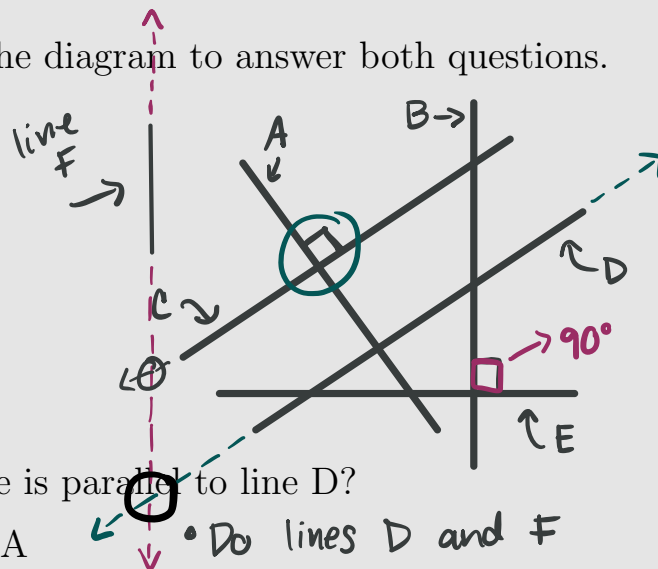


Topics to review:

- Parallel and perpendicular lines

Problem

Refer to the diagram to answer both questions.



• line A is a transversal

Which line is parallel to line D?

- (A) Line A
- (B) Line B
- (C) Line C
- (D) Line E
- (E) Line F?

• Do lines D and F intersect? YES!

• They are not parallel (F and D)

• F and B are!

Which line is perpendicular to line D? B?



- (A) Line A
- (B) Line B
- (C) Line C
- (D) Line E

• They do touch! (Intersect at some point)

• "lines B and D are not perpendicular bc they do not create a 90° angle at their intersection"

• Line B and E!

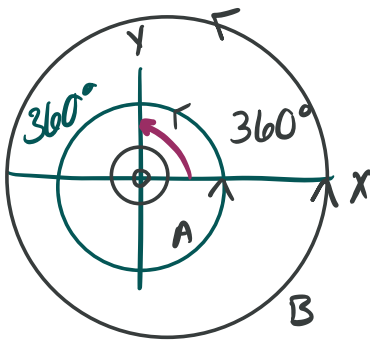
Parallel lines



- Need 2 lines to decide if they are parallel (pair)
 - Comparison
- They never intersect
 - Do not touch, cross paths, overlap, etc.
-  Train tracks
 -  • side by side

• lines are abstract objects

• We can extend any line in either direction
infinitely

* "Extend infinitely w/out ever touching" ? *



- Full circle $\rightarrow 360^\circ$ 
- Half circle $\rightarrow 180^\circ$ 
- $\frac{1}{4}$ of a circle $\rightarrow \frac{360^\circ}{4} = 90^\circ$

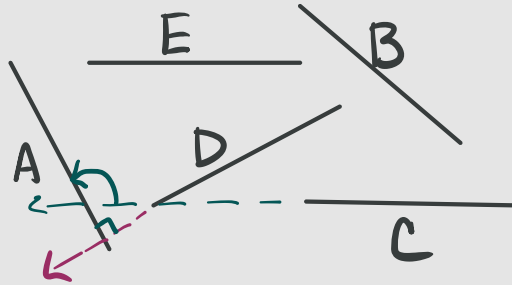
$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 360 = \frac{1 \cdot 360}{4} = \frac{360}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot 360$$
$$0.25 \cdot 360$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{360}{1} = \frac{360}{4}$$

• Multiplying fractions & whole numbers

Problem 2

Refer to the diagram to answer both questions. Note that the end points of a line can be extended infinitely in opposite directions.



Which line is perpendicular to line A? **D**

(A) Line B

• intersect, 90°

~~(B) Line C~~

(C) Line D

(D) Line E

Which line is parallel to line C?

(A) Line A

(B) Line B

(C) Line D

(D) Line E

Topics to review:

- Angles, parallel lines, and transversals
- Missing angles with a transversal

• Acute $< 90^\circ$

• Obtuse $> 90^\circ$

Problem

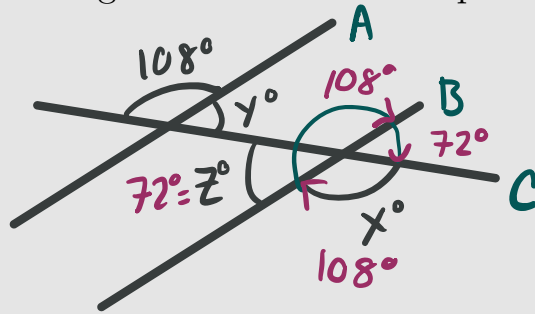
Refer to the diagram to answer all 3 questions.

lines A and B are parallel

$$180^\circ = 108^\circ + y^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - 108^\circ = y^\circ$$

$$72^\circ = y^\circ$$



What is the measure of angle x ? 108°

~~(A) 180°~~

~~(B) 90°~~

☒ (C) 108°

~~(D) 72°~~

• x is an obtuse angle
 $x^\circ > 90^\circ$



What is the measure of angle y ?

(A) 180°

(B) 90°

(C) 108°

☒ (D) 72°

$$y^\circ = 180^\circ - 108^\circ = 72^\circ$$

What is the measure of angle z ?

(A) 180°

(B) 90°

(C) 108°

☒ (D) 72°

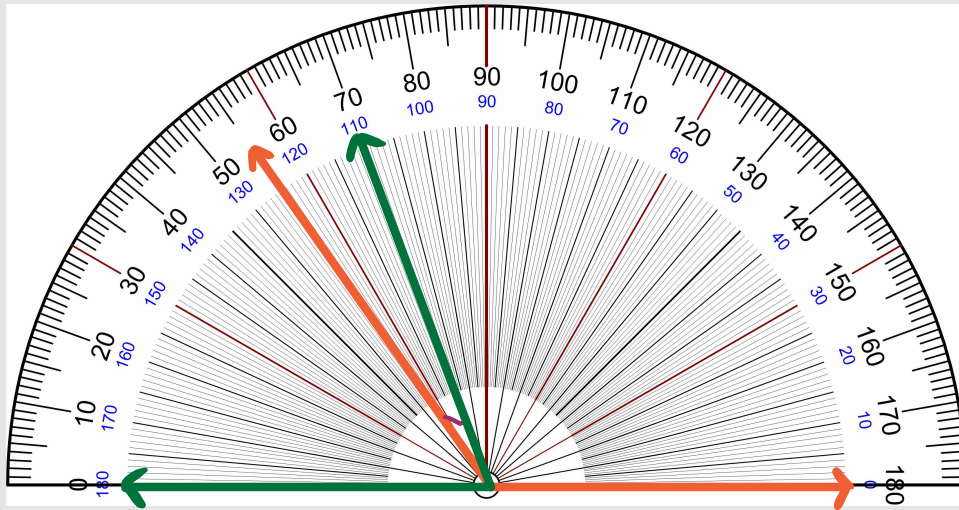
$$z^\circ = y^\circ = 72^\circ$$

Topics to review:

- Using a protractor to measure angles

Problem

Refer to the image when answering the questions.



What is the measure of the **orange angle**?

- ~~(A) 55°~~
- (B) 145°
- ~~(C) 65°~~
- (D) 125°

What is the measure of the **green angle**?

110; 70°

- (A) 180°
- ☒ (B) 70°
- (C) 95°
- (D) 110°

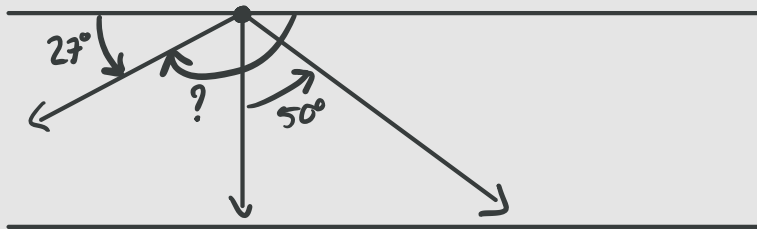


Topics to review:

- Solving for unknown angles

Problem

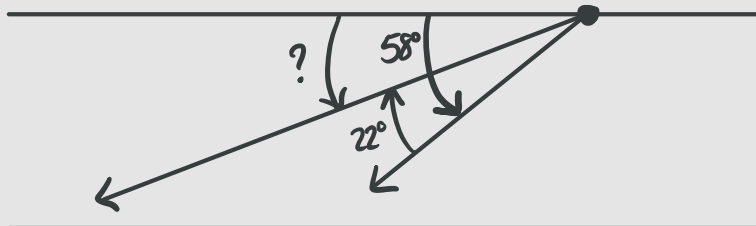
Refer to the diagram to answer question (1).



What is the measure of the unknown angle?

- (A) 177°
- (B) 66°
- (C) 95°
- (D) 153°

Refer to the diagram to answer question (2).



What is the measure of the unknown angle?

- (A) 100°
- (B) 22°
- (C) 45°
- (D) 36°