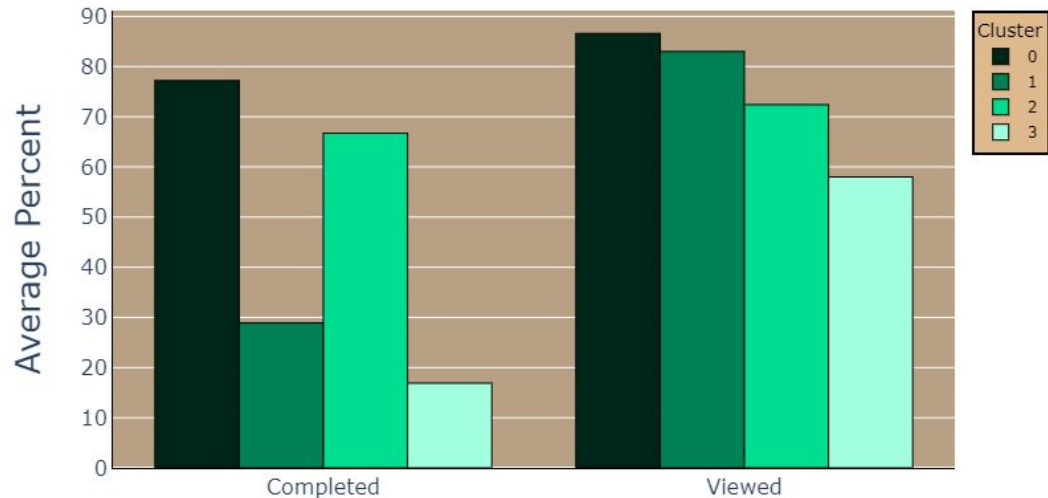


- Cluster 1 and 3 represent our best customers.
- Cluster 0 and 2 also show similarity



Engagement

Overall Offer Engagement

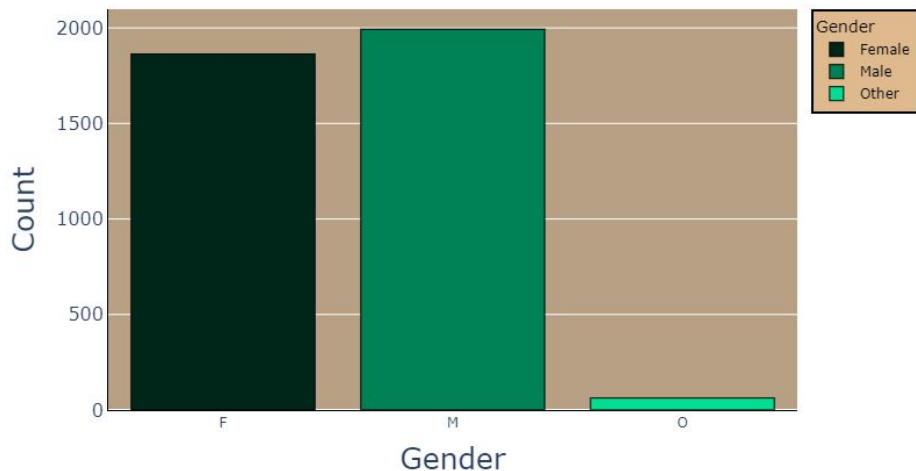


- Cluster 0 and 1 represent our most engaged customers
- Cluster 1 views most offers but hardly complete any
- Cluster 3 views more than half of offers and completes only 18%

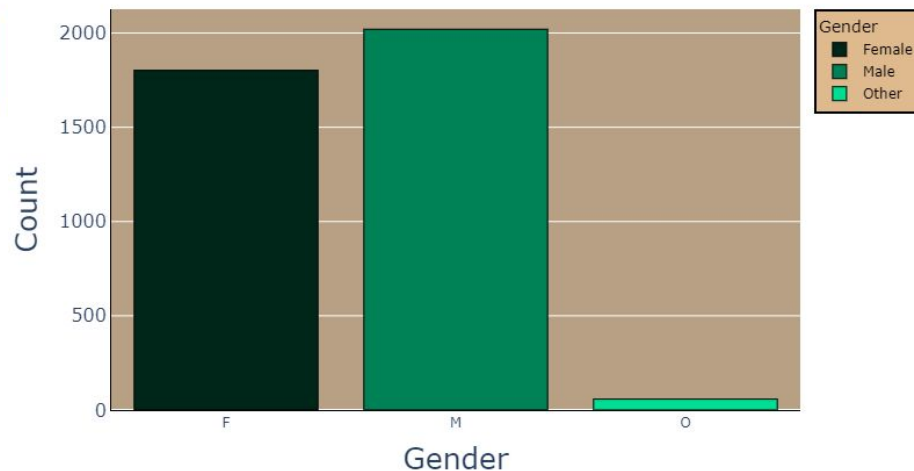


Similarities of Clusters 0 and 2 (Gender)

Cluster 0 Gender Distribution



Cluster 2 Gender Distribution





Differences of Clusters 0 and 2 (Income)



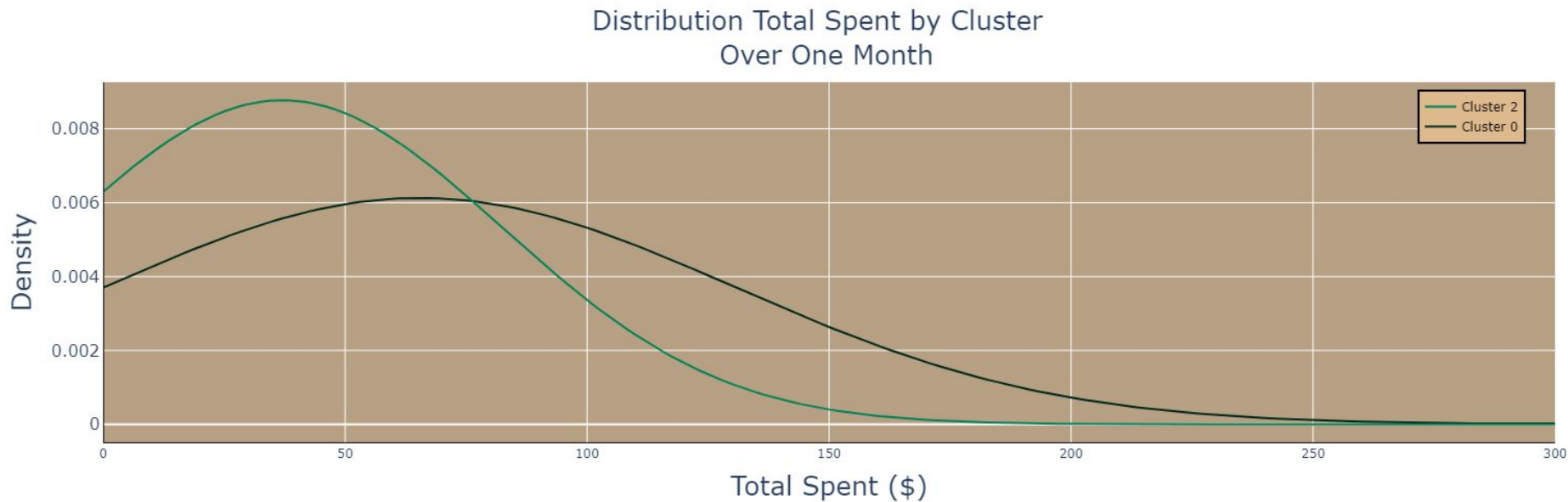


Differences of Clusters 0 and 2 (Age)

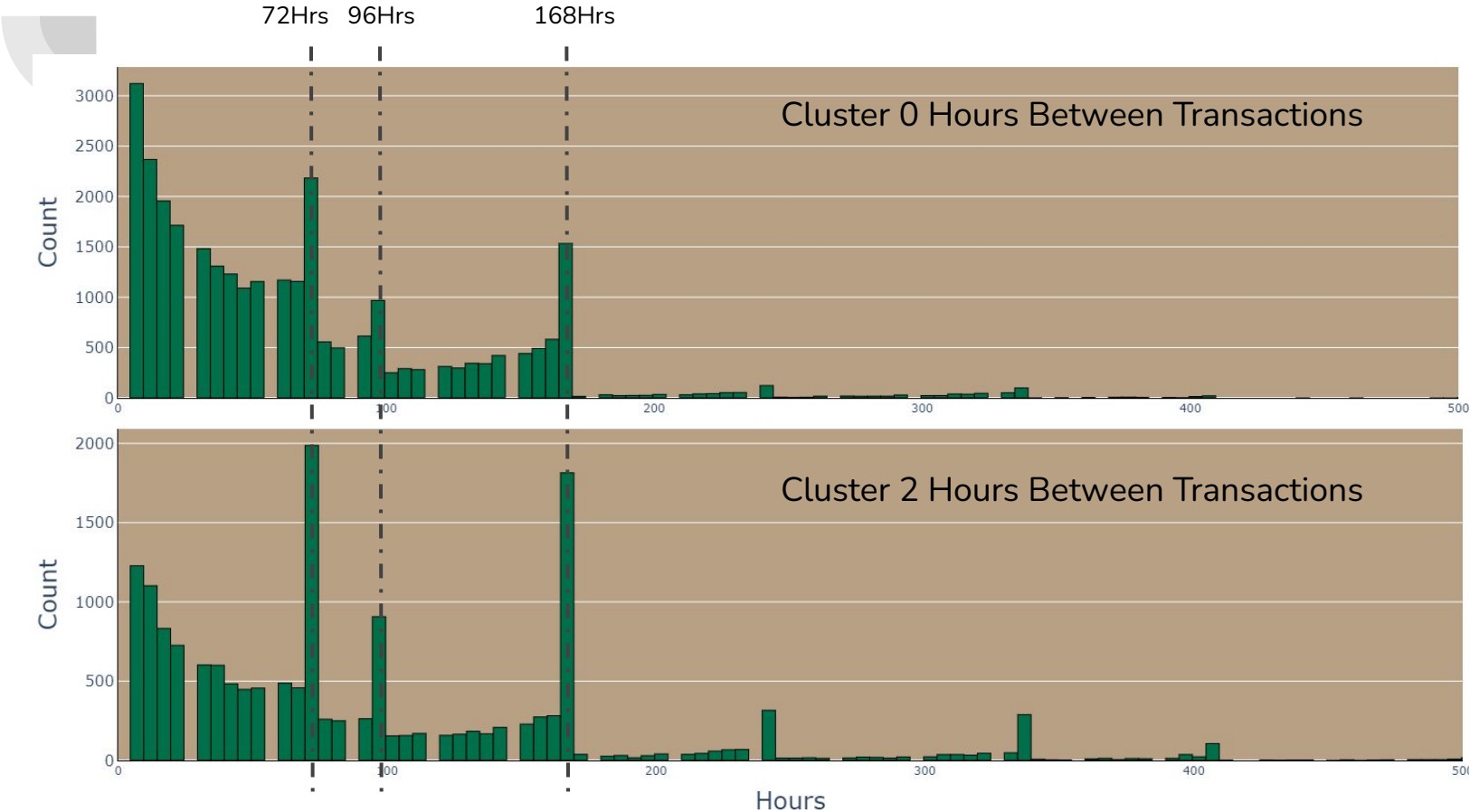




Differences of Clusters 0 and 2 (Revenue)



Transaction Frequency





Recap: Who are clusters 0 and 2

Cluster 0

- Wealthy
- Older
- Low R.F.M.
- Low Spenders
- Females Over-Represented
- Engaged with App
- More than once per day buyers

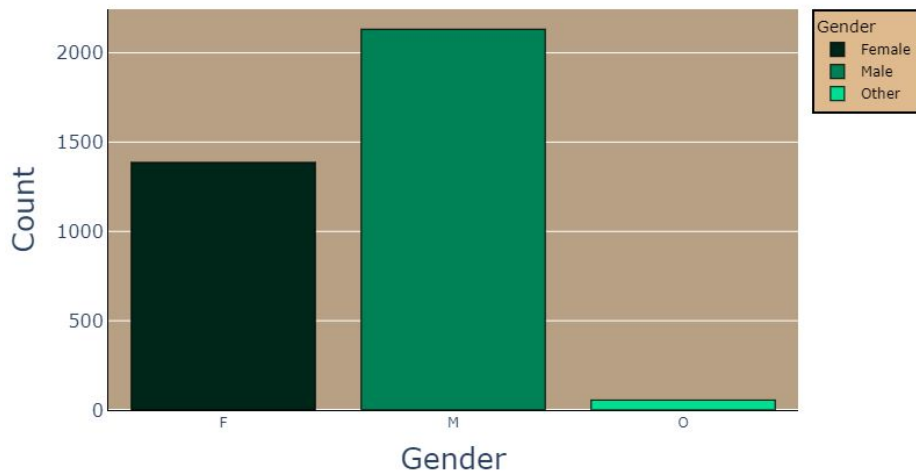
Cluster 2

- Poorer
- Younger
- Low R.F.M.
- Lowest Spenders
- Females Over-Represented
- Engaged with App
- Every 3 or 7 day customers

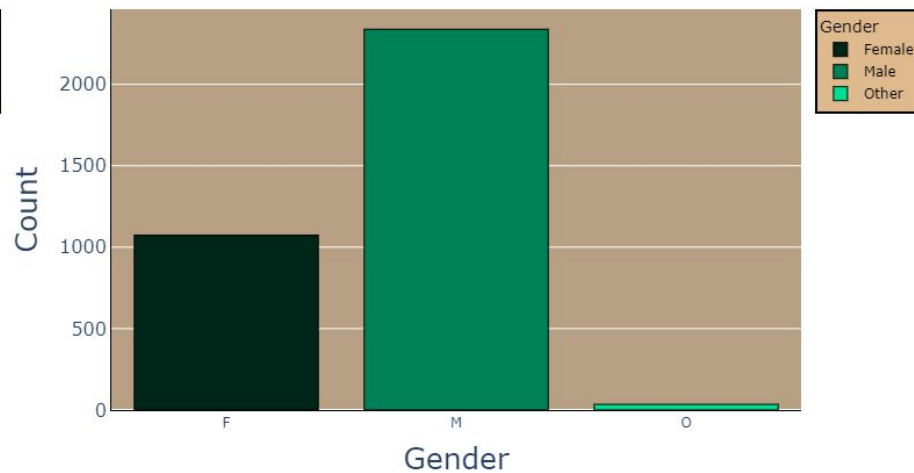


Differences of Clusters 1 and 3 (Gender)

Cluster 1 Gender Distribution

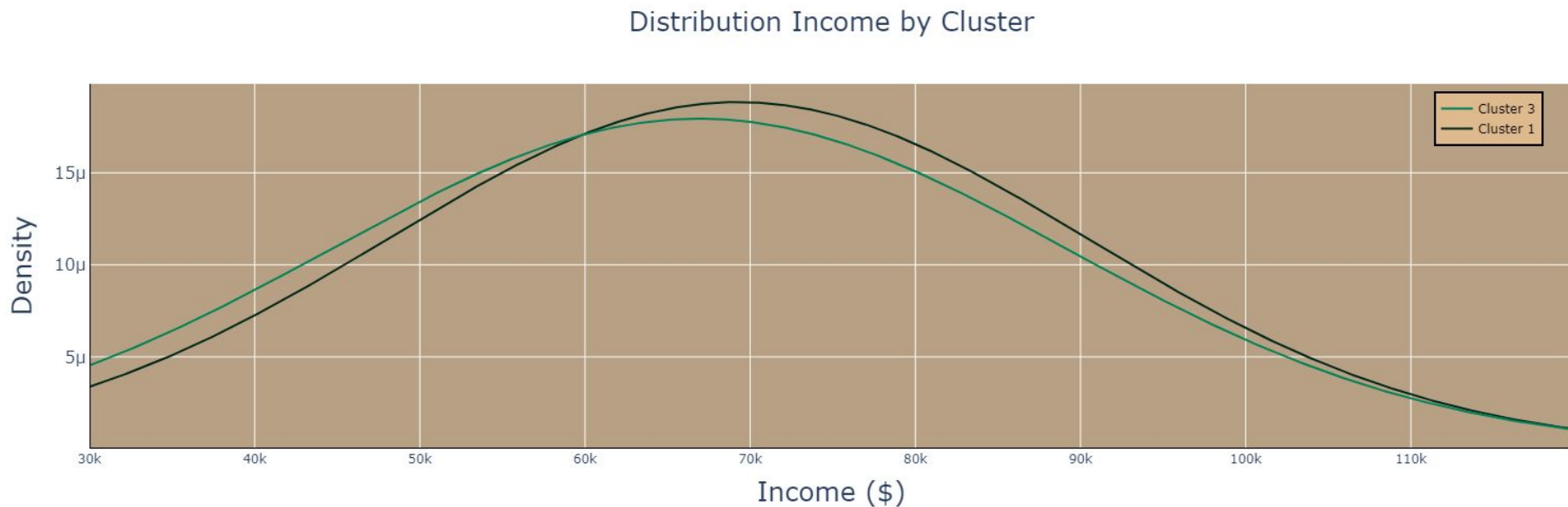


Cluster 3 Gender Distribution



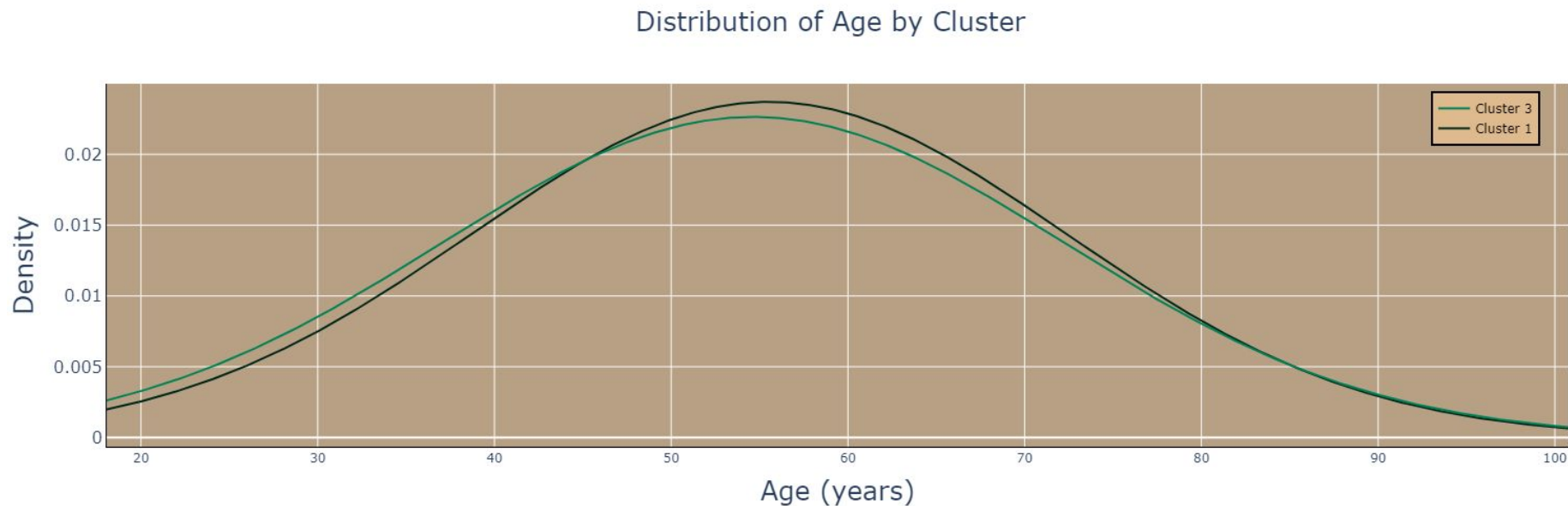


Differences of Clusters 1 and 3 (Income)





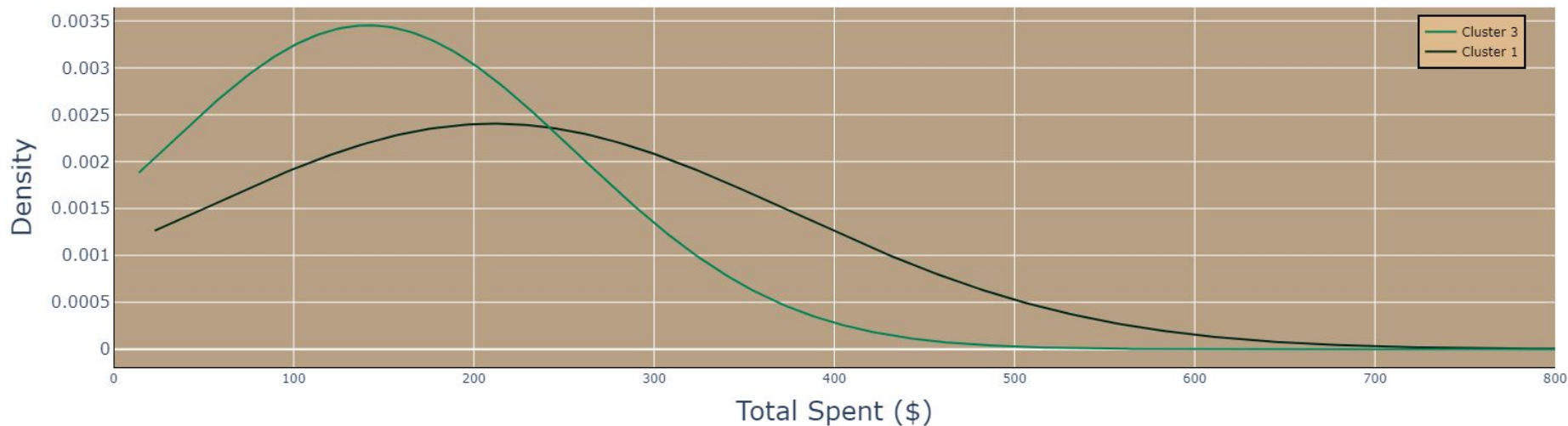
Differences of Clusters 1 and 3 (Age)



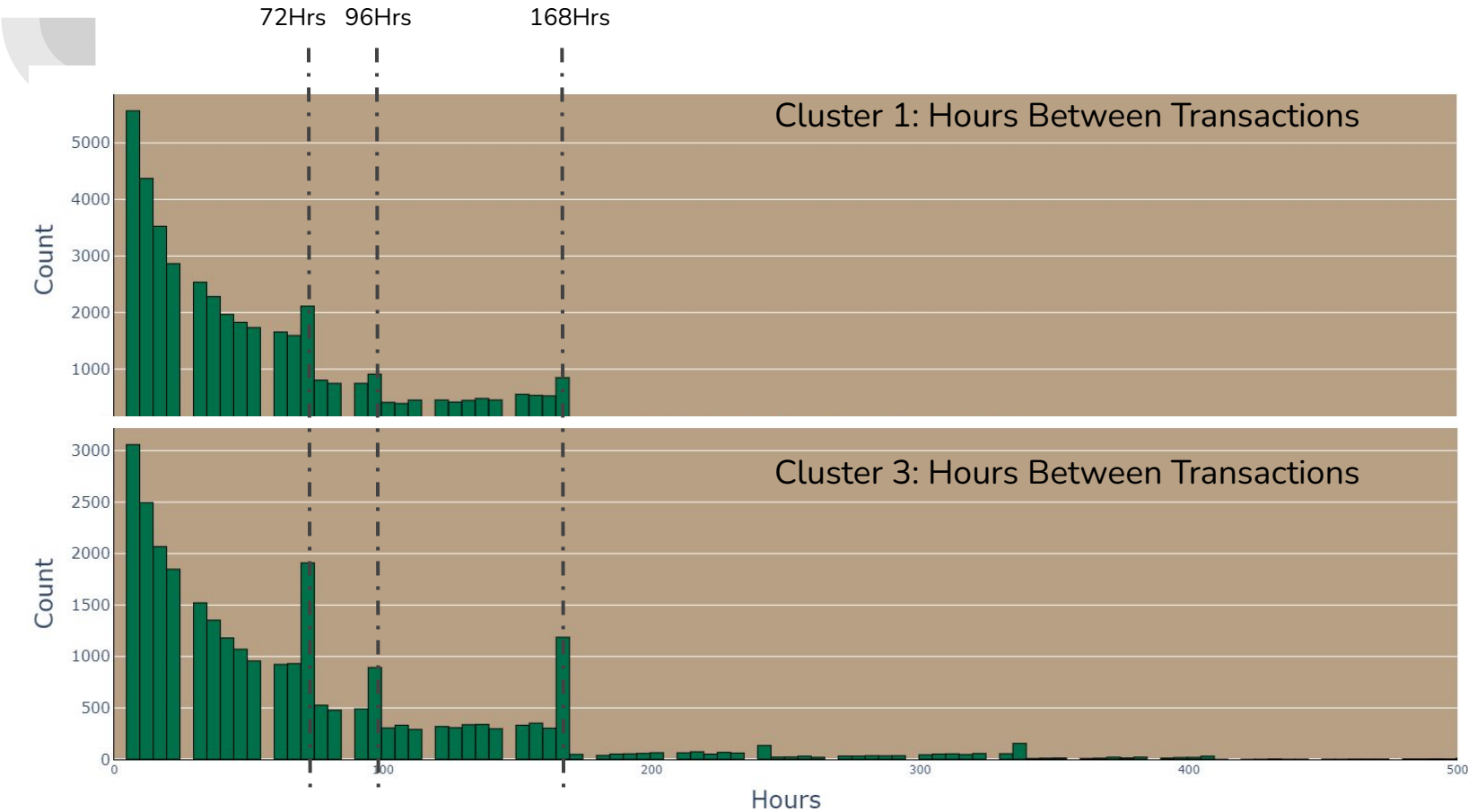


Differences of Clusters 1 and 3 (Revenue)

Distribution Total Spent by Cluster



Transaction Frequency





Recap: Who are clusters 1 and 3

Cluster 1

- Moderate Income
- Median Age
- High R.F.M.
- Highest Spenders
- Males Over-Represented
- Not Engaged
- Highest Number of Purchases Per Day

Cluster 3

- Moderate Income
- Median Age
- High R.F.M.
- High Spenders
- Males Over-Represented
- Not Engaged
- More than once per day buyers



How to Improve

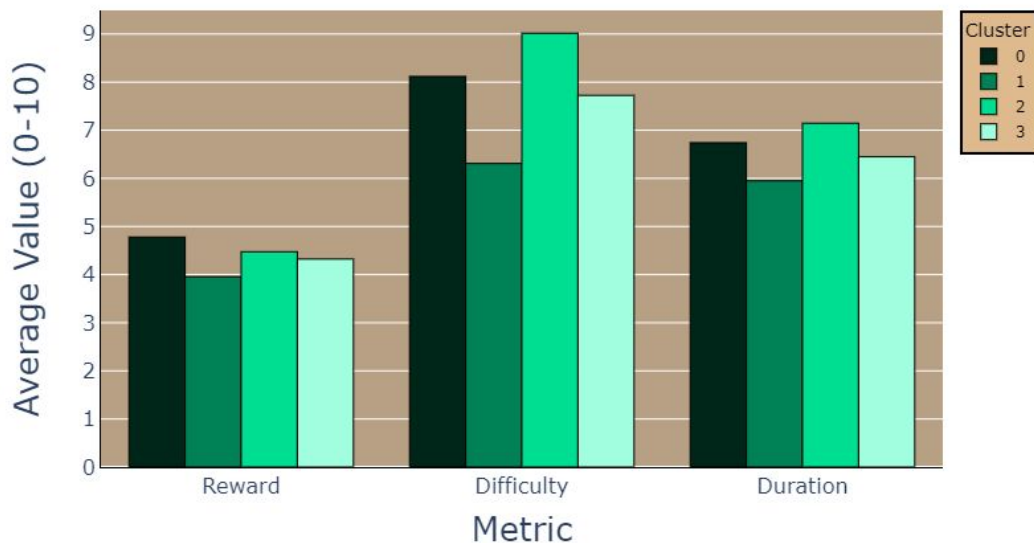
Targeted Marketing



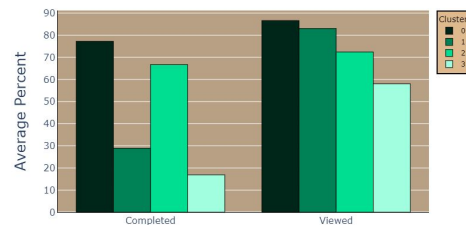


Reward - Difficulty - Duration

Overall Reward/Difficulty/Duration Distribution



Overall Offer Engagement



- Reward and difficulty metrics scaled 0-10
- Duration is number of days the offer is valid
- Plot represents the average of all offers sent



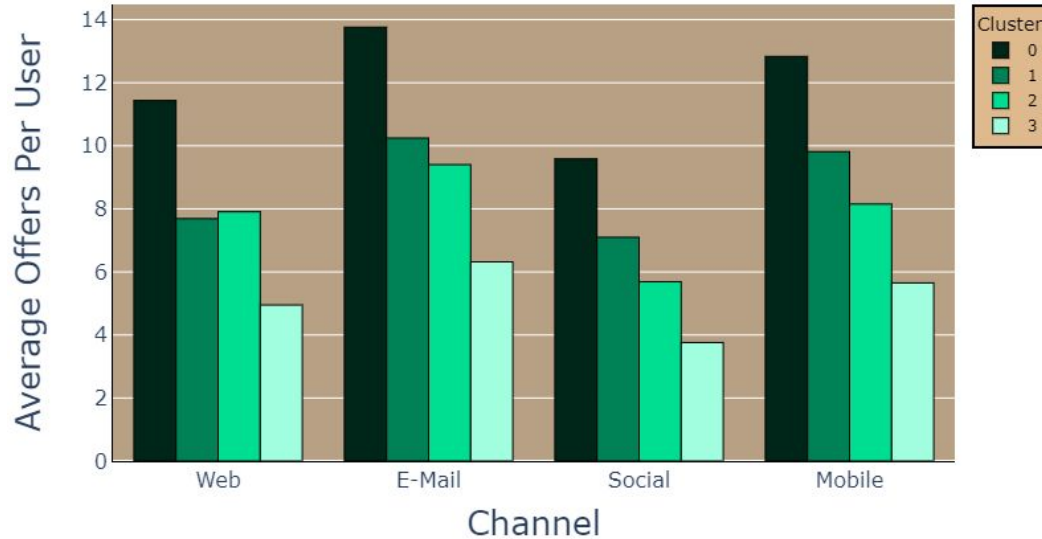
Cluster 1 and 3 Offer Types





Methods of Offer Distribution

Overall Offer Channel Distribution



- Overall consistent trend with existing offers
- Cluster 2 received more web and email offers than the trend
- Social media offers are the least visible

Proposed New Offers

Cluster	Reward	Difficulty	Duration	Type	Web	Email	Social	Mobile
0	4	9	7	BOGO		X		X
1	7	7	7	Discount	X	X		X
2	5	9	3	Discount	X	X		X
3	3	5	7	Discount	X		X	

Proposed Follow-Ups

- Predict viewership and completion ratios for proposed offers and their impact on revenue
- Find more succinct ways of visualizing differences between clusters
- Use 1-4 instead of 0-3 for cluster naming, or create nicknames

